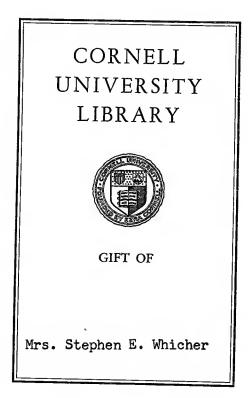




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THE WORKS

of

JOHN WEBSTER.

THE WORKS

of

JOHN WEBSTER:

WITH

SOME ACCOUNT OF THE AUTHOR, AND NOTES,

BY THE

REV. ALEXANDER DYCE.

A NEW EDITION, REVISED AND CORRECTED.

LONDON : GEORGE ROUTLEDGE AND SONS, THE BROADWAY, LUDGATE. NEW YORK : 416, BROOME STREET.

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NOTICE.

In this re-impression of Webster's Works (which were first collected and edited by me in 1830) I have considerably altered both the Text and Notes throughout, and made some slight additions to the Memoir of the poet. I have also excluded from the present edition a worthless drama, which I too hastily admitted into the former one,—*The Thracian Wonder*; for though it was published by Kirkman as "written by John Webster and William Rowley," internal evidence decides that Webster could no more have had a hand in it than in another play called *The Weakest goeth to the Wall*, a portion of which is ignorantly ascribed to him by Phillips: see p. xv., note.

A. DYCE.

DECEMBER, 1857.

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SOME ACCOUNT

OF

JOHN WEBSTER AND HIS WRITINGS.

SELDOM has the biographer greater cause to lament a deficiency of materials than when engaged on the life of any of our early dramatists. Among that illustrious band JOHN WEBSTER occupies a distinguished place; and yet so scanty is our information concerning him, that in the present essay I can do little more than enumerate his different productions, and adduce proof that he was not the author of certain prose-pieces which have been attributed to him.

On the title-page of his *Monuments of Honour*, &c., 1624, Webster is styled "Merchant-Tailor;" and in the Dedication to that pageant he describes himself as "one born free of the Merchant-Tailors' Company."* Hence Mr. Collier conjectures

* "Which favours done to one born free of your company, and your servant," &c. See p. 364. That "your company" means the Merchant-Tailors' Company, is certain,—John Gore, whom Webster addresses, being "a right worthy brother" of that "fraternity."

It was, of course, desirable that the Court-Books of the Merchant-Tailors' Company should be examined for the present work : and the important information, illustrative of personal history, which is afforded by wills, was too obvious not to cause a search to be made in Doctors'-Commons. But we cannot identify our poet with any of the Websters of whom notices have been there discovered.

The following extracts from the Court-Book of Merchant-Tailors'-Company were made for me by the Clerk, 26th Dec. 1828, strangers, by a new regulation of the Company, not being allowed to inspect their documents :---

From Court-Book, vol. i. fol. 557;

"Lune Xº die decembris 1571.

"Item Anne Sylver, Widdowe, pñted and made free John Webster her late Apprentise."

From Court-Book, vol. ii. fol. 48;

"Lune XXº die Januarij Aº dm 1576.

"Item John Palmer päted John Webster his Apprtize and and and the saide Webster free."

From Court-Book, vol. vi. fol. 633 ;

"Lune Decimo Septimo die Novemb

"Anno Dm 1617.

"John Webster made free by Henry Clinckard his Mr."

that he was the son of the John Webster, Merchant-Tailor, to whom John and Edward Alleyn acknowledge themselves debtors in the following terms :---

"All men shall know by these presents that we, John Allein, cytysen and Inholder, of London, and Edward Allein, of London, gentleman, do owe and ar indebted unto John Webster, cytysen and merchauntayler of London, the somme of fyftene shyllynges of lawfull money of England, to be payed to the sayd John Webster, or his

From Index-Book to Freemen ;

"Webster Johes → P Annam Silver, wid. 10 decembr 1571 "Webster Johes → P Johem Palmer, ... 20 Januarij 1576 Webster Joshes → P Henricum Clinckard, 17 Novembris 1617."

There are no other entries about any John Webster between the years 1571 and 1617.

The following memoranda are derived from the Prerogative Office :

JOHN WEBSTER, clothworker, of London, made his will on the 5th Angust, 1625. He bequeaths to his sister, Jane Cheney, dwelling within seven miles of Norwich, 10*l*., with remainder, if she died, to her children, and if they died, to his sister Elizabeth Pyssing; to whom he also left 10*l*., with remainder to her children. To his sister, Anne Webstar, of Holand, in Yorkshire, the same sum, with remainder to her children. To his father-in-law, William Hattfield, of Whittington, in Derbyshire, 15*l*., and to his four children 4*l*. each. To his cousin, Peter Webstar, and his wife, dwelling in Doncaster, 40*s*. each. To his cousin, Peter Webstar, of Whittington, in Derbyshire, he gives 10*l*., and if he died before it was paid, it was to be giveu to his brother, who was a protestant, "for I hear that one brother of my cousin Peter is a papist." To William Bradbury, of London, shoemaker, 5*l*. To Richard Matthew, his (the testator's) son-in-law, 16*l*. He mentions his father-in-law, Mr. Thomas Farman. He gives his cousin, Edward Curtice, 1*l*. 2*s*. To his constin, Edward Curtis, son of Edward Curtis, senior, 3*l*. He leaves the residue of his property to his brothers and sisters in law, by his wife; specially providing that Elizabeth Walker should be one. He constitutes Mr. Robert Aungel, and his cousin, Mr. Francis Ash, citizens, his executors ; and his cousins, Curtis and Tayler, overseers of his will,---which was proved by his executors on the 7th October, 1625.

JOHN WENSTER, of St. Botolph's-without-Aldgate, citizen and tallow-chandler, of London, made his will on the 16th February, 1628, and orders by it, that his body should be buried in the churchyard of that parish, as near to his nephew, John Webster, as might be. To Katherine, his wife, he gives some freehold and copyhold lands in Clavering, in Essex, for life, with remainder to his nephew, James Webster; together with some property in Houndsditch, she paying 50s. quarterly to Mary Lee, wife of James Lee, of London, Merchant-Tailor. To his nephew, James Webster, he bequeaths lands in Sabridgeworth, in Herts, with two-thirds of his printed books, sword, pike, and other arms, when of full age, with reversion, if he died without heirs, to William Webster, alias Wilkinson. To his three sisters, Dorothy Wilkinson, Susan Nettleton, and Alice Brookes, his lands at Clavering, after the decease of his wife; they paying to Mary Wigge, Barbara Brend, Agnes Loveband, widow, and Clement Campe, his wife's four sisters, 4l., each yearly. He afterwards describes the beforementioned William Webster, alias Wilkinson, as "the eldest son of my eldest sister, Dorothy Wilkinson, late wife of Richard Wilkinson, of Yorkshire." If the said William died without issue, the property so given him was to go to the testator's nephews, Thomas, son of Thomas Nettleton, and Edmund, son of Robert Brookes. He also mentions his nephew, Henry Wilkinson; his niece, Isabel Nettleton, then under age; his apprentice, John Wigge; his niece, Elizabeth Brend, and her father, George Brende : to the children of John Alderston, of Chelmsford, he gives 101. each; and to his cousin, Benjamin Crabtree, 21. : and directs that the beforementioned James Webster, when of age, shall surrender to Michael Wilkinson & close in Cawood, in Yorkshire, which was the testator's father's, and fell, by descent, to his (the testator's) brother, James Webster, who sold it to Michael Wilkinson. He appoints Mr. Thomas Overman, alderman and leatherseller, of London, the aforesaid John Alderston, and Thomas Santy, citizen and merchant-tailor, of London, overseers, and his wife Katherine, executrix, of his will, who proved it on the 12th Nov., 1641.

It is evident that both these persons died without issue.

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assygnes, on the last day of September next insewinge the date hereof, wherto wee binde us, our heyres and assygnes, by these presentes. Subscrybed this xxvth day of July, 1591, and in the xxxiii of her Ma^{ties} raygne.

> John Allein Ed. Alleyn."*

We are told that our poet was clerk of St. Andrew's, Holborn ; and it is possible that during some period of his career he may have filled that office : but the statement rests on a comparatively late and questionable authority.⁺

From the researches of Mr. Collier we learn (presuming the person mentioned to be the dramatist) that he "resided in Holywell Street, among the actors," and that "Alice Webster, his daughter, was baptized at St. Leonard's on the 9th May, 1606." Mr. Collier adds; "If the following, from the same registers, relate to his marriage, it must have occurred when he was very young :—

'Married. John Webster and Isabell Sutton, 25 July, 1590.'

Our principal reason for thinking that it may refer to him is, that elsewhere in the register he is sometimes called merchant-tailor, a designation himself assumed in his City Pageant of 1624." ‡

Like several other of his contemporaries, he was perhaps an actor as well as a dramatist; but when, in a tract (hereafter to be mentioned) called *Histrio-mastix*, &c., Hall and his coadjutor speak of "Webster the quondam *player*," they appear to have used the word "player" as equivalent to "writer of plays."

The following notices of Webster as a dramatist occur in Henslowe's Diary :----

"Lent unto W^m Jube, the 3 of novmbr 1601, to bye stamell clothe for a clocke for the Gwisse-Webster

"Lent unto the company, to lend the littell tayller, to bye fusthen and lynynge for the clockes for the masaker of France, the some of . }

"Lent unto the companye, the 13 of novmbr 1601, to paye the litell tayllor, Radford, upon his bill for the Gwisse, the some of \ldots

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^{*} The Alleyn Papers, &c., p. 14, ed. Shakespeare Soc.

^{+ &}quot;This Author [John Webster] was Clerk of St. Andrew's Parish in Holbourne," &c. Gildon's Lives and Characters of the English Dram. Poets, 1698, p. 146.—I searched the registers of St. Andrew's Church, but the name of Webster did not occur in them; and I examined the MSS. belonging to the Parish-Clerks' Hall, in Wood-street, with as little success.

[#] Memoirs of the Principal Actors in the Plays of Shakespeare.-Introd. p. xxxii., ed. Shakespeare Soc.

	"Pd at the apoyntment of the companye, unto the littell tayller, in fulle payment of his Bille for <i>the Gwisse</i> , the 26 of novmbr 1601,						
\mathbf{in}	fulle	payment	of his Bille	for the Gwisse,	the 26 of	novmbr 1601,	xxiiij ^s 6ª."

some

The play which Henslowe in the above entries calls *The Guise* or *The Massacre of France*, is mentioned by Webster himself, under the first title, as one of his "works."[†] It has not come down to us; and therefore we cannot determine whether it was a rifaccimento of Marlowe's *Massacre at Paris* or an original piece :—I am strongly inclined to believe that it was the latter.—Again :—

"Lent unto the companye, the 22 of maij 1602, to geve unto Antoney Monday and Mihell Drayton, *Webester*, Mydelton and the Rest, in earneste of a Boocke called *sesers Falle*, the some of . . .

We are naturally curious to know how these combined poets treated a subject which employed the pen of Shakespeare ; but *Casar's Fall* has perished.—Again :—

"Lent unto Thomas Downton, the 29 of maye 1602, to paye Thomas Dickers, Drayton, Mydellton, and *Webester*, and Mondaye, in fulle paymente for ther playe called *too harpes* [?], the some of

iij^Ŀ."§

The Two Harpies (if such be the correct title, which is far from certain) no longer exists.—Again :—

"Lent unto Thomas Hewode and John Webster, the 2 of novm 1602, in earneste of a playe called Cyrssmas comes but once a yea the some of.	
"Lent unto John Dewcke, the 23 of novmbr 1602, to paye un harye chettell and Thomas Deckers, in pte of paymente of a pla called <i>Crysmas comes but once a yeare</i> , the some of .	
"Pd at the apoyntment of Thomas Hawode, the 26 of novm 1602, to harey chettell, in fulle paymente of a playe called <i>Cryssn</i> comes but once a yeare, the some of	
"Layd owt for the companye, the 9 of novmbr [December?] 160 to bye ij calleco sewtes and ij buckram sewtes, for the playe of Cry mas comes but once a yeare, the some of	
"Sowld unto the companye, the 9 of desembr 1602, ij peces cangable taffetie, to macke a womones gowne and a robe, for the pla of <i>crysmas comes but once a year</i> , some of	

Christmas comes but once a year is also lost.—In the same Diary, under October

* Henslowe's Diary, pp. 202, 203, 204, ed. Shakespeare Soc.

‡ Henslowe's Diary, p. 221. § Id. p. 222. || Id. pp. 243, 244, 245.

⁺ Dedication to The Devil's Law-case, -p. 105.

1602, are three entries relating to a play in Two Parts, entitled Lady Jane, the First Part the joint-production of Chettle, Dekker, Heywood, Smith and Webster, the Second Part composed (it would seem) by Dekker alone. These entries will be found in the introductory remarks on *The Famous History of Sir Thomas Wyatt*; * which drama, with its text miserably mutilated and corrupted, is evidently nothing more than an abridgement of the Two Parts of *Lady Jane*, for it embraces the story of Suffolk's unfortunate daughter from her forced accession to her death.

The second edition of Marston's *Malcontent* appeared in 1604, not only "augmented" by the original author, but "with additions" by Webster,—who was well qualified to supply them, resembling, as he did, Marston in the masculine character of his mind and style. How much he contributed to this vigorously written but unpleasing play, it is impossible to ascertain.†

In 1607 were given to the press *The Famous History of Sir Thomas Wyatt* (which has been noticed above), and *Westward Ho*, and *Northward Ho*,—two comedies composed by Webster in alliance with Dekker.

Westward Ho and Northward Ho (the former of which was on the stage in 1605) ‡ are full of life and bustle, and remarkable for the light they throw on the manners and customs of the time. Though by no means pure, they are comparatively little stained by that grossness from which none of our old comedies are entirely free. In them the worst things are always called by the worst names : the licentious and the debauched always speak most strictly in character; and the rake, the bawd, and the courtezan, are as odious in representation as they would be if actually present. But the public taste has now reached the highest pitch of refinement, and such coarseness is tolerated in our theatres no more. Some will perhaps maintain, that the language of the stage is purified in proportion as our morals have deteriorated, and that we dread the mention of the vices which we are not ashamed to practise; while our forefathers, under the sway of a less fastidious but a more energetic principle of virtue, were careless of words and only considerate of actions.

In 1612 The White Devil was printed; a play of extraordinary power. The story, though somewhat confused, is eminently interesting; and, though abounding in,—if not a little overcharged with,—fearful incidents, it has nothing which we are disposed to reject as incredible. What genius was required to conceive, what skill to embody, so forcible, so various, and so consistent a character as Vittoria! We shall not easily find, in the whole range of our ancient drama, a more effective scene than that in which she is arraigned for the murder of her husband. It is truth itself. Brachiano's flinging down his gown for his seat, and then, with impatient ostentation, leaving it behind him on his departure; the pleader's Latin exordium; the jesting interruption of the culprit; the overbearing intemperance of the

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Cardinal; the prompt and unconquerable spirit of Vittoria;-all together unite in producing on us an impression as strong as could result from an event of real life. Lamb, in his Specimens of English Dramatic Poets, speaks of the "innocence-resembling boldness" of Vittoria.* For my own part, I admire the dexterity with which Webster has discriminated between that simple confidence in their own integrity which the innocent manifest under the imputation of a great crime, and that forced and practised presence of mind which the hardened offender exhibits when brought to trial. Vittoria stands before her judges, alive to all the terrors that surround her, relying on the quickness of her wit, conscious of the influence of her beauty, and not without a certain sense of protection, in case of extreme need, from the interposition of Brachiano. She surprises by the readiness of her replies; but never, in a single instance, has the author assigned to her any words which were likely to have fallen from an innocent person under similar circumstances. Vittoria is undaunted, but it is by Hcr intrepidity has none of the calmness which belongs to one who knows effort. that a plain tale can put down his adversary; it is a high-wrought and exaggerated boldness,---a determination to outface facts, to brave the evidence she cannot refute, and to act the martyr though convicted as a criminal. Scattered throughout the play are passages of exquisite poetic beauty, which, once read, can never be forgotten.

Three Elegies on the most lamented death of Prince Henry appeared in 1613: the part of this tract written by Webster, entitled A Monumental Column, &c., contains some striking lines, but nothing characteristic of its author.

In 1623 were published The Duchess of Malfi (first produced about 1616 +) and The Devil's Law-case. Of the latter of these plays the plot is disagreeable and far from probable; but portions of the serious scenes are not unworthy of Webster. Few dramas possess a deeper interest in their progress, or are more touching in their conclusion, than The Duchess of Malfi. The passion of the Duchess for Antonio, a subject most difficult to treat, is managed with infinite delicacy : in a situation of great peril for the author, she condescends without being degraded, declares to her dependant that he is the husband of her choice without losing anything of dignity and respect, and seems only to exercise the privilege of rank in raising merit from obscurity. We sympathize from the first moment in the loves of the Duchess and Antonio, as we would in a long-standing domestic affection; and we mourn the more over the misery that attends them because we feel that happiness was the natural and legitimate fruit of so pure and rational an attachment. It is the wedded friendship of middle life transplanted to cheer the cold and glittering solitude of a court: it flourishes but a short time in that unaccustomed sphere, and then is blasted for ever. The sufferings and death of the imprisoned Duchess haunt the mind like painful realities ; but it is the less necessary to dwell on them here, as no part of our author's

^{*} See the quotation in p. 24, note, of the present work.

[†] See p. 54.

writings is so well known to the generality of readers as the scenes where they are depicted. In such scenes Webster was on his own ground. His imagination had a fond familiarity with objects of awe and fear. The silence of the sepulchre, the sculptures of marble monuments, the knolling of church-bells, the cercments of the corpse, the yew that roots itself in dead men's graves, are the illustrations that most readily present themselves to his imagination. If he speaks of the force of love, his language is,—

> "This is flesh and blood, sir; "Tis not the figure cut in alabaster Kneels at my husband's tomb;" *

and when he tells us that

"Glories, like glow-worms, afar off shine bright, But look'd to near, have neither heat nor light," +

we are almost satisfied that the glow-worm which Webster saw, and which suggested the reflection, was sparkling on the green sod of some lowly grave.

Monuments of Honour, &c. Invented and written by John Webster, Merchant-Tailor, 1624, is the very rarest t of all our old city-pageants :—it is not by any means the best.

In September 1624 Sir Henry Herbert licensed "A new Tragedy, called A late Murther of the Sonn upon the Mother, written by Forde and Webster §"; of which, when we consider how well the terrible subject was suited to the powers of the two writers, we cannot fail to regret the loss.

Appius and Virginia was printed in 1654. This drama is so remarkable for its simplicity, its deep pathos, its unobtrusive beauties, its singleness of plot, and the easy unimpeded march of its story, that perhaps there are readers who will prefer it to any other of our author's productions.

I need hardly observe that *Appius and Virginia* must have been brought on the stage long before 1654 : indeed, at that date Webster was, in all probability, dead.

In 1661, Kirkman, the bookseller, published, from manuscripts in his possession, A Cure for a Cuckold and The Thracian Wonder, both of them, according to the titlepages, "Written by John Webster and William Rowley." Webster's hand may, I think, be traced in parts of the former play. Of any share in the concoction of the latter he certainly was guiltless.

* P. 65.

+ P. 36, and p. 88.

[‡] The only copy of this pageant known to exist, is in the possession of the Duke of Devonshire, who, with his usual liberality, allowed me to transcribe it.

§ Chalmers's Supplemental Apology, &c., p. 218.

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|| The Thracian Wonder (which I inconsiderately reprinted in the first edition of the present collection) is partly founded on the story of Curan and Argentile in Warner's Albion's England. A poetical tract, founded also on the same portion of Warner's work, appeared in 1617, written by a William Webster,

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The following lines* concerning our author are found in Henry Fitzgeffrey's Notes from Blackfryers, 1620;

"But h' st ! with him, crabbed Websterio, The play-wright, cart-wright : whether ? either ? ho-No further. Looke as yee'd bee look't into ; Sit as ye woo'd be read : Lord / who woo'd know him ? Was ever man so mangl'd with a poem ? See how he drawes his mouth awry of late, How he scrubs, wrings his wrests, scratches his pate ! A midwife / helpe ! By his braines coitus Some Centaure strange, some huge Bucephalus, Or Pallas, sure, ingendred in his braine :---Strike, Vulcan, with thy hammer once againe. This is the crittick that, of all the rest, I'de not haue view mee ; yet I feare him least : Heer's not a word cursively I have writ, But hee'l industriously examine it. And in some 12 monthes hence, or thereabout, Set in a shamefull sheete my errors out. But what care I ? it will be so obscure That none shall vnderstand him, I am snre." Sig. F. 6.

An inquiry now arises, — was John Webster, the dramatist, the same John Webster who was author of *The Saints' Guide*, of a celebrated tract called *Academiarum Examen or The Examination of Academies*, and of a volume of sermons entitled *The Judgment set and the Books opened*? Our dramatist, as we have seen, was a writer for the stage in 1601; and the first of the pieces just mentioned was printed in 1653: if he was only twenty-five when he composed *The Guise*, he must have been about seventy-seven when *The Saints' Guide* appeared. Those who are inclined to

and entitled The most pleasant and delightfull Historie of Curan, Prince of Danske, and the fayre Princesse Argentile, Daughter and Heyre of Adelbright, sometime King of Northumberland: and Mr. Collier plausibly conjectures (Poet. Decam., vol. i. p. 268.) that Kirkman's recollection of the poem by William Webster induced him to attribute the play to John Webster.

Kirkman was not scrupulous in such matters. He published, in 1657, Lusts Dominion, or The Lascivious Queen, and put on the title-page "Written by Christofer Marloe, Gent.," though we have positive proof that it could not have been composed by that poet: see my Account of Marlowe and his Writings,—Works, i. lviii.

In the "Introduction" to his edition of *The Dramatic Works of John Webster*, 1857, Mr. Hazlitt announces his intention of including among them, not only *The Thracian Wonder* (which he justly describes as "a stream of dulness"), but *The Weakest goeth to the Wall*. The latter play he assigns to Webster "upon the authority of Winstanley"; not being aware that when Winstanley wrote as follows in his *Lives of the most famous English Poets*, 1687, p. 137, he was merely transcribing the blunders of Phillips in the *Theatrum Poetarum*, 1675 : "He [Dekker] was also an associate with John Webster in several well entertain'd Plays, viz. *Northward*, hoe? *The Noble Stranger*; New Trick to cheat the Devil; *Westward*, hoe? *The Weakest goes to the Wall*; and *A Woman will have her will*." Here we have three plays confidently attributed to Dekker and Webster, of which we are certain that they did not write a word : *The Noble Stranger* is by Sharpe; *A New Trick to cheat the Devil*, by Davenport; and *A Woman will have her will*, by Haughton ! So much for the "authority" of Winstanley, or rather, of Phillips. As to *The Weakest goeth to the Wall*,—from beginning to end it is written in a style utterly unlike that of Webster.

* For verses by Sheppard on Webster's White Devil, see p. 2; for verses by Middleton, W. Rowley, and Ford, on his Duchess of Malfl, see p. 56.

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suppose that he was the author of that tract will not, of course, allow his advanced age to be employed as an argument against the probability of their hypothesis; and it must be confessed that some persons at as late a period of life have produced works indicating that they retained the full possession of their intellectual powers. I shall presently, however, show that he was neither the author of it, nor of the other two pieces noticed above : in the meantime it is necessary to describe them more particularly.

The Saints Guide, or, Christ the Rule and Ruler of Saints. Manifested by way of Positions, Consectaries, and Queries. Wherein is contayned the Efficacy of acquired Knowledge ; the Rule of Christians ; the Mission and Maintenance of Ministers ; and the power of Magistrates in Spiritual things. By John Webster, late Chaplain in the Army, a 4to. tract, was first printed in 1653: it was reprinted in the same form the following year, and also in 12mo. in 1699*. No trace of the eloquence of Webster the poet is visible in this dull and fanatical production. In his prefatory address, "To all that love the Lord Jesus Christ in Truth and Sincerity," the author says; "For after the Lord, about eighteen years ago, had in his wonderfull mercy brought me to the sad experience of mine own dead, sinfull, lost, and damnable condition in nature, and fully shewed me the nothingness and helplessness of creaturely power, either without or within me," &c. : and Mr. Collier, who endeavours to prove that the writer of The Saints' Guide and the dramatist are the same person, thinks that the words "damnable condition," which have just been quoted, "can hardly mean anything but his 'damnable condition' as a playert." Surely, not: in "damnable condition" there is no allusion to any profession the author might have followed, but merely to what he conceived to be his reprobate condition before he became a Saint.

Academiarum Examen, or the Examination of Academies. Wherein is discussed and examined the Matter, Method, and Customes of Academick and Scholastick Learning, and the insufficiency thereof discovered and laid open; As also some Expedients proposed for the Reforming of Schools, and the perfecting and promoting of all kind of Science. Offered to the judgements of all those that love the proficiencie of Arts and Sciences, and the advancement of Learning. By Jo. Webster. In moribus et institutis Academiarum, Collegiorum, et similium conventuum, quæ ad doctorum hominum sedes, & operas mutuas destinata sunt, omnia progressui scientiarum in ulterius adversa inveniri. Franc. Bacon. de Verulamio lib. de cogitat. & vis. pag. mihi 14., appeared in 4to. in 1654. That the John Webster who wrote The Saints' Guide wrote the Acad. Examen, there can be no doubt : both pieces were put forth by the same publisher, Giles Calvert‡,

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^{*} The dedication to this edition is dated "April 28, 1663," which is doubtless an error of the printer for 1653; the two earlier editions, of which it is an exact copy, having the dedication dated April 28, 1653. * Poetical Decameron, vol. i. p. 262.

^{‡ &}quot;To conclude, the world may here see what stuffe still comes from Lame Giles Calvers shop, that forge of the Devil, from whence so many blasphemous, lying, scandalous Pamphlets, for many years past,

and a second edition of the former was printed during the year in which the latter came from the press. In an *Epistle to the Reader*, prefixed to the *Acad. Examen*, the author says; "I am no Dean nor Master, President nor Provost, Fellow nor Pensioner, neither have I tyths appropriate nor impropriate, augmentation, nor State pay, nor all the levelling that hath been in these times hath not mounted nor raised me, nor can they make me fall lower, *Qui cadit in terram, non habet unde cadat.* And he that would raise himself by the ruins of others, or warm himself by the burning of schools, I wish him no greater plague than his own ignorance, nor that he may ever gain more knowledge than to live to repent." Though the *Acad. Examen* contains a good deal of nonsense about the language of nature, astrology, &c.; and though all the theological portion of it is as ridiculous and fanatical as *The Saints' Guide*, yet, taken as a whole, it manifests variety of learning and clearness of judgment.

To this tract, during the year of its publication, two answers were written. The first was by Seth Ward, afterwards Bishop of Salisbury, and Dr. John Wilkins of Wadham College *; it is entitled, Vindiciae Academiarum, containing Some briefe Animadversions upon Mr. Websters Book, stiled The Examination of Academies. Together with an Appendix concerning what M. Hobbs and M. Dell have published on this Argument. The authors had evidently never dreamed of their adversary being the once-celebrated dramatist. "I have heard from very good hands," says Wilkins, "that he [Webster] is suspected to be a Friar, his conversation being much with men of that way; and the true designe of this Booke being very suitable to one of that profession, besides that his superficiall and confused knowledge of things is much about that elevation." p. 6. "In complyance therefore with your desire," says Ward, "I mean to runne over this reverend Authour." p. 9. "You know, Sir," he afterwards says, "and have observed in your Letter to mee, how vast a difference there is betwixt the Learning and Reputation of Mr. Hobbs and these two Gentlemen, and how scornefully he will take it to be ranked with a Friar [Webster] and an Enthusiast." p. 51. The second answer to the Acad. Examen is called *†* Histrio-Mastix. A whip for Webster (as 'tis conceived) the Quondam Player: or, An examination of one John Websters delusive Examen of Academies, dc. In the end there is annexed an elaborate defence of Logick, by a very Learned Pen. Mark how carefully the words "as 'tis conceived," are inserted here ! One half of this answer is the production of Thomas Hall, the puritan, of whom an account may

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have spread over the land, to the great dishonour of the Nation, in the sight of the Nations round about us, and to the provocation of God's wrath against us, which will certainly breake forth, both upon the actors and tolerators of such intollerable errours, without speedy reformation and amendment."

Histrio-mastix, a Whip for Webster, &c. 1654, p. 215. * Wilkins wrote only the Epistle to the Author, signed N. S.; the remainder is by Ward, signed H. D.: the signatures are the final letters of their names.

^{*} This piece forms part of a small duod. volume, the general title of which is Vindiciæ Literarum, The Schools Guarded, &c. &c. By Thomas Hall, B.D. and Pastour of Kings-Norton.

be found in Wood's Athence Oxonienses, vol. iii. p. 677, ed. Bliss; the other half (the defence of Logic) is from the pen of a "reverend acute Logician," whose name is not given. "We see then," says Hall, addressing Webster, "who you are, viz. an Herculean Leveller, a Famalisticall Lion, a dissembling Fryar, a Profane Stage Player, a professed friend to Judiciall Astrology and Astrologers," &c. p. 198. In this passage we must observe that Hall merely takes it for granted from what had been said before, that the author of the Acad. Examen was a player. The "reverend acute Logician" commences his defence of the Stagirite thus : "This Mr. Webster (as I suppose) is that Poet whose Glory was once to be the Author of Stage-plaies (as the Devils Law-case) but now the Tutor of Universities. But because his Stage-Players [Stage-Playes] have been discountenanced by one of the late Parliaments, does hee therefore addresse himselfe to the Army, for the like force, and as little favour in behalfe of all Humane Learning; for advancement whereof, the best way being already found, he that seeks for another, desires worse (and so none at all), though he pretend to a Reformation. For my own part, I could wish that his Poetry still had flourished upon Mr. Johnson's [Ben Jonson's] account, in his Epistle before one of his Playes (the Fox) to the two most equal Sisters, the Universities (a far better address then this here); but it is odious to be like the Fox in the Fable, who having lost his owne Ornament, envied his fellows theirs by pretending burthen or inconvenience." In those days there could have been no difficulty in ascertaining pp. 217-18. whether the author of the Acad. Examen was or was not the quondam dramatist; and we may be sure that the puritanical Hall and his coadjutor must have made particular inquiries into the matter. If they had been in possession of the fact that their adversary had ever been guilty of play-writing or play-acting, they would not have left their readers in any doubt on the subject; they would never have used the expressions "as 'tis conceived," or "as I suppose;" they would have charged Webster with his theatrical sins in the most direct terms, and they would have alluded to them over and over again, with many a coarse and bitter taunt. They were quite aware that their adversary was not the dramatist *; and they had recourse to the supposition of his being that same person, as a likely means of bringing reproach upon him in times of canting and hypocrisy +.

^{*} Mr. Hazlitt, after citing what I say above, proceeds as follows: "This, however, is perfectly clear to the present Editor, that the writers of *Histrio-Mastix* would not, for the very sake of their sneer, have 'conceived' or 'supposed' any such identity as that malignantly suggested, had not John Webster, the quondam player, been still alive, and had he not, also, been connected in some way with one of the universities—perhaps he had been a teacher of elocution there." Introd. to The Dram. Works of John Webster, 1857, p. viii. Mr. Hazlitt has previously remarked; "There remains to be mentioned one other occupation which Webster is said to have filled—that of College Tutor." p. vi.

That the dramatist was alive in 1654, I greatly doubt; that he never was a teacher of elocution at one of the universities, or a college-tutor, I am as certain as that he never was Archhishop of Canterbury.

⁺ Mr. Collier, in the work already quoted, compares two passages of the Acad. Examen with two from the plays of our author:

[&]quot;On p. 3 of the Examen is this excellent sentence, 'So humane knowledge is good and excellent, and

In 1654 appeared also a quarto volume, entitled The Judgement Set, and the Bookes Opened. Religion Tried whether it be of God or of men. The Lord cometh to visit his Own, For the time is come that Judgement must begin at the House of God.

is of manifold and transcendent use, while moving in its own orb; but when it will see further than its own light can lead it, it then becomes hlind and destroys itself.' This sentiment, but more tersely and poetically expressed, is in 'The White Devil':

> 'While we looke vp to heaven we confound Knowledge with knowledge : O I am in a mist !'

There is a resemblance. But it is stronger in the next quotation and comparison I shall make. On p. 15 of the *Examen* is this simile: 'Like a curious spiders web cunningly interwoven with many various and subtill intertextures, and fit for nothing but the insnaring, manacling, and intricating of rash, forward, unwary, and incircumspect mcn:' in the tragedy of 'The Duchess of Malfy' are the following parallel lines:

> ' the law to him Is like a fowle black cobweb to a spider ; He makes it his dwelling, and a prison To entangle those shall feed him.'"

> > Poetical Decameron, vol. i., pp. 262-3.

Between the first two passages which Mr. Collier compares, it must be allowed that there is some resemblance : but the similarity of the second two affords no grounds for inferring that they proceeded from the same pen, as the following quotations (and those in note +, p. 201) decidedly show ;

" Others report, it [law] is a spider's web Made to entangle the poore helplesse flies, Whilst the great spiders that did make it first, And rule it, sit i' th' midst secure and laugh." Field' A Woman's a Weathercock, ed. 1612, Sig. E.

"Laws are like spider-webs, small flies are tane, Whiles greater flies break in and out againe." Brathwait's Honest Ghost, 1658, p. 79.

"Law's as a spider's-web, and ever was, It takes the little flies, lets great ones passe." *Id.*, p. 170.

" our Laws

Must be no Spider-webs to take small Flyes, And let the great ones 'scape.''

Lady Alimony, 1659, Sig. I 3.

"Your Laws, like Spiders webs are not a snare

For little flyes, that them the bigge may breake."

Lord Sterline's Tragedy of Cræsus, act iii., sc. 2.

Recreations with the Muses, 1637, p. 24.

"It had been more for your credit and comfort to have imployed your time and talent in defence of Languages, Arts, and Sciences, (especially in such a season as this, when so many decry them) then thus to weave the Spiders Web, which may peradventure catch some feeble flies, when stronger ones break thorough." *Histrio-mastix, A Whip for Webster, &c.* 1654, p. 199.

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And to discover the Blasphemy of those that say,

They are	Apostles, Teachers, Alive, Rich, Jewes,	but are	Found Lyars, Deceivers, Dead, Poore, blind, naked, The Synagogue of Satan.
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In severall Sermons at Alhallows Lumbard-street, By John Webster, A servant of Christ and his Church. Micah 3. 5. &c. Thus saith the Lord, concerning the Prophets that make my people erre, that bite with their teeth, and cry peace : and he that putteth not into their mouths, they prepare war against him : Therefore night shall be upon them, that they shall not have A vision, &c. The Sun shall goe down over the prophets, and the Day shall be dark. Their Seers shall be ashamed, and the Deviners confounded : yea, they shall All cover their lips, for there is no answer of God. Little information concerning the author is to be gathered from these tedious effusions, which in style resemble the Saints' Guide, and which were published at the desire of his hearers, who were greatly delighted with his preaching, "apprehending it," says an Address to the Reader, "to be the Bridegroomes voyce in him, and therefore savory to them"." Webster was absent from London when they were printed : "he being now," says the same Address, "at a great distance from the Presse." "Here," says a second Address to the Reader, "thou shalt not find Terms of Art, nor quirks of humane Learning and Fallen Wisdom (though the party through whom it was conveied excel hereby thou mayest see (if thou be not blind in the carnal conceits of thy earthly wisdom, as most of the Earthen Saints of our times are) what self-denial is wrought in this Creature, through which the Eternal Spirit hath breathed forth these ensuing precious Truths, that he having and enjoying all those humane Excellencies of Learning and knowledge which are so in the worlds account," &c. To the volume is appended A Responsion To certaine pretended Arguments against my Book called The Saints Guide.

We have already seen that an answer to the *Academiarum Examen* was written by Seth Ward, afterwards Bishop of Salisbury : and Dr. Walter Pope, in his Life of that prelate, expressly states that the author of the *Examen* was "one Webster of *Cletherow* +." In all matters connected with the Bishop, Dr. Pope's authority is

* The Church of Allhallows Lombard Street, with all the documents belonging to it, was destroyed by the great fire of London in 1666: John Weston, the Rector, "was for his Loyalty sequestred by the Rebels, about 1642. [Merc. Rust. p. 253]." Newcourt's Repertorium Ecclesiasticum Parochiale Londinense, vol. i. p. 255. "He [Weston] was sequesterd by the House about July, 1643; at which time J. Cordell was, by the same authority, thrust in to succeed him." Walker's Account of the Sufferings of the Clergy, p. 180.

unquestionable. "I am not," says he, "altogether unprovided for such a Work, having, during my long acquaintance with Him and his Friends, informed myself of most of the considerable Circumstances of his Life." *Life of Seth, Lord Bishop of Salisbury*, 1697, p. 2. "And now I have brought him to Oxford, where I first became acquainted with him, I can proceed upon more certain grounds; I promise not to put any thing upon the Reader now, but what either I know or have heard attested by those whom I could trust." *Id.* p. 22.

The two works next to be mentioned were indisputably written by John Webster of Clitheroe. One is Metallographia: or, An History of Metals. Wherein is declared the signs of Ores and Minerals both before and after digging, the causes and manner of their generations, their kinds, sorts, and differences; with the description of sundry new Metals, or Semi-Metals, and many other things pertaining to Mineral knowledge. As also, the handling and shewing of their Vegetability, and the discussion of the most difficult Questions belonging to Mystical Chymistry, as of the Philosophers Gold, their Mercury, the Liquor Alkahest, Aurum potabile, and such like. Gathered forth of the most approved Authors that have written in Greek, Latine, or High-Dutch; With some Observations and Discoveries of the Author himself. By John Webster Practitioner in Physick and Chirurgery. Qui principia naturalia in seipso ignoraverit, hic jam multum remotus est ab arte nostra, quoniam non habet radicem veram supra quam intentionem suam fundet. Geber. Sum. perfect. 1. c. i. p. 21.

> Sed non ante datur telluris operta subire, Auricomos quam quis discerpserit arbore fœtus. Virg. Æneid. 1. 6.

London, Printed by A. C. for Walter Kettilby at the Bishops-Head in Ducklane*, 1671, 4to. The other is The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft. Wherein is affirmed that there are many sorts of Deceivers and Impostors. And Divers persons under a passive Delusion of Melancholy and Fancy. But that there is a Corporeal League made betwixt the Devil and the Witch, Or that he sucks on the Witches Body, has Carnal Copulation, or that Witches are turned into Cats, Dogs, raise Tempests, or the like, is utterly denied and disproved. Wherein also is handled, the Existence of Angels and Spirits, the truth of Apparitions, the Nature of Astral and Sydereal Spirits, the force of Charms and Philters ; with other abstruse matters. By John Webster, Practitioner in Physick. Falsæ etenim opiniones Hominum præoccupantes, non solum surdos, sed & cæcos faciunt, ita ut

barbariem quid litteris ubique præsteterit, vindicatæ agnoscunt Academiæ," Pope renders thus; "he wrote... also a Vindication of the Universities, in reply to one Webster of Cletherow, who had writ a Pamflet to prove them useless." Life of Seth, Lord Bishop of Salisbury, 1697, pp. 185, 188. In an earlier part of the work just quoted we are told, "Whilst he [Ward] continued in that Chair, besides his Public Lectures, he wrote several Books... one, in English and a jocose stile, against one Webster, asserting the Usefulness of the Universities." p. 27.

* Instead of "Ducklane" some copies have "St. Paul's Church-yard."

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videre nequeant quæ aliis perspicua apparent. Galen. lib. 8. de Comp. Med., London, Printed by J. M. and are to be sold by the Booksellers in London, 1677, folio. Now. Dr. Henry More has attacked John Webster's Displaying of supposed Witchcraft in his Opera Philosophica; and in the "Præfatio Generalissima" prefixed to that collection, 1679, he alludes as follows, not only to it, but also to another production of the same writer, which is manifestly the Academiarum Examen: "De modo autem quo in Scholiis eos exceperim qui nostra impugnaverint ; est sane, festivus licet aliquando & jocosus, perpetuo tamen benignus. Nec certe severi offensique animi larvam contra quenquam indui præterquam unum Websterum. Quem non sic tractâsse præter decorum profecto futurum fuisset, & omnino præteriisse pigrum quid & ignavum. Quis enim ferre potuit hominem Fatuum virorum optimorum doctissimorumque memoriæ tanto cum supercilio ac fastu insultantem & tanta præterea cum inscitia & imperitia ? Quis summis Philosophis summisque Legislatoribus, Mose ipso non excepto, crassæ ignorantiæ Notam, etiam eis in rebus de quibus statuunt, turpiter impudenterque Quis Theologum si placet, & in sacris, ut gloriatur, a Reverendo inurentem ? Episcopo, Dre M.*, Ordinibus olim institutum, ad Castra quasi Atheorum omnes Angelos mere corporeos faciendo transfugientem, et Animam tamen humanam, ne nimis obvium & expositum censuris hominum se redderet, fucate subdoleque profitendo immaterialem ? fædumque passim seculi hujus Somatistici Parasitum se gerentem et Gnathonem ? Ut taceam quam maligne & quam imperite interim ac imbecilliter nostra vellicaverit, beneque a me provisa diligenterque explorata Principia quam impotenter, sed irrito prorsus opere labefactare conatus sit; et cum ne intelligeret quidem quæ scripsi (ut videre est ex ineptis illius Objectionibus), quo usum tamen honestissimorum meorum studiorum fructumque in publicum frustrari posset, non objicientis solum sed & vincentis speciem, ad vulgo imponendum, ausus sit dare. Talem, inquam, nactus Adversarium, Academiarum porro nostrarum, eis temporibus quibus spes aliqua suberat nocendi, importunum Calumniatorem & Sycophantam, nunc vero abjectissimum Somatistarum Parasitum, miserumque sed impudentem Lamiarum Patronum, parum profecto putabam Objectiones ejus diluere, quod facillimo fit negotio, argumentaque allata confutare, nisi insulsam pariter hominis temeritatem intolerandamque insolentiam castigarem. Sic enim fas est & sic oportet fieri in hoc genus hominum, qui sanctissimum Philosophiæ nomen usurpantes, omnes bonos Philosophiæ fines misera sua immiscendo commenta subvertunt." p. xvi.†

Nor is evidence wanting in the works themselves that the Academiarum Examen, The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, and the Metallographia were written by the same individual.

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^{*} See the second quotation from the Displaying of supposed Witchcraft in p. xxiv.

⁺ This passage was kindly pointed out to me by my learned friend, Mr. James Crossley of Manchester.

The author of the Acad. Examen was educated at Cambridge.* "On the 12th of October, 1653," says Antony Wood, "he [i.e. William Erbury] with John Webster, sometimes a Cambridge scholar, endeavoured to knock down learning and the ministry together, in a disputation that they then had against two ministers in a church in Lombard Street in London." Athen. Oxon. vol. iii. p. 361, ed. Bliss. We must bear in mind while we read the preceding extract that the Sermons of the author of the Acad. Examen were preached in All-Hallows, Lombard Street. "As for Dell [who also attacked the Universities, and to whom Seth Ward wrote an answer, published together with his reply to Webster], he had been educated in Cambridge ; and Webster, who was then, or lately, a chaplain in the parliament army, had, as I conceive, been educated there also." Id. vol. iv. p. 250. Webster of Clitheroe, we may gather from the following passage, had been educated at the same seat of learning : "But I that then [i. e. in my youth] was much guilty of curiosity, and loth to be imposed upon in a thing of that nature, then also knowing the way and manner how all the common Jugglers about Cambridge and London (who make a Trade of it) did perform their Tricks," &c. The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, p. 62.

The author of the *Acad. Examen* was a preacher. Webster of Clitheroe, "practitioner in physic," had also received holy orders: "Dr. Thomas Morton, then Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield: to whose memory I cannot but owe and make manifest all due respect, because he was well known unto me, and by the imposition of whose hands I was ordained Presbyter when he was Bishop of Durham." *The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft*, p. 275. "About the year 1634, . . . it came to pass that this said Boy was brought into the Church of Kildwick, a large parish Church, where I (being then Curate there) was preaching in the afternoon." *Id.* p. 277.

The author of the *Acad. Examen* had been an army-chaplain. Webster of Clitheroe, it may be inferred from the following passage, had served in the same capacity; "And it will as far fail, that wounded bodies, that have been slain in the wars, after the natural heat be gone, will upon motion bleed any fresh or crimson blood at all; for we ourselves in the late times of Rebellion have seen some thousands of dead bodies, that have had divers wounds, and lying naked and being turned over and over, and by ten or twelve thrown into one pit, and yet not one of them have issued any fresh and pure blood." *The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft*, p. 306.

The author of the *Acad. Examen* was a believer in astrology; so was Webster of Clitheroe. The author of the *Acad. Examen* was a devoted admirer of the mystic chemistry of Paracelsus, Helmont, &c.; so was Webster of Clitheroe.

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^{*} I could find no mention of any John Webster in the Indices to Cole's voluminous MS. collections in the Brit. Museum.

I proceed to exhibit some striking parallel passages from the Academiarum Examen, The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, and the Metallographia.

"And it is true that supposed difficulty, and impossibility, are great causes of determent from attempting or trying of new discoveries and enterprises, for the sloathful person usually cryeth, go not forth, there is a Lion or Bear in the way; and if Columbus had not had the spirit to have attempted, against all seeming impossibilities and discouragements, never had he gained that immortal honour, nor the Spaniards been Masters of the rich Indies, for we often admire why many things are attempted which appear to us as impossible, and yet when attained, we wonder they were no sooner set upon and tried; so though the means here prescribed may seem weak and difficult to be put into use, yet being practised may be found easy and advantagious. And I hope newness need not be a brand to any indeavor or discovery, seeing it is but a meer relative to our intellects, for that of which we were ignorant being discovered to us, we call new, which ought rather to mind us of our imbecility and ignorance, than to be any stain or scandal to the thing discovered ; for doubtlessly he said well that accounted Philosophy to be that which taught us nihil admirari, and admiration is alwaies the daughter of ignorance." Acad. Examen, Epistle to the Reader.

"Antiquity and Novelty are but relations quoad nostrum intellectum, non quoad naturam; for the truth, as it is fundamentally in things extra intellectum, cannot be accounted either old or new. And an opinion, when first found out and divulged, is as much a truth then, as when the current of hundreds or thousands of years have passed since its discovery. For it was no less a truth, when in the infancy of Philosophy it was holden, that there was generation and corruption in Nature in respect of Individuals, than it is now : so little doth Time, Antiquity, or Novelty alter, change, confirm, or overthrow truth; for veritas est temporis filia, in regard of its discovery to us or by us, who must draw it forth è puteo Democriti. And the existence of the West Indies was as well before the discovery made by Columbus as since, and our ignorance of it did not impeach the truth of its being, neither did the novelty of its discovery make it less verity, nor the years since make it more : so that we ought simply to examine, whether an opinion be possible or impossible, probable or improbable, true or false; and if it be false, we ought to reject it, though it seem never so venerable by the white hairs of Antiquity; nor ought we to refuse it, though it seem never so young or near its birth. For, as St. Cyprian said : Error vetustatis est vetustas erroris." The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, p. 15.

"What shall I say of the Science or art of Astrology? Shall the blind fury of Misotechnists and malicious spirits deter me from giving it the commendations that it deserves ? shall the Academies who have not only sleighted and neglected it, but

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also scoffed at it, terrifie me from expressing my thoughts of so noble and beneficial a Science? . . . And therefore I cannot, without detracting from worth and vertue, pass without a due Elogy in the commendation of my learned and industrious Countrymen, Mr. Ashmole, Mr. William Lilly, Mr. Booker, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Culpepper, and others, who have taken unwearied pains for the resuscitation and promotion of this noble Science, and with much patience against many unworthy scandals have laboured to propagate it to posterity, and if it were not beyond the present scope I have in hand, I should have given sufficient reasons in the vindication of Astrology." Acad. Examen, p. 51.

"And that there is and may be a lawful use of Astrology, and many things may be foretold by it, few that are judicious are ignorant." The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, p. 28. "And that there are great and hidden virtues both in Plants and Minerals, especially in Metals and Precious Stones, as they are by Nature produced, by Mystical Chymistry prepared and exalted, or commixed and insculped in their due and fit constellations, may not only be proved by the instances foregoing, but also by the reasons and authorities of persons of great judgment and experience in the secrets of nature, &c. . . . Neither are those arguments of that learned person Galleotus Martius, for defending the natural and lawful effects of Planetary Sigills, when prepared forth of agreeable matter, and made in their due constellations, of such small weight as some insipid ignorants have pretended, but are convincing to any considerate and rational person." Id. p. 161.

"What shall I say of Staticks, Architecture, Pneumatithmie, Stratarithmetrie, and the rest enumerated by that expert and *learned* man, Dr. John Dee, in his Preface before Euclide?" Acad. Examen, p. 52.

"Another of our Countrymen, Dr. John Dee, the greatest and ablest Philosopher, Mathematician, and Chymist that his Age (or it may be ever since) produced, could not evade the censure of the Monster-headed multitude, but even in his life time was accounted a Conjurer, of which he most sadly (and not without cause) complaineth in his most learned Preface to Euclid." The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, p. 7.

"Was not Magick amongst the Persians accepted for a sublime Sapience, and the science of the universal consent of things? And were not those men (supposed Kings) that came from the East styled by that honourable name Mayol, Magi, or Wisemen, which the Holy Ghost gives unto them, thereby to denote out that glorious mystery of which they were made partakers by the revelation of that spirit of life and light? Neither do I here Apologize for that impious and execrable Magick, that either is used for the hurt and destruction of mankind, or pretends to gain knowledge from him who is the grand enemy of all the sons of Adam; no, that I truly

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abominate.... But that which I defend is that noble and laudable Science," &c. Acad. Examen, p. 69.

"It was not in vain superstitious Magick (wherewith, as Couringius laboureth to prove, they were much infected), but in the laudable Sciences of Arithmetick, Politicks, Geometry, Astronomy, and their Hieroglyphick learning, which doubtless contained natural and lawful Magick (such as those Magicians were partakers of, that came to worship Christ, whose learning all the Fathers and Interpreters do justifie to be good, natural, and lawful), the Art of Medicine, and knowledge of natural and artificial things, as in the next Branch we shall more at large make appear." *Metallographia*, p. 8.

"Paracelsus, that singular ornament of Germany." Acad. Examen, p. 70.

"That totius Germanice decus, Paracelsus." The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, p. 9.

"Now how false the Aristotelian Philosophy is in itself is in part made cleer, and more is to be said of it hereafter, and therfore truth and experience will declare the imperfection of that medicinal knowledge that stands upon no better a basis. \mathbf{For} Galen, their great Coryphœus and Antesignanus, hath laid down no other principles to build medicinal skill upon, than the doctrine of Aristotle ; For this same author hath said enough sufficiently to confute and overthrow the whole Fabrick of the Galenical learning, which here I forbear to insert. And therefore it is very strange that the Schools, nay, in a manner, the whole world, should be inchanted and infatuated to admire and own this ignorant Pagan [Galen], who being ambitious of erecting his own fame," &c. Acad. Examen, pp. 72-3. "That neither antiquity nor novelty may take place above verity, lest it debarre us from a more diligent search after truth and Science. Neither that universality of opinion be any president or rule to sway our judgements from the investigation of knowledge ; for what matter is it whether we follow many or few, so the truth be our guide ? for we should not follow a multitude to do evil, and it is better to accompany verity single, than falsity and errour with never so great a number. Neither is it fit that Authority (whether of Aristotle or any other) should inchain us, but that there may be a general freedome to try all things, and to hold fast that which is good, that so there might be a Philosophical liberty to be bound to the authority of none but truth itself, then will men take pains, and arts will flourish." Id., pp. 109-10.

"If the comparison I use be thought too large, and the rule be put only as to the greater part of the Learned that are in Europe, yet it will hold good that the greatest part of the Learned are not to be adhered to because of their numerousness; nor that the rest are to be rejected because of their paucity did not the greatest number of the Physicians in Europe altogether adhere to the Doctrine of Galen, though now in Germany, France, England, and many other

Nations, the most have exploded it ? And was not the Aristotelian Philosophy embraced by the greatest part of all the Learned in Europe ? And have not the Cartesians and others sufficiently now manifested the errours and imperfections of it ? . . . So that multitude, as multitude, ought not to lead or sway us, but truth itself. . . . It is not safe nor rational to receive or adhere to an opinion because of its Antiquity; nor to reject one because of its Novelty." The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, p. 14.

"Especially since our never-sufficiently honoured Countryman Doctor Harvey discovered that wonderful secret of the bloods circulary motion." Acad. Examen, p. 74.

"Our learned and most industrious Anatomist Dr. Harvey, who (notwithstanding the late cavils of some) first found forth and evidenced to the World that rare and profitable discovery of the Circulation of the blood." *The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft*, p. 3.

"Our learned Countryman Dr. Fludd." Acad. Examen, p. 74.

"Our Countryman Dr. Flud, a person of much learning." The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, p. 319.

"Secondly, they are as ignorant in the most admirable and soul-ravishing knowledge of the three great Hypostatical principles of nature, Salt, Sulphur, and Mercury, first mentioned by Basilius Valentinus, and afterwards clearly and evidently manifested by that miracle of industry and pains Theophrastus Paracelsus. And though Helmont, with the experiments of his Gehennal fire and some other solid arguments, labour the labefactation of this truth, yet doth he not prove that they are not Hypostatical principles, but onely that they are not the ultimate reduction that the possibility of art can produce, which he truly proves to be water." Acad. Examen, p. 76.

"The ancient Chymical Philosophers held that the matter out of which the Metals were generated, were Sulphur and Mercury; but Basilius Valentinus, Paracelsus, and the latter Chymists, have added Salt as a third." *Metallographia*, p. 72. "Sometimes (and perhaps not untruly) they affirm the Metals to be generated of the element of Water; as Helmont, who proves not onely that metallick bodies, but also all other Concretes to have their rise from thence, and demonstrateth the immutability of elemental Water." *Id.*, p. 79. [78.]

"Another is no less faulty and hurtful than the precedent, and that is their too much admiring of, and adhering to antiquity, or the judgement of men that lived in ages far removed from us, as though they had known all things, and left nothing for the discovery of those that came after in subsequent ages. And indeed we

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usually attribute knowledge and experience to men of the most years, and therefore these being the latter ages of the world should know more, for the grandævity of the world ought to be accounted for antiquity, and so to be ascribed to our times, and not to the Junior age of the world, wherein those that we call the antients did live, so that antiquitas sœculi, juventus mundi." Acad. Examen, pp. 93-4.

"In regard of Natural Philosophy and the knowledge [sic] of the properties of created things, and the knowledge of them, we preposterously reckon former Ages, and the men that lived in them, the Ancients ; which in regard of production and generation of the Individuals of their own Species are so; but in respect of knowledge and experience this Age is to be accounted the most ancient. For as the learned Lord Bacon saith : Indeed to speak truly, *Antiquitas seculi, juventus mundi*, Antiquity of time is the youth of the World. Certainly our times are the ancient times, when the World is now ancient, and not those which we count ancient, ordine retrogrado, by a computation backward from our own times; and yet so much credit hath been given to old Authors as to invest them with the power of Dictators, that their words should stand, rather than admit them as Consuls to give advice." The Displaying of supposed Witchcraft, p. 15.

It is certain, therefore, that John Webster the dramatist, and John Webster of Clitheroe, were different persons : the former was a writer for the stage as early as 1601 ; the latter was not born till 1610, and died in 1682 *.

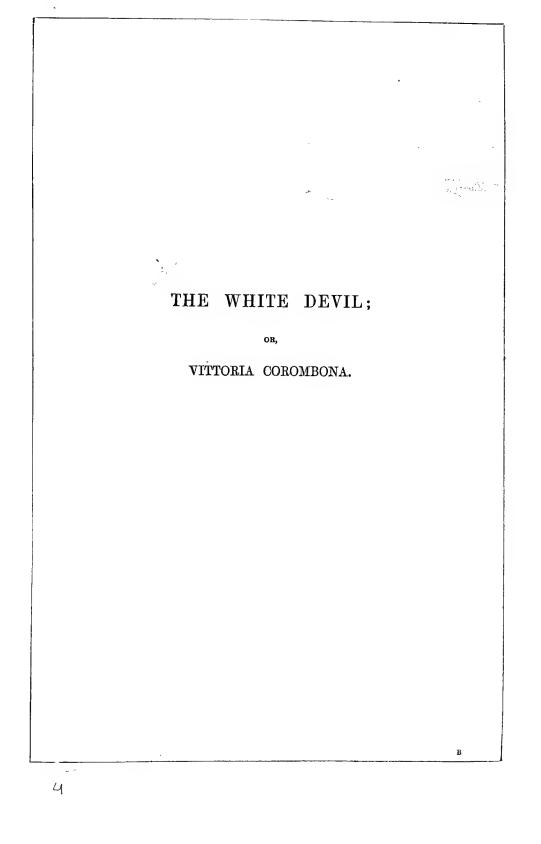
I may notice that A Declaration of the Lords and Commons, dated July 6th, 1644, was put forth against a John Webster and others as "Incendiaries between the United Provinces and the Kingdom and Parliament of England;" and that all the said "Incendiaries" were merchants.

^{*} See Whitaker's *Hist.* of *Whalley and Clitheroe*, pp. 285, 493, ed. 1818. Dr. Whitaker seems never to have suspected that Webster of Clitheroe, on whose learning and talents he bestows just praise, was the author of the *Academiarum Examen*.

ADDENDUM.

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In the prefatory remarks on *The White Devil* I have accidentally omitted to mention (what was obligingly communicated to me in a letter from Mr. Jourdain de Gatwick, June 19th, 1852) that "it is taken from the Life of Sixtus ∇^{th} ; the husband of Vittoria being the nephew of the Pope."—Vide *Biogr. Univ.* sub "Accoramboni (Virginie)":—in the same work, sub "Sixte-Quint," is a reference to a publication, which I have not seen, entitled "*L'Histoire de Vittoria Accorambona*, 3.^e edition, par M. Adry."



The White Divel, or, the Tragedy of Paulo Giordano Ursini, Duke of Brachiano, With the Life and Death of Vittoria Corombona the famous Venetian Curtizan. Acted by the Queenes Maiesties Servants. Written by John Webster. Non inferiora secutus. London, Printed by N. O. for Thomas Archer, and are to be sold at his Shop in Popes head Pallace, neere the Royall Exchange. 1612. 4to.

The White Devil, or, the Tragedy of Paulo Giordano Vrsini, Duke of Brachiano, With the Life, and Death, of Vittoria Corombona, the famous Venetian Curtiscan. As it hath bin divers times Acted, by the Queenes Maiseties servants, at the Phanix, in Drury-lane. Written by John Webster. Non inferiora secutus. London, Printed by I. N. for Hugh Perry, and are to be sold at his shop at the signe of the Harrow in Britains-burse. 1631. 4to.

There were also editions in 1665, and 1672; and an alteration of it by N. Tate, called *Injured Love*, or the Cruel Husband, appeared in 1707. It has been reprinted in the different editions of Dodslay's Collection of Old Plays, and in the Ancient British Drama.

The reader who is familiar with original editions of our early poets will not be surprised to learn that some copies of the 4to. of 1612 differ slightly in several places from other copies of the same edition; a collation of my own copy with that in the Garrick collection (vol. H. 22.) has furniahed some various readings, which I have given in the course of my notes. Such differences arose no doubt from alterations having been made in the text after a portion of the impression had been worked off.* I have not thought it necessary to set down every minute variation found in the 4tos. of 1665 and 1672, as, though they in several places rectify the errors of the two earliest 4tos, they are comparatively of little authority. The notes which have the names of Reed, Steevens, Gilchrist, and Collier attached to them, are taken from the second and third editions of Dodsley's Collection of Old Plays.

In a raro volume of postry, Epigrams theological, philosophical, and romantick, Six books, also the Socratick Session, or the Arraignment and Conviction of Julius Scaliger, with other Select Poems. By S. Sheppard, 1651, 8vo, are the following lines:

" On Mr. Webster's most excellent Tragedy, called the White Dovill.

"Wee will no more admire Euripides, Nor praise the Tragick streines of Sophocles; For why † thou in this Tragedia haat fram'd All reall worth that can in them be nam'd. How lively are thy persons fitted, and How pretty are thy lines ! thy Verses stand Like unto pratious Jawels act in gold, And grace thy fluent Pross. I once was told By one wall skil'd in Arts, he thought thy Play Was onely worthy Fame to heare away From all before it. Brachianes Ill. Murthering his Dutchesse, hath hy thy rare skill Made him renown'd: Flaminee such another. The Devils darling, Murtherer of his brother, His part most strange (given him to Act by thee) Doth gaine him Credit, and not Calumnie : Vittoria Coromhona, that fam'd Whore, Deap'rate Lodovice weltring in his gore, Subtile Francisco, all of them shall bee Gaz'd at as Comets by Posteritie : And thou meane time with never withering Bayes Shalt Crowned bee by all that read thy Layea."

Lib. V. Epig. 27, pp. 133, 134.

From A Funeral Elegy on the death of the famous actor, Richard Burbadge (printed in Mr. Collier's Memoirs of the principal actors in the plays of Shakespeare, p. 52, cd. Shakes. Soc.) we learn that the part of Brschiano iu The White Devil was performed by Burbadge.

* This is also the case with the old copies of some other of our author's plays. Gifford discovered similar variatious in some of the early 4tos. of Massinger; vide his Introduction, p. ciii. ed. 1813: see too the prefatory remarks to Feel's Honour of the Garter in my ed. of his Works.

† For why] i. e. Because, for the reason that.

TO THE READER.

In publishing this tragedy, I do but challenge to myself that liberty which other men have ta'en before me: not that I affect praise by it, for nos have novimus esse nihil; * only, since it was acted in so dull a time of winter, presented in so + open and black a theatre, ‡ that it wanted (that which is the only grace and setting-out of a tragedy) a full and nnderstanding auditory; and that, since that time, I have noted most of the people that come to that play-house resemble those ignorant asses, who, visiting stationers' shops, their use is not to inquire for good books, but new books; I present it to the general view with this confidence,—

> Ncc rouchos metues maligniorum, Nec scombris tunicas dabis molestas.§

If it be objected this is no true dramatic poem, I shall easily confess it; non potes in nugas dicere plura meas ipse ego quam dixi. Willingly, and not ignorantly, in this kind have I faulted: for, should a man present to such an auditory the most sententious tragedy that ever was written, observing all the critical laws, as height of style, and gravity of person, enrich it with the sententious Chorus, and, as it were, liven death in the passionate and weighty Nuntius; yet, after all this divine rapture, O dura messorum ilia, ¶ the breath that comes from the uncapable multitude is able to poison it; and, ere it be acted, let the author resolve to fix to every scene this of Horace,

Hæc porcis hodie comedenda relinquee.**

To those who report I was a long time in finishing this tragedy, I confess, I do not write with a goose quill winged with two feathers; and if they will needs make it my fault, I must answer them with that of Euripides to Alcestides, ++ a tragic writer. Alcestides objecting that Euripides had only, in three days, composed three verses, whereas himself had written three hundred, "Thou tellest truth," quoth he, "but here's the difference,—thine shall only be read for three days, whereas mine shall continue three ages."

Detraction is the sworn friend to ignorance : for mine own part, I have ever truly cherished my good opinion of other men's worthy labours ; especially of that full and heightened style of Master Chapman ; the laboured and understanding works of Master Jonson; the no less worthy composures of the both worthily excellent Master Beaumont and Master Fletcher ; and lastly (without wrong last to be named), the right happy and copious industry of Master Shakespeare, Master Dekker, and Master Heywood ; wishing what I write may be read by their light ; protesting that, in the strength of mine own judgment, I know them so worthy, that though I rest silent in my own work, yet to most of theirs I dare (without flattery) fix that of Martial,

Non norunt hæc monumenta mori. ‡‡

tt Non norunt, &c.] x. 2.

^{*} Nos hæc, &c.] Martial, xiii. 2.

[†] dull a time of winter, presented in so] These words are ound only in the 4to. of 1612.

t black a theatre] "I think we should read blank, i.e. vacant, unsupplied with articles necessary toward theatrical representation." STEEVENS.—"Qy. bleak ?" MS. note by Malone.

[§] Nec ronchos, &c.] Martial, iv. 87.

^{||} non potes, &c.] Martial. xiii. 2.

^{¶ 0} dura, &c.] Horace, Epod. iii.

^{**} Hac porcis, &c.] Epist. I. 7.

^{††} that of Euripides to Alcestides, &c.] "Itaque etiam quod Alcestidi tragico poëtæ [Euripides] respondit, probabile: apud quem cum quereretur, quod so triduo non ultra tree versus maximo impenso labore deducere potnisset, atque is se centum perfacile scripsisse gloriaretur: 'Sed hoc,'inquit, 'iuterest, quod tui in triduum tautummodo, mei voro in omne tempus sufficient.'" Valerius Maximue, Lib. lii. 7,-where the word "'Alcestidi" ie very questionable.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

MONTICEISO, a cardinal, afterwards Pope. FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, Duks of Florence. BRACHIANO, otherwise Paulo Giordano Ursini, Duke of Brachiano, husband to ISABELLA. GIOVANNI, his son. COONT LODOVICO. CAMILLO, husbaud to VITTORIA. FLAMINEO, brother to VITTORIA, Secretary to BRACHIANO. MARCELLO, brother to VITTORIA, attendant on FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS. HORTENSIO. ANTONELLI, GASPARO. FARNESE. CARLO. PENRO. DOCTOR. CONJURER. LAWYER. JAQUES, JULIO. CHRISTOPHERO.

IGABELLA, sister to FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, wifs to BRACHIANO. VITTORIA COROMEONA, married first to CAMILLO, afterwards to BRACHIANO, CORNELLA, mother to VITTORIA. ZANCHE, a Moor, waiting-woman to VITTORIA. Matron of the House of Convertites.

Ambassadors, Physicians, Officers, Attendants, &c.

In mentem auctoris. Scire velis quid si mulier î quo percitet æstro î En tibi, si sapias, cum sale, mille sales.* J. WILSON

* These lines are not found in the two earliest 4tos. In the 4to. of 1665 they have the initials J. W. subjoined to them : in that of 1672 they are signed J. Wilson.

THE WHITE DEVIL;

or,

VITTORIA COROMBONA.

Enter Count LODOVICO,* ANTONELLI, and GASPARO. With such unnatural and horrid physic, Lod. Banish'd ! Vomit you up i'the kennel. Ant. All the damnable degrees Ant. It griev'd me much to hear the sentence. Lod. Ha, ha! O Democritus, thy gods Of drinkings have you stagger'd through: one That govern the whole world ! courtly reward citizen And punishment. Fortune's a right whore : Is lord of two fair manors call'd you master If she give aught, she deals it in small parcels, Only for caviare. That she may take away all at one swoop.* Gasp. Those noblemen This 'tis to have great enemies :-God quit them! Which were invited to your prodigal feasts Your wolf no longer seems to be a wolf (Wherein the phcenix scarce could scape your Than when she's hungry. throats) Laugh at your misery; as fore-deeming you Gasp. You term those enemies Are men of princely rank. An idle meteor, which, drawn forth the earth. Would he soon lost i'the air. Lod. O, I pray for them: The violent thunder is ador'd by those Ant. Jest upon you, Are pash'd § in pieces by it. And say you were begotten in an earthquake, Ant. Come, my lord, You have ruin'd such fair lordships. You are justly doom'd : look but a little back Lod. Very good. Into your former life; you have in three years This well goes with two buckets: I must tend Ruin'd the noblest earldom. The pouring out of either. Gasp. Your followers Gasp. Worse than these; You have acted certain murders here in Rome. Have swallow'd you like mummia, || and, being sick Bloody and full of horror. Lod. 'Las, they were flea-bitings. * Enter Count Lodovico, &c.] Scene. Rome. A street[?]. † all at one swoop] "So Shakespeare; Why took they not my head, then ? 'What, all my pretty chickens and their dam, At one fell swoop ?' Macbeth, act 1v. sc. 3." STEEVENS. Gasp. O. my lord. The law doth sometimes mediate, thinks it good t quit i.e. requite. § pash'd] The 4tos. of 1665 and 1672 "dasht."-The Not ever to steep violent sins in blood : meaning of pash and dash are thus rightly distinguished This gentle penance may both end your crimes, by Gifford : "the latter signifies to throw one thing And in the example better these bad times. with violence against another : the former, to strike a thing with such force as to crush it to pieces." Note on Lod. So; but I wonder, then, some great mon Massinger's Virgin Martyr, act ii. sc. 2. scana || mummia] The most satisfactory account of the This banishment: there's Paulo Giordano Ursini. different kinds of mummy formerly used in medicine, is to be found in a quotation from Hill's Materia Medica. in Johnson's Dictionary, v. mummy, to which I refer the now consumath. Mummie is become merchandise, Mizreader.-- "The Egyptian mummies," says Sir Thomas raim cures wounds, and Pharaoh is sold for balsams."

Urn-Burial, p. 28. ed. 1658.

Brown, "which Cambyses or time hath sparsd, avarice

The Duke of Brachiano, now lives in Rome. And by close panderism seeks to prostitute The honour of Vittoria Corombona; Vittoria, she that might have got my pardon For one kiss to the duke. Ant. Have a full man within you. We see that trees bear no such * pleasant fruit There where they grew first as where they are new set : Perfumes, the more they are chaf'd, + the more they render Their pleasing scents; and so affliction Expresseth virtue fully, whether true Or else adulterate. Lod. Leave your painted comforts : I'll make Italian cut-works ‡ in their guts, If ever I return. Gasp. O, sir ! Lod. I am patient. I have seen some ready to be executed Give pleasant looks and money, and grown familiar With the knave hangman : so do I: I thank them. And would account them nobly merciful, Would they despatch me quickly. Ant. Fare you well : We shall find time, I doubt not, to repeal Your banishment. Lod. I am ever bound to you : This is the world's alms; pray, make use of it. Great men sell sheep thus to be cut in pieces, When first they have shorn them bare and sold their ficeces. Exeunt. Sennet.§ Enter BRACHTANO, CAMILLO, FLAMINEO, VITTORIA COROMBONA, and Attendants. Brach. Your best of rest ! Vit. Cor. Unto my lord, the duke, * such] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612 " sweet." + Perfumes, the more they are chaf'd, &c.] Compare Lord Bacon's Essays : "Certainly virtue is like precious odours, most fragrant when they are incensed or crushed; for prosperity doth best discover vice, but adversity doth best discover virtue." Of Adversity. Our author in The Duchess of Malf has-"Man, like to cassia, is prov'd best, being brnis'd." Act 111. sc. 5.

‡ cut-works] Todd, in his additions to Johnson's Dictowary, wrongly explains cutwork to be "work in embroidery": it is a kind of open-work, made by cutting out or stamping.

§ Sennet] i.e. a particular sounding of trumpets or cornets, not a flourish, as it has sometimes been explained. —In the 4tos. this portion of the stage-direction is put on the margin opposite the preceding speech of Lodovico, and given thus "*Enter Senate*."

|| Enter Brachiano, &c.] Scene. The Same. An outer apartment in Camillo's house.

The best of welcome !--More lights ! attend the duke. [Excunt CAMILLO and VITTORIA COROMBONA. Brack. Flamineo,--Flam. My lord ? Brack. Quite lost, Flamineo. Flam. Pursue your noble wishes, I an prompt As lightning to your service. O, my lord, The fair Vittoria, my happy sister, [Whisper. Shall give you present audience.--Gentlemen, Let the caroche go on; and 'tis his pleasure You put out all your torches, and depart. [Excunt Attendants.

Brach. Are we so happy? Flam. Can't be otherwise?

Observ'd you not to night, my honour'd lord, Which way soe'er you went, she threw her eyes? I have dealt already with her chamber-maid, Zanche the Moor; and she is wondrous proud To be the agent for so high a spirit.

Brach. We are happy above thought, because 'bove merit.

Flam. 'Bove merit !--we may now talk freely --'bove merit ! What is't you doubt? her coyness? that's but the superficies of lust most women have: yet why should ladies blush to hear that named which they do not fear to handle? O, they are politic: they know our desire is increased by the difficulty of enjoying; whereas satiety is a blunt, weary, and drowsy passion.* If the buttery-hatch at court stood continually open, there would be nothing so passionate crowding, nor hot suit after the beverage.

Brach. O, but her jealous husband.

Flam. Hang him ! a gilder that hath his brains perished with quick-silver is not more cold in the liver: the great barriers moulted not more feathers + than he bath shed hairs, by the confession of his doctor : an Irish gamester that will play himself naked, ‡ and then wage all downwards at bazard, is not more venturous : so unable to

the great barriers moulted not more feathers] "i.e. more feathers were not dislodged from the helmets of the combatants at the great tilting-match." STEEVENS.

t an Irish gamester that will play himself naked] "Barnaby Rich in his New Description of Ireland, 1610, p. 23, says; "There is (i. e. in Ireland) a certains brotherhood, called by the name of Karrowes, and these be common gamsters, that do only oxercise playing at cards, and they will play away their mautels, and their shirts from their backs, and when they have nothing left then, they will trusse themselves in straw: this is the life they lead, and from this they will not be reclaimed." REEL

^{*} whereas satisfy is a blunt, weary, and drowsy passion] "Fig on this satisfies, 'tis a dul, blunt, weary, and drowsie passion." Marston's Parasitaster or the Fawne, 1606, Sig. F. 4.

please a woman, that, like a Dutch doublet, all his back is shrunk into his breeches. Shrowd you within this closet, good my lord: Some trick now must be thought on to divide My brother-in-law from his fair bed-fellow.

Brach. O, should she fail to come?

Flam. I must not have your lordship thus unwisely amorous. I myself have loved a lady, and pursued her with a great deal of under-age protestation, whom some three or four gallants that have enjoyed would with all their hearts have been glad to have been rid of: 'tis just like a summer hird-cage in a garden; the birds that are without despair to get in, and the hirds that are within despair, and are in a consumption, for fear they shall never get out. Away, away, my Exit BRACHIANO. lord ! See, here be comes. This fellow by his apparel Some men would judge a politician; But call his wit in question, you shall find it Merely an ass in's foot-cloth.*

Re-enter CAMILLO. †

How now, brother ! What, travelling to hed to your kind wife ?

Cam. I assure you, brother, no; my voyage lies More northerly, in a far colder olime:

I do not well remember, I protest,

When I last lay with her.

Flam. Strange you should lose your count. Cam. We never lay together, but ere morning There grew a flaw \ddagger hetween us.

Flam. 'Thad been your part

To have made up that flaw.

Cam. True, but she loathes

I should be seen in't.

Flam. Why, sir, what's the matter ?

Cam. The duke your master visits me, I thank him;

And I perceive how, like an earnest bowler,

He very passionately leans that way

He should have his howl run.

* in's foot-cloth] i. e. in his housings. See notes of the commentators on Shakespears's Richard III. Act III. ac 4.

t flaw] "Plaw anciently signified a gust, or blast: [—a sense in which it is still used by acamon.—D.] it here means a guarrel." REED.

Flam. I hope you do not think-Cam. That nohlemen bowl booty? faith. his oheek Hath a most excellent bias ;* it would fain Jump with my mistress. Flam. Will you he an ass, Despite your + Aristotle? or a cuckold, Contrary to your Ephemerides, Which shows you under what a smiling planet You were first swaddled? Cam. Pew-wew, sir, tell not me Of planets nor of Ephemerides : A man may be made a cuckold in the day-time, When the stars' eyes are out. Flam. Sir, God b'wi'you; ‡ I do commit you to your pitiful pillow Stuff'd with horn-shavings. Cam. Brother,---Flam. God refuse me,§ Might I advise you now, your only course Were to lock up your wife. Cam, 'Twere very good. Flam. Bar her the sight of revels. Cam. Excellent. Flam. Let her not go to church, but like a hound In lyam || at your heels. Cam. 'Twere for her honour. Flam. And so you should be certain in one fortnight, Despite her chastity or innocence, To be cuckolded, which yet is in suspence: This is my counsel, and I ask no fee for't. Cam. Come, you know not where my night-cap wrings me. Flam. Wear it o' the old fashion; let your faith, his cheek Hath a most excellent bias] "So in Troilus and Cressida, a. iv. a. 5; ' Blow, villain, till thy sphered bias cheek Ont-swell the colic of puff'd Aquilon."" REED. t your] Beth the earliest 4tos. "you." t God b'wi'you] In the 4tos. (as it is frequently spelt in old plays) "God boy you." § God refuse me] A fashionable imprecation at the time this play was written : "would as many else," says Taylor, the water-poet, "in their desperate madnes desire God to Damne them, to Rensunce them, to Forsake them, to Confound them, to Sinke them. to Refuse " "Against Cursing and Swearing," Works, 1630, them ? p 45. Compare also Middleton's Family of Love;

"Mis. P. And what do they swcar by, now their money is gone?

Club. Why, hy), and God refuse them."

Works, ii. 122, ed. Dyce.

(In the passage just quoted the old copy has a break between brackets as given here.)

|| lyam] All the 4tos. have "Leon"; which Steevens (as he well might) suspected to be an error of the press for leam (or lyam), i. e. leash.

t Re-enter Cumillo] It is hardly possible to mark with any certainty the stage-business of this play. Though Brachiano, who has just withdrawn into a "closet," appears again at p. 9 when Flamineo calls him,—it would seem that the audience were to *imagine* that a chango of scene took place here,—to another apartment of the bense (at p. 8 Flamines eays, "Sister, my lord attends you in the hanqueting-house"). In our author's days there was no painted movable scenery ; and consequently a great deal was left to the imagination of the spectators.

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THE WHITE DEVIL; OR, VITTORIA COROMBONA.

Cam. This doth not physic me.

Flam. It seems you are jealous: I'll show you the error of it by a familiar example. I have seen a pair of spectacles fashioned with such perspective art, that, lay down but one twelve pence o' the board, 'twill appear as if there were twenty: now, should you wear a pair of these spectacles, and see your wife tying her shoe, you would imagine twenty hands were taking up of your wife's clothes, and this would put you into a horrible causeless fury.

Cam. The fault there, sir, is not in the eye-sight.

Flam. Trne; but they that have the yellow jaundice think all objects they look on to be yellow.⁺ Jealousy is worser: her fits present to a man, like so many hubbles in a bason of water, twenty several crabbed faces; many times makes his own shadow his cuckold-maker. See, she comes.

Re-enter VITTORIA COROMBONA.

What reason have you to be jealous of this creature? what an ignorant ass or flattering knave might he be counted, that should write sonnets to her eyes, or call her brow the snow of Ida or ivory of Corinth, or compare her hair to the black-bird's bill, when 'tis liker the black-bird's feather! This is all: be wise, I will make you friends; and you shall go to bed together. Marry, look you, it shall not be your seeking; do you stand upon that by any means : walk you aloof; I would not have you seen in't. [CAMILLO retires.] Sister, my lord attends you in the banquettinghouse. Your husband is wondrous discontented.

Vit. Cor. I did nothing to displease him: I carved to him at supper-time.

they that have the yellow jaundice think all objects they look on to be yellow]
 This thought is adopted by Pope:
 All sccms infected that th' infected epy,

As all looks yellow to the jaundic'd eye.'" STERVENS. So also Flocknoe; "As all things seem yellow to those infected with the Jaundies, so all things seem of the colour of her suspicioue." Zinigmatical Characters, 1665, p. 56.

‡ I carved to him at supper-time] Boswell, in a note on

Flam. You need not have carved him, in faith; they say he is a capon already. I must now seemingly fall out with you. Shall a gentleman so well descended as Camillo, -- a lonsy slave, that within this twenty years rode with the black guard * in the duke's carriage, 'mongst spits and dripping-pans,--

Cam. Now he begins to tickle her.

Flam. An excellent scholar,—one that hath a head filled with calves-brains without any sage in them,—come crouching in the hams to you for a night's lodging ?—that hath an itch in's hams, which like the fire at the glass-house hath not gone out this seven years.—Is he not a courtly gentleman ?— when he wears white satin, one would take him by his black muzzle to be no other creature than a maggot.—You are a goodly foil, I confess, well set out—but covered with a false stone, yon counterfeit diamond.†

Cam. He will make her know what is in me.

Flam. Come, my lord attends you; thou shalt go to bed to my lord—

Cam. Now he comes to't.

Flam. With a relish as curious as a vintner going to taste new wine.—I am opening your case hard. [To CAMILLO

Cam. A virtuous brother, o' my credit !

Flam. He will give thee a ring with a philosopher's stone in it.

Cam. Indeed, I am studying alchymy.

Flam. Thou shalt lie in a bed stuffed with turtles' feathers; swoon in perfumed linen, like the fellow was smothered in roses. So perfect shall be thy happiness, that, as men at sea think

Shakespeare's Merry Wives of Windsor, Act I. ec. 3 (where, 1 am confident, the word "carves" is not used in its common acceptation), quotee the present passage of Webster, and observes, "it seems to have been considered as a mark of kindness, when a lady carved to a gentleman." In *The Returne from Pernassus*, 1606, Sir Raderick says; "what do men marry for, but to stocke their ground, and to have one to looke to the linnen, sit at the upper end of the table, and carve up a capon?" Sig. F.2.

* the black guard] i.e. the meanest drudges in royal residences and great houses, who rode in the vehicles which carried the furniture and domestic utensils from mansion to mansion. See Gifford's note, *Ben Jonson's* Works, vol. ii. p. 169.

t but covered with a false stone, yon counterfeit diamond] So some copies of the 4to. of 1612; other copies "but cover with a false stone your counterfeit diamond:" the 4to. of 1631, "but covered with a false stone you counterfeit diamond:" the 4to. of 1665 has the reading of some of the copies of that of 1612, followed in my text: the 4to. of 1672 agrees with that of 1631.—The full meaning appears to be; "but [you, the goodly foil, are] covered with a false stone, [i. e. your hueband Camillo,] yon counterfeit diamond."

^{*} uttered] i. e. vended.

land and trees and ships go that way they go, so thine own work like a silk-worm.*-Come, sister; both heaven and earth shall seem to go your darkness hides your blush. Women are like voyage. Shall't meet him; 'tis fixed with nails curst dogs: civility + keeps them tied all dayof diamonds to inevitable necessity. time, but they are let loose at midnight; then Vit. Cor. How shall's rid him hence ? they do most good, or most mischief.--My lord, Flam. I will put [the] breese in's tail,-set him my lord ! gadding presently .--- [To CAMILLO] I have almost wrought her to it, I find her coming : but, might Re-enter BRACHIANO. ZANCHE brings out a carpet, spreads I advise you now, for this night I would not lie it, and lays on it two fair cushions. Brach. Give credit, I could wish time would with her; I would cross her humour to make her more humble. stand still. And never end this interview, this hour : Cam. Shall I, shall I? But all delight doth itself soon'st devour. Flam. It will show in you a supremacy of judgment. Enter CORNELIA behind, listening. Cam. True, and a mind differing from the Let me into your hosom, happy lady, tumultuary opinion; for, qua negata, gratu. Pour out, instead of eloquence, my vows : Flam. Right: you are the adamant * shall Loose me not, madam; for, if you forgo me, draw her to you, though you keep distance I am lost eternally. off Vit. Cor. Sir, in the way of pity, Cam. A philosophical reason. I wish you heart-whole. Flam. Walk by her o'the nohleman's fashion, Brach. You are a sweet physician. and tell her you will lie with her at the end of Vit. Cor. Sure, sir, a loathed cruelty in ladies the progress.+ Is as to doctors many funerals; Cam. [coming forward]. Vittoria, I cannot be It takes away their credit. induced, or, as a man would say, incited----Brach. Excellent creature ! Vit. Cor. To do what, sir? We call the cruel fair : what name for you Cam. To lie with you to-night. Your silk-worm That are so merciful? useth to fast every third day, and the next Zan. See, now they close. following spins the better. To-morrow at night Flam. Most happy union. I am for you. Cor. My fears are fall'n upon me: O, my heart ! Vit. Cor. You'll spin a fair thread, trust My son the pander ! now I find our house to't. Sinking to ruin. Earthquakes leave hehind, Flam. But, do you hear, I shall have you steal Where they have tyranuiz'd, iron, lead, ‡ or stone; to her chamber about midnight. But, woe to ruin, violent lust leaves none ! Cam. Do you think so? why, look you, brother. Brach. What value is this jewel? because you shall not think I'll gull you, take the Vit. Cor. 'Tis the ornament key, lock me into the chamber, and say you shall Of a weak fortune. be sure of me. Brach. In sooth, I'll have it; nay, I will but Flam. In troth, I will; I'll be your gaoler change once. But have you ne'er a false door ? My jewel for your jewel. Cam. A pox on't, as I am a Christian. Tell me Flam. Excellent! to-morrow how scurvily she takes my unkind His jewel for her jewel :- well put in, duke. parting. Brach. Nay, let me see you wear it. Flam. I will. Vit. Cor. Here, sir? Cam. Didst thou not mark ‡-the jest of the Brach. Nay, lower, you shall wear my jewel silk-worm? Good-night: in faith, I will use this lower. trick often. Flam. That's better; she must wear his jewel Flam. Do, do, do. [Exit CAMILLO; and FLAlower. MINEO locks the door on him.] So now you are safe .- Ha, ha, ha! thou entanglest thyself in * thou entanglest thyself in thine own work like a silkworm] "Thus Pops ; 'The silk-worm thus spins fins his little store, * adamant] i. e. magnet. And labours till he clouds himself all o'er.'" STEEVENS. t the progress] i. e. the travelling of the sovereign and

court to different parts of the kingdom.

t mark] So the 4to. of 1672 .- The earlier 4tos. "make."

t civility] The 4to. of 1631, "eruelty."

t lead] The 4to. of 1612, "or lead."

Vit. Cor. To pass away the time, I'll tell your grace	Cor. What make you here, my lord, this dead of night?
A dream I had last night.	Never dropp'd mildew on a flower here
Brach. Most wishedly.	Till now.
Vit. Cor. A foolish idle dream,	Flam. I pray, will you go to bed, then,
Methought I walk'd about the mid of night	Lest you be blasted ?
Into a church-yard, where a goodly yew-tree	Cor. O, that this fair garden
Spread her large root in ground. Under that yew,	Had with * all poison'd herbs of Thessaly
As I sate sadly leaning on a grave	At first been planted; made a nursery
Chequer'd with cross sticks, there came stealing	For witchcraft, rather than + a burial plot
in	For both your honoure !
Your duchess and my husband: one of them	Vit. Cor. Dearest mother, hear me.
A pick-axe bore, the other a rusty spade ;	Cor. O, thou dost make my brow bend to the
And in rough terms they gan to ohallenge me	earth,
About this yew.	Sooner than nature ! See, the curse of children !
Brach. That tree ?	In life they keep us frequently in tears;
Vit. Cor. This harmless yew:	And in the cold grave leave us in pale fears.
They told me my intent was to root up	Brach. Come, come, I will not hear you.
That well-grown yew, and plant i'the stead of it	Vit. Cor. Dear, my lord,-
A wither'd black-thorn; and for that they vow'd	Cor. Where is thy duchess now, adulterous
To bury me alive. My husband straight	duke?
With pick-axe gan to dig, and your fell duchess	Thou little dreamd'st this night she is come to
With shovel, like a Fury, voided out	Rome.
The earth, and ecatter'd bones. Lord, how,	Flam. How! come to Rome!
methought,	Vit. Cor. The duchess!
I trembled ! and yet, for all this terror,	Brach. She had been better-
I could not pray.	Cor. The lives of princes should like dials move,
Flam. No; the devil was in your dream.	
Vit. Cor. When to my rescue there arose, me-	Whose regular example is so strong,
thought,	They make the times by them go right or wrong. Flam. So; have you doue?
A whirlwind, which let fall a massy arm	Cor. Unfortunate Camillo !
From that strong plant;	
And both were struck dead by that sacred yew,	Vit. Cor. I do protest, if any chaste denial,
In that base shallow grave that was their due.	If any thing but blood could have allay'd
Flam. Excellent devil ! she hath taught him in	His long suit to me—
a dream	Cor. I will join with thee,
To make away his duchess and her husband.	To the most woeful end e'cr mother kneel'd :
Brach. Sweetly shall I interpret this your	If thou dishonour thus thy husband's bed,
dream.	Be thy life short as are the funeral tears
You are lodg'd within his arms who shall protect	In great men's—
-	Brach. Fie, fie, the woman's mad.
you From all the fevers of a jealous husband ;	Cor. Be thy act, Judas-like, —betray in kissing:
-	Mayst thou be envied during his short breath,
From the poor envy of our phlegmatic duchess.	And pitied like a wretch after his death !
I'll seat you above law, and above scandal;	Vit. Cor. O me accurs'd ! [Exit.
Give to your thoughts the invention of delight,	Flam. Are you out of your wits, my lord?
And the fruition; nor shall government	I'll fetch her back again.
Divide me from you longer than a care	Brach. No, I'll to bed:
To keep you great: you shall to me at once	Send Doctor Julio to me presently
Be dukedom, health, wife, children, friends, and	Uucharitable woman! thy rash tongue
all.	Hath rais'd a fearful and prodigious storm :
Cor. [coming forward]. Wee to light hearts, they still fore-run our fall !	Be thou the cause of all ensuing harm. [Exit.
Flam. What Fury rais'd thee up ?—Away, away ! [Exit ZANCHE.	* with] Omitted in both the earliest 4tos. † than] Omitted in both the earliest 4tos.

THE WHILE DEVIL; OK	, VIIIORIA COROMBUNA. 11
Flam. Now, you that stand so much upon your	So who knows policy and her true aspèct,
honour,	Shall find her ways winding and indirect. [Exit.
Is this a fitting time o' night, think you,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
To send a duke home without e'er a man?	Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS,* Cardinal MONTICELSO,
I would fain know where lics the mass of wealth	MARCELLO, ISABELLA, young GIOVANNI, with little
Which you have hearded for my maintenance,	JAQUES the Moor.
That I may bear my beard out of the level	Fran. de Med. Have you not seen your husband
Of my lord's stirrup.	since you arriv'd ?
Cor. What ! because we are poor	Isab. Not yet, sir.
Shall we be vicious?	Fran. de Med. Surely he is wondrous + kind :
Flam. Pray, what means have you	If I had such a dove-house as Camillo's,
To keep me from the galleys or the gallows?	I would set fire on't, were't but to destroy The pole-cats that haunt to it,—My sweet cousiu !
My fsther prov'd himself a gentleman,	Giov. Lord uncle, you did promise me a horse
Sold all's land, and, like a fortunate fellow,	And armour.
Died ere the money was spent. You brought	Fran. de Med. That I did, my pretty cousin
me up	Marcello, see it fitted.
At Padua, I confess, where, I protest,	Mar. My lord, the duks is here.
For want of means (the university judge me)	Fran. de Med. Sister, away ! you must not yet
I have been fain to heel my tutor's stockings,	be ssen.
At least seven years: conspiring with a heard,	Isab. I do beseseh you,
Made me a graduate; then to this duke's service.	Entreat him mildly; lst not your rough tongue
I visited the court, whence I return'd More courteous, more lecherous by far,	Set us at louder variance : all my wrongs
But not a suit the richer: and shall I,	Are freely pardon'd; and I do not doubt,
Having a path so open and so free	As men, to try the precious unicorn's horn,‡
To my preferment, still retain your milk	Make of the powder a preservative circle,
In my pale forehead? no, this face of mine	And in it put a spider, so these arms
I'll arm, and fortify with lusty wine,	Shall charm his poison, force it to obeying,
'Gaiust shame and blushing.	And keep him chaste from an infected straying.
Cor. O, that I ne'er had borns thee!	Fran. de Med. I wish it msy. Be gone, void the chamber.
Flam. So would I;	[Excunt Isabella, Giovanni, and Jaques.
I would the common'st courtezan in Rome	
Had been my mother, rather than thyself.	Enter BRACHIANO and FLAMINEO.
Nature is very pitiful to whores,	You are welcome : will you sit ?—I pray, my lord,
To give them but few children, yet those children	Be you my orator, my heart's too full;
Plurality of fathers : they are sure	I'll second you anon.
They shall not want. Go, go,	Mont. Ere I begin,
Complain unto my great lord cardinal;	Let me entreat your grace forgo all passion, Which may be raised by my free discourse.
Yet * may be he will justify the act.	Brach. As silent as i'the church: you may
Lycurgus wonder'd much men would provide	proceed.
Good stallions for their mares, and yet would	Mont. It is a wonder to your noble friends,
suffer	That you, having, § as 'twere, enter'd the world
Their fair wives to be barren.	With a free sceptre in your able hand,
Cor. Misery of miseries ! [Exit.	
Flam. The duchess come to court ! I like not	* Enter Francisco de Medicis, &c.] SceneThe eame.
that. We are engag'd to mischief, and must on :	A room in Francisco'e palace.
As rivers to find out the ocean	† wondrous] The 4to. of 1631 "wonderful." ‡ wnicorn's horn] "The substance vended as each u
Flow with crook bendings beneath forced banks;	to be esteemed a counter-poison. 'Andrea Racci,
Or as we see, to aspire some mountain's top,	physician of Florence, affirms the pound of 16 ounces have been sold in the spothecaries' shope for 1536 crown
The way ascends not straight, but imitates	when the same weight of gold was only worth 14
The subtle foldings of a winter's + snake;	crowns.' Chambere's Dict. Sco also Sir Thomas Brown'
	Vulgar Errors. B. 3. C. 23." REED. § having] So all the 4tos. except that of 1612, which h
* Yet] The 4to. of 1631 "it." † winter's] The 4to. of 1681 "winter."	"have."

And to the use of nature * well applied High gifts of learning, should in your prime age Neglect your awful throne for the soft down Of an insatiate bed. O, my lord, The drunkard after all his lavish cups Is dry, and then is soher: so at length, When you awake from this lascivious dream, Repentance then will follow, like the sting Plac'd in the adder's tail. + Wretched are princes When fortune blasteth hut a petty flower Of their unwieldy crowns, or ravisheth When they to wilful shipwreck lose good fame, All princely titles perish with their name ! Brach. You have said, my lord. Mont. Enough to give you taste How far I am from flattering your greatness. Brach. Now you that are his second, what say vou ? Do not like young hawks fetch a course about : Your game flies fair and for you. Fran. de Med. Do not fear it : I'll answer you in your own hawking phrase. Some eagles that should gaze upon the sun Seldom soar high, but take their lustful ease; Since they from dunghill birds their prey can seize. You know Vittoria? Brach. Yes. Fran. de Med. You shift your shirt there, When you retire from tennis? Brach. Happily.§ Fran. de Med. Her husband is lord of a poor fortune: Yet she wears cloth of tissue. Brach. What of this ?---Will you urge that, my good lord cardinal, As part of her confession at next shrift, And know from whence it sails ? Fran. de Med. She is your strumpet. Brach. Uncivil sir, there's hemlock in thy breath. And that black slander. Were she a whore of mine. All thy loud cannons, and thy borrow'd Switzers, * And to the use of nature, &c.] All the 4tos. "And have to the use of nature," &c. I have omitted "have" as unnecessary, rather than alter it to "having," which the sense requires. + Repentance then will follow, like the sting Plac'd in the adder's tail] "So Themsen says ; * Amid the roses flerce repentance rears Her snaky crest.' Spring, l. 992." REED. t sceptres] The 4te. of 1612 " sceptor." § Happily] Is frequently, as here, used for haply by

s improved is nequency, as here, used for *naply* by our old writers.

|| borrow'd Switzers] "The early dramatists appear to |

Thy galleys, nor thy sworn confederates, Durst not supplant her. Fran. de Med. Let's not talk on thunder. Thou hast a wife, our sister : would I had given Both her white hands to death, bound and lock'd fast In her last winding-sheet, when I gave thee But one ! Brach. Thou hadst given a soul to God, then. Fran. de Med. True : Thy ghostly father, with all's absolution, Shall ne'er do so hy thee. Brach. Spit thy poison. Fran. de Med. I shall not need; lust carries her sharp whip At her own girdle. Look to't, for our anger Is making thunder-bolts. Brach. Thunder ! in faith, They are but crackers. Fran. de Med. We'll end this with the cannon. Brach. Thou'lt get naught by it but iron in thy wounds. And gunpowder in thy nostrils. Fran. de Med. Better that, Than change perfumes for plasters. Brach. Pity on thee : 'Twere good you'd show your slaves or men condemn'd Your new-plough'd * forehead-defiance ! and I'll meet thee, Even in a thicket of thy ablest men. Mont. My lords, + you shall not word it any further Without a milder limit. Fran. de Med. Willingly, Brach. Have you proclaim'd a triumph, that vou bait A lion thus? Mont. My lord ! Brach. I am tame, I am tame, sir Fran. de Med. We send unto the duke for conference Bout levies 'gainst the pirates; my lord duke Is not at home: we come ourself in person; Still my lord duke is busied. But we fear, have delighted in making themselves merry with the Swiss mercenaries, whose poverty, perhaps, rather than their natural inclination, induced them to lend their

their natural inclination, induced them to lend their military services to their wealthier and contending neighbours; till, as Osborns cleverly expresses it, 'they became the endgels with which the rest of the world did, upon all occasions, heat one another.' (431. Edit. 1682.)" O. GLORMERT.

* plough'd] Spelt in all the 4tes. 'plow'd.' Qy. ''plum'd ?''

† lords] The 4te. of 1631 " lord."

When Tiber to each prowling passenger	Brach. Forward lap-wing ! *
Discovers flocks of wild ducks; then, my lord,	He flies with the shell on's head.
'Bout moulting time I mean, we shall be certain	Fran. de Med. Pretty cousin !
To find you sure enough, and speak with you.	Giov. The first year, uncle, that I go to war,
Brach. Ha!	All prisoners that I take I will set free
Fran. de Med. A mere tals of a tub, my words	Without their ransom.
are idle ;	Fran. de Med. Ha, without their ransom !
But to express the sonnet by natural reason,	How, then, will you reward your soldiers
When stags grow melancholic, you'll find the	That took those prisoners for you?
season.	Giov. Thus, my lord ;
Mont. No more, my lord: here comes a	I'll marry them to all the wealthy widows
champion	That fall that year.
Shall end the difference hetween you both,	Fran. de Med. Why, then, the next year
	following,
Re-enter GIOVANNI.	You'll have no men to go with you to war.
Your son, the prince Giovanni. See, my lords,	Giov. Why, then, I'll press the women to the war,
What hopes you store in him : this is a casket	And then the men will follow.
For both your crowns, and should be held like	Mont. Witty prince !
dear.	Fran. de Med. See, a good habit makes a child
Now is he apt for knowledge; therefore know,	a man,
It is a more direct and even way	Whereas a bad one makes a man a beast.
To train to virtue those of princely blood	Come, you and I are friends.
By examples than by precepts : if by examples,	Brach. Most wishedly;
Whom should he rather strive to imitate	Like bones which, broke in sunder, and well set,
Than his own father ? be his pattern, then ;	Knit the more strongly.
Leave him a stock of virtue that may last,	Fran. de Med. Call Camillo hither.
Should fortune rend his sails and split his mast.	[Exit MARCELLO.
Brach. Your hand, boy: growing to a* soldier?	You have receiv'd the rumour, how Count Lodo-
Giov. Give me a pike.	wick
Fran. de Med. What, practising your pike so	Is turn'd a pirate?
young, fair cuz ?	Brach. Yes.
Gior. Suppose me one of Homer's frogs, my	Fran. de Med. We are now preparing
lord,	Some ships to fetch him in. Behold your
Tossing my bull-rush thus. Pray, sir, tell me,	duchess.
Might not a child of good discretion	We now will leave you, and expect from you
Be leader to an army?	Nothing but kind entreaty.
Fran. de Med. Yes, cousin, a young prince	Brach. You have charm'd me.
Of good discretion might.	[Excunt FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, MONTICELSO,
Giov. Say you so ?	and GIOVANNI. FLAMINEO relires.
Indeed, I have heard, 'tis fit a general	Re-enter ISABELLA.
Should not endanger his own person oft;	You are in health, we see.
So that he make a noise when he's o' horse-	Isab. And above health,
back,	To see my lord well.
Like a Dansk + drummer,—0, 'tis excellent !	Brach. So. I wonder much
He need not fight :methinks his horse as well	What amorous whirlwind hurried you to Rome.
Might lead an army for him. If I live,	Isab. Devotion, my lord.
I'll charge the French foe in the very front	Brach. Devotion !
Of all my troops, the foremost man.	Is your soul charg'd with any grievous sin?
Fran. de Med. What, what !	Isab. 'Tis burden'd with too many; and I think,
Giov. And will not bid my soldiers up and	
follow,	* Forward lap-wing !
But bid them follow me.	He flies with the shell on's head] "So Horatio says in
	Hamlet, A. 5. S. 2. 'This lap-wing runs away with the
* a] Omitted in the 4to. of 1612.	shell on his head.' See Mr. Stesvens's note thereon."
† Dansk] i. e. Danish.	REED.

	·
The oftener that we cast our reckonings up,	When he is made up in his robes of state.
Our sleeps will be the sounder.	Your brother, the great duke, because h'as
Brach. Take your chamber.	galleys,
Isab. Nay, my dear lord, I will not have you	And now and then ransacks a Turkish fly-boat,
angry:	(Now all the hellish Furies take his soul !)
Doth not my absence from you, now * two months,	First made this match : accursed be the priest
Merit one kiss?	That sang the wedding-mass, and even my
Brach. I do not use to kiss :	issue!
If that will dispossess your jealousy,	Isab. O, too-too far you have curs'd !
I'll swear it to you.	Brach. Your hand I'll kiss;
Isab. O my lovèd lord,	This is the latest ceremony of my love.
I do not come to chide : my jealousy !	Henceforth I'll never lie with thee; by this,
I am + to learn what that Italian means.	This wedding-ring, I'll ne'er more lie with thee :
You are as welcome to these longing arms	And this divorce shall be as truly kept
As I to you a virgin.	As if the judge had doom'd it. Fare you well:
Brach. O, your breath !	Our sleeps are sever'd.
Out upon sweet-meats and continu'd physic,-	Isab. Forbid it, the sweet union
The plague is in them !	Of all things blessed ! why, the saints in heaven Will knit their brown at that
Isab. You have oft, for these two lips,	Will knit their brows at that.
Neglected cassia or the natural sweets	Brach. Let not thy love Make thee an unbeliever; this my vow
Of the spring-violet: they are not yet much wither'd.	Shall never, on my soul, be satisfied
My lord, I should be merry : these your frowns	With my repentance; let thy brother rage
Show in a helmet lovely; but on me,	Beyond a horrid tempest or sea-fight,
In such a peaceful interview, methinks	My vow is fixed.
They are too-too roughly knit.	Isab. O my winding-sheet !
Brach. O, dissemblance !	Now shall I need thes shortly.—Dear my lord,
Do you bandy factions 'gainst me ? have you learnt	Let me hear once more what I would not hear :
The trick of impudent baseness, to complain	Never ?
Unto your kindred ?	Brach. Never.
Isab. Never, my dear lord.	Isab. O my unkind lord ! may your sins find
Brach. Must I be hunted ‡ out? or was't your	mercy,
trick	As I upon a woful widow'd bed
To meet some amorous gallant here in Rome,	Shall pray for you, if not to turn your eyes
That must supply our discontinuance?	Upon your wretched wife and hopeful son,
Isab. I pray, sir, burst§ my heart; and in my	Yet that in time you'll fix them upon heaven !
death	Brach. No more : go, go complain to the great
Turn to your ancient pity, though not love.	duke.
Brach. Because your brother is the corpulent	Isab. No, my dear lord; you shall have prese at
duke,	witness
That is, the great duke, 'sdeath, I shall not shortly	How I'll work peace between you. I will make
Racket away five hundred crowns at tennis,	Myself the author of your cursed vow;
But it shall rest upon record ! I scorn him	I have some cause to do it, you have none.
Liks a shav'd Polack : all his reverend wit	Conceal it, I beseech you, for the weal
Lies in his wardrobe; he's a discreet fellow	Of both your dukedoms, that you wrought the
* now] Omitted in the two earliest 4tos.	meaus
am] The 4to. of 1612 " come."	Of such a separation : let the fault
hunted] The three earliest 4tos. "haunted."	Remain with my supposed jealousy;
§ burst] i. e. break. [[shav'd Polack] "i. e. Polander. See the Notes of	And think with what a piteous and rent heart
Mr. Pope, Dr. Johnson, Mr. Steevens, on Hamlet, A. 1.	I shall perform this sad ensuing part.
S. 1. In Moryson's <i>Itinerary</i> , 1617, pt. 3. p. 170. it is	Re-enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS and MONTICELSO.
said, 'The Polonians shave all their heads closs, except- ing the haire of the forehead, which they nourish very	
long, and cast backe to the hinder part of the head.'"	Brach. Well, take your courseMy honour-
REED	able brother !

14

REED.

able brother !

Fran. de Med. Sister !- This is not well, my lord .- Why, sister !---She merits not this welcome. Brach. Welcome, say ! She hath given a sharp welcome, Fran. de Med. Are you foolish ? Come, dry your tears : is this a modest course, To better what is naught, to rail and weep ? Grow to a reconcilement, or, by heaven, I'll ne'er more deal between you. Isab. Sir, you shall not; No, though Vittoria, upon that condition, Would become honest. Fran. de Med. Was your husband loud Since we departed ? Isab. By my life, eir, no; I swear by that I do not care to lose. Are all these ruins of my former beauty Laid out for a whore's triumph ? Fran. de Med. Do you hear ? Look upon other women, with what patience They suffer these slight wrongs, with what justice They study to requite them : take that course. Isab. O, that I were a man, or that I had power To execute my apprehended wishes ! I would whip some with scorpions, Fran. de Med. What ! turn'd Fury ! Isab. To dig the strumpet's eyes out; let her lie Some twenty months a dying; to cut off Her nose and lips, pull out her rotten teeth; Preserve her flesh like mummia, for trophies Of my just anger ! Hell to my affliction Is mere snow-water. By your favour, sir ;---Brother, draw near, and my lord cardinal ;-Sir, let me borrow of you but one kiss : Henceforth I'll never lie with you, by this, This wedding-ring. Fran. de Med. How, ne'er more lie with him ! Isab. And this divorce shall be as truly kept As if in throngèd court a thousand ears Had heard it, and a thousand lawyers' hands Seal'd to the separation. Brach. Ne'er lie with me ! Isab. Let not my former dotage Make thee an unbeliever : this my vow Shall never, on my soul, be satisfied With my repentance; manet alta mente repostum.*

Fran. de Med. Now, by my birth, you are a foolish, mad,

And jealous woman.

Brach. You see 'tis not my seeking.

* manet alta, &c.] Virgil, Æn. i. 26.

Fran. de Med. Was this your circle of pure unicorn's horn You said should charm your lord? now, horns upon thee. For jealousy deserves them ! Keep your vow And take your chamber. Isab. No, sir, I'll presently to Padua; I will not stay a minute. Mont. O good madam ! Brach. 'Twere best to let her have her humour: Some half day's journey will bring down her stomach, And then she'll turn in post. Fran. de Med. To see her come To my lord cardinal for a dispensation, Of her rash vow, will beget excellent laughter. Isab. Unkindness, do thy office; poor heart, break : Those are the killing griefs which dare not speak.* Exit. Re-enter MARCELLO with CAMILLO. Mar. Camillo's come, my lord. Fran. de Med. Where's the commission? Mar. 'Tis here. Fran. de Med. Give me the signet. [FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, MONTICELSO, CAMILLO, and MARCELLO, retire to the back of the stage. Flam. My lord, do you mark their whispering? I will compound a medicine, out of their two heads, stronger than garlic, deadlier than stibium :* the cantharides, which are scarce seen to stick

upon the flesh when they work to the heart, shall not do it with more silence or invisible cunning.

Brach. About the murder?

Flam. They are sending him to Naples, but I'll send him to Candy.

Enter Doctor.

Here's another property too.

Brach. O, the doctor !

Flam. A poor quack-salving knave, my lord; one that should have heen lashed for's lechery, but that he confessed a judgment, had an execution laid upon him, and so put the whip to a non plus.

Doc. And was cozened, my lord, by an

* Those are the killing griefs which dare not speak] "So in Macbeth, A. 4. S. 3.

'Give sorrow words: the grief that does not speak,

Whispers the o'erfraught heart, and bids it break.' Curve leves loguintur, ingentes stupent. [Seneca, Hippol. 607.]" STEEVENS.

† stibium] "An ancient name for antimony, now seldom used." REED. arranter knave than myself, and made pay all the colourable execution.

Flam. He will shoot pills into a man's guts shall make them have more ventages than a cornet or a lamprey; he will poison a kiss; and was once minded, for his master-piece, because Ireland breeds no poison,* to have prepared a deadly vapour in a Spaniard's fart, that should have poisoned all Dublin.

Brach. O, Saint Anthony's fire.

Doc. Your secretary is merry, my lord.

Flam. O thou cursed antipathy to nature ! --Look, his eye's bloodshed, like a needle a chirurgeon stitcheth a wound with.--Let me embrace thee, toad, and love thee, O thou abominable loathsome; gargarism, that will fetch up lungs, lights, heart, and liver, hy scruples !

Brach. No more.—I must employ thee, honest doctor :

You must to Padua, and by the way,

Use some of your skill for us.

Doc. Sir, I shall.‡

Brach. But, for Camillo ?

Flam. He dies this night, by such a politic strain,

Men shall suppose him by's own engine slain.

But, for your duchess' death-

Doc. I'll make her sure.

Brach. Small mischiefs are by greater made secure.

Flam. Remember this, you slave; when knaves come to preferment, they rise as gallowses are raised i'the Low Countries, one upon another's shoulders.

[Ezeunt BRACHIANO, FLAMINEO, and Doctor. Mont. Here is an emblem, nephew, pray peruse it:

'Twas thrown in at your window.

Cam. At my window !

Here is a stag, my lord, hath shed his horns,

And, for the loss of them, the poor beast weeps: The word,§ Inopem me copia fecit.||

Mont. That is,

Plenty of horns hath made him poor of horns. Cam. What should this mean?

* because Ireland breeds no poison] Various old writers tell us that all venomous creatures were exterminated in Ireland by the prayers of St. Patrick.

+ loathsome] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612 "lethan." \$ Doc. Sir, I shall] Omitted in some copies of the 4to. of 1612.

§ The word] i.e. the motto. So Middleton ; "The device, a purse wide open, and the mouth downward: the word, Alienis ecce crumenis." Your Five Gallants,--Works, ii. 813, ed. Dyce.

|| Inopem, &c.] Ovid, Metam. iii. 466.

Mont. I'll tell you : 'tis given out You are a cuckold.

Cam. Is it* given out so?

I had rather such report as that, my lord, Should keep within doors.

Fran. de Med. Have you any children? Cam. None, my lord.

Fran. de Med. You are the happier :

I'll tell you a tale. Cam. Pray, my lord.

Fran. de Med. An old tale.

Upon a time Phœbus, the god of light,

Or him we call the Sun, would needs the married : The gods gave their consent, and Mercury

Was sent to voice it to the general world.

But what a pitcous cry there straight arose

Amongst smiths and felt-makers, brewers and

cooks, Reapere and butter-women, amongst fishmongers, And thousand other trades, which are annoy'd By his excessive heat 1 'twas lamentable. They came‡ to Jupiter all in a sweat, And do forbid the bans.§ A great fat cook Was made their speaker, who entreats of Jove That Pheebus might be gelded; for, if now, When there was but one sun, so many men Were like to perish by his violent heat, What should they do if he were married, And should beget more, and those children

Make fire-works like their father ? So say I; Only I will apply it to your wife :

Her issue, should not providence prevent it,

Would make both nature, time, and man repent it.

Mont. Look you, cousin,

Go, change the air, for shame ; see if your absence Will blast your cornucopia. Marcello Is chosen with you joint commissioner

For the relieving our Italian coast

From pirates.

Mar. I am much honour'd in't.

Cam. But, sir,

Ere I return, the stag'e horns may be sprouted Greater than those are shed.

Mont. Do not fear it:

I'll be your ranger.

* Is it] The 4to. of 1631 "It is."

† needs] The 4to. of 1612 "need."

t came] So, no doubt, our author wrote, ---not "come." See before and after in this speech.

§ bans] The 4tos. have "banes"; and in the first edition of this work I allowed that spelling to stand : but I now think that it ought to be retained only in passages where the rhyme requires it.

|| those] The 4to. of 1612, " these."

16

THE WHITE DEVIL; OR, VITTORIA COROMBONA.

Cam. You must watch i'the nights; Then's the most danger. Fran. de Med. Farewell, good Marcello : All the best fortunes of a soldier's wish Bring you a-ship-board ! Cam. Were 1 not best, now I am turn'd soldier, Ere that I leave my wife, sell all she hath, And then take leave of her? Mont. I expect good from you, Your parting is so merry. Cam. Merry, my lord { o' the captain's humour right; I am resolved to be drunk this night. [Exeunt CAMILLO and MARCELLO. Fran. de Med. So, 'twas well fitted : now shall we discern How his wish'd absence will give violent way To Duke Brachiano's lust. Mont. Why, that was it; To what scorn'd purpose else should we make choice Of him for a sea-captain? and, besides, Count Lodowick, which was rumour'd for a pirate, Is now in Padua. Fran. de Med. Is't true ? Mont. Most certain. I have letters from him, which are suppliant To work his quick repeal from banishment : He means to address himself for pension Unto our sister duchess. Fran. de Med. O, 'twas well: We shall not want his absense past six days. I fain would have the Duke Brachiano run Into notorious scandal; for there's naught In such curs'd dotage to repair his name, Only the deep sense of some deathless shame. Mont. It may be objected, I am dishonourable To play thus with my kinsman; but I answer, For my revenge I'd stake a brother's life, That, being wrong'd, durst not avenge himself. Fran. de Med. Come, to observe this strumpet. Mont. Curse of greatness ! Sure he'll not leave her? Fran. de Med. There's small pity in't : Like misletoe on sear elms spent by weather, Let him cleave to her, and both rot together. Exeunt. Enter BRACHIANO,* with a Conjurer. Brach. Now, sir, I claim your promise: 'tis dead midnight, * Enter Brachiano, &c.] Scene. The Same. A room iu the house o Camillo (In p. 18, the Conjurer, after exhibiting in dumb-show the murder of Camillo, says "We are now

Beneath her [Vittoria's] roof.")

The time prefix'd to show me, by your art, How the intended murder of Camillo And our loath'd duchess grow to action.

Con. You have won me by your bounty to a deed l do not often practise. Some there are Which by sophistic tricks aspire that name, Which I would gladly lose, of necromancer; As some that use to juggle upon cards, Seeming to conjure, when indeed they cheat; Others that raise up their confederate spirits 'Bout wind-mills, and endanger their own uecks For making of a squib; and some there are Will keep a curtal * to show juggling tricks, And give out 'tis a spirit; besides these, Such a whole realm + of alınanac-makers, figureflingers,

Fellows, indeed, that ouly live by stealth, Sinos they do merely lie about stol'n goods, They'd make men think the devil were fast and loose,

With speaking fustian Latin. Pray, sit down: Put on this night-cap, sir, 'tis charm'd; and now I'll show you, by my strong commanding art, The circumstance that breaks your duchess' heart.

A dumb show.

Enter suspiciously JULIO and CHRISTOPHERO: they draw a curtain where BRACHIANO'S picture is; they put on spectacles of glass, which cover their eyes and noses, and then burn perfumes afore the picture, and wash the lips of the picture; that done, quenching the fire, and putting off their spectacles, they depart laughing.

Enter ISABELLA in her night-gown, as to bed-ward, with lights ofter her, COULT LODOVICO, GIOVANNI, GUID-ANTONIO, and others waiting on her: she kneels down as to prayers, then draws the curtain of the picture, does three reverences to it, and kisses it thrice; she faints, and will not suffer them to come near it; dies: sorrow expressed in GIOVANNI and in Count LODOVICO: she is conveyed out solemnly.

Brach. Excellent ! then she's dead.

Con. She's poisoned By the fum'd picture. 'Twas her custom nightly, Before she went to bed, to go and visit Your picture, and to feed her eyes and lips On the dcad shadow. Doctor Julio, Observing this, infects it with an oil And other poison'd stuff, which presently Did suffocate her spirits.

* Will keep a curtal, &c.] "This was eaid of Banks's celebrated horse so often mentioned in ancient writers." REED.

† realm]The 4tos. have "reame,"—which was frequently the old spelling of "realm:" even when the latter spelling was given, the *l* was frequently not sounded :—see the note in my ed. of Marlowe's Works on "Give me a ream of paper: we'll have a kingdom of gold for't." Jew of Matta, act iv.

Brach. Methought I saw

Count Lodowick there.

Con. He was: and by my art

I find he did most passionately dote

Upon your duchess. Now turn another way,

And view Camillo's far more politic fate.*---

Strike louder, music, from this charmèd ground,

To yield, as fits the act, a tragic sound !

The second dumb show.

Enter FLAMINEO, MARCELLO, CAMILLO, with four more, as Captains: they drink healths, and dance: a waultinghorse is brought into the room, while FLAMINEO and CAMILLO strip themselves into their shirts, as to vault; they compliment who shall begin: as CAMILLO is about to vault, FLAMINEO pitcheth him upon his neck, and, with the help of the rest, writhes his neck about; seems to see if it be broke, and lays him folded double, as 'twee, under the horse; makes shows to call for help: MAR-CELLO comes in, laments; sends for the Cardinal and Duke, who come forth with armed men; wonder at the act; command the body to be carried home; apprehend FLAMINEO, MARCELLO, and the rest, and go, as 'twee, to apprehend VITTORIA.

Brach. 'Twas quaintly done; but yet each circumstance

I taste not fully.

Con. O, 'twas most apparent:

You saw them enter, charg'd with their deep healths

To their boon voyage; and, to second that,

Flamineo calls to have a vaulting-horse

Maintain their sport; the virtuous Marcello

Is iunocently plotted forth the room;

Whilst your eye saw the rest, and can inform you The engine of all.

Brach. It seems Marcello and Flamineo Are both committed.

Con. Yes, you saw them guarded;

And now they are come with purpose to apprehend

Your mistress, fair Vittoria. We are now

Beneath her roof : 'twere fit we instantly

Make out by some back-postern.

Brach. Noble friend,

You bind me ever to you : this shall stand

As the firm seal annexed to my hand;

It shall enforce a payment.

Con. Sir, I thank you. [Exit BRACHIANO.

Both flowers and weeds spring when the sun is warm,

And great men do great good or else great harm. [Exit.

* fate] So the 4to. of 1672: the earlier 4tos. have "face," which, though obviously a misprint, is followed in all modern editions. Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS,* and MONTICELSO, their Chancellor and Register.

Fran. de Med. You have dealt discreetly, to obtain the presence

Of all the grave lieger ambassadors,+

To hear Vittoria's trial.

Mont. 'Twas not ill;

For, sir, you know we have naught but eircumstances

To charge her with, about her husband's death : Their approbation, therefore, to the proofs

Of her black lust shall make her infamous

To all our neighbouring kingdoms. I wonder

If Brachiano will be here.

Fran. de Med. O fie.

'Twere impudence too palpable. [Exeunt.

Enter FLAMINEO[‡] and MARCELLO guarded, and a Lawyer.

Lawyer. What, are you in by the week ?§ so, I will try now whether thy wit be close prisoner. Methinks none should sit upon thy sister but old whore-masters.

Flam. Or cuckolds; for your euckold is your most terrible tickler of lechery. Whore-masters would serve; for none are judges at tilting but those that have been old tilters.

Lawyer. My lord duke and she have been very private.

Flam. You are a dull ass; 'tis threatened they have been very public.

Lawyer. If it can be proved they have but kissed one another-

Flam. What then ?

Lawyer. My lord cardinal will ferret them.

Flam. A cardinal, I hope, will not eatch conies. Lawyer. For to sow kisses (mark what I say), to sow kisses is to reap lechery; and, I am sure, a woman that will endure kissing is half won.

Flam. True, her upper part, by that rule: if you will win her nether part too, you know what follows.

Lawyer. Hark ! the ambassadors are lighted.

* Enter Francisco de Medicis, &c.] Sceue. The Same. Perhaps the court of the house where the trial of Vittoria is to take place,—the mansion, it would seem, of Monticelso, for afterwards, p. 19, he says.

"This business by his holiness is left

To our examination : "

and compare Brachiano's speech, p. 22, "Thou liest, 'twas my stool," &c.

† lieger ambassadors] i. e. resident ambassadors.

‡ Enter Flaminco, &c.] Perhaps this is not a new scene. § What, are you in by the week ?] "This phrase appears to signify an engagement for a time limited. It occurs in Love's Labour's Lost, A. 5, S. 2. See note thereon."

STEEVENS.

Flam. [aside]. I do put on this feigned garh of mirth To gull suspicion. Mar. O my unfortunate sister ! I would my dagger-point had cleft her heart When she first saw Brachiano : you, 'tis said, Were made his engine and his stalking-horse, To undo my sister. Flam. I am a kind of path To her aud mine own prefermeut. Mar. Your ruin. Flam. Hum ! thou art a soldier, Follow'st the great duke, feed'st his victories, As witches do their serviceable spirits, Even with thy prodigal blood : what hast got, But, like the wealth of captains, a poor haudful, Which in thy palm thou hear'st as men hold water ? Seeking to gripe it fast, the frail reward Steals through thy fingers.* Mar. Sir! Flam. Thou hast scarce maintenance To keep thee in fresh shamois.+ Mar. Brother ! Flam. Hear me :---And thus, when we have even pour'd ourselves Into great fights, for their ambition Or idle spleen, how shall we find reward ? But as we seldom find the misletoe Sacred to physic, or the builder oak, ‡ Without a mandrake by it; so in our quest of gain, Alas, the poorest of their forc'd dislikes At a limb proffers, but at heart it strikes ! This is lamented doctrine. Mar. Come. come. Flam. When age shall turn thee White as a hlooming hawthorn-Mar. I'll interrupt you :---For love of virtue hear an honest heart, And stride o'er every politic respect, Which, where they most advance, they most infect. Were I your father, as I am your brother, * Which in thy palm thou bear'st as men hold water? Seeking to gripe it fast, the frail reward Steals through thy fingers] "Dryden has borrowed this thought in All for Love ; or, The World well Lost, A. 5: Oh, that I less could fear to loss this being, p. 18. Which, like a snow-ball, in my coward hand The more 'tis grasp'd, the faster melts away.'" REED. + shamois] "i e. shoes made of the wild goat's skin. Chamois, Fr." STEEVENS. t the builder oak] "The epithet of 'builder oak' is originally Chaucer's;

The bilder oke, and ekc the hardy asho,

The piller elme,' &c.-Assemblie of Foules." COLLIER.

I should not be ambitious to leave you A hetter patrimony.

Flam. I'll think ou't.—

The lord ambassadors.

Here there is a passage of the liger Ambassadors over the stage severally.*

Lawyer. O my sprightly Frenchman !- Do you know him ? he's an admirable tilter.

Flam. I saw him at last tilting: he showed like a pewter candlestick, fashioned + like a man iu armour, holding a tilting-staff in his hand, little higger than a candle of twelve i'the pound.

Lawyer. O, but he's an excellent horseman.

Flam. A lame one in his lofty tricks: he sleeps a-horseback, like a poulter.[±]

Lawyer. Lo you, my Spaniard !

Flam. He carries his face in's ruff, as I have seen a serving-man carry glasses in a cipress hatband, monstrous steady, for fear of breaking: he looks like the claw of a black-hird, first salted, and then broiled in a candle. [Execut.

The Arraignment of VITTORIA.§

Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, MONTICELSO, the six || lieger Ambassadors, Brachiano, Vittoria Coromeona, Flamineo, Marcello, Lawyer, and a Guerd.

Mont. Forhear, my lord, here is no place assign'd you :

This business by his holiness is left

To our examination.

Brach. May it thrive with you !

[Lays a rich gown under him.

Fran. de Med. A chair there for his lordship ! Brach. Forbear your kinduess: an unbidden guest

Should travel as Dutch women go to church, Bear their stools with them.

Mont. At your pleasure, sir.-

Stand to the table, gentlewoman.¶—Now, signior, Fall to your plea.

* I have here omitted, as superfluous, some notices, "Enter French Ambassador," &c.

† a pewter candlestick, fashioned, &c.] See an engraving of such a candlestick in Malone's Shakespeare (by Boswell,) vol. xvii. p. 410.

‡ poulter] i.e. poulterer. "The Poultres send us in fowle." Heywood's King Edward the Fourth, Part First, Sig. B. ed. 1619.

§ The Arraignment of Vittoria] A new scene. See note*, p. 18.

[] six] Was altered by Reed to "four;" but from a subsequent scene, where Lodovico euumerates their various orders of knighthood, it is evident that there were "six" ambassadors.—It is not a little extraordiuary that all the editors should let the name of Isabella (whose death has been shown by the Conjurer) remain in this stage-direction.

¶ gentlewoman] Both the earliest 4tos. "gentlewomen." 0 2

Lawyer. Domine judex, converte oculos in hanc	In the academic derivation
pestem, mulierum corruptissimam.	Of grammatical elocution.
Vit. Cor. What's he?	Fran. de Med. Sir, your pains
Fran. de Med. A lawyer that pleads against	Shall be well spar'd, and your deep eloquence
you.	Be worthily applauded amongst those
Vit. Cor. Pray, my lord, let him speak his	Which understand you.
usual tongue;	Lawyer. My good lord,-
I'll make no answer else.	Fran. de Med. Sir,
Fran. de Med. Why, you understand Latin. Vit. Cor. I do, sir; but amongst this auditory	Put up your papers in your fustian bag,
Which come to hear my cause, the half or more	Cry mercy, sir, 'tis buckram,—and accept
May be ignorant in't.	My notion of your learn'd verbosity.
Mont. Go on, sir.	Lawyer. I most graduatically thank your lord-
Vit. Cor. By your favour,	ship:
I will not have my accusation clouded	I shall have use for them elsewhere.
In a strange tongue: all this assembly	Mont. I shall be plainer with you, and paint
	out
Shall bear what you can charge me with.	Your follies in more natural red and white
Fran. de Med. Signior,	Than that upon your cheek.
You need not stand on't much; pray, change	Vit. Cor. O, you mistake:
your language.	You raise a blood as noble in this cheek
Mont. O, for God sake !Gentlewoman, your	As ever was your mother's.
credit Shall be many formany by it	Mont. I must spare you, till proof cry "whore"
Shall be more famous by it.	to that
Lawyer. Well, then, have at you !	Observe this creature here, my honour'd lords,
Vit. Cor. I am at the mark, sir: I'll give aim*	A woman of a most prodigious spirit,
to you,	Iu her effected.
And tell you how near you shoot. Lawyer. Most literated judges, please your lord-	Vit. Cor. Honourable my lord,*
sbips	It doth not suit a reverend cardinal
1	To play the lawyer thus.
So to connive your judgments to the view	
Of this debauch'd and diversivolcut woman;	Mont. O, your trade instructs your language
Who such a black \dagger concatenation	You see, my lords, what goodly fruit she seems ;
Of mischief hath effected, that to extirp	Yet, like those apples † travellers report
The memory of't, must be the consummation	To grow where Sodom and Gomorrah stood,
Of her and her projections,	I will but touch her, and you straight shall see
Vit. Cor. What's all this?	She'll fall to soot and ashes.
Lawyer. Hold your peace:	Vit. Cor. Your envenom'd
Exorbitant sins must have exulceration.	Pothecary t should do't.
Vit. Cor. Surely, my lords, this lawyer here hath swallow'd	Mont. I am resolv'd,§
Some pothecaries' § bills, or proclamations ;	* Honourable my lord] The 4to. of 1631 "My honorable
And now the hard and undigestible words	Lord:" but compare, in a later seene, " Noble my lord,
Come up, like stones we use give hawks for physic:	most fortunately welcome," &c.
Why, this is Welsh to Latin.	† Yet, like those apples, &c.] "This account is taken from Maundeville's Travels. See Edition, 1725, p. 122. 'And
Lawyer. My lords, the woman	also the Cytees there weren lost, because of Synne. And
Knows not her tropes nor figures, nor is perfect	there besyden growen trees, that beren fulle faire Apples, and faire of colour to beholde; but whose brekethe hem, or
* I'll give aim] "He who gave aim was stationed near	cuttethe hem in two, he schalle fynde within hem Coles and Cyndres; in tokene that, be Wrathe of God, the Cytecs
the butts, and pointed out after every discharge, how	aud the Loud weren breute aud souken into Helle. Sum
wide, or how short, the arrow fell of the mark." See	men clepen that See, the Lake Dalfetidee; summe the
Offord's note on the expressions cry aim and give aim,	Flom of Develee; and sume that Flom that is ever

Massinger's Bondman, act 1. sc. 3. † black] Omitted in the 4to. of 1631.

 $\mathbf{20}$

§ resolv'd] i. e. convinced.

t here] Omitted in the 4to, of 1631.

[§] pothecaries'] The 4to. of 1631 "apothecaries."

^{[[} nor figures] Omitted in the 4to. of 1631.

stynkynge. And in to that senne toat Fiom that is ever stynkynge. And in to that See sonken the 5 Cytces, be Wrathe of God; that is to seyne, Sodom, Gomorre, Aldama, Seboym, and Segor.'" REED. ‡ Polkeary] The to, of 1631 "Apolkecary.

Were there a second Paradise to lose,	Fr. Am. She hath liv'd ill.
This devil would betray it.	Eng. Am. True; but the cardinal's too hitter.
Vit. Cor. O poor charity !	Mont. You know what whore is. Next the
Thou art seldom found in scarlet.	devil adultery,
Mont. Who knows not how, when several night	Enters the devil murder.
by night	Fran. de Med. Your unhappy
Her gates were chok'd with coaches, and her rooms	Husband is dead.
Outbrav'd the stars with several kind of lights;	Vit. Cor. O, he's a happy husbaud :
When she did counterfeit a prince's court	Now he owes nature nothing.
In music, banquets, and most riotous surfeite?	Fran. de Med. And by a vaulting-engine.
This where, forsoeth, was hely.	Mont. An active plot; he jump'd into his grave.
Vit. Cor. Ha! whore! what's that?	Fran. de Med. What a prodigy was't
Mont. Shall I expound whore to you? sure, I	That from some two yards' height* a sleuder man
shall;	Should break his neck !
I'll give their perfect character. They are first,	Mont, I'the rushes ! +
Sweet-meats which rot the eater; * in man's	Fran. de Med. And what's more,
nostrils †	Upon the instant lose all use of speech,
Poison'd perfumes : they are cozening alchymy;	All vital motion, like a man had lain
Shipwrocks in calmest weather. What are whores!	Wound up three days. Now mark each circum-
Cold Russian winters, that appear so barren	stance.
As if that nature had forgot the spring :	Mont. And look upon this creature was his
They are the true material fire of hell:	wife.
Worse than those tributes i'the Low Countries paid,	She comes not like a widow; she comes arm'd
Exactions upon meat, drink, garments, eleep,	With scorn and impudence: is this a mourning-
Ay, even on man's perdition, his sin :	habit?
They are those brittle evidences of law	Vit. Cor. Had I foreknown his death, as you
Which forfeit all a wretched man's estate	suggest,
For leaving out one syllable. What are wheres !	I would have hespoke my mourning.
They are those flattering bells have all one tune,	Mont. O, yeu are cunning.
At weddings and at funerals. Your rich whores	Vit. Cor. You shame your wit and judgment,
Are only treasuries by extortion fill'd,	To call it so. What ! is my just defence By him that is my judge call'd impudence ?
And emptied by curs'd riot. They are worse,	Let me appeal, then, from this Christian court ‡
Worse than dead bodies which are begg'd at	To the uncivil Tartar.
gallows,‡ And wrought upon by surgeons, to teach man	Mont. See, my lords,
Wherein he is imperfect. What's a whore !	She scaudals our proceedings.
She's like the guilty § counterfeited coin	Vit. Cor. Humbly thus,
Which, whose er first stamps it, brings in trouble	Thus low, to the most worthy and respected
All that receive it.	Lieger ambassadors, § my modesty
Vit. Cor. This character scapes me.	And woman-hood I tender; but withal,
Mont. You, gentlewoman !	So entangled in a cursèd accusation,
Take from all bcasts and from all minerals	That my defence, of force, like Perseue,
Their deadly poison—	
Vit. Cor. Well, what then?	* height] The 4to. of 1631 "high."
Mont. I'll tell thee;	† the rushes] With which floors were formerly strewed,
I'll find in thee a pothecary's shop,	before the introduction of carpets. ‡ Christian court] "We have here an instance of the
To sample them all.	introduction of terms into one country, which peculiarly
	helong to another. In England the Ecclesiastical Courts,
* Sweet-meats which rot the eater] So Dakker;	where causes of adultery are cognizable, are called Courts Christian." REED.
"What gives she me? good words, Sweet meates that rotte the eater."	
	§ Lieger ambassadors] i. c. resident ambassadors.
The Whore of Babylon, 1607, Sig. I. 2.	§ Lieger ambassadors] i. e. resident ambassadors. Perseus] A corruption, for which I know not what
t nostrils] The 4to. of 1612 "nostril."	§ Lieger ambassadors] i. e. resident ambassadors. Perseus] A corruption, for which I know not what to substitute. Can "Portia" be the right reading?
The Whore of Babylon, 1607, Sig. I. 2. † nostrils] The 4to. of 1612 "nostril." ‡ gallows] The 4to. of 1631 "th' gallows." § guilty] The 4to of 1631 "gill." a pothecary's] The 4to. of 1631 "an apothecary's."	§ Lieger ambassadors] i. e. resident ambassadors. Perseus] A corruption, for which I know not what

Serv. My lord, your gown. Must personate masculine virtue. To the point. Brach. Thou liest, 'twas my stool : Find me but guilty, sever head from body, Bestow't upon thy master, that will challenge We'll part good friends : I scorn to hold my life The rest o' the household-stuff; for Brachiano At yours or any man's entreaty, sir. Was ne'er so beggarly to take a stool Eng. Am. She hath a brave spirit. Out of another's lodging : let him make Mont. Well, well, such counterfeit jewels Vallance for his bed on't, or a demi-foot-cloth * Make true ones oft suspected. For his most reverend moil.+ Monticelso, Vit. Cor. You are deceiv'd : Exit. For know, that all your strict-combined heads, Nemo me impune lacessit. Mont. Your champion's gone. Which strike against this mine of diamonds, Vit. Cor. The wolf may prey the better. Shall prove but glassen hammers,- they shall break. Fan. de Med. My lord, there's great suspicion These are but feigned shadows of my evils : of the murder, Terrify babes, my lord, with painted devils; * But no sound proof who did it. For my part, I do not think she hath a soul so black I am past such needless palsy. For your names Of whore and murderess, they proceed from you, To act a deed so bloody : if she have, As if a man should spit against the wind; As in cold countries husbandmen plant vines, And with warm blood manure them, even so The filth returns in's face. Mont. Pray you, mistress, satisfy me one One summer she will bear unsavoury fruit, And ere next spring wither both branch and root. question : The act of blood let pass; only descend Who lodg'd beneath your roof that fatal night Your husband brake his neck? To matter of incontinence. Vit. Cor. I discern poison Brach. That guestion Under your gilded pills. Enforceth me break silence : I was there. Mont. Your business? Mont. Now the duke's gone, I will produce a Brach. Why, I came to comfort her. letter. And take some course for settling her estate, Wherein 'twas plotted he and you should meet Because I heard her husband was in debt At an apothecary's summer-house, To you, my lord. Down by the river Tiber,-view't, my lords,-Where, after wanton bathing and the heat Mont. He was. Brach. And 'twas strangely fear'd Of a lascivious banquet,-I pray read it, I shame to speak the rest. That you would cozen her. Mont. Who made you overseer ? Vit. Cor. Grant I was tempted; Temptation to lust proves not the act: Brach. Why, my charity, my charity, which Casta est quam nemo rogavit.‡ should flow You read his hot love to me, but you want From every generous and noble spirit To orphans and to widows. My frosty answer. Mont. Frost i'the dog-days ! strange ! Mont. Your lust. Brach. Cowardly dogs bark loudest : sirrah Vit. Cor. Condemn you me for that the duke priest, did love me ? I'll talk with you hereafter. Do you hear? So may you blame some fair and crystal river The sword you frame of such an excellent temper For that some melancholic distracted man I'll sheathe in your own bowels. Hath drown'd himself in't. There are a number of thy coat resemble Mont. Truly drown'd, indeed. Your common post-boys. Vit. Cor. Sum up my faults, I pray, and you Mont. Ha ! shall find. Brach. Your mercenary post-boys : That beauty, and gay clothes, a merry heart, Your letters carry truth, but 'tis your guise And a good stomach to [a] feast, are all, To fill your mouths with gross and impudent lies. All the poor crimes that you can charge me with. In faith, my lord, you might go pistol flies; death," &c.,-says Heywood, Hist. of Women, p. 136, ed. 1624.) The sport would be more noble. * Terrify babes, my lord, with painted devils] "So in * demi-foot-cloth] i. e. demi-housing. Macbeth, A. 2. S. 2. ' 'tis the eye of childhood + moil) i. e. mule. That fears a painted devil.'" REED. t Casta est, &c.] Ovid, Amor. I. 8.

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Mont. Very good. Vit. Cor. But take you your course : it seems you have beggar'd me first, And now would fain undo me. I have houses, Jewels, and a poor remnant of crusadoes : * Would those would make you charitable ! Mont. If the devil Did ever take good shape, behold his picture. Vit. Cor. You have one virtue left,-You will not flatter me. Fran. de Med. Who brought this letter? Vit. Cor. I am not compell'd to tell you. Mont. My lord duke sent to you a thousand ducats The twelfth of August. Vit. Cor. 'Twas to keep your cousin From prison : I paid use for't. Mont. I rather think. 'Twas interest for his lust. Vit. Cor. Who says so But yourself? if you he my accuser, Pray, cease to be my judge: come from the hench; Give in your evidence 'gainst me, and let these Be moderatore. My lord cardinal, Were your intelligencing ears as loving As to my thoughts, had you an honest tongue, I would not care though you proclaim'd them all. Mont. Go to, go to. After your goodly and vain-glorious banquet, I'll give you a choke-pear. Vit. Cor. O' your own grafting? Mont. You were born in Venice, honourably descended From the Vittelli : 'twas my cousin's fate,---Ill may I name the hour,-to marry you : He bought you of your father. Vit. Cor. Ha ! Mont. He spent there in six months Twelve thousand ducats, and (to my acquaintance) Receiv'd in dowry with you not one julio :+ 'Twas a hard penny-worth, the ware being so light. I yet but draw the curtain; now to your picture: You came from thence a most notorious strumpet, And so you have continu'd. Vit. Cor. My lord,-"here's." Mont. Nay, hear me; You shall have time to prate. My Lord Brachiano-Alas, I make but repetition Of what is ordinary and Rialto talk, * crusadoes] The Portuguese coin, called Crusado from the cross on one side of it, has varied in value, at different times, from 2s. 3d. to 10s. † julio] "A coin of about six-pance value. Moryson, in the Table prefixed to his Itincrary, calls it a Giulio or Paolo." REED.

And ballated, and would be play'd o' the stage, But that vice many times finds such loud friends That preachers are charm'd silent .---You gentlemen, Flamineo and Marcello, The court hath nothing now to charge you with Only you must remain upon your sureties For your appearance. Fran. de Med. I stand for Marcello. Flam. And my lord duke for me. Mont. For you, Vittoria, your public fault, Join'd to the condition of the present time, Takes from you all the fruits of noble pity; Such a corrupted trial have you made Both of your life and beauty, and been styl'd No less an* ominous fate than blazing stars To princes : hear† your sentence ; you are confin'd Unto a house of convertites, and your bawd ‡---Flam. [aside.] Who, I? Mont. The Moor. Flam. [aside.] O, I am a sound man again. Vit. Cor. A house of convertites ! what's that ? Mont. A house Of penitent whores. Vit. Cor. Do the noblemen in Rome Erect it for their wives, that I am sent To lodge there? Fran. de Med. You must have patience. Vit. Cor. I must first have vengeance. I fain would know if you have your salvation By patent, that you proceed thus. Mont. Away with her ! Take her hence. Vit. Cor. A rape ! a rape ! Mont. How ! Vit. Cor. Yes, you have ravish'd justice; Forc'd her to do your pleasure. Mont. Fie, she's mad ! Vit. Car. Die with these § pills in your most cursèd maw || Should bring you health ! or while you sit o' the bench, Let your own spittle choke you !---* an] The 4to. of 1612 "in." t hear] The 4to. of 1612 "heares," i.e., perhaps, ‡ Unto a house of convertites, &c.] Both the earliest 4tos.

t Unto a house of convertites, dc.] Both the earliest 4tos. give this line to Vittoria. The 4to. of 1631 here, as well as elsewhere, changes "convertites" into "converts." ("and your based the Moor," i.e., along with your based the Moor [Zanche].)

§ these] So the two earliest 4tos. In a later 4to. "those" was substituted: but our old writers very frequently use "these" and "those" indiscriminately.

|| maw] So the 4to. of 1631. The 4to. of 1612 "mawes:" but she is speaking to Monticelso only; sse in her next speech "leave you the same devil" &c.

Mont. She's turn'd Fury. Vit. Cor. That the last day of judgment may so find you,	tongue hath [*] a villanous palsy in't : I will talk to any man, hear no man, and for a time appear a politic madman. [<i>Exit.</i>]
And leave you the same devil you were before ! Instruct me, some good horse-leech, to speak treason; For since you cannot take my life for deeds, Take it for words: O woman's poor revenge, Which dwells but in the tongue ! I will not weep; No, I do scorn to call up one poor tear To fawn on your injustice: bear me hence Unto this house of—what's your mitigating title ? <i>Mont.</i> Of convertites. <i>Vit. Cor.</i> It shall not be a house of convertites ; My mind shall make it honester to me	 a politic madman. Enter GIOVANNI, Count LONOVICO, and Attendant. Fran. de Med. How now, my noble cousin 1 what, in black ! Giov. Yes, uncle, I was taught to imitate you In virtue, and you must imitate me In colours of your garments. My sweet mother Is— Fran. de Med. How ! where ? Giov. Is there; no, yonder: indeed, sir, I'll not tell you, For I shall make you weep. Fran. de Med. Is dead ?
Than the Pope's palace, and more peaceable Than thy soul, though thou art a cardinal. Know this, and let it somewhat raise your spite,	Giov. Do not hlame me now, I did not tell you so. Lod. She's dead, my lord.
Through darkuess diamonds spread their richest light.* [Excunt VITTORIA COBOMBONA, Lawyer, and Guards.	Fran. de Med. Dead ! Mont. Bless'd lady, thou art now above thy woes !
Re-enter BRACHIANO.! Brach. Now you and I are friends, sir, we'll shake hands	Wilt please your lordships to withdraw a little? [Excent Ambassadors.
In a friend's grave together; a fit place, Being the emblem of soft peace, to atone tour hatred.	Giov. What do the dead do, uncle? do they eat, Hear music, go a hunting, and be merry, As we that live?
Fran. de Med. Sir, what's the matter ? Brach. I will not chase more blood from that lov'd cheek;	Fran. de Med. No, coz; they sleep. Giov. Lord, Lord, that I were dead! I have not elept these six nights.—When do
You have lost too much already : fare you well. [Exit. Fran. de Med. How strange these words sound!	they wake ? Fran. de Med. When God shall please. Giov. Good God, let her sleep ever !+
what's the interpretation ? Flam. [aside.] Good ; this is a preface to the discovery of the duchess' death : he carries it mail Bernard Bernard Learnet tearnet first - blir in the second	For I have known her wake an hundred nights, When all the pillow where she laid her head Was brine wet with her tears. I am to complain
well. Because now I cannot counterfeit a whining passion for the death of my lady, I will feign a mad humour for the disgrace of my sister; and that will keep off idle questions. Treason's	to you, sir; I'll tell you how they have us'd her now she's dead:
* "This White Devil of Italy sets off a bad cause so specionaly, and pleads with such an innocence-resembling boldness, that we seem to see that matchless beauty of her face which inspires such gay confidence into her; and are ready to expect, when she has done her plead.	They wrapp'd her in a cruel fold of lead, And would not let me kiss her. <i>Fran. de Med.</i> Thou didst love her. <i>Giov.</i> I have often heard her say she gave me suck,
ings, that her very judges, her accusers, the grave am- bassadors who sit as spectators, and all the court, will rise and make proffer to defend her in spite of the utmost conviction of her guilt; as the shepherds in Don Quixote make proffer to follow the beautiful shepherdess Mar- cela, 'without reaping any profit out of her manifest	And it should seem by that she dearly lov'd me, Since princes seldom do it. Fran. de Med. O, all of my poor sister that remains !—
 So sweet and lovely does she make the shame, Which, like a canker in the fragrant rose, Does spot the beauty of ber hudding name. '" 	Take him away, for God's sake ! [Excunt GIOVANNI and Attendant. Mont. How now, my lord !

† Both the earliest 4tos. give this line to Francisco.

C. Lamb. (Spec. of Eng. Dram. Poets, p. 229.) * hath] The 4to. of 1631 "with." † atone] "i.e. reconcile." STEEVENS. † Both the earliest 4tos, give this

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 Fran. de Med. Believe me, I am uothing but her grave; And I shall keep her blessèd memory Longer than thousand epitaphs. [Excunt FRANOISCO DE MEDICIE and MONTICELSO. Re-enter FLAMINEO* as distracted. Flam. We endure the strokes like anvils or hard steel, Till pain itself make us no pain to feel. Who shall do me right now? is this the end of service? I'd rather go weed garlie; travel through France, and be mine own ostler; wear sheep-skin linings, or shoes that stink of blacking; be entered into the list of the forty thousand ped- lers in Poland. 	 know the confederacy, — hut your noblemen are privileged from the rack; and well may, for a little thing would pull some of them a-pieces afore they came to their arraignment. Religion, O, how it is commedled* with policy! The first bloodshed in the world happened about religion. Would I were a Jew ! Mar. O, there are too many. Flam. You are deceived: there are not Jews enough, priests enough, nor gentlemen enough. Mar. How? Flam. Tll prove it; for if there were Jews enough, so many Christians would not turn usurers; if priests enough, one should not have six benefices; and if gentlemen enough, so many early mushrooms, whose best growth sprang
Re-enter Amhassadors.	from a dunghill, should not aspire to gentility.
Would I had rotted in some surgeon's house at	Farewell: let others live by hegging; be thou
Venice, built upon the pox as well as on piles,	one of them practise the art of Wolner in
ere I had served Brachiano !	England, + to swallow all's given thee; and yet
Savoy Amb. You must have comfort.	let one purgation make thee as hungry again as
Flam. Your comfortable words are like honey;	fellows that work in a \ddagger saw-pit. I'll go hear the
they relish well in your mouth that's whole, hut	screech-owl. [Exit.
in mine that's wounded they go down as if the	Lod. [aside.] This was Brachiano's pander;

and 'tis strange

That, in such open and apparent guilt Of his adulterous sister, he dare utter So scandalous a passion. I must wind him.

* commedded] "i.e. co-mingled. To meddle anciently eignified to mix, or mingle." STEEVENS.

t the art of Wolner in England] "The exploits of this glutton, and the manner of his death, are mentioned hy Dr. Moffet, who wrote in Queen Elizabeth's time. See his Treatise, entitled 'Health's Improvement : or, Rules comprizing and discovering the nature, method, and manuer of preparing all serts of foods used in this nation.' Republished by Oldye and Dr. James, 12mo. 1746. 'Neither was our country always void of a Woolmar, who living in my memory in the court seemed like another Pandareus, of whom Antonius Liberalis writeth thus much, that he had obtained this gift of the Goddess Ccres, to eat iron, glass, oyster-shells, raw fish, raw flesh, raw fruit, and whatsoever else he would put inte his stomach, without offence.' P. 376. 'Other fish being eaten raw, is harder of digestion than raw heef; for Diegenes died with eating of raw fish ; and Wolmer (our English Pandarens) digesting iren, glass, and oystershells, by eating a raw cel was over-mastered.' P. 123. He is also mentioned hy Taylor the Water Poet, in his account of The Great Bater of Kent, p. 145. 'Milo the Crotonian could hardly he his equall: and Woolner of Windsor was not worthy to bee his footman.' In the hooks of the Stationers' company, in the year 1567, is the following entry : 'Rec. of Henry Deuham, for his lycense for the pryntinge of a hecke intituled Pleasannte Tales of the lyf of Rychard Wolner, &c.'" REED.

The seventh chapter of The Life of Long Meg of Westminster, 1635, relates "how she used Weelner the singing man of Windsor, that was the great eater, and how ehe made him pay for his breakfast."

‡ a] Omitted in the 4te. of 1612.

Flam. Your comfortable words are like honey; they relish well in your mouth that's whole, but in mine that's wounded they go down as if the sting of the bee were in them. O, they have wrought their purpose cunningly, as if they would not seem to do it of malice! In this a politician imitates the devil, as the devil imitates a cannou; wheresoever he comes to do mischief, he comes with his backside towards you.

French Amb. The proofs are evident.

Flam. Proof! 'twas corruption. O gold, what a god art thou! and O man, what a devil art thou to be tempted by that cursed mineral! Your+ diversivolent lawyer, mark him: knaves turn informers, as maggots turn to flies; you may catch gudgeons with either. A cardinal! I would he would hear me: there's nothing so holy but money will corrupt and putrify it, like vietual ‡ under the line. You are happy in England, my lord: here they sell justice with those weights they press men to death with. O horrible salary !

Eng. Amb. Fie, fie, Flamineo !

Exeunt Ambassadors.

Flam. Bells ne'er ring well, till they are at their full pitch; and I hope yon cardinal shall never have the grace to pray well, till he come to the scaffold. If they were racked now to

^{*} Re-enter Flamineo, &c.] This is not a new scene; for Lodovico and Marcello are still on the stage, and speak presently.

[†] Your] The three earliest 4tes " You."

[‡] victual] The 4to. of 1631 "victuals."

Flam. [aside.] How dares this banish'd count return to Rome, But only to show his teeth. If a return to Rome, Flam. I'li till thee what.— His pardon not yet purchas'd ! I have heard The deceas'd duchess gave him pension, And That he came along from Padua And that he came along from Padua Flam. I'li till thee what.— The twin of the young prince. There's some what in t: Lod. Precise usg us !+ Physicins, that cure poisons. Mar. Mark this strange encounter. Mar. Mark this strange encounter. Ham. Never, till the beggary of courtiers, Mar. Mark the boistrous waves in a rough tide, Norse that strangpad'd, on the lowest felly One still overtake anothen. Lod. I do thank thee, And I do wish ingeniously + for thy sake The docdays all year long. Flam. How croaks the raren ? Exter AuroverLit and Garano. Is our good duchess dead? Lod. X fut shat you for your news.—Look up again. Is our good duchess dead? Lod. Sit some three days together, and disc. Lod. Sti some three days together, and elothes. Ham. Yea, contaut: Lod. Sti some three days together, elody: Lod. Sti some grant mant Sate while his enery were executed ; Flam. And be lousy. Lod. You sister is a dammable whore. Flam. And be lousy. Starey and like yo	Re-enter FLAMINEO.	As if man were created to no use
return to Rome, If any prehasid ! I have heard His pardon not yet purchasid ! I have heard If would do well, instead of looking-glasses, His pardon not yet purchasid ! I have heard To set one's face each morning by a' saucer And that he came along from Padua To set one's face each morning by a' saucer We il never part. Presions, that cure poisons, still do work With counter-poisons. Mar. Mark this strange encounter. Ram. The god of melancholy turn thy galt to poison, And let the stignatic* wrinkles in thy face, Like to the boisterous waves in a rough tide, We'll never part. One still overtake another. I do whit ingeniouity + for thy sake The dog-days all year long. Flam. How coaks the raven ? Is our good duchess dea? Lod. Dead. Id. do whit ingeniouity + for thy sake Flam. How coaks the raven ? Is our good duchess dea? Lod. Shalt thou and I join house-keeping? Flam. Only with making faces: lie in or olches. Lod. With faggots for our pillows. Flam. And be lowy. Flam. Mat a strange creature is a laughing. fool! * aligentic '''.see only on couple grieve ! § Id. do will is sening creature is a laughing. Flam. Now our you, sir; if you will be metry, Lod. With faggots f		
His pardon not yet purchasid ! I have heard The deceas'd duchess gave him pension, And that he came along from Padua The train of the young prince. There's some what in': Physicians, that cure poisons, still do work With counter-poisons. Mar. Mark this strange encounter. Ham. The god of melancholy turn thy gall to poison, And let the stigmatic's wrinkles in thy face, Like to the boisterous waves in a rough tide, One still overtake another. Lod. I do thank thee, And I do wish ingeniously † for thy sake The dog-days all year long. Flam. How creaks the raven ? Is our good duchess dead ? Lod. Stat thou and I join house-keeping? Flam. Yes, content : Let's be unsociably sociable. Lod. Sit some three days together, and dis course. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. Sit some three days together, and dis course. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. Sit some three days together, and dis course. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. Sit some three days together, and dis course. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. Sit some three days tagether, and dis course. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. Sit some three days tagether, and dis course. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. Sit are midnight.— Fed after midnight.— We are observ'd : see how yon courple grive ! State while his enemy were exceuted ; Though it he very leakery unto thee, Do't with a strange creature is a laughing fool! * wignatif "i.e. marked as with a brand of infamy." Step all day. Flam. Yes; and, like your melancholic ‡ hare, Ted. Mork with stift hards nord infamy." Step all day. * with a strange creature is a laughing fool! * wignatif "i.e. marked as with a brand of infamy." * with a strange creature is a laughing fool! * with a strange creature is a laughing fool! * with with Kindnes, 107, Sig. C. 4. * all the decedit of the day-light * all the decedit of the day-light * all the decedit "the."		
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I'the train of the young prince. There's some what in 't: Lod. Precions gue! † We'll never part. Plan. The god of melancholy turn thy gall to poison, Mar. Mark this strange encounter. Plan. The god of melancholy turn thy gall to poison, And let the stignatic* wrinkles in thy face, Ware than strappad/0, on the lowest folly One still overtake another. Lod. I thank strappad/0, on the lowest folly Cone still overtake another. Lod. I thank thee, And I do wish ingeniously † for thy sake The dog-days all year long. Flam. Of ate! Misfortune comes, like the coroner's business, Huddle upon huddle. Lod. Sti some three days together, and discourse. Lod. Sti some three days together, and clothes. Lod. Why ! Lod. With faggots for our pillows. Flam. And be lousy. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. With faggots for our pillows. Flam. Ma be lousy. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. With faggots for our pillows. Flam. Do so evert think to speak again ? Lod. Soat wat a strange creature is a langhing fool! Mar. Pool loch, you did vow Tee a beaved; Though it he very lackery unto thee, 100 vow to water a mandrake ? Mar. Math a brand of infamy." Plam. Pool loch, you did vow Tea most stimatic filts. "	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
 what in t: Physicians, that cure poisons, still do work With counter-poisons. Mar. Mark this strange encounter. Ram. The god of melancholy turn thy gall to poison, And let the stigmatic* wrinkles in thy face, Like to the boisterous waves in a rough tide, One still overtake another. Lod. I do thank thee, And I do thak thee, I do thank thee, I do chash ingeniously + for thy sake The dog-days all your long. Flam. How croaks the raren ? Is our good duchess dead ? I dod. Dead. Flam. Yes, content: Lod. Stat thou and I join house-keeping ? Flam. Yes, content: Lod. Stat some three days together, and discourse. Lod. Stat some three days together, and biscourse. Lod. In taffata linings; that's genteel melancholic ; hare, Flam. Yes; and, like your melancholic ; hare, Flam. Yes; and, like your melancholic ; hare, Flam. Tose is on how yon couple grieve ! § Lod. What a strange creature is a langhing. fool! * aligmatic! "i.e. marked as with a brand of infany.", Mike context if Kindmes, 1017, Sig. C. 4. * aligmatic! "i.e. marked if Kindmes, 1017, Sig. C. 4. * aligmatic! Kindmes, 1017, Sig. C. 4. * aligmatic! "i.e. marked if a villaine." A Woran Kidk wif		0
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 Let's be unsociably sociable. Lod. Sit some three days together, and discourse. Flam Only with making faces: lie in our elothes. Lod. With faggots for our pillows. Flam. And be lousy. Lod. In taffata linings; that's genteel melancholy: Sleep all day. Flam. Yes; and, like your melancholic ‡ hare, Feed after midnight.— We are observ'd: see how yon couple grieve ! § Lod. What a strange creature is a laughing fool! * stigmatic] "i.e. marked as with a brand of infamy." Stereyens; Se Heywood; "Print in my face The most stigmatick title of a villaine," A Woman Kilde with Kindness, 1017, Sig. C. 4. You know our vow, sir; if you will be merry, Do it i'the like posture as if some great man Sate while his enemy were executed; Though it he very lechery unto thee, Do't with a crabbed ‡ politician's face. Lod. Your sister is a damnable whore. Flam. Ha ! Lod. Look you, I spake that laughing. Flam. Dost ever thiuk to speak again ? Lod. Do you hear? Wilt sell me forty ounces of her blood To water a mandrake ? Flam. Poor lord, you did vow To live a lousy creature. Lod. Yes. Flam. Like one That had for ever forfeited the day-light By being in debt. Lod. Ha, ha ! * al The 4te. of 1631 "the." 		Flam. You shall not seem a happier man than I:
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fool! Lod. Yes. * stigmatic] "i.e. marked as with a brand of infamy." Flam. Like one Strevens That had for ever forfeited the day-light By being in debt. By being in debt. The most stigmaticke title of a villaine." Lod. Yes. A Woman Kilde with Kindness, 1017, Sig. C. 4. The tet. of 1631 "the."		
* stigmatic] "1.e. marked as with a brand of infamy." STEEVENS Se Heywood; "Print in my face The most stigmaticke title of a villaine." A Woman Kilde with Kindness, 1617, Sig. C. 4. That had for ever forfeited the day-light By being in debt. Lod. Ha, ha ! * a] The 4tc. of 1631 "the."		
Stevense Streven	* stigmatic] "i.e. marked as with a brand of infamy "	Flam. Like one
"Print in my face Lod. Ha, ha ! The most stigmaticke title of a villaine." A Woman Kilde with Kindness, 1617, Sig. C. 4. * a] The 4tc. of 1631 "the."		
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		* a] The 4tc. of 1631 "the"
gue be some copies of the 4to. of 1612: other copies	t ingeniously] By writers of Webster's time ingenious	f guel Sc some copies of the 4to, of 1612, other copies
"grine rouge :" the 4te. of 1631 "gue ;" the 4tos. of 1665	and ingenuous are often conformeded.	"grine rouge : " the 4te. of 1631 "gue ; " the 4tos. of 1665
t melancholic] The 4tc. of 1631 "melancholy."—On the melancholy of a hare eee the notes of Shakespeare's com-	melanchely of a hare see the notes of Shakespeare's com-	and 1672 "rogue."—Gue (from the Fr. gueux) means a rogue,
mentaters, First Part of Henry IV. act i. sc. 2. S see hars gon acurle gring I Public by all the set passage, when, after citing twe examples of the	mentators, First Part of Henry IV. act i. sc. 2.	sent passage, when, after citing two examples of the

§ see how yon couple grieve] Probably he alludes to Francisco and Monticelso: but they certainly are not on the stage at present.
See how yon couple grieve] Probably he alludes to word from Brathwaite's Honest Ghost, he expressed a suspicion that "gue" was "an affectation" of Brathwaite, t crabbed] The 4to. of 1631 "sabby."

 $\mathbf{26}$

Flam. I do not greatly wonder you do break; Your lordship learn'd't long since. But I'll tell you,---Lod. What? Flam. And 't shall stick by you,---Lod. I long for it. Flam. This laughter scurvily becomes your face : If you will not be melancholy, be angry. [Strikes him. See, now I laugh too. Mar. You are to blame : I'll force you hence. Lod. Unhand me. Excunt MARCELLO and FLAMINEO. That e'er I should be forc'd to right myself Upon a pander ! Anto. My lord,---Lod. H'ad been as good met with his fist a thunderbolt. Gas. How this shows ! Lod. Uds'death, how did my sword miss him? These rogues that are most weary of their lives Still scape the greatest dangers. A pox upon him ! all his reputation, Nay, all the goodness of his family, Is not worth half this earthquake: I learn'd it of no fencer to shake thus : Come, I'll forget him, and go drink some wine. Exeunt. Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS * and MONTICELSO. Mont. Come, come, my lord, untie your folded thoughts, And let them dangle loose as a bride's hair.+ Your sister's poison'd. Fran. de Med. Far be it from my thoughts To seek revenge. Mont. What, are you turn'd all marble ? Fran. de Med. Shall I defy him, and impose a Most burdensome on my poor subjects' necks, Which at my will I have not power to end? You know, for all the murders, rapes, and thefts, Committed in the horrid lust of war, He that unjustly caus'd it first proceed Shall find it in his grave and in his seed. Mont. That's not the course I'd wish you; pray, observe me. * Enter Francisco de Medicis, &c.] Scene. The Same. An apartment in the palace of Francisco. † —untie your folded thoughts,

And let them dangle losse, as a bride's hair] "Brides formerly walked to church with their hair hanging loose behind. Anne Bullen's was thus dishevelled when ehe went to the altar with King Henry the Eighth."

STEEVENS.

We see that undermining more prevails Than doth the cannon. Bear your wrongs conceal'd,

And, patient as the tortoise, let this camel Stalk o'er your back unbruis'd: sleep with the lion, Aud let this brood of secure foolish mice Play with your nostrils, till the time be ripe For the bloody audit and the fatal gripe: Aim like a cunning fowler, close one eye, That you the better may your game espy.

Fran. de Med. Free me, my innocence, from treacherous acts !

I know there's thunder yonder; and I'll stand Like a safe valley, which low bends the knee To some aspiring mountain; since I know Treason, like spiders weaving nets for flies, By her foul work is found, and in it dies. To pass away these thoughts, my honour'd lord, It is reported you possess a book, WhereIn you have quoted,* by intelligence, The names of all notorious offenders Lurking about the city.

Mont. Sir, I do;

And some there are which call it my black book : Well may the title hold; for though it teach not The art of conjuring, yet in it lurk The names of many devils.

Fran. de Med. Pray, let's see it. Mont. I'll fetch it to your lordship. Fran. de Med. Monticelso,

 $\lfloor Exit.$

I will not trust thee; but in all my plots

I'll rest as jealous as a town besieg'd.

Thou canst not reach what I intend to act:

Your flax soon kindles, soon is out again ;

But gold slow heats, and long will hot remain.

Re-enter MONTICELSO, presents FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS with a book.

Mont. 'Tis here, my lord.

- Fran. de Med. First, your intelligencers, pray, let's see.
- Mont. Their number rises strangely; and some of them

You'd take for honest men. Next are panders,— These are your pirates; and these following leaves For base rogues that undo young gentlemen By taking up commodities; + for politic bankrupts;

* quoted] "i. e. noted." REED.

+ -that undo young gentlemen

By taking up commodifies] "It was the practice of usurers formerly, and has been continued by their successors evon to the present times, to defraud the necessitous who berrow money by furnishing them with goods and wares, to be converted into cash at a great loss to the borrower. This was done to avoid the penal Statutes against Usury. It was called taking up com-

For fellows that are bawds to their own wives, Only to put off horses, and slight jewels, Clocks, defac'd plate, and such commodities, At birth of their first children. Fran. de Med. Are there such ? Mont. These are for impudent bawds That go in men's apparel; for usurers That share with scriveners for their good reportage; For lawyers that will antedate their writs : And some divince you might find folded there, But that I slip them o'er for conscience' sake. Here is a general catalogue of knaves: A man might study all the prisons o'er, Yet never attain this knowledge. Fran. de Med. Murderers ! Fold down the leaf, I pray. Good my lord, let me borrow this strange doctrine. Mont. Pray, use't, my lord. Fran. de Med. I do assure your lordship, You are a worthy member of the state, And have done infinite good in your discovery Of these offenders. Mont. Somewhat, sir. Fran. de Med. O God ! Better than tribute of wolves paid in England :* 'Twill hang their skins o'the hedge. Mont. I must make bold To leave your lordship. Fran. de Med. Dearly, + sir, I thank you : If any ask for me at court, report You have left me in the company of knaves. Exit MONTICELSO. I gather now by this, some cunning fellow That's my lord's officer, one that lately skipp'd From a clerk's desk up to a justice' § chair, Hath made this knavish summons, and intends, As the Irish rebels wont were || to sell heads, So to make prize of these. And thus it happens, modifies, and is often noticed in our ancient writers. See several instances in the notes of Mr. Steevens and Dr. Farmer to Measure for Measure, A. 4. S. 4." REED. * Better than tribute, &e.] "This tribute was imposed

on the Welsh by King Edgar, in order that the nation might be freed from these ravenous and destructive beasts. Drayton, in *Polyobion*, Song 9th, says:

'Thrice famous Saxon King, on whom time ne'er shall prey,

O Edgar! who compeldst our Ludwal hence to pay Three hundred wolves a year for tribute unto thee: And for that tribute paid, as famous may'st thou be, O conquer'd British king, by whom was first destroy'd. The multitude of wolves, that long this land annoy'd." BEED Your poor rogues pay for't which have not the * means

To present bribe in fist: the rest o'the band Are raz'd out of the knaves' record; or else My lord he winks at them with easy will; His man grows rich, the knaves are the knaves still. But to the use I'll make of it; it shall serve To point me out a list + of murderers, Agents for any villauy. Did I want Ten leash of courtezans, it would furnish me; Nay, laundress three armies. That in so little paper Should lie the undoing of so many men !# 'Tis not so big as twenty declarations. See the corrupted use some make of books : Divinity, wrested by some factious blood. Drawe sworde, swelle battles, and o'erthrows all good.

To fashion my revenge more seriously, Let me remember my dead sister's face: Call § for her picture ? no, I'll close mine eyes, And in a melancholic thought I'll frame

Enter ISABELLA's ghost.

Her figure 'fore me. Now I ha't :-- how strong || Imagination works ! how she can frame Thiugs which are not ! Methinks she stands afore me.

And by the quick idea of my mind, Were my skill pregnant, I could draw her picture Thought, as a subile juggler, makes us deem Things supernatural, which yet ¶ have cause Common as sickness. 'Tis my melancholy.--How cam'st thou by thy death ?--How idle am I To question mine own idleness !--Did ever Man dream awake till now ?--Remove this object; Out of my brain with't : what have I to do With tombs, or death-beds, funerals, or teare, That have to meditate upon revenge ?

[Exit Ghost. So, now 'tis ended, like an old wife's story : Statesmen think often they see stranger sights Than madmen. Come, to this weighty business:

* the] Omitted in the 4to. of 1631.

+ list Some copies of the 4to. of 1612, "life"—perhaps a misprint for "file."

t ----- That in so little paper

Should lie the undoing of so many men] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612;

"That so little paper

- Should be th' undoing of so many men."
- § Call] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612, "Look."

|| Now Iha't: --how strong] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612, "Now I--d'foot how strong,"

The 4to. of 1631, "hav't."

 $\P \ yet]$ Omitted in the two earliest 4tos., and first inserted in that of 1665.

[†] Dearly] The 4to. of 1631, "dear."

t one] Some copies of the 4tc. of 1612, " and."

[§] justice'] The 4to. of 1631, "justice's."

[|] wont were] The 4to. of 1631, " were wont."

My tragedy must have some idle mirth in't, Else it will never pass. I am in love, In love with Corombona; and my suit Thus halts to her in verse.— [Writes. I have done it rarely : O the fate of princes ! I am so us'd to frequent flattery, That, being alone, I uow flatter myself : But it will serve; 'tis seal'd.	Matron. A letter. Flam. To my sister ? I'll see't deliver'd. Enter BRAOHIANO. Brach. What's that you read, Flamineo ? Flam. Look. Brach. Ha ! [reads.] "To the most unfortunate, his best respected Vittoria."— Who was the messenger ?
<i>Enter</i> Scrvant.* Bear this	Flam. I know not. Brach. No! who sent it?
To the house of convertites, † and watch your leisure	Flam. Ud'sfoot, you speak as if a man Should know what fowl is coffin'd in a bak'd
To give it to the hands of Corombona, Or to the matron, when some followers	meat Afore you cut it up.
Of Brachiano may be by. Away ! [Exit Servant.	Brach. I'll opeu't, were't her heartWhat's
He that deals all by strength, his wit is shallow:	here subscrib'd !
When a man's head goes through, each limb will	"Florence" ! this juggling is gross and palpable :
follow. The engine for my business, bold Count Lodo-	I have found out the conveyance.—Read it, read it.
wick : 'Tis gold must such au instrument procure ;	Flam. [reads.] "Your tears I'll turn to triumphs,
With empty fist no man doth; falcons lure.	be but mine : Your prop is fall'n : I pity, that a vine,
Brachiano, I am now fit for thy encounter :	Which princes heretofore have long'd to gather,
Like the wild Irish, I'll ne'er think thee dead	Wanting supporters, now should fade and wither."-
Till I can play at football with thy head.	Wine, i'faith, my lord, with lees would serve
Flectere si nequeo superos, Acheronta movebo.§	his turn.—
[Exit. Enter the Matron and FLAMINEO.	"Your sad imprisonment I'll soon uncharm,
Matron. Should it be known the duke hath	And with a princely uncontrolled arm
such recourse	Lead you to Florence, where my love and care
To your imprison'd sister, I were like	Shall hang your wishes in my silver hair."— A halter on his strange equivocation !—
To incur much damage by it.	"Nor for my years return me the sad willow :
Flam. Not a scruple :	Who prefer blossoms before fruit that's mellow ?
The Pope lies on his death-bed, and their heads	Rotten, on my knowledge, with lying too long
Are troubled now with other business	i'the bed-straw.—
Than guarding of a lady.	"And all the lines of age this line convinces,
Enter Servant.	The gods never wax old, no more do princes."
Servant. Yonder's Flamineo in conference	A pox on't, tear it; let's have no more atheists,
With the matrona.—Let me speak with you;	for God's sake.
I would entreat you to deliver for me	Brach. Ud'sdeath, I'll cut her into atomies,* And let the irregular north-wind sweep her up,
This letter to the fair Vittoria.	And blow her into his nostrils! Where's this
Matron. I shall, sir.	whore ?
Servant. With all care and secrecy : Hereafter you shall know me, and receive	Flam. That what do you call her?
Thanks for this courtesy. $[Exit.$	Brach. O, I could be mad,
Flam. How now ! what's that ?	Prevent the curs'd diseaset she'll bring me to,
<u></u>	And tear my hair off! Where's this changeable
* Enter Servant] I may observe that occasionally in old plays Servants enter, as hero, without being sum-	stuff?
moned, just at the moment they happen to be wanted.	Flam. O'er head and ears in water, I assure you :
† convertites] See note ‡, p. 23.	She is not for your wearing.
t doth] The 4to. of 1631, "do." § Fleetere, &c.] Virgil, En. vii. 312.	* atomies] The 4to. of 1631 "atomes."
Enter the Matron, &c.] Scens. The Same. A room	+ the curs'd disease] One of the consequences of the venersal disease is the coming off of the hair.
in the House of Convertites.	Action our chacage is one contrink out of mis light.

dig turfs out of my grave to feed your larks; that Brach. No,* you pander? Flam. What, me, my lord? am I your dog? would hs music to you. Come, I'll lead you to her. Brach. A blood-hound : do you brave, do you Brach. Do you face me? stand me? Flam. O,* sir, I would not go before a politic Flam. Stand you ! let those that have diseases enemy with my back towards him, though there run; were behind ms a whirlpool. I need no plasters.† Enter VITTORIA COROMBONA. Brach. Would you be kick'd ? Brach. Can you read, mistress? look upon that Flam. Would you have your neck broke? letter: I tell you, duke, I am not in Russia; ‡ There are no characters nor hieroglyphics; My shins must be kept whole. You need no comment : I am grown your receiver. Brach. Do you know me? God's precious ! you shall he a brave great lady, Flam. O, my lord, methodically: A stately and advanced whore. As in this world there are degrees of evils, Vit. Cor. Say, sir? So in this world there are degrees of devils. Brach. Come, come, let's see your cabinet, dis-You're a great duke, I your poor secretary. cover I do look now for a Spanish fig,§ or an Italian Your treasury of love-letters. Death and Furies ! salad, daily. I'll see them all. Brach. Pander, ply your convoy, and leave Vit. Cor. Sir, upon my soul, your prating. I have not any. Whence was this directed? Flam. All your kindness to me is like that Brach. Confusion on your politic ignorance ! miserable courtesy of Polyphemus to Ulysses; You are reclaim'd, + are you? I'll give you the you reserve me to be devoured last : you would hells, And let you fly to the devil. * No] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612 "In ;" the 4to. of 1631 "" e'en." Flam. Ware hawk, my lord. † plasters] The 4to. of 1631 "plaster." Vit. Cor. "Florence" ! this is some treacherous plot, my lord : My shins must be kept whole] "It appears from Giles Fletcher's Russe Commonwealth, 1591, p. 51, that on de-To me be ne'er was lovely, # I protest, termiuing an action of debt in that country, 'the partie So much as in my sleep. convicted is delivered to the Serjeant, who hath a writte Brach. Right ! they are plots. for his warrant out of the Office, to carry him to the Your beauty ! O, ten thousand curses on't ! Praveush, or Righter of Justice, if presently hee pay not the monie, or content not the partie. This Praveush, or How long have I beheld the devil in crystal !§ Righter, is a place neero to the office : where such as Thou hast led me, like an heathen sacrifice, have centence passed against them, and refuse to pay With music and with fatal yokes of flowers, that which is adjudged, are heaten with great cudgels on the shinnes and calves of their legges. Every forenoone To my eternal ruin. Woman to man from eight to eleven they are set on the Praveush, and Is either a god or a wolf. beate in this cort till the monie bc payd. The after-Vit. Cor. My lord .--noone and night time they are kepte in chaines by the Serjeant : except they put in sufficient suerties for their Brach. Away ! appearance at the Praveush at the hower appointed. We'll be as differing as two adamants; You shall see fortie or fiftie stand together on the Pra-The one shall shun the other. What, dost veush all on a rowe, and their shinnes thys becudgelled and hebasted every morning with a piteous crie. If weep? after a yeare's etauding on the Praveush, the partie will Procure but ten of thy dissembling trade. not, or lacke wherewithall to satisfic his creditour, it is lawfull for him to cell his wife and children, eyther out-* 0] Omitted in some copies of the 4to. of 1612. light, or for a certaine terme of yeares. And if the price t reclaim'd] Used here with a quibblo: to reclaim a of them doo not amount to the full payment, the hawk is to make her gentle aud familiar,-to tame her. creditour may take them to bec his bondslaves, for t lovely] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612, "thought on." yeares or for ever, according as the value of the dcht § How long have I beheld the devil in crystal] "The requireth.'" REED. beril, which is a kind of crystal, hath a weak tincture of So I. Daye; red in it. Among other tricks of astrologers, the dis-" Let him have Russian law for all his sins, covery of past or future events was supposed to be the consequence of looking into it. See Aubrey's Miscel-

Whats that? A 100 blowes on hie bare shins."

The Parliament of Bees, 1641, Sig. G. 2. § a Spanish flg] "Referring to the custom of giving poisoned figs to those who were the objects either of the Spanish or Italian revenge. See Mr. Steevens's note on King Henry V. A. 3. S. 6." REED,

S. Rowlands, describing a dabhler in magic, says ;

"He can transforme himselfe unto an asse, Shew you the Divell in a Christall glasse."

lanies, p. 165. cdit. 1721." REED.

The Letting of Humors Blood in the Head-Vaine, 1611, Sat. 3.

Ye'd* furnish all the Irish funerals With howling past wild Irish. Flam. Fie, my lord ! Brach. That hand, that cursèd hand, which I have wearied With doting kisses !- O my sweetest duchess, How lovely art thou now !---My+ loose thoughts Scatter like quicksilver: I was bewitch'd; For all the world speaks ill of thee. Vit. Cor. No matter : I'll live so now, I'll make that world recant, And change her speeches. You did name your duchess. Brach. Whose death God pardon ! Vit. Cor. Whose death God revenge ‡ On thee, most godless duke ! Flam. Now for two § whirlwinds. Vit. Cor. What have I gain'd by thee but infamy? Thou hast stain'd the spotless honour of my house, And frighted thence noble society : Like those, which, sick o'the palsy, and retain Ill-scenting foxes 'bout them, are still shunn'd By those of choicer nostrils. What do you call this house ? Is this your palace? did not the judge style it A house of penitent whores? who sent me to it? Who hath the honour to advance Vittoria To this incontinent college? is't not you? Is't not your high preferment? Go, go, brag How many ladies you have undone like me. Fare you well, sir; let me hear no more of you: I had a limb corrupted to an ulcer, But I have cut it off; and now I'll go Weeping to heaven on crutches. For your gifts, I will return them all; and I do wish That I could make you full executor To all my sins. O, that I could toss myself Into a grave as quickly ! for all thou art worth I'll not shed one tear more,-I'll burst first. [She throws herself upon a bed. Brach. I have drunk Lethe .--- Vittoria! My dearest happiness! Vittoria! What do you ail, my love? why do you weep? Vit. Cor. Yes, I now weep poniards, do you see? Brach. Are not those matchless eyes mine? * Ye'd] The 4to. of 1631, "We'll." † My] The three earliest 4 toe. "Thy." 1 Brach. Whose death God pardon ! Vit. Cor. Whose death God revenge, &c.] A recollection of Shakespeare ; " Glo. Poor Clarence did forsake his father, Warwick ; Ay, and forswore himself, -which Jesu pardon ! Q. Mar. Which God revenge !" Richard III., act i. sc. 3. § two] Some copics of the 4tc. of 1612, "ten ," the 4tc.

of 1631, "the."

Vit. Cor. I had rather They were not matchless.* Brach. Is not this lip mine? Vit. Cor. Yes; thus to hite it off, rather than give it thee. Flam. Turn to my lord, good sister. Vit. Cor. Hence, you pander ! Flam. Pander! am I the author of your sin? Vit. Cor. Yes; he's a base thief that a thief lets in. Flam. We're blown up, my lord. Brach. Wilt thou hear me? Once to be jealous of thee, is to express That I will love thee everlastingly, And never more be jealous. Vit. Cor. O thou fool, Whose greatness hath by much o'ergrown thy wit! What dar'st thou do that I not dare to suffer, Excepting to be still thy whore? for that, In the sea's bottom sooner thou shalt make A bonfire. Flam. O, no oaths, for God's sake ! Brach. Will you hear me ? Vit. Cor. Never. Flam. What a damu'd imposthume is a woman's will! Can nothing break it ?---Fie, fie, my lord, Women are caught as you take tortoises; She must be turn'd on her back .- Sister, by this hand. I am on your side.—Come, come, you have wrong'd her: What a strange credulous man were you, my lord, To think the Duke of Florence would + love her ! Will any mercer take another's ware When once 'tis tous'd and sullied ?- And yet, sister, How scurvily this frowardness becomes you ! Young leverets stand not long; and women's anger Should, like their fight, procure a little sport; A full cry for a quarter of au hour, And then be put to the dead quat. Brach. Shall these eyes, Which have so long time dwelt upon your face, Be now put out? Flam. No cruel landlady i'the world, Which lends forth groats to broom-men, and takes use for them, Would do't .-Hand her, my lord, and kiss her : be not like A ferret, to let go your hold with blowing. Brach. Let us renew right hands.

* matchless] The 4to. of 1612, "matches."

- + would] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612, "could."
- ‡ quat] A corrupt form of squat,-the sitting of a hare.

32 THE WHITE DEVIL; (OR, VITTORIA COROMBONA.
Vit. Cor. Hence!	Flam. Rome ! it deserves to be call'd Barbary
Brach. Never shall rage or the forgetful wind	For our villanous usage.
Make me commit like fault.	Brach. Soft ! the same project which the Duke
Flam. Now you are i'the way on't, follow't har	
Brach. Bs thou at peacs with me, let all th	
world	Laid down for her escape, will I pursue.
Threaten the cannon.	Flam. And no time fitter than this night, my
Flam. Mark his penitence:	lord :
Best natures do commit the grossest faults,	The Pope being dead, and all the cardinals
When they're given o'er to jealousy, as best win	
Dying, makes strongest vinegar. I'll tell you,-	
The sea's more rough and raging than calm river	

We may attire her in a page's suit,

Lay her post-horse, take shipping, and amain

For Padua.

- Brach. I'll * instantly steal forth the Prince Giovanni.
- And make for Padua. You two with your old mother,
- And young Marcello that attends on Florence,

If you can work him to it, follow me :

I will advance you all :- for you, Vittoria,

Think of a duchess' title.

Flam. Lo you, sister !---

Stay, my lord; I'll tell you a tale. The crocodile, which lives in the river Nilus, hath a worm breeds i'the teeth of't, which puts it to extreme anguish : a little bird, no bigger than a wren, is barbersurgeon to this crocodile; flies into the jaws of't, picks out the worm, and brings present remedy. The fish, glad of ease, but ingrateful to her that did it, that the bird may not talk largely of her abroad for non-payment, closeth her chaps, intending to swallow her, and so put her to perpetual silence. But nature, loathing such ingratitude, hath armed this bird with a quill or prick on the head, top o'the which wounds the crocodile i'the mouth, forceth her open her bloody prison, and away flies the pretty tooth-picker from her cruel patient.+

Brach. Your application is, I have not rewarded The service you have done me.

Flam. No, my lord .-

You, sister, are the crocodile : you are blemished in your fame, my lord cures it; and though the comparison hold not in every particle, yet observe, remember what good the bird with the prick i'the head hath done you, and scorn ingratitude .---

PUl Omitted in the 4to. of 1631.

в W D т But not so sweet uor wholesome. A quiet woman Is a still water under a great bridge;* A man may shoot + her safely. Vit. Cor. O ye dissembling men !---Flam. We suck'd that, sister, From women's breasts, in our first infancy. Vit. Cor. To add misery to misery! Brach. Sweetest,-Vit. Cor. Am I not low enough ? Ay, ay, your good heart gathers like a snow-ball, Now your affection's cold. Flam. Ud'sfoot, it shall melt To a heart again, or all the wine in Rome Shall run o'the lees for't.

Vit. Cor. Your dog or hawk should be rewarded hetter

Than I have been. I'll speak not one word more. Flam. Stop her mouth with a sweet kiss, my lord. So.

Now the tide's turn'd, the vessel's come about. He's a sweet armful. O, we curl'd-hair'd men

Are still most kiud to women ! This is well. Brach. That you should chids thus !

Flam. O, sir, your little chimneys Do ever cast most smoke! I sweat for you. Couple together with as deep a silence As did the Grecians in their wooden horse. My lord, supply your promises with deeds; You know that painted meat no hunger feeds.

Brach. Stay, ingrateful Rome-+

* Is a still water under a great bridge] " 'Is like a still water under London bridge ' was the reading until now [in the editions of Dodsley's Old Plays, 1744 and 1780]: how or why the word London was foisted iu, it is not easy to guess, as both the old copies give the passage as it is now printed." COLLIER.

Dodsley and Reed found the reading, which Mr. Collier rightly rejected, in the 4tos of 1665 and 1672.

+ shoot] "To shoot the bridge was a term used by watermen, to signify going through London-bridge at the turning of the tide. The vessel then weut with great velocity, and from thence it probably was called shooting." REED.

t Stay, ingrateful Rome-] Qy. "Stay in ingrateful Roms !"?

[†] This tale is an alteration of a fable told originally by Herodotus, lib. ii. c. 68, that a bird, called trochilus, enters the throat of the crocodile, and extracts the leeches that gather there (or, according to some ancient writers, picks particles of flesh from its testh); and that the grateful crocodile does the bird no injury.

	, VIIIORIA COROMBONA. 33
It may appear to some ridiculous [Aside. Thus to talk knave and madman, and sometimes	Unto their saint, St. George. I could describe to you
Come in with a dried sentence, stuft with sage :	Their several institutions, with the laws
But this allows my varying of shapes;	Annexed to their orders; but that time
Knaves do grow great by being great men's apes.	Permits not such discovery.
[Exeunt.	Fran. de Med. Where's Count Lodowick?
Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, * LODOVICO, GAEPARO, and six Ambaseadors.	Lod. Here, my lord. Fran. de Med. 'Tis o'the point of dinner time :
Fran. de Med. So, my lord, I commend your	Marshal the cardinals' service.
diligence.	Lod. Sir, I shall.
Guard well the conclave; and, as the order is,	
Let none have conference with the cardinals.	Enter Servants, with several dishes covered.
Lod. I shall, my lordRoom for the ambas-	Stand, let me search your dish : who's this for ?
sadors !	Servant. For my lord cardinal Monticelso.
Gasp. They're wondrous brave + to-day: why	Lod. Whose this?
do they wear	Servant. For my lord cardinal of Bourbon.
These several habits ?	Fr. Amb. Why doth he search the dishes ? to
Lod. O, sir, they are knights	observe
Of several orders :	What meat is drest?
That lord i'the black cloak, with the silver	Eng. Amb. No, sir, but to prevent
cross.	Lest any letters should be convey'd in,
Is Knight of Rhodes; the next, Knight of St.	To bribe or to solicit the advancement
Michael:	
<i>.</i>	Of any cardinal. When first they enter,
That, of the Golden Fleece; the Frenchman, there,	'Tis lawful for the amhassadors of princes
	To enter with them, and to make their suit
Knight of the Holy Ghost; ¶ my lord of Savoy,	For any man their prince affecteth best;
Knight of the Annunciatiou; ** the Englishman	But after, till a general election,
Is Knight of the honour'd Garter, ++ dedicated	No man may speak with them.
* Boton Bonneises de Maliete hal Same Mile C.	Lod. You that attend on the lord cardinals,
* Enter Francisco de Medicis, &c.] Scene. The Same. Before the building in which the cardinals are assembled	Open the window, and receive their viands !
for the election of a Pope : from what presently follows	A Cardinal [at the window]. You must return
in our text it would seem that the conclave is held in a	the service: the lord cardinals
church. (The Vatican, I believe, is the usual place of conclave.)	Are busied 'bout electing of the Pope';
brave] "i.e. fine." REED.	They have given over scrutiny, and are fall'n
‡ That lord i'the black cloak, with the silver cross,	To admiration.
Is Knight of Rhodes] "A Knight of Rhodes was	Lod. Away, away !
formerly called a Knight of St. John Jsrusalem, and now a Knight of Malta. The Order was instituted some time	Fran. de Med. I'll lay a thousand ducats you
before the conquest of Jerusslem by the Christians in	hear news
1099. Segar says, that 'a governor, called Gerardus,	Of a Pope presently. Hark ! sure, he's elected :
commanded that he and all others of that house should	Behold, my lord of Arragon appears
wear a white cross upon a blacke garment, which was the originall of the Order, and ever since hath been used.'	On the church-hattlements.
Honor Military and Civill, fol. 1602, p. 97." REED.	Arragon [on the church battlements]. Denuntio
§ Knight of St. Michael] "This Order was erected in	vobis *gaudium magnum. Reverendissimus cardi-
1469, by Lewis XI. King of France. See Segar on Honor, p. 83." REED.	nalis Lorenzo de Monticelso electus est in sedem

|| That, of the Golden Fleece] "Instituted by Philip the Good, Duke of Burgundy and Earl of Flandere. in 1429. See Segar, p. 79." REED.

¶ Knight of the Holy Ghost] "Instituted by Henry III. King of France and Polaud, in the year 1579. See Segar, p. 87." REED.

** Knight of the Annunciation] "An Order begun by Amedee Count of Savoy, surnamed Il Verde, in memory of Amedes the first Earl, who, having valorously defended the Isle of Rhodes, did win these arms now horne by the Dukes of Savoy. See Segar, p. 85." REED.

+ + Knight of the honour'd Garter] "Founded by King Edward III." REED.

The Ordinary, Act 5. Sc. 4. (Worke, 1651.)

Rohertus de Tinea electus est in sedem Hospita-

apostolicam, et elegit sibi nomen Paulum Quartum.

the election of a pope was declared to the people. See

Roscoe's Life of Leo the Tenth, vol. ü. p. 166. ed. 1805.

Cartwright, perhaps, meant to parody this passage of

Webster, when he wrote the following;

lem;

"Moth. Denuncio vohis gaudium magnum,

Et accumit sibi nomen Galfridi."

* Denuntic vobis, &c.] All the 4tos. except that of 1612, "Annuntio."-This was nearly the form in which

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D

Omnes. Vivat sanctus pater Paulus Quartus!*	And some are of my council. Noble friend,
Enter Servant.	Our danger shall he like in this design :
Servant. Vittoria, my lord,—	Give leave, part of the glory may be mine.
Fran. de Med. Well, what of her?	[Excunt FRAN. DE MED. and GASPARO.
Servant. Is fled the city,—	Re enter MONTICELBO.
Fran. de Med. Ha !	Mont. Why did the Duke of Florence with
Servant. With Duke Brachiano.	such care
Fran. de Med. Fled ! Where's the Prince Gio-	Labour your pardon ? say.*
vanni?	Lod. Italian beggars will resolve you that,
Servant. Gone with his father.	Who, begging of an alms, bid those they beg of,
Fran. de Med. Let the matrona of the con-	Do good for their own sakes; or it may be,
vertites	He spreads his bounty with a sowing hand,
Be apprehended.—Fled ! O, damnable !	Like kings, who many times give out of measure,
[Exit Servant.	Not for desert so much, as for their pleasure.
How fortunate are my wishes! why, 'twas this	Mont. I know you're cunning. Come, what
I only labour'd : I did send the letter	devil was that
To instruct him what to do. Thy fame, fond+	That you were raising?
duke,	Lod. Devil, my lord !
I first have poison'd; directed thee the way	Mont. I ask you +
To marry a whore: what can be worse? This	How doth the duke employ you, that his bonnet
follows,—	Fell with such compliment unto his knee,
The hand must act to drown the passionate	When he departed from you?
tongue :	Lod. Why, my lord,
I scorn to wear a sword and prate of wrong.	He told me of a resty Barbary horse
Enter MONTICELSO in state.	Which he would fain have brought to the career,
Mont. Concedimus vobis apostolicam benedic-	The salt,‡ and the ring-galliard : now, my lord,
tionem et remissionem peccatorum.‡	I have a rare French rider.§
My lord reports Vittoria Corombona	Mont. Take you heed
Is stol'n from forth the house of convertites	Lest the jade break your neck. Do you put me off
By Brachiano, and they're fied the city.	With your wild horse tricks? Sirrah, you do lie.
Now, though this be the first day of our state,§	O, thou'rt a foul black cloud, and thou dost threat
We cannot better please the divine power	A violent storm !
Than to sequester from the holy church	Lod. Storms are i'the air, my lord :
These cursed persons. Make it therefore known,	I am too low to storm.
We do denounce excommunication	Mont. Wretched creature !
Against them hoth : all that are theirs in Rome	I know that thou art fashion'd for all ill,
We likewise hanish. Set on.	Like dogs that once get blood, they'll ever kill. About some murder ? was't not?
[Excent MONTIOEL60, his train, Ambassadors, &c.]	Lod. I'll not tell you :
Fran. de Med. Come, dear Lodovico;	And yet I care not greatly if I do;
You have ta'en the sacrament to prosecute The intended murder.	Marry, with this preparation. Holy father.
Lod. With all constancy.	marry, with this preparation. They rather,
But, sir, I wonder you'll engage yourself	* Why did the Duke of Florence with such care
In person, heing a great prince.	Labour your pardon? say] In some copies of the 4to. of 1612 this forms part of Francisco's speech, but in other
Fran. de Med. Divert me not.	copies of that edition, and in the 4to. of 1631, it is rightly
Most of his court are of my faction,	given to Monticelso.
	† <i>I ask you</i>] The two oldest 4tos. give this to Lodovico, but the 4tos. of 1665 and 1672 assign it to Monticelso, to
* Paulus Quartus] Qy. did Webster, in making Monti-	whom it obviously belonge.
celso Pope Paul IV., follow the work from which he took the plot of this play? The person who was really raised	t The salt] The old eds. have "The 'sault," &c. : but a
to that dignity was John Peter Caraffa.	particular kind of leaping or bounding is meant. "If then you finde in him your borsel's natural indination

the definity was some tool on an and the second secon not given.

§ state] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612, and the 4to. of 1631, "seat."

then you finde in him [your horse] a naturall inclination of lightnesse, and a spirit both apt to apprehend and execute any Sault above ground," &c. Markham's *Cavalarice*, &c., p. 234, ed. 1617. § *French rider*] When this play was written, the French excelled most nations in horsemanship.

I come not to you as an intelligencer, Are to ensue about midnight: such his cunning: But as a peuitent sinner : what I utter He sounds my depth thus with a golden plummet. Is in confession merely; which you know I am doubly arm'd now. Now to the act-of blood, Must never be reveal'd. There's but three Furies found in spacious hell, But in a great man's breast three thousand dwell. Mont. You have o'erta'en me. Exit. Lod. Sir, I did love Brachiano's duchees dearly, Or rather I pursu'd her with hot lust, A passage over the stage of BRACHIANO, FLAMINEO, MAR-CELLO, HORTENSIO, VITTORIA COROMBONA, CORNELIA, Though she ne'er knew on't. She was poison'd ; ZANOHE, and others: excunt omnes except FLAMINEO Upon my soul, she was : for which I have sworn and HORTENSIO.* To avenge her murder. Flam. In all the weary minutes of my life, Mont. To the Duke of Florence ? Day ne'er broke up till now. This marriage Lod. To him I have. Confirms me happy. Mont. Miserable creature ! Hort. 'Tis a good assurance. If thou persist in this, 'tis damnable. Saw you not yet the Moor that's come to court? Dost thou imagine thou canst slide on blood, Flam. Yes, and conferr'd with him i'the duke's And not be tainted with a shameful fall? closet: Or, like the black and melancholic yew-tree, I have not seen a goodlier personage, Dost think to root thyself in dead men's graves, Nor ever talk'd with man better experienc'd And yet to prosper? Instruction to thes In state affairs or rudiments of war: Comes like sweet showers to over-harden'd ground; He hath, by report, serv'd the Venetian They wet, but pierce not deep. And so I leave In Candy these twice seven years, and been chief thee. In many a hold design. With all the Furies hanging 'hout thy neck, Hort. What are those two Till by thy penitence thou remove this evil, That hear him company? In conjuring from thy breast that cruel devil. Flam. Two nohlemen of Hungary, that, living [Exit. in the emperor's service as commanders, eight Lod. I'll give it o'er; he says 'tis damnable : years since, contrary to the expectation of all the Besides I did expect his suffrage, court, entered into religion, into the strict order By reason of Camillo's death. of Capuchins: but, being not well settled in their undertaking, they left their order, and returned Re-enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS with a Servant. to court; for which, being after troubled in con-Fran. de Med. Do you know that count? science, they vowed their service against the Servant. Yes, my lord. enemies of Christ, went to Malta, were there Fran. de Med. Bear him these thousand ducats knighted, and in their return back, at this great to his lodging; solemnity, they are resolved for ever to forsake Tell him the Pope hath sent them. - [Aside.] the world, and settle themselves here in a house Happily That will confirm [him] more than all the rest. [Exit. of Capuchins in Padua. Hort. 'Tis strange. Servant. Sir,-Flam. One thing makes it so : they have vowed Lod. To me, sir? for ever to wear, next their bare bodies, those Servant. His Holiness hath sent you a thousand coats of mail they served in. crowns. Hort. Hard penance ! Is the Moor a Christian ? And wills you, if you travel, to make him Flam. He is. Your patron for intelligence. Hort. Why proffers he his service to our duke? Lod. His creature ever to be commanded. Flam. Because he understands there's like to . [Exit Servant. Why, now 'tis come about. He rail'd upon me; grow Some warst between us and the Duke of Florence, And yet these crowns were told out and laid ready Before he knew my voyage. O the art, In which he hopes employment. The modest form of greatness ! that do sit, I never saw one in a stern bold look Wear more command, nor in a lofty phrase Like brides at wedding-dinners, with their looks Express more knowing or more deep contempt turn'd From the least wanton jest, their puling stomach * except Flamineo and Hortensio] Scene. Padua. An Sick of the modesty, when their thoughts are loose, apartment of a palace. † wars] The 4to. of 1631, "war." Even acting of those hot and lustful sports

p 2

Of our slight airy courtiers. He talks Lod. To have poison'd his prayer-hook, or a pair As if he had travell'd all the princes' courts of heads. Of Christendom : in all things strives to express, The pummel of his saddle,* his looking-glass, That all that should dispute with him may know, Or the handle of his racket,---O, that, that! Glories, like glow-worms,* afar off shine bright, That while he had been handving at tennis, But look'd to near, have neither heat nor light.-He might have sworn himself to hell, and strook The duke! His soul into the hazard ! O, my lord, I would have our plot be ingenious, Re-enter BRACHIANO ; with FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS disquised And have it hereafter recorded for example, like MULINASSAR, LODOVICO, ANTONELLI, GASPARO, Rather than borrow example. FARNESE, CARLO, and PEDRO, † bearing their swords and helmets; and MARCELLO. Fran. de Med. There's no way Brach. You are nobly welcome. We have heard More speeding than this thought on. at full Lod. On, + then. Your honourable service 'gainst the Turk. Fran. de Med. And yet methinks that this To you, brave Mulinassar, we assign revenge is poor, A competent peusion: and are inly sorry, Because it steals upon him like a thief. The vows of those two worthy gentlemen To have ta'en him by the casque in a pitch'd Make them incapable of our proffer'd bounty. field. Led him to Florence !--Your wish is, you may leave your warlike swords Lod. It had been rare : and there For monuments in our chapel: I accept it As a great honour done me, and must crave Have crown'd him with a wreath of sticking garlic, Your leave to furnish out our duchess' revels. To have shown the sharpness of his government Only one thing, as the last vanity And rankness of his lust. +-Flamineo comes. [Excunt LODOVICO, ANTONELLI, GASPARO, FARNESE, You e'er shall view, deny me not to stay CARLO, and PEDRO. To see a harriers prepar'd to-night: You shall have private standings. It hath pleas'd Re-enter FLAMINEO, MARCELLO, and ZANCHE. The great amhassadors of several princes. Mar. Why doth this devil haunt you, say? In their return from Rome to their own countries, Flam. I know not; To grace our marriage, and to honour me For, by this light, I do not conjure for her. With such a kind of sport. 'Tis not so great a cunning as men think, Fran. de Med. I shall persuade them To raise the devil; for here's one up already: To stay, my lord. The greatest cunning were to lay him down. Brach. Set on there to the presence $! \ddagger$ Mar. She is your shame. [Excunt BRACHIANO, FLAMINEO, MARCELLO, and Flam. I prithee, pardon her. HOATENSIO. In faith, you see, women are like to hurs, Car. Noble my lord, most fortunately welcome: Where their affection throws them, there they'll The Conspirators here embrace. stick. You have our vows, seal'd with the sacrament, Zan. That is my countryman, a goodly person : To second your attempts. When he's at leisure, I'll discourse with him Ped. And all things ready : In our own language. He could not have invented his own ruin Exit ZANCHE. Flam. I heseech you do. (Had he despair'd) with more propriety.§ How is't, hrave soldier? O, that I had seen Lod. You would not take my way. Some of your iron days! I pray, relate Fran. de Med. 'Tis better order'd. Some of your service to us. Fran. de Med. 'Tis a ridiculous thing for a * Glories, like glow-worms, &c.] This fine simile occurs agaiu verhatim in the Duchess of Malf. A. 4. S. 2.

 \dagger Carlo and Pedro] In both the earliest 4tos. "Car." and "Ped." are prefixed to the respective speeches of these personages in this scene, though their eutrance is not marked; and their names are found at full length alterwards in stage directions. The 4tos, of 1665 and 1672 prefix to the two epesches in question, "Lod." and "Gas."

t Set on there to the presence] This evidently belongs to Brachiauo, though all the 4tos. give it to Francisco.

§ propriety] The 4tos. of 1665 and 1672, "dexterity."

* The pummel of his saddle] "This was one of the methods put in practice in order to destroy Queen Elizabeth. In the year 1598, Edward Squire was convicted of anointing the pummel of the Queen's eaddle with poison, for which he was afterwards executed. See Camden's Elizabeth, p. 726. Elz. edit. 1639." REED.

† On] The 4to. of 1631, "Oh."

[‡] And rankness of his lust] After these words, the 4tos, of 1665 and 1672 insert "But peace," not found in the two esrliest 4tos.

man to be his own chronicle: I did never wash my mouth with mine own praise for fear of getting a stinking breath.

Mar. You're too stoical. The duke will expect other discourse from you.

Fran. de Med. I shall never flatter him: I have studied man too much to do that. What difference is between the duke and I? no more than between two bricks, all made of one clay: only't may be one is placed on the top of a turret, the other in the bottom of a well, by mere chance. If I were placed as high as the duke, I should stick as fast, make as fair a show, and bear out weather equally.

Flam. [aside] If this soldier had a patent to beg in churches, then he would tell them stories.

Mar. I have been a soldier too.

Fran. de Med. How have you thrived ? Mar. Faith, poorly.

Fran. de Med. That's the misery of peace : only outsides are then respected. As ships seem very great upon the river, which show very little upon the seas, so some men i'the court seem colossuses in a chamber, who, if they came into the field, would appear pitiful pigmies.

Flam. Give me a fair room yet hung with arras, and some great cardinal to lug me by the ears as his endeared minion.

Fran. de Med. And thou mayst do the devil knows what villauy.

Flam. And safely.

Fran. de Med. Right: you shall see in the country, in harvest-time, pigeons, though they destroy never so much corn, the farmer dare not present the fowling-piece to them: why? because they belong to the lord of the manor; whilst your poor sparrows, that belong to the lord of heaven, they go to the pot for't.

Flam. I will now give you some politic instructions. The duke says he will give you a* pension: that's but bare promise; get it under his hand. For I have known men that have come from serving against the Turk, for three or four months they have had pension to buy them new wooden legs and fresh plasters; but, after, 'twas not to be had. And this miserable courtesy shows as if a tormentor should give hot cordial drinks to one three quarters dead o'the rack, only to fetch the miserable soul again to endure more dogdays.

[Exit FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS. †

The 4tos. do not mark the Exit of Francisco ; but it is necessary to get rid of him, as he *enters* towards the end of this scene. Re-enter HORTENSIO and ZANCHE, with a Young Lord and two more.

How uow, gallants ! what, are they ready for the barriers ?

Young Lord. Yes; the lords are putting on their armour.

Hort. What's he ?

Flam. A new up-start; one that swears like a falconer, and will lie in the duke's ear day by day, like a maker of almanacs: and yet I knew him, eince he came to the court, smell worse of sweat than an under-tennis-court-keeper.

Hort. Look you, yonder's your eweet mistress.

Flam. Thou art my sworn brother: I'll tell thee, I do love that Moor, that witch, very constrainedly. She knows some of my villany. I do love her just as a man holds a wolf by the ears: but for fear of turning upon me aud pulling out my throat, I would let her go to the devil.

Hort. I hear she claims marriage of thee.

Flam. Faith, I made to her some such dark promise; and, in seeking to fly from't, I run on, like a frighted dog with a bottle at's tail, that fain would bite it off, and yet dares not look behind him.—Now, my precious gipsey.

Zanche. Ay, your love to me rather cools than heats.

Flam. Marry, I am the sounder lover: we have many wenches about the town heat too fast.

Hort. What do you think of these perfumed gallants, then ?

Flam. Their satin cannot save them: I am confident

They have a certain spice of the disease;

For they that sleep with dogs shall rise with fleas.

Zanche. Believe it, a little painting and gay clothes make you love * me.

Flam. How ! love a lady for paiuting or gay apparel? I'll unkennel one example more for thee. Æsop had a foolish dog that let go the flesh to catch the shadow: I would have courtiers he better divers.

Zanche. You remember your oaths ?

Flam. Lovers' oaths are like mariners' prayers, uttered in extremity; but when the tempest is o'er, and that the vessel leaves tumbling, they fall from protesting to drinking. And yet, amongst gentlemen, protesting and drinking go together, and agree as well as shoe-makers and Westphalia bacon: they are both drswers on;

^{*} a] Omitted in the 4to. of 1612.

^{*} love] The three earliest 4tos. "loath."

 for drink draws on protestation, and protestation draws on more drink. Is not this discours draws on more drink. Is not this discours draws on more when the morality* of your sumburning Beenter COMMELL. Core. Is this your perch, you haggard ! fly to the stews. (Striking ZANCHE, Zanche. Ho comes. Hence petty thought of my disgnace ! Beenter Park and Comment. Canche. Sho's good for nothing, but to make her maids Catche cold a nights: they dare not use a bed-staff. For fear of her light finges. Mar. You're a strumpet, Mar. You're a strumpet, Mar. She brags that you shall marry her. Flam. With a fan of feathers? Mar. And, for you, III with a fan of feathers? Mar. And, for you, III with a fan of feathers? Mar. And, for you, III with a fan of feathers? Mar. And, for you, III with a fan of feathers? Mar. Mow, by all my hopes, Like the wood mays. Thoese words I'll may hopes, Like the wood stagghter doal of doul y you have the outed to feast. Mar. Now, by all my hopes, Like the wood stagghter doal of doul you. Past. Mark the anawer with the basabad's person nor words, yet he like nort hoe anawer With thy heart-blood. Past. A correa flat to comeate the stagestor? The stin of Commets to good filtight the stake anawer wither play'd foul play. With thy heart-blood. The stin of Commets to good grant, the staggetter's conson of Wards, yet he like not the sumption and the staggetter's four the staggetter's the staggetter's four a flotton. The stin of Commets to good filtight the stake to anay come to good filtight. The stin of Commets to good filtight. The stin of Commets to good		1
better now than the morality * of your sunburnt gentleman / Mar. Yerg god. [Zard Tr.MANKNO. Re-meter CORFERIA. An thoi be'ts a noble friend, bear him my word, An thoi be'ts a noble friend, bear him my word, An thoi be'ts a noble friend, bear him my word, An thoi be'ts a noble friend, bear him my word, An thoi be'ts a noble friend, bear him my word, An thoi be'ts a noble friend, bear him my word, An thoi be'ts a noble friend, bear him my word, An thoi be light finges. Identify for the strumpet, An impudent one. [Zard Tr.Mankaro, Horrnson, and Escater Francous ne Mences. Flam. Writ the sight fingers. Ine'er lov'd my complexion till now, 'Canse I may boldly say, without a blush, I love you. Mar. I had rather she were pitch'd upon stake [Kicking Zaron: Karok. A ha father she were pitch'd upon stake Mar. I had rather she were pitch'd upon stake I am sunk iny cars, and have yowed never to marry. Plam. What, then? Fran. de Med. Your love is untimely sown; there's a spring at Michaelmas, but 'is but a faint or hory. Flam. And, for you, TII whip This folly from you. Fran. A med. II thake ne nearyon, TI out her thror. Flam. Now, by all my hopes, Like the two alaughterd sons of GEdipus, The words messed for ardiection Shall turn tvoi, ways. Those words PII makk the eanser Mar. Now, by all my hopes, Like the two alaughterd sons of GEdipus, The words fames for unaffection Shall turn tvoi, ways. Those words PII makk the as answer Mar. Now, by all my hopes, Like the two alaughterd sons of GEdipus, The vorg fames of our affection	for drink draws on protestation, and protestation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
gentleman f Render CORNELLA. Cor. Is this your perch, you haggard f fly to the stews. [Strikking ZANCEL. Flam. You should be clapt by the heels now is strike if the court i. [Exit Construct., Zanche. She's good for nothing, but to make the maids Mar. Not we strumpet, Cor. Is this your perch, you hanggard f fly to the maids Plam. You should be clapt by the heels now is strike if the court i. [Exit Construct., Zanche. She's good for nothing, but to make the maids Mar. Stoke s strumpet, An thou be's a noble friend, bear him my sword, And bid him fit the length on't. Zanche. She's good for nothing, but to make the same maids Mar. Stoke strumpet, An thou be's a noble friend, bear him my sword, And bid him fit the length on't. Yame, A the good for nothing, but to make the search of the more. Mar. Stoke a strumpet, An thou be's a noble fit fit goots. Mar. That we that a be is like a walkut free? Mar. I had rather she were pitch' upon a stake mar. Stake brage that you shall arry port, so hound; I am of gae. Mar. Now, by all my hopes, I his word, an em me not that ba off fit hee. Mar. Now, by all my hopes, I he wrong me me not that ba or soft offit me. He wrong me me mot that tha off stop. <td< td=""><td></td><td></td></td<>		
Re-enter CORRENT.A. Cor. Is this your perch, you haggard if y to the stawa. [Striking ZANCEL. Riam. You should be clapt by the heads now: anothe source is the source of the source o	• •	
<i>Kenter Constitut. Cor.</i> Is this your perch, you haggard if by to the stews. [Striking ZANCHE. <i>Flam.</i> You should be clapt by the heels now: strike if the court I [<i>Exit</i> CONFERLA.] <i>Zancha.</i> She's good for nothing, but to make her maids to her maids <i>Canche.</i> Alse you of nothing, but to make her maids rates a strunget, <i>Mar.</i> You're a strumpet, <i>Mar.</i> You're a strumpet, <i>Mar.</i> No're a strumpet, <i>Mar.</i> Nu're a boy a kolk her, say? <i>Do you blink that abe is like a walaut tree? Must she be cudgell'd ere aba bear good frui? Mar.</i> She brage that you shall marry her. <i>Flam.</i> Why do you kick her, say? <i>Lanche.</i> Alas! poor maids get more lovers than husbands: yet you may mistake my wealth. <i>Mar.</i> The ar her percent, and there three are manner, and be better lover for my dowry than my virtue. <i>Ham.</i> No, your brother ! <i>Flam.</i> Hang him, <i>He wrong me most that ought to offend me least— <i>I for you, Synther Strumption on the stage during the direct of <i>Mar.</i> No, by all my hopes, <i>Like the two alaughter'd sons of GEdipus, The wery fames of our affection * morelity!</i> The firse carliest 4tow. "morelity." <i>Y the Exit of Comelia is onited in the view.</i>; but that the a direct of <i>Mar.</i> Now, by all my hopes, <i>Like the two alaughter'd sons of GEdipus, * morelity!</i> The firse carliest 4tow. "morelity." <i>Y the Exit of Comelia is onited in the view.</i>; but that the the trade during the during the direct of <i>Mar.</i> Now, by all my hopes, <i>Mar.</i> The ar whispering all about the court <i>Yrow are to figt : sho is your oposite? What is the quarre? Y the first the guarre? Y the first the guarre? Y the first the guarre? Y that the the guarre? Y that the the guarre? Y the first the first you propesit? Y the first the guarre?</i></i></i>	gentleman ?	· · ·
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Mar. And, for you, I'll whip This folly from you. Flam. Are you choleric? Plam. Are you choleric? I'll purge't with rhubarb. Hort. O, your brother ! Plam. Hang him, He wronga me most that ought to offend me least.— I do suspect my mother play'd foul play When she conceiv'd thee. Mar. Now, by all my hopes, Like the two slaughter'd sons of CEdipus, The very flames of our affection Shall turn two‡ ways. Those words I'll make thee answer With thy heart-blood. * morality] The three earliest 4tos. "mortality." * that a his is not on the stage during the deadly quarrel? Mar. Yill call the duke, And he shall school you. Mar. Publich not a fear You are to fight: who is your opposite? What is the quarrel? Mar. Differe Marcello, &c. J Scen note, p. * two of this crucifix my father's ? * two of the speriment in the stare during the deadity quarrel of the sourd convert to laughter: 'tis not so. Was not this cruci	•	
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"flamma	-	Was not this crucifix my father's ?
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Cor. Yea.	Hort. Your kindest office is to pray for him.
Mar. I have heard you say, giving my brother	Cor. Alas, I would not pray for him yet. He
suck, He took the emusion hatman his herds	may live to lay me i'the ground, and pray for me,
He took the crucifix between his hands, And broke a limb off.	if you'll let me come to him.
Cor. Yes; but 'tis mended.	Enter BRACHIANO all armed, save the beaver, with
	FLAMINEO, FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, LODOVICO, and
Enter FLAMINEO.	Page.
Flam. I have brought your weapon back. [Runs MARCELLO through.	Brach. Was this your bandiwork? Flam. It was my misfortune.
Cor. Ha! O my horror !	Cor. He lies, he lies; he did not kill him : these
Mar. You have brought it home, indeed.	bave killed him that would not let him be better
Cor. Help ! O, he's murder'd !	looked to.
Flam. Do you turn your gall up? I'll to	Brach. Have comfort, my griev'd mother.
anctuary, And send a surgeon to you. [Exit.	Cor. O you * screech-owl ! Hort. Forbear, good madam.
• • •	Cor. Let me go, let me go.
Enter CARLO, HORTENSIO, and PEDRO.	[She runs to FLAMINEO with her knife drawn, and,
Hort. How ! o'the ground !	coming to him, lets it fall.
Mar. O mother, now remember what I told	The God of heaven forgive thee! Dost not wonder
Of breaking of the crucifix ! Farewell. There are some sins which heaven doth duly	I pray for thee? I'll tell thee what's the reason :
punish	I have scarce breath to number twenty minutes;
In a whole family. This it is to rise	I'd not spend that in cursing. Fare thes well:
By all dishonest means! Let all men know,	Half of thyself lies there; and mayat thou
That tree shall long time keep a steady foot	live
Whose branches spread no wilder* than the root.	To fill an hour-glass with his moulder'd ashes,
Cor. O my perpetual sorrow !	To tell how thou shouldst spend the time to come
Hort. Virtuous Marcello !	In blest repentance !
He'a deadPray, leave him, lady : come, you	Brach. Mother, pray tell me
eball.	How came he by his death? what was the quarrel?
Cor. Alas, he is not dead; he's in a trance.	Cor. Indeed, my younger boy presum'd too
Why, here's nobody shall get any thing by his	much
death. Let me call him again, for God's sake !	Upon his manhood, gave him bitter words,
Car. I would you were deceived.	Drew his sword first; and so, I know not how,
Cor. O, you abuse me, you abuse me, you	For I was out of my wits, he fell with's head
abuse me! How many have gone away thus, for	Just in my bosom.
lack of tendance ! Rear up's head, rear up's	Page. This is not true, madam.
head : his bleeding inward will kill him.	Cor. I pray thee, peace.
Hort. You see he is departed.	One arrow's graz'd already : it were vain
Cor. Let me come to him; give me him as he	To lose this for that will ne'er be found again.
ia: if he be turned to earth, let me but give him	Brach. Go, bear the body to Cornelia's lodging:
one hearty kiss, and you shall put us both into	And we command that none acquaint our duchess
one coffin. Fetch a looking-glass; see if his	With this sad accident. For you, Flamineo,
breath will not stain it: or pull out some feathers	Hark you, I will not grant your pardou.
from my pillow, and lay them to his lips. Will	Flam. No?
you lose him for a little pains-taking?	Brach. Only a lease of your life; and that shall last
* wilder] The 4to. of 1672, "wider."	But for one day: thou shalt be forc'd each evening
† Fetch a looking-glass, &c.] "So Shakespeare in King Lear, A. 5. S. 3:	To renew it, or be hang'd.
' Lend me a looking-glass ;	Flam. At your pleasure.
If that her breath will mist or stain the stone,	[LODOVICO sprinkles BRAOHIANO's beaver with a poison.
Why, then she lives	Your will is law now, I'll not meddle with it.
It is a chance which does redeem all sorrows	
That ever I have felt.'" REED.	* you] The 4tos. of 1665 and 1672, "yon."

Brach. You once did brave me in your sister's	And wretched murderers, have I not power
lodging;	To lengthen mine own a twelve-month ?
I'll now keep you in awe for'tWhere's our	Do not kiss me, for I shall poison thee.
beaver?	This unction's sent from the great Duke of
Fran. de Med. [aside.] He calls for his destruc-	Florence.
tion. Noble youth,	Fran. de Med. Sir, be of comfort.
I pity thy sad fate! Now to the barriers.	Brach. O thou soft natural death, that art*
This shall his passage to the black lake further;	joint-twin
The last good deed he did, he pardon'd murther. [Exeunt.	To sweetest slumber ! no rough-bearded comet
[Charges and shouts.* They fight at barriers ; † first	Stares on thy mild departure; the dull owl
single pairs, then three to three.	Beats not against thy casement; the hoarse wolf
The Angelet Ang	Scents not thy carrion : pity winds thy corse,
Enter BRACHIANO, VITTORIA COROMEONA, GIOVANNI, FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, FLAMINEO, with others.	Whilst horror waits on princes.
Brach. An armorer ! ud's death, an armorer !	Vit. Cor. I am lost for ever.
Flam. Armorer ! where's the armorer ?	Brach. How miserable a thing it is to die
	'Mongst women howling !
Brach. Tear off my beaver.	Enter LODOVICO and GASPARO, in the habit of Capuchins.
Flam. Are you hurt, my lord?	
Brach. O, my brain's on fire !	What are those? Flam. Franciscans:
Enter Armorer.	
The helmet is poison'd.	They have brought the extreme unction.
Armorer. My lord, upon my soul,-	Brach. On pain of death, let no man name death
Brach. Away with him to torture !	to me:
There are some great ones that have hand in this,	It is a word infinitely terrible. Withdraw into our cabinet.
And near about me.	Excunt all except FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS and FLAMINEO.
Vit. Cor. O my lov'd lord ! poison'd !	Flam. To see what solitariness is about dying
Flam. Remove the bar. Here's unfortunate	
revels !	princes ! as heretofore they have unpeopled towns, divorced friends, and made great houses unhospi-
Call the physicians.	table, so now, O justice ! where are their flatterers
Enter two Physicians.	now? Flatterers are but the shadows of princes'
-	bodies; the least thick cloud makes them invisible.
A plague upon you !	Fran. de Med. There's great moan made for him.
We have too much of your cunning here already:	Flam. Faith, for some few hours salt-water will
I fear the ambassadors are likewise poison'd.	
Brach. O, I am gone already ! the infection	run most plentifully in every office o'the court : but, believe it, most of them do but weep over
Flies to the brain and heart. O thou strong heart!	their stepmothers' graves.
There's such a covenant 'tween the world and it, They're loth to break.	Fran. de Med. How mean you ?
Giov. O my most lovèd father !	Flam. Why, they dissemble; as some men do
Brach. Remove the boy away.—	that live within compass o'the verge.
Where's this good woman ?Had I infinite worlds,	Fran. de Med. Come, you have thrived well
They were too little for thee: must I leave thee ?—	under him.
What say you, screech-owls, is the venom mortal?	<i>Flam.</i> Faith, like a wolf in a woman's breast;
First Phys. Most deadly.	I have been fed with poultry: but, for money,
Brach. Most corrupted politic hangman,	understand me, I had as good a will to cozen him
You kill without book; but your art to save	as ever an officer of them all; but I had not
Fails you as oft as great men's needy friends.	cunning enough to do it.
I that have given life to offending slaves	Fran. de Med. What didst thou think of him?
* Charges and shouts to I Soons The lists of Deduc	faith, speak freely.
* Charges and shouts, &c.] Scene. The liste at Padua. † barriers] "Barriere cometh of the French word	* art] The 4to. of 1631, "are."
Barres, and eignifieth with us that which the Frenchmen	† graves] The 4to. of 1631, "grave."
call Jey de Barres, a martial eport or exercise of men	t like a wolf in a woman's breast "The extraordinary

Barres, and eignifieth with us that which the Frenchmen call *Jeu de Barres*, a martial eport or exercise of men armed, and fighting together with short swords within certain Barres or lists, whereby they are soparated from the epectators." Cowel's *Interpreter*, ed. 1701.

THE WHITE DEVIL; OR, VITTORIA COROMBONA.

Fran. de Med. O, speak well of the duke.

and deserving subjects he lost before it.

Flam. I have done. Wilt hear some of my court-wisdom? To reprehend princes is dangerous; and to over-commend some of them is palpable lying.

Flam. He was a kind of statesman that would

sooner have reckoued how many cannon-bullets

he had discharged against * town, to count his

expence that way, than how many of his valiant

Re-enter LODOVICO.

Fran. de Med. How is it with the duke? Lod. Most deadly ill. He's fall'n into a strange distraction : He talks of battles and monopolies, Levying of taxes; and from that descends To the most brain-sick language. His mind fastens On twenty several objects, which confound Deep sense with folly. Such a fearful end May teach some men that bear too lofty crest, Though they live happiest, yet they die not best.

He hath conferr'd the whole state of the dukedom Upon your sister, till the prince arrive At mature age.

Flam. There's some good luck in that yet. Fran. de Med. See, here he comes.

Enter BRACHIANO, presented in a bed, * VITTORIA COROM-BONA, GASPARO, and Attendants. There's death in's face already.

Vit. Cor. O my good lord !

Brach. Away ! you have abus'd me : [These speeches are several kinds of distractions, and in the action should appear so. †

You have convey'd coin forth our territories. Bought and sold offices, oppress'd the poor, And I ne'er dreamt on't. Make up your accounts : I'll now be mine own steward.

Flam. Sir, have patience.

Brach. Indeed, I am to blame:

For did you ever hear the dusky raven

Chide blackness? or was't ever known the devil Rail'd against cloven creatures?

Vit. Cor. O my lord !

Brach. Let me have some quails to supper.

Flam. Sir, you shall.

Brach. No, some fried dog-fish; your quails feed on poison.

That old dog-fox, that politician, Florence !

+ The 4to. of 1631 omits this stage-direction.

Rare ! I'll be friends with him ; for, mark you, sir, one dog Still sets another a-barking. Peace, peace ! Youder's a fine slave come in now. Flam. Where? Brach. Why, there, In a blue bonnet, and a pair of breeches With a great cod-piece : ha, ha, ha ! Look you, his cod-piece is stuck full of pins. With pearls o'the head of them. Do not you know him? Flam. No. my lord. Brach. Why, 'tis the devil; I know him by a great rose * he wears on's shoe, To hide his cloven foot. I'll dispute with him ; He's a rare linguist. Vit. Cor. My lord, here's nothing. Brach. Nothing ! rare ! nothing ! when I want money, Our treasury is empty, there is nothing : I'll not be us'd thus. Vit. Cor. O, lie still, my lord ! Brach. See, see Flamineo, that kill'd his brother, Is dancing on the ropes there, and he carries A money-bag in sach hand, to keep him even, For fear of breaking's neck : and there's a lawyer, In a gown whipt with velvet, stares and gapes When the money will fall. How the rogue cuts capers ! It should have been in a halter. 'Tis there: what's she? Flam. Vittoria, my lord. Brach. Ha, ha, ha! her hair is sprinkled with arras-powder,+ That makes her look as if she had sinn'd in the pastry.-What's he? Flam. A divine, my lord. [BRACHIANO seems here near his end: LODOVICO and GASPARO, in the habit of Capuchine, present him in his bed with a crucifix and hallowed candle. Brach. He will be drunk; avoid him: the argument Is fearful, when churchmen stagger in't. * rose] i. e. knot of ribands. † arras-powder] So our author again in the Duchess of Malf; "When I wax gray, I shall have all the court

Powder their hair with arras, to be like me."

A. III. S. 2.

Arras-powder means, we can hardly doubt, orris-powder, -powder made of the root of the orris. (See Halliwell'a Dict. of Arch. and Prov. Words, aub Arras.)

[·] Enter Brachiano, presented in a bed, &c.] Here the audience were to suppose that a change of scene had taken place, - that the stage now represented Brachiano's chamber: in p. 42 Gasparo says, "For Christian charity, avoid the chamber."

 Look you, six grey rats,* that have lost their tails, Crawl up the pillow : send for a rat-catcher : I'll do a miracle, I'll free the court From all foul vermin. Where's Flamineo? Flam. I do not like that he names me so often, Especially on's death-bed : 'tis a sign [Aside. I shall not live long.—See, he's near his end. Lod. Pray, give us leave.—Attende, domine Brachiane. Flam. See, see how firmly he doth fix his eys Upon the crucifix. Vit. Cor. O, hold it constant ! It settles his wild spirits; and so his eyes Melt into tears. Lod. Domine Brachiane, solebas in bello tutus 	 Gas. Now there's mercury— Lod. And copperas— Gas. And quicksilver— Lod. With other devilish pothecary * stuff, A-melting in your politic brains : dost hear ? Gas. This is Count Lodovico. Lod. This, Gasparo : And thou shalt die like a poor rogue. Gas. And stink Like a dead fly-blown dog. Lod. And be forgotten Before thy funeral sermon. Brach. Vittoria ! Vittoria ! Lod. O, the cursèd devil
esse tuo clypeo; nunc hunc clypeum hosti tuo op-	Comes + to himself again ! we are undone.
ponas infernali. [By the crucifix.	Gas. Strangle him in private.
Gas. Olim hastá valuisti in bello; nunc hanc sacram hastam vibrabis contra hostem animarum. [By the hallowed taper.	Enter VITTORIA COROMBONA, FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, FLAMINEO, and Attendants.
Lod. Attende, domine Brachiane; si nunc quoque probas ea quæ acta sunt inter nos, flecte caput in dextrum. Gas. Esto securus, domine Brachiane; cogita quantum habeas meritorum; denique memineris meam animam pro tud oppignoratam si quid esset periculi.	What, will you call him again To live in treble torments? for charity, For Christian charity, avoid the chamber. [Breunt VITTORIA COROMBONA, FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, FLAMINEO, and Attendants. Lod. You would prate, sir? This is a true-love- knot
Lod. Si nunc quoque probas ea quæ acta sunt	Sent from the Duke of Florence. [BRACHIANO is strangled.
inter nos, flecte caput in lævum	Gas. What, is it done?
He is departing : pray, stand all apart,	Lod. The snuff is out. No woman-keeper i'
And let us only whisper in his ears	the world,
Some private meditations, which our order	Though she had practis'd seven year at the pest-
Permits you not to hear. [Here, the rest being departed, Lonovico and Gas- PARO discover themselves.	houss, Could have done't quaintlier.
Gas. Brachiano, Lod. Devil Brachiano, thou art damn'd.	Re-enter VITTORIA COROMBONA, FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, FLAMINEO, and Attendants.
Gas. Perpetually.	My lords, he's dead.
Lod. A slave condemn'd and given up to the gallows	Omnes. Rest to his soul!
Is thy great lord and master.	Vit. Cor. O me! this place is hell. [Exit.
Gas. True; for thou	Fran. de Med. How heavily she takes it !
Art given up to the devil.	Flam. O, yes, yes;
Lod. O you slave !	Had women navigable rivers in their eyes, They would dispend them all: surely, I wonder
You that were held the famous politician,	Why we should wish more rivers to the city,
Whose art was poison !	When they sell water so good cheap. [±] I'll tell thee,
Gas. And whose conscience, murder!	These are but moonish shades of griefs or fears ;
Lod. That would have broke your wife's neck	There's nothing sooner dry than women's tears.
down the stairs,	Why, here's an end of all my harvest; he has
Ere she was poison'd!	given me nothiug.
Gas. That had your villanous salads ! Lod. And fine embroider'd bottles and perfumes,	
Equally mortal with a winter-plague !	* pothecary] The 4to. of 1631, "apothecary." † comes] The 4to. of 1612, "come." ‡ good cheap] Anewers to the French à bo marché:
* rats] The 4to. of 1631, "cats."	cheap is an old word for market.

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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Court promises! let wise men count them curs'd, For while you live, he that scores best pays	Zanche. Methought, sir, you came stealing to my bed.
worst.	Fran. de Med. Wilt thou believe me, sweeting?
Fran. de Med. Sure, this was Florence' doing.	by this light,
Flam. Very likely.	I was a dreamt on thee too; for methought
Those are found weighty strokes which come	I saw thee naked.
from the hand,	Zanche. Fie, sir! As I told you,
But those are killing strokes which come from the head.	Methought you lay down by me. Fran. de Med. So dreamt I;
O, the rare tricks of a Machiavelian!	And lest thou shouldst take cold, I cover'd thee
He doth not come, like a gross plodding slave,	With this Irish mantle.
And buffet you to death; no, my quaint knave,	Zanche. Verily, I did dream
He tickles you to death, makes you die laughing,	You were somewhat bold with me: but to come
As if you had swallow'd down a pound of saffron.	to't—
You see the feat, 'tis practis'd in a trice;	Lod. How, how! I hope you will not go to't*
To teach court honesty, it jumps on ice.	here.
Fran. de Med. Now have the people liberty to talk,	Fran. de Med. Nay, you must hear my dream out.
And descant on his vices.	Zanche. Well, sir, forth.
Flam. Misery of princes,	Fran. de Med. When I threw the mantle o'er
That must of force he censur'd by their slaves!	thee, thou didst laugh
Not only blam'd for doing things are ill,	Exceedingly, methought.
But for not doing all that all men will:	Zanche. Laugh !
One were better be a thresher.	Fran. de Med. And cried'st out,
Ud's death, I would fain speak with this duke yet.	The hair did tickle thee.
Fran. de Med. Now he's dead?	Zanche. There was a dream indeed !
Flam. I cannot conjure; but if prayers or oaths	Lod. Mark her, I prithee; she simpers like the
Will get to the speech of him, though forty devils	suds
Wait on him in his livery of flames,	A collier hath been wash'd in.
I'll speak to him, and shake him by the hand,	Zanche. Come, sir, good fortune tends you. I
Though I be blasted. [Exit.	did tell you
Fran. de Med. Excellent Lodovico!	I would reveal a secret : Isabella,
What, did you terrify him at the last gasp?	The Duke of Florence' sister, was impoison'd
Lod. Yes, and so idly, that the duke had like	By a fum'd picture; and Camillo's neck
To have terrified us.	Was broke by damn'd Flamineo, the mischance
Fran. de Med. How?	Laid on a vaulting horse.
Lod. You shall hear that hereafter.	Fran. de Med. Most strange !
Enter ZANCHE,	Zanche. Most true.
	Lod. The bed of snakes is broke.
See, yon's the infernal that would make up sport. Now to the revelation of that secret	Zanche. I sadly do confess I had a hand
She promis'd when she fell in love with you.	In the black deed.
Fran. de Med. You're passionately met in this	Fran. de Med. Thou kept'st their counsel?
sad world.	Zanche. Right ; For which, urg'd with contrition, I intend
Zanche. I would have you look up, sir; these	This night to rob Vittoria.
court-tears	Lod. Excellent penitence!
Claim not your tribute to them : let those weep	Usurers dream on't while they sleep out sermons.
That guiltily partake in the sad cause.	Zanche. To further our escape, I have entreated
I knew last night, by a sad dream I had,	Leave to retire me, till the funeral,
Some mischief would ensue; yet, to say truth,	Unto a friend i'the country : that excuse
My dream most concern'd you.	Will further our escape. In coin and jewels
Lod. Shall's fall a-dreaming?	I shall at least make good unto your use
Fran. de Med. Yes; and for fashion sake I'll	An hundred thousand crowns.
dream with her.	* to't] Some copies of the 4to. of 1612, "to it."
around white how	1 50 1 50 110 COPIES OF DIE 400. OF 1012, 10 W.

Flam. "When you are dead, father," said he, Fran. de Med. O noble wench ! Lod. Those crowns we'll share. "I hope that I shall ride in the saddle." O, 'tis a brave thing for a man to sit by himself ! he may Zanche. It is a dowry, stretch himself in the stirrups, look about, and see the whole compass of the hemisphere. You're false, now, my lord, i'the saddle. And wash the Æthiop white. Gio. Study your prayers, sir, and he penitent : Fran. de Med. It shall. Away ! 'Twere fit you'd think on what hath former bin; Zanche. Be ready for our flight. I have heard grief nam'd the eldest child of sin.* Fran. de Med. An hour 'fore day. [Exit. Exit ZANCHE. Flam. Study my prayers ! he threatens me O strange discovery ! why, till now we knew not divinely : I am falling to pieces already. I care not though, Re-enter ZANCHE. like Anacharsis, I were pounded to death in a Zanche. You'll wait about midnight in the mortar: and yet that death were fitter for chapel? usurers, gold and themselves to be beaten Fran. de Med. There. Exit ZANCHE. together, to make a most cordial cullis † for the Lod. Why, now our action's justified. devil. Fran. de Med. Tush for justice ! He hath his uncle's villanous look already, What harms it justice? we now, like the partridge, In decimo sexto. Enter Courtier. Shall crown the enterprize, and quit the shame. Exeunt. Now, sir, what are you? Cour. It is the pleasure, sir, of the young duke, Enter FLAMINEO † and GASPARO, at one door; another That you forbear the presence, and all rooms way, GIOVANNI, attended. That owe him reverence. Gas. The young duke: did you e'er see a Flam. So, the wolf and the raven Are very pretty fools when they are young. Flam. I have known a poor woman's hastard Is it your office, sir, to keep me out?

Cour. So the duke wills.

Flam. Verily, master courtier, extremity is not to he used in all offices : say that a gentlewoman were taken out of her bed about midnight, and committed to Castle Angelo, to the tower yonder, with nothing about her but her smock, would it not show a cruel part in the gentleman-porter to lay claim to her upper garment, pull it o'er her head and ears, and put her in naked?

Cour. Very good : you are merry. Exit. Flam. Doth he make a court-ejectment of me? a flaming fire-brand casts more smoke without a chimney than within't. I'll smoor \$ some of them.

Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS.

How now ! thou art sad.

Fran. de Med. I met even now with the most piteous sight.

Flam. Thou meet'st § another here, a pitiful Degraded courtier.

* 'Twere fit you'd think, &c.] In the Duchess of Malfi, Act V. S. 5. this couplet, slightly altered, is given to the Cardinal.

† cullis] See note on the Duchess of Malf, A. II. S. 4. t smeer] i. e. emether.

§ meet'st] Se the 4te. of 1672: the three earliest 4tos. " met'st."

Methinks, should make that sun-burnt proverb

The circumstance of either of their deaths.

Purge the disease with laurel;* for the fame

sweeter prince ?

better favoured : this is behind him ; now, to his face, all comparisons were hateful. Wise was the courtly peacock that, being a great minion, and being compared for heauty by some dottrels that stood by to the kingly eagle, said the eagle was a far fairer bird than herself, not in respect of her feathers, but in respect of her long talens: this will grow out in time .- My gracious lord !

Gio. I pray, leave me, sir.

Flam. Your grace must be merry: 'tis I have cause to mourn; for, wot you, what said the little boy that rede behind his father on horseback?

Gio. Why, what said he?

-we now, like the partridge,

t talons] The earliest 4te. "Tallants,"-the word being fermerly often so spelt.

Purge the disease with laurel] "So Pliny, 'Palumbes, gracculi, merulæ, perdices lauri folio annuum fastidium purgant.' Nat. Hist. lib. viii. c. 27." REED.

[†] Enter Flaminee, &c.] Scene. An apartment in a palace.-Since in a later scene, p. 47, Flamince epeaks of Brachiano as not yet having been four hours dead, and since Brachianc certainly appears to have died at Padua, we cannot but wonder to find in the present scene the words "committed to Castle Angele, to the tower yender." Qy. ought we to read " committed to Castle Angelo, or te the tewer yender"? Or dees all this confusion arise frem the author's carelessness in determining the lecalities?

THE WHITE DEVIL; OR, VITTORIA COROMBONA.

 Fran. de Med. Your reverend mother Is grown a very old woman in two hours. I found them winding of Marcello's corse; Aod there is such a solemn melody, 'Tween doleful songs, tears, and sad elegies,— Such as old grandams watching by the dead Were wont to outwear the nights with,—that, believe me, I had no eyes to guide me forth the room, They were so o'ercharg'd with water. Flam. I will see them. Fran. de Med. 'Twere much uncharity in you; for your sight Will add unto their tears. 	 Can blood so soon be wash'd out ?* let me see; When screech-owls croak upon the chimney-tops, And the strange cricket i' the oven sings and hops, When yellow spots do on your haads appear, Be certain then you of a corse shall hear. Out upon't, how 'tis speckled! h'as handled a toad, sure. Cowslip-water is good for the memory : Pray, buy me three ounces of't. Flam. I would I were from hence. Cor. Do you hear, sir ? I'll give you a saying which my grand-mother Was wont, when she heard the bell toll, to sing o'er Unto her lute. Flam. Do, an you will, do.
Flam. I will see them :	Cor. "Call for the robin-red-breast and the wren,+
They are behind the traverse;* I'll discover	[CORNELIA doth this in several forms of distraction.
Their superstitious howling.	Since o'er shady groves they hover,
[Draws the curtain. CORNELIA, ZANCHE, and three other Ladies discovered winding MARCELLO's corse. A Song.† Cor. This rosemary is wither'd; pray, get fresh. I would have these herbs grow up in his grave, When I am dead and rotten. Reach the bays, I'll tie a garland here about his head; 'Twill keep my boy from lightning. This sheet I have kept this twenty year,‡ and every day Hallow'd it with my prayers : I did not think He should have wore it. Zanche. Look you who are yonder. Cor. O, reach me the flowers. Zanche. Her ladyship's foolish.	And with leaves and flowers do cover The friendless bodies of unburied men. Call unto his funeral dole The ant, the field-mouse, and the mole, To rear him hillocks that shall keep him warm, And (when gay tombs are robb'd) sustain no harm: But keep the wolf far thence, that's foe to men, For with his nails he'll dig them up again." They would not bury him 'cause he died in a quarrel; But I have an answer for them: "Let holy church receive him duly, Since he paid the church-tithes truly." His wealth is summ'd, and this is all his store, This poor men get, and great men get no more. Now the wares are gone, we may shut up shop.
Lady. Alas, her grief	Bless you all, good people.
Hath turn'd her child again !	[Excunt CORNELIA, ZANCHE, and Ladics.
Cor. You're very welcome: There's rosemary § for you;—and rue for you;— [To FLAMINEO.	Flam. I have a strange thing in me, to the which
Heart's-ease for you; I pray make much of it:	I cannot give a name, without it be
I have left more for myself.	Compassion. I pray, leave me.
Fran. de Med. Lady, who's this? Cor. You are, I take it, the grave-maker. Flam. So.	[<i>Exit</i> FRANCISCE DE MEDICIE. This night I'll know the utmost of my fate ; I'll be resolv'd what my rich sister means
Zanche. 'Tis Flamineo. Cor. Will you make me such a fool ? here's a white hand :	* -here's a white hand : Can blood so soon be wash'd out ?] Reed calls this "An imitation of Lady Macheth's sleeping soliloquy." + "I never saw any thing like this dirge, except the ditty which reminds Ferdinand of his drowned father in
* the traverse] "Beside the principal curtains that hung in the front of the stage, they need others as substitutes for scenes, which were denominated traverses." Malone's Hist Acc. of the Rudish Stage, p. 88. ed. Boswell.	the Tempest. As that is of the water, watery; so this is of the earth, earthy. Both have that intenseness of feel- ing, which seems to resolve itself into the elements which it contemplates." O. LAMB. (Spec. of Eng. Dram.

Hist. Acc. of the English Stage, p. 88. ed. Boswell. † A Song] In the printed copies of eld plays the "songs" are frequently omitted.

solids are neglected printed.
 tyear] The 4to. of 1631, "years."
 There's rosemary, &c.] "See note on Hamlet, A. IV.
 S.5." STEEVENS.

apeare's Cymbeline, A. IV. S. 2. "The ruddeck would With charitable bill," &c.

Poets, p. 233.) Reed charges Webster with imitating part

of this dirge from the well-known passage in Shake-

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.

To assign me for my service. I have liv'd Riotously ill, like some that live in court, And sometimes when my * face was full of smiles, Have felt the maze of conscience in my hreast. Oft gay and honour'd robes those tortures try : We think cag'd birds sing, when indeed they cry.	If thou dost perish in this glorious act, I'll rear unto thy memory that fame Shall in the ashes keep alive thy name. [<i>Exit.</i> <i>Hor.</i> There's some black doed on foot. I'll presently Down to the citadel, and raise some force.
Enter BRACHIANO'S ghost, in his leather cassock and breeches, and boots ; with a cowl ; in his hand a pot of lily- flowers, with a skull in't.	These strong court-factions, that do brook no checks, In the career oft break the riders' necks. [Exit.
Ha! I can stand thee: nearer, nearer yet. What a mockery hath death made thee! thou look'st sad.	Enter VITTORIA COROMBONA* with a book in her hand, and ZANCHE; FLAMINEO following them. Flam. What, are you at your prayers? give o'er.
In what place art thou? in yon starry gallery?	Vit. Cor. How, ruffian !
Or in the cursed dungeon ?- No ? not speak ?	Flam. I come to you 'hout worldly business :
Pray, sir, resolve me, what religion's best	Sit down, sit down : nay, stay, blouze, you may
For a man to die in ? or is it in your knowledge	hear it :
To answer me how long I have to live?	The doors are fast enough.
That's the most necessary question.	Vit. Cor. Ha, are you drunk ?
Not answer? are you still like some great men	Flam. Yes, yes, with wormwood-water: you
That only walk like shadows up and down,	shall taste
And to no purpose ? say :	Some of it presently:
[The Ghost throws earth upon him, and shows him the skull.	Vit. Cor. What intends the Fury ?
What's that? O, fatal ! hs throws earth upon me !	Flam. You are my lord's executrix; and I claim
A dead man's skull heneath the roots of flowers!—	Reward for my long service.
I pray, speak, sir : our Italian church-men	Vit. Cor. For your service !
Make us believe dead men hold conference	Flam. Come, therefore, here is pen and ink;
With their familiars, and many times	set down
Will come to hed to them, and eat with them.	What you will give me. Vit. Cor. There. [Writes.
[Exit Ghost.	Flam. Ha! have you done already?
He's gone ; and see, the skull and earth are vanish'd.	'Tis a most short conveyance.
This is beyond melancholy. I do dare my fate	Vit. Cor. I will read it : [Reads.
To do its worst. Now to my sister's lodging,	"I give that portion to thee, and no other,
And sum up all these horrors : the disgrace	Which Cain groan'd under, having slain his
The prince threw on me; next the piteous sight	brother."
Of my dead brother; and my mother's dotage; And last this terrible vision : all these	Flam. A most courtly patent to beg by !
Shall with Vittoria's bounty turn to good,	Vit. Cor. You are a villain.
Or I will drown this weapon in her blood. [Exit.	Flam. Is't come to this? They say, affrights cure agues:
Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, † LODOVICO, and HORTENSIO.	Thou hast a devil in thee; I will try
Lod. My lord, upon my soul, you shall no	If I can scare him from thes. Nay, sit still :
further;	My lord hath left me yet two case+ of jewels
You have most ridiculously engag'd yourself	Shall make me scorn your hounty; you shall see
Too far already. For my part, I have paid	Exit.
All my debts : so, if I should chance to fall,	Vit. Cor. Sure, he's distracted.
My creditors fall not with me; and I vow	Zanche. O, he's desperate :
To quit all in this bold assembly To the meanest follower. My lord, leave the city,	For your own safety give him gentle language.
Or I'll forswear the murder.	Re-enter FLAMINEO with two case of pistols.
Fran. de Med. Farewell, Lodovico:	Flam. Look, these are better far at a dead lift
	Than all your jewel-house.
* my] The 4to. of 1631, "his,"—a misprint perhaps for "this."	* Enter Vittoria Corombona, &c.] Scene. An apart-
† Enter Francisco de Medicis, &c.] Scono. A strect:	ment in the residence of Vittoria : see notet, p. 44.
see notet, p. 44.	† case] i. e. pair.

Vit. Cor. I prithee, yet remember, Vit. Cor. And yet, methinks, These stones have no fair lustre, they are ill set. Millions are now in graves, which at last day Flam. I'll turn the right side towards you : you Like mandrakes shall rise shricking. Flam. Leave your prating, shall see For these are but grammatical laments, How they will sparkle. Vit. Cor. Turn this horror from me ! Feminine arguments: and they move me, As some in pulpits move their auditory. What do you want ? what would you have me do ? More with their exclamation than sense Is not all mine yours ? have I any children ? Of reason or sound doctrine. Flam. Pray thee, good woman, do not trouble me With this vain worldly business; say your Zanche [aside to VIT.]. Gentle madam, Seem to consent, only persuade him teach prayers : The way to death ; let him die first. I made a vow to my deceased lord, Vit. Cor. 'Tis good. I apprehend it, Neither yourself nor I should outlive him To kill one's self is meat that we must take The numbering of four hours. Like pills, not chew't, but quickly ewallow it ; Vit. Cor. Did he enjoin it? The smart o'the wound, or weakness of the Flam. He did; and 'twas a deadly jealouey, hand, Lest any should enjoy thee after him, May else bring treble torments. That urg'd him vow me to it. For my death, I did propound it voluntarily, knowing, Flam. I have held it A wretched and most miserable life If he could not be safe in his own court, Being a great duke, what hope, then, for us ? Which is not able to die. Vit. Cor. O, but frailty ! Vit. Cor. This is your melancholy and despair. Yet I am now resolv'd : farewell, affliction ! Flam. Away ! Behold, Brachiano, I that while you liv'd Fool thou ert to think that politicians Did make a flaming altar of my heart Do use to kill the effects of injuries To sacrifice unto you, now am ready And let the cause live. Shall we groan in irons, To sacrifice heart and all .- Farewell, Zanche ! Or be a shameful and a weighty burden Zanche. How, madam ! do you think that I'll To a public scaffold ? This is my resolve; outlive you; I would not live at any man's entreaty, Especially when my best self, Flamineo, Nor die at any's bidding. Goes the same voyage ? Vit. Cor. Will you hear me? Flam. O, most loved Moor ! Flam. My life hath done service to other men; Zanche. Only by all my love let me entreat My death shall serve mine own turn. Make you you,ready. Since it is most necessary one * of us Vit. Cor. Do you mean to die indeed? Do violence on ourselves,-let you or I Flam. With as much pleasure Be her sad taster, teach her how to die. As e'er my father gat me. Flam. Thou dost instruct me nobly: take Vit. Cor. Are the doors lock'd ? these pistols, Zanche. Yes, madam. Because my hand is stain'd with blood already : Vit. Cor. Are you grown an atheist? will you Two of these you shall level at my breast, turn your body, The other 'gainst your own, and so we'll die Which is the goodly palace of the soul, Most equally contented : but first swear To the soul's slaughter-house ? O, the cursed devil, Not to outlive me. Which doth present us with all other sins Vit. Cor. and Zanche. Most religiously. Thrice-candied o'er; despair with gall and Flam. Then here's an end of me; farewell, stibium; daylight ! Yet we carouse it off ;---Cry out for help !---And, O contemptible physic, that dost take [Aside to ZANCHE. So long a study, only to preserve Makes us forsake that which was made for man, So short a life, I take my leave of thee !--The world, to sink to that was made for devils, These are two cupping-glasses that shall draw Eternal darkness! [Showing the pistols. Zanche, Help, help ! All my infected blood out. Are you ready? Ham. I'll stop your throat * one] The 4to. of 1612, "none," With winter plums.

THE WHITE DEVIL; OR, VITTORIA COROMBONA.

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 Vit. Cor. and Zanche. Ready. Flam. Whither shall I go now? O Lucian, thy ridiculous purgatory ! to find Alexander the Great cobbling shoes, Pompey tagging points, and Julius Cæsar making hair-buttons ! Haunibal selling blackiog, and Augustus crying garlic ! Charlemagne selling lists by the dozen, and King Pepin crying apples in a cart drawn with one horse ! Whether I resolve to fire, earth, water, air, Or all the elements by scruples, I know not, Nor greatly care.—Shoot, shoot: Of all deaths the violent death is best; For from ourselves it steals ourselves so fast, The pain, once apprehended, is quite past. [They shoot: he falls; and they run to him, and tread upon him. Vit. Cor. What, are you dropt ? Flam. I an mix'd with earth already : as you 	 Do run before thee to fetch fire from hell, To light thee thither. Flam. O, I smell soot, Most stinking soot ! the chimuey is a-fire : My liver's parboil'd, like Scotch holly-bread; There's a plumber laying pipes in my guts, it scalds.— Wilt thou outlive me ? Zanche. Yes, and drive a stake Through thy body; for we'll give it out Thou didst this violence upon thyself. Flam. O cunning devils ! now I have tried your love, And doubled all your reaches.—I am not wounded; [Rises: The pistols held no bullets : 'twas a plot To prove your kindness to me : and I live To punish your ingrativude. I knew,
 are noble, Perform your vows, and bravely follow me. Vit. Cor. Whither? to hell? Zanche. To most assur'd damnation? Vit. Cor. O thou most cursèd devil ! Zanche. Thou art caught— Vit. Cor. In thine own engine. I tread the fire out That would have been my ruin. Flam. Will you be perjured? what a religious oath was Styx, that the gods never durst swear by, and violate ! O, that we had such an oath to minister, and to be so well kept in our courts of justice ! 	One time or other, you would find a way To give me a strong potion.—O meu That lie upon your death-beds, and are haunted With howling wives, ne'er trust them! they'l re-marry Ere the worm pierce your winding-sheet, ere the spider Make a thin curtain for your epitaphs.— How cunning you were to discharge! do you practise at the Artillery-yard ?—Trust a woman never, never! Brachiauo be my precedent. We lay our souls to pawn to the devil for a littl pleasure, and a woman makes the bill of sale That ever man should marry! For one Hyperm
Vit. Cor. Think whither thou art going. Zanche. And remember What villanies thou hast acted. Vit. Cor. This thy death Shall make me like a blazing ominous star : Look up and tremble.	nestra* that saved her lord and husband, forty nine of her sisters cut their husbands' throats a in one night: there was a shoal of virtuou horse-leeches !—Here are two other instruments Vit. Cor. Help, help ! Enter LODOVICO, GASPARO, PEDRO, and CARLO.
 Flam. O, I am caught with a springe ! Flam. O, I am caught with a springe ! Vit. Cor. You see the fox comes many times short home; 'Tis here prov'd true. Flam. Kill'd with a couple of braches !* Vit. Cor. No fitter offering for the infernal Furies Than one in whom they reign'd while he was 	 Flam. What noise is that ? ha! false keys i'th court! Lod. We have brought you a mask. Flam. A matachin, † it seems by your drawn swords. Church-men turn'd revellers !
 Flam. O, the way's dark and horrid ! I cannot see : Shall I have no company? Vit. Cor. O, yes, thy sins 	* one Hypermnestra] "Hypermnestra, one of the fift daughters of Danaus, the son of Belus, brother d Egyptus. Her father, being warned by an oracle the he should be killed by one of his nephows, persuaded h daughters, who were compelled to marry the sons of their uncle, to murder them on the first night. Th was executed by every one except Hypermnestra. St preserved her husbaud Lynceus, who afterwards ele

* braches] i. e. hitch-hounds.

Danaue." REED. † A matachin it seems by your drawn swords] "Such a

Carlo.* Isabella! Isabella! Lod. Do you kuow us now? Flam. Lodovico! and Gasparo! Lod. Yes; and that Moor the duke gave pen- sion to Was the great Duke of Florence. Vit. Cor. O, we are lost! Flam. You shall not take justice from forth my hands,—	NI
O, let me kill her !—I'll cut my safety Through your coats of steel. Fate's a spaniel, We cannot heat it from us. What remains now? Let all that do ill, take this precedent,— Man may his fate foresee, but not prevent: And of all axioms this shall win the prize,— 'Tis better to be fortunate than wise.	A Y T
Gas. Bind him to the pillar. Vit. Cor. O, your gentle pity !	I
I have seen a black-bird that would sooner fly	Î
To a man's bosom, than to stay the gripe	I
Of the fierce sparrow-hawk.	A
Gas. Your hope deceives you.	
Vit. Cor. If Florence be i'the court, would he	C
would kill me! †	V
Gas. Fool! princes give rewards with their own	A
hands,	
But death or punishment by the hands of others.	l N
Lod. Sirrah, you once did strike me: I'll strike	1
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than one passage of Shakespears might be adduced).

Flam. Thou'lt do it like a hangman, a base hangman, lot like a noble fellow; for thou see'st cannot strike again. Lod. Dost laugh ? Flam. Would'st have me die, as I was born, in whining? Gas. Recommend yourself to heaven. Flam. No, I will carry mine own commendations thither. Lod. O, could I kill you forty times a day, and use't four year together, 'twere too little! Naught grieves but that you are too few to feed The famine of our vengeance. What dost think on? Flam. Nothing; of nothing: leave thy idle questions. am i'the way to study a long silence : o prate were idle. I remember nothing. 'here's nothing of so infinite vexation s man'e own thoughts. Lod. O thou glorious strumpet! ould I divide thy breath from this pure air When't leaves thy body, I would suck it up, and breathe't upon some dunghill. Vit. Cor. You, my death's-man! lethinks thou dost not look horrid enough, 'hou hast too good a face to be a hangman : f thou be, do thy office in right form; all down upon thy knees, aud ask forgiveness. Lod. O, thou hast been a most prodigious comet! Sut I'll cut off your train,-kill the Moor first. Vit. Cor. You shall not kill her first; hehold my breast : will be waited on in death ; my servant hall never go before me. Gas. Are you so brave? Vit. Cor. Yes, I shall welcome death s princes do some great amhassadors; ll meet thy weapon half way. Lod. Thou dost tremble : lethinks fear should dissolve thee into air. Vit. Cor. O, thou art deceiv'd, I am too true a woman : onceit can never kill me. I'll tell thee what, will not in my death shed one base tear; r if look pale, for want of blood, not fear. Carlo. Thou art my task, black Fury. Zanche. I have blood s red as either of theirs: wilt drink some?

Tis good for the falling-sickness. I am proud

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eath cannot alter my complexion,

For I shall ne'er look pale.

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Lod. Strike, strike, With a joint motion.	'Tis well yet there's some goodness in my death; My life was a black charnel. I have caught
[They stab VITTORIA, ZANCHE, and FLAMINEO.	An everlasting cold; I have lost my voice
Vit. Cor. 'Twas a manly blow :	Most irrecoverably. Farewell, glorious villains!
The next thou giv'st, murder some sucking infant;	
And then thou wilt be famous.	This busy trade of life appears most vain,
	Since rest breeds rest, where all seek pain by pain.
Flam. O, what head is't?	Let no harsh flattering bells resound my knell;
A Toledo, or an English fox ?*	Strike, thunder, and strike loud, to my farewell !
I ever thought a cutler should distinguish	[Dies,
The cause of my death, rather than a doctor.	Eng. Amb. [within.] This way, this way! break
Search my wound deeper; teut it with the steel	ope the doors! this way!
That made it.	Lod. Ha ! are we betray'd?
Vit. Cor. O, my greatest sin lay in my blood !	Why, then let's constantly die all together;
Now my hlood pays for't.	And having finish'd this most noble deed,
Flam. Thou'rt a noble sister!	Defy the worst of fate, not fear to bleed.
I love thee now: if woman do breed man,	Enter Ambassadors and GIOVANNI.
She ought to teach him manhood: fare thee well.	
Know, many glorious women that are fam'd	Eng. Amb. Keep back the prince : shoot, shoot.
For masculine virtue have been vicious,	[They shoot, and LODOVICO falls.
Only a happier silence did betide them :	Lod. O, I am wounded !
She hath no faults who hath the art to hide them.	I fear I shall be ta'en.
Vit. Cor. My soul, like to a ship in a black	Gio. You bloody villains,
storm,	By what authority have you committed
Is driven, I know not whither.	This massacre ?
Flam. Then cast anchor.	Lod. By thine.
Prosperity doth bewitch men, seeming clear;	Gio. Mine!
But seas do laugh, show white, when rocks are	Lod. Yes; thy uncle,
near.	Which is a part of thee, enjoin'd us to't :
We cease to grieve, cease to be fortune's slaves,	Thou know'st me, I am sure; I am Count Lodo-
Nay, cease to die, by dying. Art thou gone?	wick;
And thou so near the bottom? false report,	And thy most noble uncle in disguise
Which says that women vie with the nine Muses	Was last night in thy court.
For nine tough durable lives! I do not look	Gio. Ha!
Who went before, nor who shall follow me;	Carlo. Yes, that Moor
No, at myself I will begin and end.	Thy father chose his pensioner.
While we look up to heaven, we confound	Gio. He turn'd murderer !
Knowledge with knowledge. O, I am in a mist!	Away with them to prison and to torture!
Vit. Cor. O, happy they that never saw the court,	All that have hands in this shall taste our justice,
Nor ever knew great men + but hy report! [Dies.]	As I hope heaven.
Flam. I recover like a spent taper, for a flash,	Lod. I do glory yet
And instantly go out.	That I can call this act mine own. For my part,
Let all that belong to great men remember the	The rack, the gallows, and the torturing wheel,
old wives' tradition, to be like the lions i'the	Shall be but sound sleeps to me: here's my rest;
	I limn'd this night-piece, and it was my best.
Tower on Candlemas-day; to mourn if the sun	Gio. Remove the bodies.—See, my honour'd
shine, for fear of the pitiful remainder of winter	lords,*
to come.	What use you ought make of their punishment :
* A Toledo, or an English fox] "Toledo, the capital	Let guilty men remember, their black deeds
city of New-Castile, was formerly much famed for	Do lean on crutches made of slender reeds.
making of sword-blades. Fox; a cant term for a	[Execut.
sword." REED.	
† men] The 4to. of 1612, "man."	* lords] The old eds. "Lord."

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* lords] The old cds. " Lord."

THE WHITE DEVIL; OR, VITTORIA COROMBONA.

Instead of an EPILOGUE, only this of Martial supplies me :

Hæc fuerint nobis præmia, si placui.*

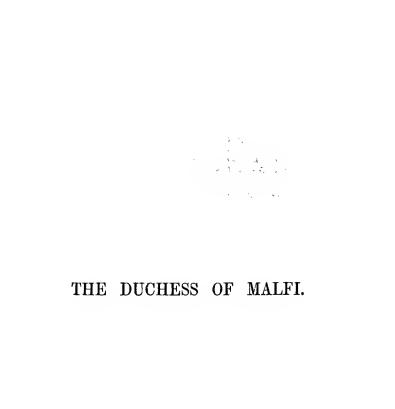
For the action of the play, 'twas generally well, and I dare affirm, with the joint-testimony of some of their own quality, for the true imitation of life, without striving to make nature a monster, the best that ever became them: whereof as I make a general acknowledgment, so in particular I must remember the well-approved industry of my friend Master Perkins,[†] and confess the worth

† Master Perkins] Richard Perkins was an actor of considerable eminence. As the old 4tos, of *The White Devil* do not give the names of the performers, we cannot determine what part he had in it. If, before this postscript was written, Burbadge had performed Brachiano (which we know was oue of his characters, see p. 2), we cannot but wonder that no mention should be made of him here. Perhaps Perkins originally played that part.—Ferkins continued to act for many years, chiefly, it appears, at the Cock-pit or Phœnix, where this play was produced. I find the following notices of him in Herbert's MSS. apud Malone: "[about 1622-f]

of his action did crown both the beginning and end.

the names of the chiefe players at the Red Bull, called the players of the Revelles, Robert Lee, Richard Perkings," &c. Hist. Ac. of the English Stage, p. 59. ed. Boswell; agaiu, "[about 1637,] I disposed of Perkins, Sumner, Sherlock and Turner, to Salisbury Court, and joynd them with the hest of that company." Ib. p. 240. He was the original performer of Captain Goodlack in Heywood's Fair Maid of the West, of Sir John Belfare in Shirley's Wedding, and of Hanno in Nabbes's Hannibal and Scipio : the last piece, as we learn from the title-page, was played in 1635. When Marlowe's Jew of Malta was revived about 1633 (in which year it was first given to the press), Perkins acted Barahas; sce Heywood's Prologue at the Cock-pit on the occasion. According to Wright's Historia Histrionica, after the suppression of the theatres, Porkins aud Sumner (who belonged to the same company) "kept house together at Clerkeuwell, and were there buried :" they "died some years hefore the restoration." A copy of versee by Perkins is prefixed to Heywood's Apology for Actors.

^{*} Hac fuerint, &c.] ii. 91.



The Tragedy of the Dotchesse of Malfy. As it was Presented privatly, at the Black-Friers; and publiquely at the Globe, By the Kings Maiesties Servants. The perfect and exact Coppy, with diverse things Printed, that the length of the Play would not beare in the Presentment. Written by John Webster. Hora.—Si guid — Candidus Imperti si non his utere mecum. London: Printed by Nicholas Okes, for John Waterson, and are to be sold at the signe of the Crowne, in Paules Church-yard, 1623. 4to.

The Dutchesse of Malfy. A Tragedy. As it was approvedly well acted at the Black-Friers, By his Majesties Servants. the perfect and exact Copy, with divers things Printed, that the length of the Play vouid not beare in the Presentment. Written by John Webster. Horat.—Si quid—Candidus Imperti si non his utere mecum. London; Printed by I. Ravorth, for I. Benson, And are to be sold at his shop in St. Dunstans Churchyard in Fleetsreet. 1640. 4to.

The Duckess of Malfi was reprinted in 1678, and (newly adapted for representation) in 1708. Theobald's alteration of it, called *The Fatal Secret*, appeared in 1735. A reprint of the 4to. of 1640, "with all its imperfections on its head," is given in the Ancient British Drama.

The edition of 1623 is by far the most correct of the 4tos. : lines are found in it, which have dropt out from subsequent editions, leaving the different passages where they ought to stand, unintelligible. On collating several copies of this 4to., I have met with one or two various readings of no great importance : see prefatory remarks to *The White Devil*, p. 2.

Malone (note on Shakespeare's Timon of Athens, act iii. sc. 3.) is of opinion that the Duckess of Malt had appeared before 1616, supposing that it is the play alluded to in the Prologue (first printed in that year) to Ben Jonson's Every Man in his Humour.

> "To make a child now-swaddled to proceed Man," &c.

but Malone ought to have been aware that in all probability the Prologue in question was written when Every Man in his Humour was first acted, in 1595 or 1596. Among the MSS, notee of the same commentator in the Bodleian Library, 1 find the following: "I think it is probable that the Dutchess of Malfy was produced about the year 1612, when the White Devil was printed." But enough of such conjectures. We are certain that the Duckess of Malfy was performed before March, 1618-19, when Burbadge, who originally played Ferdinand, died; and we may conclude that it was first produced about 1616.

The story of this play is in the Novelle of Bandello, Part I. N. 26; in Belleforeet's translation of Bandello, N. 19; in Painter's Palace of Pleasure, vol. ii. N. 23, ed. Haslewood; in Beard's Theatre of God's Judgments, B. ii. ch. 22. p. 322, ed. 1597; and in Goulart's Histoires Admirables, vol. i. p. 319, ed. 1620.

Lope de Vega wrote El Mayordomo de la Duquesa de Amall, 1618 : see his Life by Lord Holland, vol. ii. p. 147, ed. 1817.

TO THE

RIGHT HONOURABLE GEORGE HARDING, BARON BERKELEY,* OF BERKELEY CASTLE, AND KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF THE BATH TO THE ILLUSTRIOUS PRINCE CHARLES.

My noble lord,

That I may present my excuse why, being a stranger to your lordship, I offer this poem to your patronage, I plead this warrant :--men who never saw the sea yet desire to behold that regiment of waters, choose some eminent river to guide them thither, and make that, as it were, their conduct or postilion : by the like ingenious means has your fame arrived at my knowledge, receiving it from some of worth, who both in contemplation and practics owe to your honour their clearest service. I do not altogether look up at your title; the ancientest nobility being but a relic of time past, and the truest honour indeed being for a man to confer honour on himself, which your learning strives to propagate, and shall make you arrive at the dignity of a great example. I am confident this work is not unworthy your honour's perusal; for by such poems as this poets have kissed the hands of great princes, and drawn their gentle eyes to look down upon their sheets of paper when the poets themselves were bound up in their winding-sheets. The like courtesy from your lordship shall make you live in your grave, and laurel spring out of it, when the ignorant scorners of the Muses, that like worms in libraries seem to live only to destroy learning, shall wither neglected and forgotten. This work and myself I humbly present to your approved censure, it being the utmost of my wishes to have your honourable self my weighty and perspicucus comment; which grace so done me shall ever be acknowledged

By your lordship's

in all duty and observance,

JOHN WEBSTER.

* George Harding, Baron Berkeley] This hobleman, the twelfth Lord Berkeley, was the son of Sir Thomas Berkeley, and succeeded his grand-father, Henry, the eleventh Lord Berkeley. He was made Knight of the Bath at the creation of Charles Prince of Wales, November 4th, 1616. He married Elizabeth, second daughter and co-heir of Sir Michael Stanhope of Sudbury in Suffolk, and died 10th of August, 1658. According to the inscription on his monument in Cranford church, Middlesex, he "besides the nobility of his birth, and the experience he acquired by foreign travels, was very eminent for the great candour and ingenuity of his disposition, his singular beunty and affability towards his inferiors, and his readiness (had it been in his power) to have obliged all mankind."--" My good lord," says Massinger, inscribing *The Reception* to him, "to be honoured for old nobility or hereditary titles, is not alone proper to yourself, but to some few of your rank, who may challenge the like privilege with you: but in our age to vouchasfe (as you have often done) a ready hand to raise the dejected spirits of the contemned some of the Musees, such as would not suffer the glorious fire of poesy to be whelly extinguished, is so remarkable and peculiar to your lordship, that, with a full vote and euffrage, it is acknowledged that the patronage and protection of the dramatic poem is yours and almost without a rival."

The present dedication is found only in the 4to, of 1623.

IN THE JUST WORTH OF THAT WELL-DESERVER, MR. JOHN WEBSTER, AND UPON THIS MASTER-PIECE OF TRAGEDY.

In this thou imitat'st one rich and wise, That sees his good deeds done before he dies : As he by works, thou hy this work of fame Hast well provided for thy living name. To trust to others' honourings is worth's crime, Thy monument is rais'd in thy life-time ; And 'tis most just; for every worthy man Is his own marble, and his merit can Cut him to any figure, and express More art than death's cathedral palaces Where royal ashes keep their court. Thy note Be ever plainness ; 'tis the richest coat : Thy epitaph only the title be, Write Duchess, that will fetch a tear for thee; For who e'er saw this Duchess live and die, That could get off under a bleeding eye ? In Tragædiam.

Ut lux ex tenebris ictu percussa tonantis, Illa, ruina malis, claris fit vita poetis.

> THOMAS MIDDLETONUS,* Poeta et Chron. Londinensis.

TO HIS FRIEND MR. JOHN WEBSTER, UPON HIS "DUCHESS OF MALFI."

I never saw thy Duchess till the day That she was lively bodied in thy play : Howe'er she answer'd her low-rated love Her brothers' anger did so fatal prove, Yet my opinion is, she might speak more, But never in her life so well before. WIL. ROWLEY, †

TO THE READER OF THE AUTHOR, AND HIS "DUCHESS OF MALFI."

Crown him a poet, whom nor Rome nor Greece Transcend in all their's for a masterpiece; In which, whiles words and matter change, and men Act one another, he, from whose clear pen They all took life, to memory hath lent A lasting fame to raise his monument.

JOHN FORD.[‡]

^{*} Thomas Middletonus, Poeta et Chron. Londinensis] Of Thomas Middleton, who holds no mean rank among our old dramatists, see some account prefixed to my edition of his Works.—" Chron. Londinensis" means Chronologer to the city of London.

⁺ Wil. Rowley] See prefatory remarks to A Cure for a Cuckold.

[‡] John Ford] Two modern editions of his plays have rendered the name of this peet familiar to most readers. These commendatory verses are found only in the 4to. of 1623.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

FERDINAND, Duke of Calabria
FERDINAND, Duke of Calabria (1.* R. Burbadge, (2. J. Taylor. CARDINAL, his brother (1. H. Condell, (2. R. Rohinson.
ANTONIO BOLOONA, steward of the household to the Duchoss {1. W. Ostler, 2. B. Benfield
DELIO, his friend J. Underwood. DANIEL DE BOSOLA, gentleman of the horse to the Duchess J. Lowin.
CASTRUCCIO.
MARQUIG OF PESCARA J. Rice. COUNT MALATESTI.
RODERIGO. SILVIO T. Pollsrd. GRISOLAN.
DOCTOR R. Pallant.
SILVIO T. Pollard. GRISOLAN. DOCTOR R. Pallant. The Several Madmen
DUCHESS OF MALFI R. Shsrpe. CARIOLA, her woman R. Pallant † JULIA, Castruccio's wife, and the Cardinal's mistress J. Thomson.
Old Lady

Ladies, Childron, Pilgrims, Executioners, Officers, and Attendants, &c.

* The names of the actors are given from the 4tos. of 1623 and 1640 Where two names are placed opposite to the same part, the first name is that of the actor who performed the part when the play was originally produced about 1616; the second name is that of his successor to the part on the revival of the play not long before 1623.

Wheever is decirous of learning all that is known concerning these worthies will find it in Malone's *Hist. Ac.* of the English Stage and Chalmers's *Farther Ac.*, &c. (Malone's Shakespeare by Boewell).—The preceding contence was written in 1830. I have now also to refer the reader to Mr. Collier's *Memoirs of the principal actors in the plays* of *Shakespeare*, printed for the Shakespeare Society.

† Pallant, it appears from the two earliest 4tos., played not only the Doctor and Cariola, but also one of the Officers;

"The Doctor, Cariola, Court Officere."

From the same suthority we learn that N. Tooley performed "Forohosco"; but no portion of the dialogue of the play, as it now stande, is given to such a character, though he is mentioned in act ii. sc. 2;

"Ant. Who keeps the key o' the park-gate ?

Rod. Forobosco.

Ant. Let him bring't presently."

This passage shows that he was one of the attendants.

THE DUCHESS OF MALFI.

ACT I.

SCENE I.*

Enter ANTONIO and DELIO.

Delio. You are welcome to your country, dear Antonio;

You have been long in France, and you return A very formal Frenchman in your habit : How do you like the French court?

Ant. I admire it:

In seeking to reduce both state and people To a fix'd order, their judicious king Begins at home; quite first his royal palace Of flattering sycophants, of dissolute And infamov' persons,—which he sweetly terms His master's master-piece, the work of heaven; Considering duly that a prince's court Is like a common fountain, whence should flow Pure silver drops in general, but if't chance Some curs'd example poison't near the head. Death and diseases through the whole laud spread. And what is't makes this blessed government But a most provident council, who dare freely Isform him the corruption of the times? Though some o'the court hold it presumption To instruct princes what they ought to do. It is a noble duty to inform them What they ought to foresee.-Here comes Bosola, The only court-gall; yet I observe his railing Is not for simple love of piety : Indeed, he rails at those things which he wants; Would be as lecherous, covetous, or proud, Bloody, or envious, as any man, If he had means to be so.—Here's the cardinal.

Enter Cardinal and BOSOLA.

Bos. I do haunt you still.

Card. So.

Bos. I have done you better service than to be

* Scene I.] Malfi. The presence-chamber in the palace of the Duchess.

slighted thus. Miserable age, where only the reward of doing well is the doing of it !

Card. You enforce your merit too much.

Bos. I fell into the galleys in your service; where, for two years together, I wore two towels instead of a shirt, with a knot on the shoulder, after the fashion of a Roman mantle. Slighted thus ! I will thrive some way: black-birds fatten best in hard weather; why not I in these dogdays?

Curd. Would you could become honest !

Bos. With all your divinity do but direct me the way to it. I have known many travel far for it, and yet return as'arrant knaves as they went forth, because they carried themselves always along with them. [Exit Cardinal.] Are you gone? Some fellows, they say, are possessed with the devil, but this great fellow were able to possess the greatest devil, and make him worse.

Ant. He hath denied thee some suit ?

Bos. He and his brother are like plum-trees that grow crooked over standing-pools; they are rich and o'er-laden with fruit, but none but crows. pies, and caterpillars feed on them. Could I be one of their flattering panders, I would hang on their cars like a horseleech, till I were full, and then drop off. I pray, leave me. Who would rely upon these miserable dependancies, in expectation to be advanced to-morrow? what cresture ever fed worse than hoping Tantalus? nor ever died any man more fearfully than he that hoped for a pardon. There are rewards for hawks and dogs when they have done us service ;* hut for a soldier that hazards his limbs in a battle. nothing but a kind of geometry is his last supportation.

* dogs when they have done us service] The 4to. of 1623, "dogges, and when they have done vs soruice," a word having dropt out, or having been purposely omitted.

Delio. Geometry !

Bos. Ay, to hang in a fair pair of slings, take his latter swing in the world upon an honourable pair of crutches, from hospital to hospital. Fare ye well, sir: and yet do not you scorn us; for places in the court are but like heds in the hospital, where this man's head lies at that man's foot, and so lower and lower. Exit.

Del. I knew this fellow seven years in the galleys

For a notorious murder; and 'twas thought

The cardinal suborn'd it: he was releas'd

By the French general, Gaston de Foix,

When he recover'd Naples.

Ant. 'Tis great pity

He should be thus neglected : I have heard

He's very valiant. This foul melancholy

Will poison all his goodness; for, I'll tell you,

If too immoderate sleep be truly said

To be an inward rust unto the soul,

It then doth follow want of action

Breeds all black malcontents; and their close rearing,

Like moths in cloth, do hurt for want of wearing. Delio. The presence gins to fill: you promis'd me

To make me the partaker of the natures

Of some of your great courtiers.

Ant. The lord cardinal's,

And other strangers' that are now in court ?

I shall.-Here comes the great Calabrian duke.

Enter FERDINAND, CASTRUCCIO, SILVIO, RODERIOO, GRISOLAN, and Attendants.

Ferd. Who took the ring oftenest ?*

Sil. Antonio Bologna, my lord.

Ferd. Our sister duchess' great-master of her household? give him the jewel.-When shall we leave this sportive action, and fall to action indeed?

Cast. Methinks, my lord, you should not desire to go to war in person.

Ferd. Now for some gravity :- why, my lord ?

Cast. It is fitting a soldier arise to be a prince, but not necessary a prince descend to be a captain.

Ferd. No

Cast. No. my lord; he were far better do † it by a deputy.

* Who took the ring oftenest] The allusion is to the sport called Running at the Ring, when the tilter, ridiug at full speed, endeavoured to thrust the point of his lance through, and to bear away, the riug, which was suspended at a particular height.

† do] The 4to. of 1640, "to do."

Ferd. Why should he not as well sleep or eat by a deputy ? this might take idle, offensive, and base office from him, whereas the other deprives him of houour.

Cast. Believe my experience, that realm is never long in quiet where the ruler is a soldier.

Ferd. Thou toldest me thy wife could not endure fighting.

Cast. True, my lord.

Ferd. And of a jest she broke of a captain she met full of wounds : I have forgot it.

Cast. She told him, my lord, he was a pitiful fellow, to lis, like the children of Ismael, all in tents.*

Ferd. Why, there's a wit were able to undo all the chirurgeons o'the city; for although gallants should quarrel, and had drawn their weapons, and were ready to go to it, yet her persuasions would make them put up.

Cast. That she would, my lord.-How do you like my Spanish gennet?

Rod. He is all fire.

Ferd. I am of Pliny's opinion, I think he was begot by the wind; the runs as if he were ballassed with quick-silver.

Silvio. True, my lord, he reels from the tilt often.

Rod. Gris. Ha, ha, ha!

Ftrd. Why do you laugh? methinks you that are courtiers should be my touch-wood, take fire when I give fire; that is, laugh [but] when I laugh, were the subject never so witty.

Cast. True, my lord: I myself have heard a very good jest, and have scorned to seem to have so silly a wit as to understand it.

Ferd. But I can laugh at your fool, my lord.

Cast. He cannot speak, you know, but he makes faces: my lady cannot abide him.

Ferd, No?

Cast. Nor endure to be in merry company: for she says too much laughing, and too much company, fills her too full of the wrinkle.

* to lie, like the children of Ismael, all in tents] Middleton has the same precious pun;

" All his discourse out of the Book of Surgery, Core-cloth and salve, and lies you all in tents, Like your camp-vict'lers."

More Dissemblers besides Women,-Works, iii. 585, ed. Dyce. In surgery tent is a roll of lint, or other material, used in searching a wound.

+ I am of Pliny's opinion, I think he was begot by the uind] "Constat in Lusitania circa Olisiponem oppidum et Tagum amnem equas Favonio flaute obversas animalem concipere spiritum, idque partum fieri, et gigni peruicissimum ita : sed triennium vitæ non excedere." Hist. Nat. viii. 67, tom. ii. p. 212, ed. Delph.

Ferd. I would, theu, have a mathematical	With others' ears; will seem to sleep o'the bench
instrument made for her face, that she might	Only to entrap offenders in their answers;
not laugh out of compass.—I shall shortly visit	Dooms men to death by information;
you at Milan, Lord Silvio.	Rewards by hearsay.
Silvio. Your grace shall arrive most welcoms.	Delio. Then the law to him
Ferd. You are a good horseman, Autonio: you	Is like a foul black cob-web to a spider,—
have excellent riders in France: what do you	He makes it his dwelling and a prison
think of good horsemanship?	To entangle those shall feed him.
Ant. Nobly, my lord: as out of the Grecian	Ant. Most true:
horse issued many famous princes, so out of	He never pays debts unless they be shrewd
brave horsemanship arise the first sparks of	turns,
growing resolution, that raise the mind to noble	And those he will confess that he doth owe.
action.	Last, for his brother there, the cardinal,
<i>Ferd.</i> You have bespoke it worthily.	They that do flatter him most say oracles
<i>Silvio.</i> Your brother, the lord cardinal, and	Hang at his lips; and vorily I believe them,
sister duchess.	For the devil speaks in them.
 Re-enter Cardinal, with Duchess, CARIOLA, and JULIA. Card. Are the galleys come about? Gris. They are, my lord. Ferd. Here's the Lord Silvio is come to take this leave. Delio. Now, sir, your promise: what's that cardinal? I mean his temper? they say he's a brave fellow, Will play his five thousand crowns at tennis, dance, Court ladies, and one that hath fought single combats. Ant. Some such flashes superficially hang ou him for form; but observe his inward character: 	 But for their sister, the right noble duchess, You never fix'd your eye on three fair medals Cast in one figure, of so different temper. For her discourse, it is so full of rapture, You only will hegin then to be sorry When she doth end her speech, and wish, in wonder, She held it less vain-glory to talk much, Than your penance to hear her : whilst she speaks, She throws upon a man so sweet a look, That it were able to raise one to a galliard That lay in a dead palsy, and to dote On that sweet countenance; but in that look There speaketh so divines a continence
he is a melancholy churchman; the spring in	As cuts off all lascivious and vain hope.
his face is nothing but the engendering of toads;	Her days are practis'd in such noble virtue,
where he is jealous of any man, he lays worse	That sure her nights, nay, more, her very sleeps,
plots for them than ever was imposed on Her-	Are more in heaven than other ladies' shrifts.
cules, for he strews in his way flatterers, panders,	Let all sweet ladies break their flattering glasses,
intelligencers, atheists, and a thousand such poli-	And dress themselves in her.
tical monsters. He should have been Pope; but	<i>Delio.</i> Fie, Antonio,
instead of coming to it by the primitive desency	You play the wire-drawer with her commenda-
of the church, he did bestow bribes so largely	tions.
 and so impudently as if he would have carried it away without heaven's knowledge. Some good he hath done—— Delio. You have given too much of him. What's his brother ? Ant. The duke thers? a most perverse and turbulent nature : What appears in him mirth is merely outside; If he laugh heartily, it is to laugh All honesty out of fashion. Delio. Twins? 	Ant. I'll case the picture up: only thus much; All her particular worth grows to this sum,— She stains the time past, lights the time to come.* Cari. You must attend my lady in the gallery, Some half an hour hence. Ant. I shall. [Excunt ANTONIO and DELIO. Ferd. Sister, I have a suit to you. Duck. To me, sir? Ferd. A gentleman here, Daniel de Bosola, One that was in the galleys— Duck. Yes, I know him.
Ant. In quality.	* She stains the time past, lights the time to come] So
He speaks with others' tongues, and hears men's	again our author in his Monumental Column, &c. :
suits	"Stain the time past, and light the time to come."

SCENE I.

Ferd. A worthy fellow he is: pray, let me	What follows? never rain'd such showers as these
entreat for	Without thunderbolts i'the tail of them : whose
The provisorship of your horse.	throat must I cut?
Duch. Your knowledge of him	Ferd. Your inclination to shed blood rides post
Commends him and prefers him.	Before my occasion to use you. I give you that
Ferd. Call him hither. [Exit Attendant.	To live i'the court here, and observe the duchess;
We [are] now upon parting. Good Lord Silvio,	To note all the particulars of her haviour,*
Do us commend to all our noble friends	What suitors do solicit her for marriage,
At the leaguer.	And whom she best affects. She's a young
Silvro. Sir, I shall.	widow:
Ferd. You are for Milan? Silvio. I am.	I would not have her marry again. Bos. No, sir?
Duch. Bring the carochesWe'll bring you down to the haven.	Ferd. Do not you ask the reason; but be satisfied
[Excunt Duchess, Silvio, CASTRUCCIO, RODERIOO, GRISO-	I say I would not.
LAN, CARIOLA, JULIA, and Attendants.	Bos. It seems you would create me
Card. Be sure you entertain that Bosola	One of your familiars.
For your intelligence: I would not be seen in't;	Ferd. Familiar ! what's that?
And therefore many times I have slighted him	Bos. Why, a very quaint invisible devil in
When he did court our furtherance, as this	flesh,—
morning.	An intelligencer.
Ferd. Antonio, the great-master of her house-	Ferd. Such a kind of thriving thing
hold,	I would wish thee; and ere long thou mayst
Had heen far fitter.	arrive
Card. You are deceiv'd in him:	At a higher place by't.
His nature is too honest for such business	Bos. Take your devils,
He comes: I'll leave you. [Exit.	Which hell calls angels : these curs'd gifts would
	make
Re-enter BOSOLA.	You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor;
Bos. I was lur'd to you.	You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to]
Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could	You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell.
Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never	You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I
Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could nevcr Abide you.	You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given:
Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ford. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt.	You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your 	You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse;
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 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No.
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy ? 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No. Ferd. 'Tis yours: is't not worth thanks?
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy? There's no more credit to be given to the face 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No.
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 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy? There's no more credit to be given to the face Than to a sick man's urine, which some call 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No. Ferd. 'Tis yours : is't not worth thanks? Bos. I would have you curse yourself now, that your bounty (Which makes men truly noble) e'er should make me
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy? There's no more credit to be given to the face Than to a sick man's urine, which some call The physician's whore because she cozens him. 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No. Ferd. 'Tis yours: is't not worth thanks? Bos. I would have you curse yourself now, that your bounty (Which makes men truly noble) e'er should make me A villain. O, that to avoid ingratitude
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy? There's no more credit to be given to the face Than to a sick man's urine, which some call The physician's whore because she cozens him. He did suspect me wrongfully. 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No. Ferd. 'Tis yours: is't not worth thanks? Bos. I would have you curse yourself now, that your bounty (Which makes men truly noble) e'er should make me A villain. O, that to avoid ingratitude For the good deed you have done me, I must do
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy? There's no more credit to be given to the face Than to a sick man's urine, which some call The physician's whore because she cozens him. He did suspect me wrongfully. Ferd. For that 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No. Ferd. 'Tis yours: is't not worth thanks? Bos. I would have you curse yourself now, that your bounty (Which makes men truly noble) e'er should make me A villain. O, that to avoid ingratitude For the good deed you have done me, I must do All the ill man can invent! Thus the devil
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy? There's no more credit to be given to the face Than to a sick man's urine, which some call The physician's whore because she cozens him. He did suspect me wrongfully. Ferd. For that You must give great men leave to take their 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No. Ferd. 'Tis yours : is't not worth thanks? Bos. I would have you curse yourself now, that your bounty (Which makes men truly noble) e'er should make me A villain. O, that to avoid ingratitude For the good deed you have done me, I must do All the ill man can invent ! Thus the devil Candies all sins o'er; and what heaven terms vile,
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy? There's no more credit to be given to the face Than to a sick man's urine, which some call The physician's whore because she cozens him. He did suspect me wrongfully. Ferd. For that You must give great men leave to take their times. Distrust doth cause us seldom be deceiv'd: You see the oft shaking of the cedar-tree 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No. Ferd. 'Tis yours : is't not worth thanks? Bos. I would have you curse yourself now, that your bounty (Which makes men truly noble) e'er should make me A villain. O, that to avoid ingratitude For the good deed you have done me, I must do All the ill man can invent! Thus the devil Candies all sins o'er; and what heaven terms vile, That names he complimental.'
 Bos. I was lur'd to you. Ferd. My brother, here, the cardinal could never Abide you. Bos. Never since he was in my debt. Ferd. May be some oblique character in your face Made him suspect you. Bos. Doth he study physiognomy? There's no more credit to be given to the face Than to a sick man's urine, which some call The physician's whore because she cozens him. He did suspect me wrongfully. Ferd. For that You must give great men leave to take their times. Distrust doth cause us seldom be deceiv'd: You see the oft shaking of the cedar-tree Fastens it more at root. 	 You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor; And should I take these, they'd take me [to] hell. Ferd. Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have given: There is a place that I procur'd for you This morning, the provisorship o'the horse; Have you heard on't? Bos. No. Ferd. 'Tis yours : is't not worth thanks? Bos. I would have you curse yourself now, that your bounty (Which makes men truly noble) e'er should make me A villain. O, that to avoid ingratitude For the good deed you have done me, I must do All the ill man can invent! Thus the devil Candies all sins o'er; and what heaven terms vile, That names he complimental.'; Ferd. Be yourself;
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SCENE T.

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Mar	
You envy those that stand above your reach, Yet strive not to come near 'em: this will	Are witches ere they arrive at twenty years, Ay, and give the devil suck.
gain	Duch. This is terrible good counsel.
Access to private lodgings, where yourself	Ferd. Hypocrisy is woven of a fine small
May, like a politic dormouse	thread,
Bos. As I have seen some	Subtler than Vulcan's engine : * yet, believe't,
Feed in a lord's dish, half asleep, not seeming	Your darkest actions, nay, your privat'st thoughts,
To listen to any talk; and yot these rogues	Will come to light.
Have cut his throat in a dream. What's my	Card. You may flatter yourself,
place?	And take your own choice; privately be married
The provisorship o'the horse? say, then, my	Under the eves of night—
corruption	Ferd. Think't the best voyage
Grew out of horse-dnng: I am your creature.	That e'er you made; like the irregular crab,
· · · ·	Which, though't goes hackward, thinks that it
Ferd. Away ! Bos. Let good men, for good deeds, covet good	goes right
fame,	Because it goes its own way : but observe,
Since place and riches oft are bribes of shame:	Such weddings may more properly he said
Sometimes the devil doth preach.	To be executed than celebrated.
Estit.	Card. The marriage night
Re-enter Duchess, Cardinal, and CARIOLA.	Is the entrance into some prison.
Card. We are to part from you; and your own	Ferd. And those joys,
discretion	Those lustful pleasures, are like heavy sleeps
Must now be your director.	Which do fore-run man's mischief.
Ferd. You are a widow :	Card. Fare you well.
You know already what man is; and therefore	Wisdom begins at the end : remember it. [Exit.
Let not youth, high promotion, eloquence	Duch. I think this speech between you both
Card. No,	was studied,
Nor any thing without the addition, honour,	It came so roundly off.
Sway your high blood.	Ferd. You are my sister;
Ferd. Marry ! they are most luxurious*	This was my father's poniard, do you see?
Will wed twice.	I'd be loth to see't look rusty, 'cause 'twas his.
Card. O, fie !	I would have you give + o'er these chargeable
Ferd. Their livers are more spotted	revels:
Than Laban's sheep.	A visor and a mask are whispering-rooms
Duch. Diamouds are of most value,	That were never built for goodness ;- fare ye
They say, that have pass'd through most jewel-	well ;—
lers' hands.	And women like that part which, like the
Ferd. Whores by that rule are precious.	lamprey,
Duch. Will you hear me?	Hath never a bone in't.
I'll never marry.	Duch. Fie, sir !
Card.+ So most widows say ;	Ferd. Nay,
But commonly that motion lasts no longer	I mean the tongue; variety of courtship:
Than the turning of an hour-glass: the funeral	What cannot a neat knave with a smooth tale
sermon	Make a woman helieve? Farewell, lusty widow.
And it end both together.	[Exit.
Ferd. Now hear me :	Duch. Shall this move me? If all my royal
You live in a rank pasture, here, i'the court;	kindred
There is a kind of honey-dew that's deadly;	Lay in my way unto this marriage,
'Twill poison your fame; look to't: be not	I'd make them my low footsteps: and even now,
cunning;	Even in this hate, as men in some great battles,
For they whose faces do belie their hearts	By apprehending danger, have achiev'd
	* Valann's mained i a the wat in which he same i 35
* luxurious] i. e. incontinent. † Card.] The 4to. of 1640 gives, by mistake, this speech	* Vulcan's engine] i. e. the uet in which he caught Mars and Venus.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	t will Whe the of 1800 fits size ?

to Ferdinand.

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+ give] The 4to. of 1623, "to giue."

Almost impossible actions (I have heard soldiers	In perfect memory), and, I pray, sir, tell me,
say so),	Were not one better make * it smiling, thus,
So I through frights and threatenings will assay*	Than in deep groans and terrible ghastly looks,
This dangerous venture. Let old wives report	As if the gifts we parted with procur'd
I wink'd and chose a hushand.—Cariola,	That violent distraction ? +
To thy known secrecy I have given up	Ant. O, much better.
More than my life,—my fame.	Duch. If I had a husband now, this care were
Cari. Both shall be safe;	quit :
For I'll conceal this secret from the world	But I intend to make you overseer.
As warily as those that trade in poison	What good deed shall we first remember? say.
Keep poison from their children.	Ant. Begin with that first good deed began
Duch. Thy protestation	i'the world‡
Is ingenious † and hearty : I helieve it.	After man's creation, the sacrament of marriage:
Is Antonio come?	I'd have you first § provide for a good husband;
Cari. He attends you.	Give him all.
Duch. Good dear soul,	Duch. All!
Leave me; but place thyself behind the arras,	Ant. Yes, your excellent self.
Where thou mayst overhear us. Wish me good	Duch. In a winding-sheet?
speed;	Ant. In a couple.
For I am going into a wilderness	Duch. Saint Winifred, that were a strange will !
Where I shall find nor ‡ path nor friendly clew	Ant. 'Twere stranger if there were no will in
To be my guide.	you
[CARIOLA goes behind the arras.	To marry again.
Enter ANTONIO.§	Duch. What do you think of marriage?
I sent for you : sit down;	Ant. I take't, as those that deny purgatory,
Take pen and ink, and write : are you ready ?	It locally contains or heaven or hell;
Ant. Yes.	There's no third place in't.
Duch. What did I say?	Duch. How do you affect it ?
Ant. That I should write somewhat.	Ant. My hanishment, feeding my melancholy,
Duch. O, I remember.	Would often reason thus.
After these triumphs and this large expense,	Duch. Pray, let's hear it.
It's fit, like thrifty husbands, we inquire	Ant. Say a man never marry, nor have children,
What's laid up for to-morrow.	What takes that from him? only the bare
Ant. So please your beauteous excellence.	name
Duch. Beauteous !	Of being a father, or the weak delight
Indeed, I thank you : I look young for your sake ;	To see the little wanton ride a-cock-horse
You have ta'en my cares upon you.	Upon a painted stick, or hear him chatter
Ant. I'll fetch your grace	Like a taught starling.
The particulars of your revenue and expense.	Duch. Fie, fie, what's all this?
Duch. O, you are	One of your eyes is blood-shot; use my ring to't,
An upright treasurer : but you mistook ;	They say 'tis very sovereign: 'twas my wedding-
For when I said I meant to make inquiry	ring,
What's laid up for to-morrow, I did mean	And I did vow never to part with it
What's laid up yonder for me.	But to my second husband.
Ant. Where?	Ant. You have parted with it now.
Duch. In heaven.	Duch. Yes, to help your eye-sight.
I am making my will (as 'tis fit princes should,	Ant. You have made me stark blind.
	Duch. How?
* assay] The 4to. of 1640, "affray."	
† ingenious] i.e. ingenuous. See note †, p. 26. ‡ nor] The 4to of 1640, "no."	* make] The 4to. of 1640, "to make."
§ Enter Antonio] As previously (p. 61) Antonio has been	† distraction] Both the earliest 4tos. "distruction."
told that he must attend the duchess "in the gallery,"	that first good deed began i' the world] The 4to. of 1640,
it would seem that here the audience were to imagino that a change of scene had taken place.	"That good deed that first began i' th' world." § first] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.
these] Both the earliest 4tos. "this."	stranger] Tho old eds. "strange."

|| these] Both the earliest 4tos. "this."

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SCENE	I

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THE DUCHESS OF MALFI.

F

Ant. There is a saucy and ambitious devil	I hope 'twill multiply love there. You do
Is dancing in this circle.	tremble :
Duch. Remove him.	Make not your heart so dead a piece of flesh,
Ant. How?	To fear more than to love me. Sir, be confi-
Duch. There needs small conjuration, when	dent:
your finger	What is't distracts you? This is flesh and blood,
May do it: thus; is it fit?	sir;
[She puts the ring upon his finger: he kneels.	'Tis not the figure cut in alabaster
Ant. What said you ?	Kneels at my hushand's tomb. Awake, awake,
Duch. Sir,	man!
This goodly roof of yours is too low built;	I do here put off all vain ceremony,
I cannot stand upright in't nor discourse,	And only do appear to you a young widow
Without I raise it higher : raise yourself;	That claims you for her husband, and, like a
Or, if you please, my hand to help you : so.	widow,
[Raises him.	I use but half a blush in't.
Ant. Ambition, madam, is a great man's mad-	Ant. Truth speak for me;
ness,	I will remain the constant sanctuary
That is not kept in chains and close-pent-rooms,	Of your good name.
But in fair lightsome lodgings, and is girt	Duch. I thank you, gentle love:
With the wild noise of prattling visitants,	And 'cause you shall not come to me in debt,
Which makes it lunatic beyond all cure.	Being now my steward, here upon your lips
Conceive not I am so stupid but I aim	I sign your Quietus est. This you should have
Whereto your favours tend : but he's a fool	begg'd now:
That, being a-cold, would thrust his hands i'the	I have seen children oft eat sweetmeats thus,
fire	As fearful to devour them * too soon.
To warm them.	Ant. But for your brothers ?
Duch. So, now the ground's broke,	Duch. Do not think of them :
You may discover what a wealthy mine	All discord without this circumference
I make you lord of.	Is only to be pitied, and not fear'd :
Ant. O my unworthiness !	Yet, should they know it, time will easily
Duch. You were ill to sell yourself:	Scatter the tempest.
This darkening of your worth is not like that	Ant. These words should be mine,
Which tradesmen use i'the city; their false	And all the parts you have spoke, if some part of it
lights Are to rid bad wares off: and I must tell you,	Would not have savour'd flattery.
Are to rid bad wares on ; and I must ten you,	Duch. Kneel.
If you will* know where breathes a complete man	[CARIOLA comes from behind the arras.
(I speak it without flattery), turn your eyes,	Ant. Ha!
And progress through yourself.	Duch. Be not amaz'd; this woman's of my
Ant. Were there nor heaven nor hell,	counsel :
I should be honest : I have long serv'd virtue,	I have heard lawyers say, a contract in a chamber
And ne'er ta'en zages of her.	Per verba presenti is absolute marriage.
Duch. Now she pays it.	[She and ANTONIO kneel.
The misery of us that are born great!	Bless, heaven, this sacred gordian, which let
We are forc'd to woo, because none dare woo us;	violence
And as a tyrant doubles with his words,	Never untwine!
And fearfully equivocates, so we	Ant. And may our sweet affections, like the
Are forc'd to express our violent passions	spheres,
In riddles and in dreams, and leave the path	Be still in motion !
Of simple virtue, which was never made	Des suit in motion . Duch. Quickening, and make
To seem the thing it is not. Go, go brag	ma 111 Chananaine l
You have left me heartless; mine is in your	
bosom :	* I have seen children oft eat sweetmeats thus,
	As fearful to devour them] Occurs again verbatim in
* will] The 4to. of 1640, "would."	Appius and Virginia, A. I. S. 1.

* will] The 4to. of 1640, "would."

THE DUCHESS OF MALFI.

Ant. That we may imitate the loving palms,* Best emblem of a peaceful marriage, That never bore fruit, divided ! Duch. What can the church force more? Ant. That fortune may not know an accident, Either of joy or sorrow, to divide Our fixed wishes !	Unto your marriage-bed : (You speak in me this, for we now are one :) We'll only lie, and talk together, and plot To appease my humorous kindred; and if you please, Like the old tale in Alexander and Lodowick,* Lay a naked sword between us, keep us chaste.
Duch. How can the church build faster?	O, let me shrowd my hlushes in your bosom,
We now are man and wife, and 'tis the church	Since 'tis the treasury of all my secrets !
That must but echo this.—Maid, stand apart:	[Excunt DUCHESS and ANTONIO.
I now am blind.	Cari. Whether the spirit of greatness or of
Ant. What's your conceit in this?	woman
Duch. I would have you lead your fortune by	Reign most in her, I know not; but it shows
the hand	A fearful madness: I owe her much of pity. [Exit.

ACT II.

SCENE I.†

Enter BOSOLA and CASTRUCCIO.

Bos. You say you would fain be taken for an eminent courtier?

Cast. 'Tis the very main of my ambition.

Bos. Let me see : you have a reasonable good face for't already, and your night-cap expresses your ears sufficient largely. I would have you learn to twirl the strings of your hand with a good grace, and in a set speech, at the end of every sentence, to hum three or four times, or blow your nose till it smart again, to recover your memory. When you coms to be a president in criminal causes, if you smile upon a prisoner, hang him; but if you frown upon him and threaten him, let him be sure to scape the gallows.

Cast. I would be a very merry president.

* That we may imitate the loving palms, &c.] Compare a pretty passage of Glapthorne;

"O Argalus, I thought Wo should have liv'd, and taught the erring world Affection's primitive purenesse; grown like Palmes, That do with amorons mixture twins their boughes Into a league-union, and so florish Old in each othere armes."

Argalus and Parthenia, 1639, Sig. F 4. I may also cite here some lines entitled *The Dead Eagle*, which were written by my friend Thomas Campbell when he was at Oran;

"And yet Numidia's landscape has its spots Of pastoral pleasantness—though far between; The village planted uear the Maraboot's Round roof has aye its feathery palm tress Pair'd, for in solitude they bear no fruits."

† Scene I.] Malfi. An apartment in the palace of the Duchees.

Bos. Do not sup o'nights ; 'twill beget you an admirable wit.

Cast. Rather it would make me have a good stomach to quarrel; for they say, your roaring boys + eat meat seldom, and that makes them so valiant. But how shall I know whether the people take me for an eminent fellow?

Bos. I will teach a trick to know it: give out you lie a-dying, and if you hear the common people curse you, be sure you are taken for one of the prime night-caps.[‡]

Enter an Old Lady.

You come from painting now.

Old Lady. From what?

Bos. Why, from your scurvy face-physic. To behold thee not painted inclines somewhat near a miracle : these in thy face here were deep ruts

* Like the old tale in Alexander and Lodowick] The Two Paithful Friends, the pleasant History of Alexander and Lodwicke, who were so like one another, that none could know them assunder: wherein is declared how Lodwicke married the Princesse of Hungaria, in Alexander's name, and how each night he layd a naked sword betweene him and the Princesse, because he would not wrong his friend, is roprinted (from the Pepps Collection) in Evans's Old Ballads, vol. i. p. 77. ed. 1810. There was also a play written by Martin Slaughter, called Alexander and Lodowick, the acting of which is several times mentioned in Henslowe's Diary: but it never was printed.

 \dagger rearing boys] A cant term for the incolent bloods and vapourers of the time, whose delight was to annoy the well-behaved inhabitants of the capital, by quarrelling and raising violent disturbances on all possible occasions. \ddagger night-caps] Another cant term, used again by our author in *The Devil's Law Case*, Act II. Sc. I.

"Among a shoal or ewarm of reeking night-caps."

SCENE I.

and foul aloughs the last progress.* There was a lady in France that, having had the small-pox, flayed the skin off her face to make it more level; and whereas before she looked like a nutmeggrater, after she resembled an abortive hedge-hog.

Old Lady. Do you call this painting?

Bos. No, no, but you call [it] careening of an old morphewed lady, to make her discmbogue again: there's rough-cast phrass to your plastic.

Old Lady. It seems you are well acquainted with my cloaet.

Bos. One would suspect it for a shop of witchcraft, to find in it the fat of serpents, apawn of snakes, Jews' spittle, and their young children's ordure; and all these for the face. I would sooner eat a dead pigeon taken from the aoles of the feet of one aick of the plague, than kiss one of you fasting. Here are two of you, whose sin of your youth is the very patrimony of the physician; makes him renew his foot-cloth + with the spring, and change his high-priced courtezau with the fall of the leaf. I do wonder you do not loathe yourselves. Observe my meditation now.

What thing is in this outward form of man To be belov'd ? We account it ominous. If nature do produce a colt, or lamb, A fawn, or goat, in any limb resembling A man, and fly from 't as a prodigy : Man stands amaz'd to see his deformity In any other creature but himself. But in our own flesh though we bear diseases Which have their true names only ta'eu from beasts .---

As the most ulcerous wolf and swinish measle,-Though we are eaten up of lice and worms, And though continually we bear about us A rotten and dead body, we delight To hide it in rich tissue : all our fear. Nay, all our terror, is, lest our physician

Should put us in the ground to be made sweet .--Your wife's gone to Rome : you two couple, and get you to the wells at Lucca to recover your achea. I have other work on foot.

[Excunt CASTRCCCIO and Old Lady. I observe our duchess

Is sick a-days, she pukes, her stomach seethes,

The fins of her eye-lids look most teeming blue,‡

+ makes him renew his foot-cloth] i. e. enables him to buy new housings for his horse (or mule).

The fins of her eye-lids look most terming blue] So in The Malcontent, Act I. Sc. I. ; " till the fin of his eyes look as blue as the welkin."

She wanes i'the cheek, and waxes fat i'the flank, And, contrary to our Italian fashion,

Wears a loose-hodied gown : there's somewhat in't.

I have a trick may chance discover it, A pretty one; I have bought some apricocks,

The first our spring yields.

Enter ANTONIO and DELIO.

Delio. And so long since married ! You amaze ma.

Ant. Let me seal your lips for ever:

For, did I think that any thing but the air Could carry these words from you, I should wish You had no breath at all .- Now, sir, in your contemplation ?

You are studying to become a great wise fellow.

Bos. O, sir, the opinion of wisdom is a foul tetter * that runs all over a man's body : if simplicity direct us to have no evil, it directs us to a happy being; for the subtlest folly proceeds from the subtlest wisdom : let me be simply honest.

Ant. I do understand your inside.

Bos. Do you so ?

Ant. Because you would not seem to appear to the world

Puff'd up with your preferment, you continue This out-of-fashion melancholy : leave it, leave it.

Bos. Give me leave to be honest in any phrase, in any compliment whatsoever. Shall I confess myself to you? I look no higher than I can reach: they are the gods that must ride on winged horses. A lawyer's mule of a slow pace will both suit my disposition and business; for, mark me, when a man's mind rides faster than his horse can gallop, they quickly both tire.

Ant. You would look up to heaven, + but I think

The devil, that rules i'the air, stands in your light.

Bos. O, sir, you are lord of the ascendant, chief man with the duchess; a duke was your cousin-german removed. Say you were lineally descended from King Pepin, or he himself, what of this ? search the heads of the greatest rivers in the world, you shall find them but bubbles of water. Some would think the souls of princes were brought forth by some more weighty cause than those of meaner persons : they are deceived,

^{*} progress] See note t, p. 9.

^{*} tetter] The 4to. of 1640, "terror."

⁺ You would look up to heaven, &c.] So our suthor again in The Devil's Law-case, Act V. S. 5:

[&]quot;While they aspire to do themselves most right, The devil, that rules i' the air, hangs in their light. '

Duch. No: they taste of musk, methinks; inthere's the same hand to them ; the like passions deed they do. sway them; the same reason that makes a vicar Bos. I know not: yet I wish your grace had to go to law for a tithe-pig, and undo his neighpar'd 'em. bours, makes them spoil a whole province, and Duch. Why ? batter down goodly cities with the cannon. Bos. I forgot to tell you, the knave gardener, Only to raise his profit by them the sooner, Enter DUCHESS and Ladies. Did ripen them in horse-dung. Duch. Your arm, Antonio : do I not grow fat? Duch. O, you jest.-I am exceeding short-winded.-Bosola, You shall judge : pray, taste one. I would have you, sir, provide for me a litter; Ant. Indeed, madam, Such a one as the Duchess of Florence rode in. I do not love the fruit. Bos. The duchess us'd one when she was great Duch. Sir, you are loth with child. To rob us of our dainties : 'tis a delicate fruit; Duch. I think she did .- Come hither, mend They say they are restorative. my ruff: Bos. 'Tis a pretty art, Here, when ?* thou art such a tedious lady; and This grafting. Thy breath smells of lemon-pills : would thou Duch. 'Tis so; bettering of nature. hadst done! Bos. To make a pippin grow upon a crab, Shall I swoon under thy fingers? I am A damson on a black-thorn.--- [Aside.] How greedily So troubled with the mother ! + she eats them ! Bos. [aside.] I fear too much. A whirlwind strike off these bawd farthingales ! Duch. I have heard you say that the French For, but for that and the loose-hodied gown, courtiers I should have discover'd apparently Wear their hats on 'fore the king. The young springal cutting a caper in her Ant. I have seen it. belly. Duch. In the presence? Duch. I thank you, Bosola: they were right Ant. Yes. good ones, Duch.[‡] Why should not we bring up that If they do not make me sick. fashion ? Ant. How now. madam ! 'Tis ceremony more than duty that consists Duch. This green fruit and my stomach are In the removing of a piece of felt: not friends: Be you the example to the rest o' the court; How they swell me ! Put on your hat first. Bos. [aside.] Nay, you are too much swell'd Ant. You must pardon me: already. I have seen, in colder countries than in France, Duch. O, I am in an extreme cold sweat ! Nobles stand bare to the prince; and the dis-Bos. I am very sorry. tinction Duch. Lights to my chamber !-- O good An-Methought show'd reverently. tonio. Bos. I have a present for your grace. I fear I am undone ! Duch. For me, sir ? Delio. Lights there, lights ! Bos. Apricocks, madam. [Excunt DUCHESS and Ladies.-Exit, on the other side, Duch. O, sir, where are they ! BOSOLA. I have heard of none to-year. Ant. O my most * trusty Delio, we are lost ! Bos. [aside.] Good; her colour rises. I fear she's fall'n in labour; and there's left Duch. Indeed, I thank you : they are wondrous No time for her remove. fair ones. Delio. Have you prepar'd What an unskilful fellow is our gardener ! Those ladies to attend her ? and procur'd We shall have none this month. That politic safe conveyance for the midwife Bos. Will not your grace pare them ? Your duchess plotted ? Ant. I have. * when] An exclamation of impatience (very common in Delio. Make use, then, of this forc'd occasiou : our old dramatists). Give out that Bosola hath poison'd her + the mother] i. e. hysterical passion. Why, &c] This speech is given by mistake in the three earliest 4tos. to Antonio.

* most] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.

SCENE 11.

THE DUCHESS OF MALFI.

With these apricocks; that will give some colour For her keeping close.

Ant. Fie, fie, the physicians

Will then flock to her.

Delio. For that you may pretend

She'll use some prepar'd antidote of her own, Lest the physicians should re-poison her.

Ant. I am lost in amazement: I know not what to think on't. Exeunt.

SCENE II.*

Enter BOSOLA.

Bos. So, so, there's no question but her techiness + and most vulturous eating of the apricocks are apparent signs of breeding.

Enter an Old Lady.

Old Lady. I am in haste, sir.

Now?

Bos. There was a young waiting-woman had a monstrous desire to see the glass-house-

Old Lady. Nay, pray, let me go.

Bos. And it was only to know what strange instrument it was should swell up a glass to the fashion of a woman's belly.

Old Lady. I will hear no more of the glasshouse. You are still abusing women?

Bos. Who, I? no; only, by the way now and then, mention your frailties. The orange-tree bears ripe and green fruit and blossoms all together; and some of you give entertainment for pure love, but more for more precious reward. The lusty spring smells well; but drooping autumn tastes well. If we have the same golden showers that rained in the time of Jupiter the thunderer, you have the same Danäes still, to hold up their laps to receive them. Didst theu never study the mathematics?

Old Lady. What's that, sir?

Bos. Why, to know the trick how to make a many lines meet in one centre. Go, go, give your foster-daughters good counsel: tell them, that the devil takes delight to hang at a woman'e girdle, like a false rusty watch, that she cannot discern how the time passes. Exit Old Lady.

Enter ANTONIO, RODERIOO, and GRIBOLAN.

Ant. Shut up the court-gates.

Rod. Why, sir? what's the danger?

Ant.; Shut up the posterns presently, and call All the officers o'the court.

* Scene II.] A hall in the same palace.

+ techiness] The 4tos. "teatchives," and "teatchives."

Gris. I shall instantly.

[Exit. Ant. Who keeps the key o'the park-gate ?

Rod. Forobosco.

Ant. Let him bring't presently.

Re-enter GRISOLAN with Servants.

First Serv. O, gentlemen o'the court, the foulest treason !

Bos. [aside.] If that these apricocks should be poison'd now.

Without my knowledge !

First Serv. There was taken even now a Switzer in the duchess' bed-chamber-

Second Serv. A Switzer !

First Serv. With a pistol in his great cod-piece. Bos. Ha, ha, ha!

First Serv. The cod-piece was the case for't.

Second Serv. There was a cunning traitor : who would have searched his cod-piece?

First Serv. True, if he had kept out of the ladies' chambers: and all the moulds of his huttons were leaden hullets.

Second Serv. O wicked cannibal ! a fire-lock in's cod-piece !

First Serv. 'Twas a French plot, upon my life. Second Serv. To see what the devil can do !

Ant. [Are] all the officers here?

Servants. We are.

Ant. Gentlemen.

We have lost much plate you know; and but this eveniug

Jewels, to the value of four thousand ducats.

Are missing in the duchess' cahinet.

Are the gates shut?

Serv. Yes.

Ant. 'Tis the duchess' pleasure

Each officer be lock'd into his chamber

Till the sun-rising; and to send the keys

Of all their chests and of their cutward doors

Into her bed-chamber. She is very sick.

Rod. At her pleasure.

Ant. She entreats you take't not ill: the innocent

Shall be the more approv'd by it.

Bos. Gentleman o'the wood-yard, where's your Switzer now?

First Serv. By this hand, 'twas credibly reported by one o'the black guard.*

[Exeunt all except ANTONIO and DELIO

Delio. How fares it with the duchess? Ant. She's expos'd

Unto the worst of torture, pain and fear. Delio. Speak to her all happy comfort.

* black guard] Sec note *, p. 8.

Ant. How I do play the fool with mine own	Ant.
danger !	Bos.
You are this night, dear friend, to post to Rome:	Ant.
My life lies in your service.	Bos.
Delio. Do not doubt me.	Ant.
Ant. O, 'tis far from me : and yet fear presents	But the
me	Bos.
Somewhat that looks like danger.	Methinl
Delio. Believe it,	You loo
'Tis but the shadow of your fear, no more :	Ant.
How superstitiously we mind our evils !	For the
The throwing down salt, or crossing of a hare,	Bos.
Bleeding at nose, the stumbling of a horse,	Do you
Or singing of a cricket, are of power	Ant.
To daunt whole man in us. Sir, fare you well:	'Tis rath
I wish you all the joys of a bless'd father;	When al
And, for my faith, lay this unto your breast,	Makes y
Old friends, like old swords, still are trusted best. [Exit.	Bos. I
Enter CARIOLA.	Now all
Cari. Sir, you are the happy father of a son :	Had leas
Your wife commends him to you.	And if if
Ant. Blessèd comfort !	You are
For heaven' sake tend her well: I'll presently	Ant.
Go set a figure for's nativity. [Exeunt.	You gav
	Pray hea
	Bos. 1 For the
	Ant.
SCENE III.*	Till the
	st
Enter BOSOLA, with a dark lantern.	In my co
Bos. Sure I did hear a woman shrick : list, ha!	More tha
And the sound came, if I receiv'd it right,	Bos. J
From the duchess' lodgings. There's some	Ant.
stratagem	r
In the confining all our courtiers To their several wards: I must have part of it;	Bos. 1
My intelligence will freeze else. List, again !	Ant. Y
It may be 'twas the melancholy bird,	Are you
Best friend of silence and of solitariness,	st
The owl, that scream'd so.—Ha! Antonio!	You libe
	Bos. 1
Enter ANTONIO.	And I w
Ant. I heard some noiseWho's there? what	Ant.
art thou ? speak.	One that
Bos. Antonio, put not your face nor body	This om
To such a forc'd expression of fear:	Two lett
I am Bosola, your friend.	Are drow
Ant. Bosola !	Mere acc
[Aside.] This mole does undermine meHeard	I'the mo
you not	m
A noise even now?	Her lyin
Bos. From whence ?	I do not

* Scene III.] The court of the same palace.

From the duchess' lodging. Not I: did you ? I did, or else I dream'd. Let's walk towards it. No: it may be 'twas rising of the wind. Very likely. s 'tis very cold, and yet you sweat : k wildly. I have been setting a figure duchess' jewels. Ah, and how falls your question ? find it radical? What's that to you? er to be question'd what design, I men were commanded to their lodgings, ou a night-walker. in sooth, I'll tell you: the court's asleep, I thought the devil t to do here; I came to say my prayers; t do offend you I do so, a fine courtier. aside.] This fellow will undo me.--e the duchess apricocks to day: aven they were not poison'd ! Poisou'd ! a Spanish fig imputation. Fraitors are ever confident y are discover'd. There were jewels ol'n too: onceit, none are to be suspected an yourself. ou are a false steward. Saucy slave, I'll pull thee up by the ots. May be the ruin will crush you to pieces. You are an impudent snake indeed, sir : scarce warm, and do you show your ing? l well, sir. No, sir : copy it out, ill set my hand to't. aside.] My nose bleeds. were superstitious would count inous, when it merely comes by chance: ers, that are wrote here for my name, wn'd in blood ! ident.—For you, sir, I'll take order rn you shall be safe :---[aside.] 'tis that ust colour g-in :--sir, this door you pass not : hold it fit that you come near

The duchess' lodgings, till you have quit yourself.---

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[Aside.] The great are like the base, nay, they	Julia. How, my lord !
are the same, When they seek shameful ways to avoid shame.	Card. You fear
Exit.	My constancy, because yeu have approv'd Those giddy and wild turnings * in yourself.
Bos. Autonio hereabout did drop a paper :	Julia. Did you e'er find them?
Some of your help, false friend : 0, here it is.	Card. Sooth, generally for women,
What's here ? a child's nativity calculated !	A man might strive to make glass malleable,
[Reads,	Ere he should make them fixed.
"The duchess was delivered of a son, 'tween the	Julia. So, my lord.
hours twelve and one in the night, Anno Dom.	Card. We had need go berrow that fantastic
1504,"-that's this year-" decimo nono Decem-	glase
bris,"-that's this night,-" taken according to the	Invented by Galileo the Florentine
meridian of Malfi,"-that's our duchess: happy	To view another spacious world i'the meou,
discovery !- "The lord of the first house being	And lock to find a constant woman there.
combust in the ascendant, signifies short life; and	Julia. This is very well, my lord.
Mars being in a human sign, joined to the tail of	Card. Why do you weep?
the Dragon, in the eighth house, doth threaten a	Are tears your justification? the self-same tears
violent death. Cætera non scrutantur."	Will fall into your husband's hosom, lady,
Why, now 'tis most apparent: this precise fellow	With a loud protestation that yeu love him
Is the duchess' bawd :—I have it to my wish !	Above the world. Come, I'll love you wisely,
This is a parcel of intelligency	That's jealously; since I am very certain
Our courtiers were cas'd up for : it needs must	You cannot make me + cuckeld.
follow	Julia. I'll go heme
That I must be committed on pretence	To my husband.
Of poisoning her; which I'll endure, and laugh at.	Card. You may thank me, lady,
If one could find the father now ! but that	I have taken you off your melancholy perch,
Time will discover. Old Castruccio	Bore you upon my fist, and show'd you game,
I'the morning posts to Rome : by him I'll send	And let you fly at it.—I pray thee, kiss me.—
A letter that shall make her brothers' galls	When thou wast with thy husband, thou wast
O'erflow their livers. This was a thrifty way.	watch'd
Though lust do mask in ne'er so strauge disguise, She's oft found witty, but is never wise. [<i>Exit.</i>	Like a tame elephant :still you are to thank
She's oft found witty, but is never wise. [Exit.	me:
	Thou hadst only kisses from him and high feeding; But what delight was that? 'twos just like one
CODER IN "	But what delight was that? 'twas just like one That hath a little fingering on the lute,
SCENE IV.*	Yet cannot tune it :
Enter Cardinal and JULIA.	Julia. You told me of a pitcous wound i'the
Card. Sit: thou art my best of wishes. Prithee,	heart
tell me	And a sick liver, when you woe'd me first,
What trick didst thou invent to come to Rome	And epake like one in physic.
Without thy husband ?	Card. Who's that ?-
Julia. Why, my lord, I told him	
I came to visit an old anchorite	Enter Servant.
Here for devotion.	Rest firm, for my affection to thee,
Card. Thou art a witty false one,— I mean, to him.	Lightning moves slow to't.
Julia. You have prevail'd with me	Serv. Madam, a gentleman,
Beyond my strongest thoughts: I would not now	That's come pest from Malfi, desires to see you.
Find you inconstant.	Card. Let him enter: I'll withdraw. [Exit.
Card. Do not put thyself	Serv. He says
To such a voluntary torture, which proceeds	Your husband, old Castruccio, is come to Rome,
Out of your own guilt,	Most pitifully tir'd with riding post. [Exit.
Scene IV.] Rome. An apartment in the palace of	* turnings] Both the earliest 4tos. "turning."

Scene IV.] Rome. An apartment in the palace of the Cardinal.

* turnings] Both the earliest 4tos. "turning."
+ make me] The 4to. of 1623, "me make."

Enter DELIO. Julia [aside]. Signior Delio ! 'tis one of my old suitors. Delio. I was bold to come and ses you.* Julia. Sir, you are welcome. Delio. Do you lie here? Julia. Sure, your own experience Will satisfy you no: + our Roman prelates Do not keep lodging for ladies. Delio. Very well: I have brought you no commendations from your husband, shun. For I know none by him.[±] Julia. I hear he's come to Rome. D_{clio} . I never knew man and beast, of a horse aud a knight, So weary of each other : if he had had a good back, He would have undertook to have borne his horse, His breech was so pitifully sore. Julia. Your laughter Card. Say you? Is my pity. Delio. Lady, I know not whether You want money, but I have brought you some. Julia. From my husband? Delio. No, from mine own allowance. Julia. I must hear the condition, ere I be bound to take it. Delio. Look on't, 'tis gold : hath it not a fine colour? Julia. I have a bird more beautiful. Delio. Try the sound on't. Julia. A lute-string far exceeds it: It bath no smell, like cassia or civet; turn, Nor is it physical, though some fond doctors Persuade us seethe't § in cullises.|| I'll tell you, This is a creature bred by-Re-enter Servant. Serv. Your husband's come, Hath deliver'd a letter to the Duke of Calabria That, to my thinking, hath put him out of his wits. Exit. Julia. Sir, you hear: To wipe it out. Pray, let me know your business and your suit As briefly as can be. * to come and see you] The 4to. of 1640, " and come to see you." † no] The 4to. of 1640, "now." # Here and subsequently in this scene, I have let the lines stand as they are divided in the old copies, though some of these speeches hardly read like verse. See note †, p. 79. § seethe't] Beth the earliest 4tos. " seeth's." That living mortals hearing them run mad." || cullises] A cullis was a streng and savoury broth of boiled meat strained, for debilitated persons : the eld receipt-books recommend "pieces of gold" among its

.Delio. With good speed : I would wish you, At such time as you are non-resident With your husband, my mistress. Julia. Sir, I'll go ask my husband if I shall, [Exit. And straight return your answer. Delio. Very fine ! Is this her wit, or honesty, that speaks thus? I heard one say the duke was highly mov'd With a letter sent from Malfi. I do fear Antonio is betray'd : how fearfully Shows his ambition now ! unfortunate fortuns ! They pass through whirl-pools, and deep woes do Who the event weigh ere the action's done. [Exit.

SCENE V.*

Enter Cardinal, and FERDINANN with a letter.

Ferd. I have this night digg'd up a mandrake.

Fred. And I am grown mad with't.

Card. What's the prodigy ?

Fred. Read there,-a sister damn'd : she's loose i'the hilts :

Grown a notorious strumpet.

Card. Speak lower.

Ferd. Lower !

Rogues do not whisper't now, but seek to publish't (As servants do the bounty of their lords)

Aloud; and with a covetous searching eye,

To mark who note them. O, confusion seize her ! She hath had most cunning bawds to serve her

And more secure conveyances for lust

Than towns of garrison for service.

Card. Is't possible?

Can this be certain ?

Ferd. Rhubarb, O, for rhubarb

To purge this choler ! here's the cursed day t

To prompt my memory; and here't shall stick

Till of her bleeding heart I make a sponge

Card. Why do you make yourself So wild a tempest?

Ferd. Would I could be one,

That I might toss her palace 'bout her ears.

* Scene V.] Another apartment in the same palace. + I have this night digg'd up a mandrake.

And I am grown mad with't] Compare Shakespeare ; "Aud shricks, like mandrakes tern out of the earth,

Romeo and Juliet, A. IV. S. 3.

t the cursed day] i. e. on which the Duchese had been delivered of a son,-set down in the letter sent from Bosola.

ingredients.

	10
Root up her goodly forests, blast her meads,	As men convey'd by witches through the air,
And lay her general territory as waste	On violent whirlwinds! this intemperate noise
As she hath done her honours.	Fitly resembles deaf men's shrill discourse,
Card. Shall our blood,	Who talk aloud, thinking all other mcu
The royal blood of Arragon and Castile,	To have their imperfection.
Be thus attainted ?	Ferd. Have not you
Ferd. Apply desperate physic :	My palsy?
We must not now use balsamum, hut fire,	Card. Yes, [but] I can be angry
The smarting cupping-glass, for that's the mean /	Without this rupture : * there is not in nature
To purge infected hlood, such blood as hers.	A thing that makes man so deform'd, so beastly,
There is a kind of pity in mins eye,—	As doth intemperate anger. Chide yourself.
I'll give it to my handksrcher; and now 'tis here,	You have divers men who never yet express'd
I'll bequeath this to her bastard.	Their strong desire of rest but by unrest,
Card. What to do?	By vexing of themselves. Come, put yourself
Ferd. Why, to make soft lint for his mother's	In tuns.
wounds,	Ferd. So I will only study to seem
When I have hew'd her to pieces.	The thing I am not. I could kill her now,
Card. Cursèd creature !	In you, or in myself; for I do think
Unequal nature, to place women's hearts	It is some sin in us heaven doth revenge
So far upon the left side!	By her.
Ferd. Foolish men,	Card. Are you stark mad?
That e'er will trust their honour in a hark	Ferd. I would have their bodies
Made of so slight weak bulrush as is * woman,	Burnt in a coal-pit with the ventage stopp'd,
Apt every minute to sink it !	That their curs'd smoke might not ascend to
Card. Thus	heaven;
Ignorance, when it hath purchas'd houour,	Or dip the shests they lie in in pitch or
It cannot wield it.	sulphur, Wrap them in't, and then light them like a match ;
Ferd. Methinks I see her laughing,	
Excellent hyena! Talk to me somewhat quickly,	Or else to-boil their bastard to a cullis,† And give't his lecherous father to renew
Or my imagination will carry me	The sin of his back.
To see her in the shameful act of sin. Card. With whom?	Card. I'll leave you.
Ferd. Happily with some strong-thigh'd harge-	Ferd. Nay, I have done.
	I am confident, had I been damn'd in hell,
man, Or one o'the wood-yard that can quoit the sledge	Aud should have heard of this, it would have put
Or toss the bar, or else some lovely squire	me
That carries coals up to her privy + lodgings.	Into a cold sweat. In, in; I'll go sleep.
Card. You fly beyond your reason.	Till I know who leaps my sister, I'll not stir :
Ferd. Go to, mistress !	That known, I'll find scorpions to string ‡ my
'Tis not your whore's milk that shall ‡ quench my	whips,
wild-fire,	And fix her in a general eclipse. [Exeunt.
But your whore's blood.	
Card. How idly shows this rage, which carries	t wet all to right many burgling forth into not
	* rupture] If right, means-breaking forth into pas- sion: but qy. "rapture,"-transport, violent emotion?
you,	t cullis] See note , p. 72.
* is] The 4to. of 1640, "this."	t string] The 4to. of 1640, "sting."
t privy] The 4to. of 1640, "private."	"Lest with a whip of scorpions I pursue Thy lingering." Milton's Par. Lost, ii. 701.
<i>shall</i>] The 4to. of 1640, "can."	1 TIN INCLUE, MILLOUDE CONTINUES

ACT III.

SCENE I.*

Enter ANTONIO and DELIO. Ant. Our noble friend, my most beloved Delio! O, you have been a stranger long at court : Came you along with the Lord Ferdinand? Delio. I did, sir: and how fares your noble duchess? Ant. Right fortunately well : she's an excellent Feeder of pedigrees; since you last saw her, She hath had two children more, a son and daughter. Delio. Methinks 'twas yesterday: let me but wink. And not hehold your face, which to mine eye Is somewhat leaner, verily I should dream It were within this half hour. Ant. You have not been in law, friend Delio, Nor in prison, nor a suitor at the court, Nor begg'd the reversion of some great man's place. Nor troubled with an old wife, which doth make Your time so insensibly hasten. Delio. Pray, sir, tell me, Hath not this news arriv'd yet to the car Of the lord cardinal? Ant. I fear it hath: The Lord Ferdinand, that's newly come to court, Doth bear himself right dangerously. Delio. Pray, why? Ant. He is so quiet that he seems to sleep The tempest out, as dormice do in winter : Those houses that are haunted are most still Till the devil be up. Delio. What say the common people? Ant. The common rabble do directly say She is a strumpet. Delio. And your graver heads Which would be politic, what censure they ? Ant. They do observe I grow to infinite purchase,† The left hand way; and all suppose the duchess * Scene I.] Malfi. Au apartment in the palace of the Duchess.

"Tailors in France, they grow to great abomiuable purchase, and become great officers." Act II. Sc. 1. Would amend it, if she could; for, say they, Great princes, though they grudge their officers Should have such large and unconfined means To get wealth under them, will not complain, Lest thereby they should make them odious Unto the people: for other obligation Of love or marriage between her and me They never dream of.

Delio. The Lord Ferdinand Is going to bed.

Enter DUCHESS, FERDINAND, and Attendants. Ferd. I'll instantly to bed, For I am weary .-- I am to bespeak A husband for you. Duch. For me, sir ! pray, who is't? Ferd. The great Count Malatesti. Duch. Fie upon him ! A count! he's a mere stick of sugar-candy; * You may look quite thorough him. When I choose A husband, I will marry for your honour. Ferd. You shall do well in't.-How is't, worthy Autonio? Duch. But, sir, I am to have private conference with you About a scaudalous report is spread Touching mine honour. Ferd. Let me be ever deaf to't : One of Pasquil's paper-bullets, court-calumny, A pestilent air, which princes' palaces Are seldom purg'd of. Yet say that it were true. I pour it in your bosom, my fix'd love Would strongly excuse, extenuate, nay, deny Faults, were they apparent in you. Go, be safe In your own innocency. Duch. [aside.] O hless'd comfort ! This deadly air is purg'd. [Excunt DUCHESS, ANTONIO, DELIO, and Attendants. Ferd. Her guilt treads on Hot-burning coulters. Enter BOSOLA.

Now, Bosola,

How thrives our intelligence ?

Bos. Sir, uncertainly :

'Tis rumour'd she hath had three bastards, but By whom we may go read i' the stars.

* he's a mere stick of sugar-candy, &c.] Repeated almost verbatim in The Devil's Law Case, Act II. Sc. I.

[†] purchase] This word is generally used by old dramatists as a cant term for stolen goods, but here it means riches, valuable property: our author in The Devil's Law Case has;

SCENE 11.

Ferd. Why, some Hold opinion all things are written there. Bos. Yes, if we could find spectacles to read them. I do suspect there hath been some sorcery Us'd on the duchess. Ferd. Sorcery ! to what purpose ? Bos. To make her dote on some desertless fellow She shames to acknowledge. Ferd. Can your faith give way To think there's power in potions or in charms, To make us love whether we will or no? Bos. Most certainly. Ferd. Away ! these are mere gulleries, horrid things, Invented by some cheating mountebanks To abuse us. Do you think that herbs or charms Can force the will ? Some trials have been made In this foolish practice, but the ingredients Were lenitive poisons, such as are of force To make the patient mad; and straight the witch Swears by equivocation they are in love. The witch-craft lies in her rank blood, This night I will force confession from her. You told me You had got, within these two days, a false key Into her bed-chamber. Bos. I have. Ferd. As I would wish. Bos. What do you intend to do? Ferd. Can you guess ? Bos. No. Ferd. Do not ask, then : He that can compass me, and know my drifts, May say he hath put a girdle 'bout the world,* And sounded all her quick-sands. Bos. I do not Think so. Ferd. What do you think, then, pray? Bos. That you are Your own chronicle too much, and grossly Flatter yourself. Ferd. Give me thy hand; I thank thee: I never gave pension but to flatterers, Till I entertainéd thee. Farewell. That friend a great man's ruin strongly checks, Who rails into his belief all his defects. [Excunt. * May say he hath put a girdle 'bout the world] So Shakespeare ; " I'll put a girdle round about the earth."

"I'll put a girdle round about the earth." Midsummer-night's Dream, Act II. Sc. 2.; on which passage see Steevens's note.

SCENE II.*

Ente DUCHESS, ANTONIO, and CARIOLA. Duch. Bring me the casket hither, and the glass,-You get no lodging here to-night, my lord. Ant. Indeed, I must persuade one. Duch. Very good : I hope in time 'twill grow into a custom, That noblemen shall come with cap and knee To purchase a night's lodging of their wives. Ant. I must lie here. Duch. Must ! you are a lord of mis-rule. Ant. Indeed, my rule is only in the night. Duch. To what use will you put me? Ant. We'll sleep together. Duch. Alas, What pleasure can two lovers find in sleep ! Cari. My lord, I lie with her often; and I know She'll much disquiet you. Ant. See, you are complain'd of. Cari. For she's the sprawling'st bedfellow. Ant. I shall like her the better for that. Cari. Sir, shall I ask you a question ? Ant. Ay, pray thee, Cariola. Cari. Wherefore still, when you lie with my lady, Do you rise so early? Ant. Labouring men Count the clock oftenest, Cariola, Are glad when their task's ended. Duch. I'll stop your mouth. Kisses him. Ant. Nay, that's but one; Venus had two soft doves To draw her chariot ; I must have auother .---[She kisses him again. When wilt thou marry, Cariola? Cari. Never, my lord. Ant. O, fie upon this single life! forgo it. We read how Daphne, for her peevish + flight, Became a fruitless bay-tree; Syrinx turn'd To the pale empty reed; Anaxarete Was frozen into marhle: whereas those Which married, or prov'd kind unto their friends, Were by a gracious influence transhap'd Into the olive, pomegranate, mulberry, Became flowers, precious stones, or eminent stars. Cari. This is a vain poetry : but I pray you, tell mc, If there were propos'd me, wisdom, riches, and beauty, In three several young men, which should I choose.

* Scene II.] The bed-chamber of the Duchess in the same.

† peevish] i. e. foolish.

	S OF MALFI.
 Ant. 'Tis a hard question: this was Paris' case, And he was blind in't, and there was great cause; For how was't possible he could * judge right, Having three amorous goddesses in view, And they stark naked? 'twas a motion Were ahle to henight the apprehension Of the severest counsellor of Europe. Now I look on both your faces so well form'd, It puts me in mind of a question I would ask. Cari. What is't? Ant. I do wonder why hard-favour'd ladies, For the most part, keep worse-favour'd waiting- women To attend them, and cannot endure fair ones. Duck. O, that's soon answer'd. Did you ever in your life know an ill painter Desire to have his dwelling next door to the shop Of an excellent picture-maker? 'twould disgrace His face-making, and undo him. I prithee, When were we so ↑ merry ?My hair tangles. Ant. Pray thee, Cariola, let's steal forth the room, And let her talk to herself: I have divers times Serv'd her the like, when she hath ‡ chaf'd extremely. I love to see her angry. Softly, Cariola. [Excust ANTONIO and CARIOLA. Duck. Doth not the colour of my hair gin to change? When I wax gray, I shall have all the court Powder their hair with arras,§ to be like me. You have cause to love me ; I enter'd you # into my heart Before you would vouchsafe to call for the keys. Enter FERDINAND betind. We shall one day have my brothers take you napping : Methinks his presence, being now in court, Should make you keep your own bed ; but you'll say Love mix'd with fear is sweetest. I'll assure you, you shall get no more children till my brothers You shall get no more children till my brothers Yon wy, whether I am doom'd to live or die, I can do both like a prince. 	 SOF MALFI. Act the second se
_	Lest it bewray him.
Ferd. Die, then, quickly!	
[Giving her a poniard.	
* anald] The Ato of 1640 "Land "	* eclipse] The 4to. of 1640, "clip."
* could] The 4to. of 1640, "should." † so] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.	t us] Not found in the three earliest 4tos.
t hath] The 4to. of 1640, "had."	‡ For I am sure thou hear'st me, for thine own sake] The 4to. of 1640 :

- \$ sof Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.
 \$ hath] The 4to. of 1640, "had."
 \$ arras] See note †, p. 41.
 # you! Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.

4 to of 1640; "For I am sure thou heard'st me, for mine own sake." § such] The 4to. of 1640, "so."

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SCENE II.

Duch. Why might not I marry? I have not gone about in this to create Any new world or custom. Ferd. Thou art undone : And thou hast ta'en that massy sheet of lead That hid thy husband's bones, and folded it About my heart. Duch. Mine bleeds for't. Ferd. Thine ! thy heart ! What should I name't unless a hollow bullet Fill'd with unquenchable wild-fire ? Duch. You are in this Too strict; and were you not my princely brother, I would say, too wilful : my reputation Is safe, Ferd. Dost thou know what reputation is? I'll tell thee,-to small purpose, since the instruction Comes now too lats. Upon a time Reputation, Love, and Death. Would travel o'er the world; and it was concluded That they should part, and take three several ways. Death told them, they should find him in great battles. Or cities plagu'd with plagues : Love gives them counsel To inquire for him 'mongst unambitious shepherds. Where dowries were not talk'd of, and sometimes 'Mongst quiet kindred that had nothing left By their dead parents: "Stay," quoth Reputation, "Do not forsake me; for it is my nature, If once I part from any man I meet. I am never found again." And so for you: You have shook * hands with Reputation, And made him invisible. So, fare you well: I will never see you more. Duch. Why should only I. Of all the other princes of the world, Be cas'd up, like a holy relic ? I have youth And a little beauty. Ferd. So you have some virgins That are witches. I will never see thee more. [Exit. Re-enter ANTONIO with a pistol, and CARIOLA. Duch. You saw this apparition ? Ant. Yes: we are Betray'd. How came he hither ? I should turn This to thee, for that. Cari. Pray, sir, do; and when That you have cleft my heart, you shall read there Mine innocence.

* shook] Some copies of the 4to. of 1623, "shooked."

Duch. That gallery gave him entrance. Ant. I would this terrible thing would come again, That, standing on my guard, I might relate My warrantable love .----[She shows the poniard. Ha! what means this? Duch. He left this with me. Ant. And it seems did wish You would use it on yourself. Duch. His action Seem'd to intend so much. Ant. This hath a handle to't. As well as a point: turn it towards him. And so fasten the keen edge in his rank gall. [Knocking withm. How now ! who knocks ? more earthquakes ? Duch. I stand As if a mine beneath my feet were ready To he blown up. Cari. 'Tis Bosola. Duch. Away ! O misery ! methinks unjust actions Should wear these masks and curtains, and not we. You must instantly part hence: I have fashion'd it already. Exit ANTONIO. Enter BOSOLA. Bos. The duke your brother is ta'en up in a whirlwind : Hath took horse, and 's rid post to Rome. Duch. So late ? Bos. He told me, as he mounted into the saddle, You were undone. Duch. Indeed, I am very near it. Bos. What's the matter ? Duch. Antonio, the master of our household, Hath dealt so falsely with me in 's accounts: My brother stood engag'd with me for money Ta'en up of certain Neapolitan Jews, And Antonio lets the bonds be forfeit. Bos. Strange !- [Aside.] This is cunning.

Duch. And hereupon My brother's bills at Naples are protested

Against.—Call up our * officers.

Bos. I shall.

Exit.

Re-enter ANTONIO.

Duch. The place that you must fly to is Ancona:

Hire a house there; I'll send after you My treasure and my jewels. Our weak safety

* our] The 4to. of 1640, "the."

 $\mathbf{78}$

Runs upon enginous wheels : * short syllables	Bos. Here's an example for extortion: what
Must stand for periods. I must now accuse you	moisture is drawn out of the sea, when foul
Of such a feigned crime as Tasso calls	weather comes, pours down, and runs into the sea
Magnanima menzogna, † a noble lie,	again.
'Cause it must shield our honours.—Hark ! they	Duch. I would know what are your opinions
are coming.	Of this Antonio.
Re-enter BOSOLA and Officers	Sec. Off. He could not abide to see a pig's head
Ant. Will your grace hear me?	gaping :* I thought your grace would find him a
Duch. I have got well by you; you have	Jew.
vielded me	Third Off. I would you had been hist officer,
A million of loss: I am like to inherit	for your own sake.
The people's curses for your stewardship.	Fourth Off. You would have had more money.
You had the trick in audit-time to be sick,	First Off. He stopped his cars with black wool,
Till I had sign'd your quietus; and that cur'd	and to those came to him for money said he was
you	thick of hearing.
Without help of a doctorGentlemen,	Sec. Off. Some said he was an hermaphrodite,
I would have this man be an example to you all;	for he could not abide a woman.
So shall you hold my favour; I pray, let him;	Fourth Off. How scurvy proud he would the look when the treasury was full ! Well, let him go.
For h'as done that, alas, you would not think of,	First Off. Yes, and the chippings of the but-
And, because I jutend to be rid of him,	tery fly after him, to scour his gold§ chain.
I mean not to publish.—Use your fortune else-	Duch. Leave us. [Excunt Officers.]
where.	What do you think of these?
Ant. I am strongly arm'd to brook my	Bos. That these are rogues that in's prosperity,
overthrow,	But to have waited on his fortune, could have
As commonly men bear with a hard year:	wish'd
I will not blame the cause on't; but do think	His dirty stirrup rivetted through their noses,
The necessity of my malevolent star	And follow'd after's mule, like a bear in a ring;
Procures this, not her humour. O, the inconstant	Would have prostituted their daughters to his
And rotten ground of service ! you may see,	lust;
'Tis even like him, that in a winter night,	Made their first-born intelligencers; ¶ thought
Takes a long slumber o'er a dying fire,	none happy
A-loth ‡ to part from't; yet parts thence as cold	But such as were born under his blest ** planet,
As when he first sat down.	And wore his livery : and do these lice drop off
Duch. We do confiscate,	now?
Towards the satisfying of your accounts,	Well, never look to have the like again :
All that you have.	He hath left a sort ++ of flattering rogues behind
Ant. I am all yours; and 'tis very fit All mine should be so.	him;
Duch. So, sir, you have your pass.	Their doom must follow. Princes pay flatterers
Ant. You may see, gentlemen, what 'tis to	* He could not abide to see a pig's head gaping So
Serve	Shakespeare ;
A prince with body and soul. [Exit.	" Ae there is no firm reason to be render'd Why he cannot abide a gaping pig."
	Merchant of Venice, Act. IV. Sc. I.
* enginous wheels] The 4to. of 1640 substitutes "in-	Steevens, in a note ou Shylock's epsech cites the
genious." So Dekker;	parallel passage from Webster, and in order to make it
"For that one Acte giues like an enginous wheele Motion to all." The Whore of Babylon, 1607, Sig. C2.	run like blank verse inserts a monosyllable. Shake- speare's commentators are too often incorrect their
+ as Tasso calls	quotatious from old poets.
Magnanima menzogna] In Gerus. Lib. C. ii. St. 22;	t his] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.
"Così al pubblico fato il capo altero Offerse, e'i volse in sè sola raccorre.	t he would] The 4to. of 1640, "would he." § gold] The 4to. of 1640, "golden." Our old dramatists
Magnanima menzogna, or quando è il vero	frequently allude to the gold chain which was formerly
Si bello, che si possa a te preporre?"	worn (at least in this country) by stewards,
Most readers must be aware that the great Italian imitates the "splendide mendax" of Horace.	his The 4to. of 1640, "this." ¶ intelligencers] Some of the copies of the 4to. of 1623.
minator the spiciative menditize of morace.	a sectory sectors i botho of one copies of one tto, of 1623,

imitates the "splendiale mendax" of Horace. ‡ A-loth] Some copies of the 4to. of 1623, and the 4to. of 1640, "As loath."
I intelligencers. Some of the copies of the 4to. of 1623, "and intelligencers."
** blest] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640. • †† sort] i.s. sct.

SCENE II.

In their own money : flatterers dissemble their	Rewards it with his shadow: you have not
vices,	done so.
And they dissemble their lies; that's justice.	I would sooner swim to the Bermoothes * on
Alas, poor gentleman !	Two politicians' rotten bladders, tied
Duch. Poor ! he hath amply fill'd his coffers.	Together with an intelligencer's heart-string,
Bos. Sure, he was too honest. Pluto,* the	Than depend on so changeable a prince's favour.
god of riches,	Fars thee well, Antonio ! since the malice of the
When he's sent by Jupiter to any man,	world
He goes limping, to signify that wealth	Would needs down with thee, it cannot be said
That comes on God's name comes slowly; but	yet
when he's sent	That any ill happen'd unto thee, considering thy
On the devil's errand, he rides post and comes in	fall
by scuttles.	Was accompanied with virtue.+
Let me show you what a most unvalu'd jewel	Duch. O, you render me excellent music !
You have in a wanton humour thrown away,	Bos. Say you?
To bless the man shall find him. He was an	Duch. This good one that you speak of is my
excellent	husband.
Courtier and most faithful; a soldier that	Bos. Do I not dream ? can this ambitious age
thought it	Have so much goodness in't as to prefer
As beastly to know his own value too little	A man merely for worth, without these shadows
As devilish to acknowledge it too much.	Of wealth and painted honours? possible?
Both his virtus and form deserv'd a far better	Duch. I have had three children by him.
fortune :	Bos. Fortunate lady !
His discourse rather delighted to judge itself	For you have made your private nuptial bed
than show itself:	The humble and fair seminary of peace.
His breast was fill'd with all perfection,	No question but many an unbenefic'd scholar
And yet it seem'd a private whispering-room,	Shall pray for you for this deed, and rejuice
It made so little noise of 't.	That soms preferment in the world can yet
Duch. But he was basely descended.	Arise from merit. The virgins of your land
Bos. Will you make yourself a mercenary	That have no dowries shall hope your example
herald,	Will raise them to rich husbands. Should you want
Rather to examine men's pedigrees than virtues?	Soldiers, 'twould make the very Turks and
You shall want him:	Moors
For know an honest statesman to a prince	Turn Christians, and serve you for this act.
Is like a cedar planted by a spring;	Last, the neglected poets of your time,
The spring bathes the tree's root, the grateful	In honour of this trophy of a man,
tree	Rais'd by that curious engine, your white hand,
100	Shall thank you, in your grave, for't; and make
	that
* Pluto, the god of riches, &c.] If Webster had elsewhere	More reverend than all the cabinets
used the name "Plutus," I should, for consistency's	Of living princes. For Antonio,
sake, have substituted it here for "Pluto." But the latter name is not to be considered as wrong: even the Greeks	His fame shall likewise flow from many a pen,
themselves confounded IILourán, the god of the lower	When heralds shall want coats to sell to men.
world, with Indouves, the god of riches (see Liddell and	Duch. As I tasts comfort in this friendly
Scott's Greek Lex. in v. Πλουτών). So, too, Marlews, in his	speech,
Hero and Leander, tewards the close of the Second Sestiad;	So would I find concealment.
" Whence his admiring eyes more pleasure took	
Than Dison heaps of gold fixing his lock."-	* Bermoothes] i. s. the Bermudas.
With the present passage of our author compare Bacon's Besays : "The peets feign, that when Plutus (which is	+ This and the two preceding speeches of Bosola con-
riches,) is sont from Jupiter, he limps, and goes slowly;	sist partly of lines which it would be difficult to read as

and unjust means), they come upon speed." Of Riches.

sist partly of lines which prose, and partly of sentences which will not admit of but when he is sent from Pluto, he runs and is swift of any satisfactory metrical arrangement. Iu my uncerfoot; meaning that riches gotten by good means and just labour pace slowly it might be applied likewise to Pluto taking him for the devil. For when tainty how te deal with them, I have allewed them to stand nearly as they are given in the old 4tos. riches come from the devil, (as hy fraud and oppression,

t A man merely, &c.] This line is found only in the 4to. of 1623.

Bos. O, the secret of my prince,	Hcaring your worth that way, ere you attain'd
Which I will wear on the inside of my heart !*	This reverend garment, joins you in commission
Duch. You shall take charge of all my coin	With the right fortunate soldier the Marquis of
and jewels,	Pescara,
And follow him; for ho retires himself	And the famous Lannoy.
To Ancona.	Card. He that had the honour π
Bos. So.	Of taking the French king prisoner?
Duch. Whither, within few days,	Mal. The same.
I mean to follow thee.	Here's a plot + drawn for a new fortification
Bos. Let me think :	At Naples.
I would wish your grace to feign a pilgrimage	Ferd. This great Count Malatesti, I perceive,
To our Lady of Loretto, scarce seven leagues	Hath got employment?
From fair Ancona; so may you depart	Delio. No employment, my lord;
Your country with more honour, and your flight	A marginal note in the muster-book, that he is
Will seem a princely progress, + retaining	A voluntary lord.
Your usual train about you.	Ferd. He's no soldier.
Duch. Sir, your direction	Delio. He has worn gun-powder in's hollow
Shall lead me by the hand.	tooth for the tooth-ache.
Cari. In my opinion,	Sil. He comes to the leaguer ‡ with a full intent
She were better progress to the baths at Lucca,	To eat fresh beef and garlic, means to stay
Or go visit the Spa	Till the scent be gone, and straight return to
In Germany; for, if you will believe me,	court.
I do not like this jesting with religion,	Delio. He hath read all the late service
This feigned pilgrimage.	As the City-Chronicle relates it;
Duch. Thou art a superstitious fool :	And keeps two pewterers § going, only to express
Prepare us instantly for our departure.	Battles in model.
Past sorrows, let us moderately lamont them,	Sil. Then he'll fight by the book.
For those to come, seek wisely to prevent them. [Excunt DUCHESS and CARIOLA.	Delio. By the almanac, I think,
	To choose good days and shun the critical;
Bos. A politician is the devil's quilted anvil;	That's his mistress' scarf.
He fashions all sins on him, and the blows	Sil. Yes, he protests
Are never heard: he may work in a lady's chamber,	He would do much for that taffeta. <i>Delio.</i> I think he would run away from a battle,
As here for proof. What rests but I reveal	To save it from taking prisoner.
All to my lord? O, this base quality	Sil. He is horribly afraid
Of intelligencer !‡ why, every quality i'the world Prefers but gain or commendation :	Gun-powder will spoil the perfume on't.
Now, for this act I am certain to be rais'd,	Delio. I saw a Dutchman break his pate once
And men that paint weeds to the life are prais'd.	For calling him pot-gun; he made his head
Exit.	Have a bore in't like a musket.
	Sil. I would be had made a touch-hole to't.
	He is indeed a guarded sumpter-cloth,
SCENE III.§	Only for the remove of the court.
Enter Cardinal, FERDINAND, MALATESTI, PESCARA,	only for the remove of the court.
DELIO, and SILVIO.	Tester Dance i
Card. Must we turn soldier, then?	Enter BosolA.
Mal. The emperor,	Pes. Bosola arriv'd ! what should be the
	business?
* Which I will wear on the inside of my heart] So	Some falling-out amongst the cardinals.
Shakespeare ; "I will wear him	* He that had the honour, &c.] Francis I. at the battle
In my heart's core." Hamlet, A. III. S. 2.	of Pavia gave up his sword to Lannoy.
† progress] See note †, p. 9.	† plot] i. e. plan.
<pre>t intelligencer] The 4to. of 1640, "intelligencers." \$ Scene III.] An apartment: qy. in the Cardinal'e</pre>	‡ leaguer] i. e. camp. § pewterers] Some copies of the 4tc. of 1623, and the
palace at Rome?	4to. of 1640, "painters."
Another scene that hovers between prose and verse.	guarded sumpter-cloth] i.e. a sumpter-cloth with
Sco note †, p. 79.	facings, trimminge.

These factions amongst great men, they are like

Foxes, when their heads are divided,

They carry fire in their tails, and all the country

About them goes to wreck for't.

Sil. What's that Bosola?

Delio. I knew him in Padua,—a fantastical scholar, like such who study to know how many knots was in Hercules' club, of what colour Achilles' beard was, or whether Hector were not troubled with the tooth-ache. He hath studied himself half blear-eyed to know the true symmetry of Cæsar's nose by a shoeing-horn; and this he did to gain the name of a speculative man.

Pes. Mark Prince Ferdinand:

A very salamander lives in's eye,

To mock the eager violence of fire.

Sil. That cardinal hath made more bad faces with his oppression than ever Michael Angelo made good ones: he lifts up's nose, like a foul porpoise before a storm.

Pes. The Lord Ferdinand laughs.

Delio. Like a deadly cannon

That lightens ere it smokes.

Pes. These are your true pangs of death,

The pangs of life, that struggle with great statesmen.

Delio. In such a deformed silence witches whisper their charms.

- Card. Doth she make religion her ridinghood
- To keep her from the sun and tempest? *Ferd.* That,

That damns her. Methinks her fault and beauty, Blended together, show like leprosy,

The whiter, the fouler. I make it a question

Whether her beggarly brats were ever christen'd.

Card. I will instantly solicit the state of Ancona

To have them banish'd.

Ferd. You are for Loretto :

I shall not be at your ceremony; fare you well.— Write to the Duke of Malfi, my young nephew She had by her first husband, and acquaint him With's mother's honesty.

Bos. I will.

Ferd. Antonio !

A slave that only smell'd of ink and counters, And never in's life look'd like a gentleman, But in the andit-time.—Go, go presently, Draw me out an hundred and fifty of our horse, And meet me at the fort-bridge. [*Excunt*.

SCENE IV.

Enter Two Pilgrims to the Shrine of our Lady of Loretto.

First Pil. I have not seen a goodlier shrine than this;

Yet I have visited many.

Second Pil. The Cardinal of Arragon

Is this day to resign his cardinal's hat:

His sister duchess likewise is arriv'd

To pay her vow of pilgrimage. I expect

A noble ceremony.

First Pil. No question.-They come.

Here the ceremony of the Cardinal's instalment, in the habit of a soldier, performed in delivering up his cross, hat, robes, and ring, at the shrine, and investing him with snoord, helmet, shield, and spurs; then ANTONTO, the DUCHESS, and their children, having presented themselves at the shrine, are, by a form of banishment in dumb-show expressed towards them by the Cardinal and the state of Ancona, banished: during all which ceremony, this dity is sung, to very solemn music, by divers churchmen: and then excent all except the Two Pilgrims.

Arms and honours deck thy story,* To thy fame's eternal glory ! Adverse fortune ever fly thee ; No disastrous fate come nigh thee ! I alone will sing thy praises, Whom to honour virtue raises ; And thy study, that divine is, Bent to martial discipline is. Lay aside all those robes lie by thee ; Crown thy arts with arms, they'll beautify thee. 0 worthy of worthiest name, adorn'd in this manner, Lead bravely thy forces on under war's warlike banner ! 0, mayst thou prove fortunate in all martial courses ! Guide thou still by skill in arts and forces! Victory attend thee nigh, whilst fame sings loud thy powers; Triumphant conquest crown thy head, and blessings pour

down showers!

First Pil. Here's a strange turn of state ! who would have thought

So great a lady would have match'd herself

Unto so mean a person ? yet the cardinal

Bears himself much+ too cruel.

Sec. Pil. They are banish'd.

First Pil. But I would ask what power hath this state

Of Ancona to determine of a free prince?

Sec. Pil. They are a free state, sir, and her brother show'd

How that the Pope, fore-hearing of her looseness, Hath seiz'd into the protection of the church

The dukedom which she held as dowager.

First Pil. But by what justice ?

Sec. Pil. Sure, I think by none,

Only her brother's instigation.

* On this song, in the 4to. of 1623, is the following marginal note; "The Author disclaimes this Ditty to be his." † much] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.

First Pil. What was it with such violence he took	On the wild benefit of nature * live Happier than we; for they may choose their mates, And carol their sweet pleasures to the spring.
Off from her finger ?	And carol then Bweet pressures to the spende
Sec. Pil. 'Twas her wedding-ring ;	Enter BOSOLA with a letter.
Which he vow'd shortly he would sacrifice	Bos. You are happily o'erta'en.
To his revenge.	Duch. From my brother?
First Pil. Alas, Antonio!	Bos. Yes, from the Lord Ferdinand your
If that a man be thrust into a well,	brother
No matter who sets hand to't, his own weight	All love and safety.
Will bring him sooner to the bottom. Come,	Duch. Thou dost blanch mischief,
let's hence.	Wouldst make it white. See, see, like to calm
Fortune makes this conclusion general,	weather
All things do help the unhappy man to fall. [Exeunt.	At sea before a tempest, false hearts speak fair
	To those they intend most mischief. [Reads.
•	"Send Antonio to me; I want his head in a
SCENE V.*	business."
Enter Duchess, ANTONIO, Children, CARIOLA, and	A politic equivocation !
Servants.	He doth not want your counsel, but your head;
Duch. Banish'd Ancona!	That is, he cannot sleep till you be dead.
Ant. Yes, you see what power	And here's another pitfall that's strew'd o'er
Lightens in great men's breath.	With roses; mark it, 'tis a cunning one : [Reads.
Duch. Is all our train	"I stand engaged for your husband for several
Shrunk to this poor remainder?	debts at Naples: let not that trouble him; I had
Ant. These poor men,+	rather have his heart than his money :"
Which have got little in your service, vow	And I believe so too.
To take your fortune: but your wiser buntings,	Bos. What do you believe?
Now they are fledg d, are gone.	Duch. That he so much distrusts my husband's
Duch. They have done wisely.	love,
This puts me in mind of death : physicians thus,	He will by no means believe his heart is with him
With their hands full of money, use to give o'er	Until he see it : the devil is not cunning enough
Their patients.‡	To circumvent us in riddles.
Ant. Right the fashion of the world :	Bos. Will you reject that noble and free league
From decay'd fortunes every flatterer shrinks;	Of amity and love which I present you?
Men cease to build where the foundation sinks.	Duch. Their league is like that of some politic
Duch. I had a very strange dream to-night.	kings,
Ant. What was't ? §	Only to make themselves of strength and power
Duch. Methought I wore my coronet of state,	To be our after-ruin : tell them so.
And on a sudden all the diamonds	Bos. And what from you ?
Were chang'd to pearls.	Ant. Thus tell him; I will not come.
Ant. My interpretation	Bos. And what of this?
Is, you'll weep shortly; for to me the pearls	Ant. My brothers have dispers'd
Do signify your tears.	Blood-hounds abroad; which till I hear are
Duch. The birds that live i'the field	muzzled,
	No truce, though hatch'd with ne'er such politic
* Scene V.] Near Loretto?	skill,
<i>† These poor men</i>] The 4to. of 1640, "these are poor mon."	Is safe, that hangs upon our enemies' will.
t physicians thus,	I'll not come at them.
With their hands full of money, use to give c'er	
Their patients] Cited by the commentators on Shake-	* The birds that live i'the field
speare, to defend the reading "thrive" in the following passage of Timon of Athens, under the idea that Webster	On the wild benefit of nature] "Think how compas- sionate the creatures of the field, that only live on the wild
imitated it;	benefits of nature, are noto their young ones." Middleton's
"His friends, like physicians,	Any thing for a quiet life, Works, iv. 472, ed. Dyce.
Thrive, give him over." Act III. Sc. 3. § was't] The 4to. of 1640, "is't?"	<i>t like to calm weather</i>] The 4to. of 1640, "like to the calm weather."

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Bos. This proclaims your breeding : The weight makes it move swift : I would have Every small thing draws a base mind to fear, my ruin As the adamant draws iron. Fare you well, sir : Be sudden. You shall shortly hear from's. [Exit. Re-enter BOSOLA visarded, with a guard. Duch. I suspect some ambush : I am your adventure, am I not ? Therefore by all my love I do conjure you Bos. You are: you must see your husband no To take your eldest son, and fly towards Milan. more Let us not venture all this poor remainder Duch. What devil art thou that counterfeit'st In one unlucky bottom. heaven's thunder ? Ant. You counsel safely. Bos. Is that terrible? I would have you tell Best of my life, farewell, since we must part : me whether Heaven hath a hand in't; but no otherwise Is that note worse that frights the silly birds Than as some curious artist takes in sunder Out of the corn, or that which doth allure them A clock or watch, when it is out of frame, To the nets? you have hearken'd to the last too To bring't in better order. much. Duch. I know not which is best. Duch. O misery ! like to a rusty o'er-charg'd To see you dead, or part with you .-- Farewell, cannon, boy: Shall I never fly in pieces ?--Come, to what prison ? Thou art happy that thou hast not understanding Bos. To none. To know thy misery; for all our wit Duch. Whither, then ? And reading brings us to a truer sense Bos. To your palace. Of sorrow .-- In the eternal church, sir, Duch. I have heard I do hope we shall not part thus. That Charon's boat serves to convey all o'er Ant. O, be of comfort ! The dismal lake, but brings none back again. Make patience a noble fortitude, Bos. Your brothers mean you safety and pity. And think not how unkiudly we are us'd: Duch. Pity ! Man, like to cassia,* is prov'd best, being bruis'd. With such a pity men preserve alive Duch. Must I. like to a slave-born Russian,* Pheasants and quails, when they are not fat enough Account it praise to suffer tyranny? To be eaten. And yet, O heaven, thy heavy hand is in't ! Bos. These are your children ? I have seen my litle boy oft scourge his top, Duch. Yes. And compar'd myself to't: naught made me e'er Bos. Can they prattle ? Go right but heaven's scourge-stick. Duch. No: Ant. Do not weep: But I intend, since they were born accurs'd, Heaven fashion'd us of nothing ; and we strive Curses shall be their first language. To bring ourselves to nothing .--- Farewell, Cariola, Bos. Fie, madam ! And thy sweet armful.--If I do never see the emore, Forget this base, low fellow,---Be a good mother to your little ones, Duch. Were I a man, And save them from the tiger: fare you well. I'd beat that counterfeit face into thy other. Duch. Let me look upon you once more, for Bos. One of no birth. that speech Duch. Say that he was born mean, Came from a dying father : your kiss is colder Man is most happy when's own actions Than that I have seen an holy anchorite Be arguments and examples of his virtue. Give to a dead man's skull. Bos. A barren, beggarly virtue. Ant. My heart is turn'd to a heavy lump of lead, Duch. I prithee, who is greatest? can you tell? With which I sound my danger: fare you well. Sad tales befit my wos: I'll tell you one. [Exeunt ANTONIO and his son. A salmon, as she swam unto the sea, Duch. My laurel is all wither'd. Met with a dog-fish, who encounters her Cari. Look, madam, what a troop of armed men With this rough language; "Why art thou so bold Make toward us. To mix thyself with our high state of floods,* Duch. O, they are very welcome: * To mix thyself with our high state of floods] From When Fortune's wheel is over-charg'd with princes, Shakespeare ; "Where it shall mingle with the state of floods." * Man, like to cassia, &c.] See note †, p. 6. Second Part of Henry IV. Act V. Sc. 2. † Russian] The 4to. of 1640, "ruffian." o 2

ACT IV.

Being no eminent courtier, but one That for the calmest and fresh time o'the year Dost live in shallow rivers, rank'st thyself With silly smelts and shrimps? and darest thou

Pass by our dog-ship without reverence?" "O," quoth the salmon, "sister, be at peace : Thauk Jupiter we both have pass'd the net ! Our value never can be truly known, Till in the fisher's basket we be shown : I'the market then my price may be the higher, Even when I am nearest to the cook and fire." So to great men the moral may be stretch'd; Men oft are valu'd high, when they're most wretch'd.—

But come, whither you please. I am arm'd 'gainst misery;

Bent to all sways of the oppressor's will :

There's no deep valley but near some great hill. [Excunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.*

Enter FERDINAND and BOSOLA. Ferd. How doth our sister duchess hear herself In her imprisonment? Bos. Nobly: I'll describe her She's sad as one long + us'd to't, and she seems Rather to welcome the end of misery Than shun it; a behaviour so noble As gives a majesty to adversity : You may discern the shape of loveliness More perfect in her tears than in her smiles : She will muse four hours together; and her silence. Methinks, expresseth more than if she spake. Ferd. Her melancholy seems to be fortified With a strange disdain. Bos. 'Tis so; and this restraint, Like English mastives that grow fierce with tying, Makes her too passionately apprehend Those pleasures she's kept from. Ferd. Curse upon her ! I will no longer study in the book Of another's heart. Inform her what I told you. Exit. Enter DUCHESS. 1 Bos. All comfort to your grace ! Duch. I will have none. Pray thee, why dost thou wrap thy poison'd pills In gold and sugar? Bos. Your elder brother, the Lord Ferdinand, Is come to visit you, and sends you word,

* Scene I.] Malfi. Au apartment in the palace of the Duchess. † long] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.

t "Exit.

Enter DUCHESS] Here the audience had to imagine a charge of scene,—to a chamber in "the lodging" (p. 86) of the Duchess, who is now a prisoner, confined to certain apartments of her own "palace:" see p. 83. Cause once he rashly made a solemn vow Never to see you more, he comes i'the night; And prays you gently neither torch nor taper Shine in your chamber : he will kiss your hand, And reconcile himself; but for his vow He dares not see you.

Duch. At his pleasure.--

Take hence the lights.-He's come.

Enter FERDINAND.

Ferd. Where are you ?

Duch. Here, sir.

Ferd. This darkness suits you well.

Duch. I would ask you pardon.

Ferd. You have it;

For I account it the honorabl'st revenge,

Where I may kill, to pardon.-Where are your cubs?

Duch. Whom ?

Ferd. Call them your children;

For though our national law * distinguish bastards From true legitimate issue, compassionate nature Makes them all equal.

Duch. Do you visit me for this?

You violate a sacrament o'the church

Shall make you howl in hell for't.

Ferd. It had been well.

Could you have liv'd thus always; for, indeed,

You were too much i'the light :---but no more ;

I come to seal my peace with you. Here's a hand

[Gives her a dead man's hand.

To which you have 'vow'd much love; the ring upon't

You gave.

* For though our national law, &c.] So our author again in The Devil's Law-case, Act IV. Sc. 2;

"For though our civil law makes difference "Tween the base and the legitimate, Compassionate nature makes them equal."

Duch. I affectionately kiss it.	When he hath shot his sting into your hand,
Ferd. Pray, do, and bury the print of it in your	May then play with your eye-lid.
heart.	Duch. Good comfortable fellow,
I will leave this ring with you for a love-token;	Persuade a wretch that's broke upon the wheel
And the hand as sure as the ring; and do not	To have all his bones new set; entreat him live
doubt	To be executed again. Who must despatch me?
But you shall have the heart too: when you need	I account this world a tedious theatre,
a friend,	For I do play a part in't 'gainst my will.
Send it to him that ow'd * it; you shall see	Bos. Come, be of comfort; I will save your life.
Whether he can aid you.	Duch. Indeed, I have not leisure to tend So small a business.
Duch. You are very cold : I fcar you are not well after your travel.—	Bos. Now, by my life, I pity you.
Ha! lights! O, horrible!	Duch. Thou art a fool, then,
Ferd. Let her have lights enough. [Exit.	To waste thy pity on a thing so wretched
Duch. What witchcraft doth he practise, that	As cannot pity itself.* I am full of daggers.
he hath left	Puff, let me blow these vipers from me.
A dead man's hand here	
[Here is discovered, behind a traverse, † the artificial	Enter Servant.
figures of ANTON10 and his children, appearing	What are you?
as if they were dead.	Serv. One that wishes you long life.
Bos. Look you, here's the piece from which	Duch. I would thou wert hang'd for the horrible
'twas ta'en.	curse
He doth present you this sad spectacle,	Thou hast given me: I shall shortly grow one
That, now you know directly they are dead, Hereafter you may wisely cease to grieve	Of the miracles of pity. I'll go pray ;
For that which cannot be recovered.	No, I'll go curse.
<i>Duch.</i> There is not between heaven and earth \ddagger	Bos. O, fie!
one wish	Duch. I could curse the stars.
I stay for after this: it wastes me more	Bos. O, fearful !
Than were't my picture, fashion'd out of wax,	Duch. And those three smiling seasons of the
Stuck with a magical needle, and then buried	year Into a Russian winter: nay, the world
In some foul dunghill; and yond's an excellent	To its first chaos.
property	Bos. Look you, the stars shine still.
For a tyrant, which I would account mercy.	Duch. O, but you must
Bos. What's that ?	Remember, my curse hath a great way to go
Duch. If they would bind me to that lifeless	Plagues, that make lanes through largest families,
trunk,	Consume them !—
And let me freeze to death.	Bos. Fie, lady!
Bos. Come, you must live.	Duch. Let them, like tyrants,
Duch. That's the greatest torture souls feel in	Never he remember'd but for the ill they have
hell,	done;
In hell, that they must live, and cannot die.	Let all the zealous prayers of mortified
Portia, I'll new kindle thy coals again,	Churchmen forget them !
And revive the rare and almost dead example	Bos. O, uncharitable!
Of a loving wife.	Duch. Let heaven a little while cease crowning
Bos. O, fie! despair? remember	martyrs,
You are a Christian.	To punish them !
Duch. The church enjoins fasting:	Go, howl them this, and say, I long to bleed:
I'll starve myself to death. Bos. Leave this vain sorrow	It is some mercy when men kill with speed. [Exit.
Things being at the worst begin to mend: the bee	Re-enter FERDINAND.
T mu29 Detrik of and were poler to and	Ferd. Excellent, as I would wish; she's plagu'd
	in art:
* ow'd] i.e. owned. † traverse] See uote *, p. 45.	
t earth] The 4to. of 1640, "the earth."	* <i>itself</i>] The three earliest 4tos. " <i>it.</i> "

These presentations are but from'd in war	And silence make me stark mad. Sit down;
These presentations are hut fram'd in wax	Discourse to me some dismal tragedy.
By the curious master in that quality,	
Vincentio Lauriola, and she takes them	Cari. O, 'twill increase your melancholy.
For true substantial bodies.	Duch. Thou art deceiv'd :
Bos. Why do you do this?	To hear of greater grief would lessen mine.
Ferd. To bring her to despair.	This is a prison ?
Bos. Faith, end here,	Cari. Yes, but you shall live
And go no farther in your cruelty :	To shake this durance off.
Send her a penitential garment to put on	Duch. Thou art a fool:
Next to her delicate skin, and furnish her	The robin-red-breast and the nightingale
With heads and prayer-books.	Never live long in cages.
Ferd. Damn her! that body of hers,	Cari. Pray, dry your eyes.
While that my blood ran pure in't, was more worth	What think you of, madam?
Than that which thou wouldst comfort, call'd a	Duch. Of nothing;
soul.	When I muse thus, I sleep.
I will send her masks of common courtezans,	Cari. Like a madman, with your eyes open?
Have her meat serv'd up by bawds and ruffians,	Duch. Dost thou think we shall know one
And, 'cause she'll needs be mad, I am resolv'd	another
To remove forth the common hospital	In the other world?
All the mad-folk, and place them near her lodging;	Cari. Yes, out of question.
There let them practise together, sing and dauce,	Duch. O, that it were possible we might
And act their gambols to the full o'the moon :	But hold some two days' conference with the
If she can sleep the better for it, let her.	dead !
Your work is almost ended.	From them I should learn somewhat, I am sure,
Bos. Must I see her again?	I never shall know here. I'll tell thee a miracle;
Ferd. Yes.	I am not mad yet, to my cause of sorrow:
	The heaven o'er my head seems made of molten
Bos. Never.	brass,
Ferd. You must.	The earth of flaming sulphur, yet I am not mad.
Bos. Never in mine own shape;	
That's forfeited by my intelligence	I am acquainted with sad misery
And this last cruel lie : when you send me next,	As the tann'd galley-elave is with his oar;
The business shall be comfort.	Necessity makes me suffer constantly,
Ferd. Very likely;	And custom makes it easy. Who do I look like
Thy pity is nothing of kin to thee. Antonio	now?
Lurks about Milan : thou shalt shortly thither,	Cari. Like to your picture in the gallery,
To feed a fire as great as my revenge,	A deal of life in show, but none in practice;
Which never will slack till it have spent his fuel:	Or rather like some reverend monument
Intemperate agues make physicians cruel. [Excunt.	Whose ruins are even pitied.
	Duch. Very proper;
<u> </u>	And Fortune seems only to have her eye-sight
	To behold my tragedyHow now!
SCENE II.*	What noise is that?
Enter DUCHESS and CARIOLA.	T () ()
Duch. What hideous noise was that?	Enter Servant.
Cari, 'Tis the wild consort +	Serv. I am come to tell you
Of madmen, lady, which your tyrant brother	Your brother hath intended you some sport.
Hath plac'd about your lodging : this tyranny,	A great physician, when the Pope was sick
I think, was never practis'd till this hour.	Of a deep melancholy, presented him
I buink, was never practise of this nour.	With several sorts of madmen, which wild object

Duch. Indeed, I thank him : nothing but noise and folly

Can keep me in my right wits; whereas reason

* Another room in "the lodging" of the Duchess: see note 1, p. 84. This is properly "Scene III." † consort] See note on Northward Ho, Act II. Sc. 1. Duch. Let them * come in.

The duke intends on you.

* them] The 4to. of 1640, "me," a misprint for "em."

Being full of change and sport, forc'd him to laugh,

And so the imposthume broke: the self-same cure

SCENE II.

Serv. There's a mad lawyer; and a secular	rogue
pricst;	sells it
A doctor that hath forfeited his wits	over-s
By jealousy; an astrologian	Firs
That in his works said such a day o'the month	Seco
Should be the day of doom, and, failing of't,	First
Ran mad; an English tailor craz'd i'the brain	woodd
With the study of new fashions; * a gentleman-usher	you a
Quite heside himself with care to keep in mind	Thi
The number of his lady's salutations	are on
Or "How do you" she employ'd him in each	Fire
morning; †	law to
A farmer, too, an excellent knave in grain,	Seco
Mad 'cause he was hinder'd transportation:	law w
And let one broker that's mad loose to these,	Thi
You'd think the devil were smong them.	nature
Duch. Sit, Cariola.—Let them loose when you	Fou
please,	show
For I am chain'd to endure all your tyrauny.	me m
	Fire
Enter Madmen.	Seco
Here by a Madmau this song is sung to a dismal kind of music.	that,
0, let us howl some heavy note,	hand
Some deadly doggèd howl,	Thi
Sounding as from the threatening throat	broug
Of beasts and fatal fowl!	o'cloc
As ravens, screech-owls, bulls, and bears, We'll bell, and bawl our parts,	in it.
Till irksome noise have cloy'd your ears	Fou
And corrosiv'd your hearts.	forty
At last, whenas our quire wants breath,	cured
Our bodies being blest, We'll sing, like swans, to welcome death,	Thi
And die in love and rest.	hats, t
Einst Madman Doom's day not some yet ! [']]	Fou
First Madman. Doom's-day not come yet! I'll	their
draw it nearer by a perspective, or make a glass	

draw it nearer by a perspective, or make a glass that shall set all the world on fire upon an instant. I cannot sleep; my pillow is stuffed with a litter of porcupines.

Second Madman. Hell is a mere glass-house, where the devils are continually blowing up women's \ddagger souls on hollow irons, and the fire never goes out.

Third Madman. I will lie with every woman in my parish the tenth night; I will tythe them over like hay-cocks.

Fourth Madman. Shall my pothecary out go me hecause I am a cuckold? I have found out his

* fashions] The 4to. of 1623, "fashion."

roguery; he makes allum of his wife's urine, and sells it to Puritans that have sore throats with over-straining.

First Madman. I have skill in heraldry.

Second Madman. Hast?

First Madman. You do give for your, crest a woodcock's head with the brains picked out ou't; you are a very ancient gentleman.

Third Madman. Greek is turned Turk : we are only to be saved by the Helvetisn translation.

First Madman. Come on, sir, I will lay the law to you.

Second Madman. O, rather lay a corrosive : the law will eat to the hone.

Third Madman. He that drinks but to satisfy nature is damned.

Fourth Madman. If I had my glass here, I would show a sight should make all the women here call me mad doctor.

First Madman. What's he ? a rope-maker ?

Second Madman. No, no, no, a snuffling knave that, while he shows the tombs, will have his hand in a wench's placket.

Third Madman. Wose to the caroche that brought home my wife from the mask at three o'clock in the morning ! it had a large featherbed in it.

Fourth Madman. I have pared the devil's nails forty times, roasted them in raven's eggs, and cured agues with them.

Third Madman. Get me three hundred milchhats, to make possets to procure sleep.

Fourth Madman. All the college may throw their caps at me: I have made a scap-boiler costive; it was my masterpiece.

[Here the dance, consisting of Eight Madmon, with music answerable thereunto; after which, Bo-SOLA, like an old man, enters.

Duch. Is he mad too?

Serv. Pray, question him. I'll leave you. [Execut Servant and Madmeu.

Bos. I am come to make thy tomb.

Duch. Ha! my tomb!

Thou speak'st as if I lay upon my death-bed,

Gasping for breath : dost thou perceive me sick? Bos. Yes, and the more dangerously, since thy sickness is insensible.

Duch. Thou art not mad, sure: dost know me? Bos. Yes.

Duch. Who am I?

Bos. Thou art a box of worm-seed, at best but a salvatory of green mummy.* What's this flesh ? a little crudded+ milk, fantastical puff-paste.

[†] Or "how do you" she employ'd him in each morning] In Brome's Northern Lasse, 1632, Mistress Fitchow's gentleman-usher is named How-dee, see, as illustrative of our text, Act I. Sc. 6. of that amusing comedy. So too Nabbes; "and thou a Ladies Gentleman Usher, a bundle of complementall follyes stitcht up with how-dees." Covent-Gurden, 1638, Sig. D.

t women's] The 4to. of 1640, "mcn's."

^{*} mummy] See note ||, p. 5.

[†] crudded] The 4to. of 1640, "curded."

Our bodies are weaker than those paper-prisons boys use to keep flies in; more contemptible, since ours is to preserve earth-worms. Didst thou ever \bullet see a lark in a cage? Such is the soul in the hody: this world is like her little turf of grass, and the heaven o'er our heads like her looking-glass, only gives us a miserable knowledge of the small compass of our prison.

Duch. Am not I thy duchess ?

Bos. Thou art some great woman, sure, for riot begins to sit on thy forehead (clad in gray hairs) twenty years sooner than on a merry milk-maid's. Thou sleepest worse than if a mouse should be forced to take up her + lodging in a cat's ear: a little infant that breeds its teeth, should it lie with thee, would cry out, as if thou wert the more unquiet hedfellow.

Duch. I am Duchess of Malfi still.

Bos. That makes thy sleeps so broken: Glories, like glow-worms, afar off shine bright, But, look'd to near, have neither heat nor light.‡

Duch. Thou art very plain.

Bos. My trade is to flatter the dead, not the living: I am a tomb-maker.

Duch. And thou comest to make my tomb? Bos. Yes.

Duch. Let me be a little merry :---of what stuff wilt thou make it?

Bos. Nay, resolve me first, of what fashion?

Duch. Why, do we grow fantastical in our deathbed ? do we affect fashion in the grave ?

Bos. Most ambitiously. Princes' images on their tombs do not lie, as they were wont, seeming to pray up to heaven; hut with their hands under their cheeks, as if they died of the tooth-ache: they are not carved with their eyes fixed upon the stars; hut as their minds were wholly bent upon the world, the self-same way they seem to turn their faces.

Duch. Let me know fully therefore the effect Of this thy dismal preparation,

This talk fit for a charnel.

Bos. Now I shall :--

Enter Executioners, with a coffin, cords, and a bell. Here is a present from your princely brothers; And may it arrive welcome, for it brings Last henefit, last sorrow.

Duch. Let me see it:

I have so much obedience in my blood, I wish it in their veins to do them good.

* ever] The 4to. of 1640, " never."

+ her] The 4to. of 1640, "his."

1 Glories, like glow-worms, &c.] See note *, p. 36.

Bos. This is your last presence-chamber.* Cari. O my sweet lady ! Duch. Peace; it affrights not me. Bos. I am the common bellman,

That usually is sent to condemn'd persons The night before they suffer.

Duch. Even now thou said'st Thou wast a tomb-maker. Bos. 'Twas to bring you

By degrees to mortification. Listen.

Hark, now every thing is still, The screech-owl and the whistler shrill + Call upon our dame aloud, And hid her quickly don her shroud ! Much you had of land and rent; Your length in clay's now competent : A long war disturb'd your mind; Here your perfect peace is sign'd. Of what is't fools make such vain keeping? Sin their conception, their birth weeping, Their life a general mist of error, Their death a hideous storm of terror. Strew your hair with powders sweet, Don clean linen, hathe your feet, And (the foul fiend more to check) A crucifix let bless your neck : 'Tis now full tide 'tween night and day; End your groan, and come away.

Cari. Hence, villains, tyrants, murderers! alas! What will you do with my lady?—Call for help.

Duch. To whom ? to our next neighbours ? they are mad-folks.

Bos. Remove that noise.

Duch. Farewell, Cariola.

In my last will I have not much to give:

A many hungry guests have fed upon me;

Thine will be a poor reversion.

Cari. I will die with her.

Duch. I pray thee, look thou giv'st my little boy Some syrup for his cold, and let the girl Say her prayers ere she sleep.

ter prayers ere she steep.

CARIOLA is forced out by the Executioners.

Now what you please:

What death ?

Bos. Strangling; here are your executioners. Duch. I forgive them:

The apoplexy, catarrh, or cough o'the lungs, Would do as much as they do.

* This is your last presence-chamber] Walker (Shakespeare's Versification, &c., p. 90) would read here "This' [i. e. This is] your last," &c.

the whistler shrill] So Spenser;

"The whistler shrill, that whose heares doth dy." The Faerie Queene, B. ii. C. xii. st. 36.

SCENE II.

THE DUCHESS OF MALFI.

Bos. Doth not death fright you ? Duch. Who would be afraid on't, Knowing to meet such excellent company In the other world ? Bos. Yet, methinks, The manner of your death should much afflict you: This cord should terrify you. Duch. Not a whit : What would it pleasure me to have my throat cut With diamonds ? or to be smothered With cassia? or to he shot to death with pearls? I know death hath ten thousand several doors For men to take their exits; and 'tis found They go on such strange geometrical hinges, You may open them both ways: any way, for heaven-sake, So I were out of your whispering. Tell my brothers That I perceive death, now I am well awake, Best gift is they can give or I can take. I would fain put off my last woman's fault, I'd not be tedious to you. First Execut. We are ready. Duch. Dispose my breath how please you; but my body Bestow upon my women, will you ? First Execut. Yes. Duch. Pull, and pull strongly, for your able strength Must pull down heaven upon me :— Yet stay; heaven-gates are not so highly arch'd* As princes' + palaces; they that enter there Must go upon their knees [Kneels].—Come, violent death. Serve for mandragora to make me sleep !---Go tell my brothers, when I am laid out, They then may feed in quiet. [The Executioners strangle the DUCHESS.] * Yet stay; heaven-gates are not so highly arch'd As princes' palaces, &c.] When Webster wrote this passage, the following charming lines of Shakespeare were in his mind; "Stoop, boys : this gate Instructs you how to adore the heavens, and hows you To a morning's holy office : the gates of monarchs Are arch'd so high, that giants may jet through And keep their impious turbans on, without Good morrow to the sun." Cymbeline, Act III. Sc. 3. + princes'] The 4to. of 1640 "princely." t "All the several parts of the dreadful apparatus with which the duchess's death is ushcred in are not more remate from the conceptions of ordinary vengeance than

mate from the conceptions of ordinary vengeance than the strange character of suffering which they scene to bring upon their victim is beyond the imagination of ordinary poets. As they are not like inflictions of this life, so her language scens not of this world. She has lived among horrors till she is become 'native and endowed unto that element.' She speaks the dialect of despair, her tongue has a smatch of Tartarus and the

Bos. Where's the waiting-woman? Fetch her: some other strangle the children. [CARIOLA and Children are brought in by the Executioners; who presently strangle the Children. Look you, there sleeps your mistress. Cari. O, you are * damn'd Perpetually for this! My turn is next; Is't not so order'd? Bos. Yes, and + I am glad You are so well prepar'd for't. Cari. You are deceiv'd, sir, I am not prepar'd for't, I will not die; I will first ‡ come to my answer, and know How I have offended. Bos. Come, despatch her.-You kept her counsel; now you shall keep ours. Cari. I will not die, I must not; I am contracted To a young gentleman. First Execut. Here's your wedding-ring. Cari. Let me but speak with the duke · I'll discover Treason to his person. Bos. Delays :--- throttle her. First Execut. She bites and scratches. Cari. If you kill me now, I am damn'd; I have not been at confession This two years. Bos. [to Executioners]. When ? § Cari. I am quick with child. Bos. Why, then, Your credit's sav'd. [The Executioners strangle CARIOLA. Bear her into the next room; Let these || lie still. [Excunt the Executioners with the body of CARIOLA.

Enter FERDINAND.

Ferd. Is she dead?

souls in bale. What are 'Luke's iron crown,' the brazen bull of Perillus, Procrustes' bed, to the waxen images which counterfeit death, to the wild masque of madmen, the tomb-maker, the bell-man, the living person's dirge, the mortification by degrees! To move a horror skilfully, to touch a soul to the quick, to lay upon fear as much as it can bear, to wean and weary a life till it is ready to drop, and then step in with mortal instruments to take its last forfeit; this only a Webster can do. Writers of an inferior genius may 'upon horror's head horrors accumulate,' but they cannot do this. They mistake quantity for quality, they 'terrify babes with painted devils,' but they know not how a soul is capable of being moved; their terrors want dignity, their affrightments are without decorum." C. Lamb, (Spec. of Eng. Dram. Poets, p. 217.)

* you are] The 4to of 1640, " thou art."

- † and] Omitted in the 4to of 1610.
- first] Omitted in the 4to of 1640.
- § When] Sce note *, p. 68.
- | these] Old cds. "this

UCHERS OF MALEI

Bos. She is what You'd have her. But here begin your pity: [Shows the Children strangled. Alas, how have these offended? Ferd. The death Of young wolves is never to be pitied. Bos. Fix your eye here. Ferd. Constantly. Bos. Do you not weep ? Other sins only speak ; murder shrieks out : The element of water moistens the earth, But blood flies upwards and bedews the heavens. Ferd. Cover her face;* mine eyes dazzle: she died young. Bos. I think not so; her infelicity Seem'd to have years too many. Ferd. She and I were twins ; And should I die this instant, I had liv'd Her time to a minute. Bos. It seems she was born first : You have bloodily approv'd the ancient truth, That kindred commonly do worse sgree Than remote strangers. Ferd. Let me see her face Again. Why didst not thou pity her? what An excellent honest man mightst thou have been, If thou hadst borne her to some sanctuary! Or, hold in a good cause, oppos'd thyself, With thy advanced sword above thy head, Between her innocence † and my revenge ! I bade thee, when I was distracted of my wits, Go kill my dearest friend, and thou hast done't. For let me but examine well the cause : What was the meanness of her match to me? Only I must confess I had a hope, Had she continu'd widow, to have gain'd An infinite mass of treasure by her death : And what ‡ was the main cause ? her marriage, That drew a stream of gall quite through my heart. For thee, as we observe in tragedies That a good actor many times is curs'd For playing a villain's part, I hate thee for't, And, for my sake, say, thou hast done much ill well Bos. Let me quicken your memory, for I perceive You are falling into ingratitude: I challenge The reward due to my service.

Ferd. I'll tell thes

What I'll give thee. Bos. Do. Ferd. I'll give thee a pardon For this murder. Bos. Ha ! Ferd. Yes, and 'tis The largest hounty I can study to do thee. By what authority didst thou execute This bloody sentence ? * Bos. By yours. Ferd. Mine ! was I her judge ? Did any ceremonial form of law Doom her to not-being? did a complete jury Deliver her conviction up i'the court? Where shalt thou find this judgment register'd, Unless in hell ? See, like a bloody fool, Thou'st forfeited thy life, and thou shalt die for't. Bos. The office of justice is perverted quite When one thief hangs another. Who shall dare To reveal this? Ferd. O, I'll tell thee; The wolf shall find her grave, and scrape it up, Not to devour the corpse, but to discover The horrid murder.+ Bos. You, not I, shall quake for't. Ferd. Leave me. Bos. I will first receive my pension. Ferd. You are a villain. Bos. When your ingratitude Is judge, I am so. Ferd. O horror. That not the fear of him which binds the devils Can prescribe man obedience !---Never look upon me more. Bos. Why, fare thee well. Your brother and yourself are worthy men : You have a pair of hearts are hollow graves, Rotten, and rotting others; and your vengeance,

* scntence] The 4to of 1640, "service."

+ The wolf shall, &c.] A common superstition : "For the same moneth next after that Adrian and Justinian had buried the dead hody of De Laurier, behold a huge and raveuiug Wolf (being lately aroused from the adjacentvast woods), seeking up and down for his prey, came into Adrian's orchard next adjoyning to his house (purposely sent thither by God as a Minister of his sacred justics and revenge); who senting some dead carriou (which indeed was the dead Corps of De Laurier, that was hut shallowly huried there in the ground), he ficrcely with his paws and nose tears up the earth, and at last pulls and draggs it up, and there till an hour after the break of day remains devouring and eating up of the flesh of his Arms, Legs, Thighs and Buttocks. But (as God would have it) he never touched any part of his face, but leaves it fully undisfigured." God's Revenge against Murther, Book VI. Hist. 27, p. 407, ed. 1670.

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ACT IV.

^{*} Cover her face] So in Shakespeare's King Lear, act v. sc. 3, when the dead hodies of Goneril and Regau are brought in, Albany says, "Cover their faces."

⁺ innocence] The 4to. of 1640, "innocency."

[‡] what] The 4to. of 1623, "that."

SCENE I.

THE DUCHESS OF MALFI.

Like two chain'd bullets,* still goes arm in arm :	And heaven in it seems to ope, that late was shut,
You may be brothers; for treason, like the plague,	To take me up to mercy.
Doth take much in a blood. I stand like one	Duch. Antonio !*
That long hath ta'en a sweet and golden dream :	Bos. Yes, madam, he is living;
I am angry with myself, now that I wake.	The dead bodies you saw were but feign'd statues :
Ferd. Get thee into some unknown part o'the	He's reconcil'd to your brothers; the Pope hath
world,	wrought
That I may never see thee.+	The atonsment.
Bos. Let me know	Duch. Mercy ! [Dies.
Wherefore I should be thus neglected. Sir,	Bos. O, she's gone again! there the cords of
I serv'd your tyranny, and rather strove	life broke.
To satisfy yourself than all the world :	O sacred innocence, that sweetly sleeps
And though I loath'd the evil, yet I lov'd	On turtles' feathers, whilst a guilty couscience
You that did counsel it; and rather sought	Is a black register wherein is writ
To appear a true servant than an honest man.	All our good deeds and bad, a perspective
Ferd. I'll go hunt the badger by owl-light:	That shows us hell! That we cannot be suffer'd
'Tis a deed of darkness. [Exit.	To do good when we have a mind to it !
Bos. He's much distracted. Off, my painted	This is manly sorrow ;
honour!	These tears, I am very certain, never grew
While with vain hopes our faculties we tire,	In my mother's milk : my estate is sunk
We seem to sweat in ice and freeze in fire.	Below the degree of fear : where were
What would I do, were this to do again?	These penitent fountains while she was living?
I would not change my peace of conscience	O, they were frozen up ! Here is a sight
For all the wealth of EuropeShe stirs; here's	As direful to my soul as is the sword
life :	Unto a wretch hath slain his father. Come,
Return, fair soul, from darkness, and lead mine	I'll bear thee hence,
Out of this sensible hell : she's warm, she	And execute thy last ‡ will; that's deliver
breathes :	Thy body to the reverend dispose
Upon thy pals lips I will melt my heart,	Of some good women: that the cruel tyrant
To store them with fresh colourWho's there !	Shall not deny me. Then I'll post to Milan,
Some cordial drink !Alas ! I dare not call :	Where somewhat I will speedily enact
So pity would destroy pity.—Her eye opes,	Worth my dejection. [Exit.

ACT V.

SCENE I.

Enter ANTONIO and DELIO.

Ant. What think you of my hope of reconcilement

To the Arragonian hrethren ? Delio. I misdoubt it;

* Like two chain'd bullets] So Heywood; "My friend and I Like two chain-bullets, side by side, will fly Thorow the jawes of death."

A Challenge for Beautie, 1636, Sig. D. † That I may never see thee] In composing this scene, Webster seems to have bad an eye to that between King John and Hubert in Shakespeare's King John, Act IV. Sc. 2.

‡ Scene I.] Milan. A public place (it would seem).

For though they have sent their letters of safe-con-For your repair to Milan, they appear [duct But nets to entrap you. The Marquis of Pescara, Under whom you hold certain land in cheat, Much 'gainst his noble nature hath been mov'd To seize those lands; and some of his dependants Are at this instant making it their suit To be invested in your revenues. I cannot think they mean well to your life That do deprive you of your means of life, Your living.

* The idea of making the Duchess speak after sho has been strangled, was doubtless taken from the death of Desdemona in Shakespeare's Othello, Act V. last scene.

t atonement] i. e. reconciliation. t last] Omitted in the 4to of 1640.

Shall I sprinkle the pure blood of innocents Ant. You are still an heretic To make those followers I call my friends To any safety I can shape myself. Look ruddier upon me? I am glad Delio. Here comes the marquis: I will make This land, ta'en from the owner by such wrong, myself Returns again unto so foul an use Petitioner for some part of your land. As salary for his lust. Learn, good Delio, To know whither it is flying. To ask noble things of me, and you shall find Ant. I pray, do. I'll be a noble giver. Enter PESCARA. Delio. You instruct me well. Delio. Sir, I have a suit to you. Ant. Why, here's a man now would fright im-Pes. To me? pudence Delio. An easy one : From sauciest beggars. There is the Citadel of Saint Bennet, Pes. Prince Ferdinand's come to Milan, With some demesues, of late in the possession Sick, as they give out, of an apoplexy; Of Antonio Bologna,-please you bestow them on But some say 'tis a frenzy : I am going To visit him. Pes. You aro my friend ; but this is such a suit, Ant. 'Tis a noble old fellow. Nor fit for me to give, nor you to take. Delio. What course do you mean to take, Delio. No. sir? Antonio? Pes. I will give you ample reason for't Ant. This night I mean to venture all my Soon in private :--- here's the cardinal's mistress. fortune. Which is no more than a poor lingering life, Enter JULIA. To the cardinal's worst of malice : I have got Julia. My lord, I am grown your poor peti-Private access to his chamber; and intend To visit him about the mid of night, tioner. And should be an ill beggar, had I not As once his brother did our noble duchess. A great man's letter here, the cardinal's, It may be that the sudden apprehension To court you in my favour. [Gives a letter. Of danger,-for I'll go in mine own shape,-Pes. He entreats for you When he shall see it fraight * with love and duty, The Citadel of Saint Bennet, that belong'd May draw the poison out of him, and work To the banish'd Bologna. A friendly reconcilement : if it fail, Julia. Yes. Yet it shall rid me of this infamous calling ; Pes. I could not have thought of a friend I For better fall once than he ever falling. could rather Delio. I'll second you in all dauger; and, howe'er, Pleasure with it : 'tis yours. My life keeps rank with yours. Julia. Sir, I thank you; Ant. You are still my lov'd and best friend. And he shall know how doubly I am engag'd Both in your gift, and speediness of giving Which makes your grant the greater. Exit. SCENE II.+ Ant. How they fortify Enter PESCARA and DOCTOR. Themselves with my ruin! Pes. Now, doctor, may I visit your patient? Delio. Sir, I am Doc. If't please your lordship: but he's instantly Little bound to you. To take the air here in the gallery Pes. Why? By my direction. Delio. Because you denied this suit to me, and Pes. Pray thee, what's his disease ? gave't Doc. A very pestilent disease, my lord. To such a creature. They call lycanthropia. Pes. Do you know what it was? Pes. What's that ? It was Antonio's land; not forfeited I need a dictionary to't. By course of law, but ravish'd from his throat By the cardinal's entreaty: it were not fit * fraight] i.e. fraught. I should bestow so main a piece of wrong + Scene II.] The same. A gallery in the residence of Upon my friend; 'tis a gratification

Only due to a strumpet, for it is injustice.

ACT V.

Exit.

[Exeunt.

the Cardinal and Ferdinand (a palace, it appears : see the speech of Pescara tewards the close of the play,---

"The noble Delio, as I came to the palace," &c.)

SCENE 11.

Doc. I'll tell you.*

In those + that are possess'd with't there o'erflows Such melancholy humour they imagine Themselves to be transformèd into wolves; Steal forth to church-yards in the dead of night, And dig dead bodies up : as two nights since One met the duke 'bout midnight in a laue Behind Saint Mark's church, with the leg of a man Upon his shoulder; and he howl'd fearfull; Said he was a wolf, only the difference Was, a wolf's skin was 1 hairy on the outside, His on the inside; bade them take their swords, Rip up his flesh, and try : straight I was sent for, And, having minister'd to him, found his grace Very well recover'd.

Pes. I am glad on't.

Doc. Yet not without some fear

Of a relapse. If he grow to his fit again,

I'll go a nearer way to work with him §

Than ever Paracelsus dream'd of; if

They'll give me leave, I'll buffet his madness out of him.

Stand aside; he comes.

Enter FERDINAND, Cardinal, MALATESTI, and BOSOLA.

Ferd. Leave me. Mal. Why doth your lordship love || this solitariness?

* Fil tell you, &c.] "Ceete Maladie, comme tesmoigue Actius au sixiesme liure chapitre 11. & Paulus au 3. liu. chap. 16. & autres moderues, est une espece de melaucholiè, mais estrangement uoire & vehemente. Car ceux qui en sont atteinte sortênt de leurs maisons au mois de Feurier, contrefont les loups presques en toute chose, & toute nuict ne font que courir par les cœmitieres et autour des aepulchrea. vn de ces melaucholiques Lycanthropes, que lors sur ses espaules la cuisse cutiere & la jambe d'un mort Il y eust aussi, comme recite Job Fincel au 2. liu. des Miracles, vn villageois pres de Pauie, l'an mil cinq cene quarante & vn, lequel pensoit estre Loup, & assaillit plusieurs bommes par les champes : en tua quelques vns. En fin, prins & non sans grande difficulté, il asseura fermement, qu'il estoit loup, & qu'il n'y auoit autre difference, sinon que les loups ordinairement estoyent velus dehors, et lui l'estoit entre cuir et chair. Quelques vns trop inhumains & loups par effect, voulane experimenter la verite du faict, lui firent plusieurs railladee sur les bras & eur les jambes : puis connoissans leur faute. & l'innocence de ce pauure melancholique, le commirent aux chirurgiene pour le penser, entre les maine desquele il mourut quelques ioure apres." Goulart,-Histoires admirables et memorables de nostre temps, recueillies de plusieurs autheurs, &c. tom. 1. pp. 336-337. ed. 1620.

those] The 4to. of 1640, "these."

t was] The 4to. of 1640, "is."

§ I'll go a nearer way to work with him] This line is found only in the 4to. of 1623.

|| love] The 4to. of 1640 " use."

Ferd. Eagles commonly fly alone: they are crows, daws, and starlings that flock together. Look, what's that follows me?

Mal. Nothing, my lord.

Ferd. Yes.

Mal. 'Tis your shadow.

Ferd. Stay it; let it not haunt me.

Mal. Impossible, if you move, and the sun shine. Ferd. I will throttle it.

[Throws himself down on his shadow.

Mal. O, my lord, you are augry with nothing.

Ferd. You are a fool: how is't possible I should catch my shadow, unless I fall upon't? When I go to hell, I mean to carry a bribe; for, look you, good gifts evermore make way for the worst persons.

Pes. Rise, good my lord.

Ferd. I am studying the art of patience.

Pes. 'Tis a nohle virtue.

Ferd. To drive six snails before me from this town to Moscow; neither use goad nor whip to them, but let them take their own time;—the patient'st man i'the world match me for an experiment ;—and I'll crawl after like a sheep-hiter.

Card. Force him up. [They raise him. Ferd. Use me well, you were best. What I have done, I have done: I'll confess nothing.*

Doc. Now let me come to him.—Are you mad, my lord? are you out of your princely wits?

Ferd. What's he?

Pes. Your doctor.

Ferd. Let me have his beard sawed off, and his eye-brows filed more civil.

Doc. I must do mad tricks with him, for that's the only way on't.—I have brought your grace a salamander's skin to keep you from sun-burning.

Ferd. I have cruel sore eyes.

Doc. The white of a cockatrix's egg is present remedy.

Ferd. Let it be a new-laid one, you were best.— Hide me from him: physicians are like kings,— They brook no contradiction.

Doc. Now he begins to fear me: now let me alone with him.

Card. How now ! put off your gown !+

* What I have done, I have done: I'll confess nothing] Like Iago's;

" Demand me nothing : what you know, you know : From this time forth I never will speak word."

Othello, Act V. last scene. † put off your gown] A piece of buffocuery, similar to that with which the Grave-digger in Hamlet still amuses the galleries, used to be practised here; for in the 4to. of 1708, the Doctor, according to the stage-direction, "puts off his four clocks, one after another."—What precedes was written in 1830: since that time, the managere have properly restricted the Grave-digger to a single walstcoat. Doc. Let me have some forty uriuals filled with rose-water: he and I'll go pelt one another with them.—Now he hegins to fear me.—Can you fetch a frisk, sir?—Let him go, let him go, upon my peril: I find by his eye he stands in awe of me; I'll make him as tame as a dormcuse.

Ferd. Can you fetch your frisks, sir !—I will stamp him into a cullis,* flay off his skin, to cover one of the anatomies this rogue hath set i'the cold yonder in Barher-Chirurgeon's-hall.—Hence, hence! you are all of you like heasts for sacrifice: there's nothing left of you but tongue and belly, flattery and lechery. [Exit.

Pes. Doctor, he did not fear you throughly.

Doc. True; I was somewhat too forward.

Bos. Mercy upon me, what a fatal judgment Hath fall'n upon this Ferdinand !

Pes. Knows your grace

What accident hath brought unto the prince This strange distraction ?

Card. [aside]. I must feign somewhat.—Thus they say it grew.

You have heard it rumour'd, for these many years None of our family dies but there is seen The shape of an old woman, which is given By tradition to us to have been murder'd By her nephews for her riches. Such a figure One night, as the prince sat up late at's hook, Appear'd to him; when crying out for help, The gentlemen of's chamber found his grace All on a cold sweat, alter'd much in face And language : since which apparition, He hath grown worse and worse, and I much fear He cannot live.

Bos. Sir, I would speak with you.

Pes. We'll leave your grace,

Wishing to the sick prince, our noble lord,

All health of mind and body.

Card. You are most welcome.

[Excunt PESCARA, MALATESTI, and Doctor. Are you come? so.—[Aside] This fellow must not know

By any means I had intelligence

In our duchess' death; for, though I counsell'd it,

The full of all the engagement + seem'd to grow From Ferdinand.—Now, sir, how fares our sister? I do not think but sorrow makes her look

Like to an oft-dy'd garment : she shall now

Taste comfort from me. Why do you look so wildly?

O, the fortune of your master here the prince

* a cullis] See noto ||, p. 72.

† engagement] The 4to. of 1640, "agreement."

Dejects you; hut be you of happy comfort: If you'll do one thing for me I'll entreat, Though he had a cold tomb-stone o'er his boncs, I'd make you what you would * be.

Bos. Any thing;

Give it me + in a breath, and let me fly to't : They that think long small expedition win, For musing much o'the end cannot begin.

Enter JULIA.

Julia. Sir, will you come in to supper? Card. I am busy; leave me.

Julia. [aside]. What an excellent shape hath that fellow ! [Exit.

Card. 'Tis thus. Antonio lurks here in Milan: Inquire him out, and kill him. While he lives, Our sister cannot marry; and I have thought Of an excellent match for her. Do this, and

style me

Thy advancement.

Bos. But 1 by what meaus shall I find him out? Card. There is a gentleman call'd Delio Here in the camp, that hath been long approv'd His loyal friend. Set eye upon that fellow; Follow him to mass; may be Antonio, Although he do account religion But a school-name, for fashion of the world May accompany him; or else go inquire out Delio's confessor, and see if you can bribe Him to reveal it. There are a thousand ways A man might find to trace him; as to know What fellows haunt the Jews for taking up Great sums of money, for sure he's in want; Or else to go to the picture-makers, and learn Who bought § her picture lately : some of these Happily may take.

Bos. Well, I'll not freeze i'the husiness : I would see that wretched thing, Antonio,

Above all sights i'the world.

Card. Dc, and be happy. [Exit. Bos. This fellow doth breed basilisks in's eyes,

He's nothing else but murder; yet he seems Not to have notice of the duchess' death. 'Tis his cunning: I must follow his example; There cannot be a surer way to trace Than that of an old fox.

Re-enter JULIA.

Julia. Sc, sir, you are well met. Bos. How now!

- * would] The 4to. of 1640, "should."
- † it me] The 4to. of 1640, "me it."
- # But] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.
- § bought] The 4tos. "brought."

ACT V.

SCENE II.

	- I
Julia. Nay, the doors are fast enough: Now, sir, I will make you confess your treachery. Bos. Treachery ! Julia. Yes, confess to me Which of my women 'twas you hir'd to put Love-powder into my drink ? Bos. Love-powder ! Julia. Yes, when I was at Malfi. Why should I fall in love with such a face else ? I have already suffer'd for thee so much pain, The only remedy to do me good Is to kill my longing. Bos. Sure, your pistol holds Nothing but perfumes or kissing-comfits.* Excellent lady ! You have a pretty way on't to discover Your longing. Come, come, I'll disarm you, And arm you thus : yet this is wondrous strange. Julia. Compare thy form and my eyes together, You'll find my love no such great miracle. Now you'll say I am wanton : this nice modesty in ladies Is but a troublesome familiar That haunts them. Bos. Know you me, I am a blunt soldier. Julia. The better : Sure, there wants fire where there are no [®] lively sparks Of roughness. Bos. And I want compliment. Julia. Why, ignorance In courtship cannot make you do amiss, If you have a heart to do well. Bos. You are very fair. Julia. Nay, if you lay beauty to my charge, I must plead unguilty. Bos. Your bright eyes Carry a quiver of darts in them sharper Than sun-beams. Julia. You will mar me with commendation, Put yourself to the charge of courting me, Whereas now I woo you. Bos. [aside] I have it, I will work upon this	We that are great women of pleasure use to cut off These uncertain wishes and unquiet longings, And in an instant join the sweet delight And the pretty excuse together. Had you been i'the street, Under my chamber-window, even there * I should have courted you. Bos. O, you are an excellent lady! Julia. Bid me do somewhat for you presently To express I love you. Bos. I will; and if you love me, Fail not to effect it. The cardinal is grown wondrous melancholy; Demand the cause, let him not put you off With feign'd excuse; discover the main ground on't. Julia. Why would you know this ? Bos. I have depended on him, And I hear that he is fall'n in some disgrace With the emperor: if he be, like the mice That forsake falling houses, I would shift To other dependance. Julia. You shall not need Follow the wars : I'll be your maintenance. Bos. And I your loyal servant : but I cannot Leave my calling. Julia. Not leave an ungrateful General for the love of a sweet lady ! You are like some cannot sleep in feather-beds, But must have blocks for their pillows. Bos. Will you do this ? Julia. To-morrow ! get you into my cahinet; You shall have it with you. Do not delay me, No more than I do you : I am like one That is condemn'd; I have my pardon promis'd, But I would see it seal'd. Go, get you in : You shall see me wind my tongue about his heart Like a skein of silk. [Exit BOSOLA. Re-enter Cardinal. Card. Where are you ?
Bos. [aside] I have it, I will work upon this	
creature.—	Enter Servants.
Let us grow most amorously familiar :	Servants. Here.
If the great cardinal now should see me thus, Would be not count map rilloin ?	Card. Letnone, upon your lives, have conference
Would he not count me a villain ?	With the Prince Ferdinand, unless I know it
Julia. No; he might count me a wanton,	[Aside] In this distraction he may reveal The murder. [Execut Servants.
Not lay a scruple of offence on you; For if I see and steal a diamond,	Yond's my lingering consumption :
The fault is not i'the stone, but in me the thief	I am weary of her, and by any means
That purloins it. I am sudden with you :	Would be quit of.
The partons to I all sudden with you.	

* kissing-comflis] i. e. perfumed sugar-plums, to sweeten he breath. * Under my chamber window, even there] This liuo is found ouly in the 4to. of 1623. the breath.

Julia. How now, my lord ! what ails you ? Card. Nothing. Julia. O, you are much alter'd : Come, I must be your secretary, and remove This lead from off your bosom : what's the matter? Card. I may not tell you. Julia. Are you so far in love with sorrow You cannot part with part of it? or think you I cannot love your grace when you are sad As well as merry ? or do you suspect I, that have been a secret to your heart These many winters, cannot be the same Unto your tongue ? Card. Satisfy thy longing,-The only way to make thee keep my counsel Is, not to tell thee.* Julia. Tell your echo this, Or flatterers, that like echoes still report What they hear though most imperfect, and not me: For if that you be true unto yourself, I'll know. Card. Will you rack me ? Julia. No, judgment shall Draw it from you : it is an equal fault, To tell one's secrets unto all or none. Card. The first argues folly. Julia. But the last tyranny. Card. Very well: why, imagine I have committed Some secret deed which I desire the world May never hear of. Julia. Therefore may not I know it ? You have conceal'd for me as great a sin As adultery. Sir, never was occasion + For perfect trial of my constancy Till now: sir, I beseech you-Card. You'll repent it. Julia. Never. Card. It hurries thee to ruin: I'll not tell thee. Be well advis'd, and think what danger 'tis To receive a prince's secrets : they that do, Had need have their breasts hoop'd with adamant 1 * The only way to make thee keep my counsel Is, not to tell thee] So Shakespeare, whom our author so frequently imitates ; "and for secrecy, No lady closer; for I well believe

Thou will not utter what thou dost not know." First Part of Henry IV. Act II. Sc. 3. † As adultery. Sir, never was occasion] The 4to. of 1640; "Ae adultory. Sir, I besech you." † Had need have their breasts hoop'd with adamant] Resembles a line of Heywood; "Or be his breast hoop't with ribbes of brasse."

The Silver Age, 1613, Sig. G.

To contain them. I pray thee, yet be satisfied; Examine thine own frailty; 'tis more easy To tie knots than unloose them : 'tis a secret That, like a lingering poison, may chance lie Spread in thy veins, and kill thee seven year hence. Julia. Now you dally with me. Card. No more; thou shalt know it. By my appointment the great Duchess of Malfi And two of her young children, four nights since, Were strangl'd. Julia. O heaven! sir, what have you done! Card. How now? how settles this? think you your bosom Will be a grave dark and obscure enough For such a secret? Julia. You have undone yourself, sir. Card. Why ? Julia. It lies not in me to conceal it. Card. No? Come, I will swear you to't upon this book. Julia. Most religiously. Card. Kiss it. [She kisses the book. Now you shall never utter it; thy curiosity Hath undone thee: thou'rt poison'd with that book: Because I knew thou couldst not keep my counsel, I have bound thee to't by death. Re-enter BOSOLA.

Bos. For pity-sake, hold ! Card. Ha, Bosola ! Julia. I forgive you This equal piece of justice you have done; For I betray'd your counsel to that fellow: He over-heard it; that was the cause I said It lay not in me to conceal it. Bos. O foolish woman. Couldst not thou have poison'd him ? Julia. 'Tis weakness. Too much to think what should have been done. I go. I know not whither. Dies. Card. Wherefore com'st thou hither ? Bos. That I might find a great man like yourself, Not out of his wits as the Lord Ferdinand, To remember my service. Card. I'll have thee hew'd in pieces. Bos. Make not yourself such a promise of that life Which is not yours to dispose of. Card. Who plac'd thee hero ? Bos. Her lust, as she intended. Card. Very well:

Now you know me for your fellow-murderer.

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Bos. And wherefore should you lay fair marble colours	To be frost-nail'd well, they may break their necks else ;
Upon your rotten purposes to me?	
Unless you imitate some that do plot great	The precedent's here afore me. How this man
treasons,	Bears up in blood ! seems fearless ! Why, 'tis well:
And when they have done, go hide themselves	Security some men call the suburbs of hell,
	Only a dead wall between. Well, good Antonio,
i'the graves	I'll seek thee out; and all my care shall be
Of those were actors in't?	To put thee into safety from the reach
Card. No more; there is	Of these most cruel biters that have got
A fortune attends thee.	Some of thy blood already. It may be,
Bos. Shall I go sue to * Fortune any longer?	I'll join with thee in a most just revenge :
'Tis the fool's pilgrimage.	The weakest arm is strong enough that strikes
Card. I have honours in store for thee.	With the sword of justice. Still methinks the
Bos. There are many + ways that conduct to	duchess
seeming honour,	
And some of them very dirty ones.	Haunts me: there, there ! 'Tis nothing but my
Card. Throw to the devil	melancholy.
Thy melancholy. The fire burns well;	O Penitence, let me truly taste thy cup,
What need we keep a stirring of't, and make	That throws men down only to raise * them up !
	[Exit.
A greater ‡ smother ? Thou wilt kill Antonio?	
Bos. Yes.	
Card. Take up that body.	SCENE III.†
Bos. I think I shall	Enter ANTONIO and DELIO.
Shortly grow the common bier for church-yards.	Delio. Yond's the cardinal's window. This for-
Card. I will allow thee some dozen of attendants	tification
To aid thee in the murder.	Grew from the ruins of an ancient abhey;
Bos. O, by no means. Physicians that apply	And to yond side o'the river lies a wall,
horse-leeches to any rank swelling use to cut off	Piece of a cloister, which in my opinion
their tails, that the blood may run through them	Gives the best echo that you ever heard,
the faster: let me have no train when I go to	So hollow and so dismal, and withal
shed blood, lest it make me have a greater when	So plain in the distinction of our words,
I ride to the gallows.	That many have suppos'd it is a spirit
Card. Come to me after midnight, to help to	That answers.
remove	Ant. I do love these ancient ruins.
That body to her own lodging : I'll give out	
	We never tread upon them hut we set
She died o'the plague; 'twill breed the less	Our foot upon some reverend history:
inquiry	And, questionless, here in this open court,
After her death.	Which now lies naked to the injuries
Bos. Where's Castruccio her hushand?	Of stormy weather, some men ‡ lie interr'd
Card. He's rode to Naples, to take possession	Lov'd the church so well, and gave so largely to't,
Of Antonio's citadel.	They thought it should have canopied their
Bos. Believe me, you have done a very happy	bones
turn.	Till dooms-day; but all things have their end:
Card. Fail not to come: there is the master-key	Churches and cities, which have diseases like to
Of our lodgings; and by that you may conceive	men,
What trust I plant in you.	Must have like death that we have.
Bos. You shall find me ready. [Exit Cardinal.	Echo. Like death that we have.
O poor Antonio, though nothing be so needful	Delio. Now the echo hath caught you.
To thy estate as pity, yet I find	Ant. It groan'd, methought, and gave
Nothing so dangerous! I must look to my footing:	A very deadly accent.
In such slippery ice-pavements men had need	Echo. Deadly accent.
* to] The 4to. of 1640, "a."	* raise] The 4to. of 1640, "rise."
† many] The 4to. of 1623, "a many."	<i>† Scene III.</i>] The same. A fortification.
t greater] The 4to. of 1640, "great."	t men] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.

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t many] The 4to. of 1623, "a many."
t greater] The 4to. of 1640, "great."

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Delio. I told you 'twas a pretty one: you may make it	Yet in our noble sufferings she hath none : Contempt of pain, that we may call our own.
	[Exeunt.
A huntsman, or a falconer, a musician, Or a thing of sorrow.	
Echo. A thing of sorrow.	SCENE IV.*
Ant. Ay, sure, that suits it best.	Enter Cardinal, PESOARA, MALATESTI, RODERIGO, and
Echo. That suits it best.	GRISOLAN.
Ant. 'Tis very like my wife's voice.	Card. You shall not watch to-night by the sick
Echo. Ay, wife's voice.	prince;
Delio. Come, let us walk further from't.	His grace is very well recover'd.
I would not have you go * to the cardinal's to-night:	Mal. Good my lord, suffer us.
Do not.	Card. O, by no means;
Echo. Do not.	The noise, and change of object in his eye,
Delio. Wisdom doth not more moderate wasting	Doth more distract him: I pray, all to bed;
sorrow	And though you hear him in his violent fit,
Than time: take time for't; be mindful of thy	Do not rise, I entreat you.
safety.	Pes. So, sir; we shall not.
Echo. Be mindful of thy safety.	Card. Nay, I must have you promise
Ant. Necessity compels me:	Upon your honours, for I was enjoin'd to't
Make scrutiny throughout the passages +	By himself; and he seem'd to urge it sensibly.
Of your own life, you'll find it impossible	Pes. Let our honours bind this trifle.
To fly your fate.	Card. Nor any of your followers.
Echo. O, fly your fate !	Mal. Neither.
Delio. Hark! the dead stones seem to have	Card. It may be, to make trial of your promise,
pity on you,	When he's asleep, myself will rise and feign
And give you good counsel.	Some of his mad tricks, and cry out for help,
Ant. Echo, I will not talk with thee,	And feign myself in danger.
For thou art a dead thing.	Mal. If your throat were cutting,
Echo. Thou art a dead thing.	I'dnotcomeatyou, now I have protested against it.
Ant. My duchess is asleep now,	Card. Why, I thank you.
And her little ones, I hope sweetly: O heaven,	Gris. 'Twas a foul storm to-night.
Shall I never see her more?	Rod. The Lord Ferdinand's chamber shook like
Echo. Never see her more.	an osier.
Ant. I mark'd not one repetition of the echo	Mal. 'Twas nothing but pure kindness in the
But that; and on the sudden a clear light	devil.
Presented me a face folded in sorrow.	To rock his own child.
Delio. Your fancy merely.	[Execut all except the Cardinal.
Ant. Come, I'll be out of this ague,	Card. The reason why I would not suffer these
For to live thus is not indeed to live;	About my brother, is, because at midnight
It is a mockery and abuse of life :	I may with better privacy convey
I will not henceforth save myself by halves;	Julia's body to her own lodging. O, my conscience!
Lose all, or nothing.	I would pray now; but the devil takes away my
Delio. Your own virtue save you!	heart
I'll fetch your eldest son, and second you:	For having any confidence in prayer.
It may be that the sight of his own blood	About this hour I appointed Bosola
Spread in ‡ so sweet a figure may beget	To fetch the body: when he hath serv'd my turn,
The more compassion. However, fare you	He dies. [Exit.
well.	Enter Bosola.
Though in our miseries Fortune have a part,	Bos. Ha! 'twas the cardinal's voice; I heard
* go] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640.	him name
* goj Omittea in the 400. of 1640. † passages] So the 4to. of 1708 (an alteration of the play,	Bosola and my death. Listen; I hear one's footing.
and of no authority; but evidently right here) The	
earlier 4tos. "passes."	* Scene IV.] The same. An apartment in the resi-
1 in] The 4to. of 1640, "into."	dence of the Cardinal and Ferdinand: see note †, p. 92.

[Dies.

	Enter FERDINAND.	We follow after bubbles blown in the air.
	Ferd. Strangling is a very quiet death.	Pleasure of life, what is't? only the good hours
	Bos. [aside]. Nay, then, I see I must stand	Of an ague; merely a preparative to rest.
	upon my guard.	To endure vexation. I do not ask
	Ferd. What say [you] to that? whisper softly;	The process of my death; only commend me
	do you agree to't? So; it must be done i'the	To Delio.
	dark: the cardinal would not for a thousand	Bos. Break, heart !
Ĺ	pounds the doctor should see it. [Exit.	Ant. And let my son fly the courts of princes.
ł	Bos. My death is plotted; here's the conse-	Dies
1	quence of murder.	Bos. Thou seem'st to have lov'd Antonio
	We value not desert nor Christian breath,	Serv. I brought him hither,
	When we know black deeds must be cur'd with	To have reconcil'd him to * the cardinal.
1	death.	Bos. I do not ask thee that.
ľ	Enter ANTONIO and Someral	Take him up, if thou tender thine own life,
ł	Enter ANTONIO and Servant.	And bear him where the lady Julia
	Serv. Here stay, sir, and be confident, I pray:	Was wont to lodge.+O, my fate moves swift !
	I'll fetch you a dark lantern. [Exit.	I have this cardinal in the forge already;
	Ant. Could I take him at his prayers,	Now I'll bring him to the hammer. O direful
1	There were hope of pardon.	misprision !
l	Bos. Fall right, my sword! [Stabs him.	I will not imitate things glorious,
	I'll not give thee so much leisure as to pray.	No more than base; I'll be mine own example
L	Ant. O, I am gone! Thou hast ended a long suit	On, on, and look thou represent, for silence,
	In a minute.	The thing thou bear'st. [Excunt.
	Bos. What art thou ?	-
	Ant. A most wretched thing,	SCENE V.‡
	That only have thy benefit in death, To appear myself.	Enter Cardinal, with a book.
	to appear mysen.	Card. I am puzzled in a question about hell :
	Re-enter Servant with a lantern,	He says, in hell there's one material fire,
	Serv. Where are you, sir ?	And yet it shall not burn all men alike.
	Ant. Very near my home.—Bosola !	Lay him by. How tedious is a guilty conscience !
	Serv. O, misfortune!	When I look into the fish-ponds in my garden,
	Bos. Smother thy pity, thou art dead else	Methinks I see a thing arm'd with a rake,
	Antonio !	That seems to strike at me.
	The man I would have say'd 'bove mine own life!	Western Descent and Second According to second a la
	We are merely the stars' tennis-balls, struck and	Enter BOSOLA, and Servant bearing ANTONIO's body.
	banded	Now, art thou come?
	Which way please themO good Antonio,	Thou look'st ghastly:
	I'll whisper one thing in thy dying ear	There sits in thy face some great determination
	Shall make thy heart break quickly! thy fair	Mix'd with some fear.
	duchess	Bos. Thus it lightens into action :
	And two sweet children	I am come to kill thee.
	Ant. Their very names	Card. Ha !—Help ! our guard ! Bos. Thou art deceiv'd ;
	Kindle a little life in me.	They are out of thy howling.
	Bos. Are murder'd.	Card. Hold; and § I will faithfully divide
	Ant. Some men have wish'd to die	Revenues with thee.
	At the hearing of sad tidings; I am glad	
	That I shall do't in sadness:* I would not now	B_{08} . Thy prayers and proffers Are both unseasonable.
	Wish my wounds balm'd nor heal'd, for I have	
	no use	* to] Tho 4to. of 1640, "with." + where the lady Julia
1	To put my life to. In all our quest of greatness,	Was wont to lodge] i.e. in that part of the palace
-	Like wanton boys, whose pastime is their care,	where, &c.: see note +, p. 92.
		t Scene V.] Another apartment in the same.
	* sadness] i. v. ecriouenese, earnest.	s and] Omitted in the 4to. of 1640,

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* sadness] i. c. ecriouenese, earnest.

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Card. Shall I die like a leveret,

Card. Raise the watch ! we are betray'd ! Without any resistance ?- Help, help, help ! Bos. I have confin'd your flight : I am slain ! I'll suffer your retreat to Julia's chamber, But no further. Card. Help ! we are betray'd ! Enter, above,* PESCARA, MALATESTI, RODERIGO, and GRISOLAN. Mal. Listen. Card. My dukedom for rescue ! Rod. Fie upon his counterfeiting ! Mal. Why, 'tis not the cardinal. Rod. Yes, yes, 'tis he : But I'll see him hang'd ere I'll go down to him. Card. Here's a plot upon me; I am assaulted ! I am lost. Unless some rescue ! Gris. He doth this pretty well; But it will not serve to laugh me out of mine honour. Card. The sword's at my throat ! Rod. You would not bawl so loud then. Mal. Come, come, let's go To bed: he told us thus much aforehand. Pes. He wish'd you should not come at him; but, believe't, The accent of the voice sounds not in jest : I'll down to him, howsoever, and with engines Force ope the doors. Exit above. Rod. Let's follow him aloof, And note how the cardinal will laugh at him. Excunt, above, MALATESTI, RODERIOO, and GRISOLAN. Bos. There's for you first, 'Cause you shall not unbarricade the door To let in rescue. [Kills the Servant. Card. What cause hast thou to pursue my life ? Bos. Look there. Card. Antonio ! Bos. Slain by my hand unwittingly. Pray, and be sudden: when thou kill'd'st thy sister. Thou took'st from Justice her most equal balance, And left her naught but her + sword. Card. O, mercy ! Bos. Now it seems thy greatness was only outward : For thou fall'st faster of thyself than calamity Can drive thee. I'll not waste longer time ; there ! [Stabs him. Card. Thou hast hurt me. Stabs him again. Bos. Again ! * above] i.e. on the upper stage; the raised platform towards the back of the stage. + her] The 4to. of 1640, "the."

Enter FERDINAND. Ferd. The alarum ! give me a fresh horse; Rally the vaunt-guard, or the day is lost. Yield, yield ! I give you the honour of arms, Shake my sword over you; will you yield? Card. Help me; I am your brother ! Ferd. The devil ! My brother fight upon the adverse party ! [He wounds the Cardinal, and, in the scuffle, gives BOSOLA his death-wound. There flies your ransom. Card. O justice ! I suffer now for what hath former hin : Sorrow is held the eldest child of sin.* Ferd. Now you're brave fellows. Cæsar's fortune was harder than Pompey's; Cæsar died in the arms of prosperity, Pompey at the feet of disgrace. You both died in the field. The pain's nothing: pain many times is taken away with the apprehension of greater, as the tooth-ache with the sight of a barber that comes to pull it out: there's philosophy for you. Bos. Now my revenge is perfect.-Sink, thou Kills FERDINAND. main cause Of my undoing !--- The last part of my life Hath done me best service. Ferd. Give me some wet hay; I am brokenwinded. I do account this world but a dog-kennel: I will vault credit and affect high pleasures Beyond death.+ Bos. He seems to come to himself. Now he's so near the bottom. Ferd. My sister, O my sister ! there's the cause on't. Whether we fall by ambition, blood, or lust, Like diamonds, we are cut with our own dust. [Dies. Card. Thou hast thy payment too. Bos. Yes, I hold my weary soul in my teeth; 'Tis ready to part from me. I do glory That thou, which stood'st like a huge pyramid Begun upon a large and ample base, Shalt end in a little point, a kind of nothing. Enter, below, PESCARA, MALATESTI, RODERIGO, and GRISOLAN. Pes. How now, my lord ! Mal. O sad disaster !

Rod. How comes this?

* I suffer now, &c.] See note *, p. 44.

† Beyond death] Found only in the 4to. of 1623.

In so good a quarrel. O, this gloomy world ! In what a shadow, or deep pit of darkness, Doth womanish and fearful mankind live ! Let worthy minds ne'er stagger in distrust To suffer death or shame for what is just : Mine is another voyage. [Dies. Pes. The noble Delio, as I came to the palace, Told me of Antonio's being here, and show'd me A pretty gentleman, his son and heir. Enter DELIO, and ANTONIO'S Son. Mal. O sir, you come too late ! Delio. I heard so, and Was arm'd for't, ere I came. Let us make noble use Of this great ruin ; and join all our force To establish this young hopeful gentleman In's mother's right. These wretched eminent things Leave no more fame behind 'em, than should one Fall in a frost, and leave his print in snow ; As soon as the sun shines, it ever melts, Both form and matter. I have ever thought
Nature doth nothing so great for great men As when she's pleas'd to make them lords of truth : Integrity of life is fame's best friend, Which nobly, beyond death, shall crown the end. [Excunt.]

THE DEVIL'S LAW-CASE.

The Devils Law-case. Or, When Women goe to Law, the Devill is full of Businesse. A new Tragecomady. The true and perfect Copie from the Originall. As it was approauly well Acted by her Maiesties Seruants. Written by John Webster. Non quam diu, sed quam bene. London, Printed by A. M. for John Grismand, and are to be sold at his Shop in Pauls Alley at the Signe of the Gunne. 1623. 4to.

That this play must have been written but a short time before it was given to the press is evident from the following allusion in it to the massacre of the English by the Dutch at Amhoyna, which took place in February, 1622;

"How! go to the East Indies, and so many Hollanders gone to fetch sauce for their pickled herriogs! some have been peppered there too lately." Act IV. Sc. 2.

Whence the author derived the story of *The Devil's Law Case* I know not. The following observations by Langhaine are hardly worth quoting: "An accident like that of Romelio's stabbing Contarino out of malice, which turned to his preservation, is (if I mistake not,) in Skenkius hie Observations: At least I am sure, the like happened to Pheræus Jason, as you may eee in Q. Val. Maximus, lib. I. cap. 8. The like story is related in Goulart's Histoires Admirables, tome 1. p. 178." Account of the Eng. Dram. Poets, &c.

TO THE RIGHT WORTHY AND ALL-ACCOMPLISHED GENTLEMAN, SIR THOMAS FINCH, KNIGHT BARONET.*

SIR,

Let it not appear strange, that I do aspire to your patronage. Things that taste of any goodness love to be sheltered near goodness: nor do I flatter in this, which I hate, only touch at the original copy of your virtues. Some of my other works, as *The White Devil, The Duchess of Malfi, Guise*, † and others, you have formerly seen: I present this humbly to kiss your hands, and to find your allowance: nor do I much doubt it, knowing the greatest of the Cæsars have cheerfully entertained less poems than this; and had I thought it unworthy, I had not inquired after so worthy a patronage. Yourself I understand to be all courtesy: I doubt not therefore of your acceptance, but resolve that my election is happy; for which favour done me, I shall ever rest

Your worship's humbly devoted,

JOHN WEBSTER.

TO THE JUDICIOUS READER.

I HOLD it in these kind of poems with that of Horace, Sapientia prima stuttitid carwisse, to be free from those vices which proceed from ignorance; of which, I take it, this play will ingeniously acquit itself. I do chiefly therefore expose it to the judicious: locus est et pluribus umbris, § others have leave to sit down and read it, who come unhidden. But to these, should a man present them with the most excellent music, it would delight them no more than auriculas citharæ collecta sorde dolentes ||. I will not further insist upon the approvement of it; for I am so far from praising myself, that I have not given way to divers of my friends, whose unbegged commendatory verses offered themselves to do me service in the front of this poem. A great part of the grace of this, I confess, lay in action; yet can no action ever be gracious, where the decency of the language, and ingenious structure of the scene, arrive not to make up a perfect harmony. What I have failed of this, you that have approved my other works, (when you have read this,) tax me of. For the rest, Non ego ventosæ plebis suffragia venor. ¶

* Sir Thomas Finch, Knight Baronet] Was the second son of Sir Moyle Finch. His mother having been created Countess of Winchelsea, he, ou her decease in 1633, succeeded to her honours as first Earl of Winchelsea. He married Cecilie, daughter of Sir John Weutworth, Bart.; and died in 1639. In the later editions of Collins's Peerage his death is fixed in 1634; hut see Hasted's Hist. of Kent, vol. iii. p. 199, and the Corrigenda to it, p. 48.

- + Guise] A lost play. See the Introductory Essay to this work.
- 1 Sapientia prima, &c.] Epist. i. 1.
- § locus est, &c.] Horace, Epist. i. 5.
- || auriculas citharæ, &c.] Horacs, Epist. i. 2.
- ¶ Non ego, &c.] Horace, Bpist. i. 19.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

_

ROMELIO, a merchant, son of LEONORA. CONTARINO, a nobleman. ERCOLE, a kuight of Malta. CRISPIANO, a Spanish lawyer. JULIO, his son. ARIOSTO, an advocate. CONTILUPO, a lawyer. SANITONELLA. PROSPERO. BAPTISTA. A Capuchin. Two Surgeons. Judges, Lawyers, Bellmen, Register, Marshal, Herald, and Servants.

LEONORA. JOLENTA, her daughter. ÁNOIOLELLA, a nun. WINIPRED.

THE DEVIL'S LAW-CASE.

ACT I.

SCENE L*

Enter ROMELIO and PROSPERO.

Pros. You have shown » world of wealth: I did not think

There had been a merchant liv'd in Italy Of half your substance.

Rom. I'll give the King of Spain Ten thousand ducats yearly, and discharge My yearly custom. The Hollanders scarce trade More generally than I: my factors' wives Wear chaperons of velvet; and my scriveners, Merely through my employment, grow so rich They build their palaces and belvederes With musical water-works. Never in my life Had I a loss at sea: they call me on the Exchange The Fortunate Young Man, and make great suit To venture with me. Shall I tell you, sir, Of a strange confidence in my way of trading? I reckon it as certain as the gain In erecting a lottery.

Pros. I pray, sir, what do you think Of Signior Baptista's estate?

Rom. A mere beggar :

He's worth some fifty thousand ducats.

Pros. Is not that well?

Rom. How, well! for a man to be melted to snow-water

With toiling in the world from three-and-twenty Till three-score, for poor fifty thousand ducats!

Pros. To your estate 'tis little, I confess :

You have the spring-tide of gold.

Rom. Faith, and for silver,

* Scene I.] Naples. A room in the house of Leonora. (I had originally marked this scene "in the house of *Romelio*": but compare act ii. sc. 3, where Leonora says, "Why do they ring Before my gate thus?") Should I not send it packing to the East Indies, We should have a glut on't.

Enter Servant.

Serv. Here's the great lord Contarino. Pros. O, I know His business; he's a suitor to your sister. Rom. Yes, sir: but to you, As my most trusted friend, I utter it,-I will break the alliance. Pros. You are ill advis'd, then : There lives not a completer gentleman In Italy, nor of a more ancient house. Rom. What tell you me of gentry ? 'tis naught else But a superstitious relic of time past : And sift it to the true worth, it is nothing But ancient riches; and in him, you know, They are pitifully in the wane. He makes his colour Of visiting us so often, to sell land, And thinks, if he can gain my sister's love, To recover the treble value. Pros. Sure, he loves her Entirely, and she deserves it. Rom. Faith, though she were Crook'd-shoulder'd, having such a portion, She would have noble suitors : but truth is, I would wish my noble venturer take heed : It may he, whiles he hopes to catch a gilt-head, He may draw up a gudgeon. Enter CONTARINO.

Pros. He's come. Sir, I will leave you. [Excunt PROSPERO and Servant.

Con. I sent you the evidence of the piece of land

THE DEVIL'S LAW-CASE.

I motion'd to you for the sale.	Con. I'll now remove the cloud. Sir, your
Rom. Yes.	sister aud I
Con. Has your counsel perus'd it?	Are vow'd each other's, and there only wants
Rom. Not yet, my lord. Do you intend to	Her worthy mother's and your fair consents
travel ?	To style it marriage: this is a way,
Con. No.	Not only to make a friendship, but confirm it
Rom. O, then you lose	For our posterities. How do you look upon't?
That which makes man most absolute.	Rom. Believe me, sir, as on the principal column
Con. Yet I have heard	To advance our house: why, you bring honour
Of divers that, in passing of the Alps,	with you,
Have but exchang'd their virtues at dear rate	Which is the soul of wealth. I shall be proud
For other vices.	To live to see my little nephews ride
Rom. O, my lord, lie not idle:	O'the upper hand of their uucles; and the
The chiefest action for a man of great spirit	daughters
Is, never to be out of action.* We should think	Be rank d by heralds at solemnities
The soul was never put into the body,	Before the mother; all this deriv'd
Which has so many rars and curious pieces	From your nobility. Do not blame me, sir,
Of mathematical motion, to stand still.	If I be taken with't exceedingly;
Virtue is ever sowing of her seeds;	For this same honour, with us citizens,
In the trenches for the soldier; in the wakeful	Is a thing we are mainly fond of, especially
study	When it comes without money, which is very
For the scholar; in the furrows of the sea	seldom.
For men of our profession; of all which	But as you do perceive my present temper,
Arise and spring up honour. Come, I know	Be sure I am yours,-[aside] fir'd with scorn and
You have some noble great design in hand,	Jaughter
That you levy so much money.	At your over-confident purpose, and, no doubt,
Con. Sir, I'll tell you :	My mother will be of your mind.
The greatest part of it I mean to employ	Con. 'Tis my hope, sir. [Exit ROMELIO.
In payment of my debts, and the remainder	I do observe how this Romelio
Is like to bring me into greater bonds,	Has very worthy parts, were they not blasted
As I aim it.	By insolent vain-glory. There rests now
Rom. How, sir?	The mother's approbation to the match;
Con. I intend it	Who is a woman of that state and bearing,
For the charge of my wedding.	Though she be city-born, both in her language
Rom. Are you to be married, my lord?	Her garments, and her table, she excels
Con. Yes, sir; and I must now entreat your	Our ladies of the court : she goes not gaudy,
pardon, What I had accessible from you a husiness	Yet have I seen her wear one diamond
That I have conceal'd from you a business	Would have bought twenty gay ones out of their
Wherein you had at first been call'd to counsel, But that I thought it a less fault in friendship,	clothes,
To engage myself thus far without your knowledge,	And some of them, without the greater grace,
Than to do it against your will: another reason	Out of their honesties. She comes: I will try
Was, that I would not publish to the world,	How she stands affected to me, without relating
Nor have it whisper'd scarce, what wealthy voyage	My contract with her daughter.
I went about, till I had got the mine	
	Enter LEONORA,
In mine own possession.	Leon. Sir, you are nobly welcome, and presume
Rom. You are dark to me yet.	You are in a place that's wholly dedicated
	To your service.
* The chiefest action for a man of great spirit	Con. I am ever bound to you
Is, never to be out of action] Mr. Collier (Preface to Coloridas's Second Lectures & p. XCVI) maintains that	For many special favours.
Coleridge's Seven Lectures, &c., p. XCVI) maintains that here the right reading is "The chiefest arism" &c.	The Contract of the second sec

which I think very doubtful, considering how our old dramatists (even Shakespeare himself) affect the repeti-tion of words. Leon. Sir, your fame renders you

Con. It could never have got

SCENE I.

ø

A sweeter air to fly in than your breath.*	Leon. In hot weather
Leon. You have been strange a long time; you	The painting on their face has been so mellow,
are weary	They have left the poor man harder work by half,
Of our unseasonable time of feeding:	To mend the copy he wrought by. But, indeed,
Indeed, the Exchange-bell makes us dine so late,	If ever I would have mine drawn to the life,
I think the ladies of the court from us	I would have a painter steal it at such a time
Learn to lie so long a bed.	I were devoutly kneeling at my prayers:
Con. They have a kind of Exchange among thom	There is then a heavenly beauty in't, the soul
too:	Moves in the superficies.
Marry, unless it be to hear of news, I take it,	Con. Excellent lady,
Their's is, like the New Burse,† thinly furnish'd	Now you teach beauty a preservative
With tires and new fashions. I have a suit to you.	More than 'gainst fading colours, and your
Leon. I would not have you value it the less,	judgment
If I say, 'tis granted already.	Is perfect in all things.
Con. You are all bounty:	Leon. Indeed, sir, I am a widow,
'Tis to bestow your picture on me.	And want the addition to make it so;
Leon. O, sir,	For man's experience has still been held
Shadows are coveted in summer, and with me	Woman's best eyesight. I pray, sir, tell me :
'Tis fall o'the leaf.	You are about to sell a piece of land
Con. You enjoy the best of time:	To my son, I hear.
This latter spring of yours shows in my eye	Con. 'Tis truth.
More fruitful, and more temperate withal,	Leon. Now I could rather wish
Than that whose date is only limited	That noblemen would ever live i'the country,
By the music of the cuckoo.	Rather than make their visits up to the city
Leon. Indeed, sir, I dare tell you,	About such business. O, sir, noble houses
My looking-glass is a true one, and as yet	Have no such goodly prospects any way
It does not terrify me. Must you have my picture?	As into their own land : the decay of that,
Con. So please you, lady; and I shall preserve it	Next to their begging church-land, is a ruin
As a most choice object.	Worth all men's pity. Sir, I have forty thousand
Leon. You will enjoin me to a strange punish-	crowns
ment.	Sleep in my chest shall waken when you please,
With what a compell'd face a woman sits	And fly to your commands. Will you stay
While she is drawing! I have noted divers,	supper?
Either to feign smiles, or suck in the lips	Con. I cannot, worthy lady.
To have a little mouth; ruffle the cheeks	Leon. I would not have you come hither, sir,
To have the dimple seen; and so disorder	to sell,
The face with affectation, at next sitting	But to settle your estate. I hope you understand
It has not been the same : I have known others	Wherefore I make this proffer : so, I leave you.
Have lost the entire fashion of their face	[Exit.
In half an hour's sitting.	Con. [On] what a treasury have I perch'd! "I
Con. How?	hope
	You understand wherefore I make this proffer !"
	She has got some intelligence how I intend to
* It could never have got	marry
A sweeter air to fly in than your breath] So again our author in his Monumental Column, &c. ;	Her daughter, and ingenuously * perceiv'd
"Never found prayers, since they convers'd with death,	That by her picture, which I begg'd of her,
A sweeter air to fly in than his breath."	I meant the fair Jolenta. Here's a letter
And so too Massinger;	Which gives express charge not to visit her
"My own praises <i>flying</i> In such pure air as your sweet breath, fair lady,	Till midnight. [Reads.
Cannot hut please me."	"Fail not to come, for 'tis a business that concerns
The Picture, act v. sc. last.	both our honours.
t the New Burse] i.e. the New Exchange in the Strand, where were shops in which female finery and triuksts of	Yours, in danger to be lost, Jolenta."
avong description were sold. Our old dramatists do not	
scruple to attribute to a forsign country the peculiarities	t in unnunulail San nata + n DB
of their own.	* ingenuously] Ses note †, p. 26.

110 THE DEVIL	S LAW-CASE. ACT I.
'Tis a strange injunction : what should be the business?	By my habit, and a place here to command O'er thirty galleys: this your brother shows,
She is not chang'd, I hope: I'll thither straight;	As wishing that you would be partner
For women's resolutions in such deeds,	In my good fortune.
Like bees, light oft on flowers, and oft on weeds.	Rom. I pray, come hither :
[Bxit.	Have I any interest in you?
+	Jol. You are my brother.
	Rom. I would have you, then, use me with that
SCENE II.*	respect You may still keep me so, and to be sway'd
Enter ERCOLE, ROMELIO, and JOLENTA.	In this main business of life, which wants
Rom. O, sister, come, the tailor must to work,	Greatest consideration, your marriage,
To make your wedding-clothes.	By my direction : here's a gentleman
Jol. The tomb-maker,	Jol. Sir, I have often told you,
To take measure of my coffin. Rom. Tomb-maker!	I am so little my own to dispose that way,
	That I can never be his.
Look you, the King of Spain greets you. Jol. What does this mean?	. Rom. Come, too much light
Do you serve process on me?	Makes you moon-ey'd: are you in love with
Rom. Process ! come,	title?
You would be witty now.	I will have a herald, whose continual practice
Jol. Why, what's this, I pray?	Is all in pedigree, come a wooing to you,
Rom. Infinite grace to you: it is a letter	Or an antiquary in old buskins.
From his catholic majesty for the commends	Erco. Sir, you have done me
Of this gentleman for your husband.	The mainest wrong that e'er was offer'd to
Jol. In good season :	A gentleman of my breeding.
I hope he will not have my allegiance stretch'd	Rom. Why, sir?
To the undoing of myself.	Erco. You have led me
Rom. Undo yourself! he does proclaim him	With a vain confidence that I should marry
here	Your sister; have proclaim'd it to my friends;
Jol. Not for a traitor, does he?	Employ'd the greatest lawyers of our state
Rom. You are not mad :	To settle her a jointure; and the issue
For one of the noblest gentlemen.	Is, that I must become ridiculous
Jol. Yet kings many times	Both to my friends and enemies : I will leave you,
Know merely but men's out-sides. Was this	Till I call to you for a strict account
commendation	Of your unmanly dealing.
Voluntary, think you?	Rom. Stay, my lord
Rom. Voluntary ! what mean you by that?	Do you long to have my throat cut?-Good my
Jol. Why, I do not think but he begg'd it of	lord,
the king,	Stay but a little, till I have remov'd
And it may fortune to be out of's way:	This court-mist from her eyes, till I wake her
Some better suit, that would have stood his lord-	From this dull sleep, wherein she'll dream herself
ship	To a deformed beggar.—You would marry The great lord Contarino—
In far more stead. Letters of commendations ! Why, 'tis reported that they are grown stale	119 great ford Contarinto-
When places fall i'the University.	
I pray you, return his pass; for to a widow	Enter LEONORA.
That longs to be a courtier this paper	Leon. Contarino
May do knight's service.	Were you talking of? he lost last night at dice
Erco. Mistake not, excellent mistress: these	Five thousand ducats; and when that was gone,
commends	Set at one throw a lordship that twice trebled
Express, his majesty of Spain has given me	The former loss.
Both addition of honour, as you may perceive	Rom. And that flew after.
	Leon. Aud most carefully
* Scene II.] Another room in the same.	Carried the gentleman in his caroche

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To a lawyer's chamber, there most legally Leon. She is yours. To put him in possession : was this wisdom ? Rom. Nay, continue your station, and deal you Rom. O, yee, their credit in the way of gaming In dumb show: kiss this doggedness out of her. Is the main thing they stand on ; that must be paid, Leon. To be contracted in tears is but fashion-Though the brewer bawl for's money: and this able. lord Rom. Yet suppose that they were hearty,-Does she prefer, i'the way of marriage, Leon. Virgins must seem unwilling. Before our choice here, noble Ercole. Rom. O, what else ? Leon. You'll be advis'd, I hope. Know for And you remember, we observe the like vour sakes In greater ceremonies than these contracts; I married, that I might have children; At the consecration of prelates they use ever And for your sakes, if you'll be rul'd by me, Twice to say nay, and take it. I will never marry again. Here's a gontleman Jol. O brother ! Is noble, rich, well featur'd, but 'bove all, Rom. Keep your possession, you have the door He loves you entirely : his intents are aim'd by the ring; For an expedition 'gainst the Turk, That's livery and seisin in England : * but, my lord, Which makes the contract cannot be delay'd. Kiss that tear from her lip; you'll find the rose Jol. Contract ! you must do this without my The sweeter for the dew. knowledge ! Jol. Bitter as gall. Give me some potion to make me mad, Rom. Ay, ay, all you women, And happily not knowing what I speak, Although you be of never so low stature, I may then consent to't. Have gall in you most abundant; it exceeds Rom. Come, you are mad already; Your brains by two ounces. I was saying some-And I shall never hear you speak good sense what :---Till you name him for husband. O, do but observe i'the city, and you'll find Erco. Lady, I will do The thriftiest bargains that were ever made, A manly office for you; I will leave you What a deal of wrangling ere they could be To the freedom of your own soul: may it move brought whither To an upshot ! Heaven and you please ! Leon. Great persons do not ever come together-Jol. Now you express yourself Rom. With revelling faces; nor is it necessary They should : the strangeness and unwillingness Most nobly. Rom. Stay, sir; what do you mean to do? Wears the greater state, and gives occasion that Leon. Hear me : [kneels] if thou dost marry The people may buzz and talk of't, though the Contarino, bells All the misfortune that did ever dwell Be tongue-tied at the wedding. In a parent's curse light on thee ! Leon. And truly I have heard say, Erco. O, rise, lady : certainly heaven never To be a little strange to one another Intended kneeling to this fearful purpose. Will keep your longing fresh. Jol. Your imprecation has undone me for ever. Rom. Ay, and make you beget Erco. Give me your hand. More children when you're married: some doctors Are of that opinion. You see, my lord, we are Jol. No, sir. Rom. Give't me, then. merry At the contract: your sport is to come hereafter. O, what rare workmanship have I seen this To finish with your needle ! what excellent music Erco. I will leave you, excellent lady, and Have these struck upon the viol ! Now I'll teach withal Leave a heart with you so entirely yours, A piece of art. That. I protest, had I the least of hope Jol. Rather, a damnable cunning, To have me go about to give't away Without consent of my soul. you have the door by the ring ; That's livery and seisin in England] The allusion here Rom. Kiss her, my lord : is to a coremony used in the commou law, on conveyance If crying had been regarded, maidenheads of lands, houses, &c. when the ring or latch of the door Had ne'er been lost; at least some appearance is delivered to the feoffee : livery and seisin are delivery Of crying, as an April shower i'the sunshine. and possession.

To enjoy you, though I were to wait the time That scholars do in taking their degree In the noble arts, 'twere nothing: howsoe'er, He parts from you that will depart from life To do you any service; and so, humhly I take my leave. Jol. Sir, I will pray for you. [Exit ERCOLE. Rom. Why, that's well; 'twill make your prayer complete, To pray for your buchand	The Scotchwoman with the cittern, do you mark; Nor a dancer by any means, though he ride on's foot-cloth;* Nor a hackney-coachman, if he can speak French. Win. Why, sir,— Rom. By no means; no more words:— Nor the woman with marrow-hone-puddings: I have heard Strange juggling tricks have been convey'd to a woman
To pray for your husband. Jol. Husband ! Leon. This is The happiest hour that I ever arriv'd at. [Exit. Rom. Husband ! ay, husband : come, you peevish thing, Smile me a thank for the pains I have ta'en. Jol. I hate myself for being thus enforc'd : You may soon judge, then, what I think of you Which are the cause of it. Enter WINIFRED, passing over.	 woman In a pudding: you are apprehensive? Win. O good sir, I have travell'd. Rom. When you had a bastard, you travell'd+ indeed: But, my precious chaperoness, I trust thes the better for that; for I have heard, There is no warier keeper of a park, To prevent stalkers or your night-walkers, Than auch a man as in his youth has been A most notorious deer-stealer. Win. Very well, sir,
 Rom. You, lady of the laundry, come hither. Win. Sir? Rom. Lock,* as you love your life, you have an eye Upon your mistress: I do henceforth har her All visitants. I do hear there are bawds abroad That bring eut-works† and mantoons,‡ and convey letters To such young gentlewomen; and there are others That deal in corn-cutting and fortune-telling: Let none of these come at her, on your life; Nor Deuce-ace, the wafer-woman, that prigs abroad With musk-melons and malakatoons; \$ nor 	 Win. Very well, sir, You may use me at your pleasure. Rom. By no means, Winifred; that were the way To make thee travel again. Come, be not angry, I do but jest; thou know'st, wit and a woman Are two very frail things; and so, I leave you. [Exit. Win. I could weep with you; hut 'tis no matter, I can do that at any time; I have now A greater mind to rail a little : plague of these Unsanctified matches! they make us loathe The most natural desire our grandam Eve sver left us. Force one to marry against their will! why, 'tis
 * Look, as you love your life, you have an eye Upon your mistress, &c.] Here Webster recollected Ben Jonson; "Be you sure, now, You have all your eyes about you; and let in No lace-woman, nor bawd, that brings French maske And cut-works; see you? ner old crones with wafers, To convey letters: nor no youths, disguis'd Like country-wives, with cream and marrow-puddings. Much knavery may be vented in a pudding, Much bawdy intelligence: they are shrewd cyphers." The Devil is an ass, act ii. sc. i. † cut-works] See note 1, p. 6. † mantoons] Qy. if from "mantone, a great robe or mantle." Florio's Ital Dict. ed. 1611. § malakatoons] The malakatoon, melicotton, male- cotoon, malecotone, or maligatoon, (for so variously de old writers spell the word,) was a sort of late peach. Gerard in his Herball, enumerating different kinds of peaches, mentions "the Blacke Peach ; the Melocotone; the White," &c. p. 1446. ed. 1633. " Pine are much after the Figure of a Sceth [Scotch?] Thistie, and in my minde taste most like a Peach, or 	A more ungodly work than enclosing the commons. Jol. Prithee, peace : This is indeed an argument so common, I cannot think of matter new enough To express it bad enough. Win. Here's one, I hope, Will put you out of't. Enter CONTARINO. Con. How now, sweet mistress! You have made sorrow look lovely of late; You have wept. Win. She has done nothing else these three days: had you stood behind the arras, to have heard her shed so much salt water as I have done, you would have thought she had been turned fountain.
Maligation." Note on a poem (p. 10) entitled A Descrip-	* foot-cloth] See note *, p. 7. † travell'd] Here, in the first edition of this colloction,

tion of the Last Voyage to Bermudas, in the Ship Mary [I printed "travail'd] Here, in the first edition of this colloction, Gold, by J. H. [ardy]. 1671, 4to. [I printed "travail'd": but the pun is plain enough with the eld spelling.

Sig. I. 2, ed. 1607.

meanings being "bewitched."
 t my] The old copy "by."

§ bravery] i.e. finery.

+ forespoken] Ussd here with a quibble,-one of its

Con. I would fain know the cause can be worthy	O sweet-breath'd monkeys,* how they grow	
This thy sorrow.	together! Well 'tig my opinion	
Jol. [to WIN.] Reach me the caskanet.*-I am	Well, 'tis my opinion, He was no warman's friend the total i	
studying, sir.		
To take an inventory of all that's mine.	A punishment for kissing.	
Con. What to do with it, lady?	Con. If he bear himself so nobly,	
Jol. To make you a deed of gift.	The manliest office I can do for him	
Con. That's done already; you are all mine.	Is to afford him my pity, since he's liko	
Win. Yes, but the devil would fain put in for's	To fail of so dear a purchase : for your mother,	
share,	Your goodness quits her ill: for your brother,	
In likeness of a separation.	He that vows friendship to a man, and proves	
Jol. O, sir, I am bewitch'd.	A traitor, deserves rather to be hang'd	
Con. Ha!	Than he that counterfeits money; yet for your sake	
	I must sign his pardon too. Why do you tremble?	
Jol. Most certain; I am forespoken †	Be safe, you are now free from him.	
To be married to another: can you ever think That I shall ever thring in the second	Jol. O, but, sir,	
That I shall ever thrive in't? am I not, then, bewitch'd?	The intermission from a fit of an ague	
	Is grievous; for, indeed, it doth prepare us	
All comfort I can teach myself is this,— There is a time left for me to die nobly,	To entertain tormeut next morning.	
When I cannot live so.	Con. Why, he's gone to sea.	
	Jol. But he may return too soon.	
Con. Give me, in a word, to whom, or by whose means,	Con. To avoid which, we will instantly be	
Are you thus torn from me?	married.	
Jol. By Lord Ercole, my mother, and my ‡	Win. To avoid which, get you instantly to bed	
brother.	together;	
Con. I'll make his bravery fitter for a	Do; and I think no civil lawyer for his fee	
grave	Can give you better counsel.	
Than for a wedding.	Jol. Fie upon thee! prithee, leave us.	
Jol. So you will beget	Con. Be of comfort, sweet mistress.	
A far more dangerous and strange disease	Jol. On one condition, we may have no quarrel About this.	
Out of the cure: you must love him again	Con. Upon my life, none.	
For my sake; for the noble Ercole	Jol. None, upon your honour?	
Had such a true compassion of my sorrow,—	Con. With whom ? with Ercole ? +	
Hark in your ear, I'll show you his right	You have delivered him guiltless.	
worthy	With your brother? he's part of yourself.	
Demeanour to me.	With your complimental mother?	
Win. O you pretty ones!	I use not fight with women.	
I have seen this lord many a time and oft	To-morrow we'll be married :	
Set her in's lap, and talk to her of love	Let those that would oppose this union	
So feelingly, I do protest it has made me	Grow ne'er so subtle, and entangle themselves	
Run out of myself to think on't.	In their own work like spiders; while we two	
Itali olit or myseli to think on t.	Haste to our noble wishes, and presume,	
	The hindrance of it will breed more delight,	
* caskanet] A word net found in dictionaries. I meet with it in a formidable list of articles necessary for a	As black copartiments show \ddagger gold more bright.	
lady's toilette in <i>Lingua</i> ; "such stirre with Stickes and	Execut.	
Combes, Cascanets, Dressings, Purles, Falles, Squares,		
Buskes, Bodies, Scarffes, Neck-laces, Carcanets," &c.	* monkeys The old copy "monkey."	

^{*} monkeys] The old copy "monkey."
† With whom? with Ercole? &c.] I let the first six lines of this speech stand as they do in the old copy :- they seem to defy any tolerable metrical arrangement. ‡ copartiments show] The eld copy "copartaments

shewes."

ACT II.

SCENE I.*

Enter CRISPIANO and SANITONELLA.

Cris. Am I well habited ?

San. Exceeding well; any man would take you for a merchaut. But, pray, sir, resolve me, what should be the reason that you, being one of the most eminent civil lawyers in Spain, and but newly arrived from the East Indies, should take this habit of a merchant upon you?

Cris. Why, my son lives here in Naples, and in's riot doth far exceed the exhibition + I allowed him.

San. So, then, and in this disguise you mean to trace him?

Cris. Partly for that; but there is other business Of greater consequence.

San. Faith, for his expense, 'tis nothing to your estate: what, to Don Crispiano, the famous corregidor of Seville, who by his mere practice of the law, in less time than half a jubilee, hath gotten thirty thousand ducats a-year!

Cris. Well, I will give him line, Let him run on in's course of spending.

San. Freely?

Cris. Freely:

For I protest, if that I could conceive My son would take more pleasure or content, By any course of riot, in the expense, Than I took joy, uay, soul's felicity, In the getting of it, should all the wealth I have Waste to as small au atomy as flies I'the sun, I do protest on that condition It should not move me.

San. How's this? Caunot he take more pleasure in spending it riotously than you have done by scraping it together? O, ten thousand times more ! and I make no question, five hundred young gallants will be of my opinion.

Why, all the time of your collectionship

Has been a perpetual calendar : begin first

With your melancholy study of the law

Before you came ‡ to finger the ruddocks; after that.

The tiring importunity of clients, To rise so early, and sit up so late:

* Scene I.] An apartment in some house of public resort,---on the Quay or on the Exchange, perhaps.

t exhibition] i. e. pension, allowance

t came] The old copy "come."

You made yourself half ready in a dream,* And never pray'd but in your sleep. Can I think That you have half your lungs left with crying out For judgments and days of trial? Remember, sir, How often have I borne you on my shoulder, Among a shoal or swarm of reeking night-caps,+ When that your worship has bepiss'd yourself, Either with vehemency of argument,

Or heing out from the matter. I am merry. Cris. Be so.

San. You could eat like a gentleman, at leisure;

But swallow ['d] it like flap-dragons, 1 as if you had liv'd

With chewing the cud after.

Cris. No pleasure in the world was comparable to't.

San. Possible?

Cris. He shall never taste the like.

Unless he study law.

San. What, not in wenching, sir?

'Tis a court-game, believe it, as familiar

As gleek § or any other.

Cris. Wenching ! O, fie ! the disease follows it: Beside, can the fingering taffetas or lawns,

Or a painted hand or a breast, be like the pleasure

In taking clients' fees, and piling them

In several goodly rows before my desk?

And according to the bigness of each heap,

Which I took by a leer (for lawyers do not tell them).

I vail'd || my cap, and withal gave great hope The cause should go on their sides.

San. What think you, then,

Of a good cry of hounds? it has been known Dogs have hunted lordships to a fault,

^{*} You made yourself half ready in a dream] To make ones-self ready is the old expression for dressing ones-self. † night-caps] See note t, p. 66.

t flap-dragons] Raisins, plums, candles' ends! &c made to float in a dish of ardsnt spirits, from which, when set on fire, they were to he snatched by the mouth and swallowed. The amorous youths of olden time delighted in drinking off flap-dragons to the health of their mistresses. This nasty sport, still common in Holland, I have seeu practised in our own country by boys during Christmas holidays.

[§] gleek] A fashionable game at cards in our author's time. Full instructions how to play at "this noble and delightful Game or Recreation" may be found in The Compleut Gamester, p. 67, et ssq. ed. 1709. | vail'd] i. s. lowered.

Cris. Cry of curs ! The noise of clients at my chamber-door Was sweeter music far, in my conceit. Than all the hunting in Europe. San. Pray, stay, sir: Say he should spend it in good house-keeping. Cris. Ay, marry, sir, to have him keep a good house, And not sell't away, I'd find no fault with that: But his kitchen I'd have no higger than a saw-pit; For the smalluess of a kitchen, without question, Makes many noblemen in France and Spain Build the rest of the house the bigger. San. Yes, mock-beggars. Cris. Some sevenscore chimneys, But half of them have no tunnels. San. A pox upon them, kickshaws, that heget Such monsters without fundaments ! Cris. Come, come, leave citing other vanities : For neither wine, nor lust, nor riotous feasts. Rich clothes, nor all the pleasure that the devil Has ever practis'd with to raise a man To a devil's likeness, e'er brought man that pleasure I took in getting my wealth : so I conclude, If he can out-vie me, let it fly to the devil.-Yon's my son : what company keeps hs? Enter Romelio, Julio, ARIOSTO, and BAPTISTA. San. The gentleman he talks with is Romelio, The merchant. Cris. I never saw him till now: 'A has a brave sprightly look. I knew his father, And sojourn'd in his house two years together Before this young man's birth. I have news to tell him Of certain losses happen'd him at sea, That will not please him. San. What's * that dapper fellow In the long stocking? I do think 'twas he Came to your lodging this morning. Cris. 'Tis the same : There he stands but a little piece of flesh, But he is the very miracle of a lawyer; One that persuades men to peace, and compounds quarrels Among his neighbours, without going to law. San. And is he a lawyer? Cris. Yes, and will give counsel In honest causes gratis; never in his life Took fee hut he came and spake for't; is a man Of extreme practice; and yet all his longing Is to become a judge.

* What's] The old copy "What."

San. Indeed, that's a rare longing with men of his profession. I think he'll prove the miracle of a lawyer indeed.

Rom. Here's the man brought word your father died i'the Indies.

Jul. He died in perfect memory, I hope,

And made me his heir. Cris. Yes, sir.

Jul. He's gone the right way, then, without question. Friend, in time of mourning we must not use any action that is but accessary to the making men merry: I do therefore give you nothing for your good tidings.

Cris. Nor do I look for it, sir.

Jul. Honest fellow, give me thy hand: I do not think but thou hast carried new-year's-gifts to the court in thy days, and learned'st there to be so free of thy pains-taking.

Rom. Here's an old geutleman says he was chamher-fellow to your father, when they studied the law together at Barcelona.

Jul. Do you know him ?

Rom. Not I; he's newly come to Naples.

Jul. And what's his business?

Rom. 'A says he's come to read you good counsel. Cris. [aside to ARI.] To him, rate him soundly.

Jul. And what's your counsel?

Ari. Why, I would have you leave

Your whoring.

Ari. O young quat,* incontinence is plagu'd In all the creatures of the world !

Jul. When did you ever hear that a cocksparrow

Had the French pox?

Ari. When did you ever know any of them fat but in the nest? ask all your cantharide-mongers that question : remember yourself, sir.

Jul. A very fine naturalist ! a physician, I take you, by your round slop, \dagger for 'tis just of the higness, and no more, of the case for a urinal: 'tis concluded you are a physician. What do you mean, sir ? you'll take cold.

Ari. 'Tis concluded you are a fool, a precious one: you are a mere stick of sugar-candy; \ddagger a man may look quite thorough you.

Jul. You are a very bold gamester.

* O young quat] Quat means originally a pimple-Compare Shakespeare;

"I have rubb'd this young quat almost to the sense." Othello, Act V. Sc. I.

† slop] i. e. breeches (properly, large wide ones).
‡ you are a mere stick of sugar-candy, &c.] See note*,
p. 74.

Ari. I can play at chess, and know how to haudle a rook.

Jul. Pray, preserve your velvet from the dust. Ari. Keep your hat upon the block, sir; 'twill continue fashion the longer.

Jul. I was never so abus'd with the hat in the hand

In my life.

Ari. I will put on. Why, look you,

Those lands that were the client's are now become The lawyer's; and those tenements that were The country gentleman's are now grown

To be his tailor's.

Jul. Tailor's !

Ari. Yes, tailors in France, they grow to great abominable purchase,* and become great officers. —How many ducats think you he has spent within a twelvemonth, besides his father's allowance?

Jul. Besides my father's allowance! Why, gentleman, do you think an auditor begat ms? Would you have me make even at year's end?

Rom. A hundred ducats a month iu breaking Venice glasses.

Ari. He learnt that of an English drunkard, and a knight too, as I take it.—This comes of your numerous wardrobe.

Rom. Ay, and wearing cut-work, + a pound a purl. Ari. Your dainty embroidered stockings, with overblown roses, + to hide your gouty ankles.

Rom. And wearing more taffeta for a garter than would serve the galley duug-boat for streamers.

Ari. Your switching up at the horse-race, with the illustrissimi.

Rom. And studying a puzzling arithmetic at the cock-pit.

Ari. Shaking your elbow at the table-board.§

Rom. And resorting to your whore in hired velvet, with a spangled copper fringe at her Netherlands.

Ari. Whereas, if you had stayed at Padua, and fed upon cow-trotters and fresh bsef to supper,—

Jul. How I am baited !

Ari. Nay, be not you so forward with him neither, for 'tis thought you'll prove a main part of his undoing. Jul. I think this fellow is a witch.

Rom. Who I, sir?

Ari. You have certain rich city chuffs, that when they have no acres of their own, they will go and plough up fools, and turn them into excellent meadow; besides some enclosures for the first cherries in the spring, and apricocks, to pleasure a friend at court with. You have pothecaries deal in selling commodities * to young galants, will put four or five coxcombs into a sieve, and so drum with them upon their counter, they'll searce them through like Guinea pepper: they cannot endure to find a man like a pair of terriers, they would undo him in a trice.

Rom. May be there are such.

Ari. O, terrible exactors, fellows with six hands and three heads !

Jul. Ay, those are hell-hounds.

Ari. Take heed of them; they'll rent thee like tenterhooks. Hark in your ear; there is intelligence upon you: the report goes, there has been gold conveyed beyond the sea in hollow anchors. Farewell; you shall know me better; I will do thee more good than thou art aware of. [Exit.

Jul. He's a mad fellow.

San. He would have made an excellent barber, he does so curry it with his tongue. [Exit.

Cris. Sir, I was directed to you.

Rom. From whence?

Cris. From the East Indies.

Rom. You are very welcome.

Cris. Please you walk apart,

I shall acquaint you with particulars

Touching your trading i'the East Indies.

Rom. Willingly: pray, walk, sir.

[Excunt CRISPIANO and ROMELIO.

Enter ERCOLE.

Erc. O my right worthy friends, you have stay'd me long:

One health, and then aboard; for all the galleys Are come about.

Enter CONTARINO.

Con. Signior Ercole,

The wind has stood my friend, sir, to prevent Your putting to sea.

Erc. Pray, why, sir?

Con. Ouly love, sir,

That I might take my leave, sir, and withal Entreat from you a private recommends To a friend in Malta: it would be deliver'd To your bosom, for I had no time to write.

* commodities | See note +, p. 27.

^{*} purchase] See note t, p. 74.

[†] cut-work] See note 1, p. 6.

t roses] See note *, p. 41.

[§] table-board] The old copy "Taule-boord."—Tables (Lat. Tabularum lusus, Fr. Tables,) is the old name for backgammon: but other games were played with the same board. On the back of the title-page of the old play of Arden of Feversham, ed. 1633, is a representation of a table-board.

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Erc. Pray, leave us, gentlemen.	I count it baseness to engage another	
[Excunt JULIO and BAPTISTA.	Into my quarrel; aud for that take leave	
Wilt please you sit? [They sit down.	To dissemble the truth. Sir, if you will fight	
Con. Sir, my love to you has proclaim'd you	With any but myself, fight with her mother;	
ODe	She was the motive.	
Whose word was still led by a noble thought,	Con. I have no enemy in the world, then, but	
And that thought follow'd by as fair a deed.	yourself:	
Deceive not that opinion : we were students	You must fight with me.	
At Padua together, and have long	Erc. I will, sir.	
To the world's eye shown like friends: was it	Con. And instantly.	
hearty	Erc. I will haste before you : point whither.	
On your part to me? Erc. Unfeign'd.	Con. Why, you speak nobly; and for this fair dealing,	
Con. You are false	Were the rich jewel which we vary for	
To the good thought I held of you, and now	A thing to be divided, by my life,	
Join the worst part of man to you, your malice,	I would be well content to give you half:	
To uphold that falsehood : sacred innocence	But since 'tis vain to think we cau be friends,	
Is fled your bosom. Signior, I must tell you	'Tis needful one of us be ta'en away	
To draw the picture of unkindness truly,	From being the other's enemy.	
Is to express two that have dearly lov'd,	Erc. Yet, methinks,	
And fall'n at variance. 'Tis a wonder to me,	This looks not like a quarrel.	
Knowing my interest in the fair Jolenta,	Con. Not a quarrel!	
That you should love her.	Erc. You have not apparelled your fury well;	
Erc. Compare her beauty and my youth together,	It goes too plain, like a scholar.	
And you will find the fair effects of love	Con. It is an ornament	
No miracle at all.	Makes it more terrible, and you shall find it	
Con. Yes, it will prove	A weighty injury, and attended on	
Prodigious to you : I must stay your voyage.	By discreet valour : because I do not strike you,	
Erc. Your warrant must be mighty.	Or give you the lie,-such foul preparatives	
Con. 'T has a seal	Would show like the stale injury of wine,-	
From heaven to do it, since you would ravish	I reserve my rage to sit on my sword's point,	
from me	Which a great quantity of your best blood	
What's there entitled mins: and yet I vow,	Cannot satisfy.	
By the essential front of spotless virtue,	Erc. You promise well to yourself.	
I have compassion of both our youths;	Shall's have no seconds?	
To approve which, I have not ta'en the way,	Con. None, for fear of prevention.	
Like an Italian, to cut your throat	Erc. The length of our weapons?	
By practice,* that had given you now for dead,	Con. We'll fit them by the way:	
And never frown'd upon you.	So whether our time calls us to live or die,	
Erc. You deal fair, sir.	Let us do both like noble geutlemen	
Con. Quit me of one doubt, pray, sir.	And true Italians.	
Erc. Move it.	Erc. For that let me embrace you. Con. Methinks, being an Italian, I trust you	
Con. 'Tis this;	To come somewhat too near me:	
Whether her brother were a main instrument	But your jealousy gave that embrace to try	
In her design for marriage.	If I were arm'd, did it not?	
Erc. If I tell truth,	Erc. No, believe me,	
You will not credit me.	I take your heart to be sufficient proof,	
Con. Why? Erc. I will tell you truth,	Without a privy coat; and, for my part,	
Yet show some reason you have not to believe me.	A taffeta is all the shirt of mail	
Her brother had no hand in't : is't not hard	I am arm'd with.	
For you to credit this? for you may think,	Con. You deal equally.* [Excunt.	
FOR you to occur and the you and the second		

* practice] i. e. artifice, treachery.

* Mr. Lamb calls this scene between Contarino and

Re-enter JULIO, with a Servant. Jul. Where are these gallants, the hrave Ercole And noble Contarino ?	For the managing my weapon; and, indeed, Both would show much alike. Coms, are you ready?
Ser. They are newly gone, sir,	Con. Bethink yourself
And hads me tell you that they will return	How fair the object is that we contend for.
Within this half hour.	Erc. O, I cannot forget it. [They fight.
	Con. You are hurt.
Re-enter ROMELIO.	Erc. Did you come hither only to tell me so,
Jul. Met you the Lord Ercols?	Or to do it? I mean well, but 'twill not thrive.
Rom. No, but I met the devil in villanous	Con. Your cause, your cause, sir :
tidings.	Will you yet be a man of conscience, and make
Jul. Why, what's the matter?	Restitution for your rage upon your death-bed?
Rom. O, I am pour'd out	Erc. Nover, till the grave gather one of us.
Like water ! the greatest rivers i'the world	[They fight again.
Are lost in the sea; and so am I: pray, leave me.	Con. That was fair, and home, I think.
Where's Lord Ercole ?	Erc. You prate as if you were in a fence-school.
Jul. You were scarce gone hence,	Con. Spare your youth, have compassion on
But in came Contarino.	yourself.
Rom. Contarino !	Erc. When I am all in pieces ! I am now unfit For any lady's bed; take the rest with you.
Jul. And entreated	[CONTARINO, wounded, falls upon ERCOLE.
Some private conference with Ercole; And on the sudden they have given's the slip.	Con. I am lost in too much daringYield
Rom. One mischief never comes alone: they	your sword.
are gone	Erc. To the pangs of death I shall, but not to
To fight.	thee.
Jul. To fight !	Con. You are now at my repairing or confusion :
Rom. An you he gentlemen,	Beg your life.
Do not talk, but make haste after them.	Erc. O, most foolishly demanded,—
Jul. Let's take several ways, then;	To bid me beg that which thou canst not give !
And if 't be possible, for women's sakes,	Enter Romello, PROSPERO, BAPTISTA, ARIOSTO, and
For they are proper men, use our endeavours	JULIO.
That the prick do not spoil them. [Excunt.	Pros. See, both of them are lost ! we come too
	late.
+	Rom. Take up the body, and convey it
SCENE II.*	To Saint Sehastian's monastery.
Enter Ercole and Contarino	Con. I will not part with his sword, I have
Con. You'll not forgo your interest in my	won't.
mistress?	Jul. You shall not
Erc. My sword shall answer that: come, are	Take him up gently; so; and how his body,
you ready?	For fear of bleeding inward.
Con. Before you fight, sir, think upon your	Well, these are perfect lovers.
cause;	Pros. Why, I pray? Jul. It has been ever my opinion,
It is a wondrous foul ons, and I wish	That there are none love perfectly indeed,
That all your exercise, these four days past,	But those that hang or drown themselves for love :
Had been employ'd in a most fervent prayer,	Now these have chose a death next to beheading;
And the foul sin for which you are to fight	They have cut one another's throats, brave valiant
Chiefly remember'd in't.	lads.
Erc. I'd as soon take	Pros. Come, you do ill, to set the name of
Your counsel in divinity at this present,	valour
As I would take a kind direction from you	Upon a violent and mad despair.
Ercole "the model of a well-managed and gentlemanlike	Hence may all learn, that count such actions well,
difference." Spec. of Eng. Dram. Poets, p. 199.	The roots of fury shoot themselves to hell.
* Scene II.] A field near Naples.	[Exeunt.

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SCENE III.* Enter ROMELIO and ARIOSTO. Ario. Your losees, I coufess, are infinite; Yet, sir, you must have patience. Rom. Sir, my losses I know, but you I do not. Ario. 'Tis most true I am but a stranger to you; but am wish'd By some of your best friends to visit you, And, out of my experience in the world, To instruct you patience. Rom. Of what profession are you? Ario. Sir, I am a lawyer. Rom. Of all men living, You lawyers I account the only men To confirm patience in us : your delays Would make three parts of this little Christian world Run out of their wits else. Now I remember You read lectures to Julio : are you such a leech For patience? Ario. Yes, sir, I have had some crossee. Rom. And have you studied patience? Ario. That I am, sir. Rom. And have you studied patience? Ario. You ever see your wife make you cuckol? Ario. Make me cuckold ! Rom. I ask it seriously : an you have not seen that, Your patience has not ta'en the right degree Of wearing scarlet ; I ehould rather take you For a bachelor in the art than for a doctor. Ario. You are merry. Rom. No, sir, with leave of your patience, I am horrible angry. Ario. What should move you But facti that haves hist reprosedory if these eves	 Some talk of it very much, and many times To their auditors' impatience : but, I pray, What practice do they make of 't in their lives ? They are too full of choler with living honest, And some of them not only impatient Of their own slightest injuries, but stark mad At one another's preferment. Now to you, sir: I have lost three goodly caracks.* Ario. So I hear. Rom. The very spice in them, Had they been shipwreck'd here upon our coast, Would have made all our sea a drench. Ario. All the sick horses in Italy Would have made all our sea a drench. Rom. You are conceited too. Ario. Come, come, come, You gave those ships most strange, most dreadful, Aud unfortunate names; I never look'd they'd prosper. Rom. Is there any ill omen in giving names to ships? Ario. Did you not call one The storm's defiance, Another The scourge of the sea, and the third The great leviathan? Rom. Very right, sir. Ario. Very devilish names All three of them; and surely I think They were curs'd in their very cradles,—I do mean, When they were upon their stocke. Rom. Come, you are superstitious: I'll give you my opinion, and 'tie serious: I am persuaded there came not cuckolds enow To the first launching of them, and 'twas that made them Thrive the worse for't. O, your cuckold's handsel Is pray'd for i'the city! Ario. I will hear no more. Give me thy hand : my intent of coming hither
I am horrible angry.	
In t,— It has made you angry : there's another lawyer's beard In your forehead; you do bristle. <i>Ario.</i> You are very conceited. ⁺ But, come, this is not the right way to cure you : I must talk to you like a divine. <i>Rom.</i> I have heard	Enter LEONORA. Leon. What a dismal noise yon bell makes! Sure, some great person's dead. Rom. No such matter; It is the common bell-man goes about To publish the sale of goods.
* Same III] The court of Leonora's house.	Leon. Why do they ring

* Scene III.] The court of Leonara's house. † conceited] i. e. disposed to jest, merry.

. .

* caracks] i. e. large ships of burden.

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attendant.

+ sod] The old copy "seed."

That, in your stead, they may keep chary Before my gate thus? Let them into the court:* Stock-fish or sea-coal; for the abuses I cannot understand what they say. Of sacrilege have turn'd graves to viler uses. Enter Two Bellmen and a Capuchin. How, then, can any monument say, Cap. For pity's sake, you that have tears to shed, Here rest these bones till the last day, Sigh a soft requiem, and let fall a bead When Time, swift both of foot and feather, For two unfortunate nobles, whose sad fate May bear them the sexton kens not whither? Leaves them both dead and excommunicate: What care I, then,* though my last sleep No churchman's prayer to comfort their last Be in the desert or in the deep, groans. No lamp nor taper, day and night, No sacred sod + of earth to hide their bones; To give my charnel chargeable light? But as their fury wrought them out of breath, I have there like quantity of ground, The canon speaks them guilty of their own death. And at the last day I shall be found.---Leon. What nohlemen, I pray, sir? Now, I pray, leave me. Cap. The Lord Ercole Cap. I am sorry for your losses. And the noble Contarino, both of them slain Rom. Um, sir, the more spacious that the In single combat. tennis-court is. Leon. O, I am lost for ever ! The more large is the hazard. Rom. Denied Christian burial! I pray, what I dare the spiteful Fortune do her worst; does that, I can now fear nothing. Or the dead lazy march in the funeral, Cap. O. sir, yet consider, Or the flattery in the epitaphs, which shows He that is without fear is without hope, More sluttish far than all the spiders' webs And sins from presumption : better thoughts Shall ever grow upon it; what do these attend you ! Add to our well-being after death ? [Exeunt Capuchin and Bellmen. Cap. Not a scruple. Rom. Poor Jolenta! should she hear of this, Rom. Very well, then : She would not, after the report, keep fresh I have a certain meditation, So long as flowers in graves. If I can think of ['t], somewhat to this purpose: Enter PROSPERO. I'll say it to you, while my mother there How now, Prospero ! Numbers her beads. Pros. Contarino has sent you here his will, You that dwell near these graves and vaults, Wherein 'a has made your sister his sole heir. Which oft do hide physicians' faults, Rom. Is he not dead? Note what a small room does suffice Pros. He's yet living. To express men's good : their vanities Rom. Living ! the worse luck. Would fill more volume in small hand Leon. The worse! I do protest it is the best Than all the evidence of church-land. That ever came to disturb my prayers. Funerals hide men in civil wearing. Rom. How ! And are to the drapers a good hearing, Leon. Yet I would have him live Make the heralds laugh in their black raiment, To satisfy public justice for the death And all die worthies die worth payment Of Ercole. O, go visit him, for heaven's sake ! To the altar offerings, though their fame. I have within my closet a choice relic, And all the charity of their name, Preservative 'gainst swooning, and some earth 'Tween heaven and this yield no more light Brought from the Holy Land, right sovereign Than rotten trees which shine i'the night. To stanch blood.-Has he skilful surgeons, think O, look the last act be the best i'the play, you? And then rest, gentle bones : yet pray, Pros. The best in Naples. That when by the precise you are view'd, Rom. How oft has he been dress'd? A supersedeas be not su'd, Pros. But once. To remove you to a place more airy, * What care I, then, &c.] Compare the splendid conclu-* Let them into the court] Here we are to suppose that

sion of Sir Thomas Brown's Urn-Burial ; "'Tis all ous to the court-gate is opened either by Romelie or by an lis in St. Innocent's Church-yard as in the sauds of Egypt; ready to be any thing in the sestasis of being over ; as content with six foot as the Molee of Adrianus."

SCENE IV.

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Leon. I have some skill this way:	Than forgo the compliment of a choleric man.
The second or third dressing will show clearly	I pray, continue the report of my death, and give
Whether there be hope of life. I pray, be near him,	out,
If there be any soul can bring me word,	'Cause the church denied ms Christian burial,
That there is hops of life.	The vice admiral of my galleys took my body,
Rom. Do you prize his life so?	With purpose to commit it to the earth,
Leon. That he may live, I mean,	Either iu Sicil or Malta.
• • •	
To come to his trial, to satisfy the law.	Cap. What aim you at
Rom. O, is't nothing else ?	By this rumour of your death?
Leon. I shall be the happiest woman !	Erc. There is hope of life
Excunt LEONORA and PROSPERO.	In Contarino; and he has my prayers
Rom. Here is cruelty apparelled in kindness!	That he may live to enjoy what is his own,
I am full of thoughts, strange ones, but they're no	The fair Jolenta : where,* should it be thought
good ones.	That I were breathing, happily her friends
I must visit Contarino; upon that	Would oppose it still.
Depends an engine shall weigh up my losses,	Cap. But if you be suppos'd dead,
Were they sunk as low as hell: yet let me think,	The law will strictly prosecute his life
How I am impair'd in an hour, and the cause of't,	For your murder.
Lost in security: O, how this wicked world	Erc. That's prevented thus.
bewitches,	There does belong a noble privilege
Especially made insolent with riches!	To all his family, ever since his father
So sails with fore-winds stretch'd do soonest break,	Bore from the worthy emperor Charles the Fifth
And pyramids a'the top are still most weak. [Exit.	An answer to the Freuch king's challenge, at such
r,	time
	'The two noble princes were engag'd to fight
	Upon a frontier arm o'the sea, in a flat-bottom'd
SCENE IV.*	beat,
Enter Capuchin, and ERCOLE led between two.	That if any of his family should chance
Cap. Look up, sir :	To kill a man i'the field in a noble cause,
You are preserv'd beyond natural reason;	He should have his parden : now, sir, for his cause,
You were brought dead out o'the field, the	The world may judge if it were not honest.
surgeons	Pray, help me in speech; 'tis very painful to me.
Ready to have embalm'd you.	Cap. Sir, I shall.
Erc. I do look	Erc. The guilt of this lies in Romelio;
On my action with a thought of terror:	And, as I hear, to second this good contract,
To do ill and dwell in't is unmanly.	He has got a nun with child.
Cap. You are divinely inform'd, sir.	Cap. These are crimes
Erc. I fought for one in whom I have no more	That either must make work for speedy repentance
right	Or for the devil.
Than false executors have in orphans' goods	Erc. I have much compassion on him;
They cozen them of: yet though my cause were	For sin and shame are ever tied together
naught,	With gordian knots, of such a strong thread spun,
I rather chose the hazard of my soul,	They cannot without violence be undone. [Excunt.

* Scene IV.] A room in the monastery of Saint Sebastian.

* where] i. e. whereas.

ACT III.

SCENE I.*

Enter ARIOSTO and CRISPIANO.

Ari. Well, sir, now I must claim Your promise, to reveal to me the cause Why you live thus clouded.

Cris. Sir, the King of Spain

Suspects that your Romelio here, the merchant, Has discover'd some gold-mine to his own use, In the West Indies, and for that employs me To discover in what part of Christendom He vents this treasure : hesides, he is inform'd What mad tricks have been play'd of late by ladies. Ari. Most true; and I am glad the king has heard on't: Why, they use their lords as if they were their wards: And as your Dutchwomen in the Low-Countries Take all and pay all, and do keep their husbande So silly all their lives of their own estates, That, when they are sick and come to make their will, They know not precisely what to give away From their wives, because they know not what they are worth; So here should I repeat what factione, What hat-fowling for offices, As you must conceive their game is all i'the night, What calling in question one another's houesties, Withal what sway they hear i'the viceroy's court, You'd wonder at it :

'Twill do well shortly, can we keep them off From being of our council of war.

Cris. Well, I have vow'd

That I will never sit upon the bench more, Unless it he to curb the insolencies Of these women.

Ari. Well, take it on my word, then, Your place will not long he empty. [Excunt.

SCENE II.

Enter ROMELIO in the habit of a Jew. Rom. Excellently well habited ! why, methinks

That I could play with mine own shadow now,

* Scene I.] A room in the house of Ariosto.

† Scene II.] A street. Before the lodging of Contarino.

And be a rare Italianated Jew; To have as many several change of faces As I have seen carv'd upon one cherry-stone; To wind about a man like rotten ivy, Eat into him like quicksilver; poison a friend With pulling but a loose hair from's heard, or give a drench, He should linger of't nine years, and ne'er complain But in the spring and fall, and so the cause Imputed to the disease natural: for slight villanies, As to coin money, corrupt ladies' honours, Betray a town to the Turk, or make a bonfire O'the Christian navy, I could settle to't, As if I had eat a politician, And digested * him to nothing hut pure blood. But stay, I lose myself: this is the house.-Within there !

Enter Two Surgeons

First Sur. Now, sir? Rom. You are the meu of art that, as I hear, Have the Lord Contarino under cure. Second Sur. Yes, sir, we are his surgeons; But he is past all cure. Rom. Why, is he dead ? First Sur. He is speechless, sir, and we do find his wound So fester'd near the vitals, all our art, By warm drinks, cannot clear th' imposthumation; And he's so weak, to make [incision]+ By the orifix were present death to him. Rom. He has made a will, I hear. First Sur. Yes, sir. Rom. And deputed Jolenta his heir. Second Sur. He has; we are witness to't. Rom. Has not Romelio heen with you yet, To give you thanks and ample recompense For the pains you have ta'en? First Sur. Not yet. Rom. Listen to me, gentlemen, for I protest. If you will seriously mind your own good, I am come about a business shall convey Large legacies from Contarino's will To both of you.

* digested] The old copy "disgested" (a spelling common in early writers).

† incision] A word has here dropt out from the old copy.

ACT III.

Second Sur. How, sir ! why, Romelio has the will,	To make a new will ! there is some trick in't. I'll be near you, Jew. [Exeunt Surgeons.
And in that he has given us nothing.	Rom. Excellent, as I would wish: these credu-
Rom. I pray, attend me : I am a physician.	lous fools
Second Sur. A physician! where do you practise? Rom. In Rome.	Have given me freely what I would have bought With a great deal of money.—Softly! here's
	breath yet.
First Sur. O, then you have store of patients. Rom. Store! why, look you, I can kill my	Now, Ercole, for part of the revenge Which I have vow'd for thy untimely death !
twenty a month And work but i'the forenoons: you will give me leave	Besides this politic working of my own, That scorns precedent, why should this great man live,
To jest and be merry with you. But as I said,	And not enjoy my sister, as I have vow'd
All my study has been physic: I am sent	
From a noble Roman that is near akin	He never shall? O, he may alter's will
	Every new moon, if he please: to prevent which,
To Contarino, and that ought indeed,	I must put in a strong caveat. Come forth, then,
By the law of alliance, be his only heir,	My desperate stiletto, that may be worn
To practise his good and yours.	In a woman's hair, and ne'er discover'd,
Both Sur. How, I pray, sir?	And either would be taken for a bodkin,
Rom. I can by an extraction which I have,	Or a curling-iron at most : why, 'tis an engine
Though he were speechless, his eyes set in's head, His pulses without motion, restore to him,	That's only fit to put in execution Barmotho pigs;* a most unmanly weapon,
For half an hour's space, the use of sense,	That steals into a man's life he knows not how.
And perhaps a little speech : having done this,	O, [that] great Cæsar, he that pass'd the shock
If we can work him, as no doubt we shall,	Of so many armed pikes, and poison'd darts,
To make another will, and therein assign	Swords, slings, and battleaxes, should at length,
This gentleman his heir, I will assure you,	Sitting at ease on a cushiou, come to dio
Fore I depart this house, ten thousand ducats;	By such a shoe-maker's awl as this, his soul let
And then we'll pull the pillow from his head,	forth
And let him e'en go whither the religion sends him	At a hole no bigger than the incision
That he died in.	Made for a wheal ! Ud's foot, I am horribly angry
First Sur. Will you give's ten thousand ducats?	That he should die so scurvily: yet wherefore
Rom. Upon my Jewism.	Do I condemn thes thereof so cruelly,
Second Sur. Tis a bargain, sir, we are yours.	Yet shake him by the hand? 'tis to express,
[Contarino in a bed.*	That I would never have such weapons us'd
Here is the subject you must work on.	But in a plot like this, that's treacherous.
Rom. Well said, you are honest men,	Yet this shall prove most merciful to thee,
And go to the business roundly : but, gentlemen,	For it shall preserve thee
I must use my art singly.	From dying on a public scaffold, and withal
First Sur. O, sir, you shall have all privacy. Rom. And the doors lock'd to me.	Bring thee an absolute cure, thus. [Stabs him. So, 'tis done :
Second Sur. At your best pleasure	And now for my escape.
Yet for all this, I will not trust this Jew.	
First Sur. Faith, to say truth,	Re-enter Surgeons.
I do not like him neither; he looks like a rogue.	First Sur. You rogue mountebank,
This is a fine toy, fetch a man to life,	
* Contarino in a bed] Here the audience were to imagine a change of scene,—to the hed-chamber of the	* Barmotho pigs] i. e. pigs of the Bermudas, or (as the word was also written,see p. 79) Bermoothes. "Tis the land of peace,
weunded Contarino. Either, a traverse (or curtain) being drawn hack, Contarino was discevered lying on a	Where hogs and tobacco yield fair increase.
hed or else a bed, containing Contarino, was thrust	I am for the Bermudas."
upen the stage.—In Heywood's If you know not me, you know nobody, we find "Enter Elizabeth in her bed," Sig. A 4, ed. 1623; and similar stage-directions occur in various	Middleton's Any Thing for a Quit Life, Works, iv. 499, ed. Dycs. In Odcomb's Complaint by Taylor, the water- poet, is an "Epitaph in the Barmooda tongue, which must
other old plays.	be pronounced with the accent of the grunting of a hogge."

I will try whether your inwards can endure To be wash'd in scalding lead. Rom. Hold ! I turn Christian. Second Sur. Nay, prithee, be a Jew still; I would not have a Christian be guilty Of such a villanous act as this is. Rom. I am Romelio the merchant. First Sur. Romelio ! you have prov'd yourself A cunning merchant indeed. Rom. You may read why I came hither. Second Sur. Yes, in a bloody Roman letter. Rom. I did hate this man; each minute of his hreath Was torture to me. First Sur. Had you forborne this act, he had not livd This two hours. Rom. But he had died then, And my revenge unsatisfied. Here's gold : Never did wealthy man purchase the silence Of a terrible scolding wife at a dearer rate Than I will pay for yours: here's your earnest In a bag of double ducats. Second Sur. Why, look you, sir, as I do weigh this business. This cannot be counted murder in you by no meaus. Why, 'tis no more than should I go and choke An Irishman, that were three quarters drown'd, With pouring usquebaugh in's throat. Rom. You will be secret ? First Sur. As your soul. Rom. The West Indies shall sooner want gold thau you, then. Second Sur. That protestation has the music of the mint in't. Rom. [aside.] How unfortunately was I surpris'd! I have made myself a slave perpetually Exit. To these two beggars. First Sur. Excellent ! by this act he has made his estate ours. Second Sur. I'll presently grow a lazy surgeon, and ride on my foot-cloth.* I'll fetch from him every eight days a policy for a hundred double ducats : if he grumble, I'll peach. First Sur. But let's take heed he do not poison us. Second Sur. O, I will never eat nor drink with him, Without unicorn's horn in a hollow tooth. Con. 0 ! First Sur. Did he not groan ? * foot-cloth] See note *, p. 7.

Second Sur. Is the wind in that door still? First Sur. Ha ! come hither, note a strange accident: His steel has lighted in the former wound, And made free passage for the congeal'd blood : Observe in what abundance it delivers The putrefaction. Second Sur. Methinks he fetches His breath very lively. First Sur. The hand of heaven is in't, That his intent to kill him should become The very direct way to save his life. Second Sur. Why, this is like one I have heard of in England, Was cur'd o'the gout by being rack'd i'the Tower. Well, if we can recover him, here's reward On both sides : howsoever we must be secret. First Sur. We are tied to't : When we cure gentlemen of foul diseases, They give us so much for the cure, and twice as much. That we do not blab on't. Come, let's to work roundly: Heat the lotion, and bring the searing. [Excunt. SCENE III.*-A table set forth with two tapers, a death's-head, a book. JOLENTA in mourning. ROMELIO sits by her. Rom. Why do you grieve thus? take a lookingglass. And see if this sorrow become you : that pale face Will make men think you us'd some art before, Some odious painting. Contarino's dead. Jol. O, that he should die so soon ! Rom. Why, I pray, tell me, Is not the shortest fever the best? and are not bad plays The worse for their length ? Jol. Add not to the ill you've done An odious slander : he stuck i'the eyes o'the court As the most choice jewel thers. Rom. O, be not angry: Indeed, the court to well-composed nature Adds much to perfection; for it is, or should be, As a bright crystal mirror to the world To dress itself: but I must tell you, sister, If the excellency of the place could have Wrought salvation, the devil had ne'er fall'n From heaven : he was proud.-Leave us, leave us?

Come, take your seat again : I have a plot,

* Scene III.] A room in the house of Leonora.

If you will listen to it seriously, That goes beyond example; it shall breed, Out of the death of these two noblemen, The advancement of our house. Jol. O, take heed : A grave is a rotten foundation. Rom. Nay, nay, hear me. 'Tis somewhat indirectly, I coufess; But there is much advaucement in the world That comes in indirectly. I pray, mind me. You are already made by absolute will Contarino's heir: now, if it can he prov'd That you have issue hy Lord Ercole, I will make you inherit his land too. Jol. How's this ? Issue by him, he dead, and I a virgin ! Rom. I knew* you would wonder how it could be done; But I have laid the case so radically, Not all the lawyers in Christendom Shall find any the least flaw in't. I have a mistress Of the order of Saint Clare, a beauteous nun, Who, being cloister'd ere she knew the heat Her blood would arrive to, had only time enough To repent, and idleness sufficient To fall in love with me; and to be short, I have so much disorder'd the holy order, I have got this nun with child. Jol. Excellent work Made for a dumb mid-wife ! Rom. I am glad you grow thus pleasant. Now will I have you presently give out That you are full two months quicken'd with child By Ercole; which rumour can beget No scandal to you, since we will affirm The precontract was so exactly done By the same words us'd in the form of marriage, That with a little dispensation, A money matter, it shall be register'd Absolute matrimony. Jol. So, then, I conceive you; My conceiv'd child must prove your bastard. Rom. Right; For at such time my mistress falls in labour. You must feign the like. Jol. 'Tis a pretty feat this; But I am not capable of it. Rom. Not capable ! Jol. No, for the thing you would have me counterfeit Is most essentially put in practice, nay, 'tis done ; I am with child already. * knew] The old copies "know."

Rom. Ha! by whom ? Jol. By Contarino : do not knit the brow ; The precontract shall justify it, it shall; Nay, I will get some singular fine churchman, Or though he he a plural one, shall affirm He coupled us together. Rom. O, misfortune ! Your child must, then, be reputed Ercole's. Jol. Your hopes are dash'd, then, since your votary's issue Must not inherit the land. Rom. No matter for that, So I preserve her fame. I am strangely puzzled. Why, suppose that she he brought a-bed hefore you, And we conceal her issue till the time Of your delivery, and then give out That you have two at a hirth; ha, were't not excellent? Jol. And what resemblance think you would they have To one another ? twins are still alike : But this is not your aim; you would have your child Inherit Ercole's land. O my sad soul ! Have you not made me yet wretched enough, But after all this frosty age in youth, Which you have witch'd upon me, you will seek To poison my fame? Rom. That's done already. Jol. No, sir, I did but feign it, To a fatal purpose, as I thought. Rom. What purpose? Jol. If you had lov'd or tender'd my dear honour, You would have lock'd your poniard in my heart, When I nam'd I was with child : but I must live To linger out till the consumption Of my own sorrow kill me. Rom. [aside] This will not do. The devil has on the sudden furnish'd me With a rare charm, yet a most unnatural Falsehood : no matter, so 'twill take.-Stay, sister, I would utter to you a husiness, But I am very loth; a thing, indeed, Nature would have compassionately conceal'd Till my mother's eyes be clos'd. Jol. Pray, what's that, sir? Rom. You did observe With what a dear regard our mother tender'd The Lord Contarino, yet how passionately She sought to cross the match: why, this was merely To blind the eye o'the world; for she did know That you would marry him, and he was capable.

My mother doted upon him; and it was plotted Cunningly between them, after you were married, Living all three together in one house,— A thing I cannot whisper without horror:	Turn my blood so much as this: here's such a conflict Between apparent presumption and unbelief, That I shall die in't.
Why, the malice scarce of devils would suggest	O, if there be another world i'the moon,
65	As some fantastics dream,* I could wish all men,
Incontinence 'tween them two.	The whole race of them, for their inconstancy,
Jol. I remember, since his hurt, She has been very passionately inquiring	Sent thither to people that ! Why, I protest,
After his health.	I now affect the Lord Ercole's memory
Rom. Upon my soul, this jewel,	Better than the other's.
With a piece of the holy cross in't, this relic,	Rom. But, were Contarino living ?
Valu'd at many thousand crowns, she would have	Jol. I do call any thing to witness,
sent him	That the divine law prescrib'd us+
Lying upon his death-bed.	To strengthen an oath, were he living and in
Jol. Professing, as you say,	health,
Love to my mother, wherefore did he make Me his heir ?	I would never marry with him. Nay, since I have found the world
Rom. His will was made afore he went to fight,	So false to me, I'll be as false to it;
When he was first a suitor to you.	I will mother this child for you.
Jol. To fight! O, well remember'd:	Rom. Ha!
If he lov'd my mother, wherefore did he lose	Jol. Most certainly it will beguile part of my
His life in my quarrel?	SOITOW.
<i>Rom.</i> For the affront sake; a word you under- stand not;	Rom. O, most assuredly; make you smile to think,
Because Ercole was pretended rival to him,	How many times i'the world lordships descend
To clear your suspicion; I was gull'd in't too:	To divers men, that might, an truth were known,
Should he not have fought upon't, he had under-	Be heir, for any thing belongs to the flesh,
gone	As well to the Turk's richest eunuch.
The censure of a coward.	Jol. But do you not think
Jol. How came you by	I shall have a horrible strong breath now?
This wretched knowledge?	Rom. Why?
<i>Rom.</i> His surgeons * overheard it, As he did sigh it out to his confessor,	Jol. O, with keeping your counsel, 'tis so terrible foul.
Some half hour fore he died.	
Jol. I would have the surgeons hang'd	Rom. Come, come, come, you must leave these bitter flashes.
For abusing confession, and for making me	Jol. Must I dissemble dishonesty? you have
So wretched by the report. Can this be truth?	divers
Rom. No, but direct falsehood,	Counterfeit honesty; but I hope here's none
As ever was banish'd the court. Did you ever hear	Will take exceptions I now must practise
Of a mother that has kept her daughter's husband	The art of a great-bellied woman, and go feign
For her own tooth? He fancied you in one kiud,	Their qualms and swoonings.
For his lust, and he lov'd	Rom. Eat unripe fruit and oatmeal,
Our mother in another kind, for her money,—	To take away your colour.
The gallant's fashion right. But, come, ne'er	Jol. Dine in my bed
think on't,	Some two hours after noon.
Throw the fowl to the devil that hatch'd it, and	Rom. And when you are up,
let this Bury all ill that's in't,—she is our mother.	Make to your petticoat a quilted preface, To advance your belly.
Jol. I never did find any thing i'the world	
* surgeons] Here, and the next speech, the old copy	* 0, if there be another world i'the moon.
has "Surgeon"; and further ou in this scene it has,- "in the absence of his Surgeon,	As some fantastics dream] Compare Milton; "Not in the neighbouring moon, as some have dream'd."
My charitie did that for him in a trice, They would have done at leasure," &c. (Compare the preceding scene.)	Par. Lost, Book iii. v. 459. † That the divine law prescrib'd us] Qy. "That the divine law has prescrib'd to us" (or "has prescribed us")?

SCENE III.

Jol. I have a strange conceit now. I have known some women, when they were with child, Have long'd to beat their husbands : what if I, To keep decorum, exercise my longing Upon my tailor that way, and noddle him soundly? He'll make the larger bill for't. Rom. I'll get one Shall be as tractable to't as stockfish. Jol. O my fantastical sorrow! cannot I now Be miserable enough, unless I wear A pied fool's coat? nay, worse; for when our passions Such giddy and uncertain changes breed, We are never well till we are mad indeed. [Exit. Rom. So, nothing in the world could have done this. But to beget in her a strong distaste Of the Lord Contarino. O jealousy, How violent, especially in women ! How often has it rais'd the devil up In form of a law-case! My especial care Must be, to nourish craftily this fiend 'Tween the mother and the daughter, that the deceit Be not perceiv'd. My next task, that my sister, After this suppos'd child-birth, he persuaded To enter into religion : 'tis concluded She must never marry; so I am left guardian To her estate. And lastly, that my two surgeons Be wag'd to the East Indies: let them prate When they are beyond the line; the calenture, Or the scurvy, or the Indian pox, I hope, Will take order for their coming hack .-O, here's my mother. Enter LEONORA. I ha' strange news for you; My sister is with child. Leon. I do look now for some great misfortunes To follow; for, indeed, mischiefs Are like the visits of Franciscan friare,---They never come to prey upon us single. In what estate left you Contarino? Rom. Strange that you can skip From the former sorrow to such a question ! I'll tell you: in the absence of his surgeons,* My charity did that for him in a trice They would have done at leisure and been paid for't; I have kill'd him. Leon. I am twenty years elder

Since you last open'd your lips.

* surgeons] The old copy "Surgeon."

Rom. Ha! Leon. You have given him the wound you speak of Quite thorough your mother's heart. Rom. I will heal it presently, mother; for this sorrow Belonge to your error : you would have him live Because you think he's father of the child; But Jolenta vows by all the rights of truth, 'Tis Ercole's. It makes me smile to think How cunningly my sister could be drawn To the contract, and yet how familiarly To his hed : doves never couple without A kind of murmur. Leon. O. I am very sick ! Rom. Your old disease; when you are griev'd, You are troubled with the mother.* Leon. I am rapt with the mother indeed, That I ever hore such a son. Rom. Pray, tend my sister; I am infinitely full of business. Leon. Stay; you will mourn for Contarino? Rom. O, by all means : 'tis fit; my sister is his Exit. heir. Leon. I will make you chief mourner, helieve it. Never was woe like mine. O, that my care, And absolute study to preserve his life, Should be his absolute ruin! Is he gone, then? There is no plague i'the world can be compar'd To impossible desire; for they are plagu'd In the desire itself. Never, O, never Shall I behold him living, in whose life I liv'd far sweetlier than in mine own ! A precise curiosity + has undone me: why did I not Make my love known directly? 'thad not been Beyond example, for a matron To affect i'the honourable way of marriage So youthful a person. O, I shall run mad ! For as we love our youngest children best, So the last fruit of our affection, Wherever we hestow it, is most strong, Most violent, most unresistible, Since 'tis indeed our latest harvest-home, Last merriment fore winter ; and we widows, As men report of our hest picture-makers, We love the piece we are in hand with better Than all the excellent work we have done before. And my son has depriv'd me of all this ! ha, my sou! I'll be a Fury to him : like an Amazon lady,

I'd cut off this right pap that gave him suck,

* the mother] See note +, p. 68.

+ curiosity] i. e. niconess, scrupulousness.

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And ended that which Ercole began To shoot him dead : I'll no more tender him Than had a wolf stol'n to my teat i'the night, By a deadly stab in's heart. Erco. [aside] Alas, she mistakes! And robb'd me of my milk; nay, such a creature 'Tis Contarino she wishes living: but I must fasten I should love better far.—Ha, ha! what say you ? On her last words, for my own safety. I do talk to somewhat, methinks; it may be Leon. Where, O, where shall I meet this comfort? My evil Genius. Do not the bells ring? Erco. [coming forward] Here in the vowed I have a strange noise in my head: O, fly in pieces! comfort of your daughter. Come, age, and wither me into the malice Leon. O, I am dead again ! instead of the man, Of those that have been happy! let me have You present me the grave swallow'd him. One property more than the devil of hell, Erco. Collect yourself, good lady. Let me envy the pleasure of youth heartily : Would you behold brave Contarino living, Let me in this life fear no kind of ill, That have no good to hope for : let me die There cannot be a nobler chronicle Of his good than myself: if you would view him In the distraction of that worthy princess Who loathed food,* and sleep, and ceremony, dead. For thought of losing that brave gentleman I will present him to you bleeding fresh She would fain have sav'd, had not a false convey-In my penitency. Leon. Sir, you do only live Express'd him stubborn-hearted : let me sink To redeem another ill you have committed, That my poor innocent daughter perish not, Where neither man nor memory may e'er find me. [Falls down. By your vile sin, whom you have got with child. Erco. Here begin all my compassion. O poor Enter Capuchin and ERCOLE. soul 1 Cap. This is a private way which I command She is with child by Contarino; and he dead. As her confessor. I would not have you seen yet, By whom should she preserve her fame to the Till I prepare her [ERCOLE retires]-Peace to you, world lady ! But by myself that lov'd her 'bove the world? Leon. Ha! There never was a way more honourable Cap. You are well employ'd, I hope: the best To exercise my virtue, than to father it. pillow i'the world And preserve her credit, and to marry her. For this your contemplation is the earth, I'll suppose her Contarino's widow, bequeath'd And the best object heaven. Leon. I am whispering to a dead friend. to me Upon his death ; for, sure, she was his wife. Cap. And I am come But that the ceremony o'the church was wanting. To bring you tidings of a friend was dead Report this to her, madam, and withal. Restor'd to life again. That never father did conceive more joy Leon. Say, sir. For the birth of an heir, than I to understand Cap. One whom, She had such confidence in me. I will not now I dare presume, next to your children, You tender'd above life. Press a visit upon her, till you have prepar'd her: For I do read in your distraction, Leon. Heaven will not suffer me Should I he brought o'the sudden to her presence, Utterly to be lost. Either the hasty fright, or else the shame, Cap. For he should have been May blast the fruit within her. I will leave you Your son-in-law,-miraculously sav'd To commend as loyal faith and service to her When surgery gave him o'er. As e'er heart harbour'd : by my hope of bliss, Leon. O, may you live I never liv'd to do good act but this. To win many souls to heaven, worthy sir, Cap. [aside to ERCO.] Withal, an you be wise. That your crown may be the greater! Why, my son Remember what the mother has reveal'd Made me believe he stole into his chamber, Of Romelio's treachery. Exeunt ERCOLE and Capuchin. * In the distraction of that worthy princess Who loathed food, &c.] Here, I think, there is a Leon. A most noble fellow ! in his loyalty manifest allusion to the closing scene of Queen Eliza-I read what worthy comforts I have lost

In my dear Contarino; and all adds

To my despair .-- Within there!

beth's life, and to what Mr. Lodge calls "the well-

known, but weakly authenticated tale of the Countess of

Nottingham and the ring."

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Enter WINIFRED.	Win. But think not, mistress,
Fetch the picture	That any sin which ever I committed
Hangs in my inner closet. [Exit WINIFRED.]	Did concern you; for proving false in one thing,
I remember	You were a fool if ever you would trust me
I let a word slip of Romelio's practice *	In the least matter of weight.
At the surgeons'; no matter, I can salve it:	Leon. Thou hast liv'd with me
I have deeper vengeance that's preparing for him;	These forty years; we have grown old together,
To let him live and kill him, that's revenge	As many ladies and their women do,
I meditate upon.	With talking nothing and with doing less;
Re-enter WINIFRED with the Picture.	We have spent our life in that which least con-
So, hang it up.	cerns life,
I was enjoin'd by the party ought that picture,	Only in putting on our clothes: and now I think
Forty years since, ever when I was vex'd,	on't,
To look upon that : what was his meaning in't	I have been a very courtly mistress to thee,—
I know not, but methinks upon the sudden	I have given thee good words, but no deeds:
It has furnish'd me with mischief, such a plot	now's the time
As never mother dream'd of. Here begins	To requite all : my son has six lordships left him.
My part i'the play : my son's estate is sunk	Win. 'Tis truth.
By loss at sea, and he has nothing left	Leon. But he cannot live four days to enjoy them.
But the land his father left him. 'Tis concluded,	Win. Have you poison'd him?
The law shall undo him.—Come hither :	Leon. No, the poison is yet but brewing.
I have a weighty secret to impart;	Win. You must minister it to him with all
But I would have thee first confirm to me,	privacy.
How I may trust that thou canst keep my counsel	Leon. Privacy ! It shall be given him
Beyond death.	In open court; I'll make him swallow it
Win. Why, mistress, 'tis your only way,	Before the judge's face: if he be master
To enjoin me first that I reveal to you	Of poor ten arpines * of land forty hours longer,
The worst act I e'er did in all my life;	Let the world repute me an honest woman.
So one secret shall bind one another.	Win. So 'twill, I hope.
Leon. Thou instruct'st me	Leon. O, thou canst not conceive
Most ingenuously ;† for, indeed, it is not fit,	My unimitable plot ! Let's to my ghostly father;
Where any act is plotted that is naught,	Where first I will have thee make a promise
Any of counsel to it should be good;	To keep my counsel, and then I will employ thee
And in a thousand ills have happ'd i'the world,	In such a subtle combination,
The intelligence of one another's shame	Which will require, to make the practice fit,
Have wrought far more effectually than the tie	Four devils, five advocates, to one woman's wit.
Of conscience or religion.	[Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE L‡

Enter, at one door, LEONOBA, SANITONELLA, WINIFRED, and Register; at the other, ABIOSTO.

San. Take her into your office, sir ; she has that In her belly will dry up your ink, I can tell you.—

SCENE I.

† ingenuously] See note †, p. 26.

t Scene I.] A room, it would appear, in the house of Ariosto: but, on his exit, p. 130, a change of scene scens to be *supposed*,—to the house of Contilupo. (Qy, might this scene be marked as taking place in one of the This is the man that is your learned counsel, A fellow that will troll it off with tougue: He never goes without restorative powder Of the lungs of fox in's pocket, and Malaga raisins, To make him long-winded. — Sir, this gentlewoman

Entreats your counsel in an honest cause,

halls surrounding the Hall of Justice in the ancient palace of the Vicaria? See Naples, Political, Social, and Religious, By Lord B ** ** *, 1856, vol. ii. 27-8). * arpines [Fr. arpent, an acre.

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^{*} practice] See note *, p. 117.

Which, please you, sir, this brief, my own poor Leon. Sir, you do forget your gravity, methinks. labour. Ario. Cry ye mercy, do I so? Will give you light of. And, as I take it, you do very little remember Gives the brief. Ario. Do you call this a brief? Either womanhood or Christianity. Why do ye Here's, as I weigh them, some four-score sheets of meddle paper: With that seducing knave, that's good for naught, What would they weigh, if there were cheese Unless't be to fill the office full of fleas, wrapt in them. Or a winter-itch; wears that spacious ink-horn Or fig-dates ? All a vacation only to cure tetters, San. Joy come to you, you are merry: And his penknife to weed corns from the splay We call this but a brief in our office: toes The scope of the business lies i'the margent. Of the right worshipful of the office ? Ario. Methinks you prate too much : Leon. You make bold with me, sir. I never could endure an honest cause Ario. Woman, you're mad, I'll swear't, and With a long prologue to't. have more need Leon. You trouble him. Of a physician than a lawyer. Ario. What's here? O strange? I have liv'd this The melancholy humour flows in your face; sixty years, Your painting cannot hide it. Such vile suits Yet in all my practice never did shake hands Disgrace our courts, and these make honest With a cause so odious .- Sirrah, are you her lawyers knave? Stop their own ears whilst they plead; and that's San. No, sir, I am a clerk. the reason Ario. Why, you whoreson fogging rascal, Your younger men, that have good conscience, Are there not whores enow for presentations Wear such large night-caps. Go, old woman, Of overseers wrong the will o'the dead, go pray Oppressions of widows or young orphans, For lunacy, or else the devil himself Wicked divorces, or your vicious cause Has ta'en possession of thee. May like cause Of Plus quam satis to content a woman, In any Christian court never find name ! But you must find new stratagems, new purse-Bad suits, and not the law, bred the law's shame. nets? ---* Exit. O women, as the ballad lives to tell you. Leon. Sure, the old man's frantic. What will you shortly come to ! San. Plague on's gouty fingers ! San. Your fee is ready, sir. Were all of his mind, to entertain no suits Ario. The devil take such fees. But such they thought were honest, sure our And all such suits i'the tail of them !- See, the slave lawyers Has writ false Latin !- Sirrah ignoramus. Would not purchase * half so fast. Were you ever at the university ? San. Never, sir : Enter CONTILUPO, a spruce lawyer. But 'tis well known to divers I have commenc'd But here's the man, In a pew of our office. Learn'd Signior Contilupo; here's a fellow Ario. Where? in a pew of your office ! Of another piece, believe't. -I must make shift San. I have been dry-founder'd in't this four With the foul copy. years, Contil. Business to me ? San. To you, sir, from this lady. Scldom found non-resident from my desk. Ario. Non-resident, sub-summer ! Contil. She is welcome. I'll tear your libel for abusing that word, San. 'Tis a foul copy, sir, you'll hardly read it : By virtue of the clergy. There's twenty double-ducats,-can you read, sir ? [Tears the brief. San. What do you mean, sir? Contil. Exceeding well, very, very exceed-It cost me four nights' labour. ing well. Ario. Hadst thou been drunk so long, San. [aside]. This man will be sav'd, he can Thou'dst done our court better service. read : Lord, Lord, To see what money can do ! be the hand ne'er so foul, Somewhat will be pick'd out on't. * purse-nets] i. e. nets, the months of which are drawn together by a string.

THE DEVIL'S LAW-CASE.

ACT IV.

* purchase] i. e. acquire wealth : see note t, p. 74.

Contil. Is not this vivere honeste ? San. No, that's struck out, sir ; And wherever you find vivere honeste in these papers, Give it a dash, sir. Contil. I shall be mindful of it. In troth, you write a pretty secretary : Your secretary-hand ever takes best, In mine opinion. San. Sir, I have been in France, And there, believe't, your court-hand generally Takes beyond thought. Contil. Even as a man is traded in't. San. [aside]. That I could not think of this virtuous gentleman Before I went to the other hog-rubber ! * Why, this was wont to give young clerks half To help him to clients. - Your opinion in the case, sir ? Contil. I am struck with wonder, almost ecstasi'd, With this most goodly suit. Leo. It is the fruit Of a most hearty penitence. Contil. 'Tis a case Shall leave a precedent to all the world, In our succeeding anuale, and deserves Rather a spacious public theatre Then a pent court for audience : it shall teach All ladies the right path to rectify Their issue. San. Lo, you, here's a man of comfort ! Contil. And you shall go unto a peaceful grave. Discharg'd of such a guilt as would have lain Howling for ever at your wounded heart, And rose with you to judgment. San. O, give me such a lawyer as will think Of the day of judgment ! Leon. You must urge the business Against him as spitefully as may be. Contil. Doubt not .-- What, is he summon'd ? San. Yes, and the court will sit within this half hour : Peruse your notes; you have very short warning. Contil. Never fear you that .--Follow me, worthy lady, and make account This suit is ended already. Excunt.

SCENE II.* Enter Officers, preparing seats for the Judges; to them ERCOLE muffled. First Off. You would have a private seat, sir ? Erc. Yes, sir. Second Off. Here's a closet belongs to the court Where you may hear all unseen. Erc. I thank you : there's money. Second Off. I give you your thanks again, sir. [ERCOLE goes into the closet. Enter CONTARINO and the Two Surgeons, disguised. Con. Is't possible Romelio's persuaded You are gone to the East Indies ? First Sur. Most confidently. Con. But do you mean to go? Second Sur. How ! go to the East Indies ! and so many Hollanders gone to fetch sauce for their pickled herrings ! some have been peppered there too lately.+ But, I pray, being thus well recovered of your wounds, why do you not reveal yourself? Con. That my fair Jolenta should be rumour'd To be with child by noble Ercole, Makes me expect to what a violent issue These passages will come. I hear her brother Is marrying the infant she goes with, Fore it be born; as, if it be a daughter, To the Duke of Austria's nephew,---if a son, Into the noble ancient family Of the Palavafini.[‡] He's a subtle devil; And I do wonder what strange suit in law Has happ'd between him and's mother. First Sur. 'Tis whisper'd 'mong the lawyers, 'Twill undo him for ever. Enter SANITONELLA and WINIFRED. San. Do you hear, officers?

You must take special care that you let in

No brachygraphy-men § to take notes.

First Off. No, sir ?

San. By no means:

We cannot have a cause of any fame,

But you must have scurvy pamphlets and lewd ballads

* Scene II.] A court of justice.

t some have been peppered there too lately] Webster alludes to the massacre of the English by the Dutch at Amboyua, in February, 1622. The *True Relation* of the atrocity has been several times reprinted. Dryden wrote an execrable play on the subject.

‡ Palavafini] Qy. "Pallavicini."

§ brachygraphy men] i. e. short-haud writers :-- no great favourites of our old dramatiets, who had sometimes to complain of their plays being printed without their cousent, in a mutilated state, from copies taken down by brachygraphy during the representation.

^{*} hog-rubber] Not a "dictionary word;" but old Burton uses it; "The very rusticks and hog-rubbers, Menalcas and Coridon, &c." Anat. of Melancholy, p. 540, cd. 1660.

Engender'd of it presently Have you broke	The counsel of the adverse party furnish'd
fast yet?	With full instruction.
Win. Not I, sir.	Rom. Pray, my lord, who is my accuser?
San. 'Twas very ill done of you,	Cris. 'Tis your mother.
For this cause will be long a-pleading; but no* matter,	Rom. [aside]. She has discover'd Contarino's murder:
I have a modicum in my buckram bag	If she prove so unnatural to call
To stop your stomach.	My life in question, I am arm'd to suffer
Win. What is't? green ginger?	This to end all my losses.
San. Green ginger, nor pellitory of Spain	Cris. Sir, we will do you
Neither; yet 'twill stop a hollow tooth better	This favour, you shall hear the accusation;
Than either of them.	Which being known, we will adjourn the court
Win. Pray, what is't?	Till a fortnight hence: you may provide your
San. Look you,	counsel.
It is a very lovely pudding-pie,	Ario. I advise you take their proffer,
Which we clerks find great relief in.	Or else the lunacy runs in a blood;
Win. I shall have no stomach.	You are more mad than she.
San. No matter an you have not; I may plea-	Rom. What are you, sir?
sure	Ario. An angry fellow that would do thee good,
Some of our learned counsel with't : I have done it	For goodness' sake itself, I do protest,
Many a time and often, when a cause	Neither for love nor money.
Has prov'd like an after-game at Irish.+	Rom. Prithee, stand further, I shall gall your gout else.
Enter, at one bar, CRISPIANO like a Judge, with another	Ario. Come, come, I know you for an East
Judge, CONTILUPO, and another lawyer; at another bar, ROMELIO, ARIOSTO, LEONORA with a black veil	Indy merchant;
over her, and JULIO.	You have a spice of pride in you still.
Cris. 'Tis a strange suit.—Is Leonora come?	Rom. My lord,
Contil. She's here, my lordMake way there	I am so strengthen'd in my innoceuce,
for the lady !	For any the least shadow of a crime
Cris. Take off her veil: it seems she is asham'd	Committed 'gainst my mother or the world,
To look her cause i'the face.	That she can charge me with, here do I make it
Contil. She's sick, my lord.	My humble suit, only this hour and place
Ario. She's mad, my lord, and would be kept	May give it as full hearing, and as free
more dark	And unrestrain'd a sentence.
[To Rom.] By your favour, sir, I have now occasion	Cris. Be not too confident;
To be at your elbow, and within this half-hour	You have cause to fear.
Shall entreat you to be angry, very angry.	Rom. Let fear dwell with earthquakes,
Cris. Is Romelio come?	Shipwrecks at sea, or prodigies in heaven:
Rom. I am here, my lord, and call'd, I do	I cannot set myself so many fathom
protest,	Beneath the height of my true heart as fear.
To answer what I know not, for as yet	Ario. Very fine words, I assure you, if they were
I am wholly ignorant of what the court	To any purpose.
Will charge me with.	Cris. Well, have your entreaty :
Cris. I assure you, the proceeding	And if your own credulity undo you,
Is most unequal then, for I perceive	Blame not the court hereafter.—Fall to your plea. Contil. May it please your lordship and the
* no] The old copy "not."	reverend court
t an after-game at Irish] Irish, "a game within the tables," differed very little from back-gammon. "Irish,"	To give me leave to open to you a case
says The Compleat Gamester, "is an ingenious game, and	So rare, so altogether void of precedent,
requires a great deal of skill to play it well, especially the	That I do challenge all the spacious volumes

Of the whole civil law to show the like.

We are of counsel for this gentlewoman;

We have receiv'd our fee : yet the whole course

Of what we are to speak is quite against her ;

tables," differed very little from back-gammon. "Irish," says *The Compleat Gamester*, "is an ingenious game, and requires a great dcal of skill to play it well, especially the *After-game*: . . . for an *After-game* I know not what instructions to give you: you must herein trust to your own judgment and the chance of the dice, and if they run low for some time, it will be so much the better." pp. 111, 112, ed. 1709.

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THE	DEVIL'S	LAW-CASE.
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SCENE II.

 Yet we'll deserve our fee too. There stands one, Romelio the merchant: I will name him to you Without either title or addition; For those false beams of his supposed honour, As void of true heat as are painted * fires Or glow-worms in the dark, suit him all basely, As if he had bought his gentry from the herald With money got by extortion: I will first Produce this Æsop'e crow, as he stands forfeit For the long use of his gay borrow'd plumes, And then let him hop naked. I come to the point. T'as been a dream in Naples, very near This eight-and-thirty years, that this Romelio Was nobly descended; he has rank'd himself With the nobility, shamefully usurp'd Their place, and in a kind of saucy pride, Which, like to mushrooms, ever grow most rank When they do spring from dung-hills, sought to o'ersway The Fliski,'t the Grimaldi, Dorii, And all the ancient pillars of our state : View now what he is come to,—this poor thing Without a name, this cuckoo hatch'd i'the nest Of a hedge-sparrow ! <i>Rom.</i> Speaks he all this to me ? <i>Ario.</i> Only to you, sir. <i>Rom.</i> I do not ask thee; prithee, hold thy prating. <i>Ario.</i> Why, very good; you will be presently As angry as I could wish. <i>Contil.</i> What title shall I set to this base coin ? He bas no name; and for's aspect, he seems A giant in a May-game, that within Is nothing hut a porter. I'll undertake, He had as good have travell'd all his life With gipsies: I will sell him to any man For an hundred cecchins, and he that huye him of me 	 To prompt the lawyer's memory when he founders. Cris. Signior Contilupo, the court holds it fit You leave this stale declaiming 'gainst the person, And come to the matter. Contil. Now I shall, my lord. Cris. It shows a poor malicious eloquence; And it is strange men of your gravity Will not forgo it: verily, I presume, If you but heard yourself speaking with my ears, Your phrase would be more modest. Contil. Good my lord, be assur'd I will leave all circumstance, and come to the purpose: This Romelio is a bastard. Rom. How, a bastard ! O mother, now the day begins grow hot On your side ! Contil. Why, she is your accuser. Rom. I had forgot that. Was my father married To any other woman at the time Of my begetting? Contil. That's not the husiness. Rom. I turn me, then, to you that were my mother; But by what name I am to call you now, You must instruct me : were you ever married To my father? Leon. To my shame I speak it, never. Cris. Not to Francisco Romelio? Leon. May it please your lordships, To him I was; but he was not his father, Contil. Good my lord, give us leave in a few words To expound the riddle, and to make it plain Without the least of scruple ; for I take it There cannot be more lawful proof i'the world Than the oath of the mother. Cris. Well, then, to your proofs,
He had as good have travell'd all his life With gipsies: I will sell him to any man	Without the least of scruple; for I take it There cannot be more lawful proof i'the world
of me Shall lose by the hand too. Ario. Lo, what you are come to,	Cris. Well, then, to your proofs, Aud be not tedious. Contil. I'll conclude in a word.
You that did scorn to trade in any thing But gold, or spices, or your cochineal !	Some nine-and-thirty years since, which was the time
He rates you now at poor John. Rom. Out upon thee ! I mould they want of his side	This woman was married, Francisco Romelio, This gentleman's putative father and her husband,
I would thou wert of his side. <i>Ario.</i> Would you so ? <i>Rom.</i> The devil and thee together on each hand,	Being not married to her past a fortuight, Would needs go travel; did so, and continu'd In France and the Low-Countries eleven months: Take special note o'the time, I beseech your
 * are painted] The old copy "are all painted,"—the eye of the transcriber or compositor having caught the "all" in the next line. † Fliski] Qy. "Fieschi?" ‡ poor-John] i.e. a coarse kind of fish (generally hake) salted and dried. 	lordship, For it makes much to the business. In his absence He left behind to sojourn at his house A Spanish gentleman, a fine spruce youth

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THE DEVIL'S LAW-CASE.

By the lady's confession, and you may be sure He was no eunuch neither : he was one Romelio lov'd very dearly; as oft haps No man alive more welcome to the husband Than he that makes him cuckold. This gentleman, I say, Breaking all laws of hospitality, Got his friend's wife with child, a full two months Fore the husband return'd. San. Good sir, forget not the lamb-skin. Contil. I warrant thee. San. I will pinch by the buttock To put you in mind of't. Contil. Prithee, hold thy prating .---What's to be practis'd now, my lord? marry, this Romelio being a young novice, not acquainted With this precedence, very innocently Returning home from travel, finds his wife Grown an excellent good huswife, for she had set Her women to spin flax, and, to that use, Had in a study which was built of stone Stor'd up at least an hundred weight of flax : Marry, such a thread as was to be spun from the flax. I think the like was never heard of. Cris. What was that? Contil. You may be certain she would lose no time In bragging that her husband had got up Her belly: to be short, at seven months' end, Which was the time of her delivery, And when she felt herself to fall in travail, She makes her waiting-woman, as by mischance, Set fire to the flax; the fright * whereof, As they pretend, causes this gentlewoman To fall in pain, and be delivered Eight weeks afore her reckoning. San. Now, sir, remember the lamb-skin. Contil. The midwife straight howls out, there was no hope Of the infant's life ; swaddles it in a flay'd lambskin. As a hird hatch'd too early; makes it up With three quarters of a face, that made it look Like a changeling; cries out to Romelio To have it christen'd, lest it should depart Without that it came for: and thus are many serv'd That take care to get gossips for those children To which they might be godfathers themselves, And yet he no arch-puritans neither.

* fright] The old copy "flight."

Cris. No more ! Ario. Pray, my lord, give him way, you spoil his oratory else: Thus would they jest, were they fee'd to open Their sisters' cases. Cris. You have urg'd enough : You first affirm her husband was away from her Eleven months? Contil. Yes, my lord. Cris. And at seven months' end. After his return, she was deliver'd Of this Romelio, and had gone her full time ? Contil. True, my lord. Cris. So by this account this gentleman was begot In his suppos'd father's absence ? Contil. You have it fully. Cris. A most strange suit this: 'tis beyond example. Either time past or present, for a woman To publish her own dishonour voluntarily, Without being call'd in question, some forty years After the sin committed, and her counsel To enlarge the offence with as much oratory As ever I did hear them in my life Defend a guilty woman; 'tis most strange: Or why with such a poison'd violence Should she labour her son's undoing : we observe Obedience of creatures to the law of nature Is the stay of the whole world : here that law is broke: For though our civil law makes difference [Be]tween the base and the legitimate, Compassionate nature makes them equal, nay, She many times prefers them .-- I pray, resolve me, sir, Have not you and your mother had some suit In law together lately? Rom. None, my lord. Cris. No! no contention about parting your goods ? Rom. Not any. Cris. No flaw, no unkindness ? Rom. None that ever arriv'd at my knowledge. Cris. Bethink yourself: this cannot choose but savour Of a woman's malice deeply; and I fear You're practis'd upon most devilishly .- How happ'd, Gentlewoman, you reveal'd this no sooner ? Leon. While my husband liv'd, my lord, I durst not. Cris. I should rather ask you why you reveal it now?

Leon. Because, my lord, I leath'd that such a sin	Rom. Hard-hearted creatures, good for nothing else
Should lie snother'd with me iu my grave: my	But to wind dead bodies.
penitence,	Ario. Yes, to weave seaming-lace
Though to my shame, profers the revealing of it	With the benes of their husbands that were long
'Bove worldly reputation.	since buried,
Cris. Your penitence !	And curse them when they tangle.
Might not your penitence have been as hearty,	Rom. Yet why de I
Though it had never summon'd to the court	Take bastardy so distastefully, when i'the world
Such a conflux of people ?	A many things that are essential parts
Leon. Indeed, I might have confess'd it	Of greatness are but by-slips, and are father'd
privately	On the wrong parties,
Te the church, I grant; but you know repentance	Preferment in the world a many times
Is nothing without satisfaction.	Basely begotten ? nay, I have observ'd
Cris. Satisfaction ! why, your husband's dead :	The immaculate justice of a poor man's cause,
What satisfaction can you make him?	In such a court as this, has not known whom
Leon. The greatest satisfaction in the world,	Te call father, which way to direct itself
my lord;	For compassion—but I forget my temper :
To restore the land to the right heir, and that's	Only, that I may step that lawyer's threat,
My daughter.	I do beseech the court, and the whole world,
Cris. O, she's straight begot, then.	They will not think the baselier of me
Ario. Very well: may it please this honourable	For the vice of a mother; for that woman's sin,
	To which you all dare swcar when it was done,
court,	I would not give my consent.
If he be a bastard, and must forfeit his land	Cris. Stay, here's an accusation,
for't,	But here's no preef. What was the Spaniard's name
She has prov'd herself a strumpet, and must lose	You accuse of adultery?
Her dower: let them go a begging tegether.	Contil. Don Crispiano, my lerd.
San. Who shall pay us our fees, then?	Cris. What part of Spain was he born in?
Cris. Most just.	Contil. In Castile.
Ario. You may see now what an eld house	Jul. This may prove my father.
You are like to pull over your head, dame.	San. And my master: my client's spoil'd, then
Rom. Could I conceive this publication	Cris. I knew that Spaniard well: if you be a
Grew from a hearty penitence, I could bear	bastard,
My undoing the more patiently : but, my lord,	Such a man being your father, I dare vouch you
There is no reason, as you said even now,	A gentleman :—and in that, Signior Contilupo,
To satisfy me but this suit of hers	Your oratory went a little too far.
Springs from a devilish malice, and her pretence	When do we name Don John of Austria,
Of a griev'd conscience and religion,	The emperor's son, but with reverence?
Like to the horrid pewder-treason in England,	And I have known in divers families
Has a most bloody unnatural revenge	The bastards the greater spirits. But to th
Hid under it. O, the violences of women !	
Why, they are creatures made up and compounded	purpose:
Of all monsters, peisonèd minerals,	
And sorcerous herbs that grow.	And be sure you lay your time right. Ario. Now the metal comes to the touchstend
Ario. Are you angry yet?	Ario. Now the metal comes to the touchstend
Rom. Would man * express a bad one, let him	Contil. In anno seventy-one, my lord.
forsake	
All natural example, and compare	The battle of Lepanto was fought in't;
Oue to another: they have no more mercy	A most remarkable time, 'twill lie
Than ruinous fires in great tempests.	For no man's pleasure : and what proof is there
Ario. Take heed you do not crack your voice	More than the affirmation of the mother,
sir.	Contil. The deposition
* man] The old copy "men."	Of a waiting-woman serv'd her the same time.
	-

Cris. Where is she?

Contil. Where is our solicitor with the waitingwoman?

Ario. Room for the bag and baggage !

San. Here, my lord, ore tenus.

Cris. And what can you say, gentlewoman?

Win. Please your lordship, I was the party that dealt in the business, and brought them together. Cris. Well.

Win. And conveyed letters between them.

Cris. What needed letters, when 'tis said he lodged in her house ?

Win. A running ballad now and then to her viol, for he was never well but when he was fiddling.

Cris. Speak to the purpose : did you ever know them bed together ?

Win. No, my lord; but I have brought him to the bed-side.

Cris. That was somewhat near to the business. And, what, did you help him off with his shoes?

Win. He wore no shoes, an't please you, my lord.

Cris. No! what, then,---pumps?

Win. Neither.

Cris. Boots were not fit for his journey.

Win. He wore tennis-court woollen slippers, for fear of creaking, sir, and making a noise, to wake the rest o'the house.

Cris. Well, and what did he there in his tenniscourt woollen slippers ?

Win. Please your lordship, question me in Latin, for the cause is very foul: the examiner o'the court was fain to get it out of me alone i'the counting-house, 'cause he would not spoil the youth o'the office.

Ario. Here's a latten spoon, and a long one, to feed with the devil !*

* Here's a latten spoon and a long one, to feed with the devil /] Latten means a kind of mixed metal, the composition of which has been variously explained by lexicographers. According to Mr. Halliwell (Dict. of Arch. and Prov. Words) it very much resembled brass in its nature and colour.-Webster alludes here to the proverb; "he had need of a loug spoon, that eats with the devil." The following ancedote, which fathers upon Shakespasre a pun similar to that in the text, has been repeated in several books: I now transcribe it from the MS. volume where it was originally discovered,-s collection of Merry Passages and Jeasts by L'Estrange, Sir Roger's nephew, among the Harleian MSS. 6395. Plut. LIX. A. "Shakespeare was godfather to one of Ben Jonson's children, and after the christning being in a deepe study Jonson came to cheere him up, and askt him why he was so melancholy? no faith Ben (sayes he) not I, but I have been considering a great while what should be the fittest gift for me to bestow upon my God-child, and I Win. I'd be loth to be ignorant that way, for I hope to marry a proctor, and take my pleasure abroad at the commencements with him.

Ario. Come closer to the business.

Win. I will come as close as modesty will give me leave. Truth is, every morning when he lay with her, I made a caudle for him, by the appointment of my mistress, which he would still refuse, and call for small drink.

Cris. Small drink !

Ario. For a julep?

Win. And said he was wondrous thirsty.

Cris. What's this to the purpose ?

Win. Most effectual, my lord. I have heard them laugh together extremely, and the curtainrods fall from the tester of the bed: and he ne'er came from her but he thrust money in my hand, —and once, in truth, he would have had some dealing with me,—which I took; he thought 'twould be the only way i'the world to make me keep counsel the better.

San. That's a stinger: 'tis a good wench; be not daunted.

Cris. Did you ever find the print of two in the hed ?

Win. What a question's that to be asked ! may it please your lordship, 'tis to be thought he lay nearer to her than so.

Cris. What age are you of, gentlewoman?

Win. About six-and-forty, my lord.

Cris. Anno seventy-one,

And Romelio is thirty-eight: by that reckoning, You were a bawd at eight year old: now, verily, You fell to the trade betimes.

San. There you're from the bias.

Win. I do not know my age directly; sure, I am elder: I can remember two great frosts, and three great plagues, and the loss of Calais, and the first coming up of the breeches with the great codpiece; and I pray what age do you take me of, then ?

San. Well come off again.

Ario. An old hunted hare;

She has all her doubles.

Rom. For your own gravities,

And the reverence of the court, I do beseech you, Rip up the cause no further, but proceed To sentence.

have resolved at last; I pry'the what, sayee he? I faith Ben I'le e'en give him a dozen good *Lattin spoones*, and thou shall translate them." At the end of the vol. the writer gives a list of his authorities, from which we learn, that the story just quoted was told to him by "Dun" (Donne?).

Cris. Oue question more, and I have done:	And do that which but few in our place do,
Might not this Crispiano, this Spaniard,	Go to their grave uncurs'd.
Lie with your mistress at some other time,	Ario. This law-business
Either afore or after, than i'the absence	Will leave me so small leisure to serve God,
Of her husband?	I shall serve the king the worse.
Leon. Never.	San. Is he a judge?
Cris. Are you certain of that?	We must, then, look for all conscience, and no law:
Leon. On my soul, never.	He'll heggar all his followers.
Cris. That's well, he never lay with her	Cris. Sir,
Butinannoseventy-one; let that be remember'd	I am of your counsel, for the cause in hand
Stand you aside awhile.—Mistress, the truth is,	Was begun at such a time 'fore you could speak;
I knew this Crispiano, liv'd in Naples	You had need therefore have one speak for you.
At the same time, and lov'd the gentleman	Ario. Stay; I do here first make protestation,
As my bosom friend ; aud, as I do remember,	I ne'er took fee of this Romelio
The gentleman did leave his picture with you,	For heing of his counsel; which may free me,
If age or neglect have not in so long time	Being now his judge, for the imputation
Ruin'd it.	Of taking a bribe. Now, sir, speak your mind.
Leon. I preserve it still, my lord.	Cris. I do first entreat that the eyes of all here
Cris. I pray, let me see't; let me see the face	present
I then lov'd so much to look on.	May he fix'd upou this.
Leon. Fetch it.	Leon. O, I am confounded ! this is Crispiano.
Win. I shall, my lord.	Jul. This is my father: how the judges have
Cris. No, no, gentlewoman,	hleated him !
I have other business for you.	Win. You may see truth will out in spite of the
[Exit one for the picture.	devil.
First Sur. Now were the time to cut Romelio's	Cris. Bchold, I am the shadow of this shadow; Age has made me so: take from me forty years,
throat,	And I was such a summer-fruit as this,
And accuse him for your murder.	At least the painter feign'd so; for, indeed,
Con. By no means.	Painting and epitaphs are both alike,—
Second Sur. Will you not let us be men of	They flatter us, and say we have been thus.
fashion, And down with him now he's going?	But I am the party here that stands accus'd
Con. Peace; let's attend the sequel.	For adultery with this woman, in the year
Cris. I commend you, lady;	Seventy-one: now I call you, my lord, to witness,
There was a main matter of conscience.	Four years before that time I went to the Indies,
How many ills spring from adultery!	And till this month did never set my foot since
First, the supreme law that is violated,	In Europe; and for any former incontinence,
Nobility off stain'd with hastardy,	She has vow'd there was never any: what remains,
Inheritance of land falsely possess'd,	then,
The husband scorn'd, wife sham'd, and babes	But this is a mere practice * 'gainst her son ?
unblest. [The picture is brought in.	And I beseech the court it may be sifted,
So, hang it up i'the court You have heard	And most severely punish'd.
What has been urg'd against Romelio:	San. Ud's foot, we are spoil'd :
Now my definitive sentence in this cause	Why, my client's prov'd an honest woman.
Is, I will give no sentence at all.	Win. What do you think will become of me
Ario. No?	now?
Cris. No, I cannot, for I am made a party.	San. You'll be made dance Lacrymæ,† I fear, at a
San. How, a party ! here are fine cross tricks.	cart's tail.
What the devil will he do now !	* practice] See note *, p. 117.
Cris. Signior Ariosto, his majesty of Spain	† dance Lacrymæ] One of the allusions, so frequent in
Confers my place upon you by this patent,	our old dramatiets, to a musical work by John Dowland,
Which till this urgent hour I have kept	the famous lutanist, "the rarest musician" according to A, Wood, (<i>Fasti Oxon</i> . Part I. p. 242, ed. Bliss,) "that his
From your knowledge: may you thrive in't, noble	age did hehold :" it is dedicated to Anne, the Queen of
sir,	James I. and entitled Lacrima, or seaven Teares figured an

Ario. A guard upon him for the death of Ario. You, mistress, where are you now? Your tennis-court slippers * and your ta'en drink Contarino ! In a morning for your hot liver? where's the man Erco. I obey the arrest o'the court. Would have had some dealing with you, that you Rom. O, sir, you are happily restor'd to life And to us your friends! might Keep counsel the better? Erco. Away ! thou art the traiter Win. May it please the court, I am but a young I only live to challenge : this former suit thing, and was drawn arsy-varsy into the business. Touch'd but thy fame; this accusation Reaches to thy fame and life. The brave Contarino Ario. Hew young? of five-and-forty? Win. Five-and-forty ! an shall please you, I am Is generally suppos'd slain by this hand,--not five-and-twenty: she made me colour my hair Con. [aside]. How knows he the contrary? with bean-flower, to seem elder than I was; and Erco. But truth is, then my rotten teeth, with eating sweet-meats,-Having receiv'd from me some certain wounds why, should a farrier look in my mouth, he might Which were not mortal, this vile murderer, mistake my age .-- O mistress, mistress, you are Being by will deputed overseer an honest woman; and you may he ashamed on't, Of the nobleman's estate to his sister's use, to abuse the court thus ! That he might make him sure from * surviving Leon. Whatso'er I have attempted Te reveke that will, stole to him in his bed 'Gainst my own fame or the reputation Aud kill'd him. Of that gentleman my son, the Lord Contarino Rom. Strange, unheard of! more practice yet ! Was cause of it. Ario. What proof of this? Con. [aside]. Who, I? Erco. The report of his mother deliver'd to me, Ario. He that should have married your In distraction for Contarino's death. daughter? Con. [aside]. For my death! I begin to apprehend It was a plot belike, then, to confer That the violence of this woman's love to me The land on her that should have been his wife. Might practise the disinheriting of her sou. Leon. More than I have said already all the world Ario. What say you to this, Leonora? Shall ne'er extract from me :---I entreat from hoth Leon. Such a thing Your equal pardens. I did utter out of my distraction : Jul. And I from you, sir. But how the court will censure that report, Cris. Sirrah, stand you aside; I leave to their wisdoms. I will talk with you hereafter. Ario. My opinion is, Jul. I could never away with + after-reckonings. That this late slander urg'd against her son Leon. And now, my lords, I do most voluntarily Takes from her all manner of credit : she Confine myself unto a stricter prisen That would not stick to deprive him of his living And a severer penance than this court Will as little tender his life. Can impose; I am enter'd into religion. Leon. I beseech the court Con. [aside]. I the cause of this practice! this I may retire myself to my place of penance ungodly woman I have vow'd myself and my woman. Has sold herself to falsehood : I will now Ario. Go when you please. Reveal myself. [Excunt LEONORA, and WINIFRED, What should move you be Erco. [coming from the closet]. Stay, my lord; Thus forward in the accusation ? here's a window Erco. My love to Contarine. To let in more light to the court. Ario. O, it here Con. [aside]. Mercy upon me! O, that thou art Very bitter fruit at your last meeting. living. Erco. 'Tis true: but I begun to love him when Is mercy indeed ! First Sur. Stay; keep in your shell a little longer. I had most cause to hate him; when eur hleods Embrac'd each other, then I pitied Erco. I am Ercole. That so much valour should be hazarded On the fortune of a single rapier, seaven passionate Pauans, with divers other Pauans, Galiards, and Almands, set forth for the Lute, Viols, or And not spent against the Turk. Violons, in flue parts. Ario. Stay, sir, be well advis'd;

* from] In some of the old copies this word is omitted.

* slippers] The old copy "slips:" but see p. 136.

† away with] i. e. endure.

SCENE I.

Must be committed to the custody There is no testimony but your own To approve you slew him; therefore no other way Of the Knight-Marshal; - and the court gives To decide it but by duel. charge Con. Yes, my lord, I dare affirm, 'gainst all the They be to-morrow ready in the lists world. Before the sun be risen. Rom. I do entreat the court there be a guard This nobleman speaks truth. Ario. You will make yourself a party in the duel. Plac'd o'er my sister, that she enter not Rom. Let him; I will fight with them both, six-Into religion : she's rich, my lerds, teen of them. And the persuasions of friars, to gain Erco. Sir, I do not know you. All her possessions to their monasteries. Con. Yes, but you have forgot me; you and I May do much upon her. Have sweat in the breach together at Malta. Ario. We'll take order for her. Erco. Cry you mercy; I have known of your Cris. There is a nun too you have got with child : How will you dispose of her? nation Brave soldiers. Rom. You question me as if I were grav'd Jul. [aside]. Now, if my father already: Have any true spirit in him, I'll recover When I have quench'd this wild-fire in Ercele's His good opinion.-Do you hear? do not swear, sir, Tame blood, I'll tell you. Exit. For I dare swear that you will swear a lie, Erco. You have judg'd to day A very filthy, stinking, rotten lie; A most confused practice, that takes end In as bloody a trial; and we may observe And if the lawyers think not this sufficient, I'll give the lie in the stomach,-By these great persons, and their indirect That's somewhat deeper than the threat,---Proceedings, shadow'd in a veil of state, Both here, and all France over and over, Mountains are deform'd heaps, swell'd up aloft, From Marseilles or Bayonne to Calais' sands, Vales wholesomer, though lower and trod on oft. And there draw my sword upon thee, and new San. Well, I will put up my papers, And send them to France for a precedent, scour it That they may not say yet, but for one strange In the gravel of thy kidneys. law-suit Ario. You the defendant Charg'd with the murder, and you second there, We come somewhat near them. Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE L*

Enter JOLENTA, and ANOIOLELLA great-bellied. Jol. How dost thou, friend? welcome: thou and I Were play-fellows together, little children, So small a while ago, that, I presume,

We are neither of us wise yet.

Angio. A most sad truth on my part. Jol. Why do you pluck your veil

Over your face?

Angio. If you will believe truth, There's naught more terrible to a guilty heart Than't the eye of a respected friend.

Jol. Say, friend,

Are you quick with child ?

Angio. Too sure.

* Scene I.] A room in the house of Leonora.

† Than] The old copy "As."

Jol. How could you know first * Of your child when you quicken'd?

Angio. How could you know, friend ! 'Tis reported you are in the same taking.

Jol. Ha, ha, ha ! so 'tis given out;

But Ercole's coming to life again has shrunk And made invisible my great belly; yee, faith, My being with child was merely in supposition, Not practice.

Angio. You are happy : what would I give To be a maid again !

Jol. Would you ? to what purpose ?

I would never give great purchase for that thing Is in danger every hour to he lost. Pray thee, laugh :

A hoy or a girl, for a wager?

first Of your] The old copy " Of your first."

ACT V.

Angio. What heaven please. Jol. Nay, nay, will you venture A chain of pearl with me, whether? Angio. I'll lay nothing : I have ventur'd too much for't already, my fame. I make no question, sister, you have heard Of the intended combat. Jol. O. what else ? ' I have a sweetheart in't against a brother. Angio. And I a dead friend, I fear : what good counsel Can you minister unto me? Jol. Faith, only this; Since there's no means i'the world to hinder it, Let thou and I, wench, get as far as we can From the noise of it. Angio. Whither ? Jol. No matter, any whither. Angio. Any whither, so you go not by sea: I cannot abide rough * water. Jol. Not endure to be tumbled ? say no more, then: We'll be land-soldiers for that trick: take heart, Thy boy shall be horu a brave Roman. Angio. O, you mean To go to Rome, then. Jol. Within there ! Enter a Servant. Bear this letter To the Lord Ercole. [Exit Servant with letter.] Now, wench, I am for thee, All the world over. Angio. I, like your shade, pursue you. Exeunt. SCENE IL+ Enter PROSPERO and SANITONELLA. Pros. Well, I do not think but to see you as pretty a piece of law-flesh ! San. In time I may : marry, I am resolved to take a new way for't. You have lawyers take their clients' fees, and their backs are no sooner turned but they call them fools, and laugh at them. Pros. That's ill done of them. San. There's one thing too that has a vile abuse in't.

Pros. What's that ?

San. Marry, this, — that no proctor in the termtime be tolerated to go to the tavern above six times i'the forenoon.

* salt] Some of the old copies "salt,"

† Scene II.] An apartment in Castel Nuovo.

Pros. Why, man ? San. O, sir, it makes their clients overtaken, and become friends sooner than they would be. Enter ERCOLE with a letter, and CONTARINO, coming in friars' habits, as having been at the Bathanites, a ceremony used afore these combats. Erco. Leave the room, gentlemen. [Excunt SANIT. and PROS. Con. [aside]. Wherefore should I with such an obstinacy Conceal myself any longer? I am taught, That all the blood which will be shed to-morrow Must fall upon my head : one question Shall fix it or untie it .- Noble brother, I would fain know how it is possible, When it appears you love the fair Jolenta With such a height of fervor you were ready To father another's child and marry her, You would so suddenly engage yourself To kill her brother, one that ever stood Your loyal and firm friend? Erco. Sir, 1'll tell you ; My love, as I have formerly protested, To Contarino, whose unfortunate end The traitor wrought: and here is one thing more Deads all good thoughts of him, which I now receiv'd From Jolenta. Con. In a letter? Erco. Yes, in this letter; For, having sent to her to be resolv'd Most truly who was father of the child, She writes back that the shame she goes withal Was begot by her brother. Con. O most incestuous villain ! Erco. I protest, Before I thought 'twas Contarino's issue, And for that would have veil'd her dishouour. Con. No more. Has the armorer brought the weapons? Erco. Yes. sir. Con. I will no more think of her. Erco. Of whom ? Con. Of my mother,-I was thinking of my mother. Call the armorer. Exeunt.

SCENE III.*

Enter First Surgeon, and WINIFRED. Win. You do love me, sir, you say? First Sur. O, most entirely !

" Scene III.] A room in the house of Leonora,

SCENE V.

Win. And you will marry me?	Or have them ignominiously fasten'd
First Sur. Nay, I'll do more than that:	Under his horse-tail.
The fashion of the world is many times	Jul. I do not like that so well.
To make a woman naught, and afterwards	I see, then, I must fight, whether I will or no.
To marry her; but I, o'the contrary,	Pros. How does Romelio hear himself? They say
Will make you honest first, and afterwards	He has almost brain'd one of our cunning'st
Proceed to the wedlock.	fencers
Win. Honest! what mean you by that?	That practis'd with him.
First Sur. I mean, that your suborning the	Jul. Very certain: and now you talk of fencing,
late law-suit	Do not you remember the Welsh gentlemau
Has got you a filthy report : now, there's no way,	That was travelling to Rome upon return?
But to do some excellent piece of houesty,	Pros. No: what of him?
To recover your good name.	Jul. There was a strange experiment of a fencer.
Win. How, sir ?	Pros. What was that ?
First Sur. You shall straight go and reveal to	Jul. The Welshman in's play, do what the
your old mistress,	fencer could,
For certain truth, Contarino is alive.	Hung still an arse; he could not for his life
Win. How, living !	Make him come on bravely; till one night at
First Sur. Yes, he is living.	supper,
Win. No, I must not tell her of it.	Observing what a deal of Parma-cheese
First Sur. No! why?	His scholar devour'd, goes ingeniously
Win. For she did bind me yesterday by eath	The next morning and makes a spacious button
Never more to speak of him.	For his foil of toasted cheese; and, as sure as
First Sur. You shall reveal it, then,	you live, That made him come on the braveliest.
To Ariosto the judge.	Pros. Possible?
Win. By no means; he has heard me tell	Jul. Marry, it taught him an ill grace in s play,
So many lies i'the court, he'll ne'er believe me.	It made him gape still, gape as he put in for't,
What if I told it to the Capuchin?	As I have seen some hungry usher.
First Sur. You cannot	San. The toasting of it belike
Think of a better; as for* your young mistress,	Was to make it more supple, had he chanc'd
Who, as you told me, has persuaded you	To have hit him o'the chaps.
To run away with her, let her have her humour.	Jul. Not unlikely. Who can tell me
I have a suit Romelio left i'the house, The habit of a Jew, that I'll put on,	If we may breathe in the duel?
And pretending I am robb'd, by break of day,	Pros. By no means.
Procure all passengers to be brought back,	Jul. Nor drink?
And by the way reveal myself, and discover	Pros. Neither.
The comical event. They say she's a little mad;	Jul. That's scurvy; anger will make me very
This will help to cure her. Go, go presently,	dry.
And reveal it to the Capuchin.	Pros. You mistake, sir; 'tis sorrow that is very
Win. Sir, I shall. [Excunt.	dry.
	San. Not always, sir; I have known sorrow
+	very wet.
	Jul. In rainy weather?
SCENE IV.+	San. No; when a woman has come dropping wet
Enter Julio, PROSPERO, and SANITONELLA.	Out of a cucking-stool.
Jul. A pox on't,	Jul. Then 'twas wet indeed, sir.
I have undertaken the challenge very foolishly:	
What if I do not appear to answer it?	Enter ROMELIO very melancholy ; and then the Capuchin.
Pro. It would be absolute conviction	Cap. [aside]. Having from Leonora's waiting-
Of cowardice and perjury; and the Dane	woman
May to your public shame reverse your arms,	Deliver'd a most strange intelligence

- * as for] The old copy "for as."
- + Scene IV.] An apartment in Castel Nuovo.

Of Contarino's recovery, I am come] To sound Romelio's penitence; that perform'd,

To end these errors by discovering What she related to me.-Peace to you, sir ! [To Romelio. Pray, gentlemen, let the freedom of this room Be mine a little.-Nay, sir, you may stay. To JULIO. Exeunt PROSPERO and SANITONELLA. Will you pray with me? Rom. No, no, the world and I Have not made up our accounts yet. Cap. Shall I pray for you ? Rom. Whether you do or no, I care not. Cap. O, you have a dangerous voyage to take ! Rom. No matter, I will be mine own pilot: Do not you trouble your head with the business. Cap. Pray, tell me, do not you meditate of death? Rom. Phew, I took out that lesson, When I once lay sick of an ague : I do now Labour for life, for life. Sir, can you tell me, Whether your Toledo or your Milan blade Be best temper'd ? Cap. These things, you know, Are out of my practice. Rom. But these are things, you know, I must practise with to-morrow. Cap. Were I in your case, I should present to myself strange shadows. Rom. Turn you,-were I in your case, I should laugh At mine own shadow. Who has hired you To make me coward ? Cap. I would make you a good Christian. Rom. Withal let me continue An honest man; which I am very certain A coward can never be. You take upon you A physician's place, rather than a divine's: You go about to bring my body so low. I should fight i'the lists to-morrow like a dor-And be made away in a slumber. [mouse. Cap. Did you murder Contarino? Rom. That's a scurvy question now. Cap. Why, sir ? Rom. Did you ask it as a confessor or as a spy? Cap. As one that fain would justle the devil Out of your way. Rom. Um, you are but weakly made for't: He's a cunning wrestler, I can tell you, and has broke Many a man's neck. Cap. But to give him the foil Goes not by strength. Rom. Let it go by what it will. Get me some good victuals to breakfast, I am hungry.

Cap. Here's food for you. [Offering him a book. Rom. Phew, I am not to commence doctor; For then the word,* "Devour that book," were proper. I am to fight, to fight, sir; and I'll do't, As I would feed, with a good stomach. Cap. Can you feed, And apprehend death? Rom. Why, sir, is not death A hungry companion ? say, is not the grave Said to be a great devourer? Get me some victuals: I knew a man that was to lose his head Feed with an excellent good appetite, To strengthen his heart, scarce half an hour before; And if he did it that only was to speak, What should I that am to do ? Cap. This confidence, If it be grounded upon truth, 'tis well. Rom. You must understand that resolution Should ever wait upon a noble death, As captains bring their coldiers out o'the field, And come off last; for, I pray, what is death ? The safest trench i'the world to keep man free From fortune's gunshot: to be afraid of that, Would prove me weaker than a teeming woman, That does endure a thousand times more pain In bearing of a child. Cap. O, I tremble for you ! For I do know you have a storm within you More terrible than a sea-fight, and, your soul Being heretofore drown'd in security, You know not how to live nor how to die: But I have an object that shall startle you, And make you know whither you are going. Rom. I am arm'd for't. Enter LEONORA, with two coffins borne by her servants, and two winding-sheets stuck with flowers; presents one to her son, and the other to Julio. 'Tis very welcome; this is a decent garment Will never be out of fashion : I will kiss it .--All the flowers of the spring Meet to perfume our burying : These have but their growing prime ; And man does flourish but his time : Survey our progress from our birth : We are set, we grow, we turn to earth. Courts adieu, and all delights, [Soft music. All hewitching appetites ! Sweetest breath, and clearest eye, Like perfumes, go out and die;

* the word] Sec note §, p. 16.

ACT V.

SCENE V.

And cousequently this is done As shadows wait upon the sun. Vaiu the ambition of kings, Who seek by trophies and dead things To leave a living name behind, And weave hut nets to catch the wind .--O, you have wrought a miracle, and melted A heart of adamant ! you have compris'd In this dumh pageant a right excellent form Of penitence. Cap. I am glad you so receive it. Rom. This object does persuade me to forgive The wrong she has done me, which I count the way To he forgiven yonder; and this shrowd Shows me how rankly we do smell of earth, When we are in all our glory .- Will it please you [To LEONORA. Enter that closet, where I shall confer 'Bout matters of most weighty consequence, [Exit LEONORA into the closet. Before the duel? Jul. Now I am right in the handoleer for the gallows. What a scurvy fashion 'tis, to hang one's coffiu in a scarf! Cap. Why, this is well : And now that I have made you fit for death, And brought you even as low as is the grave, I will raise you up again, speak comforts to you Beyond your hopes, turn this intended duel To a triumph. Rom. More divinity yet ! Good sir, do one thing first : there's in my closet A prayer-book that is cover'd with gilt vellum; Fetch it; and, pray you, certify my mother I'll presently come to her. Exit the Capuchin into the closet, the door of which ROMELIO locks. So now you are safe. Jul. What have you done? Rom. Why, I have lock'd them up Into a turret of the castle, safe enough For troubling us this four hours: an he please, He may open a casement, and whistle out to the sea Like a boatswain; not any creature can hear him. Was't not thou a-weary of his preaching? Jul. Yes, if he had had an hour-glass hy him, I would have wish'd him he would have jogg'd it a little. But your mother, your mother's lock'd in too. Rom. So much the better; I am rid of her howling at parting. Jul. Hark ! he knocks to be let out, an he were mad.

Rom. Let him knock till his sandals fly in pieces. Jul. Ha! what says he? Contarino living ! Rom. Ay, ay,

He means he would have Contarino's living Bestow'd upon his monastery; 'tis that He only fishes for. So, 'tis break of day; We shall be call'd to the combat presently.

Jul. I am sorry for one thing.

Rom. What's that ?

Jul. That I made not mino own hallad: I do fear I shall be roguishly abus'd in metre, If I miscarry. Well, if the young Capuchin Do not talk o'the flesh as fast now to your mother As he did to us o'the spirit! If he do, 'Tis not the first time that the prison royal Has been guilty of close committing.

Rom. Now to the comhat.

[Exeunt.

SCENE V.*

Enter CAPUOHIN and LEONORA, above, † at a window.

Leon. Contarino living !

Cap. Yes, madam, he is living, and Ercole's second.

Leon. Why has he lock'd us up thus? Cap. Some evil angel

Makes him deaf to his own safety : we are shut

Into a turret, the most desolate prison

Of all the castle; and his obstinacy,

Madness, or secret fate, has thus prevented

The saving of his life.

Leon. O, the saving Contarino's!

His is worth nothing. For heaven's sake, call louder.

Cap. To little purpose.

Leon. I will leap these hattlemeuts;

Aud may I be found dead time ‡ enough

To hinder the combat!

Cap. O, look upwards rather:

Their deliverance must come thence. To see how heaven

Can invert man's firmest purpose ! His intent

Of murdering Contarino was a mean

To work his safety; and my coming hither

To save him is his ruin : wretches turn

The tide of their good fortune, and being drench'd

In some presumptuous and hidden sins,

While they aspire to do themselves most right,

The devil, that rules i'the air§, hangs in their light.

* Scene V. Before Castel Nuovo.

† above] See note *, p. 100.

§ The devil, that rules i' the air, &c.] See note |, p. 67.

t time] Qy. "in time"? But the versification of this play is in many places wretched.

144 THE DEVIL'S LAW-CASE.	
Leon. O, they must not be lost thus! Some good Christian	Erco. You were but now my second; now I make you
Come within our hearing ! Ope the other case-	Myself for ever.
ment	Leon. O, here's one between
That leeks into the city.	Claims to be nearer.
Cap. Madam, I shall. [Excunt.	Con. And to yeu, dear lady,
	I have entirely vew'd my life. Rom. If I do not
	Dream, I am happy too.
SCENE VI.	Ario. How insolently
The lists set up. Enter the Marshal, CRISPIANO, and ARIOSTO, who take their seats as Judges; and	Has this high Court of Honour been abus'd! Enter ANOIOLELLA veiled, and JOLENTA, her face coloured
SANITONELLA. Mar. Give the appellant his summons; do the	like a Moor; the two Surgeons, one of them like a Jew. How now! who are these?
like To the defendant.	Sec. Sur. A couple of strange fowl, and I the falconer
Two tuckets by several trumpets. Enter, at one door, ERCOLE	That have sprung them : this is a white nun
and CONTARINO; at the other, ROMELIO and JULIO.	Of the order of Saint Clare; and this a black one;
Can any of you allege aught why the combat	You'll take my word for't. [Discovers JOLENTA.
Should not proceed ?	Ario. She's a black one, indeed.
Combatants. Nothing.	Jol. Like er dislike me, choose you whether:
Ario. Have the knights weigh'd,	The down upen the raven's feather
And measur'd their weapons?	Is as gentle and as sleek
Mar. They have.	As the mele on Venus' cheek.
Ario. Proceed, then, to the battle, and may	Hence, vain show! I only care
heaven	To preserve my soul most fair
Determine the right!	Never mind the outward skin,
Herald. Soit la battaile, et victoire à ceux qui ont droit !	But the jewel that's within; And though I want the crimson blood,
Rom. Stay! I de net well know whither I am	Angels beast my sisterhood.
going;	Which of us now judge you whiter?
'Twere needful therefore, though at the last gasp,	Her whose credit proves the lighter,
To have some church-man's prayerRun, I pray	Or this black and ebon hue,
thee,	That, unstain'd, keeps fresh and true?
To Castel Nuevo*: this key will release	Fer I preclaim't without centrel,
A Capuchin and my mother, whom I shut	There's no true beauty but i'the soul.
Into a turret; bid him † make haste and pray;	Erco. O, 'tis the fair Jolenta !- To what purpose
I may be dead ere he comes. [Exit an Attendant.	Are you thus eclips'd?
Now, Victoire à ceux qui ont droit!	Jol. Sir, I was running away
All the Champ. Victoire à ceux qui ont droit !	From the rumour of this combat; I fled likewise
The combat is continued to a good length, when enter LEONORA and the CAPUCHIN.	From the untrue report my brother spread, To his politic ends, that I was got with child.
Leon. Hold, hold, for heaven's sake, held !	Leon. Cease here all further scrutiny; this paper
Ario. What are these that interrupt the combat?	Shall give unto the court each circumstance
Away to prison with them !	Of all these passages.
Cap. We have been prisoners too long. —	Ario. No more: attend the sentence of the
O, sir, what mean you? Contarino's living.	court. Bareness and difficulty give estimation
Erco. Living!	Rareness and difficulty give estimation
Cap. Behold him living.	To all things are i'the world : yeu have met both In these several passages : now it does remain
* Castel Nuovo] Concerning "the Castel Nuovo, an	That these so comical events be blasted
ancient Spanish castle, of cnormous dimensions," see	With no severity of sentence. Yeu, Romelio,
Naples, Political, Social, and Religious. By Lord B*****,	Shall first deliver to that gentleman,
1856, vol. i. 6. + him] The old copy "them."	Who stood your second, all those obligations

SCENE VI.

THE DEVIL'S LAW-CASE.

Wherein he stands engag'd to you, receiving	The way to heaven, that is so wondrous steep,
Only the principal.	Th[o]rough those vows they are too frail to keep.
Rom. I shall, my lord.	Ario. Contarino, and Romelio, and yourself,
Jul. I thank you :	Shall for seven years maintain against the Turk
I have an humour now to go to sea	Six galleys.—Leonora, Jolenta,
Against the pirates; and my only ambition	And Angiolella there, the beauteous nun,
Is to have my ship furnish'd with a rare consort *	For their vows' breach unto the monastery,
Of music, and when I am pleas'd to be mad,	Shall build a monastery. — Lastly, the two
They shall play me Orlando.	surgeons,
San. You must lay wait for the fiddlers;	For concealing Contarino's recovery,
They'll fly away from the press like watermen.	Shall exercise their art at their own charge
Ario. Next, you shall marry that nun.	For a twelvemonth in the galleys.—So we leave
Rom. Most willingly.	you,
Angio. O sir, you have been unkind;	Wishing your future life may make good use
But I do only wish that this my shame	Of these events, since that these passages,
May warn all honest virgins not to seek	Which threaten'd ruin, built on rotten ground.
* consort] See note on Northward Ho, act ii., scene 1.	Are with success heyond our wishes crown'd.
	[Reeunt

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t

Appius and Virginia, a Tragedy. By John Webster. Printed in the year 1654. 4to.

The above is the only old edition of this play: it was put forth in 1659, with a new title-page, professing to be *Printed for Humphrey Mostley*: and again, with a third title-page, in 1679, as *Acted at the Dukes Theater under the name of The Roman Virgin or Unjust Judge*, and as *Printed, and are to be sold by most Booksellers*. It has been reprinted in the fifth vol. of a *Continuation of Dodsley's Old Plays*.

From a MS. in the Lord Chamberlain's Office, (see Malone's *Hist. Acc. of the English Stage*, p. 159, ed. Boswell,) entitled on the margin *Cockpitt Playes Appropried*, and dated Aug. 10, 1639, it appeare that William Bieston *lor* Beeston] gent.governor of the King's and Queen's young company of players at the Cockpit in Drury-lane, having represented unto his Majesty, that forty-five plays, of which the names are given, and of which the last mentioned is *Appius and Virginia*, "doe all and every of them properly and of right belong to the sayd house, and consequently that they are all his propriety," his Majesty signified his royal pleasure to the Lord Chamberlain, requiring him to declare to all other companies of actors, "that they are not any ways to intermeddle with or act any of the above-mentioned playes."

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

VIRGINIUS. APPRUS CLAUDIUS. MINUTUS. SPURIUS OPPIUS. MARCUS CLAUDIUS. NUMITORIUS. IOLLIUS. VALERIUS. HORATIUS.* SERTORIUS.* Two Cousins of Appins. An Advocate. A Roman Officer. Senators. CORBULO, the Clown.

Virginia. Julia. Calphurnia. Nurse.

Lictors, Soldiers, Servants, &c.

* Horatius] In the old copy, this personage is, throughout the play, called "Horatio."

ACT I.

SCENE I.*

Enter MINUTIUS, OPPIUS, and Lictore.

Min. Is Appius sent for, that we may acquaint him

With the decree o' the senate ?

First Lict. He is, my lord,

And will attend your lordships presently.

Opp. Lictor, did you tell him that our business

Was from the senate?

First Lict. I did, my lord; and here he is at hand.

Enter Appius Claudius, his two Cousins, and MARCUS Claudius.

App. Claud. My lords, your pleasure?

Min. Appius, the senate greet you well, and by us do signify unto you that they have chosen you one of the Decemviri.

App. Claud. My lords, far be it from the thoughts of so poor a plebeian as your unworthy servant Appius to soar so high: the dignity of so eminent a place would require a person of the best parts and blood in Rome. My lords, he that must steer at the head of an empire ought to be the mirror of the times for wisdom and for policy; and therefore I would beseech the senate to elect one worthy of the place, and not to think of one so unfit as Appius.

Min. My lord, my lord, you dally with your wits.

* Scene I.] Rome. Before the Senate-house.

I have seen children * oft eat sweetmeats thus, As fearful to devour them:

You are wise, and play the modest courtier right, To make so many bits of your delight.

Opp. But you must know, what we have once concluded

Cannot, for any private man's affection,

Be slighted. Take your choice, then, with best judgment

Of these two proffers; either to accept

The place propos'd you, or be banish'd Rome Immediately.—Lictors, make way ! —We expect

Your speedy resolution. [Exeant OPPIUS, MINUTIUS, and Lict

First Cous. Noble cousin, You wrong yourself extremely to refuse

So eminent a place.

Sec. Cous. It is a means

To raise your kindred. Who shall dare t' oppose Himself against our family, when yonder Shall sit your power and frown ?

App. Claud. Or banish'd Rome !---

I pray, forbear a little.-Marcus,-

Mar. Claud. Sir?

App. Claud. How dost thou like my cunning? Mar. Claud. I protest

I was be-agu'd, fearing lest the senate

Should have accepted at your feign'd refusal.

- See how your kindred and your friends are muster'd
- To warm them at your sun-shine ! Were you now

In prison, or arraign'd before the senate For some suspect of treason, all these swallows Would fly your stormy winter; not ono sing: Their music is the summer and the spring.

* I have seen children, &c.] See note *, p. 65.

⁺ Appius, &c.] Though this and the next speech are eo arranged in the old copy as to look like blank-verse, they are undoubtedly prose (to which the editor of 1816 reduced only the latter one). Qy, is there any corruption here? Since throughout all the rest of the play Minutius and Appius speak in blank-verse, we may wonder that in this solitary instance Webster should have made them speak in prose.

······	
App. Claud. Thou observ'st shrewdly. Well,	App. Claud. But, my loving kinsmen,
I'll fit them for't.	Mistake me not; for what I spake was true,
I must be one of the Decemviri,	Bear witness all the gods. I told you first,
Or banish'd Rome? banish'd! laugh, my trusty	I was to inhabit in a place unknown:
Marcus ;	'Tis very certain, for this reverend seat
I am enforc'd to my ambition.	Receives me as a pupil; rather gives
I have heard of cunning footmen that have worn	Ornament to the person, than our person
Shoes made of lead some ten days fore a race,	The least of grace to it. I show'd you next I am to travel ; * 'tis a certain truth :
To give them nimhle and more active feet :	Look, by how much the labour of the mind
So great men should, that aspire eminent place,	Exceeds the body's, so far am I bound
Load themselves with excuse and faint denial,	With pain and industry, beyond the toil
That they with more speed may perform the trial.	Of those that sweat in war; beyond the toil
"Mark his humility," says one : "How far	Of any artisan : pale cheeks, and sunk eyes,
His dreams are from ambition !" says another;	A head with watching dizzied, and a hair
"He would not show his eloquence, lest that	Turn'd white in youth,all these at a dear rate
Should draw him into office :" and a third	We purchase speedily that tend a state.
Is meditating on some thrifty suit	I told you I must leave you; 'tis most true:
To beg fore dinner. Had I as many hands	Henceforth the face of a barbarian
As had Briarcus, I'd extend them all	And yours shall be all one; henceforth I'll know
To catch this office : 'twas my sleep's disturber,	you
My diet's ill digestion, my melancholy,	But only by your virtue : brother or father,
Past physic's cure.	In [a] dishonest suit, shall be to me
Mar. Claud. The senators return.	As is the branded slave. Justice should have
Re-enter MINUTIUS, OPPIUS, and Lictors.	No kindred, friends nor foes, nor hate nor love ;
	As free from passion as the gods above.
Min. My lord, your answer? App. Claud. To obey, my lord, and to know	I was your friend and kinsman, now your judge;
how to rule,	And whilst I hold the scales, a downy feather
Do differ much : to obey, by nature comes;	Shall as soon turn them as a mass of pearl
But to command, by long experience.	Or diamonds.
Never wore great men in so eminent place	Mar. Claud. [aside]. Excellent, excellent lap-
Without their shadows: envy will attend	wing !
On greatness till this general frame takes end.	There's other stuff clos'd in that subtle breast :
'Twixt these extremes of state and banishment	He sings and beats his wings far from his nest.
My mind hath held long conflict, and at last	App. Claud. So, gentlemen, I take it, here
I thus return my answer : noble friends,	takes end
We now must part; necessity of state	Your business, my acquaintance : fare you well.
Compels it so;	First Cous. Here's a quick change ! who did
I must inhabit now a place unknown ;	expect this cloud ?
You see't compels me leave you. Fare you well.	Thus men when they grow great do straight
First Cous. To banishment, my lord?	grow proud. [Excunt Cousins.
App. Claud. I am given up	App. Claud. Now to our present business at the
To a long travel full of fear and danger;	camp.
To waste the day in sweat, and the cold night	The army that doth winter before Algidum +
In a most desolate contemplation;	Is much distress'd we hear: Minutius,
Banish'd from all my kindred and my friends;	You, with the levies and the little corn
Yea, banish'd from myself; for I accept	This present dearth will yield, are speedily
This honourable calling.	To hasten thither; so to appease the mind
Min. Worthy Appius,	Of the intemperate soldier.
The gods conduct you hither Lictors, his	Min. I am ready;
robes.	The levies do attend me : our lieutenant
Sec. Cous. We are made for ever, noble kins-	Send on our troops.
man:	* travel] See note †, p. 112.
Twas but to fright us	+ before Algidum] Old copy "'fore Agidon."
	1

SCENE III.

App. Claud. Farewell, Minutius : The gods go with you, and be still at hand To add a triumph to your bold command.

Exeunt.

SCENE II.*

Enter NUMITORIUS, ICILIUS, and VIRGINIA. Num. Noble Icilius, welcome : teach yourself A bolder freedom here; for, by our love, Your suit to my fair niece doth parallel Her kindred's wishes. There's not in all Rome A man that is by honour more approv'd, Nor worthier, were you poor, to be belov'd.

Icil. You give me, noble lord, that character Which I could never yet read in myself: But from your censure + shall I take much care To adorn it with the fairest ornaments Of unambitious virtue. Here I hold My honourable pattern; one whose mind Appears more like a ceremonious chapel Full of sweet music, than a thronging presence. I am confirm'd the court doth make some show Fairer than else they would do; but her port, Being simple virtue, beautifies the court.

Virginia. It is a flattery, my lord, You breathe upon me; and it shows much like The borrow'd painting which some ladies use : It is not to continue many days;

My wedding-garments will outwear this praise. Num. Thus ladies still foretall the funeral

Of their lords' kindness.

Enter a Servant, who whispers IOILIUS in the ear.

But, my lord, what news? Icil. Virginius, my lord, your noble brother, Disguis'd in dust and sweat, is new arriv'd Within the city: troops of artisans Follow his panting horse, and with a strange Confused noise, partly with joy to see him, Partly with fear for what his haste portends; They show as if a sudden mutiny O'erspread the city.

Num. Cousin, take your chamber.

[Exit VIRGINIA.

What business from the camp? Icil. Sure, sir, it bears

The form of some great danger; for his horse, Bloody with spurring, shows as if he came From forth a battle : never did you see 'Mongst quails or cocks in fight a bloodier heel Than that your brother strikes with. In this form

* Scene II.] A room in the house of Virginius.

t censure] i.e. opinion.

Of o'erspent horseman, having, as it seems, With the distracting of his news, forgot House, friends, or change of raiment, he is gone To the senate-house.

Num. Now the gods bring us safety ! The face of this is cloudy: let us haste To the senate-house, and there inquire how near The body moves of this our threaten'd fear.

Exeunt.

SCENE III.*

Enter APPIUS CLAUDIUS melancholy ; after, MARCUS CLAUDIUS.

Mar. Claud. My lord,-

App. Claud. Thou troublest me.

Mar. Claud. My hand's as ready arm'd to work your peace,

As my tongue bold to inquire your discontents : Good my lord, hear me.

App. Claud. I am at much variance Within myself; there's discord in my blood; My powers are all in combat; I have nothing Left but sedition in me.

Mar. Claud. Trust my bosom

To be the closet of your private griefs

Believe me, I am uncrannied.

App. Claud. May I trust thee?

Mar. Claud. As the firm centre to endure the burden

Of your light foot; as you would trust the poles To bear on them this airy canopy,

And not to fear their shrinking. I am strong, Fix'd, and unshaking.

App. Claud. Art thou? then thine ear: + I love.

Mar. Claud. Ha! ha! he!

App. Claud. Can this my ponderous secrecy Be in thine ear so light? seems my disturbance Worthy such scorn that thou derid'st my griefs Believe me, Claudius, I am not a twig

That every gust can shake, but 'tis a tempest

That must be able to use violence

- Wherefore laugh'st On my grown branches. thou, then ?
 - Mar. Claud. Not that you're mov'd: it makes me smile in scorn.

That wise men cannot understand themselves,

Nor know their own prov'd greatness. Claudius laughs not

To think you love; but that you are so hopeless Not to presume to enjoy whom you affect.

* Scene III. A room in the house of Appius Claudius. t ear] Old copy, "ever."

What's she in Rome your greatness cannot awe, Or your rich purse purchase? Promises and threats Are statemen's lictors to arrest such pleasures As they would bring within their strict commands: Why should my lord droop, or deject his eye? Can you command Rome, and not countermand A woman's weakness? Let your grace bestow Your purse and power on me : I'll prostrate you.* App. Claud. Ask both, and lavish them to purchase ms The rich fee-simple of Virginia's heart. Mar. Claud. Virginia's ! App. Claud. Hers. Mar. Claud. I have already found An easy path which you may safely tread, Yet no man trace you. App. Claud. Thou art my comforter. Mar. Claud. Her father's busied in our foreign wars. And there hath chief employment : all their pay Must your discretion scantle; keep it back; Restrain it in the common treasury : Thus may a statesman 'gainst a soldier stand, To keep his purse weak, whilst you arm his hand. Her father thus kept low, gifts and rewards Will tempt the maid the sconer; nay, haply draw The father in to plead in your behalf. But should these fail, then siegs her virgin tower With two prevailing engines, fear and power. App. Claud. Go, then, and prove a speeding advocats : Arm thee with all our bounty, oratory, Variety of promise. Enter VALERIUS. Val. Lord Appius, the Decemvirate entreat Your voice in this day's senate. Old Virginius Craves audience from the camp, with earnest suit For quick despatch. App. Claud. We will attend the senate .---Claudius, be gone. Execut MARCUS CLAUDIUS and VALERIUS. Enter Oppius and Senators. † Opp. We sent to you to assist us in this council Touching the expeditions of our war.

* I'll prostrate you] Seems to mean-I'll prostituts, pander for you,-a Latinism; one of the senses of prosterno being to prostitute.

† Enter Oppius and Senators] Here, of course, the

App. Claud. Ours is a willing presence to the trouble

Of all state-cares.—Admit him from the camp.

Enter VIROINIUS.

Opp. Speak the camp's will.

Virginius. The camp wants money; we have store of knocks.

And wounds God's plenty, hut we have no pay: This three months did we never house our heads But in yon great star-chamber; never bedded But in the cold field-heds; our victual fails us, Yet meet with no supply; we're fairly promis'd, But soldiers cannot feed on promises;

- All our provant apparel's* torn to rags,
- And our munition fails us. Will you send us To fight for Rome like beggars? Noble gentlemen.
- Are you the high state of Decemviri,

That have those things in manage? Pity us,

- For we have need on't. Let not your delays
- Be cold to us, whose bloods have oft been heated

To gain you fame and riches. Prove not to us (Being our friends) worse foes than we fight with: Let's not be starv'd in kindness. Sleep you now Upon the bench, when your deaf ears should

listen

Unto the wretchless clamours of the poor?

Then would I had my drums here, they might rattle,

And rouse you to attendance ! Most grave fathers, Show yourselves worthy stewards to our mother, Fair Rome, to whom we are no bastard sons,

Though we be soldiers. She hath in her store

Food to maintain life in the camp, as well

As surfeit for the city. Do not save

The fos a labour: send us some supply,

Lest, ers they kill us, we by famine die.

App. Claud. Shall I, my lords, give answer to this soldier?

Opp. Be you the city's voice.

App. Claud. Virgiuius, we would have you thus possess'd :+

We sit not here to be prescrib'd and taught,

Nor to have any suitor give us limit,

Whose power admits no curb. Next know, Virginius,

The camp's our servant, and must be dispos'd,

audience were to suppose a change of scene. Perhaps a curtain was drawn, and Oppius aud the Senators were discovered seated.

* provant apparel] i.e. clothing provided for the army. † possess'd] i.e. informed.

Controll'd, and us'd by us, that have the strength	Virginius. And will not help them ?
To knit it or dissolve it. When we please,	App. Claud. Yes.
Out of our princely grace and clemency,	Virginius. When ?
To look upon your wants, it may be then	App. Claud. Hereafter.
We shall redress them: but till then, it fits not	Virginius. Hereafter! when so many gallant
That any petty fellow wag'd by us Should have a tarmer sound have before a hand	spirits,
Should have a tongue sound here, hefore a hench Of such grave auditors. Further,—	That yet may stand hetwixt you and destruction,
Virginius. Pray, give me leave.	Are sunk in death? Hereafter! when disorder
Not here ! Pray, Appius, is not this the judg-	Hath swallow'd all our forces ?
ment-seat ?	App. Claud. We'll hear no more.
Where should a poor man's cause be heard but	Opp. Peace, fellow, peace ! know the Decemviri
here ?	And their authority: we shall commit you else.
To you the statists of long-flourishing Rome,	Virginius. Do so, and I shall thank you; be reliev'd.
To you I call,—if you have charity,	And have a strong house o'er me; fear no alarms
If you be human, and not quite given o'er	Given in the night by any quick perdu.
To furs and metal; if you be Romans;	Your guilty in the city feeds more dainty
If you have any soldier's blood at all	Than doth your general : 'tis a better office
Flow in your veins; help with your able arms	To be an under-keeper than a captain :
To prop a sinking camp : an infinite	The gods of Rome amend it !
Of fair Rome's sons, cold, weak, hungry, and	App. Claud. Break up the senate.
clotheless,	Virginius. And shall I have no answer?
Would feed upon your surfeit: will you save	App. Claud. So, farewell.
them,	[Excunt all except VIRGINIUS.
Or shall they perish ?	Virginius. What slave would be a soldier, to be
App. Claud. What we will, we will;	censur'd
Be that your answer : perhaps at further leisure	By such as ne'er saw danger? to have our pay,
We'll help you; not your merit, but our pleasure.	Our worths, and merits, balanc'd in the scale
Virginius. I will not curse thee, Appius; but I	Of hase moth-eaten peace? I have had wounds
wish	Would have made all this bench faint and look
Thou wert i'the camp amongst the mutineers	pale
To tell my answers, not to trouble me.	But to behold them search'd. They lay their heads
Make you us dogs, yet not allow us hones? O, what are soldiers come to ! Shall your camp,	On their soft pillows, pore upon their hags, Grow fat with laziness and resty ease;
The strength of all your peace, and the iron wall	And us that stand hetwixt them and disaster
That rings this pomp in from invasive steel,	They will not spare a drachma. O my soldiers,
Shall that decay? Then let the foreign fires	Before you want, I'll sell my small possessions
Climb o'er these buildings; let the sword and	Even to my skin to help you; plate and jewels,
slaughter	All shall he yours. Men that are men indeed,
Chase the gown'd senate through the streets of	The earth shall find, the sun and air must feed.
Rome,	
To double-dye their robes in scarlet; let	Enter NUMITORIUS, ICILIUS, VALERIUS, and VIROINIA.
The enemy's stripp'd arm have his crimson'd	Num. Your daughter, noble brother, hearing
brawns	late
Up to the elbows in your traitorous hlood;	Of your arrival from the camp, most humhly
Let Janus' temple be devolv'd; your treasures	Prostrates her filial duty.
Ripp'd up to pay the common adversaries	Virginius. Daughter, rise :
With our due wages. Do you look for less?	And, brother, I am only rich in her,
The rottenness of this misgovern'd state	And in your love, link'd with the honour'd
Must grow to some disease, incurable	friendship
Save with a sack or elaughter.	Of those fair Roman lords.—For you, Icilius,
App. Claud. You're too bold.	I hear I must adopt you with the title
Virginius. Know you our extremities?	Of a new son : you are Virginia's chief;
App. Claud. We do.	And I am proud she hath built her fair election

Upon such store of virtues. May you grow, Although a city's child, to know a soldier, And rate him to his merit! Icil. Noble father (For henceforth I shall only use that name), Our meeting was to urge you to the process Of our fair contract. Virginius. Witness, gentlemen, Here I give up a father's interest, But not a father's love; that I will ever Wear next my heart, for it was born with her, And grows still with my age. Num. Icilius, Receive her:witness, nohle gentlemen. Val. With all my heart. I would Icilius could Do as much for me : but Rome affords not such Another Virginia.	 Virginia. I am my father's daughter, and by him I must he sway'd in all things. Num. Brother, this happy contract asks a feast, As a thing due to such soleminities: It shall be at my house, where we this night Will sport away some hours. Virginius. I must to horse. Num. What, ride to-night ! Virginius. Must see the camp to-night : 'Tis full of trouble and distracted fears, And may grow mutinous: I am bent to ride. Val. To-night ! Virginius. I am engag'd: short farewells now must serve; The universal business calls me hence, That toucheth a whole people. Rome, I fear, I Exeunt.
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ACT II.

ACT II.-SCENE I.*

Enter CORBULO, the Clown, whispering VIRCINIA. †

Virginia. Sirrah, go tell Calphurnia I am walking

To take the air: entreat her company;

Say I attend her coming.

Corb. Madam, I shall: but if you could walk abroad, and get an heir, it were better; for your father hath a fair revenue, and never a son to inherit.

Virginia. You are, sirrah,-----

Corb. Yes, I am sirrah; but not the party that is born to do that: though I have no lordships, yet I have so much manners to give my betters place.

Virginia. Whom mean you by your hetters?

Corb. I hope I have learnt to know the three degrees of comparison; for though I he bonus, and you melior as well as mulier, yet my Lord Icilius is optimus.

Virginia. I see there's nothing in such private done

But you must inquire after.

Corb. And can you blame us, madam, to long for the merry day, as you do for the merry night? Virginia. Will you he gone, sir?

* Scene I.] A street.

+ To this stage-direction, the old copy adds, "after her M. Clodius with presents." Corb. O yes, to my Lady Calphurnia's; I remember my errand. [Exit.

Virginia. My father's wondrous pensive, and withal

With a suppress'd rage left his house displeas'd,

And so in post is hurried to the camp:

It sads me much; to expel which melancholy, I have sent for company.

Enter MARCUS CLAUDIUS and Musicians.

Mar. Claud. This opportunity was subtly waited:

It is the hest part of a politician,

When he would compass aught to fame his industry,

Wisely to wait the advantage of the hours;

His happy minutes are not always present.

Express your greatest art; Virginia hears you.

Virginia. O, I conceive the occasion of this harmony:

Icilius sent it; I must thank his kindness.

Mar. Claud. Let not Virginia rate + her contemplation

† rate] So the Editor of 1816.—The old copy "wate."— Mr. Collisr (Preface to Coleridge's Seven Lectures, &c. p. lxxxv.), treating of various typographical errors in the works of our old dramatists, writes as follows. "But the most remarkable proof to the same effect occurs in

[[]Song.*

^{*} Song] See note †, p. 45.

SCENE II.

Lin Light II

APPIUS AND VIRGINIA.

So high, to call this visit an intrusion; For when she understands I took my message	Mar. Claud. Worthy fair one, I would not wrong your worth so to employ
From one that did compose it with affection,	My language for a mau so much beneath
I know she will not only extend pardon,	The merit of your beauty: he I plead for
But grace it with her favour.	Has power to make your besuty populous;*
Virginia. You mediate excuse for courtesies,	
As if I were so barren of civility,	Your frown shall awe the world; and in your smile
Not to esteem it worthy of my thanks:	Great Rome shall build her happiness;
Assure yourself I could be longer patient	Honour and wealth shall not be styl'd companions,
To hear my ears so feasted.	But servents to your pleasure. Then shall Icilius (but a refin'd citizen)
Mar. Claud. Join all your voices till you make	
the air	Boast your affection, when Lord Appius loves you?
Proud to usurp your notes, and to please her	Virginia. Bless his great lordship ! I was much
With a sweet echo; serve Virginia's pleasure.	mistaken.
[Song.	Let thy lord know, thou advocate of lust,
As you have been so full of gentleness	All the intentions of that youth are honourable,
To hear with patience what was brought to serve	Whilst his are fill'd with sensuality :
you,	And for a final resolution know,
So hearken with your usual clemency	Our hearts in love, like twins, alike shall grow.
To the relation of a lover's sufferings.	
Your figure still does revel in his dreams;	Mar. Claud. Had I a wife or daughter that
He hanquets ou your memory, yet finds	could please him,
Not thoughts enough to satisfy his wishes;	I would devote her to him : but I must Shadow this scorn, and soothe him still in lust.
As if Virginia had compos'd his heart, And fills it with her beauty.	Blattow this scorn, and soothe him suit in fusit
Virginia. I see he is a miser in his wishes,	
And thinks he never has enough of that	
Which only he possesses : but, to give	SCENE II.+
His wishes satisfaction, let him know	Enter Six Soldiers.
His heart and mine do dwell so near together,	First Soldier. What news yet of Virginius'
That hourly they converse and guard each other.	return ?
Mar. Claud. Is fair Virginia confident she	Second Soldier. Not any.
knows	First Sold. O, the misery of soldiers !
Her favour dwells with the same man I plead for?	They doubly starve us with fair promises.
Virginia. Unto Icilius.	We spread the earth like hail or new-reap'd corn
	In this fierce famine; and yet patiently
Webeter's 'Appine and Virginia' (edit. Dyce, II. 160), where this passage is met with as it is printed in the old	Make our obedience the confined gaol
copy :	That starves us.
⁴ Let not Virginia wate her contemplation	Third Sold. Soldiers, let us draw our swords
So high, to call this visit an intrusion.' It is clear that 'wate' must be wrong, and the editor	While we have strength to use them.
suggests waie (i.e. weigh) as the fit emendation; when,	First Sold. 'Tis a motion
as in the two preceding eases, he did not see that it is	Which nature and necessity commands.
only a blunder of w for r, because the person who delivered the line could not pronounce the letter r:	
read rate for 'wate,' and the whole difficulty vanishes."	* populous] "Populous," says the Editor of 1816,
Now, it was with comething more than surprise that	"must be used here in the same sense as <i>popular</i> . Should we not substitute it?" The following quota-
I read what I have just quoted; for in the first edition of the present work (vol. "II, 160,"-to which Mr. Collier	tione show that the text requires no alteration :
so carefully refers), I gave the passage in question	"It should have bene some fine confection,
literatim thus,	That might have given the broth some daintie taste; This powder was to grosse and <i>populos</i> ."
"Let not Virginia <i>rate</i> her contemplation," &c. and the note on it in that edition is,	The Tragedie of Arden of Feversham, 1592, Sig. B 4.
"rate] So the Editor of 1816. The old copy, 'wate.'	The edition of Arden, 1633, has "populous."
Qv. if a misprint for 'waie,' i.e. weigh."	"You wrong my health in thinking I leve them: Do not I know their <i>populous</i> imperfections?
Why has Mr. Collier entirely suppressed the fact that I inserted "rate" in the text of my former edition?	Why, they cannot live till Easter," &c.
and why has he not mentioned that the emendation	Middleton's Your Five Gallants; - Works, ii. 245, ed. Dyce.
"rate" was made by Mr. Dilke forty years ago?	† Scene II.] The camp, before Algidum.

Bater MINUTIUS.	First Sold. He's stol'n away from's, never to
Min. Ye're of Virginius's regiment?	return :
Omnes. We are.	And, now his age will suffer him no more
Min. Why do you swarm in troops thus? To	Deal on the enemy, belike he'll turn
your quarter !	An usurer, and in the city air
Is our command grown idle? To your trench !	Cut poor men's throats at home, sitting in's
Come, I'll divide you : this your conference	chair.
Is not without suspect of mutiny.	Min. You wrong one of the honourablest com-
First Sold. Soldiers, shall I relate the grievances	manders.
Of the whole regiment?	Omnes. Honourable commander!
Omnes. Boldly.	First Sold. Commander! ay, my lord, there goes
First Sold. Then thus, my lord,	the thrift:
Min. Come, I will not hear thee.	In victories the general and commanders
First Sold. Sir, you shall.	Share all the honour, as they share the spoil : But in our overthrows where lies the hlame ?
Sound all the drums and trumpets in the camp	The common soldier's fault; ours is the shame.
To drown my utterance, yet above them all	
I'll rear our just complaint. Stir not, my lord :	What is the reason that, being so far distant
I vow you are not safe, if you but move	From the affrighted enemy, we lie I'the open field, subject to the sick humours
A sinew till you hear us.	Of heaven and earth, unless you could bestow
Min. Well, sir, command us;	Two summers of * us? Shall I tell you truth?
You are the general. First Sold. No, my lord, not I:	You account the expense of engines and of swords,
I am almost starv'd; I wake in the wet trench,	Of horses and of armour, dearer far
Loaded with more cold iron than a gaol	Than soldiers' lives.
Would give a murderer, while the general	Omnes. Now, by the gods, you do.
Sleeps in a field-bed, and to mock our hunger	First Sold. Observe you not the ravens and the
Feeds us with scent of the most curious fare	crows
That makes his tables crack; our pay detain'd	Have left the city-surfeit, and with us
By those that are our leaders; and at once	They make full banquets? Come, you birds of
We, in this sad and unprepared plight,	death,
With the enemy and famine daily fight.	And fill your greedy crops with human flesh;
Min. Do you threaten us?	Then to the city fly, disgorge it there
Omnes. Sir, you shall hear him out.	Before the senate; and from thence arise
First Sold. You send us whips, and iron	A plague to choke all Rome!
manacles,	Omnes. And all the suburbs !
And shackles plenty, hut the devil a coin.	Min. Upon a soldier's word, bold gentlemen,
Would you would teach us that cannibal trick,	I expect every hour Virginius
my lord,	To bring fresh comfort.
Which some rich men i'the city oft do use!	Omnes. Whom ? Virginius ?
Shall's one devour another?	First Sold. Now, by the gods, if ever he return,
Min. Will you hear me?	We'll drag him to the slaughter by his locks
First Sold. O Rome, thou'rt grown a most	Turn'd white with riot and incontinence,
unnatural mother	And leave a precedent to all the world
To those have held thee by the golden locks	How captains use their soldiers!
From sinking into ruin ! Romulus	
Was fed by a she-wolf; hut now our wolves,	Enter VIROINIUS.
Instead of feeding us, devour our flesh,	Min. See, he's return'd
Carouse our blood, yet are not drunk with it,	Virginius, you are not safe; retire;
For three parts of t is water.	Your troops are mutinous: we are begint
Min. Your captain, Noble Virgining is cart [t.] D.	With enemies more daring and more fierce
Noble Virginius, is sent [to] Rome	Than is the common foe.
For ease of all your grievances. First Sold. 'Tis false.	Virginius. My troops, my lord !
Omnes. Ay, 'tis false.	
chines, ity, up laise.	* of] i.e. on.

Min. Your life is threaten'd by these desperate	You ne'er durst look on : it were charity
men:	To hang you, for my mind gives ye're reserv'd
Betake you to your horse.	To rob poor market-women.
Virginius. My noble lord,	Min. O Virginius,
I never yet profess'd to teach the art	Virginius. I do beseech you to confirm my sen-
Of flying.—Ha! our troops grown mutinous!	tence,
He dares not look on me with half a face	As you respect me. I will stand myself
That spread this wildfireWhere is our lieu-	For the whole regiment; and safer far
tenant?	In mine own single valour, than begirt
Enter VALERIUS.	With cowards and with traitors.
	Min. O my lord,
Val. My lord?	You are too severe.
Virginius. Sirrah, order our companies.	Virginius. Now, by the gods, my lord,
Min. What do you mean, my lord?	You know no discipline, to pity them.
Virginius. Take air a little, they have heated	Precious devils! no sooner my back turn'd
me.—	But presently to mutiny !
Sirrah, is't you will mutiny?	Omnes. Dear captain,
Third Sold. Not I, sir.	Virginius. Refuse me,* if such traitorous rogues
Virginius. Is your gall burst, you traitor?	Would not confound an army !When do you
Fourth Sold. The gods defend,* sir!	march?
Virginius. Or is your stomach sea-sick? doth it	When do you march, gentlemen?
rise?	First Sold. My lord, we'll starve first;
I'll make a passage for it.	We'll hang first; by the gods, do any thing,
Fifth Sold. Noble captain,	Ere we'll forsake you.
I'll die heneath your foot.	Min. Good Virginius,
Virginius. You rough porcupine, ha!	Limit your passion.
Do you bristle, do you shoot your quills, you rogue?	Virginius. Sir, you may take my place,
First Sold. They have no points to hurt you,	Not my just anger from me. These are they
noble captain.	Have bred a dearth i'the camp: I'll wish our
Virginius. Was't you, my nimble shaver, that	foes
would whet	No greater plague than to have their company :
Your eword 'gainst your commander's throat, you,	Show but among them all so many scars
sirrah ?	As stick upon this flesh, I'll pardon them.
Sixth Sold. My lord, I never dream'd on't.	Min. How now, my lord, hreathless?
Virginius. Slaves and cowards,	Virginius. By your favour: I ha' said.
What, are you choleric now? By the gods,	Mischiefs confound me, if I could not wish
The way to purge it were to let you blood !	My youth renew'd again, with all her follies,
I am i'the centre of you, and I'll make	Only to have breath enough to rail against
The proudest of you teach the aspen-leaf	These 'Tis too short.
To tremble, when I breathe.	Min. See, gentlemen, what strange distraction
Min. A strange conversion.	Your falling off from duty hath begot
Virginius. Advance your pikes! the word!	In this most noble soldier : you may live,
Omnes. Advance your pikes !	The meanest of you, to command a troop,
Virginius. See, nohle lord, these are no muti-	And then in others you'll correct those faults
neers;	Which in yourselves you cherish'd: every captain
These are ohedient soldiers, civil men:	Bears in his private government that form
You shall command these, if your lordship please,	Which kings should o'er their subjects, and to them
To fill a ditch up with their slaughter'd bodies,	Should be the like obedient. We confess
That with more ease you may assault some town	You have been distress'd; but can you justly chal-
So, now lay down your arms! Villains and traitors,	
I here cashier you : hence from me, my poison,	lenge
Not worthy of our discipline! go heg,	Any commander that hath surfeited,
Go beg, you mutinous rogues! brag of the service	While that your food was limited? You cannot.
* defend] i.e. forbid.	* Refuse me] See note §, p. 7.
weleveral ries torpides	2000 mar mal 000 Horo 8' h. 1'

 Virginius. My lord, I have shar'd with them an equal fortune, Hunger and cold, march'd thorough watery fens, Borne as great burdens as the pioneer, When scarce the ground would bear me,— Min. Good my lord, give us leave to proceed.— The punishment your captain hath inflicted Is not sufficient; for it cannot bring Any example to succeeding times Of penance worth your faulting: happily It may in you heget a certain shame; But it will [breed] in others a strong hope Of the like lenity. Yet, gentlemen, 	 "Twould make a man fight up to the neck in blood, To think how nobly he shall be receiv'd When he returns to the city Min. "Tis well. Give order the provision be divided, And sent to every quarter. Virginius. Sir, it shall.— [Aside.] Thus men must elight their wrongs, or else conceal them, When general safety wills us not reveal them.
You have in one thing given me such a taste	SCENE III.*
Of your obedience, when the firo was rais'd	Enter Two Petitioners at one Door; at the other, MARCUS
Of fierce sedition, and the cheek was swoll'n	CLAUDIUS.
To sound the fatal trumpet, then the sight	First Pet. Pray, is your lord at leisure?
Of this your worthy captain did disperse	Mar. Claud. What is your suit?
All those unfruitful humours, and even then	First Pet. To accept this poor petition, which
Convert you from fierce tigers to staid men :	makes known
We therefore pardon you, and do restore	My many wrongs, in which I crave his justice
Your captain to you, you unto your captain.	And upright sentence to support my cause,
Omnes. The gods requite you, noble general !	Which else is trod down by oppression.
Min. My lord, my lord !	Mar. Claud. My lord's hand is the prop of
<i>Omnes.</i> Your pardon, noble captain! <i>Virginius.</i> Well, you are the general, and the	innocence, And if your cause be worthy his supportance,
fault is quit:	It cannot fall.
A soldier's tears, an elder brother's wit,	First. Pet. The gods of Rome protect him !
Have little salt in them, nor do they season	Mar. Claud. What, is your paper, too, petition-
Things worth observing, for their want of reason	ary?
Take up your arms and use them, do, I pray:	Sec. Pet. It leans upon the justice of the judge,
Ers long you'll take your legs to run away.	Your noble lord, the very stay of Rome.
Min. And what supply from Rome ?	Mar. Claud. And surer basis for a poor man's
Virginius. Good store of corn.	cause
Min. What entertainment there?	She cannot yield. Your papers I'll deliver;
Virginius. Most honourable,	And when my lord ascends the judgment-seat,
Especially by the Lord Appius.	You shall find gracious comfort.
There is great hope that Appius will grow	
The soldier's patron: with what vehemency	Enter Icilius troubled.
He urg'd our wants, and with what expedition	Icil. Where's your lord?
He hasted the supplies, it is almost	Mar. Claud. [aside]. Icilius ! fair Virginia's late
Incredible. There's promis'd to the soldier,	betroth'd i
Besides their corn, a bounteous donative; [A shout.	Icil. Your ears, I hope, you have not forfeited,
	That you return no auswer: where's your lord? Mar. Claud. At's study.
But 'tis not certain yet when't shall be paid. Min. How for your own particular?	Icil. I desire admittance to him.
Virginius. My lord,	
I was not enter'd fully two pikss' length	* Scene III.] Rome. An outer-apartment, it would
Into the senate, but they all stood bare,	seem, in the house of Appius. But presently, when
And each man offer'd me his seat. The business	Appius is left alone with Icilius, a change of scene is <i>supposed</i> ; for, p. 160, Appius eays to Claudius,
For which I went despatch'd, what gifts, what fa-	"To send a ruffian hither,
vours,	Even to my closet," &c.
Were done me, your good lordship shall not hear,	(And yet, in the First Scene of the next Act, Icilius speaks of this interview with Appius as having taken
For you would wonder at them; only this,	place "in the lobby"!)

Mar. Claud. Please you attend: I'll know his	Τ
lordship's pleasure.—	
[Aside.] Icilius! I pray heaven she have not	
blabb'd. [Exit.	
Icil. "Attend!" A petty lawyer t'other day,	L
Glad of a fee, but call'd to eminent place,	
Even to his betters now the word's "Attend:"	1
This gowned office, what a breadth it bears ! How many tempests wait upon his frown !	1
now many tempests wait upon his frown !	
Re-enter MARCUS CLAUDIUS.	
Mar. Claud. All the petitioners withdraw.	j.
[Excunt Petitioners.	Ŀ
Lord Appius	
Must have this place more private, as a favour	L
Reserv'd for you, Icilius.—Here's my lord.	
Enter APPIUS CLAUDIUS with Lictors afore him.	
App. Claud. Be gone; this place is only spar'd	
for us, Exeunt Lictors.	
And you, Icilius. Now your business.	
Icil. May I speak it freely?	
App. Claud. We have suffering ears,	ł
A heart the softest down may penetrate :	
Proceed.	
Icil. My lord,—	Ι.
App. Claud. We are private; pray, your cour-	
tesy.	
Icil. My duty-	1:
App. Claud. Leave that to the public eye	1
Of Rome and of Rome's people.—Claudius, there!	'
Mar. Claud. My lord?	
App. Claud. Place me a second chair; that done, Remove yourself. So, now your absence, Claudius.	1
[Exit Mar. Claudius.	1
Icilius, sit : this grace we make not common	
Unto the noblest Roman, but to you	1
Our love affords it freely. Now your suit?	
Icil. It is, you would be kind unto the camp.	
App. Claud. Wherein, Icilius, doth the camp	
touch thee?	1
Icil. Thus: old Virginius, now my father-in-law,] 1
Kept from the public pay, consumes himself,	
Sells his revenues, turns his plate to coin,	
To wage his soldiers and supply the camp;	
Wasting that useful substance which indeed	
Should rise to me as my Virginia's dowry.	
App. Claud. We meet that opposition thus, Ici-	ł
lius :	
The camp's supplies do not consist in us,	(1
But those that keep the common treasury;	1
Speak or entreat we may, but not command.	
But, sir, I wonder you, so brave a youth,	1 t
Son to a thrifty Roman, should ally you	6
And knityour strong arms to such falling branches	

Which rather in their ruin will bear down Your strength, than you support their rottenness. Be sway'd by me; fly from that ruinous house, Whose fall may crush you, and contract with mine, Whose bases are of marble, deeply fix'd To maugre * all guste and impending storms. Cast off that beggar's daughter, poor Virginia, Whose dowry and beauty I'll see trebled both In one allied to me. Smile you, Icilius?

Icil. My lord, my lord, think you I can imagine Your close and sparing hand can be profuse To give that man a palace whom you late Denied a cottage? Will you from your own coffers Grant me a treble dowry, yet interpose me A poor third from the common treasury ? You must move me by possibilities, For I have brains: give first your hand and seal, That old Virginius shall receive his pay, Both for himself and soldiers; and, that done, I shall perhaps be soon induc'd to think That you, who with such willingness did that,--

App. Claud. Is my love mispriz'd ? Icil. Not to Virginia.

App. Claud. Virginia!

Icil. Yes, Virginia, lustful lord.

I did but trace your cunning all this while : You would bestow me on some Appian trull,

And for that dross to cheat me of my gold :

For this the camp pince, and the city smarts :

All Rome fares worse for thy incontinence. App. Claud. Mine, boy !

Icil. Thine, judge. This hand hath intercepted Thy letters, and perus'd thy tempting gifts +:

These ears have heard thy amorous passions, wretch !

These eyes beheld thy treacherous name subscrib'd. A judge ? a devil !

App. Claud. Come, I'll hear no more.

Icil. Sit still, or, by the powerful gods of Rome,

'll nail thee to the chair : but suffer me,

'll offend nothing but thine ears.

App. Claud. Our secretary !

Icil. Tempt not a lover's fury : if thou dost,

* To maugre] i.e. to defy. I know no other instauce f this word being used as a verb: as an adverb, with he sense in spite of, it often occurs.

† gifts] The old copy "guests."-The Rev. J. Mitford Gent. Mag. for June 1833, p. 491) would read "quests." But compare what Appius says a little after;

"and for those letters,

Tokens, and presents, we acknowledge none." may add, that in Shakespeare's Tempest, act IV. SC. 1, he first folio has the same misprint,-

'Theu, as my guest, and thine own acquisition Worthily purchas'd, take my daughter," &c.

Now, hy my vow insculp'd in heaven, I'll send thee	App. Claud. Granted ere crav'd, my good Icilius.
App. Claud. You see I am patient.	Icil. Morrow.
Icil. But withal revengeless.	App. Claud. It is no more, indeed. Morrow,
App. Claud. So, say on.	Icilius.
Icil. Hope not of any grace or the least favour:	If any of our servants wait without,
I am so covetous of Virginia's love,	Command them in.
I canuot spare thee the least look, glance, touch:	Icil. I shall.
Divide one bare imaginary thought	App. Claud. Our secretary,-
Into a thousand thousand parts, and that	We have use for him; Icilius, send him hither:
I'll not afford thee.	Again, good-morrow. [Exit Icilius.
App. Claud. Thou shalt not.	Go to thy death; thy life is doom'd and cast.
Icil. Nay, I will not :	Appius, he circumspect, and he not rash
Hadst thou a judge's place above those judges	In blood, as thou'rt in lust: he murderous still;
That judge all souls, having power to sentence me,	But when thou strik'st, with unseen weapons kill.
I would not bribe thee, no, not with one hair	Re-enter MARCUS CLAUDIUS.
From her fair temples.	Mar. Claud. My honourable lord,—
App. Claud. Thou shouldst not.	App. Claud. Deride me, dog?
Icil. Nay, I would not.	Mar. Claud. Who hath stirr'd up this tempest
Think not her beauty shall have leave to crown	in your brow?
Thy lustful hopes with the least spark of hliss, Or have thine ears charm'd with the ravishing	App. Claud. Not you ! fie, you !
sound	Mar. Claud. All you Pantheon gods
Even of her harshest phrase.	Confound me, if my soul he accessary
App. Claud. I will not.	To your distractions!
Icil. Nay, thou shalt not.	App. Claud. To send a ruffian hither,
She's mine; my soul is crown'd in her desire;	Even to my closet; first, to brave my greatness,
To her I'd travel through a land of fire.	Play with my beard, revile me, taunt me, hiss me ;
App. Claud. Now have you done?	Nay, after all these deep disparagements,
Icil. I have spoke my thoughts.	Threat me with steel, and menace me unarm'd,
App. Claud. Then will thy fury give me leave	To nail me to my seat if I hut mov'd :
to speak ?	All these are slight, slight toys.
Icil. I pray, say on.	Mar. Claud. Icilius do this?
App. Claud. Icilius, I must chide you, and	App. Claud. Ruffian Icilius : he that, in the front
withal	Of a smooth citizen, bears the rugged soul
Tell you your rashness hath made forfeiture	Of a most base banditto.
Even of your precious life, which we esteem	Mar. Claud. He shall die for't.
Too dear to call in question. If I wish'd you	App. Claud. Be not too rash.
Of my alliance, graff'd into my blood,	Mar. Claud. Were there no more men to sup-
Condemn you me for that? O, see the rashness	port great Rome,
And blind misprision of distemper'd youth !	Even falling Rome should perish ere he stand : I'll after him, and kill him.
As for the maid Virginia, we are far	App. Claud. Stay, I charge thes.
Even in least thought from her; and for those	Lend me a patient ear: to right our wrongs,
letters,	We must not menace with a public hand;
Tokens, and presents, we acknowledge none.	We stand in the world's eye, and shall be tax'd
Alas, though great in place, we are not gods:	Of the least violence where we revenge :
If any false impostor hath usurp'd	We should smile smoothest where our hate's
Our hand or greatness in his own behoof, Can we help that? Icilius, there's our hand ;	most deep,
Your rashness we remit : let's have hereafter	And when our spleen's broad waking, seem to sleep.
Your love and hest opinion. For your suit,	Let the young man play still upon the bit,
Repair to us at both our better lisisures,	Till we have brought and train'd him to our lure
We'll breathe in it new life.	Great men should strike hut once, and then strike
Icil. I crave your pardon.	sure.

SCENE I.

APPIUS AND VIRGINIA.

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Mar. Claud. Love you Virginia still ?	Mar. Claud. If he spurn,
App. Claud. Do I still live?	Clap him up close: there's ways to charm his
Mar. Claud. 'Then she's your own. Virginius	spleen.
is, you say,	By this no scandal can redound to you;
Still in the camp?	The cause is mine; you but the sentencer
App. Claud. True.	Upon that evidence which I shall bring.
Mar. Claud. Now in his absence will I claim	The business is, to have warrants hy arrest,
Virginia	To answer such things at the judgment-har
To be the daughter of a hondwoman,	As can be laid against her : ere her friends
And slave to me; to prove which, I'll produce	Cau be assembled, ere herself can study
Firm proofs, notes probable, sound witnesses :	Her answer, or scarce know her cause of sum-
Then, having with your Lictors summon'd her,	mons
I'll bring the cause before your judgment-seat;	To descant on the matter, Appius may
Where, upon my infallid evidence,	Examine, try, and doom Virginia.
You may pronounce the sentence on my side,	But all this must be sudden.
And she become your strumpet, not your bride.	App. Claud. Thou art horn
App. Claud. Thou hast a copious brain: but	To mount me high above Icilius' scorn.
how in this	I'll leave it to thy manage. [Excunt.
Shall we dispose Icilius?	

ACT III.

SCENE L*

Enter Nurse and CORBULO.

Corb. What was that you said, nurse ?

Nurse. Why, I did say thou must hestir thyself.

Corb. I warrant you, I can hestir my stumps as soon as another, if fit occasion be offered : but why do you come upon me in such haste? is it because, nurse, I should come over you at leisure ?

Nurse. Come over me, thou knave! what dost thou mean by that?

Corb. Only this; if you will come off, I will come on.

Nurse. My lord hath strangers to-night: you must make ready the parlour; a table and lights : nay, when, † I say ?

Corb. Methinks you should rather wish for a bed than for a board, for darkness than for lights : yet I must confess you have been a light woman in your time; but now---

Nurse. But now ! what now, you knave?

Corb. But now I'll go fetch the table and some lights presently.

Enter NUMITORIUS, HORATIUS, VALERIUS, and ICILIUS. Num. Some lights to usher in these gentlemen !

* Scene I.] Rome. An apartment in the house of Numitorius.

t when] See note *, p. 68.

Clear all the rooms without there !- Sit, pray, sit.-

None interrupt our conference.

Enter VIRGINIA.

Ha, who's that?

Nurse. My most [dear *] child, if it please you. Num. Fair Virginia, you are welcome .--

The rest forbear us till we call.

Excunt Nurse and CORBULO.

Sweet cousin.

Our business and the cause of our discourse Admits you to this council: take your place .--Icilius, we are private; now proceed.

Icil. Then thus: Lord Appius doth intend me wrong;

And under his smooth calmness cloaks a tempest That will ere long break out in violence

On me and on my fortunes.

Num. My good cousin, You are young, and youth breeds rashness. Can I think

Lord Appius will do wrong, who is all justice; The most austere and upright censurer That ever sat upon the awful bench ?

* My most [dear] child] The old copy, "My most child," the printer, it would seem, having been unable to decipher the word which he has marked by a break. м

Val. Icilius, you are near to me in hlood, And I esteem your safety as mine own : If you will needs wage * eminence and state. Choose out a weaker opposite, not one That in his arm bears all the strength of Rome. Num. Besides, Icilius, Know you the danger what it is to scaudal One of his place and sway ? Icil. I know it, kinsmen; yet this popular greatness Can be no bugbear to affright mine innocence. No, his smooth crest hath cast a palpèd + film Over Rome's eyes. He juggles, a plain juggler; Lord Appius is no less. Num. Nay, then, cousin, You are too harsh, and I must hear no more. It ill becomes my place and gravity To lend a face to such reproachful terms 'Gainst one of his high presence. Icil. Sit, pray, sit, To see me draw his picture fore your eyes, To make this man seem monstrous, and this god Rome so adores, a devil, a plain devil. This lord, this judge, this Appius, that professeth To all the world a vestal chastity. Is an incontinent, loose lecher grown. Num. Fie, cousin ! Icil. Nay, 'tis true. Daily and hourly He tempts this blushing virgin with large promises, With melting words, and presents of high rate, To he the stale to his unchaste desires. Omnes. Is't possible Icil. Possible ! 'Tis actual truth : I pray, but ask your niece. Virginia. Most true, I am extremely tir'd and wearied With messages and tokens of his love ; No answer, no repulse will satisfy The tediousness of his importunate suit. And whilst I could with modesty and honour, Without the danger of reproach and shame, I kept it secret from Icilius ; But when I saw their boldness found no limit, And they from fair entreaty grew to threats, I told him all. Icil. True: understanding which, To him I went.

* wage] "Webster," says Nares in his Glossary, "has used the singular expression of waging 'eminence and state,' meaning to contend in those points." Afterwards, p. 165, we have, "My purse is too scant to wage law with them."

† palped] So Heywood;

Val. To Appius? Icil. To that giant, The high Colossus that bestrides us all;* I went to him. Hor. How did you bear yourself? Icil. Like Appius, at the first, dissemblingly : But when I saw the coast clear, all withdrawn, And none but we two in the lobby, then I drew my poniard, took him by the throat, And, when he would have clamour'd, threaten'd death, Unless he would with patience hear me out. Num. Did he, Icilius? Icil. I made him that he durst not squeak, Not move an eye, not draw a breath too loud, Nor stir a finger. Hor. What succeeded then? Num. Keep fast the door there !- Sweet coz, not too loud. What then succeeded? Icil. Why, I told him all; Gave him his due, call'd him lascivious judge, (A thousand things which I have now forgot.) Show'd him his hand a witness 'gainst himself, And every thing with such known circumstance. That he might well excuse, but not deny. Num. How parted you ? Icil. Why, friends in outward show : But I perceiv'd his heart : that hypocrite Was born to gull Rome, and deceive us all. He swore to me quite to abjure her love; Yet, ere myself could reach Virginia's chamber. One was before me with regreets + from him: I know his hand. The intent of this our meeting Was to entreat your counsel and advice : The good old man, her father, is from home: I think it good that she now in his absence Should lodge in secret with some private friend, Where Appius nor his Lictors, those bloodhounds. Cau hunt her out. You are her uncle, sir; I pray, counsel the best. Num. To oppose ourselves. Now in this heat, against so great a man,

Might, in my judgment, to ourselves bring danger, And to my niece no safety. If we fall,

She cannot stand; let's, then, preserve ourselves Until her father be discharg'd the camp.

Val. And, good Icilius, for your private ends,

"ho doth bestride the narrow world

[&]quot;And bring a palpèd darknesse ore the earth." Brazen Age, 1613, Sig. F.

Like a Colossus." Julius Cæsar, Act i. Sc. ii. † regreets] i.e. fresh greetings.

And the dear safety of your friends and kindred, Against that statist spare to use your spleen.

Icil. I will be sway'd by you.—My lords, 'tis late,

And time to break up conference.--Noble uncle, I am your growing debtor.

Num. Lights without there !

Icil. I will conduct Virginia to her lodging. Good night to all at once.

Num. The gods of Rome protect you all! and then

We need not fear the envious rage of men.

[Exeunt.

SCENE IL.*

Enter MARCUS CLAUDIUS, with Four Lictore.

Mar. Claud. Lictors, bestow yourselves in some close shops,

About the Forum, till you have the sight

Of fair Virginia; for I understand

This present morning she'll come forth to buy Some necessaries at the sempsters' shops :

Howe'er accompanied, be it your care

To seize ber at our action. Good my friends, Disperse yourselves, and keep a careful watch.

[Exit.

First Lict. 'Tis strange that ladies will not pay their debts.

Sec. Lict. It were strange, indeed, if that our Roman knights would give them good example and pay theirs.

First Lict. The calendar that we Lictors go by is all dog-days.

Sec. Lict. Right; our common hunt is still to dog unthrifts.

First Lict. And what's your book of commonprayer?

Sec. Lict. Faith, only for the increase of riotous young gentlemen i' the country, and bankrupts i' the city.

First Lict. I know no man more valiant than we are, for we back knights and gentlemen daily.

Sec. Lict. Right, we have them by the back hourly: your French fly applied to the nape of the neck for the French rheum is not so sore a drawer as a Lictor.

First Lict. Some say that, if a little-timbered fellow would justle a great loggerhead, let him be sure to lay him i' the kennel; but when we shoulder a knight, or a knight's fellow, we make him more sure, for we kennel him i' the counter.

* Scene II.] The same. The Forum.

Sec. Lict. Come, let's about our husiness.

Enter VIROINIA, NUrse, and CORBULO.

Virginia. You are grown wondrous amorous of late:

Why do you look back so often?

Corb. Madam, I go as a Frenchman rides, all upon one buttock.

Virginia. And what's the reason?

Corb. Your ladyship never saw a monkey in all your lifetime have a clog at's tail, but he's still looking back to see what the devil 'tis that follows him.

Nurse. Very good; we are your clogs, then.

Virginia. Your crest is grown regardant:* here's the beauty

That makes your eyes forgetful of their way.

Corb. Beauty! O the gods! madam, I caunot endure her complexion.

Nurse. Why, sir, what's my complexion ?

Corb. Thy complexion is just between a Moor and a French-woman.

Virginia. But she hath a matchless eye, sir.

Corb. True, her eyes are not right matches: besides, she is a widow.

Nurse. What then, I pray you?

Corb. Of all waters I would not have my beef powdered with a widow's tears.

Virginia. Why, I beseech you?

Corb. O, they are too fresh, madam; assure yourself they will not last for the death of fourteen husbands above a day and a quarter: besides, if a man come a wooing to a widow, and invite her to a banquet, contrary to the old rule, she will sooner fill her eye than her belly. Besides that, if he look into her estate, first—look you, here are four fingers—first the charge of her husband's funeral, next debts and legacies, and lastly the reversion: now, take away debts and legacies, and what remains for her second husband?

Nurse. I would some of the tribe heard you.

Corb. There's a certain fish that, as the learned divulge, is called a shark: now, this fish can never feed while he swims upon's belly; marry, when he lies upon his back, O, he takes it at pleasure.

Virginia. Well, sir, about your business; make provision

Of those things I directed.

Corb. Sweet lady, these eyes shall be the clerks of the kitchen for your belly; but I can assure

* regardant] "A term in heraldry, and signifies looking behind." Editor of 1816. you, woodcocks will be hard to be spoke with, for there's a great feast towards.

Virginia. You are very pleasant.

Corb. And fresh cod is taken down thick and threefold; women without great bellies go together by the ears for't; and such a number of sweettoothed caters * in the market, not a calf's head to be got for love or money; mutton's mutton now.

Virginia. Why, was it not so ever?

Corb. No, madam, the sinners i' the suburbs had almost ta'en the name + quite away from't, 'twas so cheap and common: but now 'tis at a sweet reckoning; the term-time is the muttonmonger in the whole calendar.

Nurse. Do your lawyers eat any salads with their mutton?

Corb. Yes, the younger revellers use capers to their mutton so long till with their shuffling and cutting some of them be out at heels again.—A bountiful mind and a full purse ever attend your ladyship !

Virginia. O, I thank you.

Re-enter MARCUS CLAUDIUS and Lictors.

Mar. Claud. See, yon's the lady.

Corb. I will buy up for your ladyship all the young cuckoos in the market.

Virginia. What to do?

Corb. O, 'tis the most delicatest dish, I'll assure you, and newest in fashion: not a great feast in all Roms without a cuckoo.

Mar. Claud. Virginia,-

Virginia. Sir?

Mar. Claud. Mistress, you do not know me, Yet we must be acquainted : follow me.

Virginia. You do salute me strangely. Follow

you!

Corb. Do you hear, sir? methinks you have followers enough. Many gentlemen that I know would not have so many tall followers as you have for the price of ten hunting geldings, I'll assure you.

Mar. Claud. Come, will you go ?

Virginia. Whither ? by what command ?

Mar. Claud. By warrant of these men, and privilege

I hold even on thy life. Come, ye proud dame, You are not what you seem.

Virginia. Uncivil sir,

* caters] i.e. caterers.

+ the name] Mutton was a very common cant term for a prostitute. What makes you thus familiar and thus bold? Unhand me, villain !

Mar. Claud. What, mistress, to your lord? Hs that can set the razor to your throat, And punish you as freely as the gods, No man to ask the cause? Thou art my slave, And here I seize what's mine.

Virginia. Ignoble villain !

APPIUS AND VIRGINIA.

I am as free as the best king or consul

Since Romulus. What dost thou mean ? Unhand me.—

Give notice to my uncle and Icilius

What violence is offer'd me.

Mar. Claud. Do, do.

Corb. Do you press women for soldiers, or do you beg women, instead of other commodities, to keep your hands in ure?* By this light, if thou hast any ears on thy head, as it is a question, I'll make my lord pull you out by the ears, though you take a castle. [Exit.

Mar. Claud. Come, will you go along ?

Nurse. Whither should sha go, sir? Here's pulling and haling a poor gentlewoman !

Mar. Claud. Hold you your prating, reverence : the whip

Shall seize on you for your smooth cozenage.

Virginia. Are not you servant to Lord Appius? Mar. Claud. Howe'er I am your lord, and will approve it

Fore all the senate.

Virginia. Thou wilt prove thyself

The cursed pander for another's lust;

And this your plot shall burst about your ears Like thunderbolts.

Mar. Claud. Hold you that confidence:

First I will seize you hy the course of law, And then I'll talk with you.

Enter Icilius and NUMITORIUS.

Num. How now, fair cousin !

Icil. How now, gentlemen!

What's the offence of fair Virginia,

You bend your weapous on us?

Lict. Sir, stand back;

Ws fear a rescue.

Icil. There's no need of fear,

Where there's no cause of rescue. What's the matter?

Virginia. O my Icilius, your incredulity Hath quite undons me! I am now no more Virginius's daughter, so this villain urges, But publish'd for his bondwoman.

Num. How's this?

* ure] i.e. use.

Mar. Claud. 'Tis true, my lord, and I will take my right By course of law. Icil. Villains, set her free, Or, by the power of all our Roman gods, I'll give that just revenge unto my rage Which should be given to justice ! Bondwoman ! Mar. Claud. Sir, we do not come [here] to fight; we'll deal By course of law. Enter APPIUS CLAUDIUS. My lord, we fear a rescue. App. Claud. A rescue! never fear't; here's none in presence But civil men.-My lord, I am glad to see you.-Noble Icilius, we shall ever love you .---Now, gentlemen, reach your petitions. Icil. My lord, my lord, App. Claud. Worthy Icilius, If you have any business, defer't Until to-morrow or the afternoon : I shall be proud to pleasure you. Icil. The fox Is earth'd, my lord, you cannot wind him yet. App. Claud. Stools for my noble friends !-- I pray you, sit. Mar. Claud. May it please your lordship,-App. Claud. Why, uncivil sir, Have I not begg'd forbearance of my best And dearest friends, and must you trouble me? Mar. Claud. My lord, I must be heard, and will be heard : Were all the gods in parliament, I'd burst Their silence with my importunity, But they should hear me. App. Claud. The fellow's mad.-We have no leisure now to hear you, sir. Mar. Claud. Hast now no leisure to hear just complaints? Resign thy place, O Appius, that some other May do me justice, then ! App. Claud. We'll hear 't to-morrow. Mar. Claud. O my lord, Deny me justice absolutely, rather Than feed me with delays. Icil. Good my lord, hear him; And wonder when you hear him, that a case So full of vile imposture should desire To be unfolded. Mar. Claud. Ay, my lord, 'tis true; The imposture is on their parts. App. Claud. Hold your prating .--Suspect you our uprightness?

Mar. Claud. No, my lord; But I have mighty enemies, my lord, Will overflow my cause. See, here I hold My bondwoman, that brags herself to be Descended of a noble family. My purse is too scant to wage law with them : I am snforc'd be mine own advocate, Not one will plead for me. Now, if your lordship Will do me justice, so; if not, then know High hills are safe, when seas poor dales o'erflow. App. Claud. Sirrah, I think it fit to let you know, Ere you proceed in this your subtle suit, What penalty and danger you accrue, If you be found to double. Here's a virgin Famous by birth, by education noble; And she, forsooth, haply * but to draw Some piece of money from her worthy father, Must needs be challeng'd for a bondwoman. Sirrah, take hesd, and well bethink yourself: I'll make you a precedent to all the world, If I but find you tripping. Mar. Claud. Do it freely: And view on that condition these just proofs. [Gives papers to APPIUS CLAUDIUS. App. Claud. Is that the virgin's nurse? Nurse. Her milch-nurse, my lord : I had a sore hand with her for a year and a quarter: I have had somewhat to do with her since, too, for the poor gentlewoman hath been so troubled with the green sickness. Icil. I pray thee, nurse, entreat Sertorius To come and speak with me. Exit Nurse. App. Claud. Here is strange circumstance; view it, my lord : If he should prove this, it would make Virginius Think he were wrong'd. Icil. There is a devilish cunning Express'd in this black forgery. App. Claud. Icilius and Virginia, praycome near. Compound with this base fellow: you were better Disburse some triffe, than to undergo The question of her freedom. Icil. O my lord, She were not worth a handful of a bribe, If she did need a bribe! App. Claud. Nay, take your course; I only give you my opinion, I ask no fee for 't.—Do you know this fellow?

Virginia. Yes, my lord; he's your servant. App. Claud. You're i'the right:

But will you truly know his character?

He was at first a petty notary;

* haply] Even if we substitute "happily" (as the word was eften written), the line still halts.

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APPIUS AND VIRGINIA.

A fellow that, being trusted with large sums Of honest citizens, to be employ'd I' the trade of usury,-this gentleman, Couching his credit like a tilting-staff Most cunningly, it brake, and at one course He ran away with thirty thousand pound: Returning to the city seven year after, Having compounded with his creditors For the third moiety, he buys an office Belonging to our place, depends on us; In which the oppression and vile injuries He hath done poor suitors, they have cause to rue, And I to pity : he hath sold his smiles For silver, but his promises for gold; His delays have undone men. The plague that in some folded cloud remains, The bright sun soon disperseth; but observe, When black infection in some dunghill lies, There's work for bells and graves, if it do rise. Num. He was an ill prop to your house, my lord. App. Claud. 'Tis true, my lord: but we that have such servants Are like to cuckolds that have riotous wives; We are the last that know it : this is it Makes noblemen suspected * to have done ill. When the oppression lies in their proud followers. Mar. Claud. My lord, it was some soothing sycophant, Some base detracting rascal, that hath spread This falsehood in your ears. App. Claud. Peace, impudence ! Did I not yesterday, no longer since, Surprise thes in thy study counterfeiting Our hand? Mar. Claud. 'Tis true, my lord. App. Claud. Being subscrib'd Unto a letter fill'd with amorous stuff Unto this lady? Mar. Claud. I have ask'd your pardon, And gave you reason why I was so bold To use that forgery. App. Claud. Did you receive it ? Virginia. I did, my lord, and I can show your lordship A packet of such letters. App. Claud. Now, by the gods, I'll make you rue it ! I besesch you, sir, Show them the reason mov'd you counterfeit Our letter. Enter SERTORIUS. † Mar. Claud. Sir, I had no other colour To come to speak with her.

* suspected] The author probably wrote "euspect." † Enter Sertorius] The old copy, "Enter Valerius;"

App. Claud. A goodly reason ! Did you until this hour acquaint the lady With your intended suit ? Mar. Claud. At several times; And would have drawn her by some private course To have compounded for her liberty. Virginia. Now, by a virgin's honour and true birth, 'Tis false, my lord! I never had a dream So terrible as is this monstrous devil. App. Claud. Well, sir, referring my particular wrong To a particular censure, I would know What is your suit? Mar. Claud. My lord, a speedy trial. App. Claud. You shall obtain't with all severity: I will not give you longer time to dream Upon new sleights to cloak your forgery .---Observe you this chameleon, my lords, I'll make him change his colour presently. Num. My lord, although the uprightness of our cause Needs no delays, yet for the satisfaction Of old Virginius, let him be present When we shall crave a trial. App. Claud. Sir, it needs not: Who stands for father of the innocent, If not the judge? I'll save the poor old man That needless travel. Virginia. With your favour, sir, We must entreat some respite in a business So needful of his presence. App. Claud. I do protest You wrong yourselves thus to importune it. Well, let it be to-morrow : I'll not sleep Till I have made this thicket a smooth plain, And given you your true honour back again. Icil. My lord, the distance 'twixt the camp and 118 Cannot be measur'd in so short a time · Let us have four days' respite. App. Claud. You are unwise; Rumour by that time will have fully spread The scandal, which, being ended in one hour, Will turn to air: to-morrow is the trial: In the mean time let all contented thoughts Attend you. Mar. Claud. My lord, you deal unjustly Thus to dismiss her; this is that they seek for: Before to-morrow they'll convey her hence, Where my claim shall not seize her.

but Sectorius was the person sent for by Icilius; and see towards the close of this scene.

SCENE III.

APPIUS AND VIRGINIA.

App. Claud. Cunning knave !	I pray thee, use thy ablest horsemanship,
You would have bond for her appearance? say.	For it concerns us near.
Mar. Claud. I think the motion's honest.	Sert. I go, my lerd. [Exit.
App. Claud. Very good.	<i>Icil.</i> Sure, all this is damn'd cunning.
Icilius shall engage his henour'd word	Virginia. O my lord,
For her appearance.	Seamen in tempests shun the flattering shore;
Mar. Claud. As you please, my lord;	To bear full sails upon 't were danger more :
But it were fitting her eld uncle there	So men e'erborne with greatness still hold dread
Were jointly hound with him.	False seeming friends that on their bosoms
App. Claud. Well, sir, your pleasure	spread;
Shall have satiety. You'll take our word	For this is a safe truth which never varies,
For her appearance; will you not, sir, I pray ?	He that strikes all his sails seldom miscarries.
Mar. Claud. Mest willingly, my lord.	Icil. Must we be elaves both to a tyrant's will,*
App. Claud. Then, sir, you have it:	And [to] confounding ignorance at once?
And i'the mean time I'll take the honour'd lady	Where are we? in a mist? or is this hell?
Into my guardianship; and, by my life,	I have seen as great as the proud judge have fell :
I'll use her in all kindness as my wife.	The bending willow, yielding to each wind,
Icil. Now, by the gods, you shall not !	Shall keep his rooting firm, when the proud oak,
App. Claud. Shall not, what?	Braving the storm, presuming on his root,
Icil. Not use her as your wife, sir.	Shall have his body rent from head to foot.
App. Claud. O my lord,	Let us expect the worst that may hefal,
I spake it from my heart.	And with a noble confidence bear all. [Excunt.
Icil. Ay, very likely.	
She is a virgin, sir, and must not lie	
Under a man's forthcoming; do you mark ?	
Not under your forthcoming, lecherous Appius.	
App. Claud. Mistake me not, my lordOur	SCENE III.†
secretary	Enter APPIUS CLAUDIUS, MARCUS CLAUDIUS, and a Servant.
Take bonds for the appearance of this lady	
And now to you, sir : you that were my servant,	App. Claud. Here, bear this packet to Minutius,
I here cashier you; never shalt theu shreud	And privately deliver 't: make as much speed
Thy villanies under our noble roof,	As if thy father were deceas'd i'the camp,
Nor scape the whip or the fell hangman's hook	And that thou went'st to take the administration
By warrant of our favour.	Of what he left thee. Fly !
Mar. Claud. So, my lord,	Serv. I go, my lerd. [Exit.
I am more free to serve the gods, I hope,	App. Claud. O my trusty Claudius !
Now I have lost your service.	Mar. Claud. My dear lord,
App. Claud. Hark you, sirrah,	Let me adore your divine policy.
Who shall give bends for your appearance, ha,	You have poison'd them with sweatmeats; you
To justify your claim ?	have, my lord.
Mar. Claud. I have none, my lord.	But what contain these letters?
App. Claud. Away ! Commit him prisoner to	
his chamber.—	* Must we be slaves both to a tyrant's will, &c.] The
I'll keep you safe from starting.	Rev. J. Mitford (<i>Gent. Mag.</i> for June 1833, p. 491) thinks that the whole of this epeech ought to he in rhyme, and
Mar. Claud. Why, my lord,	accordingly would read,-
App. Claud. Away ! I will not hear you :	"Must we be slaves both to a tyrant's will,
A judge's heart here in the midst must stand,	And confounding ignorance at once of ill?
And move not a hair's breadth to either hand.	The bending willow yislding to each stroke," &c.
Execut Appies CLAUDIES, MAROES CLAUDIES,	But I helisve that the old copy gives here the very
and Lictors.	words of the author, except that it omits "to" in the
Num. O, were thy heart but of the self-same piece	second line; speeches partly hlank verse and partly proce heing not uncommon in our early dramatists:
Thy tongue is, Appius, how bless'd were Rome !	and the impropriety of the alteration "each stroke" is
Icil. Post to the camp, Sertorius : thou hast heard	evinced by what follows, "Braving the storm."
The effect of all; relate it to Virginius:	+ Scene III.] The same. A room in the house of
The effect of ant ; relate it to Auguinas ;	Appius.

Exeunt.

App. Claud. Much importance. Minutius is commanded by that packet To hold Virginius prisoner in the camp On some suspect of treason." Mar. Claud. But, my lord, How will you answer this ? App. Claud. Tush, any fault

Or shadow of a crime will be sufficient For his committing: thus, when he is absent, We shall in a more calm and friendly sea Sail to our purpose.

Mar. Claud. Mercury himself Could not direct more safely.

App. Claud. O my Claudius, Observe this rule,—one ill must cure another; As aconitum,* a strong poison, brings A present cure against all serpents' stings. In high attempts the soul hath infinite eyes, And 'tis necessity makes men most wise. Should I miscarry in this desperate plot, This of my fate in aftertimes be spoken, I'll break that with my weight on which I am

broken.

SCENE IV.†

Enter, from one side, Two Servingmen; from the other, Corbulo, the Clown, melancholy.

First Serv. Why, how now, Corbulo ! thou wast not wont to be of this sad temper. What's the matter now ?

Corb. Times change, and seasons alter,

Some men are born to the bench, and some to the halter.

What do you think now that I am ?

First Serv. I think thee to be Virginia's man, and Corbulo.

Corb. No, no such matter: guess again: tell me but what I am, or what manner of fellow you imagine me to be.

First Serv. I take thee to be an honest good fellow.

Corb. Wide of the how-hand \ddagger still: Corbulo is no such man.

Sec. Serv. What art thou, then?

* As aconitum, &c.] Compare Ben Jonson, who follows Plin. Nat. Hist. xxvii. 2;

"I have heard that aconite,

Being timely taken, bath a healing might Against the scorpion's stroke; the proof we'll give, That, while two poisone wrestle, we may live." Sciances, act iii. so. 3.

+ Scene IV.] The same. A street.

‡ wide of the bow-hand] i. e. considerably to the left of the mark ; a metsphor taken from archery. Corb. Listen, and I'll describe myself to you: I am something bettsr than a knave, and yet come short of being an honest man; and though I can sing a treble, yet am accounted but as one of the bass, being, indeed, and, as the case stands with me at this present, inferior to a rogue, and three degrees worse than a rascal.

First. Serv. How comes this to pass?

Corb. Only by my service's success. Take heed whom you serve, O you serving creatures ! for this is all I have got by serving my lady Virginia.

Sec. Serv. Why, what of her ?

Corb. She is not the woman you take her to be; for though she have borrowed no money, yet she is entered into bonds; and though you may think her a woman not sufficient, yet 'tis very like her bond will be taken. The truth is, she is challenged to be a bondwoman: now, if she be a bondwoman and a slave, and I her servant and vassal, what do* you take me to be? I am an ant, a gnat, a worm; a woodcock amongst birds; a hodmondod amongst flies; amongst curs a trindle-tale, and amongst fishes a poor iper; but, amongst serving-men, worse, worse than the man's man to the under-yeoman-fewterer.⁺

First Serv. But is it possible thy lady is challenged to be a slave? What witness have they?

Corb. Witness these fountains, these floodgates, these well-springs: the poor gentlewoman was arrested in the open market: I offered, I offered to bail her; but (though she was) I could not be taken. The grief hath gone so near my heart that, until I be made free, I shall never he mine own man. The Lord Appius hath committed her to ward, and it is thought she shall neither lie on the Knight-side, nor in the Twopenny-ward; ‡ for if he may have his will of her, he means to put her in the Hole. His warrant hath been out for her; but how the case stands with him, or how matters will he taken up with her, 'tis yet uncertain.

Sec. Serv. When shall the trial be?

Corb. I take it to be as soon as the morning is brought a-bed of a new son and heir.

Sec. Serv. And when is that?

Corb. Why, to-morrow; for every morning,

* do] The old copy "did."

† yeoman-fewterer] Was the person immediately under the huntsman, who led out and let loose the dogs in the chase. Fewterer is from the French vautrier or vaultrier.

[‡] Twopenny-ward] Old copy "Iroping Ward." The Knight's Ward, the Master's Ward, the Twopenny-Ward, and the Hole, were the four prison-divisions or sidea. See a curious description of them in Fenner's Compter's Commonwealth, 1617.

you know, brings forth a new sun: but they are all short-lived; for every night she drowns them in the western sea. But to leave these enigmas as too high for your dull apprehensions, shall I see you at the trial to-morrow?

First. Serv. By Jove's help I'll he there.

Sec. Serv. And I, if I live.

Corb. And I, if I die for't: here's my hand, I'll meet you. It is thought my old master will be there at the bar; for though all the timber of his house yet stand, yet my Lord Numitorius hath sent one of his posts to the camp to bid him spur, cut, and come to the sentence. O, we have a house at home as heavy as if it were covered with lead! But you will remember to be there.

First Serv. And not to fail.

Nobly supported, void of fear or art,

Corb. If I chance to meet you there, and that the case go against us, I will give you a quart, not of wine, but of tears; for, instead of a new roll, I purpose to break my fast with sops of sorrow. [Excunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.*

Enter VIROINIUS like a slave, NUMITORIUS, ICILIUS, VALE- RIUS, HORATIUS, VIROINIA like a slave, JULIA, CAL- PHURNIA, and Nurse. Virginius. Thanks to my noble friends; it now appears That you have rather lov'd me than my fortune, For that's near shipwreck'd: chance, you see, still ranges, And this short dance of life is full of changes.	 Welcome whatever comes with a great heart. Virginius. Now, by the gods, I thank thee, noble youth ! I never fear'd in a besiegèd town Mines or great engines like yon lawyer's gown. Virginia. O my dear lord and father ! once you gave me A noble freedom : do not see it lost Without a forfeit ; take the life you gave me.
Appius-how hollow that name sounds, how	And sacrifice it rather to the gods
dreadful ! It is a question whether the proud lecher Will view us to our merit; for they say His memory to virtue and good men Ie still carousing Lethe. O the gods ! Not with more terror do the souls in hell Appear before the seat of Rhadamant Than the poor client yonder. [Pointing to the tribunal.	Than to a villain's lust. Happy the wretch Who, born in bondage, lives and dies a slave, And sees ne lustful projects bent upon her, And neither knows the life nor death of honour. <i>Icil.</i> We have neither justice, no, nor violence, Which should reform corruption, sufficient To cross their black premeditated doom. Appius will seize her : all the fire in hell
Num. O Virginius,	Is leap'd into his hosom.
 Why do you wear this habit? it ill fits Your noble person or this reverend place. Virginius. That's true, old man; but it well fits the case That's now in question. If with form and show They prove her slav'd, all freedom I'll forego. Icil. Noble Virginius, Put out a bold and confident defence; 	Virginius. O you gods, Extinguish it with your compassionate tears, Although you make a second deluge spread, And swell more high than Teneriff's high head! Have not the wars heap'd snow sufficient Upon this agèd head, but they will still Pile winter upon winter?
Search the imposture, like a cunning trier; False metals hear the touch, hut brock not	Enter Approx CLAUDIUS, OPPIUS, MARCUS CLAUDIUS, Six Senators, Advocate, and Lictors.
fire,—	App. Claud. Is he come, say !
Their brittleness betrays them: let your breath	Now, by my life, I'll quit the general.
Discover as much shame in them as death Did e'er draw from offenders : let your truth	Num. Your reverence to the judge, good brother.
* Same 1 Bome. Before the tribunal of Appius.	Virginius. Yes, sir, I have learnt my compli- ment thus:

170 APPIUS AN	D VIRGINIA. ACT IV.
Bless'd mean estates who stand in fear of many,	Now we come to 't, my lord. Thus stands the case *
And great are curs'd for that they fear not any.	The law is clear on our sides.—
App. Claud. What, is Virginius come?	Hold your prating.
Virginius. I am here, my lord.	[To MARCUS CLAUDIC9.
App. Claud. Where is your daughter?	That honourable lord, Virginius,
Num. Here, my reverend lord.—	Having been married about fifteen year,
[To Virginia.] Your habit shows you strangely.	And issueless, this virgin's politic mother,
Virginia. O, 'tis fit;	Seeing the land was likely to descend
It suits both time and cause. Pray, pardon it.	To Numitorius,—I pray, sir, listen;
App. Claud. Where is your advocate?	You, my Lord Numitorius, attend;
Virginius. I have none, my lord;	We are on your side,—old Virginius
Truth needs no advocate : the unjust cause	Employ'd in foreign wars, she sends him word
Buys up the tongues that travel with applause	She was with child; observe it, I beseech you, And note the trick of a deceitful woman:
In these your thronged courts: I want not any, And count him the most wretched that needs	She in the mean time feigns the passions
many.	Of a great-bellied woman; counterfeits
Adv. May it please your reverend lordships,—	Their passions and their qualms; and verily
App. Claud. What are you, sir?	All Rome held this for no imposturous stuff.
A dv. Of counsel with my client, Marcus	What's to be done now? Here's a rumour spread
Claudius.	Of a young heir, gods bless it! and [a] belly
Virginius. My lord, I undertake a desperate	Bombasted with a cushion : but there wants
combat	(What wants there ?) nothing hut a pretty babe,
To cope with this most eloquent lawyer:	Bought with some piece of money, where it skills
I have no skill i' the weapon, good my lord;	not,
I mean I am not travell'd in your laws:	To furnish this supposed lying-in.
My suit is therefore, by your special goodness,	Nurse. I protest, my lord, the fcllow i' the
They he not wrested against me.	nightcap
App. Claud. O Virginius,	Hath not spoke one true word yet.
The gods defend * they should !	App. Claud. Hold you your prating, woman,
Virginius. Your humble servant shall ever +	till you are call'd.
pray for you.	Adv. 'Tis purchas'd. Where? From this man's
Thus shall your glory be above your place,	bondwoman;
Or those high titles which you hold in court;	The money paid :[To MARCUS CLAUDIUS.] what
For they die bless'd that die in good report	was the sum of money?
Now, sir, I stand you.	Mar. Claud. A thousand drachmas.
A dv. Then have at you, sir!— May it please your lordships, here is such a case,	Adv. Good; a thousand drachmas. App. Claud. Where is that bondwoman?
So full of subtlety, and, as it were,	Mar. Claud. She's dead, my lord.
So far henighted in an ignorant mist,	App. Claud. O, dead; that makes your cause
That though my reading be sufficient,	suspicions.
My practice more, I never was entangled	A dv. But here's her deposition on her death-bed,
In the like purse-net. # Here is one that claims	With other testimony to confirm
This woman for his daughter : here's another	What we have said is true. Will 't please your
Affirms she is his bond-slave : now the question	lordship
(With favour of the bench) I shall make plain	Take pains to view these writings? Here, my
In two words only without circumstance.	lord :
App. Claud. Fall to your proofs.	We shall not need to hold your lordships long;
Δdv . Where are our papers?	We'll make short work on't.
Mar. Claud. Here, sir.	Virginius. My lord,
A dv. Where, sir? I vow you're the most tedious	App. Claud. By your favour
client	If that your claim be just, how happens it
* defend] i. e. forbid.	That you have discontinu'd it the space
<pre>* defend] i.e. forbid. * shall ever] Qy. "ever shall"; * purse-net] See note *, p. 130.</pre>	

SCENE I.

Comes it not rarely off?

Icil. I vow this is a practis'd dialogue :

Virginius. Peace; give them leave.

In a most noble monument. Observe me, I would have ta'en her simple word to gage Before his soul or thine. App. Claud. That makes thes wretched. Old man, I am sorry for thee that thy love By custom is grown natural, which by nature Should be an absolute loathing: note the sparrow, That having hatch'd a cuckoo, when it sees Her brood a monster to her proper kind, Forsakes it, and with more fear shuns the nest, Than she had care i' the spring to have it dress'd. Cast thy affection, then, behind thy back, Adv. Be wise; take counsel of your friends. You have many soldiers in their time of service Father strange children. Virginius. True; and pleaders too, When they are sent to visit provinces. You, my most neat and cunning orator, Whose tongue is quicksilver, pray thee, good Janus, Look not so many several ways at once, But go to the point. Adv. I will; and keep you out At point's end, though I am no soldier. App. Claud. First, the oath of the deceased bondwoman,-Adv. A very virtuous matron. App. Claud. Join'd with the testimony of Claudius,-Adv. A most approved honest gentleman.

This is a trick to make our slaves our heirs

Virginius. Appius, wilt thou hear me ?

Beyond prevention.

App. Claud. Besides, six other honest gentlemen,---

A dv. All knights; and there's no question but their oaths

Will go for current.

App. Claud. See, my reverend lords,

And wonder at a case so evident.

Adv. Observe, my lord, how their own policy Confounds them. Had your lordship yesterday Proceeded, as 'twas fit, to a just sentence, The apparel and the jewels that she wore, More worth than all her tribe, *had then been due

* The apparel and the jewels that she wore, More worth than all her tribe] Reads like a recollection of Shakespeare;

"Whose hand Like the hase Indian, threw a pearl away, Richer than all his tribe." Othello, act v. sc. 2.

A dv. 'Tis very true : this gentleman at first You have slander'd a sweet lady that now sleeps Thought to conceal this accident, and did so; Only reveal'd his knowledge to the mother Of this fair bondwoman, who bought his silence, During her lifetime, with great sums of coin. App. Claud. Where are your proofs of that? Adv. Here, my good lord, With depositions likewise. App. Claud. Well, go on. Adv. For your question Of discontinuance : put case my slave Run away from me, dwell in some near city The space of twenty years, and there grow rich, It is in my discretion, by your favour, And think-To seize him when I please. App. Claud. That's very true. Virginia. Cast not your nobler beams, you reverend judges, On such a putrefied dunghill. App. Claud. By your favour; you shall be heard anon. Virginius. My lords, believe not this spruce orator : Had I but fee'd him first, he would have told As smooth a tale on our side. App. Claud. Give us leave. Virginius. He deals in formal glosses, cunning shows, And cares not greatly which way the case goes. Examine, I beseech you, this old woman, Who is the truest witness of her birth. App. Claud. Soft, you! is she your only witness? Virginius. She is, my lord. App. Claud. Why, is it possible Such a great lady, in her time of child-birth, Should have no other witness but a nurse? Virginius. For aught I know, the rest are dead, my lord. App. Claud. Dead! no, my lord; belike they Virginius. My lord, I knew it. were of counsel With your deceased lady, and so sham'd Twice to give colour to so vile an act.-Thou, nurse, observe me: thy offence already Doth merit punishment beyond our censure; Pull not more whips upon thee. Nurse. I defy your whips, my lord. App. Claud. Command her silence, Lictors. Virginius. O injustice ! You frown away my witness : is this law? Is this uprightness? App. Claud. Have you view'd the writings?

171.

Unto our client: now, to cozen him Our imperfections rashly; for we wot Of such a forfeit, see, they hring the maid The office of justice is perverted quite, In her most proper habit, hondslave-like, When one thief hangs another. * And they will save by the hand too.-Please your First Sen. You are too bold. lordships. App. Claud. Lictors, take charge of him. They seize IoILIUS. I crave a sentence. Virginius. Appius,-Icil. 'Tis very good. Will no man view these papers? What, not one? Virginia. My lord,-Icil. Lord Appius,-Jove, thou hast found a rival upon earth :----Virginius. Now, by the gods, here's juggling ! His nod strikes all men dumb.-My duty to you! Num. Who cannot counterfeit a dead man's The ass that carried Isis on his back Thought that the superstitious people kneel'd hand? Virginius. Or hirs some villains to swear To give his dulness humble reverence : forgeries? If thou think'st so, proud judge, I let thee see I hend low to thy gown, but not to thee. Icil. Claudius was brought up in your houss, Virginius. There's one in hold already.-Nohle my lord, And that's suspicious. vouth. Fetters grace one, being worn for speaking truth : Num. How is 't probable I'll lie with thee, I swear, though in a dungeon.-That our wife being present at the child-hirth. [To APP.] The injuries you do us we shall pardon ; Whom this did nearest concern, should ne'er But it is just the wrongs which we forgive, reveal it? The gods are charg'd therewith to see reveng'd. Virginius. Or if ours dealt thus cunningly, how App. Claud. Come, you're a proud plebcian. haps it Her policy, as you term it, did not rather Virginius. True, my lord; Proud in the glory of my ancestors, Provide an issue male to cheer the father? Adv. I'll answer each particular. Who have continu'd these eight hundred years : The heralds have not known you these eight App. Claud. It needs not; Here's witness, most sufficient witness.months Think you, my lord, our laws are writ in snow. App. Claud. Your madness wrongs you: by And that your breath can melt them ? my soul, I love you. Virginius. No, my lord, Virginius. Thy soul !--We have not such hot livers *: mark you that. O, thy opinion, old Pythagoras !--Whither, O, whither should thy black soul fly ? Virginia. Remember yet the gods, O Appius, Who have no part in this! Thy violent lust Into what ravenous bird or heast most vile? Shall, like the biting of the envenom'd aspic, Only into a weeping crocodile. Steal thee to hell. So subtle are thy evils. Love me ! Thou lov'st me, Appius, as the earth loves rain; In life they'll seem good angels, in death devils. Thou fain wouldst swallow me. App. Claud. Observe you not this scandal? App. Claud. Know you the place you speak in ? Icil. Sir, 'tis none: I'll show thy letters full of violent lust Virginius. I'll speak freely. Sent to this lady. Good men, too much trusting their innocence, App. Claud. Wilt thou breathe a lie Do not betake them to that just defeuce Fore such a reversed audience Which gods and nature gave them; but even Icil. That place wink Is sanctuary to thee. Lie ! see, here they are. In the black tempest, and so fondly + sink. App. Claud. My lords, these are hut dilatory App. Claud. Let us proceed to sentence. shifts,-Virginius. Ere you speak, Sirrah, I know you to the very heart, One parting farewell let me borrow of you And I'll observe you. To take of my Virginia. App. Claud. Now, my lords, Icil. Do, hut do it with justice. Clear thyself first, O Appius, ere thou judge The office of justice is perveried quite, When one thief hangs another] Has occurred before, in The Duchess of Malf, p. 90. Here the old copy has by

mistake "the Office of a Justice," &c.

f fondly] i. c. foolishly.

* such hot livers] "In allusion to the lustful motive by which Appius was influenced : the liver being then supposed the seat of the amorous passions." Editor of 1816.

SCENE :	II.
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We shall have fair confession of the truth.-Pray, take your course. blood. Virginius. Farewell, my sweet Virginia : never, never Shall I taste fruit of the most blessed hope I had in thee. Let me forget the thought Of thy most pretty infancy; when first Returning from the wars, I took delight To rock thee in my target; when my girl Would kiss her father in his burganet Of glittering steel hung 'bout his armèd neck, And, viewing the bright metal, smile to see Another fair Virginia smile on thee; When I first taught thee how to go, to speak; And when my wounds have smarted. I have sung With an unskilful, yet a willing voice, To bring my girl asleep. O my Virginia, feast ? When we begun to be, begun our wocs, Increasing still, as dying life still grows ! thing, App. Claud. This tediousness doth much offend the court. Silence ! attend her sentence. Virginius. Hold ! without sentence I'll resign her freely. Since you will prove her to be none of mine. App. Claud. See, see, how evidently truth appears .----Receive her, Claudius. Virginius. Thus I surrender her into the court Kills her. Of all the gods. And see, proud Appius, see, Although not justly, I have made her free: And if thy lust with this act be not fed, Bury her in thy bowels, now she's dead. sick ; Omnes. O horrid act! App. Claud. Lay hand upon the murderer ! Virginius. O for a ring of pikes to circle me ! What, have I stood the brunt of thousand enemiee. Here to be slain by bangmen? No; I'll fly To safety in the camp. Exit. App. Claud. Some pursue the villain, Others take up the body. Madness and rage Are still the attendants of old doting age. (Exeunt. ing :--SCENE II.* Enter Two Soldiers. Good Morglay, my comrague and bed-fellow." First Sold. Is our hut swept clean ?

Sec. Sold. As I can make it. First. Sold. 'Tis betwixt us two;

* Scene II.] The camp before Algidum.

But how many, think'st thou, bred of Roman Did lodge with us last night? Sec. Sold. More, I think, than the camp hath enemies : They are not to be number'd. First Sold. Comrague.* I feat Appius will doom us to Acteon's death, To be worried by the cattle that we feed. How goes the day? Sec. Sold. My stomach has struck twelve. First Sold. Come, see what provant our knapsack yields. This is our store, our garner. Sec. Sold. A small pittance. First Sold. Feeds Appius thus? Is this a city This crust doth taste like date-stones; and this If I knew what to call it, -----Sec. Sold. I can tell you; Cheese struck in years. First Sold. I do not think but this same crust was bak'd. And this cheese frighted out of milk and whey, Before we two were soldiers: though it be old, I see't can crawl: what living things be these That walk so freely 'tween the rind and pith ? For liere's no sap left. Sec. Sold. They call them gentles. First Sold. Therefore 'tis thought fit That soldiers, by profession gentlemen. Should thus be fed with gentles. I am stomach-I must have some strong water. Sec. Sold. Where will you have 't ? First Sold. In yon green ditch, a place which none can pass But he must stop his nose : thou know'st it well; There where the two dead dogs lie. Sec. Sold. Yes, I know 't. First Sold. And see the cat, that lies a distance off, * Comrague] The Editor of 1816, and Nares (Gloss, in v.

Comrogue), incline to think this word a misprint, neither of them having met with it, except in the present passage. I had, however, noted down more than one example of its use, but have mislaid them all except the follow-

"Nay, rest by me,

Heywood and Brome's Lancashire Witches, 1634, Sig. K. Comrague has the same cense as, and perhaps is a corruption of, comrade, which used to be accented on the last syllable,-

"And his comrades, that daff the world aside."

Shakespeare's First Part of Henry IV., act IV. sc. I.

Be flay'd for supper: though we dine to-day	Affection that in soldiers' hearts is hred
As Dutchmen feed their soldiers, we will sup	Survives the wounded, and outlives the dead.
Bravely like Roman leaguerers.	
Sec. Sold. Sir, the general.	Enter VIROINIUS, with his knife; that, and his arms stripped
First Sold. We'll give him place :	up to the elbows, all bloody : coming into the midst of
But tell none of our dainties, lest we have	the soldiers, he makes a stand.
Too many guests to supper. [Excunt.	Virginius. Have I, in all this populous assembly Of soldiers that have prov'd Virginius' valour,
Enter MINUTIUS reading a letter, with Officers	One friend? Let him come thrill * his partisan
and Soldiers.	Against this breast, that through a large wide
Min. Most sure 'tis so, it cannot otherwise be;	wound
Either Virginius is degenerate	My mighty soul might rush out of this prison,
From the ancient virtues he was wont to boast,	To fly more freely to yon crystal palace,
Or in some strange displeasure with the senate:	Where honour sits enthroniz'd. What, no friend?
Why should these letters else from Appius	Can this great multitude, then, yield an enemy
Confine him a close prisoner to the camp?	That hates my life? Here let him seize it freely.
And, which confirms his guilt, why should he fly?	What, no man strike? am I so well belov'd?—
Needs, then, must I incur some high displeasure	Minutius, then to thee: if in this camp
For negligence, to let him thus escape :	There lives one man so just to punish sin,
Which to excuse, and that it may appear	So charitable to redeem from torments
I have no hand with him, but am of faction	A wretched soldier, at his worthy hand
Oppos'd in all thiogs to the least misdeed,	I beg a death.
I will cashier him, and his tribuneship	Min. What means Virginius?
Bestow upon some noble gentleman	Virginius. Or if the general's heart be so obdure
Belonging to the camp.—Soldiers and friends,	To an old begging soldier, have I here
You that heneath Virginius' colours march'd,	No honest legionary of mine own troop,
By strict command from the Decemvirate	At whose bold hand and sword, if not entreat,
We take you from the charge of him late fled,	I may command a death ?
And his authority, command, and houour	First. Sold. Alas, good captain !
We give this worthy Roman. Know his colours,	Min. Virginius, you have no command at all :
And prove his faithful soldiers.	Your companies are elsewhere now bestow'd.
Roman. Warlike general,	Besides, we have a charge to stay you here,
My courage and my forwardness in hattle	And make you the camp's prisoner.
Shall plead how well I can deserve the title,	Virginius. General, thanks :
To be a Roman tribune.	For thou hast done as much with one harsh word
	As I begg'd from their weapons; thou hast kill'd
Re-enter First Soldier in haste.	me,
Min. Now, the news?	But with a living death.
First Sold. Virginius, in a strange shape of	Min. Besides, I charge you
distraction,	To speak what means this ugly face of blood
Enters the camp, and at his heels a legion	You put on your distractious? What's the reason
Of all estates, growths, ages, and degrees,	All Rome pursues you, covering those high hills,
With breathless paces dog his frighted steps.	As if they dogg'd you for some damned act?
It seems half Rome's unpeopled with a train	What have you done?
That, either for some mischief done, pursue him,	Virginius. I have play'd the parricide;
Or to attend some uncouth novelty.	Kill'd mine own child.
Min. Some wonder our fear promises.—Worthy	Min. Virginia?
soldiers,	Virginius. Yes, even she.
Marshal yourselves, and entertain this novel	
Within a ring of steel : wall in this portent	* there is a here of the second secon

* thrill] i. e., hurl, -an unusual sense of the word ; so Heywood; "I'd thrill my javelin at the Greeian moysture,

And spare the Trojan blood."

Iron Age, Part First, 1632, Sig. F. "All which their javelins thrild against thy brest." Id., Sig H.

Within a ring of steel: wall in this portent With men and harness*, be it ne'er so dreadful. He's entered, by the clamour of the camp, That entertains him with these echoing shouts.

* harness] i. e. armour.

SCENE II.

APPIUS AND VIRGINIA.

friends.

These rude hands ripp'd her, and her innocent Have happen'd you? Which of you all, dear blood Flow'd above my elbows. Min. Kill'd her willingly? Virginius. Willingly, with advice, premeditation. And settled purpose; and see, still I wear Her crimson colours, and these wither'd arms Are dy'd in her heart-blood. Min. Most wretched villain ! Virginius. But how I lov'd her life ! Lend me amongst you One speaking organ to discourse her death : It is too harsh an imposition To lay upon a father .--- O my Virginia! Min. How agrees this ? Love her, and murder her? Virginius Yes: give me but a little leave to drain A few red tears, for soldiers should weep blood, And I'll agree them well. Attend me all. Alas, might I have kept her chaste and free, This life, so oft gag'd * for ingrateful Rome, Lay in her bosom: but when I saw her pull'd By Appius' Lictors to be claim'd a slave, And dragg'd unto a public sessions-house, Divorc'd from her fore-spousals with Icilius, A noble youth, and made a boudwoman, Enforc'd by violence from her father's arms To be a prostitute and paramour To the rude twinings of a lecherous judge; Then, then, O loving soldiers, (I'll not deny it, For 'twas mine honour, my paternal pity, And the sole act for which I love my life,) Then lustful Appius, he that sways the land, Slew poor Virginia by this father's haud. First Sold. O villain Appius ! Sec. Sold. O noble Virginius ! Virginius. To you I appeal; you are my sentencers : Did Appius right, or poor Virginius wrong? Sentence my fact with a free general tongue. First Sold. Appius is the parricide. Sec. Sold. Virginius guiltless of his daughter's death. Min. If this be true, Virginius (as the moan Of all the Roman fry that follows you Confirms at large), this cause is to be pitied, And should not die revengeless. Virginius. Noble Minutius, Thou hast a daughter, thou hast a wife too; So most of you have, soldiers: why might not this

But now, even now, may have your wives deflower'd, Your daughters slav'd, and made a Lictor's prey ? Think them not safe in Rome, for mine liv'd there. Roman.* It is a common cause. First Sold. Appius shall die for 't. Sec. Sold. Let's make Virginius general. Omnes. A general! A general! let's make Virginius general! Min. It shall be so .- Virginius, take my charge: The wrongs are thine, so violent and so weighty, That none but he that lost so fair a child Knows how to punish. By the gods of Rome, Virginius shall succeed my full command. Virginius. What's honour unto me,-a weak old man, Weary of life, and covetous of a grave? I am a dead man, now Virginia lives not. The self-same hand that dar'd to save from shame A child, dares in the father act the same. Offers to kill himself. First Sold. Stay, noble general ! Min. You much forget revenge, Virginius. Who, if you die, will take your cause in hand, And proscribe Appius, should you perish thus? Virginius. Thou ought'st, Minutius:-soldiers, so ought you. I'm out of fear: my noble wife's expir'd; My daughter of bless'd memory, the object Of Appius' lust, lives 'mongst the Elysian vestals; My house yields none fit for his Lictors' spoil. You that have wives lodg'd in yon prison, Rome, Have lands unrified, houses yet unseiz'd, Your freeborn daughters yet unstrumpeted, Prevent these mischiefs yet while you have time. First Sold. We will by you, our noble general. Sec. Sold. He that was destin'd to preserve great Rome. Virginius. I accept your choice, in hope to guard you all From my inhuman sufferings. Be't my pride That I have bred a daughter, whose chaste blood Was spilt for you and for Rome's lasting good. Exeunt.

* Roman] i. e., the officer who was to succeed Virginius in his command (see p. 174). Occasionally our old dramatists neglect, awkwardly enough, to give names to inferior speakers : so in Shakespearo's Richard the Second, act. IV. sc. I. Aumerle is defied to combat by Fitzwalter, Percy, and a Lord.

* gag'd] The old copy "ingag'd."

SCENE I.*

Enter OPPIUS, a Senator, and the Advocate.

Opp. Is Appius, then, committed ? Sen. So 'tis rumour'd. Opp. How will you bear you in this turbulent state ? You are a member of that wretched faction : I wonder how you scape imprisonment. Adv. Let me alone: I have learnt with the wise hedgehog, To stop my cave that way the tempest drives. Never did bear-whelp, tumbling down a hill, With more art shrink his head betwixt his claws Than I will work my safety. Appius Is in the sand already up to the chin; And shall I hazard landing on that shelf? He's a wise friend that first befriends himself. Opp. What is your course of safety? Adv. Marry, this : Virginius, with his troops, is entering Rome, And it is like that in the market-place My Lord Icilius and himself shall meet : Now to encounter these, two such great armies, Where lies my court of guard? Sen. Why, in your heels: There are strange dogs uncoupled. Adv. You are deceiv'd : I have studied a most eloquent oration, That shall applaud their fortune, and distaste The cruelty of Appius. Sen. Very good, sir: It seems, then, you will rail upon your lord, Your late good benefactor ? Adv. By the way, sir. Sen. Protest Virginia was no bondwoman, And read her nohle pedigree? Adv. By the way, sir. Opp. Could you not, by the way too, find occasion To beg Lord Appius' lands? Adv. And by the way Perchance I will; for I will gull them all Most palpably. Opp. Indeed, you have the art Of flattery.

* Scene I.] Rome. A street.

ACT V.

Adv. Of rhetoric, you would say : And I'll begin my smooth oration thus :---"Most learned captains,"-Sen. Fie, fie, that's horrible! most of your captains Are utterly unlearned. Adv. Yet, I assure you, Most of them know arithmetic so well, That in a muster, to preserve dead pays,* They'll make twelve stand for twenty. Opp. Very good. Adv. Then I proceed:---"I do applaud your fortunes, and commend In this your observation, noble shake-rags : The helmet shall no more harbour the spider, But it shall serve to carouse sack and cider."-The rest within I'll study. Exit. Opp. Farewell, Proteus: And I shall wish thy eloquent bravado May shield thee from the whip and hastinado. Now in this furious tempest let us glide, With folded sails, at pleasure of the tide.

Exeunt.

SCENE II.+

Enter, from one side, IOILIUS, HORATIUS, VALERIUS, NUMI-TORIUS, with Soldiers; from the other, VIEGINIUS, MINUTIUS, and others.

Icil. Stand !

Virginius. Make a stand !

Icil. A parley with Virginius.

Min. We will not trust our general 'twixt the armies,

But upon terms of hostage.

Num. Well advis'd:

Nor we our general. Who for the leaguer ?‡ Min. Ourself.

Virginius. Who for the city?

Icil. Numitorius. [MINUTIUS and NUMITORIUS meet, embrace, salute the generals.

Num. How is it with your sorrow, noble brother? Virginius. I am forsaken of the gods, old man.

* dead pays] i.e., pay continued to soldisrs who were really dead, which officers of Webster's days scrupled not sometimes to take for themselves.

† Scene II.] The same. The Forum.

t leaguer] i. e. camp.

SCENE II.

APPIUS. AND VIRGINIA.

Num. Preach not that wretched doctrine to	Doth tax * ms for this act. Yet, were I pleas'd,
yourself;	I could approve the deed most just and noble;
It will beget despair.	Aud, sure, postarity, which truly renders
Virginius. What do you call	To each man his desert, shall praise me for 't.
A burning fever ? is not that a devil ?	Icil. Come, 'twas unnatural and damnable.
It shakes me like an earthquake. Wilt a, wilt a	Virginius. You need not interrupt me : here's
Give me some wine ?	a fury
Num. O, it is burtful for you.	Will do it for you. You see a Roman knight :
Virginius. Why so are all things that the	What was your oath when you receiv'd your
appetite	knighthood ?
Of man doth covet in his perfect'st health :	A parcel of it is, as I remember,
Whatever srt or nature have invented	"Rather to die with honour than to live
To make the boundless wish of man contented,	In servitude." Had my poor girl been ravish'd,
Are all his poison.—Give me the wine there!	In her disbonour and in my sad grief
when ?*	Your love and pity quickly had ta'en end:
Do you grudge me a poor cup of drink ? Say, say.	Great men's misfortunes thus have sver stood,-
Now, by the gods, I'll leave enough behind me	They touch none nearly, but their nearest blood.
To pay my debts; and for the rest, no matter	What do you mean to do? It seems, my lord,
Who ecrambles for 't.	Now you have caught the sword within your hand,
Num. Here, my noble brother.	Like a madman you will draw it to offend
Alas, your hand shakes : I will guide it to you.	Those that best love you ; and perhaps the counsel Of some loose unthrifts and vile malcontents
Virginius. 'Tis true, it trembles.—Welcome, thou just palsy !	Hearten you to it: go to; take your course.
	My faction shall not give the least advantage
'Twere pity this should do me longer service,	To murderers, to banquerouts,† or thieves,
Now it hath slain my daughter.—So, I thank you. Now I have lost all comforts in the world,	To fleece the commonwealth.
It seems I must a little longer live,	<i>Icil.</i> Do you term us so?
Be't but to serve my belly.	Shall I reprove your rage, or is 't your malice?
Min. O my lord,	He that would tame a lion doth not use
This violent fover took him late last night:	The goad or wired whip, but a sweet voice,
Since when, the crushty of the disease	A fearful stroking, and with food in hand
Hath drawn him into sundry passions,	Must ply his wanton hunger.
Beyond his wonted temper.	Virginius. Want of sleep
Icil. 'Tis the gods	Will do it better than all these, my lord.
Have pour'd their justice on him.	I would not have you wake for others' ruin,
Virginius. You are sadly met, my lord.	Lest you turn mad with watching.
Icil. Would we had met	Icil. O you gods!
In a cold grave together two months since!	You are now a general: learn to know your place,
I should not then have curs'd you.	And use your noble calling modestly.
Virginius. Ha! what's that?	Better had Appius heen an upright judge
Icil. Old man, thou hast show'd thyself a noble	And yet an evil man, than honest man
Roman,	And yet a dissolute judge; for all disgrace
But an unnatural father: thou hast turn'd	Lights less upon the person than the place.
My bridsl to a funeral. What devil	You are i'the city now, where if you raise
Did arm thy fury with the lion's paw,	But the least uproar, even your father's house
The dragon's tail, with the bull's double horn	Shall not be free from ransack. Piteous fires,
The cormorant's beak, the cockatrice's syes,	That chance in towers of stone, are not so fear'd
The scorpion's teeth,—and all these by a father	As those that light in flax-shops; for there's food
To be employ'd upon his innocent child?	For eminent ruin.
Virginius. Young man, I love thy true descrip-	Min. O my noble lord,
tion:	Let not your passion bring a fatal end
I am happy now that one beside myself	* tax] The old copy "teach."
	† banquerouts] Here for the sake of the metre I have
* when] See note*, p. 68.	let the old spelling stand.

Mar. Claud. Marry, doth it. To such a good beginning. All the world App. Claud. Thou shared'st a fortune with me Shall honour that deed * in him, which first in my greatness; Grew to a reconcilement. Icil. Come, my lord, I hal'd thee after when I clomb * my state; And shrink'st thou at my ruin ? I love your friendship; yes, in sooth, I do; But will not seal it with that bloody hand. Mar. Claud. I lov'd your greatness, And would have trac'd you in the golden path Join we our armies. No fantastic copy Or borrow'd precedent will I assume Of sweet promotion : but this your decline Sours all these hoped sweets. In my revenge. There's hope yet you may live To outwear this sorrow. App. Claud. 'Tis the world right: Virginius. O, impossible ! Such gratitude a great man still shall have A minute's joy to me would quite cross nature; That trusts unto a temporizing slave. As those that long have dwelt in noisome rooms Mar. Claud. Slave! good. Which of us two Swoon presently, if they but scent perfumes. In our dejection is basest? I am most sure Icil. To the senate ! Come, no more of this Your loathsome dungeon is as dark as mine; Your conscience, for a thousand sentences For such a tell-tale may we term our grief, Wrongly denounc'd, much more oppress'd than And doth, as 'twere, so listen to her own words, mine: Envious of others' sleep, because she wakes. Then which is the most slave? I ever would converse with a griev'd person App. Claud. O double baseness, In a long journey to beguile the day, To hear a drudge thus with his lord compare! Or winter-evening to pass time away. Great men disgrac'd slaves to their servants are. March on, and let proud Appius in our view. Like a tree rotted, fall that way he grew. Enter VIRGINIUS, ICILIUS, MINUTIUS, NUMITORIUS, HORA-Exeunt. TIUS, VALERIUS, OPPIUS, with Soldiers. Virginius. Soldiers, keep a strong guard whilst we survey SCENE III. Our sentenc'd prisoners: and from this deep APPIUS CLAUDIUS and MARCUS CLAUDIUS discovered in dungeon prison, fettered and gyved. App. Claud. The world is chang'd now. All Keep off that great concourse, whose violent hands damnations Would ruin this stone-building, and drag hence Seize on the hydra-headed multitude, This impious judge, piecemeal to tear his limbs Before the law convince + him. That only gape for innovation ! O, who would trust a people? Icil. See, these monsters, Mar. Claud. Nay, who would not, Whose fronts the fair Virginia's innocent blood Rather than one rear'd on a popular suffrage, Hath visarded with such black ugliness, Whose station's built on aves and applause? That they are loathsome to all good men's souls !---Speak, damnèd judge ! how canst thou purge There's no firm structure on these airy bases : thyself O, fie upon such greatness! From lust and blood ? App. Claud. The same hands That yesterday, to hear me conscionate App. Claud. I do confess myself Guilty of both : yet hear me, noble Romans. And oratorize, rung shrill plaudits forth In sign of grace, now in contempt and scorn Virginius, thou dost but supply my place, Hurry me to this place of darkness. I thine: fortune hath lift thee to my chair, Mar. Claud. Could not their poisons rather And thrown me headlong to thy pleading bar. spend themselves If in mine eminence I was stern to thee. On the judge fully, † but must it needs stretch Shunning my rigour, likewise shun my fall; To me his servant, and sweep me along? And, being mild where I show'd cruelty. Curse on the inconstant rabble ! Establish still thy greatness. Make some use App. Claud. Grieves it thee Of this my bondage. With indifference To impart ‡ my sad disaster ? Survey me, and compare my yesterday * that deed] Qy. "that good deed"? t judge fully] The old copy "judge's folly."

[impart] i. e. share,

* clomb] The old copy "climb."

t convince] i. e. convict.

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sad tale ;

SCENE III.

With this sad hour, my height with my decline, And give them equal balance. <i>Virginius.</i> Uncertain fate! but yesterday his breath	Till theirs be set a-bleeding. Shall her soul, (Whose essence some suppose lives in the blood,) Still labour without rest? Will old Virginius Murder her once again in this delay?
Aw'd Rome, and his least torvèd * frown was death:	Virginius. Pause there, Icilius. This sight hath stiffen'd all my operant powers,*
I cannot choose but pity and lament,	Ic'd all my blood, benumb'd my motion quite.
So high a rise should have such low descent. <i>Icil.</i> He 's ready to forget his injury :	I'll pour my soul into my daughter's belly, And with a soldier's tears embalm her wounds.—
O too relenting age !-Thinks not Virginius,	My only dear Virginia!
If he should pardon Appius this black deed,	App. Claud. Leave this passion;
And set him once more in the ivory chair,	Proceed to your just sentence.
He would be wary to avoid the like,	Virginius. We willGive me two swords
Become a new man, a more upright judge,	Appius, grasp this;
And deserve better of the commonweal?	You Claudius, that: you shall be your own hang-
Virginius. 'Tis like he would.	men; +
Icil. Nay, if you thus begin,	Do justice on yourselves. You made Virginius
I'll fetch that shall anatomize his sin. [Exit. Num. Virginius, you are too remiss to punish	Sluice his own blood, lodg'd in his daughter's breast;
Deeds of this nature : you must fashion now	Which your own hands shall act upon yourselves.
Your actions to your place, not to your passion :	If you be Romans, and retain their spirits,
Severity to such acts is as necessary	Redeem a base life with a noble death,
As pity to the tears of innocence.	And through your lust-burnt veins confine ‡ your
Min. He speaks but law and justice.	breath.
Make good the streets with your best men-at-arms.	App. Claud. Virginius is a noble justicer:
[A shout within.	Had I my crooked paths levell'd by thine,
Valerius and Horatius, know the reason	I had not sway'd the balance. Think not, lords,
Of this loud uproar and confusèd noise.	But he that had the spirit to oppose the gods,
[Excunt ∇_{AL} , and Hor .	Dares likewise suffer what their powers inflict.
Although my heart be melting at the fall	I have uot dreaded famine, fire, nor strage,§
Of men in place and office, we'll be just	Their common vengeance; poison in my cup,
To punish murderous acts, and censure lust.	Nor dagger in my bosom,—the revenge
Re-enter VALERIUS and HORATIUS.	Of private men for private injuries;
Val. Icilius, worthy lord, bears through the	* my operant powers] So in Shakespeare's Hamlet, act
street	iii. sc. 2,—
The body of Virginia towards this prison;	"My operant powers their functions leave to do," &c.
Which, when it was discover'd to the people,	<i>† hangmen</i>] i. e. executioners. <i>t confine</i>] i. e. drive out, banish. I subjoin several
Mov'd such a mournful clamour, that their cries	passages where the word is used in the same sense: it is

Pierc'd heaven, and forc'd tears from their sorrowing eyes.

Hor. Here comes Icilius.

Re-enter ICILIUS with the body of VIRGINIA.

Icil. Where was thy pity, when thou slew'st this maid.

Thou wouldst extend to Appius? Pity ! Ses Her wounds still bleeding at the horrid presence Of yon stern murderer, + till she find revengs ! Nor will these drops stanch, or these springs be dry,

* torved] i. s. stern.

Of yon stern murderer] Acco. ding to the belief of the time when this play was written.

Spanish both, banisht. A Challenge for Beautie, 1636, Sig. B 2. "All that's good and honest I confine."

somewhat remarkable that they are all from Heywood :

Of these his poople have confined him hence."

" Lycaon's once more fled, we hy the helpe

"Thy sensuall eyes are fixt upon that wall Thou nere shall enter, Rome confines you all."

and Naturo

Confine it hence."

"King. Accept what we most precious hold, thy Life.

Marshall. Which as your gift I'le keeps, till Heaven

The Royall King, and the Loyall Subject, 1637, Sig. K 2.

"Instead of confin'd, had his doome beene to have been coffin'd, there had beene some comfort, he might have

The Brazen Age, 1613, Sig. E 2. § strage] i. v. slaughter.

The Golden Age, 1611, Sig. D.

The Rape of Lucrece, ed. 1630, Sig. I 2.

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N 2

⁺ Her wounds still bleeding at the horrid presence

ACT V.

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more than these, not fear'd to commit evil;—	Virginius. Do, good Icilius.
shall I tremble at the punishment?	Icil. Then I sentence thus.
with as much resolved constancy	Thou hadst a mercy, most unmeriting slave,
offended, will I pay the mulct,	Of which thy base birth was not capable;
this black stain laid on my family	Which we take off by taking thence thy sword.
which a nobler hath not place in Rome)	And note the difference 'twixt a noble strain
with my blood awayLearn of me,	And one bred from the rabble : both alike
Claudius;	Dar'd to transgress, but, see, their odds in death
ach thee what thou never studied'st yet,	Appius died like a Roman gentleman,
's bravely how to die.—Judges are term'd	And a man both ways knowing; but this elave
ods on earth : and such as are corrupt	Is only sensible of vicious living,
	Not apprehensive of a noble death :
so offend, thus punish. This the sum of all,—	Therefore as a base malefactor we
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	And timorous slave give him, as he deserves,
[Kills himself.	Unto the common hangman.
ginius. He died as boldly as he basely err'd;	Mar. Claud. What, no mercy?
•	Icil. Stop's mouth:
-	Away with him ! [MAR. CLAUD. is removed.
	The life of the Decemviri
follower of his fortunes in his being;	Expires in them. Rome, thou at length art free
efore in his not being imitate	Restor'd unto thine ancient liberty !
	Min. Of consuls; which hold Junius Brutus
	first
a conscience that 's oppress'd with guilt.	Begun in Tarquin's fall.—Virginius, you
say there is Elysium and hell;	And young Icilius shall his place succeed;
irst I have forfeited, the latter fear:	So by the people's suffrage 'tis decreed.
in is not sword-proof.	Virginius. We marshal, then, our soldiers in
. Why dost thou pause?	that name
r. Claud. For mercy; mercy I entreat you	Of consuls, honour'd with these golden bays.
all.	Two fair, but ladies most infortunate,
ot sufficient for Virginia slain	Have in their ruins rais'd declining Rome,
Appius suffer'd ? one of noble blood	Lucretia and Virginia, both renown'd
minence in place for a plebeian?	For chastitySoldiers and noble Romans,
	To grace her death, whose life hath freed great
lid aught, 'twas by compulsion, lords;	Rome,
therefore I crave mercy.	March with her corse to her sad funeral tomb.
. Shall I doom him?	[Flourish. Excunt.
	offended, will I pay the mulet, this hlack stain laid on my family a which a nobler hath not place in Rome) with my blood away.—Learn of me, Claudius; auch thee what thou never studied'st yet, 's bravely how to die.—Judges are term'd gods on earth: and such as are corrupt me in this my ruin; those that succeed me go offend, thus punish. This the sum of all,— is that einn'd by Appius' hand shall fall. <i>[Kills himself.</i> <i>rginius.</i> He died as boldly as he basely err'd; so should every true-bred Roman do: he whose life was odious, thus expiring, a death forceth pity.—Claudius, thou follower of his fortunes in his being; efore in his not being imitate air example. <i>r. Claud.</i> Death is terrible a conscience that's oppress'd with guilt. say there is Elysium and hell; irst I have forfeited, the latter fear: sin is not sword-proof. <i>l.</i> Why dost thou pause? <i>w. Claud.</i> For mercy; mercy I entreat you all. tot sufficient for Virginia slain Appius suffer'd? one of noble blood eminence in place for a plebeian ? es, he was my lord, and might command me:

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THE

The Famous History of Sir Thomas Wyat. With the Coronation of Queen Mary, and the coming in of King Philip. As it was plaied by the Queens Maiesties Servants. Written by Thomas Dickers and John Webster. London. Printed by E. A. for Thomas Archer, and are to be solde at his shop in the Pope's-head Pallace: nere the Royall Exchange. 1607. 4to.

The Famors History of Sir Thomas Wyat. With the Coronation of Queen Mary and the comming in of King Philip. As it was plaied by the Queens Maiesties Servants. Written by Thomas Deckers, and John Webster. London Printed for Thomas Archer, and are to be solde at his shop in the Popes head Pallace, neere the Royall Exchange. 1612. 4to.

When I formerly edited the works of Webster, I was not aware that there existed more than one edition of this play : eince that time, a copy of the second quarto has come into my possession (from the eal of Mr. Heber's books).

There can be no doubt that *The Famous History of Sir Thomas Wyatt* consists merely of fragments of two plays, —or rather, a play in Two Parts,—called *Lady Jane*, concerning which we find the following entries in *The Diary of Henslove*;

"Lent unto John Tharo, the 15 of octobr 1602, to geve unto harey chettell, Thomas Deckers,	
Thomas Hewode, and Mr. Smyth, and Mr. Webster, in earneste of a playc called Ladcy Jane,	
the some of	ls
"Lent unto Thomas Hewode, the 21 of octobr 1602, to payo unto Mr. Dickers, chettell,	
Smythe, Webester and Hewode, in fulle payment of ther playe of ladye Jane, the some of .	vli x*
"Lent unto John Ducke, the 27 of octobr 1602, to geve unto Thomas Deckers, in earneste of	

ent unto John Ducke, the 27 of octobr 1602, to geve unto Thomas Deckers, in earneste of the 2 pt of Ladye Jane, the some of . v^{*}

Pp 242-3, ed. Shakespeare Soc.

Whether the present abridgment of *Lady Jane* was made by Dekker and Webster (see its title-page), or by some other play-wright, cannot be determined ; that it has suffered cruelly from the hands of the transcriber or printer, is certain.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

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DUKE OF NORTHUMBERLAND. GUILDFORD DUDLEY, } his sons. DUKE OF SUFFOLK. DUKE OF NORFOLK. EARL OF ARUNDEL. EARL OF PEMBROKE. EARL OF HUNTINGDON. BISHOP OF WINCHESTER. Lord Treasurer. SIR THOMAS WYATT. SIR HENRY BEDINGFIELD. SIR GEORGE HARPER. SIR HENRY ISELY. SIR ROBERT RODSTON. CAPTAIN BRETT. Norroy. Preacher. Doctor. COUNT EGMONT. ROOSE. HOMES. Porter. Clown. Headsman, Sheriff, Heralds, Officers, &o.

QUEEN MARY. LADY JANE DUDLEY. Country Maid. Ladies.

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Enter NORTHUMBERLAND and SUFFOLK.* North. Will you not subscribe Suff. How fares the king, my lord? speaks he Your hand with other of the lords ? Not with me, cheerly ? That in my hands surprise * the sovereignty ? North. Even as a dying man, whose life's + like to Wyatt. I'll damn + my soul for no man, no, for Quick lightning, no man. Which is no sooner seen but is extinct. Who at doomsday must answer for my sin? Suff. Is the king's will confirm'd ? Not you, nor you, my lords. North. Ay, that's the point that we level at : Who nam'd Queen Jane in noble Henry's days? But, O, the confirmation of that will, Which of you all durst once displace his issue? 'Tis all. 'tis all ! My lords, my lords, you what your knives so sharp Suff. That will confirm my daughter queen. To carve your meat, that they will cut your North. Right; and my son is married to your fingers: daughter. The strength is weakness that you build upon. My lord, in an even plain way I will The king is sick,-God mend him, ay, God mend Derive the crown unto your daughter's head. him !---What though the king hath left behind But were his soul from his pale body free, Two sisters, lawful and immediate heirs, Adieu, my lords, the court no court for me. To succeed him in his throne ? North. Farewell; I fear thee not .---Exit WYATT. Lies it not in our powers to contradict it ? The fly is angry, but he wants a stiug. Have we not the king and council's hands unto it ? Of 1 all the council, only this perverse Tut, we stand high In man's opinion and the world's broad eye. And peevish lord hath denied his hand Suff. Here comes Sir Thomas Wyatt. To the investing of your princely daughter. He's idle, and wants power : Enter WYATT. Our ocean shall these petty brooks devour .--Here comes his highness' doctor. North. Sir Thomas, Booted and spurr'd ! whither away so fast ? Enter Doctor. Wyatt. It boots me not to stay, Suff. How fares his highness? When in this land rebellion bears such sway. Doct. His body is past help: God's will, a court ! 'tis chang'd Since noble Henry's days. You have set your * surprise] May be right : but qy.? hands + damn] The old copies "damb'd." Unto a will; a will you well may call it: Of all the council, only this perverse So wills Northumberland, so wills great Suffolk, And peevish lord hath denied his hand Against God's will, to wrong those princely The old copies have, "And all the Counsell : onely this permerse maids. And peeuish Lord, hath onely deny'd his hand." The Rev. J. Mitford (Gent. Mag. for June 1833, p. 491) * Enter Northumberland, &c.] Scene. A room in the palace at Greenwich. would read the second line thus,-† life's] The old copies " life." "And peevish lord denied hath his hand."

THE

Jane. Who would wear fetters, We have left our practice to the divines. That they may cure his soul. Though they were all of gold, or to be sick, Suff. * Past physic's help! why, then, past Though his faint brows for a wearing nightcap hope of life .----Wore a crown? Thou must assume a title Here comes his highness' preacher. That goes on many feet ; but 'tis an office Wherein the hearts of scholars and of soldiers Enter Preacher. Will depend upon thy hearse. Were this rightly Life, reverent man ? + scann'd, Preach. Life, life, though death his body do We scarce should find a king in any land. dissever ; Our king lives with the King of Heaven for ever. Bater ARUNDEL. North. Dead !--Send for heralds, call me pur-Arun. Honour and happy reign suivants; Attend the new majesty of England ! Where's the King-at-arms? Jane. To whom, my lord, bends this your ave? In every market-town proclaim Queen Jane. Arun. To your grace, dread sovereign ; Suff. Best to take the opinion of the council. You are, by the king's will and the consent North. You are too timorous; we in ourselves Of all the lords, chosen for our queen. Are power sufficient : the king being dead, Jane. O God ! methinks you sing my death in This hand shall place the crown on Queen Jane's parts head. Of music's loudness: 'tis not my turn to rise. Trumpets and drums, with your notes resound Enter NORTHUMBERLAND, SUFFOLK with the purse and the Her royal name, that must in state be crown'd! mace, and others. Exeunt. Enter Guildford and JANE. North. The voice of the whole land speaks in Guild. Our cousin king is dead. my tongue: Jane. Alas, how small an urn contains a king! It is concluded your majesty must ride He, that rul'd all even with his princely hreath, From hence unto the Tower, there to stav Is forc'd to stoop now to the stroke of death. Until your coronation. Heard you not the proclamation ? Jane. O God ! Guild. I hear of it, and I give credit to it : Suff. Why sighs your majesty ? What great men fear to be, their fears make § Jane. My lord and father, greater. I pray, tell me,---was your father's father Our fathers grow ambitious, E'er a king ? Aud would force us sail in mighty tempests, Suff. Never, an it like your grace. And are not lords of what they do possess. Jane. Would I might still continue of his line. Are not thy thoughts as great? Not travel in the clouds ! It is often seen, Jane. I have no thoughts so rank, so grown to The heated blood, that covets to be royal, As are our fathers' pride. [head, Leaves off ere it be noble .----Troth, I do enjoy a kingdom, having thee; My learnèd, careful king, what, must we go? And so my pain be prosperous in that, Guild. We must. What care I though a sheep-cote be my palace Jane. Then it must be so. Or fairest roof of honour? North. Set forward, then. Guild. See, how thy blood [A dead march, and pass round the stage, and Keeps course with mine! Thou must be a queen; GUILDFORD speaks.* Guild. The Tower will be a place of ample state : ay me, Some lodgings in it will, like dead men's sculls. A queen! The flattering bells, that shrilly sound At the king's funeral, with hollow hearts Remember us of frailty. Will cowardly call thee sovereign; for, indeed, Jane. + We are led Thou wouldst prove but an usurper. With pomp to prison. O prophetic soul! Lo, we ascend into our chairs of state, * Suff.] The old copies "Aru." Like several 1 coffins, in some funeral pomp. t Life, reverent man ?] Here the old copies have no interrogation :---something seems wanting. * They are now supposed to have reached the Tower. t Enter Guildford and Jane] Scene. A room in Sion (The historic fact is, that Jane was conveyed from Sion House. House to the Tower by water.)

\$ make] The old copies "grow" (an error occasioned by that word in the next line). † Jane] The old copies "Gui."
\$ several] The old copies "funerall." The reading,

Descending to their graves! But we must on. How can we fare well to keep our court	Of the Dukes Northumberland and Suffolk Denied their aid in these unlawful arms;
Where prisoners keep their cave?	To all the council I denied my hand,
[A flourish. Exeunt.	And for King Henry's issue still will stand.
Enter QUEEN MARY,* with a prayer-book in her hand, like a nun.	Mary. Your counsel, good Sir Thomas, is so pithy,
Mary. Thus like a nun, not like a princess born,	That I am won to like it.
Descended from the royal Henry's loins,	Wyatt. Come, let us straight
Live I environ'd in a house of stone.	From hence, from Framlingham. Cheer your
My brother Edward lives in pomp and state;	spirits.
I in a mansion here all ruinate.	I'll to the dukes at Cambridge, and discharge
Their rich attire, delicious banquetting,	Them all.—Prosper me, God, in these affairs !
Their several pleasures, all their pride and honour,	I lov'd the father well, I lov'd the son,
I have forsaken for a rich prayer-book.	And for the daughter I through death will run. [Exewnt.
The golden mines of wealthy India	•
Are all as dross compared to thy sweetness : Thou art the joy and comfort of the poor;	Enter Northumberland, Suffolk, Arundel, Brett, and Soldiers.*
The everlasting bliss in thee we find.	North. Where's Captain Brett?
This little volume, enclosed in this hand,	Brett. Here, my lord.
Is richer than the empire of this land.	Suff. Are all our numbers full?
	Brett. They are, my lord.
Enter SIR HENRY BEDINGFIELD.	Suff. See them arraign'd : † I will set forward
Beding. Pardon me, madam, that so boldly I	straight.
press	North. Honourable friends, and native peers,
Into your chamber: I salute your highness	That have chosen me to be the leader
With the high style of queen.	Of these martial troops, to march against
Mary. Queen! may it be?	The sister of our late dead sovereign;
Or jest you at my lowering misery ?	Bear witness of my much unwillingness
Beding. Your brother king is dead,	In furthering these attempts. I rather joy To think upon our ancient victories
And you the Catholic queen must now succeed.	
Mary. I see my God at length hath heard my prayer.	Against the French and Spaniard, whose high pride We levell'd with the waves of British shore,
You, Sir Harry, for your glad tidings,	Dying the haven of Britain t with guilty blood,
Shall be held in honour and due regard.	Till all the harbour seem'd a sanguine pool.
	Or we desire these arms were now to war
Enter WYATT.	'Gainst the perfidious northern enemy,
Wyatt. Health to the Lady Mary!	Who, trembling at our first shock, voice, and sight,
Mary. And why not queen, Sir Thomas?	Like cowards turn'd their backs with shameful
Wyatt. Ask that of Suffolk['s] duke, and great	flight.
Northumberland,	But those rich spoils are past: we are now to go,
Who in your etead have crown'd another.	Being native friends, against a native foe.
Mary. Another queen, Sir Thomas, we alive,	In your hands we leave the queen elected:
The true immediate heiress of our dread father !	She hath seizure of the Tower. If you
Wyatt. Nothing more true than that,	Be confident, as you have sworn yourselves,
Nothing more true than you are the true heir.	True liegemen to her highness, she no doubt
Come, leave this cloister, and be seen abroad :	With royal favour will remunerate
Your very sight will stir the people's hearts,	The least of your deserts.
And make them cheerly for Queen Mary cry.	* Enter Northumberland, &c.] Scens. London or in its

One comfort I can tell you: the tenants

Lectures, &c., p. cv.).

Castle of Framlingham.

"several" (and it is at least a probable smendation) was

proposed by Mr. Collisr (Preface to Coleridge's Seven

* Enter Queen Mary, &c.] Scene. An apartment in the

^{*} Enter Northumberland, &c.] Scene. London, or in its neighbourhood ?

[†] arraign'd] i. s. arranged: Shakespeare, Spenser, and other old writers, have darraign, in the same sense.

[‡] Britain] The old copies "Brit:".—The Rev. J. Mitford (Gent. Mag. for June 1833, p. 491) would read "Brute," which helps the metre somewhat, but does not improve the sense.

Enter ARUNDEL. Farewell; my tears into your bosome fall; Arun. Porter, did the lord treasurer pass this With one embrace I do include you all. wav? Arun. My lord most lov'd, with what a mourning Porter. But now, my gracious lord. heart Arun. Ungracious villain, follow, bring him I take your farewell, let the after-signs back again; Of my employment witness. I protest, If not by fair means, bring him back by force. Did not the sacred person of my queen, And hear you, sirrah, as you go, will* the lord Whose weal I tender as my soul's chief blies, mayor, Urge my abode, I would not think it shame And some aldermen of his brethren, To trail a pike where you were general. And some especial citizens of note, But wishes are in vain; I am bound to stay, To attend our further pleasures presently. And urgent business calls your grace away: The treasurer fled; the duke is but newly arrested; See, on my knees I humbly take my leave, Some purpose, on my life, to cross their plote: And steep my words with tears. We'll set strong watches, see gates and walls well North. Kind Arundel, mann'd. I bind thee to my love: once more, farewell. 'Tis ten to one but princely innocence Arun. Heavens give your grace success ! Is these strange turmoils' wisest violence. Commend us to the queen and to your son : Exeunt. Within one week I hope war will be done. [Exit. † WINCHESTER, ARUNDEL, and other Lorde, discovered ; the Brett. Come, my lords, shall us march ? Lord Treasurer kneeling at the council-table. North. Ay, ay, for God's sake, on : Arun. Though your attempt, lord treasurer, be 'Tis more than time, my friends, that we were such [Exeunt. gone. That hath no colour in these troublous times But an apparent purpose of revolt Enter Treasurer and Porter.* From the deceas'd king's will and our decree, Treas. What, ho, porter ! open the gate. Yet, for you are a councillor of note, Porter. I beseech your honour to pardon me; One of our number, and of high degree, The council hath given strict command not Before we any way presume to judge, anv We give you leave to speak in your behalf. Shall pass this way. Treas. My lord, the business of these troublous Treas. Why, you idle fellow, times, Am I not sent upon the queen's affairs, Binding us all still to respect the good Commanded by the lords? and know you not Of commonweal, yet doth it not debar That I am treasurer ? Come, open the gate : Private regard of us and of our own. You do you know not what. The general weal is treasur'd in your breast, Porter. Well, my lord, I do adventure, on your And all my ablest powers have been employ'd word. To stir them there; yet have I borne a part, The dukes' displeasure; all the council-board Laying the commons' troubles next my heart. Besides may be my heavy enemies; My oversight in parting without leave But go, o' God's name ! I the worst will prove, Was no contempt, but only for an hour, And if I die, I die for him I love. To order home-affairs, that none of mine Treas. I thank thee, and will warrant thee from In these nice times should unto faction climb. death. Arun. Nay, my good lord, be plain with us, I Is my horse ready? pray; Porter. It is, my lord. Are you not griev'd that we have given consent Treas. Then will I fly this fearful council-board. To Lady Jane's election ? Exit. Porter. My heart misgives me, I have done Treas. My lords, I am not. Arun. Speak like a gentleman ; upon your word, amiss : Yet being a councillor, one of the number, Are you not discontent? Nothing can prove amiss. Now shall I know Treas. Troth, to be plain, The worst ; here comes my Lord of Arundel. I am not pleas'd that two such princely maide, * Enter Treasurer and Porter] Scene. Court of the * will] i. e. desire. Tower. † Winchester, &c.] Scene. A room in the Tower.

Lineally descended from our royal king, Given them commission under our own hands And by his testimony confirm'd heir[s], To pass against the lady, yea, perform * If that their brother dying issueless,* In hostile manner; and no doubt the spleen And one that never dream'd it, never desir'd Of the undaunted spirit of Northumher's earl The rule of sovereiguty, Will not be call'd with writings of repeal. But with virgin's tears hath oft bewail'd her Advice in this I hold it better far. misery, To keep the course we run, than, seeking change, Should politicly by us be nam'd a queen. Hazard our lives, our heirs, and the realm.+ Arun. You have said nobly : sit and take your Wyatt. In actions roving from the bent of truth place. We have no precedent thus to persist But the bare name of worldly policy. Enter Porter. If others have ground from justice and the law, Porter. My lords, Sir Thomas Wyatt craves As well divine as politic agreeing. access They are for no cause to he disinherited. Unto your honours. If you not seven years since to that effect Arun. Let him come near. Swore to the father to maintain his seed, Porter. Room for Sir Thomas Wyatt ! What dispensation hath acquitted you From your first sacred vows? You'll say, the will Enter WYATT. Extorted from a child. O, let mine eyes, Wyatt. A divine spirit teach your honours truth, In naming that sweet youth, observe their part, Open your eyes of judgment to behold Pouring down tears, sent from my swelling heart The true legitimate Mary, your undoubted God's mother, I turn t child ! but I'll go on. sovereign ! Arun. Arise, Sir Thomas; sit and take your Say that the will were his, forc'd by no trick, But for religion's love his simple act, place.-Now to our former business : Yet note how much you err. You were sworn The obligation wherein we all stood bound before To the deceas'd late king's will and our decree, To a man's will, and not a will alone, His cousin Jane and the two absent dukes, But strengthen'd by an act of parliament. Cannot be couceal'd without great reproach Besides this sacred proof, the princely maids, Had they no will nor act to prove their right,----To us and to our issue. We have sworn, Have birthrights no privilege, being a plea so strong In presence of the sacred host of heaven, As cannot be refell'd but by plain wrong? Unto our late young lord, to both the dukes, Now were you touch'd. The lady in [the] Tower, That no impeachment should divert our hearts Alas, she's inuocent of any § claim : From the election of the Lady Jane.+ Trust me, she 'd think it a most happy life, To this end we have seiz'd her in the Tower, To leave a queen's and keep a lady's name. By public proclamation made her queen; And for the dukes, your warrants sent them forth; To this end we have arm'd the duke[s] with power, Let the same warrants call them back again : If they refuse to come, the realm, not they, * There is manifestly a line or lines wanting here. Must be regarded. Be strong and bold. That no impeachment should divert our hearts t We are the people's factors. Save our sons From the election of the Lady Jane] The old copies have,-From killing one another; be afraid "From the impeachment of the Lady Jane,"----To tempt both heaven and earth. So, I have said. the word "impeachment" having been repeated from the Arun. Why, then, give order that she shall be preceding line by a mistake of the transcriber or printer. That the first "impeachment,"-i.e. hindrance, let, imqueen.

> Send for the mayor. Her errors we'll forget, Hoping she will forgive.

* the lady, yea, perform] The old copies "the Lady. You performe."—As the passage now stands, "the lady" means Mary. But qy.? "To pass against the lady's foes perforce," &c.,—"the lady's," meaning the Lady Jane's? † the realm] The old copies "the realmes" (which, though

sense, is a training one copies "the realm" in the next speech) \$\$ turn] The old copies "tearme."

§ any] The old copies "my."

"Are you not griev'd that we have given consent To Lady Jane's election?"

(The reading of this passage proposed by the Rev. J. Mitford (Gent. Mag. for June 1833, p. 492),-

pediment,-is right, there can be no doubt; and that

in the second line "election" is the author's word, seems

equally certain ; compare what Arundel has said a little

before,-

"That no impediment should divert our hearts

From the *impeachment* of the Lady Jane," alters the right word in the first line, and leavee the wrong one in the second.)

Wyatt. Never make doubt : Enter a Countryman and a Maid. Setting her ceremonious order by, Count. What's here? soldiers! She is pure within, and mildly chaste without. Brett. Fear not good speech. These rude arms Arun. Give order to keep fast the Lady Jane. I bear Dissolve the council. Let us leave the Tower, Are not to fright sweet gentle peace away,* And in the city hold our audience. But to succour your lives. Pass peaceably away. Wyatt. You have advis'd well, honourable Clown. Cry "God save the queen," as you go, and lords: God send you a good market! So will the citizens he wholly ours: Count. God save the queen! what queen? there And if the dukes be cross, we'll cross their powers. lies the sense : Exeunt. When we have none, it can be no offence. Clown. What carry you there in your basket? Enter BRETT, Clown, and Soldiers.* Maid. Eggs, forsooth. Brett. Lancepersado, † quarter, quarter. Clown. Well, cry "God save Queen Jane," as you Clown. What shall we quarter, captain ? go, and God send you a good market! Brett. Why, the soldiers. Maid. Is the right queen call'd Jane ? alack for Clown. Why, they are not hanged nor drawn woe. yet. [That] at the first she was not christen'd so ! Brett. Sir, I mean quarter them, that the of-[Excunt Countryman and Maid. fended multitude may pass in safety. Brett. Thus old and young still descant on her Clown. May we not take tolls of the pies and name. the apple-women ? Nor lend no ear when we her style proclaim. Brett. Not in any sort; the duke's pleasure will I fear, I fear,-Fear, Brett! what shouldst thou pass free.1 fearl Clown. The commons shall be used with all Thou hast a breast compos'd of adamant. common courtesy, that go in rank like beans, Fall what ill betide, and cheesecakes on their heads instead of caps. My suchor is cast, and I in harbour ride. Brett. Sirrah, this is a famous university, And those scholars; those lofty buildings and Enter NORTHUMBERLAND, HUNTINGDON, WWATT, and goodly houses Soldiers. † Founded by noble patrons. But, no more : Wyatt. My lord, 'tis true, you sent unto the Set a strong watch : that he your chiefest care. council For fresh supplies: what succour, what supplies? * Enter Brett, &c.] Scene. A street in Cambridge. + Lancepersado] Written also lanceprisado, lancepezado, Happy is he can draw his neck out of the collar, lancepesade, or lancepesata: (Ital. lancia spezzata,) the And make his peace with Mary. lowest officer of foot, one who ie under the corporal. North. How stands the treasurer addicted to "He is a gentleman of no ancient standing in the 118? militia, for he draws his pedigree from the time of the wars between Francis I. and his son, Henry II., kings of Wyatt. I had forgot: when we were at council, France, on the one part; and the Emperor Charles V .. He stole away, and went home to his house, and hie brother-in-law, the Duke of Savoy, on the other And by much entreaty was won to return : part. In those wars, when a gentleman of a troop of In brief, they all incline to Queen Mary. horse, in any skirmish, battle, or renconnter, had broke his lance on the enemy, and lost his horse in the ecuffle, My lord, farewell: he was entertained (under the name of a broken lance) Each hasty hour will colder tidings tell. by a captain of a foot company as his comerade, till he was again mounted. But as all good orders fall soon North. Come they in thunder, we will meet with from their primitive institution, so in a short time our them : Monsieur Lancepesata (for so he was called) was forced to In the loudest language that their ordnance speaks, descend from being the captain's comerade, and become Ours shall answer theirs .-- Call me a herald. the caporal's companion, and assisted him in the exercise of his charge, and therefore was cometimes called hy the French, aide caporal. But when the caporal grew * Are not to fright sweet gentle peace away] In the old weary of the comeradeship of his lancepesata, he made copies thus :-him officiate under him, and for that had some allowance "Ist not to fight? Sweet, gentle Peace away." of pay more than the common souldier."-Turner's Pallas The "away" at the end of the next line is very question-Armata, p. 219-(as quoted by Gross, Mil. Ant., v. i., able: qy. "along"? p. 262.)

Exeunt.

Exit.

+ Enter Northumberland, &c.] Scene. Another part of

the same town.

1 will pass free] Qy. "will have them pass free"?

And in the market-place proclaim Queen Jane.	North. Amen! I bear a part;
[A Herald called in.	Ay, with my tongue,-I do not with my heart.
The streets are full, the town is populous,	Now they cau cry, now they can bawl and yell:
The people gape for novelty.—Trumpets, speak to them,	Base-minded slaves, sink may your souls to hell!
That they may answer with an echoing cry,	Enter ROOSE with letters.
"God save Queen Jane, God save her majesty!" [A trumpet sounds, and no answer. The Horald sounds a parley, and none answers.	<i>Roose.</i> My honour'd lord, the council greets you with
Ha! a bare report of trumpets!	These letters.
Are the slaves hoarse, or want they art to speak?	North. Stay, Master Roose; ere you depart, receive
O me! This town consists on famous colleges,	An answer and reward. [He readeth the letter.
Such as know both how, and what, and when to epeak.	"In the sovereign name of Mary our queen, you shall, upon the sight hereof, surcease your arms,
Well, yet we will proceed,	discharge your soldiers, and presently repair unto
And smother what close envy hath decreed.	the court, or else to be held as an arch-traitor."
and smooner where eres only have deteed.	'Tis short and sharp
Enter AMBROSE DUDLEY.	Master Roose, we do obey your warrant:
Ambrose, my son, what news?	But, I pray, tell me, how do all our friends at
Amb. O my thrice-honour'd father !	court ?
North. Boy, speak the worst:	Is there not a great mortality amongst them?
That which sounds deadliest, let me hear that first.	Is there not a number of them dead of late,
Amb. The lords have all revolted from your fac-	Since I came thence ?
tion.	Roose. My gracious lord, not any.
North. We in ourselves are strong.	North. O Master Roose, it cannot he: I will
Amb In Baynard's Castle was a council held,	assure you,
Whither the mayor and sheriffs did resort,	At my departure thence I left living there at least
And 'twas concluded to proclaim Queen Mary.	Five hundred friends, and now I have not one,
North. Then they revolt the allegiance from my	Simply, not one: friends! ha, ha, ha! Commission,
daughter,	Thou must be my friend,
And give it to another?	And stand betwixt me and the stroke of death; Were thy date out, my life's date were but short;
Amb. True, my thrice-honour'd father:	They are cold friends that kill their friends in
Besides, my brother Guildford and his wife,	sport.
Where she was proclaim'd queen, are now close	Amb. Here comes your honour'd friend, the Earl
prisoners, Namely in the Tower.	of Arundel.
North. God take them to his mercy! they had	
need	Enter ARUNDEL.
Of grace and patience, for they both must bleed.	North. My honour'd friend,
Poor innocent souls, they both from guilt are free!	Arun. I am no friend to traitors :
Amb. O my thrice-honour'd father, might I ad-	In my most high and princely sovereign's name,
vise you,	I do arrest your honour of high treason.
Fly to your manor, there study for your safety.	North. A traitor, Arundel!
North. Boy, thou say'st well:	Have I not your hand in my commission?
And since the lords have all revolted from me,	Let me peruse it : as I take 't, 'tis here ;
Myself will now revolt against myself.	And by your warrant have [I] so strict proceeded:
Call me a herald to fill their empty ears :	Are the limits of my warrant broke? answer me.
Assist me, son :my good Lord Huntingdon,	Arun. It may be that it hath pleas'd her
Even in this market-town proclaim Queen Mary.	majesty
	To pardon us, and for to punish you;
A trumpet sounds a parley, the Herald proclaims.	I know no other reason: this I must;
Her. Mary, by the grace of God, Queen of Eng-	I am commanded, and the act is just.

land, France, and Ireland, defendress of the faith,
Amen!North. And I obey you. When we parted last,
Wy lord of Arundel, our farewell was

 Better than our greeting now: then you cried, "God speed"; Now you come on me, ers you say, "Take heed"; Then you did owe me your best bloods, nay, griev'd You could not spend them in my service; O, then It was a double death to stay behind! But I am overtook, and you are kind, I am, beshrew you else: but I submit; My crime is great, and I must answer it. Arun. You must, with your three sons, be guarded safe Unto the Tower; with you those lords and knights That in this faction did associate you: 	 Suff. I prithee, do: Need bids me eat, need bids me hear thee too. Homes. The night I left you in the hollow tree, My house was search'd. Suff. Go on, go on. Homes. And I no sconer enter'd but attach'd; Threaten'd the rack, an if I did not yield Your gracious self into their graceless hands. Suff. And thou hast done't, thou hast betrayed me? Homes. Done it! O, betray you! O, no! First would I see my loved wife and children Murder'd and toss'd on spears, before I would Deliver your grace unto their hands; for they
For so I am eujoin'd.	Intend your death,—
Then peaceably let us conduct you thither.	Suff. Go on, go on.
North. O my children, my soul weeps endless	Homes. And offer'd
tears for you!	A thousand crowns to him that can bring news
O, at the general sessions, when all souls	Of your abode : 'twas offer'd in my hands,
Stand at the bar of justice, and hold up	Which I beseech may stop my vital breath,
Their new-immortalized hands, O, then	When I am fee'd with gold to work your death.
Let the remembrance of their tragic ends	Enter Sheriff and Officers.
Be raz'd out of the bead-roll of my sins ! Whene'er the black book of my crime's unclasp'd,	Sher. See, yonder sits the duke.
Let not these scarlet letters be found there;	Suff. I kiss thee in requital of this love.
Of all the rest only that page be clear !	Homes. And, in requital of so great a grace,
But come, to my arraignment, then to death.	I kiss your hand that deign'st * to kiss my face.
The queen and you have long aim'd at this head:	Sher. So Judas kiss'd his masterSeize the
If to my children she sweet grace extend,	duke.
My soul hath peace, and I embrace my end.	Suff. Ah me! Ned Homes, we are undone; both
[Exeunt.	thou
Enter SUFFOLK.*	And I betray'd!
Suff. Three days are past, Monday, Tuesday, and	Sher. My lord, late Duke of Suffolk, in her highness'
Wednesday too,	Name, I do arrest you of high treason.
Yet my protesting servant is not come: Himself conducted me to this hard lodging,	Suff. I do obey, and only crave this kindness,
A simple cabin for so great a prince;	You would he good unto my servant Homes,
And then he swore, but oaths you see are vain,	Whot in relieving me hath but perform'd
That he would hourly come and visit me.	The duty of a servant to his lord.
I, that was wont to surfeit in estate,	Sher. You are deceiv'd, sir, in your servant
Am now through hunger almost desolate.	much;
	He is the man that did betray you
Enter HOMES, sweating, with bottle and bag.	Here, Master Homes, towards your thousand
Homes. My lord,-	pounds, Here is a hundred marks.
Suff. Ned Homes, speak, hast thou brought me	Here is a hundred marks; Come to the Exchequer, you shall have the rest.
meat?	Suff. Hast thou betray'd me? yet with such a
Homes. With much ado, my lord, meat, bread,	tongue,
and wine: While you refresh neuroalf I will record	So smoothly oil'd, slight off my danger's fear?
While you refresh yourself, I will record	O, break, my heart! this grief's too great to bear.
The cause of my long stay.	
* Enter Suffolk] If the author intended here to follow history, the scene is now the Duke's mauor of Astley, a	" your hand that deign'st, &c.] i.e. the hand of thee that deign'st, &c.—The old copies have "your hand that dares," &c.,—" dares" being evidently a misprint for

few miles from Coventry; for he was apprehended in "danes,"-danest (deignest). Astley park: see Helinshed's Chron. vol. iv. 14, ed. 1808. + Who] The eld copies "Where."

Exit.

Homes. Pardon me, my lord. Suff. God pardon thee,

And lay not to thy soul this grievous sin ! Farewell; and when thou spend'st this ill-got gold, Remember how thy master's life was sold : Thy lord that gave thee lordships, made thee great, Yet thou betray'd'st him as he sat at meat.— On to my grave! 'tis time that I were dead, When he that held my heart betrays my head. [Execut SUFFOLK, Sheriff, and Officers.

Homes. O God, O God, that ever I was born ! This deed hath made me slave to abject scorn.

Enter the Clown.

Clown. O poor shrimp, how art thou fallen away for want of mouching ! O, colon * cries out most tyraunically ! the little gut hath no mcrcy.—

What's here? victuals! O rare, O good!

Feed chops, drink throat; good victuals make good blood.

Re-enter HOMES, with a halter about his neck.

But stay, who's here? more sheriffs, more searchers? O, no, this is Homes, that betrayed his honest master: how, with a halter about his neck! I hope he doth not mean to hang himself. I'll step aside.

Homes. This is the place where I betray'd my lord :

This is the place where oft I have reliev'd,

And villain I betray'd him to the jaws of death. But here before I further will proceed,

Here will I bury this enticing gold :

Lie there, damn'd fiend, never serve human't more ! Clown. This is rare : now in this mood if he

would hang himself, 'twere excellent.

Homes. Shall I ask mercy? no, it is too late; Heaven will not hear, and I am desperate.

[Strangles himself.

Clown. So, so, a very good ending: would all false servants might drink of the same sauce ! Gold, you are first mine: you must help [me] to shift myself into some counterfeit suit of apparel, and then to London. If my old master be hanged, why, so: if not, why, rustic and lustic. Yet, before I go, I do not care if I throw this dog in a ditch. --Come away, dissembler.--This cannot choose but be a hundred pound, it weighs so heavy.

[Exit with the body of HOMES.

human] Our dictionaries, I believe, do not acknowledge this word as a substantive: but Chapman uses it frequently as such. Enter Queen MARY, * WINCHESTER, NORFOLK, PEMBROKE, WYATT, ARUNDEL, and Attendants.

Q. Mary. By God's assistance and the power of heaven,

After our troubles, we are safely set In our inheritance : for which we do subscribe The praise and benefit to God; next, thanks To you, my lords. Now shall the sanctuary, And the house of the Most High, be newly built; The ancient honours due unto the church, Buried within the ruin'd + monasteries, Shall lift their stately heads and rise again. To astonish the destroyers' wondering eyes. Zeal shall be deck'd in gold: religion, Not like a virgin robb'd of all her pomp, But bravely \$\$ shining in her gems of state, Like a fair bride be offer'd to the Lord. To build § large houses, pull no churches down, Rather enrich the temple with our crown : Better a poor queen than the subjects poor.

Win. May it please your grace to give release unto

Such ancient bishops that have lost their honours In the church-affairs.

Q. Mary. We have given order

To the Duke of Norfolk to release them.

Arun. Your sacred highness will no doubt be mindful

Of the late oath you took at Framlingham.

Q. Mary. O, my lord of Arundel, we remember that:

But shall a subject force his prince to swear Contrary to her conscience and the law? We here release unto our faithful people One entire subsidy, due unto the crown

In our dead brother's days. The commonalty

Shall not be overburden'd in our reign :

Let them be liberal in religion.

And we will spare their treasure to themselves. Better a poor prince than the nation poor:

The subjects' treasure is the sovereign's store.

- Arun. What is your highness' pleasure about the rebels?
- Q. Mary. The queen-like rebel, || mean you not, Queen Jane?
- Arun. Guildford, and Jane, with great Northumberland,

And haughty Suffolk's duke.

* Enter Queen Mary] Scene. London. A room in the palace.

† ruin'd] The old copies "Ruine."

t bravely] The old copies " briefly."

§ To build, &c.] Something that preceded this has dropt out.

0

|| rebel] The old copies " Rebels."

^{*} colon] A word frequently in the mouth of hungry personages in our old dramas: it is the largest of the human intestines, not "the *little* gut," as the Clown here calls it.

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Wyatt. O God ! Q. Mary. The Duke of Suffolk Is she a beggar, a forsaken maid, Is not yet apprehended : therefore, my lords, That she hath need of grace from foreign princes? Some of you most dear to us in love By God's dear mother,-O, God pardon! swear I?-Be careful of that charge : the rest we'll leave Methinks she is a fair and lovely prince; For trial of the other prisoners. Her only beauty, were she of mean birth, Wyatt. The Lady Jane, most mighty sovereign, Able to make the greatest potentate, Allied to you in blood,---Ay, the great emperor of the mighty Cham, For she's the daughter of your father's sister, That hath more nations under his command Mary the Queen of France, Charles Brandon's wife, Than Spanish Philip's like to inherit towns, Your niece, your next of blood except your To come and lay his sceptre at her feet, sister,---And to entreat her to vouchsafe the grace Deserves some pity; so doth youthful Guildford. Win. Such pity as the law allows to traitors. To take him and his kingdom to her mercy. Win. Wyatt, you are too hot. Norf. They were misled by their ambitious Wyatt. And you too proud. fathers. Vouchsafe! O, base! I hope she'll not vouchsafe Win. What son to obey his father proves a To take the emperor's son to her dear mercy. traitor. Q. Mary. Proceed, my lord of Winchester, I Must buy their disobedience with their death. Wyatt. My lord of Winchester still thirsts for pray. Win. Then still I say we have cause to thank blood. Q. Mary. Wyatt, no more; the law shall be our God That such a mighty prince will look so low their judge: As to respect this island and our queen. Mercy to mean offenders we'll ostend, Not unto such that dare usurp our crown. Wyatt. Pardon me, madam; he respects * your island Arun. Count Egmont, the ambassador from More than your person : think of that. Spain. Norf. Wyatt, you wrong the affection of the Attends your highness' answer 'bout * those letters prince ; For he desires no fortresses nor towns. Sent from the emperor in his son's behalf. Q. Mary. In the behalf of lovely, princely Philip, Nor to bear any office, rule, or state, Whose person we have shrined in our heart, Either by person or by substitute, At the first sight of his delightful picture? Nor yet himself to be a councillor That picture should have power to kindle + love In our affairs. In royal breasts: the darts of love are words, Wyatt. What need ho, noble lords, Pictures, conceit; hs will prevail by any. To ask the fruit, when he demands the tree? Your counsel, lords, about this forsign business. No castle, fortresses, nor towers of strength ! Arun. I say, an it like your royal majesty, It boots not, when the chiefest tower of all, A royal treaty, and to be confirm'd; The key that opens unto all the land. And I allow the match. I mean our gracious sovereign, must be his. Win. Allow it, lords ! we have cause to thank But he will bear no office in the land ! our God And yet will marry with the queen of all Nor be of council in the realm's affairs! That such a mighty prince as Philip is, And yet the queen enclosed in his arms. Son to the emperor, heir to wealthy Spain I do not like this strange marriage : And many spacious kingdoms, will vouchsafs-Wyatt. Vouchsafs, my lord of Winchester! The fox is subtle, and his head once in, The slender body easily will follow. pray, what? Win. To grace our mighty sovereign with his I grant he offers you, in name of dower, The yearly sum of threescore thousand ducats, honourable title. Wyatt. To marry with our queen, mcan you Besides the seventeen famous provinces, not so? And that the heir succeeding from your loins Win. I do; what then ? Shall have the sovereign rule of both the realms: What, shall this move your highness to the match?

* 'bout] The old copies " brought."

+ kindle] The old copies "tingle."

* respects] One of the old copies " respect."

Spain is too far for England to inherit,	Jane. Good morrow to my lord, my lovely Dudley:
But England near enough for Spain to woo.	Why do you look so sad, my dearest lord?
Q. Mary.* Have not the kings of England, good	Guild. Nay, why doth Jane thus with a heavy eye,
Sir Thomas,	And a defected look, salute the day?
Espous'd the daughters of our neighbour kings?	Sorrow doth ill become thy silver brow :
Wyatt. I grant, your predecessors of thave sought	Sad grief lies dead, so long as thou liv'st fair;
Their queen[s] from France, and sometimes too from	In my Jane's joy I do not care for care.
Spain;	Jane. My looks, my love, are sorted with my
But never could I hear that England yet	heart:
Has been so base to seek a king from either.	The sun himself doth scantly show his face.
"Tis policy, dear queeu, no love at all.	Out of this firm grate you may perceive The Tower-hill throng'd with store of people,
Win. 'Tis love, great queen, no policy at all.	As if they gap'd for some strange novelty.
Wyatt. Which of you all dares justify this match,	Guild. Though sleep do seldom dwell in men
And not be touch'd in conscience with an oath?	of care,
Remember, O, remember, I beseech you,	Yet I did this night sleep, and this night dream'd
King Henry's last will and his act at court!	My princely father, great Northumberland,
I mean that royal act + of parliament	Was married to a stately bride;
That does prohibit Spaniards from the land, That will and act to which you all are sworn;	And then methought, just on his bridal day,
And do not damn your souls with perjury.	A poison'd draught did take his life away.
Q. Mary. But that we know thee, Wyatt, to be	Jane. Let not fond * visions so appal my love;
true	For dreams do oftentimes contrary prove.
Unto the crown of England and to us,	Guild. The nights are tedious, and the days
Thy over-boldness should be paid with death :	are sad :
But cease, for fear your liberal ‡ tongue offend.—	And see you how the people stand in heaps,
With one consent, my lords, you like this match?	Each man sad-looking on his oppoe'd ohject,
Omnes, except WYATT. We do, great sovereign.	As if a general passion possess'd them?
Q. Mary. Call in Count Egmont, honourable	Their eyes do seem as dropping as the moon,
lords.	As if prepared for a tragedy;
Enter EGMONT.	For never swarms of people there do tread,
We have determin'd of your embassy,	But to rob life and to enrich the dead,
And thus I plight our love to Philip's heart.	And show they wept. ⁺
Embark you straight; the wind blows wondrous	Lieut. My lord, they did so, for I was there.
fair :	Guild. I pray, resolve us, good Master Lieutenant,
Till he shall land iu England I'm all care. [Execut all except WYATT.	Who was it yonder that tender'd up his life To nature's death ?
	Lieut. Pardon me, my lord;
Wyatt. And ere he land in England, I will offer	'Tis felony to acquaint you with [the] death
My loyal breast for him to tread upon.	Of any prisoner; yet, to resolve your grace,
O, who so forward, Wyatt, as thyself To raise this troublesome queen in this her throne?	It was your father, great Northumberland,
Philip is a Spaniard, a proud nation,	That this day lost his head.
Whom naturally our countrymen abhor.	Guild. Peace rest his soul !
Assist me, gracious heavens, and you shall see	His sins be buried in his grave,
What hate I bear unto their slavery!	And not remember'd in his epitaph ! 1-
I'll into Kent, there muster up my friends,	But who comes here ?
To save this country, and this realm defend.	
LEXIL.	speare's First Part of Henry VI., act iii. sc. 2, "And will
Enter GUILDFORD, JANE, and Lieutenant.	be partner of your weal or woe.") * fond] i. e. foolish, vain.
Guild. Good morrow to the partner of my woe.	+ And show they wept Either something which preceded
* Q. Mary.] The old copies "Win."	these words has dropt out, or else they are corrupted. ‡ His sins be buried in his grave,
+ act The old copies "Court" (an error occasioned by	And not remember'd in his epitaph] From Shakespeare;
" court" in the preceding line).	"Thy ignomy sleep with thee in the grave,
t liberal] i.e. licentiouely free.	But not remember'd in thy epitaph."

5 Enter Guildford, &c.] A room in the Tower. [] partner] The old copies "Patron." (Compare Shake-

First Part of Henry IV., act v. sc. iv.

⁰²

But that's not all that your stout hearts shall earn: Jane. My father prisoner ! Stick to this glorious quarrel, and your names Enter SUFFOLK, guarded forth. Shall stand in chronicles, rank'd even with kings. Suff. O Jane, now naught but fear ! thy title and You free your country from base Spanish thrall, Thy state thou now must leave for a small grave. From ignominious slavery: who can Had I heen contented to ha' heen great, I had Digest* a Spaniard that's a true Englishman? stood : First Sold. Would he might choke that digests But now my rising is pull'd down with blood. him ! Farewell !-- Point me my house of prayers. Wyatt. He that loves freedom and his country Jane. Is grief crv So short? 'Twas wont to be full of words, 'tis "A Wyatt!" he that will not, with my heart, true; Let him stand forth, shake hands, and we'll But now death's lesson bids a cold adieu. depart.+ Farewell! Thus friends on desperate journeys Soldiers. A Wyatt, a Wyatt, a Wyatt! part; Breaking off words with tears, that swell the Enter Norroy, sounding a trumpet. Exit SUFFOLK guarded. heart. Harp. Forbear, or with the breath thy trumpet Lieut. 'Tis the pleasure of the queen that you spends part lodgings This shall let forth thy soul. Till your arraignment, which must he to-morrow. Norroy. I am a herald, Jane. Good Master Lieutenant, let us pray to-And challenge safety by the law of arms. gether. Harp. So shalt thou when thou art lawfully Lieut. Pardon me, madam, I may not; they employ'd. that owe you, sway me. Wyatt. What loud knave's that? Guild. Entreat not, Jane: though she our Norroy. No knave, Sir Thomas; I am - true hodies part, man Our souls shall meet: farewell, my love! To my queen, to whom thou art a traitor. Jane. My Dudley, my own heart! Exeunt. Soldiers. Knock him down. Wyatt. Knock him down! fie, no; Enter WYATT, HARPER, ISLEY, RODSTON, and Soldiers.* We'll handle him, he shall sound before he go. Wyatt. Hold, drum! Stand, gentlemen! Give Harp. He comes from Norfolk and those the word along ! fawning lords. Soldiers. Stand, stand ! In Mary's name, weighing out life to them Wyatt. Masters, friends, soldiers, and therefore That will with baseness buy ‡ it : seize on him gentlemen, As a pernicious enemy. I know Wyatt. Sir George, Some of you wear warm purses lin'd with gold : Be rul'd; since we profess the art of war, To them I speak not; but to such lean knaves Let's not be hiss'd at for our ignorance : That cannot put up crosses + thus I say,-He shall pass and repass, juggle the hest he can.-Fight valiantly, and, by the Mary God, Lead him into the city .--- Norroy, set forth, You that have all your life-time silver lack'd. Set forth thy brazen throat, and call all Rochester Shall now get crowns,-marry, they must be About thee; do thy office; crack'd. Fill their light heads with proclamations, do. First Sold. No matter; we'll change them for Catch fools with lime-twigs dipt with pardons .white money. But, Sir George, and good Sir Harry Isley, Wyatt. But it must needs be so, dear country-If this gallant open his mouth too wide, men : Powder the varlet, pistol him, fire the roof For soldiers are the masters of war's mint; That's o'er his mouth. Blows are the stamps they set upon with bullets, He craves the law of arms, and he shall ha't: And broken pates are when the brains lie spilt, Teach him our law, to cut's throat if he prate .---These light crowns that with blood are double-gilt. If louder reach thy proclamation, The Lord have mercy upon thee ! * Enter Wyatt, &c.] Scene. A field near Rochester. t put up crosses] A quibble : one meaning of crosses was "pieces of money" (many pieces having a cross on one * Digest] The old copies " Disgest." See note*, p. 122.

side).

+ depart] i. e. part. + buy] The quarto of 1607 "burie."

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Norroy. Sir Thomas, I must do my office. Harp. Come, we'll do ours too.	But for plain ninepence throughout all the land. They come: no man give ground in these hot
Wyatt. Ay, ay, do, blow thyself hence.	cases;
[Excunt HARPER, ISLEY, and Norroy.	Be Englishmen, and beard them to their faces.
Whorson, proud herald, because he can give arms,	Execut.
He thinks to cut us off by the elbows	Enter NORFOLK, ARUNDEL, BRETT, Clown, and Soldiers.*
Masters, and fellow soldiers, say will you leave	
Old Tom Wyatt?	Norf. Yonder the traitor marcheth with a
Omnes. No, no, no.	steel-bow
Wyatt. A march ! 'tis Norfolk's drum, upon my	Bent on his sovereign and her + kingdom's peace.
life.	To wave him to us with a flag of truce,
I pray, see what drum it is.	And tender him soft mercy, were to call
A cry within, "Arm."	Our right in question. Therefore put in act
Rod. The word is given ; "arm, arm" flies through	Your resolute intendments : if rebellion
the camp,	Be suffer'd to take head, she lives too long;
As loud, though not so full of dread, as thunder:	Treason doth swarm, therefore give signal to the
For no man's cheeks look pale, but every face	fight.
Is lifted up above his foreman's head,	Brett. 'Tis good, 'tis good, my lord.
And every soldier does on tiptoe stand,	Norf. Where's Captain Brett ?
Shaking a drawn sword in his threatening hand.	Brett. Here, my lord.
Wyatt. At whom, at whose drum ?	Norf. To do honour
Rod. At Norfolk, Norfolk's drum.	To you, and those five hundred Londoners
With him comes Arundel. You may behold	That march after your colours, you shall charge
The silken faces of their ensigns show	The traitor in the vanguard, whilst myself,
Nothing but wrinkles straggling in the wind :	With noble Arundel and stout Jerningham, Second you in the main.
Norfolk rides foremostly, his crest well known;	God and Saint George this day fight on our side,
Proud as if all our heads were now his own.	While thus we tame a desperate rehel's pride!
Wyatt. Soft ! he shall pay more for them.	[Excunt all except BRETT, Clown, and some Soldiers.
Sir Robert Rodston, bring our musketeers	Brett. Countrymen and friends, and you the
To flank our pikes; let all our archery fall off	most valiant sword-and-buckler-men of London,
In wings of shot a-both sides of the van,	the Duke of Norfolk in honour has promoted
To gall the first horse of the encmy	you to the vanguard; and why to the vanguard,
That shall come fiercely on our cannoneers :	but because he knows you to be eager men,
Bid them to charge : charge, my hearts!	martial men, men of good stomachs, very hot
Omnes. Charge, charge !	shots, very actious ‡ for valour, such as scorn to
Wyatt. Saint George for England ! Wyatt for	shrink for a wetting, who will bear off any thing
poor Kent!	with head and shoulders?
Blood lost in country's quarrel is nobly spent.	Omnes. Well, forwards, good commander, for-
Re-enter lslev.	wards!
	Brett. I am to lead you; and whither? to fight;
Isley. Base slave, hard-hearted fugitive,	and with whom ? with Wyatt; and what is Wyatt?
He that you sent with Norroy, false Sir George,	a most famous and arch-traitor-[aside] to nobody,
Is fied to Norfolk.	by this hand, that I know.
Rod. Sir George Harper fled !	Omnes. Nay, speak out, good captain.
Wyatt. I no'er thought better of a counterfeit :	Brett. I say again,-Is worthy Norfolk gone?
His name was Harper, was it not? let him go:	Omnes. Ay, ay, gone, gone.
Henceforth all harpers *, for his sake, shall stand	Brett. I say again, that Wyatt for rising thus
* Henceforth all harpers, for his sake, shall stand But for plain ninepence] "The harp first appeared	in arms, with the Kentish men dangling thus at
upon the Irish moncy in his [Heury the Eighth's] reign."	* Enter Norfolk, &c.] Another part of the field.
-Ruding's Coinage, vol. ii. p. 443, ed. 1819. By a procla-	t her] The old copics "his."
mation, set forth in 1606, it was declared, "that every of	t actions] So Warner;
the said Harp Shillings should have and bear the name and value only of twelve Pence Irish, according to tho	"With divers here not catolog'd, and for a cheefest take All-actious Candish, and of these eternall peu-workc
and standard of that realm : being in true value no more	make."
than nine Pence English." Id. vol. iii, p. 112.	Albion's England, p. 294, ed. 1612.

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his tail, is worthy to be hanged—[aside] like a jewel in the kingdom's ear.—Say I well, my lads? Omnes. Forwards, forwards ! Brett. And whosoever cuts off his head shall

have for his labour-

Clown. What shall I have? I'll do't.

Brett. The pox, the plague, and all the diseases the spittle-houses and hospitals can throw upon him.

Clown. I'll not do't, that's flat.

Brett. And wherefore is Wyatt up?

Clown. Because he cannot keep his hed.

Brett. No, Wyatt is up to keep the Spaniards down, to keep King Philip out, whose coming in will give the land such a fillip, 'twill make it reel again.

Clown. 'A would it were come to that, we would; we would leave off fillips and fall to hot-cockles.

Brett. Philip is a Spaniard; and what is a Spaniard?

Clown. A Spaniard is no Englishman, that I know.

Brett. Right, a Spaniard is a Camocho, a Calimanco; nay, which is worse, a Dondego,—and what is a Dondego?

Clown. A Dondego is a kind of Spanish stockfish or poor-John.

Brett. No, a Dondego is a desperate Viliago, a very Castilian; God bless us. There came hut one Dondego* into England, and he made all Paul's stink again: what shall a whole army of Dondegoes do, my sweet countrymen?

Clown. Marry, they will make us all smell abominably: he comes not here, that's flat.

Brett. A Spaniard is called so hecause he's a Span-yard, his yard is but a span.

Clown. That's the reason our Englishwomen love them not.

Brett. Right, for he carries not the Englishman's yard about him. If you deal with him, look for hard measure: if you give an inch, he'll take an ell; if you't give an ell, he'll take an inch: therefore, my fine, spruce, dapper, finical fellows, if you are now, as you have always heen counted, politic Londoners to fly to the stronger side, leave Arundel, leave Norfolk, and love Brett.

Clown. We'll fling our flat-caps at them.

* Dondrgo, &c.] i. s. Don Diego.—So Heywood; "But for these Spaniards, now you Don Diegoes, You that made Paules to stinke." Frie Meid of the Meid 1981 Dark Let w.

Fair Maid of the West, 1631, Part 1st, p. 51. Various other writers allude to the nasty feat of this Don Diego in St. Paul's Cathedral; and it is very plainly told in a lstter among the Cottonian MSS. (Jul. C. iii.), which must have been written about the beginning of 1597.

t you] the old copies "he."

Brett. Wear your own neat's-leather shoes; scorn Spanish leather; cry, "A fig for the Spaniard!" Said I well, bullies?

Omnes. Ay, ay, ay.

Brett. Why, then, fiat, fiat !

And every man die at his foot that cries not "A Wyatt, a Wyatt!"

Omnes. A Wyatt, a Wyatt, a Wyatt !

Enter WYATT.

Wyatt. Sweet music, gallant fellow-Londoners! Clown. I'faith, we are the madcaps, we are the lickpennies.

Wyatt. You shall be all Lord Mayors at least. [Excunt WYATT, BRETT, Clown, and Soldiers.

Alarum sounds, and enter WYATT, BRETT, RODSTON, ISLEY, Clown, and Soldiers, again.*

Wyatt. Those eight brass pieces shall do service now

Against their masters, Norfolk and Arundel:

They may thank their heels

More than their hands for saving of their lives.

When soldiers turn surveyors, and measure lands,

God help poor farmers. Soldiers and friends, let us all

Play nimble blood-hounds and hunt them step by step.

We hear

The lawyers plead in armour 'stead of gowns:

If they fall out about the case they jar.

Then they may cuff each other from the har.--

Soft! this is Ludgate: stand aloof; I'll knock.

He knocks ; enter PEMBROKE upon the walls.

Pem. Who knocks?

Wyatt. A Wyatt, a true friend.

Open your gates, you lowering citizens;

I bring you freedom from a foreign prince :

The queen has heard your suit, and 'tis her pleasure

The city-gates stand open to receive us.

Pem. Avaunt, thou traitor! think'st thou hy forgery

To enter London with rehellious arms?

Know that these gates are harr'd against thy entrance;

And it shall cost the lives

Of twenty thousand true subjects to the queen

Before a traitor enters.

Omnes. Shoot him through.

Wyatt. Stay, let's know him first.

Clown. Kill him; then let's know him afterwards.

* and enter again]'Scene. London,-Ludgato.

Thy treasons character'd. Paid for my pains ? Brett. 'Tis the Lord Pembroke. Norf. And there being miss'd, Wyatt. What have we to do with the Lord Some villain, finding you out of sight, hath rai Pembroke? This slander on you : but, come, my lord. Where's the queen's lieutenant? Pem. I'll not fight.	
Wyatt. What have we to do with the Lord Some villain, finding you out of sight, hath rai Pembroke? This slander on you : but, come, my lord. Whore's the queen's lieutenant? Pem. I'll not fight.	
Pembroke?This slander on you : but, come, my lord.Where's the queen's lieutenant?Pem. I'll not fight.	
Where's the queen's lieutenant? Pem. I'll not fight.	s'd
Pem. I am lieutenant of the city now. Norf. Nay, sweet earl,-	
Wyatt. Are you Lord Mayor? Pem. Zounds, fight, and hear my name d	is-
Pem. The greatest lord that hreathes enters honoured !	
not here Arun. Wyatt is march'd down Fleet-stree	t:
Without express command from my dear queen. after him !	
Wyatt. She commands by us. Pem. Why do not you, and you, pursue him	n?
Pem. I do command thee, in her highness' Norf. If I strike one blow, may my hand f	
name, off !	
To leave the city-gates, or, by my honour, Pem. And if I do, by this	
A piece of ordnance shall be straight discharg'd Norf. Come, leave your swearing: did u	ot
To be thy death's-man and shoot thes to thy country's care	
grave. Urge me to this quarrel, for my part,	
Wyatt. Then here's no entrance? I would not strike a blow.	
Pem. No, none. [Exit. Pem. No more would I:	
Brett. What should we do following Wyatt any I'll eat no wrongs : let's all die, and I'll die.	
longer ?	
Wyatt. O London, London, thou perfidious Enter Messenger.	
town ! Mess. Stand on your guard,	
Why hast thou broke thy promise to thy friend, For this way Wyatt is pursu'd amain.	
That for the sake and for the * general sake	
Hath thrust myself into the mouth of danger !	on,
W 1 1 1 to Till to take the A TA the A XY and A 12	
London, unjustly, buy+ thy treachery! [Within.] Follow, follow ! Norf. Stand, traitor, stand, or thou shalt ne	
Brett. Would I could steal away from Wyatt ! stand more.	01
it should be the first thing that I would do. Wyatt. Lords, I yield :	
[Here they all steal away from WYATT, and leave An easy conquest 'tis to win the field	
him alone. Where the Where is all my soldiers? what all gone After all's lost. I am wounded: let me have	
Wyatt. Where's all my soldiers? what, all gone, And laft my drum and colours without guard 1. A surgeon, that I may go sound unto my grav	•
O infelicity of careful men ! 'Tis not the name of traitor 'Pals me, nor plucks my weapon from my hau	d٠
Yet will I sell my nonourd niood as dear	
As e'er did faithful subject to his princs. [Exit.] Use me how you can, Though you say traitor, I am a gentleman.	
Enter NORFOLK and ISLEY. † Your dreadful shaking me, which I defy,	
Isley. Pembroks revolts and flies to Wyatt's Is a poor loss of life; I wish to die:	
side. Death frights my spirit no more than can my b	ьq
Norf. He's damn'd in hell that speaks it. Nor will I change one hair, losing this head.	Juj
Enter HARPER. Pem. Come, guard him, guard him.	
Harper.§ O my good lord, 'tis spread Wyatt. No matter where :	
That Pembroke and Count Arundel both are I hope for nothing, therefore nothing fear.	
fled ! [Exer	ınt.
Enter PEMBROKE and ARUNDEL. Enter WINCHESTER, NORFOLK, ARUNDEL, PEMBROKE, 2	
Pem. 'Sfoot, who said so? what devil dares	10010
stir my patience? Win. My Lord of Norfolk, will it please you	sit?
By you, the noble Lord of Arundel.	
* the] The old copies "thy." By you, the noble Lord of Arundel. Since it hath pleas'd her sacred maiesty	
 the] The old copies "thy." buy] i.e. pay dearly for. (Qy. "'hy," i.e. aby?) Enter Norfolk and Isley] Scene. A street in London. 	

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To nominate us here commissioners,	You have large-conscience jurors to besmear
Let us, without all partiality,	The fairest brow with style of treachcry.
Be open-ear'd to what they can allege.—	Norf. The barons of the land shall be your
Where's the Lieutenant of the Tower?	jury.
Enter Lieutenant.	Jane. An honourable and worthy trial;
Lieut. Here, my good lord.	And God forbid so many noblemen
Win. Fetch forth the prisoners. [Exit Lieut.	Should be made guilty of our timeless deaths !
	Arun. You'll answer to the indictment, will
Enter GUILDFORD and JANE, with Lieutenant.	you not ?
Place them severally in chairs of state.—	Guild. My lord, I will: I am
Clerk of the crown, proceed as law requires.	Norf. What? are you guilty or no?
Clerk. Guildford Dudley, hold up thy hand at	Guild. I say unguilty still; yet I am guilty.
the bar.	Jane. Slander not thyself :
Guild. Here at the bar of death I hold it up;	If there be any guilty, it was I;
And would to God, this hand, heav'd to the law,	I was proclaim'd queen, I the crown should wear.
Might have advanc'd itself in better place,	Guild. Because I was thy husband, I stand here.
For England's good and for my sovereign's weal !	Jane. Our loves we sought ourselves, but not
Clerk. Jane Gray, Lady Jane Gray, hold up	our pride :
thy hand at the bar.	And shall our fathers' faults our lives divide ? *
Jane. A hand as pure from treasonous offence*	Guild. It was my father that made thee distrest.
As the white livery.	Jane. O, but for mine, my Guildford had been
Worn by the angels in their Maker's sight! <i>Clerk</i> . You are here indicted by the names of	blest.
Guildford Dudley, Lord Dudley, Jane Gray, Lady	Guild. My Jane had been as fortunate as fair.
Jane Gray, of capital and high treason against our	Jane. My Guildford free from this soul-grieving
most sovereign lady the queen's majesty. That	
is to say, that you, Guildford Dudley, and Lady	Guild. If we be guilty, 'tis no fault of ours;
Jane Gray, have, by all possible means, sought	And shall we die for what's not in our powers?
to procure unto yourselves the royalty of the	We sought no kingdom, we desir'd no crown :
crown of Eugland, to the disinheriting of our now	It was impos'd upon us by constraint,
sovereign lady the queen's majesty, the true and	Like golden fruit hung on a barren tree;
lawful issue to that famous king Henry the	And will you count such forcement treachery?
Eighth; and have manifestly adorned your-	Then make the silver Thames as black as Styx,
selves with the state's garland imperial, and have	Because it was constrain'd to bear the barks+
granted warrants, commissions, and such-like,	Whose battering ordnance should have been em-
for levying of men and soldiers to be sent against	ploy'd
the said majesty: what answer you to this	Against the hinderers of our royalty.
indictment,-guilty, or not guilty?	Win. You talk of senseless things.
Guild. Our answer shall be several like our-	Guild. Do trees want sense,
selves:	That by the power of music have been drawn
Yet, noble earl, we confess the indictment.	To dance a pleasing measure ? We'll come, then, nearer unto living things:
May we not make some apology unto the court?	Say we usurp'd the English royalty,
Norf. It is against the order of the law;	Was't not by your consents?
Therefore directly plead unto the indictment,	I tell you, lords, I have your hands to show,
And then you shall be heard.	Subscrib'd to the commission of my father,
Guild. Against the law!	By which you did authorize him to wage arms.
Words utter'd, then, as good unspoken were;	If they were rebellious against your sovereign,
For, whatsoe'er you say, you know your form,	
And you will follow it unto our deaths.	Who cried so loud as you, "God save Queen Jane"?
Norf. Speak, are you guilty of these crimes or	
no?	And come you now your sovereign to arraign?
Jane. I'll answer first ;I am, and I am not:	Come down, come down here, at a prisoner's bar:
But should we stand unto the last unguilty,	
	* divide] The quarto of 1612 ''deride."
* treasonous offence] The old copies "Treasons Innocence."	t barks] The old copies "bankes."

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 For a less fault, —O partiality ! Jane. Patience, my Guildford ; it was ever known, They that sinn'd least, the punishment have borne. Guid. True, my fair queen : oft sorrow truly speaks.* Great men, like great flies, + threugh law's col- wobs break, But the thinn'st frame the prison of the weak. Norf. Now trust me, Arundel, it doth grieve men much To sit in judgment of these harmless [sould]. Arwn. I help'd to attach the father ; but son— O, through my blood I feel compassion run ! My lords, we'll be humble suitors to the queen should stay, In tears and passion I should melt away. What, will you take compassion upon such ? They are heretics. Jane. We are Christians : leave our conscience to ourselves; We stand not here about religious causes, But are accus'd of capital treason. War. Then you confess the indictment ? Guidd. Even what you will : Yet save my Jane, although my blood you spill. Jane. If limst dia, gave princely Guildford? iffer Norf. Who is not mov'd to see this loving strife? Arwn. Pray, parkel The old copies ''of sorrow trudy gaaks." * of sorrow truly speake! The old copies ''of sorrow trudy gaaks." * forent men, like great flies, 4: I tam you cantes the ordictore in obta flored oursel'res; ''. ''. forent men, like great flies, 4: I tam you cantes the ordication in the ordication is the fold ording information of the see ordication is the fold ording information of the see ording passage occurs in one of has phage ''. forent men, like great flies, 4: I tam yo be urged the better wrote this, as the following passage occurs in one of has phage ''. forent men, like great flies, 4: I tam yo be urged the better wrote this, as the following passage occurs in one of has phage ''. forent men, like great flies, the low comes, through which great flies break torongh, the lease being acquib thit wing there dies.''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''	Better do so than judge yourselves amiss; For look, what sentence on our heads you lay, Upon your own may light another day. <i>Win.</i> The queen hath pardon'd them. <i>Guild.</i> And we must die	 And I'll approve it, though it be my death. Win. Then hear the speedy sentence of your deaths: You shall be carried to the place from whence you came.
Jane. Patienco, my Guildford; it was ever known, They that sim'd least, the punishment have borne. Guild. True, my fair queen: oft sorrow truly speaks.* Great men, like great flies,+ through law's cob- webs break, Norf. Now trust me, Arundel, it doth grieve me much To sit in judgment of these harmless [souls]. Arwn. I help'd to attach the father; but the son- To sit in judgment of these harmless [souls]. Arwn. I help'd to attach the father; but the son- Norf. Lev's break up court: if Norfolk leng should stay, In tears and passion I should melt away. Wins. Stay and hear the mercy of the queen; should stay, In tears and passion I should melt away. Wins. Stail: What, will you take compassion upon such? They are christians: leave our conscience to ourselvee; We stand not here about religious causes, But are accura'd of capital treason. Win. Then you caftes the indictment ? Guild. Least griefs speak louder, when the great are dumb.* Exter Wrarr, in die tweer. Wyatt. The sad aspect this prison doth afford Jumpet with the measure that my heart doth keep; And this enclosure here, of naught but stone, Yields far more confort than the stony hearts of them that wrong'd their country and their friend: * of sorrow truly speaks] The old copies "of sorrow truly speaks." * forent men, like great files, & c.] It may be urged that bekker wrote this, seake following passage occurs in one of his phays:		
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of the Seven was wont to say, that laws were like cob-	of the Seven was wont to say, that laws were like cob-	
wehs; where the small flies were caught, and the great When the <i>least</i> are dumb'd." brake through." Bacon's Apophthegms, No. 284. But compare The White Devil, p. 15, and note *.	brake through." Bacon's Apophthegme, No. 284.	

 ske through.
 Deckets application of Malf;
 † Jumps] i.e. agrees.

 "Then the law to him," &c.
 p. 61.
 ‡ councillors] i.e. members of the council.

ł

Win. You should say traitor.	To attach our father; come you now to see
Wyatt. Traitor, and Wyatt's name,	The black couclusion of our tragedy?
Differ as far as Winchester and honour.	Win. We come to do our office.
Win. I am a pillar of the mother church.	Guild. So do we;
Wyatt. Aud what am I?	Our office is to die, yours to look on :
Win. One that subverts the state.	We are beholding unto such beholders.
Wyatt. Insult not too much o'er th' unfortu-	The time was, lords, when you did flock amain
nate;	To see her crown'd; but now to kill my Jane.
I have no bishop's rochet to declare	The world like to a sickle bends itself:
My innocency. This is my cross,	Men run their course of lives as in a maze :
That causeless I must suffer my head's loss :	Our office is to die, yours but to gaze.
When that hour comes wherein my blood is spilt,	Jane. Patience, my Guildford.
My cross will look as bright as yours twice-gilt.	Guild. Patience, my lovely Jane!
Norf. Here's for that purpose.	Patience has blanch'd thy soul as white as snow;
Wyatt. Is your grace so short?	But who shall answer for thy death? This
Belike you come to make my death a sport.	know,
Win. We come to bring you to your execution ;	An innocent to die, what is it less
You must be hang'd and quarter'd instantly:	But to add angels to heaven's happiness?
At the Park-corner is a gallows set;	The guilty dying do applaud the law;
Whither make haste to tender nature's debt.	But when the innocent creature stoops his neck
Wyatt. Then here's the end of Wyatt's rising	To an unjust doom, upon the judge they check.
up:*	Lives are, like souls, requir'd of their neglectors;
I to keep Spaniards from the land was sworn :	Then ours of you that should be our protectors.
Right willingly I yield myself to death;	Win. Rail not against the law.
But sorry such should have my place of birth.	Guild. No, God forbid!
Had London kept his word, Wyatt had stood;	My Lord of Winchester is * made of law,
But now King Philip enters through my blood.	And should I rail against it, 'twere 'gainst you.
[Excunt Officers with WYATT.	If I forget not, you rejoic'd to see
Win. Where's the Lieutenant of the Tower?	The fall of Cromwell: joy you now at me?
Enter Licutenant.	Oft dying men are fill'd with prophecies;
Lieut. Here, my lord.	But I'll not be a prophet of your ill.—
Win. Fetch forth your other prisonors.	Yet know, my lords, they that behold us now
Lieut. My lord, I will;	May to the axe of justice one day how,
Here lies young Guildford, here the Lady Jane.	And in that plot of ground, where we must die,
Norf. Conduct them forth. [Exit Lieut.	Sprinkle their bloods, though I know no cause
	why.
Enter Guildford and JANE, with Lieutenant.	Norf. Speak you to me, Lord Guildford
Guild. Good morrow once more to my lovely	Guild. Norfolk, no:
Jane.	I speak to— Norf. To whom ?
Jane. The last good-morrow, my eweet love, to	Guild. Alas, I do not know.——
thee.	Which of us two dies first?
Guild. What were you reading?	Win. The better part.
Jane. On a prayer-book.	Guild. O, rather kill the worst!
Guild. Trustme, so was I: we had need to pray,	Jane. 'Tis I, sweet love, that first must kiss the
For, see, the ministers of death draw near.	block.
Jane. To a preparèd mind death is a pleasure :	
I long in soul till I have spent my breath.	Guild. I am a man; men better brook the shock
Guild. My lord high chancellor, you are welcome	Of threatening death: your sex are ever weak;
hither:	The thoughts of death a woman's heart will break.
What, come you to behold our execution?-	Jane. But I am arm'd to die.
And, my Lord Arundel, thrice welcome: you	Guild. Likelier to live;
help'd	and a state in the
* Wyatt's rising up] The quarto of 1612 "Wyats vp."	* is] The old copies "It's."
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Death to the unwilling doth his presence give: He dares not look the bold man in the face, But on the fearful lays his killing mace. Win. It is the pleasure of the queen That the Lady Jane must first suffer death. Jane. I thank her highness, That I shall first depart this hapless world, And not survive to see my dear love dead.	Let me behold him with a constant look. Guild. O, do not kill me with that piteous eye ! Jane. 'Tis my last farewell, take it patiently : My dearest Guildford, let us kiss and part.— Now blind mine eyes never to see the sky : Blindfold thus lead me to the block to die. [Exit with Headsman and Ladies. Guild. O ! [Falls in a trance.
Guild. She dying first, I three times lose my	Norf. How fares my lord ?
hcad.	Arun. He's fall'n into a trance.
Enter the Hcadsman and Ladica.	Norf. Wake him not until he wake himself.— O happy Guildford, if thou die in this,
Heads. Forgive me, lady, I pray, your death. Guild. Ha! hast thou the heart to kill a face so fair?	Thy soul will be the first in heavenly bliss! Win. Here comes the headsman with the head of Jane.
Win. It is her headsman.	Re-enter Headsman, with JANE's head.
Guild. And demands a pardon	Guild. Who spake of Jane? who nam'd my
Only of her for taking off her head ?	lovely Jane?
Jane. Ay, gentle Guildford, and I pardon him.	Win. Behold her head.
Guild. But I'll not pardon him : thou art my	Guild. O, I shall faint again !
wife,	Yet let me bear this sight unto my grave,
And he shall ask mo pardon for thy life.	My sweet Jane's head :
Heads. Pardon me, my lord.	Look, Norfolk, Arundel, Winchester,
Guild. Rise, do not kneel;	Do malefactors look thus when they die,—
Though thou submitt'st, thou hast a lowering steel,	A ruddy lip, a clear reflecting eye,
Whose fatal declination brings our death :	Cheeks purer than the maiden orient pearl,
Good man of earth, make haste to make us earth. <i>Heads.</i> Pleaseth the Lady Jane, I'll help her off	That sprinkle* bashfulness through the clouds?
With her night-gown.	Her innocence has given her this look :
Jane. Thanks, gentle friend; but I	The like for me to show so well, heing dead,
Have other waiting-women to attend me.—	How willingly would Guildford lose his head !
Good Mistress Ellen,* lend me a helping hand	Win. My lord, the time runs on. Guild. So does our death:
To strip me of these + worldly ornaments :	Here's one has run so fast, she's out of breath.
Off with these robes, O, tear them from my side!	But the time goes on, and my fair Jane's white
Such silken covers are the gilt of pride.	soul
Instead of gowns, my coverture be earth,	Will be in heaven before me, if I do stay.
My worldly death a new celer 1 birth! #	Stay, gentle wife, thy Guildford follows thee:
What, is it off?	Though on the earth we part by adverse fate,
First Lady. Madam, alu	Our souls shall knock together at heaven's gate.
Jane. Not yet? O Go	The sky is calm, our deaths have a fair day,
How hardly can we shat i this world's pomp,	And we shall pass the smoother on our way.
That cleaves unto us like r body's skin!	My lords, farewell, ay, once farewell to all:
Yet thus, O God, shake off thy servant's sin! First Lady. Here is a scarf to blind your eyes.	The fathers' pride has caus'd the children's fall. [Exit GUILDFERD to death.
Jane. From all the world but from my Guild-	
ford's sight:	* That sprinkle, &c.] Corrupted, of course. (The old
Before I fasten this beneath my brow,	copies have "That aprinckles," &c.) † Dndley, as every reader of history knows, was put te death before his wife.
* Good Mistress Ellen, &c.] "Then kneeling downe, ahe aaid the psalme of Miaerere mei Deus, in Englich, and	Warner, in describing the end of this unhappy pair, adheres more cleacly to fact :
then atoed vp and gaue hir maid (called mistresse Ellin)	"Come was the day, the tragicka day, wherein they both
her gloues and handkercher," &c. Holinahed'a Chron.	ahould die;
vol. iv. 22, ed. 1808. † these] The old copies " this."	When either, passing to their end, ech other did espie, Shee in her lodging waiting death, prepared her that

ł

t a new celestial birth] The old copies "or new Celeatiall breath."

day, And ha in being lead therete, her lodging in his way.

Norf. Thus have we seen her highness' will perform'd:

And now their heads and bodies shall be join'd Aud buried in one grave, as fits their loves.

Assending and dissending signes then fly and fall space,

And each bemones the other more than mindes their private cace.

Their eies, that looked love ere while, now looke their last adew,

And staine their faces, faultles ere this dismall entervew;

Their eares, earst listning ioies, are deafe, unlesse to sighes profound;

Their tongs, earst talking icies, those looks and sighes did now confound :

What part seere of them had felt or tasted ioyes ere this,

Wears senceles now of any ioy, saus hops of heauenly blis.

Thus much I'll say in their behalfs now dead, Their fathers' pride their lives hath severèd.

[Exeunt.

- Whilst either thus for earthly pompe no longer time did looke,
- He passeth to the fatall blocke, she praying on her booke :
- Whence (having made a godly end) he was return'd, whilst shee
- Prepard for like, and of her lord the senceles tronke did see;
- A sight more deathful than her death that should cosort him straite,
- And for the which her fesceles sics did every moment waite.
- She vnsbashed, meunting now the skaffold, theare attends
- The fatall streke, and vate God her better parte commends,

And as she liu'd a vertuous life, se vertuously she euds." Albien's England, p. 196, ed. 1612.

WESTWARD HO.

West-ward Hoe. As it hath beene divers times Acted by the Children of Paules. Written by The : Decker, and John Webster. Printed at London, and to be sold by John Hodgets dwelling in Paules Churchyard. 1607. 4to.

I have met with one copy of this comedy, which differs slightly in some passages from the copy I possess. See the prefatory matter to The White Devil, p. 2.

The title of Westward Ho, that of the play which comes next in the present collection, Northward Ho, as well as that of the comedy by Chapman, Jonson, and Marston, Eastward Ho, appear to have been derived from the exclamations of the watermen who plied on the Thames:

"[Make a noise, Westward Ho!

Queen Elinor. Woman, what noise is this I hear? Potter's Wife. An like your grace, it is the watermen that call for passengers to go westward now."

Peele's Edward 1st .- Works, vol. i. p. 182. sec. ed.

Compare ;

" There lies your way, due west. . . . Then westward, ho !"

Shakespeare's Twelfth-Night, act iii. sc. i.

"A strauger? the hetter welcome: comes hee Eastward, Westward, or Northward hoe?"

Day's Isle of Gulls, 1606, Sig. A 2.

"Yea? and will you to the southward y faith? will you to the confines of Italy, my gallants? Take heed how yee goe Northwards; 'tis a dangerous coast, jest not with 't in winter; therefore goe Sonthwards, my gallants, Southwards hoe ! " Sharpham's Fleire, 1615, Sig. D 4

Eastward Ho was printed in 1605: the Prologue to it shows that Westward Ho was then on the stage;

" Not out of envy, for ther's no effect Where there's no cause, nor out of imitation, For we hauc euermore been imitated; Nor out of our contention to doe hetter Then that which is opposde to ours in title; For that was good, and better cannot be: And for the title, if it seeme affected, We might as well have calde it, God you good even ; Only that eastward, westwards still exceedes, Honour the sunnes faire rising, not his setting," &c.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

, 3e.,

EARL. JUSTINIANO, HONEYSUCKLE. TENTERHOOK. WAFER. MONOPOLY. SIR GOSLINO GLOWWORM. LINSTOCK. WHIRLPOOL. AMBUSH. CLUTOH. Scrivener. Cashier. Tailor. BONIFACE. Prentice. Chamberlain. Boy, Servants, Fiddlers. MISTRESS JUSTINIANO.

MISTRESS HONEYSUCKLE.* MISTRESS TENTERHOOK.* MISTRESS WAFER.* MISTRESS BIRDLIME. LUCY. CHRISTIAN.

 Mistress Honeysuckle, Mistress Tenterhook.
 In the old copy (which has no list of dramatis personæ) the Christian names of these Mistress Tenterhook.
 Iadies are generally prefixed to their respective speeches, —Judith to Mistress Honey-Mistress Wafer.
 Suckle's; Moll, or Clare, to Mistress Tenterhook's; and Malel to Mistress Wafer's.
 When our poets make Mistress Tenterhook be addressed "sweet Clare," in the latter part of the play, they must have forgotten that she had been termed "little Moll" in an earlier scene. The name of Mistress Justiniano is Moll.

WESTWARD HO.

ACT I.

SCENE L*

Enter MISTRESS BIRDLIME and Tailor.

Bird. Stay, tailor, this is the house : pray thee, look the gown be not ruffled; as for the jewels and precious stones, I know where to find them ready presently. She that must wear this gown. if she will receive it, is Master Justiniano's wife, the Italian merchant: my good old lord and master, that hath been a tilter this twenty year. hath sent it. Mum, tailor; you are a kind of bawd. Tailor, if this gentlewoman's husband should chance to be in the way now, you shall tell him that I keep a hot-house t in Gunpowderalley, near Crutched-Friars, and that I have brought home his wife's foul linen; and, to colour my knavery the better, I have here three or four kinds of complexion, which I will make show of to sell unto her: the young gentlewoman hath a good city wit, I can tell you; she hath read in The Italian Courtier ‡ that it is a special ornament to gentlewomen to have skill in painting.

Tailor. Is my lord acquainted with her?

Bird. O, ay.

Tailor. Faith, Mistress Birdlime, I do not commend my lord's choice so well: now, methinks he were better to set up a dairy, and to keep

* Scene I.] London. A street: before the house of Justiniano.

‡ The Italian Courtier] Thomas Hoby's translation of Castiglione's famous Courtier appeared in 4to. in 1561. half a score of lusty, wholesome, honest, country wenches.

Bird. Honest country wenches ! in what hundred shall a man find two of that simple virtue ?

Tailor. Or to love some lady; there were equality and coherence.

Bird. Tailor, you talk like an ass: I tell thee there is equality enough between a lady and a city dame, if their hair be but of a colour. Name you any one thing that your citizen's wife comes short of to your lady: they have as pure linen. as choice painting, love green-geese iu spring, mallard and teal in the fall, and woodcock in winter. Your citizen's wife learns nothing but fopperies of your lady; but your lady or justiceo'-peace madam carries high wit from the city,--namely, to receive all and pay all, to awe their husbands, to check their husbands, to control their husbands; nay, they have the trick on't to be sick for a new gown, or a carcanet,* or a diamond, or so; and I wis+ this is better wit than to learn how to wear a Scotch farthingale; nay, more,-Here comes oue of the servants : you remember, tailor, that I am deaf; observe that.

Tailor. Ay, thou art in that like one of our young gulls, that will not understand any wrong is done him, because he dares not answer it.

Enter Prentice.

Bird. By your leave, bachelor; is the gentle-woman, your mistress, stirring?

Prent. Yes, she is moving.

Bird. What says he?

Tailor. She is up.

* carcanet] i.e., necklace.

+ wis] Some copies of the eld ed. "wist."

P

Bird. Where's the gentleman, your master, pray you?

Pren. Where many women desire to have their husbands,-abroad.

Bird. I am very thick of hearing.

Pren. Why, abroad :- [aside] you smell of the bawd.

Bird. I pray you, tell her here 's an old gentlewoman would speak with her. Exit.

Pren. So.

Tailor. What, will you be deaf to the gentlewoman when she comes too?

Bird. O, no; she's acquainted well enough with my knavery.-She comes.

Enter MISTRESS JUSTINIANO.

How do you, sweet lady ?

Mist. Just. Lady !

Bird. By God's me, I hope to call you lady ere you die. What, mistress, do you sleep well on nights?

Mist. Just. Sleep ! ay, as quietly as a client having great business with lawyers.

Bird. Come, I am come to you about the old suit: my good lord and msster hath sent you a velvet gown here: do you like the colour? threepile, a pretty fantastical trimming ! I would God you would say it, by my troth. I dreamed last night you looked so prettily, so sweetly, methought so like the wisest lady of them all, in a velvet gown.

Mist. Just. What's the forepart?

Bird. A very pretty stuff: I know not the name of your forepart, but 'tis of a hair-colour.

Mist. Just. That it was my hard fortune, being so well brought up, having so great a portion to my marriage, to match so unluckily! Why, my husband and his whole credit is not worth my apparel: well, I shall undergo a strange report in leaving my husbaud.

Bird. Tush, if you respect your credit, never think of that; for beauty covets rich apparel, choice diet, excellent physic. No German clock,* nor mathematical engine whatsoever, requires so much reparation as a woman's face; and what means hath your husband to allow sweet Doctor Glisterpipe his pension? I have heard that you have threescore smocks that cost three pounds a smock : will these smocks ever hold out with

* No German clock, &c.] Some copies of the old ed. "Nor."-See the notes of the commentators on-"A woman, that is like a German clock,

Still a-repairing."

Shakespeare's Love's Labour's Lost, act iii. sc. 1.

your husband? no, your linen and your apparel must turn over a new leaf, I can tell you.

Tailor. [aside] O admirable bawd! O excellent Birdlime !

Bird. I have heard he loved you, before you were married, entirely : what of that? I have ever found it most true in mine own experience, that they which are most violent dotards before their marriage are most voluntary cuckolds after. Many are honest, either because they have not wit,* or because they have not opportunity, to he dishonest; and this Italian, your husband's countryman, holds it impossible any of their ladies should be excellent witty, and not make the uttermost use of their beauty: will you be a fool. then?

Mist. Just. Thou dost persuade me to ill very well

Bird. You are nice and peevish :+ how long will you hold out, think you? not so long as Ostend.[±]

Enter JUSTINIANO.

Passion of me, your husband ! Remember that I am deaf, and that I come to sell you complexion : --truly, mistress, I will deal very reasonably with you.

Just. What are you, say ye?

Bird. Ay, forsooth.

Just. What, my most happy wife !

Mist. Just. Why, your jealousy.

Just. Jealousy ! in faith, I do not fear to lose That I have lost already .-- What are you?

Bird. Please your good worship, I am a poor gentlewoman that cast away myself upon an unthrifty captain that lives now in Ireland : I am fain to pick out a poor living with selling complexion, to keep the frailty, as they say, honest.

Just. What's he ? § -- Complexion too ! you are a bawd.

Bird. I thank your good worship for it.

Just. Do not I know these tricks ?

a nat which thou mak'st a colour for thy sin

Hath been thy first undoing,-painting, painting. Bird. I have of all sorts, forsooth : here is the

* wit] Some copies of the old ed. "wist," other copies "means." (Compare what follows.)

† nice and peevish] i.e. scrupulous and foolish.

t not so long as Ostend] After a siege of three years and ton weeks, this place surrendered to the Marquis of Spinola, on the twelfth of September, 1604. In the same year appeared at London A True Historie of the Memorable Siege of Ostend, and what passed on either side from the beginning of the Siege unto the yeelding up of the Towne, &c. Translated out of French into English. By Edward Grimeston.

§ he] If right, means the Tailor : but qy. "here"?

SCENE I.

hurned powder of a hog's jaw-boue, to be laid with the oil of white poppy, an excellent fucus to kill morphew, weed out freckles, and a most excellent groundwork for painting; here is ginimony likewise burned and pulverized, to be mingled with the juice of lemons, sublimate mercury, and two spoonfuls of the flowere of brimstone, a most excellent receipt to cure the flushing in the face.

Just. Do you hear, if you have any husiness to despatch with that deaf goodness there, pray you, take leave—opportunity, that which most of you long for (though you never be with child), opportunity: I'll find some idle husiness in the mean time; I will, I will, in truth; you shall not need fear me: or you may speak French; most of your kinds can understand French. God b'wi'you !—

Being certain thou art false, sleep, sleep, my brain;

For doubt was only that which fed my pain.

[Exit.

Mist. Just. You see what a hell I live in: I am resolved to leave him.

Bird. O the most fortunate geutlewoman, that will be so wise, and so, so provident ! the caroche shall come.

Mist. Just. At what hour?

Bird. Just when women and vintners are aconjuring, at midnight. O the entertainment my lord will make you,—sweet wines, lusty diet, perfumed linen, soft beds! O most fortunate gentlewoman!

[Exeunt BIRDLIME and Tailor.

Re-enter JUSTINIANO.

Just. Have you done? have you deepatched? 'tis well: and, in troth, what was the motion?

Mist. Just. Motion! what motion?

Just. Motion ! why, like the motion in law that stays for a day of hearing, yours for a night of hearing. Come, let's not have April in your eyes, I pray you: it shows a wanton month follows your weeping. Love a woman for her tears! Let a man love oysters for their water: for women, though they should weep liquor enough to serve a dyer or a brewer, yet they may be as stale as wenches that travel every second tide between Gravesend and Billingsgate.

Mist. Just. This madness shows very well.

Just. Why, look you, I am wondrous merry: can any man discern by my face that I am a cuckold? I have known many suspected for men of this misfortune, when they have walked thorough the streets, wear their hats o'er their eyebrows, like politic penthouses,* which commonly make the shop of a mercer or a linendraper as dark as a room in Bedlam; his cloak shrouding his face, as if he were a Neopolitan that had lost his beard in April; and if he walk through the street, or any other narrow road (as 'tis rare to meet a cuckold), he ducks at the penthouses, like an ancient+ that daree not flourish at the oath-taking of the pretor ‡ for fear of the sign-posts. Wife, wife, do I any of these? Come, what news from his lordship? has not his lordship's virtue once gone against the hair, and coveted corners?

Mist. Just. Sir, by my soul, I will be plain with you.

Just. Except the forehead, dear wife, except the forehead.

Mist. Just. The gentleman you spake of hath often solicited my love, and hath received from me most chaste denials.

Just. Ay, ay, provoking resistance: 'tis as if you come to buy wares in the city, bid money for't; your mercer or goldsmith says, "Truly, I cannot take it," lets his customer pass his stall, next, nay, perhaps two or three; but if he find he is not prone to return of himself, he calls him back, and back, and takes his money: so you, my dear wife,—O the policy of women and tradesmen! they'll bite at any thing.

Mist. Just. What would you have me do? all your plate, and most part of your jewels, are at pawn; besides, I hear you have made over all your estate to men in the town here. What would you have me do? would you have me turn common sinner, or sell my apparel to my waistcoat, and become a laundress?

Just. No laundress, dear wife, though your credit would go far with gentlemen for taking up of linen; no laundress.

Mist. Just. Come, come, I will speak as my

* like politic penthouses, &c.] Our old writers have frequent allusions to the roguery of tradesmen in darkening their shops, that customers might be unable to detect tho badness of their goods. So Brome; "What should the city do with bonesty? . . Why are your wares gummed, your shops dark," &c. The City Wit, act i, sc. 1. And Middlston;

"though your shop-wares you vent

With your deceiving lights," &c.

Any thing for a quiet life, act ii. sc. 2,—Works, iv. 442, ed. Dyce.

† ancient] i.e. flag, standard. (So afterwards, act ii. sc. I, "I'm as limber as an ancient that has flourished in the rain," &c.)

the pretor] i.e. the Lord Mayor.

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misfortune prompts me. Jealousy hath undone many a citizen; it hath undone you and me. You married me from the service of an honourable lady, and you knew what matches I mought have had. What would you have me to do? I would I had never seen your eyes, your eyes.

Just. Very good, very good.

Mist. Just. Your prodigality, your dicing, your riding abroad, your consorting yourself with noblemen, your building a summer-house, hath undone us, hath undone us. What would you have me do?

Just. Any thing. I have sold my house and the wares in't; I am going for Stode * next tide: what will you do now, wife ?

Mist. Just. Have you indeed?

Just. Ay, by this light, all's one: I have done as some citizens at thirty, and most heirs at threeand-twenty, made all away. Why do you not ask me now what you shall do?

Mist. Just. I have no counsel in your voyage, neither shall you have any in mine.

Just. To his lordship,---will you not, wife ?

Mist. Just. Even whither my misfortune leads me.

Just. Go; no longer will I make my care thy prison.

Mist. Just. O my fate! Well, sir, you shall answer for this sin which you force me to. Fare you well: let not the world condemn me, if I seek for mine own maintenance.

Just. So, so.

Mist. Just. Do not send me any letters; do not seek any reconcilement; by this light, I'll receive none: if you will send me my apparel, so; if not, choose. I hope we shall ne'er meet more.

Exit.

Just. So, farewell the acquaintance of all the mad devils that haunt jealousy! Why should a man be such an ass to play the antic for his wife's appetite? Imagine that I, or any other great man, have on a velvet night-cap, and put case that this night-cap be too little for my ears or forehead, can any man tell me where my nightcap wrings me, except I be such an ass to proclaim it? Well, I do play the fool with my misfortune very handsomely. I am glad that I am certain of my wife's dishonesty; for a secret strumpet is like mines prepared to ruin goodly buildings. Farewell my care! I have told my wife I am

* I am going for Stode next tide] By Stode, I suppose, we are to understand Stade.—Here the spelling of the old ed. is "Stoad"; hut in act iii. sc. 3, it has "Stode."

going for Stode: that's not my course; for I resolve to take some shape upon me, and to live disguised here in the city. They say, for one cuckold to know that his friend is in the like head-ache, and to give him counsel, is as if there were two partners, the one to he arrested, the other to bail him. My estate is made over to my friends, that do verily believe I mean to leave England. Have amongst you, city dames! you that are indeed the fittest and most proper persons for a comedy: nor let the world lay any imputation upon my disguise; for court, city, and country, are merely as masks one to the other, envied of some, laughed at of others: and so, to my comical business. Exit.

SCENE II.*

Enter TENTERHOOK, MISTRESS TENTERHOOK, MONOPOLY, a Scrivener, and a Cashier.

Ten. Moll,-

Mist. Ten. What would, heart?

Ten. Where's my cashier? are the sums right? are the bonds sealed?

Cash. Yea, sir.

Ten. Will you have the bags sealed ?

Mon. O, no, sir, I must disburse instantly; we that be courtiers have more places to send money to than the devil hath to send his spirits. There's a great deal of light gold.

Ten. O, sir, 'twill away in play: an you will stay till to-morrow, you shall have it all in new sovereigns.

Mon. No, in troth, 'tis no matter, 'twill away in play. Let me see the bond, let me see when this money is to be paid [looks at the bond]: the tenth of August, the first day that I must tender this money, is the first of dog-days.

Scriv. I fear 'twill be hot staying for you in London then.

Ten. Scrivener, take home the bond with you. [Exit Scrivener.

Will you stay to dinner, sir ?—Have you any partridge, Moll ?

Mist. Ten. No, in troth, heart; but an excellent pickled goose, a new service.—Pray you, stay.

Mon. Sooth, I cannot.—By this light, I am so infinitely, so unboundably heholding to you !

Ten. Well, siguior, I'll leave you.-My cloak, there !

Mist. Ten. When will you come home, heart?

* Scene II.] The same. A room in the house of Tenterhook.

ACT I.

WESTWARD HO.

Ten. In troth, self, I know not; a friend of yours and mine hath broke.

Mist. Ten. Who, sir ?

Ten. Master Justiniano, the Italian.

Mist. Ten. Broke, sir!

Ten. Yea, sooth : I was offered forty yesterday upon the Exchange, to assure a hundred.

Mist. Ten. By my troth, I am sorry.

Ten. And his wife is gone to the party.

Mist. Ten. Gone to the party ! O wicked creature !

Ten. Farewell, good Master Monopoly: I prithee, visit me often. [Exit.

Mon. Little Moll, send away the fellow.

Mist. Ten. Philip, Philip,-

Cash. Here, forsooth.

Mist. Ten. Go into Bucklersbury,* and fetch me two ounces of preserved melons : look there be no tobacco taken in the shop when he weighs it.

Cash. Ay, forsooth. [Exit.

Mon. What do you eat preserved melons for, Moll?

Mist. Ten. In troth, for the shaking of the heart: I have here sometime such a shaking, and downwards such a kind of earthquake, as it were.

Mon. Do you hear, let your man carry home my money to the ordinary, and lay it in my chamber: but let him not tell my host that it is money: I owe him but forty pound, and the rogue is hasty; he will follow me when he thinks I have money, and pry into me as crows perch upon carrion, and when he hath found it out, prey upon me as heralds do upon funerals.

Mist. Ten. Come, come, you owe much money in town : when you have forfeited your bond, I shall ne'er see you more.

Mon. You are a monkey : I'll pay him fore's day : I'll see you to-morrow too.

Mist. Ten. By my troth, I love you very honestly; you were never the gentleman offered any uncivility to me, which is strange, methinks, in one that comes from beyond seas: would I had given a thousand pound, I could not love thee so!

Mon. Do you hear, you shall feign some scurvy disease or other, and go to the Bath next spring: I'll meet you there.

Enter MISTRESS HONEYSUCKLE and MISTRESS WAFER. Mist. Honey. By your leave, sweet Mistress Tenterhook.

* Bucklersbury] In our author's time, was chiefly occupied by druggists.

Mist. Ten. O, how dost, partner?

Mon. Gentlewomen, I stayed for a most happy wind, and now the breath from your sweet, sweet lips should set me going. Good Mistress Honeysuckle, good Mistress Wafer, good Mistress Tenterhook, I will pray for you, that neither rivalship in loves, pureness of painting, or riding out of town, nor acquainting each other with it, be a cause your sweet beauties do fall out, and rail one upon another.

Mist. Wafer. Rail, sir! we do not use to rail.

Mon. Why, mistress, railing is your mother tongue, as well as lying.

Mist. Honey. But do you think we can fall out?

Mon. In troth, heauties, as oue spake seriously that there was no inheritance in the amity of princes, so think I of women; too often interviews amongst women, as amongst princes, hreed envy oft to other's fortune: there is only in the amity of women an estate for will; and every puny knows that is no certain inheritance.

Mist. Wafer. You are merry, sir.

Mon. So may I leave you, most fortunate gentlewoman! [Exit.

Mist. Ten. [aside] Love shoots here.

Mist. Wafer. Tenterhook, what gentleman is that gone out? is he a man?

Mist. Honey. O God, and an excellent trumpeter. He came lately from the university, and loves city dames only for their victuals. He hath an excellent trick to keep lobsters and crabs sweet in summer, and calls it a device to prolong the days of shell-fish; for which I do suspect he hath been clerk to some nobleman's kitchen. I have heard he never loves any wench till she he as stale as Frenchmen eat their wild-fowl.—[Aside] I shall anger her.

Mist. Ten. How stale, good Mistress Nimblewit?

Mist. Honey. Why, as stale as a country hostess, an Exchange sempster, or a court laundress.

Mist. Ten. He is your cousin: how your tongue runs!

Mist. Honey. Talk and make a noise, no matter to what purpose; I have learned that with going to puritan lectures. I was yesterday at a banquet: will you discharge my ruffs of some wafers?— And how doth thy hushand, Wafer?

Mist. Wafer. Faith, very well.

Mist. Honey. He is just like a torchbearer to maskers; he wears good clothes, and is ranked in good company, but he doth nothing: thou art fain to take all and pay all.

Mist. Ten. The more happy she: would I could

make such an ass of my husband too !-- I hear say he breeds thy child in his teeth, every year.

Mist. Wafer. In faith, he doth.

Mist. Honey. By my troth, 'tis pity but the fool should have the other two pains incident to the head.

Mist. Wafer. What are they?

Mist. Honey. Why, the head-ache and hornache. I heard say that he would have had thee nursed thy child thyself too.

Mist. Wafer. That he would, truly.

Mist. Honey. Why, there's the policy of husbands to keep their wives in. I do assure you, if a woman of any markable face in the world give her child suck, look, how many wrinkles be in the nipple of her breast, so many will be in her forehead by that time twelvemonth. But, sirrah,* we are come to acquaint thee with an excellent secret; we two learn to write.

Mist. Ten. To write!

Mist. Honey. Yes, believe it, and we have the finest schoolmaster, a kind of precisian, and yet an honest knave too. By my troth, if thou beest a good wench, let him teach thee: thou mayst send him of any errand, and trust him with any secret; nay, to see how demurely he will bear himself before our husbands, and how jocund when their backs are turned!

Mist. Ten. For God's love, let me see him.

Mist. Wafer. To-morrow we'll send him to thee: till then, sweet Tenterhook, we leave thee, wishing thou mayst have the fortune to change thy name often.

Mist. Ten. How! change my name!

Mist. Wafer. Ay; for thieves and widows love to shift many names, and make sweet use of it too.

Mist. Ten. O, you are a wag, indeed. Good Wafer, remember my schoolmaster.—Farewell, good Honeysuckle.

Mist. Honey. Farewell, Tenterhook. [Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I.+

Enter BONIFACE, an apprentice, brushing his master's cloak and cap, and singing; enter HONEYSUCKLE in his night-cap, trussing himself **‡**.

Honey. Boniface, make an end of my cloak and cap.

Bon. I have despatched 'em, sir; both of them he flat at your mercy.

Honey. 'Fore God, methinks my joints are nimbler every morning since I came over than they were before. In France, when I rise, § I was so stiff and so etark, I would ha' sworn my

* sirrah] "Sirrah Iras, go."

Shakespeare's Antony and Cleopatra, act. v. sc. 2. "Julia. Why, Ile tell thee, sirrah.

Dorigene. No, sirrah, you shannot tell me."

The Two Merry Milke-Maids, 1620, sig. B 4. And in The Wit of a Woman, 1604, Erinta says to Gianetta, "But harke, sirra, tell me one thing, if it fall out," &c. sig. B.

A female was sometimes addressed "sirrah," long after our author's days: in Etherege's Man of Mode, or Sir Fopling Flutter, 1676, old Bellair says to Harriet, "Adod, sirrah, I like thy wit well." Act ii. so. 1.

In the north of Scotland I have frequently heard persons in the lower ranks of life use the word "Sirs," when speaking to two or three women.

† Scene I.] London. A room in the house of Honeysuckle, ‡ trussing himself] i.e. tying the tagged laces which fastened the hreeches to the doublet.

§ rise] Or ris, was formerly often used for rose.

legs had been wooden pegs; a constable newchosen kept not such a peripatetical gait: but now I'm as limher as an ancient* that has flourished in the rain, and as active as a Norfolk tumbler.

Bon. You may see what change of pasture is able to do.

Honey. It makes fat calves in Romney-Marsh, and lean knaves in London: therefore, Boniface, keep your ground. God's my pity, my forehead has more crumples than the back part of a counsellor's gown, when another rides upou his neck at the bar. Boniface, take my helmet: give your mistress my night-cap. Are my antlers swoln so big, that my biggen pinches my brows? So, request her to make my head-piece a little wider.

Bon. How much wider, sir ?

Honey. I can allow her almost an inch : go, tell her so, vory near an inch.

Bon. [aside] If she be a right citizen's wife, now her husband has given her au inch, she'll take an ell, or a yard at least. [Exit.

Enter JUSTINIANO like a writing mechanical pedant.

Honey. Master Parenthesis ! salve, salve, domine.

* ancient] See note +, p. 211.

Just. Salve tu quoque; jubeo te salvere plurimum. Honey. No more plurimums, if you love me: Latin whole-meats are now minced, and served in for English gallimawfries; let us, therefore, cut out our uplandish neats' tongues, and talk like regenerate Britons.

Just. Your worship is welcome to England: I poured out orisons for your arrival.

Honey. Thanks, good Master Parenthesis: and que nouvelles ? what news flutters abroad ? do jackdaws dung the top of Paul's steeple still ?

Just. The more is the pity, if any daws do come iuto the templo, as I fear they do.

Honey. They say Charing-cross is fallen down since I went to Rochelle: but that's no such wonder; 'twas old, and stood awry, as most part of the world can tell: and though it lack underpropping, yet, like great fellows at \approx wrestling, when their heels are ouce flying up, no man will save 'en; down they fall, and there let them lie, though they were bigger than the guard: Charingcross was old, and old things must shrink, as well as new northern cloth.

Just. Your worship is in the right way, verily; they must so: but a number of better things between Westminster-bridge and Temple-bar, hoth of a worshipful and honourable erection, are fallen to decay, and have suffered putrefaction, since Charing fell, that were not of half so long standing as the poor wry-necked monument.

Honey. Who's within there? One of you call up your mistress: tell her here's her writing schoolmaster.—I had not thought, Master Parenthesis, you had been such an early stirrer.

Just. Sir, your vulgar and fourpenny penmen, that, like your London sempsters, keep open shop and sell learning by retail, may keep their beds and lie at their pleasure; but we, that edify in private and traffic by wholesale, must be up with the lark, because, like country attorneys, we are to shuffle up many matters in a forenoon. Certes, Master Honeysuckle, I would sing *Laus Deo*, so I may but please all those that come under my fingers; for it is my duty and function, perdy, to be fervent in my vocation.

Honey. Your hand: I am glad our city has so good, so necessary, and so laborious a member in it; we lack painful and expert penmen amongst us. Master Parenthesis, you teach many of our merchants, sir, do you not?

Just. Both wives, maids, and daughters; and I thank God the very worst of them lie by very good men's sides: I pick out a poor living amongst 'em, and I am thankful for it.

Honey. Trust me, I am not sorry: how long have you exercised this quality?

Just. Come Michael-tide next, this thirteen year.

Honey. And how does my wife profit under you, sir? hope you to do any good upon her?

Just. Master Honeysuckle, I am in great hope she shall fructify: I will do my best, for my part; I can do no more than another man can.

Honey. Pray, sir, ply her, for she is capable of any thing.

Just. So far as my poor talent can stretch, it shall not be hidden from her.

Honey. Does she hold her pen well yet ?

Just. She leans somewhat too hard upon her pen yet, sir, but practice and animadversion will break her from that.

Honey. Then she grubs her pen ?

Just. It's but my paius to mend the neb again. Honey. And whereabouts is she now, Master Parenthesis? She was talking of you this moruing, and commending you in her bed, and told me she was past her letters.

Just. Truly, sir, she took her letters very suddenly, and is now in her minims.

Honey. I would she were in her crotchets too, Master Parenthesis: ha, ha! I must talk merrily, sir.

Just. Sir, so long as your mirth be void of all squirrility,* 'tis not unfit for your calling. I trust, ere few days be at an end, to have her fall to her joining, for she has her letters ad unguem; her A, her great B, and her great C, very right; D and E delicate; her double F of a good length, but that it straddles a little too wide; at the G very cunning.

Honey. Her H is full, like mine; a goodly big H.

Just. But her double L is well; her O of a reasonable size; at her P and Q, neither merchant's daughter, alderman's wife, young country gentlewoman, nor courtier's mistress, can match her.

Honey. And how her U?

Just. U, sir! she fetches up U best of all; her single U she can fashion two or three ways, but her double U is as I would wish it.

Honey. And, faith, who takes it faster,--my wife or Mistress Tenterhook ?

Just. O, your wife, by odds; she'll take more in one hour than I can fasten either upon Mistress Tenterhook, or Mistress Wafer, or Mistress Flapdragon the brewer's wife, in three.

* squirrility] A corrupt form of scurrility, sometimes found in old writers.

Enter MISTRESS HONEYSUCKLE.

Honey. Do not thy cheeks burn, sweet chuckaby, for we are talking of thee?

Mist. Honey. No, goodness, I warrant: you have few citizens speak well of their wives behind their backs; but to their faces they'll cog worse and be more suppliant than clients that sue in forma paper.*—How does my master? troth, I am a very truant: have you your ruler about you, master? for, look you, I go clean awry.

[Shows copy-book. Just. A small fault; most of my scholars do so.—Look you, sir, do not you think your wife will mend? mark her dashes, and her strokes, and her breakings, and her hendings.

Honey. She knows what I have promised her, if she do mend.—Nay, by my fay, Jude, this is well, if you would not fly out thus, but keep your line.

Mist. Honey. I shall in time, when my hand is in.—Have you a new pen for me, master? for, by my truly, my old one is stark naught, and will cast no ink.—Whither are you going, lamb?

Honey. To the Custom-house, to the 'Change, to my warehouse, to divers places.

Mist. Honey. Good Cole, tarry not past eleven, for you turn my stomach then from my dinner.

Honey. I will make more haste home than a stipendiary Switzer does after he's paid.—Fare you well, Master Parenthesis.

Mist. Honey. I am so troubled with the rheum too! Mouse, what's good for't?

Honey. How often have I told you you must get a patch ! I must hence. [Exit.

Mist. Honey. I think, when all's \ddagger done, I must follow his counsel, and take u patch; I['d] have had one long ere this, but for disfiguring my face: yet I had noted that a mastic patch upon some women's temples hath been the very rheum § of beauty.

* forma paper] Our early dramatists have a pleasure in making their characters miscall terms of law : so Howley; "I, by my troth, he is now hut a Knight under Forma Papris." When you see mee you know mee, 1632. Sig. 0 3.

† you must get a patch] "Even as blacke patches are worne, some for pride, some to stay the Rhewme, and some to hide the scah," &c. Jacke Drums Entertainment, 1616, Sig. I 2.

"For when they did but happen for to see These that with Rhume a little troubled be Weare on their faces a round mastick patch, Their fondness I perceiv'd sometime to catch That for a Fashion."

Wither's Abuses Stript and Whipt, B. ii. Sat. I, p. 171, ed. 1615.

t all's] Some copies of the old sd. "all."

§ rheum]. A misprint, I believe : hat qy. for what?

Just. Is he departed ? is old Nestor marched into Troy ?

Mist. Honey. Yes, you mad Greek ; the gentleman's gone.

Just. Why, then, clap up copy-books, down with pens, hang up ink horns: and now, my sweet Honeysuckle, see what golden-winged hee from Hybla flies humming with crura thymo plena,* which he will empty in the hive of your bosom. [Giving letter.

Mist. Honey. From whom ?

Just. At the ekirt of that sheet, in black work, is wrought his name: break not up the wild-fowl† till anon, and then feed upon him in private: there's other irons i'the fire, more sacks are coming to the mill. O you sweet temptations of the sons of Adam, I commend you, extol you, magnify you! Were I a poet, by Hippocrene I swear (which was a certain well where all the Muses watered), and by Parnassus eke I swear, I would rhyme you to death with praises, for that you can be content to lie with old men all night for their money, and walk to your gardens with young men i'the daytime for your pleasure. O you delicate damnations ! you do but as I would do: were I the properest, sweetest, plumpest, cherry-cheeked, coral-lipped woman in a kingdom, I would not dance after one man's pipe.

Mist. Honey. And why?

Just. Especially after an old man's.

Mist. Honey. And why, pray ?

Just. Especially after an old citizen's.

Mist. Honey. Still, and why ?

Just. Marry, because the suburbs, and those without the bars, have more privilege than they within the freedom. What need oue woman dote upon one man? or one man be mad, like Orlando, for one woman?

Mist. Honey. Troth, 'tis true, considering how much flesh is in every shambles.

Just. Why should I long to eat of baker's bread only, when there's so much sifting, and bolting, and grinding in every corner of the city? Men and women are horn, and come running into the world faster than coaches do into Cheapside upon Simon and Jude's day; and are eaten up by death faster than mutton and porridge in a term-time. Who would pin their hearts to any sleeve? This world is like a mint: we are no sooner cast into

"At fesse multa referent se nocts minores, Crura thymo plene," Virgil. Georg. iv. 181.

t break not up the wildfowl] To break up was an old term for carving. (So in Shakespeare's Love's Labour's Lost, act iv. sc. 1, "Break up this capon," i. e. Open this letter.)

crura thymo plena]

the fire, taken out again, hammered, stamped, and made current, but presently we are changed: the new money, like a new drab, is catched at by Dutch, Spanish, Welsh, French, Scotch, and English; but the old cracked King-Harry groats are shovelled up, feel bruising and battering, clipping and melting,—they smoke for't.

Mist. Honey. The world's an arrant naughty pack I see, and is a very scurvy world.

Just. Scurvy! worse than the conscience of a broom-man, that carries out new wars and brings home old shoes. A naughty pack! why, there's no minute, no thought of time passes, but some villany or other is a-brewing. Why, even now-now, at holding up of this finger, and before the turning down of this, some are murdering, some lying with their maids, some picking of pockets, some cutting purses, some cheating, some weighing out bribes; in this city some wives are cuckolding some husbands; iu yonder village some farmers are now-uow grinding the jawbones of the poor. Therefore, sweet scholar, sugared Mistress Honeysuckle, take summer before you, and lay hold of it : why, even now must you and I hatch an egg of iniquity.

Mist. Honey. Troth, master, I think thou wilt prove a very knave.

Just. It's the fault of many that fight under this band.

Mist. Honey. I shall love a puritan's face the worse, whilst I live, for that copy of thy countenance.

Just. We are all weathercocks, and must follow the wind of the present, from the bias.

Mist. Honey. Change a bowl, then.*

Just. I will so; and now for a good cast: there's the knight, Sir Gosling Glowworm.

Mist. Honey. He's a knight made out of wax.+

Just. He took up silks upon his bond, I confess; nay, more, he's a knight in print: but let his knighthood be of what stamp it will, from him come I, to entreat you, and Mistress Wafer, and Mistress Tenterhook, being both my scholars, and your honest pew-fellows, to meet him this afternoon at the Rhenish wine-house i'the Stilliard.[‡] Captain Whirlpool will be there;

from the bias.

MIST. HONEY. Change a bowl, then] Here the metaphor is, of course, from the game of bowls.

t He's a knight made out of wax] So in Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet, act i. ec. 3, the Nurse says of Paris, "Why, he's a man of wax."

t the Rhenish wine-house i'the Stilliard] "Next to this lane on the East [Cosin Lane, Dowgate Ward] is the Stele house, or Stele yarde (as they terme it), a place for youog Linstock, the alderman's son and heir, there too. Will you steal forth, and taste of a Dutch bun and a keg of sturgeon ?

Mist. Honey. What excuse shall I coin now?

Just. Phew! excuses! You must to the Pawn to buy lawn;* to Saint Martin's for lace; to the garden; to the glass-house; to your gossip's; to the poulter's: ' else take out an old ruff, and go to your sempster's. Excuses! why, they are more ripe than medlars at Christmas.

Mist. Honey. I'll come. The hour ?

Just. Two: the way through Paul's; every wench take a pillar, there clap on your masks: your men will be behind you; and, before your prayers be half done, be before you, and man you out at several doors. You'll be there ?

Mist. Honey. If I breathe.

Just. Farswell. [Exit MIST. HONEY. So: now must I go set the t'other wenches the self-same copy: a rare schoolmaster for all kind

Marchantee of Almaine," &c. Stow's Survey of London, 1598, p. 184.

"Stilliard is a place in London, where the fraternitie of the Easterling Merchants, otherwise the Merchants of the Haunes and Almaine, are wout to have their abodo. It is so called Stilliard, of a broad place or court wherein steele was much sould, q. Steeleyard, upon which that house is now founded." Miushsiw's Guide into Tongues, 1617.

"They [The Hans Town Merchants] were permitted to sell Rhenish wine by retail." Malcolm's London, vol. i. p. 48.

Compare with the passage in the text;

"Men when they are idle, and know not what to do, saith one, Let us go to the stillyard and drinke Rhenish wine, &c." Nash's Pierce Pennilesse, Sig. E 2, ed. 1595.

"Who would let a Cit (whose teeth are rotten out with sweet meates his mother brings him from goshippings) breathe upon her vernish for the promise of a dry neat's tongue and a pottle of Rhenish at the stillyard, when she may command a blade to toss and tumble her?" Nabbee's Bride, 1640, Sig. E.

To this note I now (1857) add, on the authority of Mr. P. Cunningham's Handbook of London—that the Steelyard, Stelyard, or Stilliard (in Upper Thames Street, in the ward of Dowgate) appears to have been so called from its being the place where the King's steelyard, or beam, was erected for weighing the tonnage of goods imported into London.—In the present passage the old ed. has "Stillyard." but twice afterwards it has "Stilliard."

* to the Pawn to buy lawn] So in the curious poetical dialogue 'T's merry when gossips meet, 1609, the Wife says;

"In truth (kind cousse) my comming's from the Pawn, Bnt I protest I lost my labour there:

A Gentleman promist to give me lawne,

And did not meet me, which he well shall heare."

Stanza 2nd.

The Pawn (Bahn, Germ., a path or walk; Baan, Dutch, a pathway) was a corridor, which formed a kind of Bazaar, in the Royal Exchange (Gresham's). See Cunningham's Handbook of London.

† poulter's] i.e. poulterer's.

of hands I. O, what strange curses are poured down with one blessing !

Do all tread on the heel? Have all the art

To hoodwink wise men thus? and, like those builders

Of Babel's tower, to speak unknown tongues, Of all, save by their husbands, understood? Well, if, as ivy 'bout the elm does twine,

All wives love clipping,* there's no fault in mine.

But if the world lay speechless, even the dead Would rise, and thus cry out from yawning graves, Women make meu or fools, or beasts, or slaves.

[Exit.

SCENE II.*

Enter EARL and MISTRESS BIRDLIME.

Earl. Her answer! talk in music: will she come?

Bird. O, my sides ache in my loins, in my bones: I ha' more need of a posset of sack, and lie in my bed and sweat, than to talk in music. No honest woman would run hurrying up and down thus, and undo herself for a man of honour, without reason. I am so lame, every foot that I set to the ground went to my heart; I thought I had been at mum-chance,⁺ my bones rattled so with jaunting: had it not been for a friend in a corner [Takes aqua-vitæ], I had kicked up my heels.

Earl. Minister comfort to me,-will she come?

Bird. All the castles of comfort that I can put you into is this, that the jealous wittol her husband came, like a mad ox, bellowing in whilst I was there. O, I ha' lost my sweet breath with trotting.

Earl. Death to my heart! her husband! What saith hs?

Bird. The frize-jerkin rascal out with his purse, and called me plain bawd to my face.

Earl. Affliction to me! then thou spak'st not to her?

Bird. I spake to her, as clients do to lawyers without money, to no purpose; but I'll speak with him, and hamper him too, if ever he fall into my clutches: I'll make the yellow-hammer her husband know (for all he's an Italian) that there's a difference between a cogging hawd and an honest motherly gentlewoman. Now, what

† Scene II.] The same. A room in the house of the Earl. ‡ mum-chance] A game played either with dice or cards : Mistress Birdlime alludes to the former method.

cold whetstones lie over your stomacher? will you have some of my aqua? Why, my lord!

Earl. Thou hast kill'd me with thy words.

Bird. I see bashful lovers and young bullocks are knocked down at a blow. Come, come, driuk this draught of cinnamon-water, and pluck up your spirits; up with 'em, up with 'em. Do you hear? the whiting-mop* has nibbled.

Earl. Ha!

Bird. O, I thought I should fetch you: you can "ha" at that; I'll make you hom anon. As I'm a sinner, I think you'll find the sweetest, sweetest bedfellow of her. O, she looks so sugaredly, so simperingly, so gingerly, so amorously, so amiably ! Such a red lip, such a white forehead, such a black eye, such a full cheek, and such a goodly little nose, now she's in that French gown, Scotch falls, Scotch bum, and Italian head-tire you sent her, and is such an enticing she-witch, carrying the charms of your jewels about her! O !

Earl. Did she receive them? speak, here's golden keys [Giving money.

To unlock thy lips,—did she vouchsafe to take them?

Bird. Did she vouchsafe to take them? there's a question! you shall find she did vouchsafe. The troth is, my lord, I got her to my house, there she put off her own clothes, my lord, and put on your's, my lord; provided her a coach; searched the middle aisle in Paul's,† and with three Elizabeth twelve-pences pressed three knaves, my lord; hired three liveries in Longlane,‡ to man her: for all which, so God mend me, Tm to pay this night before sun-set.

Eurl. This shower shall fill them all: rain in their laps

What golden drops thou wilt.

Bird. Alas, my lord, I do but receive it with

* whiting-mop] i.e. young whiting,-a caut term for a nice young woman, a tender creature.

t hired three liveries in Long-lane] "The lane, truelie called Long," (Stow's Survey, p. 311, ed. 1598,) running out of Aldersgate-street, and falling into West Smithfeld, abounded in shops where eccond-hand apparel might be procured.

^{*} clipping] i. e. embracing.

t searched the middle aisle in Paul's, and with three Elizabeth twelve-pences pressed three knaves] Persons of every description, with a strange want of reverence for the sanctity of the spot, used daily to frequent the body of old St. Paul's. There the young gallaut gratified his vanity by strutting about in the most fashionable attire; there the politician discussed the latest news; there he who could not afford to dine loitered during the dinnerhour; there the servant out of place came to be engaged; there the pickpocket found the best opportunities for the exercise of his talents, &c.

one hand, to pay it away with another: I'm but your haily.	Disguis'd, waiting your presence; and when your hands
Earl. Where is she?	Went up towards heaven to draw some blessing
Bird. In the gresn-velvet chamber: the poor	down,
sinful creature pants like a pigeon under the	Mine, as if all my nerves by yours did move,
hands of a hawk; therefore use her like a woman,	Begg'd in dumb signs some pity for my love:
my lord; use her honestly, my lord, for, alas,	And thus being feasted only with your sight,
she's but a novice and a very green thing.	I went more pleas'd than sick men with frcsh
Earl. Farewell: I'll in unto her.	health,
Bird. Fie upon't, that were not for your	Rich men with honour, beggars do with wealth.
houour; you know gentlewomen use to come to	Mist. Just. Part now so pleas'd; for now you
lords' chambers, and not lords to the gentle-	more enjoy me.
women's: I'd not have her think you are such a	Earl. O, you do wish me physic to destroy me!
rank rider. Walk you here: I'll beckon; you	Mist. Just. I have already leap'd beyond the
shall see I'll fetch her with a wet finger.	bounds
Earl. Do so.	Of modesty, in pieciug out my wings
Bird. Hist! why, sweetheart, Mistress Jus-	With borrow'd feathers: but you sent a sorceress
tiniano! why, pretty soul, tread softly, and come	So perfect in her trade, that did so lively Breathe forth your persionate accents and sould
into this room : here be rushes;* you need not fear the creaking of your cork shoes.	Breathe forth your passionate accents, and could draw
	A lover languishing so piercingly,
Enter MISTRESS JUSTINIANO.	That her charms wrought upon me, and, in pity
So, well said! +- There's his honour I have	Of your sick heart, which she did counterfeit
business, my lord: very now the marks are set	(O, shc's a subtle beldam !), see, I cloth'd
up, I'll get me twelve score off, and give aim.‡ [Exit.	My limbs, thus player-like, in rich attires
Earl. You're welcome, sweet, you're welcome.	Not fitting mine estate; and am come forth,
Bless my hand	But why I know not.
With the soft touch of yours. Can you be cruel	Earl. Will you love me?
To one so prostrate to you? even my heart,	Mist. Just. Ycs;
My happiness, and state lie at your feet.	If you can clear me of a debt that's due
My hopes me flatter'd that the field was won,	But to one man, I'll pay my heart to thee.
That you had yielded (though you conquer ms),	Earl. Who's that?
And that all marble scales, that barr'd your eyes	Mist. Just. My husband.
From throwing light on mine, were quite ta'en off	Earl. Um.
By the cunning woman's hand that works for me:	Mist. Just. The sum's so great,
Why, therefore, do you wound me now with	I know a kingdom cannot answer it; Aud therefore I beseech you, good my lord,
frowns?	To take this gilding off, which is your own,
Why do you fly me? Do not exercise	And henceforth cease to throw out golden hooks
The art of woman on me; I'm already	To choke mine honour: though my husband's
Your captive, sweet. Are these your hate or fears? Mist. Just. I wonder lust can hang at such	poor,
white hairs.	I'll rather beg for him than be your whore.
<i>Earl.</i> You give my love ill names, it is not lust;	Earl. 'Gainst beauty you plot treason, if you
Lawless desires well temper'd may seem just.	suffer
A thousand mornings with the early sun,	Tears to do violence to so fair a cheek.
Mine eyes have 'fore § your windows watch'd to	That face was ne'er made to look pale with want:
steal	Dwell here, and be the sovereign of my fortunes :
Brightness from those : as oft upon the days	Thus shall you go attir'd.
That consecrated to devotiou are,	Mist. Just. Till lust be tir'd.
Within the holy temple have I stood	I must take leave, my lord.
* rushes] See note †, p. 21.	Earl. Sweet creature, stay.
<i>t well said !</i>] In our early writers is often equivalent to	My coffers shall be yours, my servants yours,
Well done !	Myself will be your servant; and I swear By that which I hold dear in you, your beauty
§ 'fore] The old ed. "from."	Ly shart which I hold dear in you, your beauty

(And which I'll not profane), you shall live here As free from base wrong as you are from blackness, So you will deign but let me enjoy your sight. Auswer me, will you?

Mist. Just. I will think upon't.

Earl. Unless you shall perceive that all my thoughts

And all my actions he to you devoted,

And that I very justly earn your love,

Let me not taste it.

Mist. Just. I will think upon it.

Earl. But when you find my merits of full weight,

Will you accept their worth?

Mist. Just. I'll think upon't.

I'd speak with the old woman.

Earl. She shall come .---

Joys, that are born unlook'd for, are born dumb. [Exit.

Mist. Just. Poverty, thou bane of chastity, Poison of beauty, broker of maidenheads! I see when force nor wit can scale the hold, Wealth must; she'll ne'er be won that defies gold: But lives there such a creature? O, 'tis rare To find a woman chasts that's poor and fair.

Re-enter BIRDLIME.

Bird. Now, lamb, has not his honour dealt like an honest nobleman with you? I can tell you, you shall not find him a Templar, nor one of these cogging Catherine-pear-coloured * heards, that by their good wills would have no pretty woman scape them.

Mist. Just. Thou art a very bawd, thou art a devil

Cast in a reverend shape : thou stale damnation,+

Why hast thou me entic'd from mine own paradise,

To steal fruit in a barren wilderness?

Bird. Bawd, and devil, and stale damnation! Will women's tongues, like bakers' legs, never go straight?

Mist. Just. Had thy Circæan magic me transform'd

Into that sensual shape for which thou conjur'st, And that I were turn'd common venturer, I could not love this old man.

Bird. This old man, um! this old man! do his hoary hairs stick in your stomach? yet,

† stale damnation] So Juliet, in Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet, act iii. sc. 5; and Malevole, in The Malcontent, act v. sc. 2 (see the present edition); use "ancient damnation" as a term of reproach. methinks, his silver hairs should move you: they may serve to make you bodkins. Does his age grieve you? Fool! is not old wine wholesomest, old pippins toothsomest, old wood burn brightest, old linen wash whitest? Old soldiers, sweetheart, are surest, and old lovers are soundest: I ha' tried both.

Mist. Just. So will not I.

Bird. You'd have some young perfumed beardless gallant* board you, that spits all his brains out at's tongue's end, would you not?

Mist. Just. No, none at all; not any.

Bird. None at all ! what do you make there, then ? why are you a burden to the world's conscience, and an eye-sore to well-given men ? I dare pawn my gown, and all the beds in my house, and all the gettings in Michaelmas-term next, to a tavern-token, + that thou shalt never be an innocent.

Mist. Just. Who are so?

Bird. Fools: why, then, are you so precise? Your husband's down the wind; and will you, like a haggler's arrow, be down the weather? Strike whilst the iron is hot. A woman, when there be roses in her cheeks, cherries on her lips, civet in her breath, ivory in her teeth, lilies in her hand, and liquorice in her heart, why, she's like a play; if new, very good company, very good company; but if stale, like old Jeronimo, go by, go by : ‡ therefore, as I said before, strike. Besides, you must think that the commodity of beauty was not made to lie dead upon any young woman's hands: if your hushand have given up his cloak, let another take measure of you in his jerkin; for as the cobbler in the night-time walks with his lantern, the merchant and the

* gallant] The old ed. "Gallants."

† a tavern-token] There being a scarcity of small change, tradesmen were allowed to coin tokens—promissory pieces of brase or copper, of the value of a farthing. Reed (note on the First Part of The Honest Whore, act i, sc. 4,) thinks they were called tavern-tokens, because they were "probably at first coined chiefly by tavern keepers;" but Gifford (note on Ben Jonson's Works, vol. i, p. 29,) observes, "that most of them would travel to the tavern may be easily supposed, and hence, perhaps, the name."

"Hieronimo. Justice, O, justics to Hieronimo!

Lorenzo. Back! see'st thou not the king is busic? Hieronimo. O, is he so?

King. Who is he that interrupts our business?

Hieronimo. Not I.-Hieronimo, heware; gee by, gee by." Sig. G 4. Allde's ed. n. d.

It may be just necessary to add, that the Spanish Tragedy is a continuation of The First Part of Jeronimo, which was most prohably also the work of Kyd.

^{*} Catherine-pear-coloured | i. e. red.

t like old Jeronimo, go by, go by] An allusion to a passage in Kyd's Spanish Trag(dy, which has been ridiculed by a host of poets;

lawyer with his link, and the courtier with his torch, so every lip has his lettuce to himself; the lob has his lass, the collier his dowdy, the western-man his pug, the serving-man his punk, the student his nun in White-friars, the puritan his sister, and the lord his lady; which worshipful vocstion may fall upon you, if you'll but strike whilet the iron is hot.

Mist. Just. Witch, thus I break thy spells: were I kept brave *

On a king's cost, I am but a king's slave. [Exit. Bird. I see, that, as Frenchmen love to be bold, Flemings to be drunk, Welshmen to be called Britons, and Irishmen to be costermongers, so cockneys, especially she cockneys, love not aqua-vitæ when 'tis good for them.

Enter MONOPOLY. †

Mon. Saw you my uncle?

Bird. I saw him even now going the way of all flesh, that's to say, towards the kitchen. Here's a letter to your worship from the party.

Mon. What party?

[Giving letter.

Bird. The Tenterhook, your wanton.

Mon. From her! phew! pray thee, stretch me no more upon your Tenterhook: pox on her! are there no pothecaries i' the town to send her physic bills to, but me? She's not troubled with the green-sickness still, is she?

Bird. The yellow jaundice, as the doctor tells me. Troth, she's as good * peat! she is fallen away so, that she's nothing but bare skin and bone; for the turtle so mourns for you!

Mon. In black?

Bird. In black ! you shall find both black and blue, if you look under her eyes.

Mon. Well, sing over her ditty when I'm in tune.

Bird. Nay, but will you send her a box of mithridatum and dragon-water,—I mean some restorative words? Good Master Monopoly, you know how welcome you're to the city; and will you, Master Monopoly, keep out of the city? I know you cannot: would you saw how the poor gentlewoman lies!

Mon. Why, how lies she?

Bird. Troth, as the way lies over Gads-bill, very dangerous: you would pity a woman's case,

* brave] i.e. finely dressed.

+ Enter MONOPOLY.

Mon. Saw you my uncle?] Qy. is the Earl the uncle of Monopoly? and the latter, in consequence of that relationship, now under the Earl's roof? Or were the audience to suppose, after Mrs. Justiniano's exit, a change of place? if you saw her. Write to her some treatise of pacification.

Mon. I'll write to her to-morrow.

Bird. To-morrow ! she'll not sleep, then, but tumble: au if she might have it to-night, it would better please her.

Mon. Perhaps I'll do't to-night : farewell.

Bird. If you do't to-night, it would better please her than to-morrow.

Mon. God's so, dost hear ? I'm to sup this night at the Lion in Shoreditch with certain gallants: canst thou not draw forth some delicate face that I ha' not seen, and bring it thither ? wut thou?

Bird. All the painters in London shall not fit for colour as I can: but we shall have some swaggering?

Mon. All as civil, by this light, as lawyers.

Bird. But, I tell you, she's not so common as lawyers, that I mean to betray to your table; for, as I'm a sinner, she's a knight's cousin,—a Yorkshire gentlewoman, and only speaks a little broad, but of very good carriage.

Mon. Nay, that's no matter; we can speak as broad as she: but wut bring her?

Bird. You shall call her cousin, do you see? two men shall wait upon her, and I'll come in by chance : but shall not the party be there?

Mon. Which party ?

Bird. The writer of that simple hand.

Mon. Not for as many angels as there be letters in her paper: speak not of me to her, nor our meeting, if you love me. Wut come?

Bird. Mum, I'll come.

Mon. Farewell.

Bird. Good Master Monopoly, I hope to see you one day a man of great credit.

Mon. If I be, I'll build chimneys with tobacco, but I'll smoke some : and be sure, Birdlime, I'll stick wool upon thy back.

Bird. Thanks, sir, I know you will; for all the kindred of the Monopolies are held to be great fleecers. [Excunt.

SCENE III.*

Enter Sir Gosling Glowworm, Linstock, Whirlpool; and the three Citizens' Wives, masked, viz., Mistress Honeysuckle, Mistress Wafer, and Mistress Tenterhook.

Sir Gos. So, draw those curtains, and let's see the pictures under 'em. [The ladies unmask.] Lin. Welcome to the Stilliard, fair ladies.

* Scene III.] The same. A room in the Rhenish winehouse in the Stilliard. See note t, p. 217. Mist. Honey., Mist. Wafer., Mist. Ten. Thanks, good Master Linstock.

Whirl. Hans, some wine, Hans!

Enter HANS with cloth and buns.

Hans. Yaw, yaw, you sall hebben it, mester: old vine or new vine?

Sir Gos. Speak, women.

Hans. New vine,-vell; two pots of new vine!

Mist. Honey. An honest butterbox; for if it be old, there's none of it comes into my belly.

Mist. Wafer. Why, Tenterhook, pray thee, let's dance friskin, and be merry.

Lin. Thou art so troubled with Monopolies; they so hang at thy heart-strings.

Mist. Ten. Pox o' my heart, then.

Re-enter HANS with wine.

Mist. Honey. Ay, and mine too: if any courtier of them all set up his gallows there, wench, use him as thou dost thy pautables,* scorn to let him kiss thy heel, for he feeds thes with nothing but court-holy-bread,† good words, and cares not for thee.—Sir Gosling, will you taste a Dutch what's you call 'em ?

Mist. Wafer. Here, Master Linstock, half mine is yours: hun, bun, bun.

Sir Gos. 'Sfoot, who's that? lock our room.

Just. [within] Not till I am in ; and then lock out the devil, though he come in the shape of a puritan.

Enter JUSTINIANO disguised as before.

Mist. Honey., Mist. Wafer., Mist. Ten. Schoolmaster, welcome; welcome, in troth.

Just. Who would not be scratched with the briers and brambles to have such burs sticking on bis breeches?—Save you, gentlemen!—Onoble knight!

Sir Gos. More wine, Hans!

Just. Am not I, gentlemen, a ferret of the right hair, that can make three conies bolt at a clap into your purse-nets ? \ddagger Ha, little do their three husbands dream what copies I am setting their wives now : were't not a rare jest, if they should come sneaking upon us, like a horrible noise of fiddlers ? §

* pantables] i.e. elippers.

t court-holy-bread] Or, as we more usually find it, court-holy-water, —i. c. flattery, insincere compliments.

t purse-nets] See note *, p. 180.

§ noise of fiddlers] i. e. company of fiddlers.

Mist. Honey. Troth, I'd not care; let 'em come; I'd tell 'em we'd ha' none of their dull music.

Mist. Wafer. [drinking] Here, Mistress Tenterhook.

Mist. Ten. Thanks, good Mistress Wafer.

Just. Who's there ? peepers, intelligencers, eavesdroppers !

Omnes. Uds foot, throw a pot at's head!

Just. O Lord! O gentlemen, knight, ladies that may be, citizens' wives that are, shift for yourselves, for a pair of your husbands' heads are knocking together with Hans his, and inquiring for you.

Omnes. Keep the door locked.

Mist. Honey. O, ay, do, do; and let Sir Gosling (because he has been in the Low Countries) swear *Gotz Sacrament*, and drive 'em away with broken Dutch.

Just. Here's a wench has simple sparks in her: she's my pupil, gallants.—[Aside] Good God! I see a man is not sure that his wife is in the chamber, though his own fingers hung on the padlock: trap-doors, false drabs, and spring-locks, may cozen a covey of constables. How the silly husbands might here ha' been gulled with Flemish money!—Come, drink up Rhine, Thames, and Meauder dry; there's nobody.

Mist. Honey. Ah, thou ungodly master!

Just. I did but make a false fire, to try your valour, because you crisd "Let'em come." By this glass of woman's wine, I would not ha' seen their spirits walk here, to be dubbed deputy of a ward, I: they would ha' chronicled me for a fox in a lamb's skin. But, come; is this merry midsummer-night agreed upon? when shall it be? where shall it be?

Lin. Why, faith, to-morrow at night.

Whirl. We'll take a coach and ride to Ham or so.

Mist. Ten. O, fie upon't, a coach ! I cannot abide to be jolted.

Mist. Wafer. Yet most of your citizens' wives love jolting.

Sir Gos. What say you to Blackwall or Limehouse?

Mist. Honey. Every room there smells too much of tar.

Lin. Let's to mine host Dogbolt's at Brainford,* then: there you are out of eyes, out of ears; private rooms, sweet linen, winking attendance, and what cheer you will.

Omnes. Content, to Brainford.

* Brainford] i. e. Brentford. (I retain the old spelling on account of the pun in p. 243.)

WESTWARD HO.

Mist. Wafer. Ay, ay, let's go by water; for, Sir Gosling, I have heard you say you love to go by water.

Mist. Honey. But, wenches, with what pulleys shall we slide, with some cleanly excuse, out of our husbands' suspicion, being gone westward for smelts * all night?

Just. That's the block now we all stumble at: wind up that string well, and all the consort's + in tune.

Mist. Honey. Why, then, goodman scraper, 'tis wound up, I have it.—Sirrah Wafer, thy child's at nurse :— if you that are the men could provide some wise ass that could keep his countenance,—

Just. Nay, if he be an ass, he will keep his countenance.

Mist. Honey. Ay, but I mean, one that could set out his tale with audacity, and say that the child were sick, aud ne'er stagger at it; that last should serve all our feet.

Whirl. But where will that wise ass be found now?

Just. I see I'm born still to draw dun out o'the mire \ddagger for you; that wise beast will I be. I'll be that ass that shall groan under the burden of that abominable lie: heaven pardon me, and pray God the infant be not punished for't! Let me see: I'll break out in some filthy shape like a thrasher, or a thatcher, or a sowgelder, or something: and speak dreamingly, and swear how the child pukes, and eats nothing (as perhaps it does not), and lies at the mercy of God (as all children and old folks do); and then, scholar Wafer, play you your part.

Mist. Wafer. Fear not me for a veney § or two.

* westward for smelts] A proverbial expression. In 1603 appeared a story-book (which suggested to Shakespoare some of the circumstances in Cymbeline) entitled Westward for Smelts, or the Waterman's Fare of Mad Merry Western Wenches, &c.

t consort's] See note on Northward Ho, act ii. sc. i., p. 260. t to draw dun out o' the mire Gifford thus satisfactorily describes a game, the allusion to which in Romeo and Juliet, act i. sc iv., had completely puzzled all Shakespeare's commentators. "Dun is in the mire is a Christmas gambol, at which I have often played. A log of wood is brought into the midst of the room : this is Dun, (the cart-horse,) and a cry is raised, that he is stuck in the mire. Two of the company advauce, either with or without ropes, to draw him out. After repeated attempts, they find themselves unable to do it, and call for more assistance. The game continues till all the company take part in it, when Dun is extricated of course ; and the mcrriment arises from the awkward and affected efforts of the rustics to lift the log, and from sundry arch contrivances to let the ends of it fall on one another's toes." Note on Ben Jonson's Works, vol. vii. p. 283.

§ veney] Or venue, a technical term for a hit or thrust in playing with different weapons, was a subject of dispute Just. Where will you meet i'the morning? Sir Gos. At some tavern near the water-side, that's private.

Just. The Greyhound, the Greyhound in Blackfriars, an excellent rendezvous.

Lin. Content, the Greyhound hy eight.

Just. And then you may whip forth, two first, and two next, on a sudden, and take boat at Bridewell-dock most privately.

Omnes. Be't so : a good place.

Just. I'll go make ready my rustical properties.* Let me see:—scholar, hie you home, for your child shall be sick within this half bour. [*Exit.*

Enter BIRDLIME.

Bird. I'm hold to press myself under the colours of your company, hearing that gentlewoman was in the room.—[To Mist. Ten.] A word, mistress.

Mist. Ten. How now! what says he?

Sir Gos. Zounds, what's she? a bawd, by the Lord, is't not?

Mist. Wafer. No, indeed, Sir Gosling; she's a very honest woman and a midwife.

Mist. Ten. At the Lion in Shoreditch? and would he not read it? nor write to me? I'll poison his supper.

Bird. But no words that I bewrayed him.

Mist. Ten. Gentlemen, I must be gone; I cannot stay, in faith: pardon me; I'll meet to-morrow:—come, nurse:—cannot tarry, by this element.

Sir Gos. Mother, you, graunam, drink ere you go.

Bird. I am going to a woman's labour; indeed, sir, cannot stay.

[Excurt MISTRESS TENTERHOOK and BIRDLIME. Mist. Wafer. I hold my life,⁺ the black-bird her husband whistles for her.

between Messrs. Steevens and Malone: Douce has made himself their umpire in his *Illustrations of Shakespeare*, vol. i. p. 233, to which I refer the reader. In fencing, *venue*, the French term, answered to the Italian *stoccata*: see Gifford's note on Ben Jonson, vol. i. p. 39. I wonder that Malone, in his contest with Steevens, failed to quote the following passage of a play which he must surely have read: --

"1 Law. Women, look to't, the fencer gives you a veney. 2 Law. Believe it, he hits home."

Swetnam, the Woman-hater, 1620, Sig. F 2. * properties] Used here in a theatrical sense-articles necessary for the scene.

† Mist. Wafer. I hold my life, &c.] The old ed. prefixes to this speech "Amb.," which in early plays often stads for "Both": but here it would seem to be a mistake for "Mab"; see note on the Dramatis Persons of this play. Mist. Honey. A reckoning! Break one, break all.

Sir Gos. Here, Hans !-Draw not; I'll draw for all, as I'm true knight. Mist. Honey. Let him: 'mongst women this does stand for law,

The worthiest man, though he be fool, must draw. [Excunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I.*

Enter TENTERHOOK and MISTRESS TENTERHOOK.

Ten. What book is that, sweetheart?

Mist. Ten. Why, the book of bonds that are due to you.

Ten. Come, what do you with it? why do you trouble yourself to take care about my business?

Mist. Ten. Why, sir, doth not that which concerns you concern me? You told me Monopoly had discharged his bond; I find by the book of accounts here that it is not cancelled. Ere I would suffer such a cheating companion to laugh at me, I'd see him hanged, I. Good sweetheart, as ever you loved me, as ever my bed was pleasing to you, arrest the knave: we were never beholding to him for a pin, but for eating up our victuals: good mouse, enter an action against him.

Ten. In troth, love, I may do the gentleman much discredit; and besides, it may be other actions may fall very heavy upon him.

Mist. Ten. Hang him ! to see the dishonesty of the knave !

Ten. O wife, good words: a courtier, a gentlemav.

Mist. Ten. Why may not a gentleman be a knave? that were strange, in faith: but, as I was a-saying, to see the dishonesty of him that would never come, since he received the money, to visit us? You know, Master Tenterhook, he hath hung long upon you: Master Tenterhook, as I am virtuous, you shall arrest him.

Ten. Why, I know not when he will come to town.

Mist. Ten. He's in town; this night he sups at the Lion in Shoreditch: good husband, enter your action, and make haste to the Lion presently. There's an honest fellow, Sergeant Ambush, will do it in a trice; he never salutes a man in courtesy, hut he catches him as if he would arrest him: good heart, let Sergeant Ambush lie in wait for him.

Ten. Well, at thy entreaty I will do it .- [To

* Scene I.] London. A room in the house of Tenterhook.

Servant within.] Give me my cloak, there! Buy a link, and meet me at the Counter in Wood-street. —Bues me, Moll.

Mist. Ten. Why, now you love me: I'll go to bed, sweetheart.

Ten. Do not sleep till I come, Moll.

Mist. Ten. No, lamb. Exit TENTERHOOK. Baa, sheep ! If a woman will be free in this intricate labyrinth of a husband, let her marry a man of a melancholy complexion; she shall not be much troubled with him. By my sooth, my husband hath a hand as dry as his brains, and a breath as strong as six common gardens. Well, my husband is gone to arrest Monopoly: I have dealt with a sergeant privately, to entreat him, pretending that he is my aunt's son: by this means shall I see my young gallant that in this has played his part. When they owe money in the city once, they dcal with their lawyers by attorney, follow the court, though the court do them not the grace to allow them their diet. O, the wit of a woman when she is put to the pinch ! Exit.

SCENE II.*

Enter TENTERHOOK, SERGEANT AMBUSH, and YEOMAN CLUTCH.

Ten. Come, Sergeant Ambush,—come, Yeoman Clutch: yon's the tavern; the gentleman will come out presently. Thou art resolute?

Amb. Who, I? I carry fire and sword that fight for me, here and here. I know most of the knaves about London, and most of the thieves too, I thank God and good intelligence.

Ten. I wonder thou dost not turn broker, then.

Amb. Phew! I have been a broker already; for I was first a puritan, then a bankrupt, then a broker, then a fencer, and then sergeant: were not these trades would make a man honest?—Peace! the door opes: wheel about, Yeoman Clutch.

* Scene II.] The same. Before the Lion in Shoreditch.

Enter WHIRLPOOL, LINSTOCK, and MONOPOLY, unbraced.

Mon. An e'er I come to sup in this tavern again ! there's no more attendance than in a gaol : an there had been a punk or two in the company, then we should not have been rid of the drawers. Now were I in an excellent bumour to go to a vaulting-house: I would break down all their glass windows, hew in pieces all their jointstools, tear [their] silk petticoats, ruffle their periwigs, and spoil their painting,-O the gods. what I could do! I could undergo fifteen bawds, by this darkness; or if I could meet one of these varlets that wear Pannier-alley on their backs, sergeants, I would make them scud so fast from me, that they should think it a shorter way between this and Ludgate, than a condemued cutpurse thinks it between Newgate and Tyburn.

Lin. You are for no action to-night?

Whirl. No, I'll to bed.

Mon. Am not I drunk now? Implentur veteris Bacchi pinguisque tobacco.*

Whirl. Faith, we are all heated.

Mon. Captain Whirlpool, when wilt come to court and dine with me?

Whirl. One of these days, Frank; but I'll get me two gauntlets for fear I lose my fingers in the dishes: there be excellent shavers, I hear, in the most of your under-offices. I protest I have often come thither, sat down, drawn my knife, and, ere I could say grace, all the meat hath been gone: I have risen and departed thence as hungry as ever came country attorney from Westminster. Good night, honcet Frank: do not swagger with the watch, Frank.

[Excunt WHIRLFOOL and LINSTOCK. Ten. So, now they are gone, you may take him. Amb. Sir, I arrest you.

Mon. Arrest me! at whose suit, you varlets? Clutch. At Master Tenterhook's.

Mon. Why, you varlets, dare you arrest one of the court?

Amb. Come, will you be quiet, sir?

Mon. Pray thee, good yeoman, call the gentlemen back again. There's a gentleman hath carried a hundred pound of mine home with him to his lodging, because I dare not carry it over the fields : I'll discharge it presently.

Amb. That's a trick, sir; you would procure a rescue.

Mon. Catchpoll, do you see? I will have the hair of your head and beard shaved off for this, an e'er I catch you at Gray's Inn, by this light, la.

* Implentur, &c.] "Implentur veteris Bacchi pinguisque ferina." Virgil, Æneid, i. 215. Amb. Come, will you march ?

Mon. Are you sergeants Christians? Sirrah, thou lookest like a good pitiful rascal, and thou art a tall man too it seems; thou hast backed many a man in thy time, I warrant.

Amb. I have had many a man by the back, sir.

Mon. Well said | in troth, I love your quality: 'las, 'tis needful every man should come by his own. But, as God mend me, gentlemen, I have not one cross * about me, only you two. Might not you let a gentleman pass out of your hands, and say you saw him not? is there not such a kind of mercy in you now and then, my masters? As I live, if you come to my lodging to-morrow morning, I'll give you five brace of angels. Good yeoman, persuade your graduate here: I know some of you to be honest faithful drunkards: respect a poor gentleman in my case.

Ten. Come, it will not serve your turn.— Officers, look to him upon your peril.

Mon. Do you hear, sir? you see I am in the hands of a couple of ravens here: as you are a gentleman, lend me forty shillings: let me not live, if I do not pay you the forfeiture of the whole bond, and never plead conscience.

Ten. Not a penny, not a penny: good night, sir. [Exit.

Mon. Well, a man ought not to swear by any thing, in the hands of sergeants, but by silver; and because my pocket is no lawful justice to minister any such oath unto me, I will patiently encounter the Counter. Which is the dearest ward in prison, sorgeant? the Knight's ward?

Amb. No, sir, the Master's side.+

Mon. Well the knight is above the master, though his table be worse furnished: I'll go thither.

Amb. Come, sir, I must use you kindly: the gentleman's wife that hath arrested you ----

Mon. Ay, what of her?

Amb. She says you are her aunt's son.

Mon. I am?

Amb. She takes on so pitifully for your arresting: 'twas much against her will, good gentlewoman, that this affliction lighted upon you.

Mon. She hath reason, if she respect her poor kindred.

Amb. You shall not go to prison.

Mon. Honest sergeant, conscionable officer, did

* I have not one cross about me, only you two] This quibbling on the word cross has occurred before: see note t, p. 196.

the Knight's ward?

AMB. No, sir, the Master's side] See note ‡, p. 168.

Q

I forget myself even now, a vice that sticks to me always when I am drunk, to abuse my best friends? Where didst buy this buff? Let me net live, but I'll give thee a good suit of durance.* Wilt theu take my bend, sergeant? Where's a scrivener, a scrivener, good ycoman? you shall have my sword and hangers 7 to pay him.

Amb. Not so, sir; but you shall be prisoner in my house: I de not think hut that your cousin will visit you there i'the morning, and take order for you.

Mon. Well said ! Was't not a most treacherous part to arrest a man in the night, and when he is almost drunk ? when he hath not his wits about him, to remember which of his friends is in the subsidy ? Come, did I abuse you, I recant: you are as necessary in a city as tumblers in Norfolk, sumners in Lancashire, or rake-hells in an army. [Excunt.]

SCENE III.‡

Enter JUSTINIANO like a collier, and a Boy.

Just. Buy any small ceal, buy any small coal ?§ Boy. Collier, collier!

Doy. Comer, comer.

Just. What sayest, boy?

Boy. 'Ware the pillory !

Just. O, boy, the pillery assures many a man that he is no cuckold; for how impossible were

* Where didst buy this buff? Let me not live, but PUgive thee a good suit of durance] So, in Bhakespears's First Part of Henry IV., act i. sc. 2, the Prince says to Falstaff with a pun, "And is not a buff jerkin a most sweet rohe of durance?"—Durance was a strong and lasting kind of stuff: Mr. Halliwell (Shakespeare Society Papers, vol. iii. 35) cites from The Book of Rates, cd. 1675, p. 35,— & & s. d.

"Durance, or with thread, the yard .. 00 06 08 Duretty. with silk, the yard .. 00 10 00."

t hargers] i.e. fringed and ornamented loops, attached to the girdle, in which the small sword or dagger was suspended :--

" Mens swords in hangers hang, fast by their side."

Taylor the water poet's Vertue of a Jayle and

necessitie of Hanging, Works, 1630, p. 133. ‡ Scene III.] The same. A street: before the house of Wafer.

 $\$ Buy any small coal, buy any small coal $\ell]$ This was the common cry of colliers : so in one of the rarest of plays, A Knacke to know an honest man, 1596;

" Enter LELIO, like a colliar.

Le. Will you buy any coles, fine small coles?" Sig. G. Let me here make a remark ou a note of Gifford. "With our ancestors," says he, "colliers, I know not for what reason, lay, like Mrs. Quickly, under an ill name." Ben Jonson's Works, vol. ii. p. 169. I believe they wers in bad repute because they used to cheat most grossly the purchasers of coals by giving false measure: R. Greens, in his Pleasant Discovery of the Coosnage of Colliars, appended to his Notable Discovery of Coosnage, 1591, lays open all their knavery. it a man sheuld thrust his head through so small a loep-hole, if his forehead were branched, boy!

Boy. Collier, how came the goose to be put upon you, ha?

Just. I'll tell thee. The term lying at Winchester, in Henry the Third's days, and many Frenchwomen coming cut of the Isle of Wight thither, (as it hath always been seen, though the Isle of Wight could not of long time neither endure foxes nor lawyers, yet it could brook the more dreadful cockatrice,*) there were many punks in the town, as you know our term is their term. Your farmer, that would spend but threepence en his erdinary, weuld lavish half-a-crown on his lechery; and many men, calves as they were, would ride in a farmer's feul beets before breakfast : the commonest sinner had more fluttering about her than a fresh punk hath when she comes to a town of garrison or to a university. Captains, scholars, servingmen, jurors, clerks, townsmen, and the black guard, + used all te one erdinary, and most of them were called to a pitiful reckoning; for, before two returns of Michaelmas, surgeons were full of business; the care of most, secrecy, grew as common as lice in Ireland, or as scabs in France. One of my tribe, a collier, carried in his cart forty maimed soldiers to Salisbury, looking as pitifully as Dutchmen first made drunk, then carried to beheading: every one that met him cried "'Ware the goese,‡ collier !" and from that day to this there's a record to he seen at Creyden, how that pitiful waftage, which indeed was virtue in the cellier, that all that time would carry no coals, laid this imputation on all the pesterity.

Boy. You are full of tricks, collier.

Just. Boy, where dwells Master Wafer ?

Boy. Why, here: what wouldst? I am one of his juvenals.

Just. Hath he not a child at nurse at Mereclacke?§

Boy. Yes: dest thou dwell there?

Just. That I do: the child is wendrous sick; I was willed || to acquaint thy master and mistress with it.

Boy. I'll up and tell them presently. [Exit.

Just. So, if all should fail me, I could turn collier. O the villany of this age! how full of secrecy and silence (centrary to the opinion of the world) have I ever found mest women! I

| willed] i. e. desired.

ACT 111.

^{*} cockatrice] A caut name for a prostitute.

[†] the black guard] See note *, p. 8.

t the goose] See note on A Cure for a Cuckold, act iv. sc. i.

[§] More-clacke] A common corruption of Mortlake.

SCENE IV.

have sat a whole afternoon many times by my wife, and looked upon her eyes, and felt if her pulses have beat, when I have named a suspected love; yet all this while have not drawn from her the least scruple of confession. I have lain awake a thousand nights, thinking she would have revealed somewhat in her dreams, and when she has begun to speak any thing in her sleep, I have jogged her, and cried, "Ay, sweet-heart, but when will your love come?" or "What did he say to thee over the stall ?" or "What did he do to thes in the garden-chamber ?" or "When will he send to thee any letters ?" or "When wilt thou send to him any money ?" What an idle coxcomb jealousy will make a man! Well, this is my comfort, that here comes a creature of the same head-piece.

Enter WAFER and MISTRESS WAFER, with Boy.

Mist. Wafer. O my sweet child !--- Where's the collier?

Just. Here, forsooth.

Mist. Wafer [to Boy]. Run into Bucklersbury* for two ounces of dragon-water, some spermaceti, and treacle .-- What is it sick of, collier ? a burning fever?

Just. Faith, mistress, I do not know the infirmity of it .--- Will you buy any small coal, say you?

Wafer. Prithes, go in and empty them.-Come, be not so impatient.

Mist. Wafer. Ay, ay, ay, if you had groaned for't as I have done, you would have been more natural. -[To Servant within] Take my riding-hat and my kirtle, there !---I'll away presently.

Wafer. You will not go to-night, I am sure. Mist. Wafer. As I live, but I will.

Wafer. Faith, sweetheart, I have great business to-night: stay till to-morrow, and I'll go with you.

Mist. Wafer. No, sir, I will not hinder your business. I see how little you respect the fruits of your own body. I shall find somebody to bear me company.

Wafer. Well, I will defer my business for once, and go with thes.

Mist. Wafer. By this light, but you shall not; you shall not bit me i'the teeth that I was your hindrance .--- Will you to Bucklersbury, sir ? [Exit Boy.

Wafer. Come, you are a fool; leave your weeping.

Mist. Wafer. You shall not go with me, as I Exit WAFER. live.

* Bucklersbury] See note *, p. 213.

Just. Pupil !

Mist. Wafer. Excellent master !

Just. Admirable mistress ! How happy be our Englishwomen that are not troubled with jealous husbands! Why, your Italians, in general, are so sun-burnt with these dog-days, that your great lady there thinks her husband loves her not, if he be not jealous: what confirms the liberty of our women more in England than the Italian proverb which says,-If there were a bridge over the narrow seas, all the women in Italy would show their husbands a million of light pair of heels, and fly over into England?

Mist. Wafer. The time of our meeting? coms. Just. Seven.

Mist. Wafer. The place?

Just. In Blackfriars : there take water, keep aloof from the shore, ou with your masks, up with your sails, and, Westward ho!

Mist. Wafer. So.

[Exit.

Just. O the quick apprehension of women ! they'll grops out a man's meaning presently. Well, it rests now that I discover myself in my true shape to these gentlewomen's husbands; for though I have played the fool a little, to beguile the memory of mine own misfortune, I would not play the knave, though I be taken for a bankrupt : but, indeed, as in other things, so in that, the world is much deceived in me; for I have yet three thousand pounds in the hands of a sufficient friend, and all my debts discharged. I have received here a letter from my wife, directed to Stode,* wherein she most repentently entreateth my return, with protestation to give me assured trial of her honesty: I cannot tell what to think of it, but I will put it to the test. There is a great strife between beauty and chastity; and that which pleaseth many is never free from temptation. As for jealousy, it makes many cuckolds, many fools, and many bankrupts; it may have abused me, and not my wife's honesty: I'll try it :- hut first to my secure and doting companion[s]. [Exit.

SCENE IV.+

Enter MONOPOLY and MISTRESS TENTERHOOK.

Mon. I beseech you, Mistress Tenterhook,before God, I'll be sick, if you will not be merry. Mist. Ten. You are a sweet beagle.

Mon. Come, because I kept from town a little,

^{*} Stode] See note *, p. 212.

[†] Scene IV.] The same. A room in the house of Ambush. Q 2

-let me not live, if I did not hear the sickness	Mon. O my little Honeysuckle, art come to
	visit a prisoner ?
excellent colour since I saw it: O those bright	Mist. Honey. Yes, faith, as gentlemen visit
tresses, like to threads of gold !*	merchants, to fare well, or as poets young quaint
	revellers, to laugh at themSirrah,* if I were
city for that comparison.	some foolish justice, if I would not beg thy wit,
Mon. Here's an honest gentleman will be here	never trust me.
by and by was born at Fulham; his name is	Mist. Ten. Why, I pray you?
Gosling Glowworm.	Mist. Honey. Because it hath been concealed all
Mist. Ten. I know him [not]: what is he?	this while. But, come, shall we to boat? we are
Mon. He is a knight. What ailed your husband	furnished for attendants as ladies are; we have
to be so hasty to arrest me?	our fools and our ushers.
Mist. Ten. Shall I speak truly? shall I speak	Sir Gos. I thank you, madam; I shall meet
not like a woman?	your wit in the close one day.
Mon. Why not like a woman?	Mist. Wafer. Sirrah, thou knowest my husband
Mist. Ten. Because women's tongues are like to	keeps a kennel of hounds?
clocks; if they go too fast, they never go true:	Mist. Honey. Yes.
'twas I that got my husband to arrest thee, I	Whirl. Doth thy husband love venery?
have.	Mist. Wafer. Venery!
Mon. I am beholding to you.	Whirl. Ay, hunting and venery are words of
Mist. Ten. Forsooth, I could not come to the	one signification.
speech of you : I think you may be spoken withal	Mist. Wafer. Your two husbands + and he
	have made a match to go find a hare about
Mon. I thank you: I hope you'll bail me,	Busty Causy.‡
cousin ?	Mist. Ten. They'll keep an excellent house till
Mist. Ten. And yet why should I speak with	we come home again.
you ? I protest I love my husband.	Mist. Honey. O, excellent! a Spanish dinner,-
Mon. Tush, let not any young woman love a	a pilcher, and a Dutch supper,-butter and
man in years too well.	onions.
Mist. Ten. Why?	Lin. O, thou art a mad wench !
Mon. Because he'll die before he can requite	Mist. Ten. Sergeant, carry this ell of cambric
it.	to Mistress Birdlime: tell her, but that it is a
Mist. Ten. I have acquainted Wafer and Honey-	rough tide and that she fears the water, she
suckle with it, and they allow they wit for 't	should have gone with us.
extremely.	Sir Gos. O, thou hast an excellent wit !
Enter AMBUSH.	Whirl. To boat, hey!
O honest sergeant!	Mist. Honey. Sir Gosling, I do take it your legs
Amb. Welcome, good Mistress Tenterhook.	are married.
Mist. Ten. Sergeant, I must needs have my	Sir Gos. Why, mistress?
cousin go a little way out of town with me, and	Mist. Honey. They look so thin upon it.
to secure thee, here are two diamonds; they are	Sir Gos. Ever since I measured with your
worth two hundred pound; keep them till I	husband, I have shrunk in the calf.
return him.	Mist. Honey. And yet you have a sweet tooth
Amb. Well, 'tis good security.	in your head.
	Sir Gos. O, well dealt for the calf's head! You
<i>Mist. Ten.</i> Do not come in my husband's sight in the meau time.	may talk what you will of legs, and rising in the
III OLE THEAT OTHER	small, and swelling beneath the garter; but 'tis
Enter WHIRLPOOL, SIR GOSLING GLOWWORM, LINSTOCK,	certain, when lank thighs brought long stockings
MISTRESS HONEYSUCKLE, and MISTRESS WAFER.	out of fashion, the courtier's leg and his slender
Amb. Welcome, gallants.	tilting-staff grew both of a bigness.—Come, for
Whirl. How now ! Monopoly arrested !	TD 1 4 14
* 0 those bright tresses, like to threads of gold /] Reads	Brainford ! [Exeunt.
Very like a guotation + but Theman 1	
very like a quotation; but I have searched several poems	* Sirrah] See note *, p. 214.
and plays for it in vain.	† husbands] The old ed. "husband."
and plays for it in vain. † allow] i. e. approve, praiss.	

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ACT IV.

SCENE I.*

Enter MISTRESS BIRDLIME and LUCE.

Bird. Good morrow. Mistress Luce: how did you take your rest to-night? how doth your good worship like your lodging? what will you have to breakfast?

Luce. A pox of the knight that was here last night! he promised to have sent me some wildfowl : he was drunk, I'll he stewed else.

Bird. Why, do not you think he will send them ?

Luce. Hang them, 'tis no more in fashion for them to keep their promises, than 'tis for men to pay their dehts: he will lis faster than a dog trots. What a filthy knocking was at door last night! some puny Inn-o'-court-men, I'll hold my contribution.

Bird. Yes, in troth, were they, civil gentlemen without heards: but to say the truth, I did take exceptions at their knocking, took them aside, and said to them, "Gentlemen, this is not well, that you should come in this habit, cloaks and rapiers, boots and spurs : I protest to you, those that be your ancients in the house would have come to my house in their caps and gowns, civilly and modestly. I promise you, they might have been taken for citizens, but that they talk more liker fools." [Knocking within.]-Who knocks there?—Up into your chamher. [Exit Luce.

Enter HONEYSUCKLE.

Who are you ? some man of credit, that you come in muffled thus?

Honey. Who's above ?

Bird. Let me see your face first. O, Master Honeysuckle ! Why, the old party, the old party.

Honey. Phew, I will not go up to her. Nobody else ?

Bird. As I live. Will you give me some sack?

Enter CHRISTIAN.

Honey. What dost call her ?

Bird. Her name is Christian; but Mistress Luce cannot abide that name, and so she calls her Opportunity.

Honey. Very good, good. Gives money.

* Scene I.] London. A room in the house of Mistress Birdlime.

Bird. Is't a shilling ? bring the rest in aquavitæ. [Exit CHRISTIAN.

Come, shall's go to noddy ?*

Honey. Ay, an thou wilt, for half-an-hour.

Bird. Here are the cards : deal. [They play.] God send me deuces and aces with a court-card. and I shall get by it.

Honey. That can make thee nothing.

Bird. Yes, if I have a coat-card turn up.

Honey. I show four games.

Bird. By my troth, I must show all and little enough too, six games : play your single game, I shall double with you anon. Pray you, lend me some silver to count my games.

Re-enter CHRISTIAN with sack.

How now, is it good sack?

Chris. There's a gentleman at door would speak with you.

Honey. God's so, I will not be seen by any means.

Bird. Into that closet, then.

[Exit HONEYSUCKLE.

What, another muffler ?

Enter TENTERHOOK.

Ten. How dost thou. Mistress Birdlime?

Bird. Master Tenterhook! The party is above in the dining-chamber.

Ten. Above!

Bird. All alone. [Exit TENTERHOOK.

Re-enter HONEYSUCKLE.

Honey. Is he gone up? who was't, I pray thee? Bird. By this sack, I will not tell you: say that you were a country gentleman, or a citizen that hath a young wife, or an Inn-of-Chancery-man, should I tell you? pardon me. This sack tastes of horse-flesh :+ I warrant you the leg of a dead horse hangs in the butt of sack to keep it quick.

* noddy] A game on the cards, which appears, from passages in our old writers, to have been played in more ways than one.

+ This sack tastes of horse-flesh, &c.] So Glapthorne ; "This coller spoyles my drinking, or else this sack has horse-flesh in't, it rides upon my stomacke."

The Hollander, 1640, Sig. H 2. The statute 12 Car. ii. c. 25, sect. 11, which forbids the adulteration of wines, mentions, among other ingredients used for that purpose, " nor any sort of flesh whatsoever." Honey. I beseech thes, good Mistress Birdlime, tell ms who it was.

Bird. O God, sir, we are sworn to secrecy as well as surgeons. Come, driuk to me, and let's to our game.

Enter TENTERHOOK and LUCE, above*.

Ten. Who am I?

Luce. You ?—pray you, unblind me :—Captain Whirlpool ? no ; Master Linstock ?—pray, unblind me :—you are not Sir Gosling Glowworm, for he wears no rings of his fingers :—Master Freezeleather ?—O, you are George the drawer at the Mitre :—pray you, unblind me :—Captain Puckfoist ?—Master Counterpane the lawyer ?—What the devil mean you ? beshrew your heart, you have a very dry hand :—are you not mine host Dog-bolt of Brainford ?—Mistress Birdlime ?— Master Honeysuckle ?—Master Wafer ?

Ten. What, the last of all your clients ! Luce. O, how dost thou, good cousin ? Ten. Ay, you have many cousins.

Luce. Faith, I can name many that I do not know: and suppose I did know them, what then ? I will suffer one to keep me in dist, another in apparel, another in physic, another to pay my house-rent. I am just of the nature of alchemy; I will suffer every plodding fool to spend money upon me; marry, noue but some worthy friend to enjoy my more retired and useful faithfulness.

Ten. Your love, your love.

Luce. O, ay, 'tis the curse that is laid upon our quality; what we glean from others we lavish upon some trothless well-faced younger brother, that loves us only for maintenauce.

Ten. Hast a good term, Luce ?

Luce. A pox on the term! and now I think on't, says a gentleman last night, let the pox be in the town seven year, Westminster never breeds cobwebs, and yet 'tis as catching as the plague, though not all so general. There be a thousand bragging Jacks in Londou, that will protest they can wrest comfort from me, when, I swear, not one of them know whether my palm be moist or not. In troth, I love thee: you promised me seven ells of cambric. [Knocking within.] Who's that knocks?

Honey. What, more sacks to the mill! I'll to my old retirement. [Exit.

Enter WAFER.

Bird. How doth your good worship !-- [Aside]

* above] See note *, p. 100,

Bird. Your good worship, I think, be riding out of town.

Wafer. Yes, believe me, I love to be once a week a-horseback, for methinks nothing sets a man out better than a horse.

Bird. 'Tis certain nothing sets a woman out better than a man.

Wafer. What, is Mistress Luce above?

Bird. Yes, truly.

Wafer. Not any company with her?

Bird. Company! shall I say to your good worship and not lie, she hath had no company, let me see how long it was since your worship was here; you went to a butcher's feast at Cuckold's-haven* the next day after Saint Luke's dsy,—not this fortnight, in good truth.

Wafer. Alas, good soul!

Bird. And why was it? go to, go to, I think you know hetter than I. The wench asketh every day, when will Master Wafer be here? and if knights ask for her, she cries out at stair-head, "As you love my life, let 'em not come up: I 'll do myself violence, if they enter." Have not you promised her somewhat?

Wafer. Faith, I think she loves me.

Bird. Loves! well, would you knew what I know! then you would say somewhat. In good faith, she's very poor: all her gowns are at pawn; she owes me five pound for her diet, besides forty shillings I lent her to redeem two half silk kirtles from the broker's: and do you think she needed he in debt thus, if she thought not of somebody?

Wafer. Good, honest wench.

Bird. Nay, in troth, she's now entering into hond for five pounds more; the scrivener is but new gons up to take her bond.

Wafer. Come, let her not enter into bond; I'll lend her five pound; I'll pay the rest of her dehts: call down the scrivener.

Bird. I pray you, when he comes down, stand muffled, and I'll tell him you are her brother.

Wafer. If a man have a good honest weuch that lives wholly to his use, let him not see her want. [Exit MISTRESS BIRLIME, and then enter above.

Bird. O Mistress Luce, Mistress Luce, you are the most unfortunate gentlewoman that ever breathed! Your young wild brother came newly out of the country: he calls me bawd, swears I keep a bawdy-house, says his sister is turned

* Cuckhold's-haven] See note on Northward Ho, act iii. sc. ii, p. 266. where, and that he will kill and slay any man that he finds in her company.

Ien. What couveyance will you make with me, Mistress Birdlime ?

Luce. O God, let him not come up ! 'tis the swaggeringest wild-oats.

Bird. I have pacified him somewhat, for I told him that you were a scrivener come to take a band * of her: now, as you go forth, say, "she might have had so much money if she had pleased," and say, "she is an honest gentlewoman," and all will be well.

Ten. Enough .- Farewell, good Luce.

Bird. Come, change your voice, and muffle you. [Exeunt, above, BIRDLIME and TENTERHOOK.

Luce. What trick should this be? I have never a brother. I'll hold my life, some franker customer is come, that she slides him off so smoothly.

Re-enter, below, TENTERHOOK and BIRDLIME.

Ten. The gentlewoman is an honest gentlewoman as any is in London, and should have had thrice as much money upon her single bond, for the good report I hear of her.

Wafer. No, sir, her friends can furnish her with money.

Ten. By this light, I should know that voice. Wafer! Od's-foot, are you the gentlewoman's brother?

Wafer. Are you turned a scrivener, Tenterhook ?

Bird. [aside] I am spoiled.

Wafer. Tricks of Mistress Birdlime, by this light.

Re-enter HONEYSUCKLE.

Honey. Hoick, covert! hoick, covert! why, gentlemen, is this your hunting?

Ten. A consort! What make you here, Honeysuckle ?

Honey. Nay, what make you two here ?--O excellent Mistress Birdlime ! thou hast more tricks in thee than a punk hath uncles, cousins, brothers, sons, or fathers,--an infinite company.

Bird. If I did it not to make your good worships merry, never believe me. I will drink to your worship[s] a glass of sack.

Enter JUSTINIANO.

Just. God save you !

Honey., Wafer. Master Justiniano! welcome from Stode ! †

* band] i.e. hond.

† Stode] See note *, p. 212.

Just. Why, gentlemen, I never camo there.

Ten. Never there! where have you heen, then?

Just. Marry, your daily guest, I thank you.

Ten., Honey., Wafer. Ours!

Just. Ay, yours. I was the pedant that learned your wives to write; I was the collier that brought you news your child was sick : but the truth is, for aught I know, the child is in health, and your wives are gone to make merry at Brainford.

Wafer. By my troth, good wenches, they little dream where we are now.

Just. You little dream what gallants are with them.

Ten. Gallants with them ! I'd laugh at that.

Just. Four gallants, by this light; Master Mouopoly is one of them.

Ten. Monopoly ! I'd laugh at that, in faith.

Just. Would you laugh at that? why, do ye laugh at it, then. They are there by this time. I cannot stay to give you more particular intelligence: I have received a letter from my wife here. If you will call me at Putney, I'll hear you company.

Ten. Od's-foot, what a rogue is Sergeant Ambush ! I'll undo him, by this light.

Just. I met Sergeaut Ambush, and willed* him come to this house to you presently. So, gentlemen, I leave you.—Bawd, I have nothing to say to you now.—Do not think too much in so dangerous a matter; for in women's matters 'tis more dangerous to stand long deliberating than before a battle. [Exit.

Wafer. This follow's poverty hath made him an arrant knave.

Bird. Will your worship drink any aqua-vitæ? Ten. A pox on your aqua-vitæ !---Monopoly,

that my wife urged me to arrest, gone to Brainford !--Here comes the varlet.

Enter AMBUSH.

Amb. I am come, sir, to know your pleasure.

Ten. What, hath Monopoly paid the money yet?

Amb. No, sir, but he sent for money.

Ten. You have not carried him to the Counter? he is at your house still?

Amb. O Lord, ay, sir, as melancholic, &c.+

• willed] i. e. desired.

† as melancholic, &c.] Was the performer to conclude this speech with any simile that he thought proper? Our old dramatists sometimes trusted to the player's powers of extemporizing: so Greene;

" Fairs Polyxena, the pride of Ilion,

Ten. You lie like an arrant varlet. By this candle, I laugh at the jest.

Bird. [aside] And yet he's ready to cry.

Ten. He's gone with my wife to Brainford : an there be any law in Englaud, I'll tickle ye for this.

Amb. Do your worst, for I have good security, and I care not; hesides, it was his cousin your wife's pleasure that he should go along with her.

Ten. Hoy-day, her cousin ! Well, eir, your security ?

Amb. Why, sir, two diamonds here.

Ten. [aside] O my heart ! my wife's two diamonds !---Well, you'll go along and justify this ? Amb. That I will, sir.

Enter LUCE, below.

Luce. Who am I?

Ten. What the murrain care I who you are? hold off your fingers, or I'll cut them with these diamond[s].

Luce. I'll see 'em, i'faith. So, I'll keep these diamonds till I have my silk gown and six ells of cambrie.

Ten. By this light, you shall not.

Luce. No? what, do you think you have fops in hand? sue me for them.

Wafer, Honey. As you respect your credit, let's go.

Ten. Good Luce, as you love me, let me have them; it stands upon my credit: thou shalt have any thing; take my purse.

Luce. I will not be crossed in my humour, sir.

Ten. You are a damned filthy punk.—What an unfortunate rogue was I, that ever I came into this house !

Bird. Do not spurn any body in my house, you were hest.

Ten. Well, well.

[Excunt TENTERHOOK, WAFER, HONEYEUCKLE, and AMBUSH.

Bird. Excellent Luce ! the getting of these two diamonds may chance to save the gentle-women's credit. Thou heardest all ?

Luce. O, ay, and, by my troth, pity them : what a filthy knave was that hetrayed them !

Fear not Achilles' over-msdding boy;

Pyrrhus shall not, &c.

Souns, Orgalio, why sufferest thou this old trot to come so nigh me ?"

Orlando Furioso, Dram. Works, i. 43, ed. Dyce. And Heywood;

"Jockie is led to whipping over the stags, speaking some words, but of no importance."

Edward the Fourth, Part Sec., ed. 1619, sig. Y.

Bird. One that put me into pitiful fear: Master Justiniano here hath layed lurking, like a sheepbiter, and, in my knowledge, hath drawn these gentlewomen to this misfortune. But I'll down to Queenhive;* and the watermen, which were wont to carry you to Lambeth-Marsh,† shall carry me thither. It may be I may come before them. I think I shall pray more, what for fear of the water, and for my good success, than I did this twelvemonth. [Excunt.

SCENE IL[‡]

Enter the EARL and three Servingmen.

Earl. Have you perfum'd this chamber ? Omnes. Yes, my lord.

Earl. The hanguet?

Omnes. It stands ready.

Earl. Go, let music

Charm with her excellent voice an awful silence Through all this huilding, that her sphery soul May, on the wings of air, in thousand forme Invisibly fly, yet he enjoy'd. Away !

First Serv. Does my lord mean to conjure, that he draws these strange characters?

Sec. Serv. He does; hut we shall see neither the spirit that rises, nor the circle it rises in.

Third Serv. 'Twould make our hair stand up an end, if we should. Come, fools, come; meddle not with his matters : lords may do any thing. [Execut Servingmen.

Earl. This night shall my desires he amply crown'd,

And all those powers that taste of man in us

Shall now aspire that point of happiness,

Beyond which sensual eyes ne'er look,—sweet pleasure,

Delicious pleasure, earth's supremest good,

The spring of hlood, though it dry up our blood. Rob me of that,—though to be drunk with pleasure,

As rank excess even in best things is bad,

Turns man into a beast,-yet that being gone,

A horse, and this, the goodliest shape, all one.

We feed, wear rich attires, and strive to cleave

The stars with marble towers, fight battles, spend

Our blood to buy us names, and, in iron hold,

* Queenhive] i. e. Queenhithe.

† Lambeth-Marsh] A noted haunt of prostitutes and sharpers.

‡ Scene II.] The same. A room in the house of the Earl.

SCENE 11.

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Will we eat roots, to imprison fugitive gold : But to do thus, what spell can us excite ? This, the strong magic of our appetite; To feast which richly, life itself undoes. Who'd not die thus? to see, and then to choose. Why, even those that starve in voluntary wants, Aud, to advauce the mind, keep the flesh poor, The world enjoying them, they not the world, Would they do this, but that they are proud to suck A sweetness from such eourness? Let 'em so: The torrent of my appetite shall flow With happier stream. A woman ! O, the spirit And extract of creation ! This, this night, The sun shall envy. What cold checks our blood ? Her body is the chariot of my soul, Her eyes my body's light, which if I want, Life wants, or if possess, I undo her, Turn her into a devil, whom I adore, By scorching her with the hot steam of lust. 'Tis but a minute's pleasure, and the sin Scarce acted is repeuted : shun it, than :* O, he that can abstain is more than man ! Tush ! Resolv'st thou to do ill, be not precise : Who write of virtue best, are slaves to vice. Music.

The music sounds alarum to my blood : What's bad I follow, yet I see what's good.⁺

[Whilst the song is heard, the EARL draws a curtain, and sets forth a banquet. He then exit, and reenters presently with JUSTINIANO, attired like his wife, masked; leads him to the table, places him in a chair, and in dumb signs courts him till the song be done.

Fair, be not doubly mask'd with that and night:

Beauty, like gold, being us'd becomes more bright. Just. [taking off his mask]. Will it please your

lordship to sit? I shall receive small pleasure, if I see your lordship stand.

Earl. Witch! hag! what art thou, proud damnation?

Just. A merchant's wife.

Earl. Fury, who rais'd thee up? what com'st thou for ?

Just. For a banquet.

Earl. I am abus'd, deluded.—Speak, what art thou?

Ud's death, speak, or I'll kill thee. In that habit I look'd to find an angel, but thy face Shows thou'rt a devil.

+ What's bad, &c.] "video meliora proboque, deteriora sequor." Ovid, Met. vii. 20. Just. My face is as God made it, my lord: I am no devil, unless women be devils; but men find 'em not so, for they daily hunt for them.

Earl. What art thou that dost cozen me thus ? Just. A merchant's wife, I say, Justiniano's wife; she whom that long birding-piece of yours, I mean that wicked Mother Birdlime, caught for your honour. Why, my lord, has your lordship forgot how ye courted me last morning ?

Earl. The devil, I did !

Just. Kissed me last morning.

Earl. Succubus, not thee.

Just. Gave me this jewel last moruing.

Earl. Not to thee, harpy.

Just. To me, upon mine honesty; swore you would build me a lodging by the Thames side with a water-gate to it, or else take me a lodging in Cole-harbour.*

Earl. I swore so ?

Just. Or keep me in a labyrinth, as Harry kept Rosamond, where the Minotaur, my husband, should not enter.

Earl. I sware so, but, gipsey, not to thee.

Just. To me, upon my honour: hard was the siege which you laid to the crystal walls of my chastity, but I held out you know; but hecause I cannot be too stony-hearted, I yielded, my lord, by this token, my lord, (which token lies at my heart like lead,) hut by this token, my lord, that this night you should commit that sin which we all know with me.

Earl. Thee!

Just. Do I look ugly, that you put "thee" upon me? did I give you my hand to horn my head, that's to say my husband, and is it come to "thee"? is my face a filthier face, now it is yours, than when it was his? or have I two faces under one hood? I confess I have laid mine eyes in brine, and that may change the copy: but, my lord, I know what I am.

Earl. A sorceress : thou shalt witch mine ears no more ;

If thou canst pray, do't quickly, for thou diest.

Just. I can pray, but I will not die,—thou liest. My lord, there drops your lady; and now know,

* Cole-harbour] Or Coal-harbour—a corruption of Coldharbour, or Coldharborough, was an old building in Dowgato Ward. Stow (Survey, p. 188, ed. 1598,) tells us, "The last deceased Earle [of Shrewsbury] tooks it down, and in place thereof builded a great number of small tenements, uow lotten out for great rents to people of all sorts."—Debtors and persons uct of the most respectable character used to taks refuge there. Middletou calls it "the devil's sanctuary." A Trick to catch the old one,—Works, it. 55, ed. Dyce.

^{*} than] A form of then, common in old poets.

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WESTWARD HO.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Thou unseasonable lecher, I am her husband, Whom thou wouldst make whore. Read; she	When I behold that object, all my senses Revolt from reason.—He that offers flight
speaks there thus:	Drops down a corse.
[MISTRESS JUSTINIANO is discovered, lying as if dead*.	Ten., Wafer, Honey. A corse!
Unless I came to her, her hand should free	First Serv. Ay, a corse: do you scorn to be
Her chastity from blemish: proud I was	worms' meat more than she?
Of her brave mind; I came, and seeing what	Just. See, gentlemen, the Italian that does
	scorn.
slavery,	Beneath the moon, no baseness like the horn,
Poverty, and the frailty of her sex,	Has pour'd through all the veins of yon chaste
Had, and was like to make her subject to,	bosom
I begg'd that she would die; my suit was granted;	
I poison'd her; thy lust there strikes her dead:	Strong poison to preserve it from that plague.
Horns fear'd plague worse than sticking on the	This fleshly lord, he doted on my wife;
head.	He would have wrought on her and play'd on me:
<i>Earl</i> . O God, thou hast undone thyself and me !	But to pare off these brims, I cut off her,
None live to match this piece: thou art too	And gull'd him with this lie, that you had hands
bloody:	Dipt in her blood with mine; but this I did,
Yet for her sake, whom I'll embalm with tears,	That his stain'd age and name might not be hid.
This act with her I bury; and to quit	My act, though vile, the world shall crown as just;
Thy loss of such a jewel, thou shalt share	I shall die clear, when he lives soil'd with lust
My living with me : come, embrace.	But, come, rise, Moll; awake, sweet Moll; thou'st
Just. My lord !	play'd
Earl. Villain, damn'd merciless slave, I'll	The woman rarely, counterfeited well.
torture thee	[MISTRESS JUSTINIANO rises.
To every inch of flesh.—What, ho! help! who's	First Serv. Sure, sh'as nine lives.
there?	Just. See, Lucrece is not slain :
	Her eyes, which lust call'd suns, have their first
Come hither ! here's a murderer, bind him !	beams,
How now !	And all these frightments are but idle dreams :
What noise is this?	Net afore Love she had her brife prepar'd
Re-enter the Servingmen.	Yet, afore Jove, she had her knife prepar'd
First Serv. My lord, there are three citizens	To let her * blood forth ere it should run black.
face me down that here's one Master Parenthesis,	Do not these open cuts now cool your back?
a schoolmaster, with your lordship, and desire he	Methinks they should : when vice sees with
may be forthcoming to 'em.	broad eyes
Just. That borrow'd name is mine.—[Calling to	Her ugly form, she does herself despise.
those within] Shift for yourselves;	Earl. Mirror of dames, I look upon thee now,
Away, shift for yourselves; fly; I am taken !	As men long blind having recover'd sight,
<i>Earl.</i> Why should they fly, thou screech-owl?	Amaz'd, scarce able are to endure the light.
Just. I will tell thee:	Miue own shame strikes me dumb : henceforth
	the book
Those three are partners with me in the murder;	I'll read shall be thy mind, and not thy look.
We four commix'd the poison[Calling to those	Honey. I would either we were at Brainford to
within] Shift for yourselves!	see our wives, or our wives here to see this pa-
Earl. Stop's mouth, and drag him back : en-	geant.
treat'em enter. [Exit First Serv.	Ten. So would I; I stand upon thorns.
O, what a conflict feel I in my blood !	Earl. The jewels which I gave you, wear; your
I would I were less great to be more good.	fortunes
The few Westmann and Westmann and The strengtheness of the	I'll raise on golden pillars : fare you well.
Enter TENTERHOOK, WAFER, and HONEYSUCKLE, with First Servingman.	Lust in old age, like burnt straw, does even choke
0	The kindlers, and consumes in stinking smoke.
Ye're welcome: wherefore came you !-Guard	1 - IN STIMUTS, AND CONSUMES IN STINKING SMOKE.
the doors.—	
	[Exit.
* Mistress Justiniano is discovered. wind as if dead	[Exit. Just. You may follow your lord by the smoke,
* Mistress Justiniano is discovered, lying as if dead] This stage-direction is not in the old ed.—Here probably	[Exit. Just. You may follow your lord by the smoke, badgers.
* Mistress Justiniano is discovered, lying as if dead] This stage-direction is not in the old ed.—Here probably Justiniano drew back a curtain.	[Exit. Just. You may follow your lord by the smoke,

First Serv. If fortune had favoured him, we might have followed you by the horns.

Just. Fortune favours fools; your lord's a wiselord. [Excunt Servingmen.] So.—How now! ha! This is that makes me fat now: is't not ratsbane to you, gentlemen, as pap was to Nestor? but I know the invisible sins of your wives hang at your eye-lids, and that makes you so heavyheaded.

Ten. If I do take 'em napping, I know what I'll do.

Honey. I'll nap some of them.

Ten. That villain Monopoly, and that Sir Gosling, treads 'em all.

Wafer. Would I might come to that treading ! Just. Ha, ha, so would I.—Come, Moll: the book of the siege of Ostend,* writ by one that dropped in the action, will never sell so well as * report of the siege between this grave, this wicked elder and thyself; an impression of you two would away in a May morning. Was it ever heard that such tirings were brought away from a lord by any wench but thee, Moll, without paying, unless the wench convected him ? Go thy ways : if all the great Turk's concubines were but like thee, the ten-penny infidel + should never need keep so many geldings to neigh over 'em.—Come, shall this western voyage hold, my hearts ?

Ten., Wafer, Honey. Yes, yes.

Just. Yes, yes! s'foot, you speak as if you had no hearts, and look as if you were going westward indeed.* To see how plain-dealing women can pull down men!—Moll, you'll help us to catch smelts + too ?

Mist. Just. If you be pleased.

Just. Never better since I wore a smock.

Honey. I fear our oars have given us the bag.[‡]

Wafer. Good, I'd laugh at that.

Just. If they have, would theirs § might give them the bottle! Come, march whilst the women double their files. Married men, see, there's comfort; the moon's up: 'fore Don Phœbus, I doubt we shall have a frost this night, her horns are so sharp: do you not feel it bite?

Ten. I do, I'm sure.

Just. But we'll sit upon one another's skirts i' the boat, and lie close in straw, like the hoary courtier. Set on

To Brainford now, where if you meet frail wives, Ne'er swear 'gainst horns in vain Dame Nature strives. [Excunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I.⁺

Enter MONOPOLY, WHIRLPOOL, LINSTOCK ; MISTRESS HONEY-SUCKLE, MISTRESS WAFER, and MISTRESS TENTERHOOK, their hats off.

Mon. Why, chamberlain !—Will not these fiddlers be drawn forth ? are they not in tune yet ? or are the rogues afraid o' the statute,§ and dare not travel so far without a passport ?

Whirl. What, chamberlain !

Lin. Where's mine host?-What, chamberlain !

Bnter CHAMBERLAIN.

Cham. Anon, sir; here, sir; at hand, sir. Mon. Where's this noise? || What a lousy town's this ! Has Brainford no music in't ?

*	the siege of Ostend] See note 1, p. 210.
	the ten-penny infidel So Dekker;
·	"Wilt fight, Turke-a-tenpence ?"
	Satiromastix, 1602, eig. H 2.
t	Scene I.] Brentford. A room in an inn.
ŝ	the statute] "Statute against vagabonde." MS. note
by]	Malone.
-11	noise] See note §, p. 222.

Cham. They are but rosining, sir, and they'll scrape themselves into your company presently.

Mon. Plague o' their cat's-guts and their scraping ! Dost not see women here, and can we, thinkest thou, be without a noise, then ?

Cham. The troth is, sir, one of the poor instruments caught a sore mischance last night: his most base bridge fell down; and belike they are making a gathering for the reparations of that.

Whirl. When they come, let's have 'em, with a pox.

Cham. Well, sir, you shall, sir.

Mon. Stay, chamberlain; where's our knight, Sir Gosling? where's Sir Gosling?

Cham. Troth, sir, my master and Sir Gosling are guzzling; they are dabbling together fathom-

* westward indeed] i.e. to Tyburn.

+ to catch smelts] See note *, p. 223.

t I fear our oars have given us the bag] To give the bag means to cheat.

§ theirs] Old ed., "wheres."

deep: the knight hath drunk so much health to the gentlemen yonder, on his knees,* that he has almost lost the use of his legs.

Mist. Honey. O, for love, let none of 'em enter our room, fie !

Mist. Wafer. I would not have 'em cast up their accounts here, for more than they mean to be drunk this twelvemonth.

Mist. Ten. Good chamberlain, keep them and their healths out of our company.

Cham. I warrant you, their healths shall not hurt you. [Exit.

Mon. Ay, well said ! they're none of our giving : let 'em keep their own quarter. Nay, I told you the men would soak him, if he were ten knights; if he were a knight of gold, they'd fetch him over.

Mist. Ten. Out upon him !

Whirl. There's a lieutenant and a captain amongst 'em too.

Mon. Nay, then, look to have somebody lie on the earth for't: it's ordinary for your lieutenant to be drunk with your captain, and your captain to cast with your knight.

Mist. Ten. Did you never hear how Sir Fabian Scarecrow (even such another) took me up one night before my husband, heing in wine?

Mist. Wafer. No, indeed : how was it?

Mist. Ten. But I think I took him down with a witness.

Mist. Honey. How, good Tenterhook ?

Mist. Ten. Nay, I'll have all your ears take part of it.

Omnes. Come, on then.

Mist. Ten. He used to frequent me and my husband divers times; and at last comes he out one morning to my husband, and says, "Master Tenterhook," says he, "I must trouble you to lend me two hundred pound about a commodity which I am to deal in :" and what was that commodity but his knighthood ?

Omnes. So.

Mist. Ten. "Why, you shall, Master Scarecrow," says my good man : so within a little while after, Master Fabian was created knight.

Mon. Created a knight! that's no good heraldry; you must say dubbed.

Mist. Ten. And why not created, pray ?

Omnes, except Mon. Ay, well done! put him down at's own weapon.

* the knight hath drunk so much health to the gentleman yonder on his knees] This was a foolish custom of the day, at which the Puritans expressed the highest indignation. *Mist. Ten.* Not created ! why, all things have their being by creation.

Lin. Yes, by my faith, is't.

Mist. Ten. But to return to my tale,-

Whirl. Ay, marry; mark now.

Mist. Ten. When he had climbed up this costly ladder of preferment, he disburses the money hack again very honourably; comes home, and was by my husband invited to supper. There supped with us, besides, another gentleman incident to the court, one that had bespoke me of my husband to help me into the banquettinghouse and see the revelling, a young gentlewoman,* and that wag our schoolmaster, Master Parenthesis, for I remember he said grace, methinks I see him yet, how he turned up the white o' the eye, when he came to the last gasp, and that he was almost past grace !—

Mist. Wafer. Nay, he can do't.

Mist. Ten. All supper-time my new-minted knight made wine the waggon to his meat, for it ran down his throat so fast, that, before my chamber-maid had taken half up, he was not scarce able to stand.

Mon. A general fault at citizens' tables.

Mist. Ten. And I, thinking to play upon him, asked him, "Sir Fahian Scarecrow," quoth I, "what pretty gentlewoman will you raise up now to stall her your lady?" But he, like a foulmouthed man, swore, "Zounds, I'll stall never a punk in England a lady; there's too many already." "O, fie, Sir Fabian," quoth I, "will you call her that shall be your wife such an odious name?" And then he sets out a throat, and swore agaiu, like a stinking breathed knight as he was, that women were like horses,—

Mist. Honey., Mist. Wafer. O filthy knave !

Mist. Ten. They'd break over any hedge to change their pasture, though it were worse. "Fie, man, fie," says the gentlewoman,—

Mon. Very good.

Mist. Ten. And he, bristling up his beard to rail at her too, I cut him over the thumbs thus; "Why, Sir Fabian Scarecrow, did I incense my husband to leud you so much money upon your bare word, and do you backbite my friends aud me to our faces? I thought you had had more perseverance: if you bore a knightly and a degenerous mind, you would scorn it: you had wont to be more deformable amongst women: fie, that you'll be so humoursome! here was nobody so egregious towards you, Sir Fabian:"

* gentlewoman] The old copy "Gentleman"; but see what presently follows.

and thus, in good sadness, I gave him the hest words I could pick out, to make him ashamed of his doings.

Whirl. And how took he this correction ?

Mist. Ten. Very heavily, for he slept presently upon't; and in the morning was the sorriest knight, and, I warrant, is so to this day, that lives by bread in England.

Mon. To see what wine and women can do ! the oue makes a man not to have a word to throw at a dog, the other makes a man to eat his own words, though they were never so filthy.

Whirl. I see these fiddlers cannot build up their bridge, that some music may come over us.

Lin. No, faith, they are drunk too: what shall's do therefore?

Mon. Sit up at cards all night.

Mist. Wafer. That's serving-man's fashion.

Whirl. Drink burnt wine and eggs, then.

Mist. Honey. That's an exercise for your suburb wenches.

Mist. Ten. No, no, let's set upon our posset, and so march to bed; for I begin to wax light with having my natural sleep pulled out α mine eyes.

Omnes. Agreed, be't so; the sack-posset and to bed.

Mon. What, chamberlain !---I must take a pipe of tobacco.

Mist. Honey., Mist. Wafer, Mist. Ten. Not here, not here.

Mist. Wafer. I'll rather love a man that takes a purse than him that takes tobacco.

Mist. Ten. By my little finger, I'll break all your pipes, and burn the case and the box too, an you draw out your stinking smoke afore me.

Mon. Prithee, good Mistress Tenterbook,—I'll ha' doue in a trice.

Mist. Ten. Do you long to have me swoon?

Mon. I'll use but half a pipe, in troth.

Mist. Ten. Do you long to see me lie at your feet ?

Mon. Smell to't; 'tis perfumed.

Mist. Ten. O God, O God, you anger me; you stir my blood; you move me; you make me spoil a good face with frowning at you. This was ever your fashion, so to smoke my husband when you come home, that I could not abide him in mine eye; he was a mote in it, methought, a month after. Pray, spawl in another room : fie, fie, fie !

Mon. Well, well: come, we'll for once feed her humour.

Mist. Honey. Get two rooms off at least, if you love us.

Mist. Wafer. Three, three, Master Linstock, three.

Lin. 'Sfoot, we'll dance to Norwich,* and take it there, if you'll stay till we return again. Here's a stir ! You'll ill abide a fiery face, that cannot endure a smoky nose.

Mon. Come, let's satisfy our appetite.

Whirl. And that will be hard for us; but we'll do our best.

[Excunt MONOPOLY, WHILPOOL, and LINSTOCK. Mist. Ten. So; are they departed? What string may we three think that these three gallants harp upon, by bringing us to this sinful town of Brainford, ha?

Mist. Honey. I know what string they would harp upon, if they could put us into the right tune.

Mist. Wafer. I know what one of 'em huzzed in mine ear, till, like a thief in a candle, he made mine ears burn ; but I swore to say nothing.

Mist. Ten. I know as verily they hope, and brag one to another, that this night they'll row westward in our husbands' wherries as we hope to be rowed to London to-morrow morning in a pair of oars. But, wenches, let's be wise, and make rooks of them that, I warrant, are now setting purse-nets⁺ to conycatch us.

Mist. Honey., Mist. Wafer. Content.

Mist. Ten. They shall know that citizens' wives have wit enough to outstrip twenty such gulls: though we are merry, let's not be mad; be as wanton as new-married wives, as fantastic and light-headed to the eye as feather-makers, but as pure about the heart as if we dwelt amongst 'em in Blackfriars.[‡]

Mist. Wafer. We'll eat and drink with 'em.

Mist. Ten. O, yes; eat with 'em as hungerly as soldiers; drink as if we were froes; stalk as freely as jesters: but do as little as misers, who, like dry nurses, have great breasts, but give no milk. It were better we should laugh at their popinjays than live in fear of their prating

† purse-nets] See note *, p. 130.

t as fantastic and light-headed to the eye as feathermakers, but as pure about the heart as if we dwelt amongst 'em in Blackfriars] Blackfriars was famed for the residence of Puritane, some of whom, most inconsistently with their religious opinious, followed the trade of feather-making.

§ froes] i. e. frows.

^{*} dance to Norwich] An allueion to a fcat of Kempe, the actor, of which he published an account, called Kempe Nine Daies Wonder, performed in a daunce from London to Norwich, 1600, 4to. It has been reprinted by the Canden Society from the unique copy in the Bodleian Library.

tongues. Though we lie all night out of the city, they shall not find country wenches of us; but since we ha' brought 'em thus far into a fool's paradise, leave 'em in't: the jest shall be a stock to maintain us and our pewfellows in laughing at christenings, cryings-out, and upsittings this twelve-month. How say you, wenches ? have I set the saddle on the right horse ?

Mist. Wafer, Mist. Honey. O, 'twill be excellent! Mist. Wafer. But how shall we shift 'em off?

Mist. Ten. Not as ill debtors do their creditors, with good words; but as lawyers do their clients when they're overthrown, by some new knavish trick: and thus it shall be; one of us must dissemble to be suddenly very sick.

Mist. Honey. I'll he she.

Mist. Ten. Nay, though we can all dissemble well, yet I'll be she; for men are so jealous, or rather envious of one another's happiness, especially in these out-of-town gossipings, that he who shall miss his hen, if he be a right cock indeed, will watch the other from treading.

Mist. Wafer. That's certain; I know that hy myself.

Mist. Ten. And, like Æsop's dog, unless himself might eat hay, will lie in the manger and starve, hut he'll hinder the horse from eating any: besides, it will be as good as a Welsh hock for you to keep out the other at the staves-end; for you may holdly stand upon this point, that unless every man's heels may be tript up, you scorn to play at football.

Mist. Honey. That's certain :- peace ! I hear them spitting after their tobacco.

Mist. Ten. A chair, a chair ! one of you keep as great a coil and calling as if* you ran for a midwife; th'other hold my head; whilst I cut my lace.

Mist. Wafer. Passion of me! Master Monopoly! Master Linstock! an you he men, help to daw+ Mistress Tenterhook! O, quickly, quickly! she's sick and taken with an agony.

Re-enter, as she cries, MONOPOLY, WHIRI POOL, and LINSTOCK.

Mon., Whirl., Lin. Sick ! How! how aow! what's the matter ?

Mon. Sweet Clare, call up thy spirits.

Mist. Ten. O Master Monopoly, my spirits will not come at my calling ! I am terrible and ill. Sure, sure, I'm struck with some wicked planet, for it hit my very heart. O, I feel myself worse and worse !

* as if] The old copy " and as if."

Mon. Some burnt sack for her, good wenches, or posset-drink. Pox o' this rogue chamberlain! one of you call him. How her pulses heat! a draught of ciunamon-water now for her were better than two tankards out of the Thames.— How now, ha ?

Mist. Ten. Ill, ill, ill, ill, ill.

Mon. I'm accursed to spend money in this town of iniquity; there's no good thing ever comes out of it; and it stands upon such musty ground, by reason of the river, that I cannot see how a tender woman can do well in't. 'Sfoot, sick now, cast down, now 'tis come to the push!

Mist. Ten. My mind misgives me that all's not sound at London.

Whirl. Pox on 'em that he not sound! what need that touch you?

Mist. Ten. I fear you'll never carry me thither. Mon., Whirl., Lin. Pooh, pooh, say not so.

Mist. Ten. Pray, let my clothes be utterly undone, and then lay me in my bed.

Lin. Walk up and down a little.

Mist. Ten. O Master Linstock, 'tis no walking will serve my turn.—Have me to bed, good sweet Mistress Honeysuckle.—I doubt that old hag, Gillian of Brainford,* has bewitched me.

* Gillian of Brainford] Gillian, Julian, or Joan of Brentford was a reputed witch of some calebrity.

Iyl of breyntfords testament. Newly compiled, n. d. 4to., consisting of eight leaves, is among the rarest of hlackletter tracts; it was written by Robert, and printed by William, Copland. In this very low and vulgar production no mention is made of Gillian's being addicted to witchcraft: as the Bodleian copy is now before me, I quote a few lines from it;

"At Brentford on the west of London Nygh to a place y^t called is Syon There dwelt a widow of a homly sort Houest in substaunce and full of sport Dally she cowd w^t pastim and Jestes Among har neygbbours and her gestes She kept au Iñe of ryght good lodgyng For all estates that thyder was comyug,"

The reader who has any curiosity to know what Gillian bequeathed to her friends, may gratify it by turning to Nash's Summers last will and testament, 1600, Sig. B. 2.

It appears from Henslowe'a *Diary* that she was a character in a play written by Thomas Dowton [or Downton] and Samuel Redly [Rowley?], produced in February, 1598-9, and mentioned there under the title of "Fryer Fox and gyllen of Branforde."

In the 4to. of Shakeapeare's Merry Wives of Windsor, 1602, when Mistress Page says that Falstaff

" might put on a gowne and a muffler,

And ao escapa," Miatreas Ford answars,

"Thats wel remembred, my maids aunt,

Gillian of Brainford, hath a gowne ahoua."

p. 37, Shakeapeare Soc. reprint.

t daw] i. e. revive.

Mon. Look to her, good wenches.

Mist. Wafer. Ay, so we will,—[aside] and to you too. [Aside to MIST. TEN. and MIST. HONEY.] This was excellent.

> [Excent MISTRESS TENTERHOOK, MISTRESS HONEY-SUCKLE, and MISTRESS WAFER.

Whirl. This is strange.

Lin. Villanous spiteful luck! No matter, th'other two hold bias.

Whirl. Peace! mark how he's nipt: nothing grieves me so much as that poor Pyramus here must have a wall this night between him and his Thisbe.

Mon. No remedy, trusty Troilus: and it grieves me as much that you'll want your false Cressida to-night, for here's no Sir Pandarus to usher you into your chamber.

Lin. I'll summon a parley to one of the wenches, and see how all goes.

Mon. No whispering with the common enemy, by this iron: he sees the devil that sees how all goes amongst the women to night. Nay, 'sfoot, if I stand piping till you dance, damu me.

Lin. Why, you'll let me call to 'em but at the key-hole?

Mon. Pooh, good Master Linstock, I'll not stand by whilst you give fire at your key-holes. I'll hold no trencher till another feeds; no stirrup till another gets up; be no door-keeper. I ha' not been so often at court, but I know what the hackside of the hangings are made of; I'll trust none under a piece of tapestry, namely a coverlet.

Whirl. What will you say if the wenches do this to gull us?

Mon. No matter, I'll not be doubly gulled, by them and by you: go, will you take the lease of the next chamber, and do as I do?

Whirl., Lin. And what's that?

Mon. Any villany in your company, but nothing out on't. Will you sit up, or lie by't?

Whirl. Nay, lie, sure; for lying is most in fashion.

Mon. Troth, then, I'll have you before me. Whirl., Lin. It shall be yours.

Mon. Yours, i' faith : I'll play Janus with two

faces, and look asquint both ways for one night.

Lin. Well, sir, you shall be our door-keeper.

Mon. Since we must swim, let's leap into one flood :

We'll either be all naught, or else all good.

Exeunt.

SCENE II.*

Enter a Noise of Fiddlers, † following the CHAMBERLAIN.

Cham. Come, come, come, follow me, follow me. I warrant, you ha' lost more by not falling into a sound \ddagger last night, than ever you got at one job since it pleased to make you a noise: I can tell you, gold is no money with 'em. Follow me, and fum as you go: you shall put something into their ears, whilst I provide to put something into their bellies. Follow close, and fum.

[Exeunt.

SCENE III.§

Enter SIR GOSLING GLOWWORM and MISTRESS BIRDLIME pulled along by him.

Sir Gos. What kin art thou to Long Meg of Westminster? || thou'rt like her.

Bird. Somewhat alike, sir, at a blush; nothing akin, sir, saving in height of mind, and that she was a goodly woman.

Sir Gos. Mary Ambree, ¶ do not you know me ? had not I a sight of this sweet phisnomy at Rhenish wine-house, ha? last day, i'the Stilliard, ha?** Whither art hound, galleyfoist? †† whither art hound? whence comest thou, female yeomano'the-guard ?

Bird. From London, sir.

Sir Gos. Dost come to keep the door, Ascapart ? ‡ Bird. My repairations hither is to speak with the gentlewomen here that drunk with your worship at the Dutch house of meeting.

Sir Gos. Drunk with me! you lie, not drunk with me: hut, faith, what wouldst with the

* Scene II.] The same. A lobby in the same.

† a Noise of Fiddlers] See note §, p. 222.

t sound] I need hardly observe that the Chamberlain is quibhling here,—sound being the usual form of swoon when this play was written.

§ Scene III.] The same. A room in the same.

[Long Meg of Westminster] An Amazon often alluded to by our old writers. She was the heroine of a play, named after her, and first acted in 1594, as we learn from Henslowe's Diary. She also figured in a ballad entered on the Stationers' books in that year. In 1635 appeared a tract entitled The Life of Long Mey of Westminster, containing the mad merry prankes she played in her lifetime, dec.

¶ Mary Ambree] Was as famous as the lady last mentioned. The valorous acts performed at Gaunt by the brave bonnie lass Mary Ambree, who in revenge of her lovers death did play her part most gallantly, may be found in Percy's Reliques, vol. ii. p. 240, ed. 1812.

** the Rhenish wine-house . . . i'the Stilliard] See note 1, p. 217.

++ galleyfoist] A large barge with oars. When our old writers talk of "the galleyfoist," they mean the Lord Mayor of London's barge. The word is formed of galley, and foist, a light vessel,-Fr. fuste.

tt Ascapart] A renowned giaut, whom Sir Bevis of Southamptou conquered. women ? they are a bed. Art not a midwife? oue of 'em told me thou wert a nightwoman.

[Music within: the Fiddlers.

Bird. I ha' brought some women a-bed in my time, sir.

Sir Gos. Ay, and some young men too, hast not, Pandora?—How now! where's this noise?

Bird. I'll commit your worship-

Sir Gos. To the stocks? art a justice? shalt not commit me.

Enter Fiddlers.

Dance first, faith.—Why, scrapers, appear under the wenches' comical window,* by the Lord! U'ds daggers, cannot sin be set ashore once in a reign upon your country quarters, but it must have fiddling? what set of villains are you, you perpetual ragamuffins?

First Fid. The town-consort, + sir.

Sir Gos. Consort, with a pox! cannot the shaking of the sheets \ddagger be danced without your town-piping? nay, then, let all hell roar.

First Fid. I beseech you, sir, put up yours, and we'll put up ours.

Sir Gos. Play, you lousy Hungarians: § see, look the Maypole is set up, we'll dance about it. --Keep this circle, maquerelle.||

Bird. I am no mackerel, and I'll keep no circles.

Sir Gos. Play, life of Pharaoh, play: the bawd shall teach me a Scotch jig.

Bird. Bawd ! I defy thee and thy jigs, whatsoever thou art : were I in place where, I'd make thee prove thy words.

Sir Gos. I would prove 'em, Mother Best-betrust: why, do not I know you, grannam ? and that sugar-loaf? ¶ ha! do I not, Megæra ?

Bird. I am none of your Megs: do not nickname me so; I will not be nicked.

* Why, scrapers, appear under the wenches' comical window] If this be right, I cannot explain it: if it be wrong, I cannot set it right. (In the first ed of the present work I queried "the comical wenches' window"?)

§ Hungarians] A cant term, alluding either to the Hungariane who once overran a considerable part of Europe, or to the condition of the persons addressed,--hungry fellows. See notes of Shakespeare's commentators on The Merry Wives of Windsor, act i. sc. iii.

|| maquerelle] i. e. bawd, panderess. Brathwait has;

"Yet, howsoere this Maquerella trade, She's tane in court and city for a maid."

The Honest Ghost, 1658, p. 19.

And the old panderess in The Malcontent (which forms a ortion of this collection) is named Maquerelle.

¶ sugar-loaf] i. s. high-crowned hat.

Sir Gos. You will not, you will not! how many of my name, of the Glowworms, have paid for your furred gowns, thou woman's broker?

Bird. No, sir, I scorn to be beholding to any glowworm that lives upon earth for my fur: I can keep myself warm without glowworms.

Sir Gos. Canst sing, woodpecker? come, sing, and wake 'em.

Bird. Would you should well know it, I am no singing woman.

Sir Gos. Howl, then: 'sfoot, sing or howl, or I'll hreak your ostrich egg-shell there.

Bird. My egg hurts not you: what do you mean, to flourish so?

Sir Gos. Sing, Madge, Madge ; sing, owlet.

Bird. How can I sing with such a sour face ? I am haunted with a cough and cannot sing.

Sir Gos. One of your instruments, mountebanks.—Come, here, clutch, clutch.

Bird. Alas, sir, I'm an old woman, and know not how to clutch an instrument.

Sir Gos. Look, mark: to and fro, as I rub it; make a noise; it's no matter; any hunt's-up* to waken vice.

Bird. I shall never rub it iu tune.

Sir Gos. Will you scrape ?

Bird. So you will let me go in to the parties, I will saw and make a noise.

Sir Gos. Do, then: sha't in to the parties, and part 'em; sha't, my lean lena.

Bird. If I must needs play the fool in my old days, let me have the biggest instrument, because I can hold that best: I shall cough like a brokenwinded horse, if I gape once to sing once.

Sir Gos. No matter; cough out thy lungs.

Bird. No, sir, though I'm old and worm-eaten, I'm not so rotten. [Coughs.

A Song.+

Will your worship be rid of me now?

Sir Gos. Fain, as rich men's heirs would be of their gouty dads. That's the hot-house where your parties are sweating: amble; go, tell the he parties I have sent 'em a mast to their ship.

Bird. Yes, forsooth, I'll do your errand. [Exit. Sir Gos. Half musty still, by thundering Jove ! With what wedge of villany might I cleave out an hour or two?—Fiddlers, come, strike up; march before me: the chamberlain shall put a crown for you into his bill of items. You shall sing bawdy songs under every window i'the

* hunt's-up] Means properly a tune played to rouse sportsmon in the morning.
† A Song] See note †, p. 45. SCENE IV.

town: up will the clowns start, down come the wenches; we'll set the men a-fighting, the women a-scolding, the dogs a-barking; you shall go on fiddling, and I follow dancing Lantæra: curry your instruments, play, and away.

Exeunt.

SCENE IV.*

Enter TENTERHOOK, HONEYSUCKLE, WAFER, JUSTINIANO, and MISTRESS JUSTINIANO, with AMBUSH and Chamberlain.

Honey. Sergeant Ambush, as thou'rt an honest fellow, scout in some back-room, till the watchword be given for sallying forth.

Amb. Dun'e the mouse.+ Exit.

Ten. A little low woman, sayest thou, in a velvet cap, and one of 'em in a beaver ?-Brother Honeysuckle, and brother Wafer, hark, they are they.

Wafer. But art sure their husbands are a-bed with 'em ?

Cham. I think so, sir; I know not: I left 'em together in one room; and what division fell amongst 'em the fates can discover, not I.

Ten. Leave us, good chamberlain; we are some of their friends; leave us, good chamberlain; be merry a little ; leave us, honest chamberlain.

Exit Chamberlain.

We are abused, we are bought and sold in Brainford-market : never did the sickness of one belied nurse-child stick so cold to the hearts of three fathers; never were three innocent citizens so horribly, so abominably wrung under the withers.

Honey., Wafer. What shall we do? how shall we help ourselves ?

Honey. How shall we pull this thorn out of our foot, before it rankle ?

Ten. Yes, yes, yes, well enough: one of us stay here to watch, do you see? to watch; have an eye, have an ear. I, and my brother Wafer, and Master Justiniano, will set the town in an insurrection, bring hither the constable and his bill-men, break open upon 'em, take 'em in their wickedness, and put 'em to their purgation.

Honey., Wafer. Agreed.

Just. Ha, ha, purgation !

Ten. We'll have 'em before some country justice of coram (for we scorn to be bound to the peace); and this justice shall draw his sword in

- * Scene IV.] The same. An outer-room in the same.
- + Dun's the mouse] See the notes of the commentators on

"Tut, dun's the mouse, the constable's own word." Shakespearc's Romeo and Juliet, act i. sc. our defence: if we find 'em to be malefactors, we'll tickle 'em.

Honey. Agreed : do not say, but do't, come.

Just. Are you mad? do you know what you do? whither will you run?

Ten., Honey., Wafer. To set the town in an uproar.

Just. An uproar! will you make the townsmen think that Londoners never come hither but upon Saint Thomas's night? Say you should rattle up the constable, thrash all the country together, hedge in the house with flails, pike-staves, and pitch-forks, take your wives napping, these western smelts nibbling, and that, like so many Vulcans, every smith should discover his Venus dancing with Mars in a net,---would this plaster cure the headache ?

Ten. Ay, it would.

Honey., Wafer.* Nay, it should.

Just. Nego, nego; no, no, it shall be proved unto you, your heads would ache worse : when women are proclaimed to be light, they strive to be more light; for who dare disprove a proclamation ?

Ten. Ay, but when light wives make heavy husbands, let these husbands play mad Hamlet,+ and cry "Revenge !" Come, and we'll do so.

Mist. Just. Pray, stay, be not so heady, at my entreaty.

Just. My wife entreats you, and I entreat you, to have mercy on yourselves, though you have none over the women. I'll tell you a tale. This last Christmas, a citizen and his wife, as it might be one of you, were invited to the revels one night at one of the Inns-o'-court. The husband, having business, trusts his wife thither to take up a room for him before: she did so; but before she went, doubts arising what blocks her husband would stumble at to hinder his entrance, it was consulted upon by what token, by what trick, by what banner or brooch, he should be known to be he when he rapped at the gate.

Ten., Honey., Wafer. Very good.

Just. The crowd, he was told, would be greater, their clamours greater, and able to drown the throats of a shoal of fishwives: he himself, therefore, devises an excellent watchword, and the sign at which he would hang out himself should be a horn; he would wind his horn, and that should give 'em warning that he was come.

к

^{*} HONEY., WAFER] The old od. "All 3."

⁺ play mad Hamlet, and cry "Revenge / "] One of the numerous passages in contemporary writers which attost the popularity of Shakespeare's Hamlet.

Ten., Honey., Wafer. So.

Just. The torchmen and whifflers * had an item to receive him: he comes, rings out his horn with an alarum, enters with a shout; all the house rises, thinking some sow-gelder pressed in; † his wife blushed, the company jested; the simple man, like a beggar going to the stocks, laughed, as not being sensible of his own diegrace: and hereupon the punies set down this decree, that no man shall hereafter come to laugh at their revels, if his wife be entered before him, unless he carry his horn about him.

Wafer. I'll not trouble them.

Just. So, if you trumpet abroad and preach at the market-cross your wives' shame, 'tis your own shame.

Ten., Honey., Wafer. What shall we do, then ? Just. Take my counsel, I'll ask no fee for't : bar out host, banish mine hostess, beat away the chamberlain, let the ostlers walk, enter you the chambers peaceably, lock the doors gingerly, look upon your wives woefully, but upon the evildoers most wickedly.

Ten. What shall we reap by this ?

Just. An excellent harvest, this: you shall hear the poor mouse-trapped guilty gentlemen call for mercy; your wives you shall see kneeling at your feet, and weeping, and wringing, and blushing, and cursing Brainford, and crying *Pardonnez moi*, *pardonnez moi*, *pardonnez moi*/ whilet you have the choice to stand either as judges to condemn 'em, beadles to torment 'em, or confessors to absolve 'em. And what a glory will it be for you three, to kiss your wives like forgetful husbands, to exhort and forgive the young men like pitiful fathers; then to call for oars, then to cry "Hey for London !" then to make a supper,

* whifflers] "The term is, undoubtedly, horrowed from whiffle, another name for a fife or small flute; for whiffles, were origically those who preceded armies or processions, as fifers or pipers. . . In process of time, the term whiffler, which had always been used in the sense of a fifer, came to signify any person who went before in a procession. Minsheu, in his *Dictionary*, 1617, describes him to be a club or staff-baarer. Sometimes the whifflers carried white staves," &c.—Douce's *llustrations of Shakespeare*, vol. i, p. 507.

+ thinking some sow-gelder pressed in]

"Have ye any work for the sow-gelder, ho?

My horn goes to high, to low, to high, to low !"

Song by Higgen, disguised as a sow-gelder, in Fletcher's Beggars' Bush, act iii. sc. i.

"And so much credit now stends it [i. e. the horn] daily, That every common crier, petie baily,

Swine-heards, and braue sow-gelders, in a pride Doe beare a horne low dangling by their side,"

Brston's Cornu-copia, Pasquils Night-cap, &c., p. 108, ed. 1612. then to drown all in sack and sugar, then to go to bed, and then to rise and open shop, where you may ask any man what he lacks, with your cap off, and none shall perceive whether the brims wring you.

Ten. We'll raise no towns.

Honey. No, no; let's knock first.

Wafer. Ay, that's best: I'll summon a parley. [Knocks.

Mist. Ten. [within] Who's there? have you stock-fish in hand, that you beat so hard? who are you?

Ten. That's my wife : let Justiniano speak, for all they know our tongues.

Mist. Ten. [within] What a murrain ail these colts, to keep such a kicking ?---Monopoly?

Just. Yes.

Mist. Ten. [within] Is Master Linstock up too, and the captain?

Just. Both are in the field: will you open your door?

Mist. Ten. [within] O, you are proper gamesters, to bring false dice with you from London to cheat yourselves! Is't possible that three shallow women should gull three such gallants?

Ten. What means this?

Mist. Ten. [within]. Have we defied you upon the walls all night, to open our gates to you i' the morning? Our honest husbands, they (silly men) lie praying in their beds now, that the water under us may not be rough, the tilt that covers us may not be rent, and the straw about our feet may keep our pretty legs warm. I warrant they walk upon Queenhive, as Leander did for Hero, to watch for our landing: and should we wrong such kind hearts? would we might ever be troubled with the toothache, then!

Ten. This thing that makes fools of us thus, is my wife. [Knocks.

Mist. Wafer. [within] Ay, ay, knock your bellies' full: we hug one another a-bed, and lie laughing till we tickle again, to remember how we sent you a bat-fowling.

Wafer. An almond, parrot:* that's my Mab's voice; I know by the sound.

* An almond, parrot] A sort of proverbial expression : "An almon now for Parrot, dilycatly drest."

Skelton's Speke, Parrot, -- Works, ii. 4. ed. Dyce. "An Aimonde for Parret, a Rope for Parret."

Houghton's Englishmen for my money, 1616, Sig. G 3. "Hers's an almond for parrot."

Dekker aud Middleton's Honest Whore (Part First),-Middleton's Works, iii. 112, ed. Dyce.

An Almond for a Parrat, n. d., attributed to Nash, is a memorable production; and one of the poems of the Just. 'Sfoot, you ha' spoiled half already, and you'll spoil all, if you dam not up your mouths. Villany! nothing but villany! I'm afraid they have smelt your breaths at the key-hole, and now they set you to catch flounders, whilst in the meantime the concupiscentious malefactors make 'em ready, and take London napping.

Ten., Honey., Wafer. I'll not be gulled so.

Ten. Show yourselves to be men, and break open doors.

Just. Break open doors, and show yourselves to be beasts! If you break open doors, your wives may lay flat burglary to your charge.

Honey. Lay a pudding ! burglary !

Just. Will you, then, turn Corydons* because you are among clowns? Shall it be said you have no brains, being in Brainford?

Ten., Honey., Wafer. Master Parenthesis, we will enter and set upon 'em.

Just. Well, do so; but enter not so that all the country may cry shame of your doings: knock 'em down, burst open Erebus, and bring an old house over your heads, if you do.

Wafer. No matter, we'll bear it off with head and shoulders. [Knocks.

Mist. Wafer. [within] You cannot enter, indeed, la.—[Looks out] God's my pittikin, our three husbands summon a parley: let that long old woman either creep under the bed, or else stand upright behind the painted cloth. [Disappears.

Wafer. Do you hear, you Mabel ?

Mist. Wafer. [looking out] Let's never hide our heads now, for we are discovered.

Honey. But all this while my Honeysuckle appears not.

Just. Why, then, two of them have pitched their tents there, and yours lies in ambuscado with your enemy there.

Honey. Stand upon your guard there, whilst I batter here. [Knocks.

Mon. [within] Who's there?

Just. Hold, I'll speak in a small voice, like one of the women.—Here's a friend: are you up? rise, rise; stir, stir.

Mon. [within] Ud's foot, what weasel are you? are you going to catch quails, that you bring your pipes with you? I'll see what troubled ghost it is that cannot sleep. [Looks out.

indefatigable Wither is called Amygdala Britannica, Almonds for Parrets, 1647.

* Corydons] "The name of this unfortunate shepherd of Virgil [Corydon] seems to have suggested to our old writers a certain mixture of rusticity and folly."

Gifford's Note on Ben Jonson's Works, vol. i. p. 40.

Ten. O, Master Monopoly, God save you !

Mon. Amen; for the last time I saw you, the devil was at mine elbow in buff. What! three merry men, and three merry men, and three merry men* be we too.

Hon. How does my wife, Master Monopoly ?

[Disappears. Ten. This Monopoly is an arrant knave, a cogging knave, for all he's a courtier : if Monopoly be suffered to ride up and down with other men's wives, he'll undo both city and country.

Enter MISTRESS TENTERHOOK, MISTRESS HONEYSUCKLE, and MISTRESS WAFER.

Just. Moll, mask thyself; they shall not know thee.

Mist. Ten.,

Mist. Honey., Mist. Wafer. How now, sweethearts ! what make you here ?

Wafer. Not that which you make here.

Ten. Marry, you make bulls of your husbands. Mist. Ten. Buzzards, do we not? out, you

yellow infirmities! do all flowers show in your eyes like columbinee?

Wafer. Wife, what says the collier? is not thy soul blacker than his coals? how does the child? how does my flesh and blood, wife?

Mist. Wafer. Your fleeh and blood is very well recovered now, mouse.

Wafer. I know 'tis: the collier has a sackful of news to empty.

Ten. Clare, where he your two rings with diamonds?

Mist. Ten. At hand, sir, here, with a wet finger. Ten. I dreamed you had lost 'em.-[Aside]

What a profane variet is this shoulder-clapper, to lie thus upon my wife and her rings!

Enter MONOPOLY, WHIRLPOOL, and LINSTOCE.

Whirl., Save you, gentlemen ! Lin.

* three merry men, and three merry men, &c.] A fragment of an old song. See my sdition of Peele's Works, vol. i. p. 208, sec. ed.; and the notes of the commentators on Shakespeare's Twelfth Night, act ii. sc. 3.

† overthwart] Generally used for cross, contradictious -hut here it events merely to mesn opposits, as in The Merry Devill of Edmonton, 1626: "Body of Saint George, this is mine overthwart neighbour hath done this." Sig. F 2. Ten.,

Honey., And you, and our wives from you ! Wafer.

Mon. Your wives have saved themselves, for one.

Ten. Master Monopoly, though I meet you in High Germany, I hope you can understand broken English; have you discharged your debt?

Mon. Yes, sir, with a double charge; your harpy, that set his ten commandments upon my back, had two diamonds to save him harmless.

Ten. Of you, sir?

Mon. Ms, sir: do you think there be no diamond courtiers?

Ten. Sergeant Ambush, issue forth !

Re-enter AMBUSH.

Monopoly, I'll cut off your convoy .---- Master Sergeant Ambush, I charge you, as you hope to receive comfort from the smell of mace, speak not like a sergeant, but deal honestly: of whom had you the diamonds?

Amb. Of your wife, sir, if I'm an honest man. Mist. Ten. Of me, you pewter-buttoned rascal ! Mon. Sirrah, you that live by nothing but the carrion of Poultry,-

Mist. Ten. Schoolmaster, hark hither.

Mon. Where are my gems and precious stones, that were my bail?

Amb. Forthcoming, sir, though your money is not; your creditor has 'em.

Just. Excellent ! peace !- Why, Master Tenterbook, if the diamonds be of the reported value, I'll pay your money, receive 'sm, keep 'em till Master Monopoly be fatter i' the purse ;---for, Master Monopoly, I know you will not be long empty, Master Monopoly.

Mist. Ten. Let him have 'em, good Tenterhook : where are they?

Ten. At home; I locked 'em up.

Eater MISTRESS BIRDLIME.

Bird. No, indeed, forsooth, I locked 'em up, and those are they your wife has, and those are they your hushand, like a bad liver as he is, would have given to a nisce of mine, that lies in my house to take physic, to have committed fleshly treason with her.

Ten. I at your house! you old -

Bird. You, perdy; and that honest bachelor: never call me old for the matter.

Mist. Honey. Motherly woman, he's my husband, and no bachelor's buttons are at his doublet.

Bird. 'Las, I speak innocently: and that lean

gentleman set in his staff there. But, as I'm a sinner, both I and the young woman had an eye to the main chance; and though they brought more about 'em than Captain Ca'udish's voyage * came to, they should not, nor could not, unless I had been a naughty woman, have entered the straits.

Mist. Ten.,

Mist. Honey., { Have we smelt you out, foxes ? Mist. Wafer.)

Mist. Ten. Do you come after us with hue and cry, when you are the thieves yourselves?

Mist. Honey. Murder, I see, cannot be hid: but if this old sibyl of yours speak oracles, for my part, I'll be like an almanac that threatens nothing but foul weather.

Ten. That bawd has been damned five hundred times; and is her word to be taken ?

Just. To be damned once is enough for any one of her coat.

Bird. Why, sir, what is my coat, that you sit thus upon my skirts?

Just. Thy coat is an ancient coat; one of the seven deadly sins put thy coat first to making: hut do you hear? you mother of iniquity ! you that can loss and find your ears when you list! go, sail with the rest of your bawdy traffickers to the place of sixpenny sinfulness, the suburbs.

Bird. I scorn the sinfulness of any suburbs in Christendom: 'tis well known I have up-risers and down-liers within the city, night by night. like a profane fellow as thou art.

Just. Right, I know thou hast. -I'll tell you, gentlefolks, there's more resort to this fortuneteller, than of forlorn wives married to old husbands, and of green-sickness wenches that can get no husbands, to the house of a wise woman: she has tricks to keep a vaulting-house under the law's nose.

Bird. Thou dost the law's nose wrong, to belie me so.

* Captain Ca'ndish's voyage] The name of Thomas Cavendish (-who, sailing from Plymouth in 1586, with three insignificant vessels, plundered the coast of New Spain and Peru, captured, off California, a Spanish admiral of seven hundred tons, and having circumnavigated the globe, returned to England with a very large fortune, in 1588-) is frequently abbreviated by our old writers : so Brome;

" Ca'ndish and Hawkins, Furbisher, all our voyagers, Went short of Mandevile.

The Antipodes, 1640, Sig. C 3. This contraction is scarce yet out of use;

"Whon Chatsworth tastes no Ca'ndish bounties, Let fame forget this costly countees.'

Epitaph by Horace Walpole, in his Letters to Montagu, p. 207.

Just. For either a cunning woman has a chamher in her house, or a physician, or a picturemaker, or an attorney, because all these are good cloaks for the rain. And then, if the female party that's cliented above-stairs be young, she's a squire's daughter of low degree, that lies there for physic, or comes up to be placed with a countess; if of middle age, she's a widow, and has suits at the term or so.

Mist. Honey. O, fie upon her! burn the witch out of our company.

Mist. Ten. Let's hem her out of Brainford, if she get not the faster to London.

Mist. Wafer. O, no, for God's sake! rather hem her out of London, and let her keep in Brainford still.

Bird. No, you cannot hem me out of London. —Had I known this, your rings should ha' been poxed ere I_ywould ha' touched 'em. I will take a pair of oars and leave you. [Exit.

Just. Let that ruin of intemperance be raked up in dust and ashes. And now tell me, if you had raised the town, had not the tiles tumbled upon your heads? for you see your wives are chaste, these gentlemen civil; all is but a merriment, all but a May-game: she has her diamonds, you shall have your money; the child is recovered, the false collier discovered; they came to Brainford to be merry; you were caught in Bird-lime: and therefore set the hare's-head against the goose-giblets,* put all instruments in tune, and every hushand play music upon the lips of his wife, whilst I begin first.

Ten., Honey, Come, wenches; be't so. Wafer.

* set the hard's-head against the goose-gibles] A proverbial expression, signifying to balance things, to set one against another: compare Field's Amends for Ladies, Sig. B 3, ed. 1639; and Middleton's A Trick to catch the old one,—Worke, ii. 78, ed. Dycs. Sometimes it occurs with a slight variation: "set the Hare Pye against the Goose giblets." Rowley's Match at Midnight, 1633, Sig. I 2. "Ide set mine olde debts against my new drihlets, sha the hare's foot against the goose giblets." Bekker's Shoemakers Holiday, 1600, Sig. C.

Mist. Ten. Mistress Justiniauo, is't you were ashamed all this while of showing your face ?— Is she your wife, schoolmaster ?

Just. Look you, your schoolmaster has been in France, and lost his hair; * no more Parenthesis now, but Justiniano: I will now play the merchant with you. Look not strange at her, nor at me: the story of us both shall be as good as an old wife's tale, to cut off our way to London.

Enter Chamberlain.

How now!

Cham. Alas, sir, the knight yonder, Sir Gosling, has almost his throat cut by poulterers and townsmen and rascals; and all the noise that went with him, poor fellows, have their fiddle-cases pulled over their ears.

Omnes. Is Sir Gosling hurt?

Cham. Not much hurt, sir[s]; but he bleeds like a pig, for his crown's cracked.

Mist. Honey. Then has he been twice cut i' the head since we landed, once with a pottle-pot, and now with old iron.

Just. Gentlemen, hasten to his rescue some, whilst others call for oars.

Omnes. Away, then, to London.

Just. Farewell, Brainford .-----

Gold that buys health can never he ill spent, Nor hours laid out in harmless merriment.

SONG.

Oars, oars, oars, oars ! To Loudon, hey ! to London, hey ! Hoist up sails, snd let's away ; For the safest bay For us to laud is London shores. Oars, oars, oars, oars ! Quickly shall we get to land, If you, if you, if you Leud us but half a hand : O, leud us half a hand !

[Exeunt.

• Look you, your schoolmaster has been in France, and lost his hair] Here we must suppose Justiniano to pull off the false heir which assisted his disguiss : he alludes to the sffects of the venereal, or, as it was called, the French disease.

NORTHWARD HO.

North-ward Hos. Sundry times Acted by the Children of Paules. By Thomas Decker, and John Webster. Imprinted at London by G. Eld. 1607. 4to.

Concerning the origin of the title of this comedy, see the prefatory remarks to the preceding play.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

MAYBERRY. BELLAMONT. PHILIP. GREENSHIELD. FEATHERSTONE. LEVERPOOL. CHARTLEY. HORNET. HANS VAN BELCH. ALLUM. CAPTAIN JENKINS. LEAPFROG. SQUIRREL. Chamberlain. Prentice. Tailor. FULLMOON. Musician, Sergeants, Keepers, Fiddlers, Tapsters, Servants.

MISTRESS MAYBERRY KATE. Doll. Bawd. Hostess. Maids.

NORTHWARD HO.

ACT I.

SCENE I.*

Enter GREENSHIELD and FEATHERSTONE, booted. Feath. Art sure old Mayberry inns here tonight?

Green. "Tis certain: the honest knave chamberlain, that hath been my informer, my bawd, ever since I knew Ware, assures me of it; and more, being a Londoner, though altogether unacquainted, I have requested his company at supper.

Feath. Excellent occasion ! how we shall carry ourselves in this business is only to be thought upon.

Green. Be that my undertaking: if I do not take a full revenge of his wife's puritanical coyness!

Feath. Suppose it she should be chaste?

Green. O, hang her ! this art of seeming honest makes many of our young sons and heirs in the city look so like our prentices.—Chamberlain !

Enter Chambsrlain,

Cham. Here, sir.

Green. This honest knave is called Innocence: is't not a good name for a chamberlain? He dwelt at Dunstable not long since, and hath brought me and the two butcher's daughters there to interview twenty times, and not so little, I protest.—How chance you left Dunstable, sirrah?

Cham. Faith, sir, the town drooped ever since the peace in Ireland. Your captains were wont to take their leaves of their London pole-cats (their wenches I mean, sir,) at Dunstable: the next morning, when they had broke their fast together, the wenches brought them to Hockleyi'-the-Hole; and so the one for London, the other

* Scene I.] Wars. A room in an inn.

for West-Chester.* Your only road now, sir, is York, York, sir.

Green. True; but yet it comes scant of the prophecy,—Lincoln was, London is, and York shall be.

Cham. Yes, sir, 'tis fulfilled; York shall be, that is, it shall be York still : surely, it was the meaning of the prophet.—Will you have some cray-fish and a spitchcock ?

Feath. And a fat trout.

Cham. You shall, sir.—The Londonsrs you wot of. [Exit.

Enter MAYBERRY and BELLAMONT.

Green. Most kindly welcome: I beseech you hold our bolduess excused, sir.

Bell. Sir, it is the health of travellers to enjoy good company : will you walk?

Feath. Whither travel you, I beseech you?

May. To London, sir: we came from Sturbridge.

Bell. I tell you, gentlemen, I have observed very much with being at Sturbridge; † it hath

* West-Chester] On their way to Ireland: "My refuge is Ireland or Virginia; necessity ories out, and I will presently to Westchester." Cock's Gregele Tw Quoyue, Sig. B, ed. 1622. "Hee camo into Ireland, where at Dubhin hee was strucks lams; but recovering new strength and courage, hee ship'd himselfe for England, landed at West-Chester, whences taking posts towards London, hee lodg'd at Hockley in the Hole, in his way," &c. Taylor the water post's Praise of cleane Linnen,---Works, 1630, p. 170. It may perhaps he necessary to add, that the ancient city of Chester is called West Chester, from its relative situation, to distinguish it from several other towns which bear the name of Chester with some additiou.

† I have observed very much with being at Sturbridge] Sturbridge fair, from which our two travellers are just come, is mentioned by old Skelton;

" And syllogisari was drowned at Sturbrydge fayre."

Speke, Parrot, --- Works, ii. 9, ed. Dyca. And it was resorted to both for business and pleasure afforded me mirth beyond the length of five Latin comedies. Here should you meet a Norfolk yeoman full-butt, with his head able to overturn you, and his pretty wife, that followed him, ready to excuse the ignorant hardness of her husband's forehead; in the goose-market number of freshmen, stuck here and there with a graduate, like cloves with great heads in a gammon of bacon; here two gentlemen making a marriage between their heirs over a woolpack; there a minister's wife that could speak false Latin very lispingly; here two in one corner of a shop, Londoners, selling their wares, and other gentlemen courting their wives; where they take up petticoats, you should find scholars and town'smen's wives crowding together, while their husbands were in another market busy amongst the oxen ;-'twas like a camp, for in other countries so many punks do not follow an army: I could make an excellent description of it in a comedy .- But whither are you travelling, gentlemen?

Feath. Faith, sir, we purposed a dangerous voyage; but upon better consideration we altered our course.

May. May we without offence partake the ground of it?

Green. 'Tis altogether trivial, in sooth; but, to pass away the time till supper, I'll deliver it to you, with protestation before hand, I seek not to publish every gentlewoman's dishonour, only by the passage of my discourse to have you censure* the state of our quarrel.

Bell. Forth, sir.

Green. Frequenting the company of many merchants' wives in the city, my heart by chance leaped into mine eye to affect the fairest, but withal the falsest, creature that ever affection stooped to.

May. Of what rank was she, I beseech you! Feath. Upon your promise of secrecy? Bell. You shall close it up like treasure of

long after the present play was produced. Ned Ward wrote a piece full of low humour, called A Step to Stir-Bitch Fair; see the second vol. of his works, p. 248, ed. 1706. The reader who is desirous of authentic information on such matters will find a long and curious account of Sturbridge fair in Defoe's Tour through Britain, vol. i. p. 83, sqq., ed. 1742: "it is not ouly," says he, "the greatest in the whole nation, but I think in Europe; nor is the Fair at Leipsick in Saxony, the Mart at Trankfort on the Main, or the Fairs at Nuremberg or Augsburg, reputed any way comparable to this at Sturbridge."

* censure] i. e. judge of, give an opinion on.

your own, and yourself shall keep the key of it.*

Green. She was, and hy report still is, wife to a most grave and well-reputed citizen.

May. And entertained your love?

Green. As meadows do April. The violence, as it seemed, of her affection—but, alas, it proved her dissembling—would, at my coming and departing, bedew her eyes with love-drops: O, she could + the art of woman most feelingly !

Bell. Most feelingly !

May. I should not have liked that feelingly, had she been my wife.—Give us some sack, here ! —and, in faith,—we are all friends, and in private, —what was her husband's name !—I'll give you a carouse by and by.

Green. O, you shall pardon me his name: it seems you are a citizen; it would be discourse enough for you upon the Exchange this fortnight, should I tell his name.

Bell. Your modesty in this wife's commendation !-- On, sir.

Green. In the passage of our loves, amongst other favours of greater value, she bestowed upon me this ring, which, she protested, was her husband's gift.

May. The posy, the posy ?- [Aside] O my heart! that ring ?- Good, in faith.

Green. Not many nights coming to her, and being familiar with her,-----

May. Kissing, and so forth ?

Green. Ay, sir.

May. And talking to her feelingly ?

Green. Pox on't, I lay with her.

May. Good, in faith; you are of a good complexion.

Green. Lying with her, as I say, and rising somewhat early from her in the morning, I lost this ring in her hed.

May. [aside] In my wife's bed!

Feath. How do you, sir?

May. Nothing.-Let's have a fire, chamberlain !

-I think my hoots have taken water, I have such

a shuddering .--- I' the bed, you say ?

Green. Right, sir, in Mistress Mayberry's sheets. May. Was her name Mayberry ?

Green. Beshrew my tongue for blabbing ! I presume upon your secrecy.

* and yourself shall keep the key of it] From Shake-speare;

"'Tis in my memory lock'd,

And you yourself shall keep the key of it." Hamlet, act i. ec. 3.

+ could] i.e. knew, understood.

May. O God, sir! but where did you find your losing?

Green. Where I found her falseness,—with this gentleman, who, by his own confession, partaking the like enjoyment, found this ring the same morning on her pillow, and shamed not in my sight to wear it.

May. What, did she talk feelingly to him too? I warrant, her husband was forth o' town all this while; and he, poor man, travelled with hard eggs in's pocket, to save the charge of a bait, whilst she was at home with her plovers, turkey, chickens. Do you know that Mayberry?

Feath. No more than by name.

May. He's a wondrous honest man.—Let's he merry.—Will not your mistress—gentlemen, you are tenants in common, I take it ?—

Feath., } Yes.

Green.

May. Will not your mistress make much of her husband when he comes home, as if no such legerdemain had been acted?

Green. Yes, she hath reason for't: for in some countries, where men and women have good travelling stomachs, they begin with porridge; then they fall to capon or so forth; but if capon come short of filling their bellies, to their porridge again, 'tis their only course: so for our women in England.

May. This, with taking of long journeys, kindred that comes in o'er the hatch, and sailing to Westminster, makes a number of cuckolds.

Bell. Fie, what an idle quarrel is this! Was this her ring?

Green. Her ring, sir.

May. A pretty idle toy: would you would take money for't!

Feath., | Money, sir !

Green. §

May. The more I look on't, the more I like it. Bell. Troth, 'tis of no great value; and considering the loss and finding of this ring made breach into your friendship, gentlemen, with this trifle purchase his love: I can tell you he keeps a good table.

Green. What, my mistress' gift !

Feath. Faith, you are a merry old gentleman; I'll give you my part in't.

Green. Troth, and mine, with your promise to conceal it from her husband.

May. Doth he know of it yet?

Green. No, sir.

May. He shall never, then, I protest: look you, this ring doth fit me passing well.

Feath. I am glad we have fitted you.

May. This walking is wholesome: I was a-cold even now; now I sweat for't.

May. Look you, we must be better acquainted, that's all.

Green. Most willingly.—[Aside to FEATH.] Excellent! he's heat to the proof: let's withdraw, and give him leave to rave a little.

[Excunt GREENSHIELD and FEATHERSTONE. May. Chamberlain, give us a clean towel !

Re-enter Chamberlain with towel.

Bell. How now, man !

May. I am foolish old Mayberry, and yet I can be wise Mayberry too: I'll to London presently.— Be gone, sir. [Exit Chamberlain. Bell. How, how !

May. Nay, nay, God's precious, you do mistake me, Master Bellamont: I am not distempered; for to know a man's wife is a whore, is to be resolved of it; and to be resolved of it, is to make no question of it; and when a case is out of question,—what was I saying?

Bell. Why, look you, what a distraction are you fallen into !

May. If a man be divorced, do you see, divorced forma juris, whether may ho have an action or no 'gainst those that make horns at him ?

Bell. O madness! that the frailty of a woman should make a wise man thus idle! Yet, I protest, to my understanding, this report seems as far from truth as you from patience.

May. Then am I a fool; yet I can be wise, an I list, too: what says my wedding-ring?

Bell. Indeed, that breeds some suspicion: for the rest, most gross and open; for two men both to love your wife, both to enjoy her bed, and to meet you as if by miracle, and, not knowing you, upon no occasion in the world, to thrust upon you a discourse of a quarrel, with circumstance so dishonest, that not any gentleman but of the country blushing would have published, ay, and to name you. Do you know them?

May. Faith, now I remember, I have seen them walk muffled by my shop.

Bell. Like enough: pray God they do not horrow money of us 'twixt Ware and London! Come, strive to blow over these clouds.

May. Not a cloud; you shall have clean moonshine. They have good smooth looks, the fellows.

Bell. As jet: they will take up, I warrant you, where they may be trusted. Will you be merry? May. Wondrous merry :---let's have some sack to drown this cuckold; down with him !---wondrous merry. Ons word and no more; I am hut a foolish tradesman, and yet I'll be a wise trades-

[Exeunt.

SCENE II.*

Enter Doll, led between LEVERPOOL and CHARTLEY; after them, PHILIP arrested, and Sorgeants.

Philip. Arrest ms ! at whose suit?—Tom Chartley, Dick Leverpool, stay; I'm arrested.

Chart., Lever., Doll. Arrested !

First Serg. Gentlemen, break not the head of the peace: it's to no purpose, for he's in the law's clutches; you see he's fanged.

Doll. Ud's life, do you stand with your naked wespons in your hand, and do nothing with 'em ? Put one of 'em into my fingers, I'll tickle the pimple-nosed varlets.

Phil. Hold, Doll.—Thrust not a weapon upon a mad woman.—Officers, step back into the tavern: you might ha' ta'en me i' the street, and not i' the tavern-entry, you cannibals.

Sec. Serg. We did it for your credit, sir.

Chart. How much is the debt ?-Drawer, some wine !

Enter Drawer with wine.

First Serg. Fourscore pound.—Can you send for bail, sir ? or what will you do? we cannot stay.

Doll. You cannot, you pasty-footed rascals! you will stay one day in hell.

Phil. Fourscore pounds draws deep.—Farswell, Doll.—Come, sergeants, I'll step to mine uncle not far off, hereby in Pudding-lane, and he shall hail me:—if not, Chartley, you shall find me playing at span-counter†:—sud so, farswell: send me some tobacco.

First Serg. Have an eye to his hands.

Sec. Serg. Have an eye to his legs.

[Excunt Philip and Sergeants.

Doll. I'm as melancholy now!

Chart. Villanous, spiteful luck! I'll hold my life, some of these saucy drawers betrayed him.

Draw. We, sir ! no, by gad, sir, we scorn to have a Judas in our company.

Lever. No, no; he was dogged in: this is the end of all dicing.

Doll. This is the end of all whores, to fall into

* Scene II.] London. An outer-room in a tavern.

† span-counter] A pun is intended here: span-counter being a common game among boys, counter, the prison, to which, if he could procure no bail, Philip was to be consigned.

the hands of knaves.—Drawer, tis my shoe, prithee; the new knot, as thou seest this.— Philip is a good honest gentleman: I love him because he'll spend; but when I saw him on his father's hobby, and a brace of punks following him in a coach, I told him he would run out.— Hast done, boy ?

Draw. Yes, forsooth : hy my troth, you have a dainty leg.

Doll. How now, goodman rogue !

Draw. Nay, sweet Mistress Doll.

Doll. Doll! you reprobate ! out, you bawd for seven years by the custom of the city !

Draw. Good Mistress Dorothy, the pox take me, if I touched your leg but to a good intent.

Doll. Prate you ?- The rotten-toothed rascal will for sixpence fetch any whore to his master's customers :- and is every one that swims in a taffeta gown lettuce for your lips? Ud's life, this is rare, that gentlewomen and drawers must suck at one spiggot. Do you laugh, you unseasonable puckfist ?* do you grin ?

Chart. Away, drawer !- Hold, prithee, good rogue; hold, my sweet Doll : a pox o' this swaggering ! [Exit Drawer.

Doll. Pox o' your guts, your kidneys! mew, hang ye, rook !--I'm as melancholy now as Fleetstreet in a long vacation.

Lever. Melancholy ! coms, we'll ha' some mulled sack.

Doll. When begins the term ?

Chart. Why, hast any suits to be tried at Westminster?

Doll. My suits, you base ruffian, have been tried at Westminster already. So soon as ever the term hegins, I'll change my lodging; it stands out o' the way: I'll lie about Charing cross, for if there he any stirrings, there we shall have 'em; or if some Dutchman would come from the States—O, these Flemings pay soundly for what they take.

Lever. If thou't have a lodging westward, Doll, I'll fit thee.

Doll. At Tyburn, will you not? a lodging of your providing! to be called a lieutenant's or a captain's wench! O, I scorn to be one of your Low-country commodities, I! Is this body made to be maintained with provent and dead pay?

man.

^{*} puckfist] This word, used often by our old writers in the eense of an empty, insignificant fellow, meant originally a sort of fungus: "all the sallets are turn'd to Jewes-ears, muchroams, and Puckfists." Heywood and Brome's Lancashire Witches, 1634, Sig. E 4.

⁺ provant and dead pay] "Provant" is-provender, military allowance: for "dead pay," see note *, p. 176.

no; the mercer must he paid, and satin gowns must be ta'en up.

Chart. And gallon pets must be tumbled down. Doll. Stay; I have had a plot a breeding in my brains—Are all the quest-houses broken up?* Lever. Yes, long since ; what then?

Doll. What then ! marry, then is the wind come about, and se + those peor wenches, that before Christmas fied westward with bag and baggage, come now sailing alongst the lee shore with a northerly wind; and we that had warrants to lie without the liberties come now dropping into the freedom by owl-light sneakingly.

Chart. But, Doll, what's the plot thou spakest of ?

Doll. Marry, this. Gentlemen, and tobaccostinkers, and such-like, are still buzzing where sweet-meats are, like flies; but they make any flesh stink that they blow upon: I will leave those fellows, therefore, in the hands of their laundresses. Silver is the king's stamp, man God's stamp, and a woman is man's stamp; we are not current till we pass from one man te another.

Lever.,

Chart. { Very good.

Doll. I will, therefore, take a fair house in the city; no matter though it be a tavern that has blown up his master; it shall be in trade still, for I know divers taverns i' the tewn that have hut a wall between them aud \approx hot-house.[‡] It shall then be given out that I'm a gentlewoman of such a birth, such a wealth, have had such a breeding, and so forth, and of such a carriage,

From a passage in one of Middletou's plays it appears that gaming was sometimes carried on there: "Such a day I lost fifty pound in hugger-mugger at dice, at the *quest house.*" Any thing for a quiet life,—Works, ir. 425, ed. Dyce.

Quest-houses generally adjoined churches. "But you may say, it is like a farthing candle in a great church : I answer, that light will not enlighten the by-chapels of the church, nor the quest-house, nor the belfry; neither doth the light move the church, though it enlightens it." Philosophical Letters by the Duchess of Newcastle, 1664, p. 189. and such qualities, and so forth : to set it off the better, old Jack Hornet shall take upon him to be my father.

Lever. Excellent! with a chain about his neck, and so forth.

Doll. For that Saint Martin's and we will talk.* I know we shall have gudgeons bite presently; if they de, boys, yeu shall live like knights fellows: as occasion serves, yeu shall wear liveries and wait; but when gulls are my windfalls, yeu shall be gentlemen and keep them company. Seek out Jack Hornet incontinently.

Lever. We will.—Come, Chartley.—We'll play our parts, I warrant.

Doll. Do so.

The world's a stage, from which strange shapes we borrow;

To-day we are honest, and rank knaves tomerrew. [Excunt.

SCENE III.+

Enter MAYBERRY, BELLAMONT, and a Prentice.

May. Where is your mistress, villain? when went she abroad?

Pren. Abread, sir ! why, as soon as she was up, sir.

May. Up, sir, down, sir! so, sir.--Master Bellamont, I will tell you a strange secret in nature; this boy is my wife's bawd.

Bell. O, fie, sir, fie ! the boy, he does not look like a bawd; he has no double chin.‡

Pren. No, sir; nor my breath does not stink, I smell not of garlic or aqua-vitæ: I use not to be drunk with sack and sugar; I swear not, "God damn me, if I know where the party is," when 'tis a lie and I do know: I was never carted, but in harvest; never whipt, but at school; never had the grincomes; s never sold one maidenhead ten several times, first to an

* with a chain about his neck . . . For that Saint Martin's and we will talk] So Brathwait :

" By this hee travelle to Saint Martins lane,

The Honest Ghost, &c., 1653, p. 167. † Scene III.] The same. A room in the house of Maybsrry.

‡ double chin] The characteristic of a bawd, according to many of our old dramatists :

"The bawds will be so fat with what they earn,

Their chins will hang like udders, hy Easter-eve." Middleton's Chaste Maid in Cheapside,- Works, iv. 32, ed. Dyce.

§ grincomes] Or crincomes, a cant term for the venereal disease: "Grinkcomes," says Taylor, the water poet, "is an Utopian word, which is in English a P. at Paris." Works, 1630, p. 111.

^{*} Are all the quest-houses broken up ?] About Christmas, 1 believe, the aldermen and citizene of sach ward in the city, used to hold a quest to inquire concerning miedemeanours aud annoyances, brothele, &c. Quest-houses were the houses where the quest was hold, and which were ueually the chief watchhouses. Doll, in her next speech, alludes to the shifts made by the ladies when driven out of the city, and their private return when they no longer feared the quest.

f so] The old ed. "for."

t a hot-house] See note t, p. 209.

And to the shops he goes to buy a chaine."

Englishman, then to a Welshman, then to a Dutchman, then to a pocky Frenchman : I hope, sir, I am no hawd, then.

May. Thou art a baboon, and holdest me with tricks, whilst my wife grafts, grafts. Away, trudge, run, search her out by land and by water.

Pren. Well, sir, the land I'll ferret, and, after that, I'll search her by water, for it may he she's gone to Brainford.

May. Inquire at one of mine aunts.*

Bell. One of your aunts ! are you mad ?

May. Yea, as many of the twelve companies [Exit Prentice. are,-troubled, troubled.

Bell. I'll chide you; go to, I'll chide you soundly.

May. O Master Bellamont !

Bell. O Master Mayherry ! before your servant to dance a Lancashire hornpipe ! it shows worse to me than dancing does to a deaf man that sees not the fiddles : 'sfoot, you talk like a player.

May. If a player talk like a madman, or a fool, or an ass, and knows not what he talks, then I'm one. You are a poet, Master Bellamont; I will bestow a piece of plate upon you to bring my wife upon the stage: would not her humour please gentlemen ?

Bell. I think it would. Yours would make gentlemen as fat as fools : I would give two pieces of plate to have you stand by me when I were to write a jealous man's part. Jealous men are either knaves or coxcombs; be you neither : you wear ycllow hose without cause.

May. Without cause, when my mare bears double ! without cause !

Bell. And without wit.

May. When two virginal-jackst skip up, as the key of my instrument goes down !---

Bell. They are two wicked elders.

May. When my wife's ring does smoke for't !

Bell. Your wife's ring may deceive you.

May. O Master Bellamont! had it not been my wife had made me a cuckold, it should never have grieved me.

Bell. You wrong her, upon my soul.

May. No, she wrongs me upon her body.

t virginal-jacks] A virginal was a kind of spinnet: "in a virginal," says Bacon, "as soon as ever the jack falleth, and toucheth the string, the sound ceaseth." And Brathwait;

" For, like to jacks mov'd in a virginal, I thought enes rising was anothers fall."

Honest Ghost, 1658, p. 128.

Enter a Servingman.

Bell. Now, blue-bottle ?* what flutter you for, sea-pie?

Serv. Not to catch fish, sir : my young master, your son, Master Philip, is taken prisoner.

Bell. By the Dunkirks?+

Serv. Worse; by catchpolls the's encountered. Bell. Shall I never see that prodigal come home ?

Serv. Yee, sir, if you'll fetch him out, you may kill a calf for him.

Bell. For how much lies he?

Serv. The debt is four-score pound : marry, he charged me to tell you it was four-score and ten, so that he lies only for the odd ten pound.

Bell. His child's part§ shall now be paid : this money shall be his last, and this vexation the last of mine .--- If you had such a son, Master Mayberry !

May. To such a wife; 'twere an excellent couple.

Bell. [giving money to Serv.] Release him, and release me of much sorrow : I will buy a son no [Exit Servingman. more : go, redeem him.

Re-enter Prentice with MISTRESS MAYBERRY.

Pren. Here's the party, sir.

May. Hence, and lock fast the doors : now is my prize.

Pren. [aside] If she beat you not at your own weapon, would her buckler were cleft in two pieces ! [Exit.

Bell. I will not have you handle her too roughly.

May. No, I will, like a justice of peace, grow to the point .--- Are not you a whore? never start; thou art a cloth-worker, and hast turned me---

Mist. May. How, sir ! into what, sir, have I turn'd you ?

May. Into a civil suit, into a cober beast, a land-rat, a cuckold : thou art a common hedfellow; art not, art not?

* blue-bottle] Blue was the colour usually worn by servants of the time.

† Dunkirks] i. e. privateers of Dunkirk.

- t by catchpolls he's encountered] So Sir John Harington ; " Till at the last two catch-poles him encounter." Epigram 99, Book ii.
- § His child's part] Compare Heywood ;
- "But putst them [moneys] to increase, where in short time

They grow a child's part, or a daughter's portion."

The Fair Maid of the Exchange, 1637, Sig. D 3. And The Famous Historye of Thomas Stukely, 1605; "Not so sick, eir, but I hope to have a child's part by your last will aud testament." Sig. C 3.

^{*} aunts] Few readers of old plays require to he told that *aunt* was a cant name for a bawd or prostitute.

SCENE III.

NORTHWARD HO.

·····	
Mist. May. Sir, this language	His spells have wrought on you. But I beseech
To me is strange; I understand it not.	you
May. O, you study the French now.	To dare him to my face, and in mean time
Mist. May. Good sir, lend me patience.	Deny me bed-room, drive me from your board,
May. I made a sallad of that herb :* dost see	Disgrace me in the habit of your slave,
these flesh-hooks? I could tear out those false	Lodge me in some discomfortable vault,
eyes, those cat's eyes, that can see in the night;	Where neither sun nor moon may touch my
punk, I could.	sight,
Bell. Hear her answer for herself.	Till of this slander I my soul acquite.
Mist. May. Good Master Bellamont,	Bell. Guiltless, upon my soul !
Let him not do me violence.—Dear sir,	May. Troth, so think I.
Should any but yourself shoot out these names,	I now draw in your how, as I before
I would put off all female modesty,	Suppos'd they drew in mine: my stream ot
To be reveng'd on him.	jealousy
May. Know'st thou this ring ?	Ebbs back again, and I, that like a horse
There has been old running at the ring† since I	Ran blind-fold in a mill, all in one circle,
went.	Yet thought I had gone fore-right, now spy my
Mist. May. Yes, sir, this ring is mine : he was	error.—
a villain	Villains, you have abus'd me, and I vow
That stole it from my hand; he was a villain	Sharp vengeance on your heads !-Drive in your
That put it into yours.	tears :
May. They were no villains	I take your word you're honest; which good
When they stood stoutly for me, took your part,	men,
And, 'stead of colours, fought under my sheets.	Very good men, will scarce do to their wives.
Mist. May. I know not what you mean.	I will bring home these serpents, and allow them
May. They lay with thee:	The heat of mine own bosom : wife, I charge you,
I mean plain dealing.	Set out your haviours towards them in such
Mist. May. With me ! if ever I had thought	colours
unclean,	As if you had been their whore ; I'll have it so.
In detestation of your nuptial pillow,	I'll candy o'er my words, and sleek my brow,
Let sulphur drop from heaven, and nail my body	Eutreat 'em that they would not point at me,
Dead to this earth ! That slave, that damned Fury,	Nor mock my horns : with this arm I'll embrace
Whose whips are in your tongue to torture me,	'em,
Casting an eye unlawful on my cheek,	And with this go to !
Haunted your threshold daily, and threw forth	Mist. May. O, we shall have murder !
	You kill my heart.
All tempting baits which lust and credulous	May. No, I will shed no blood;
youth	But I will be reveng'd : they that do wrong
Apply to our frail sex : but those being weak,	Teach others way to right. I'll fetch my blow
The second siege he laid was in sweet words.	Fair and afar off, and, as fencers use,
May. And then the breach was made.	Though at the foot I strike, the head I'll bruise.
Bell. Nay, nay, hear all.	Bell. I'll join with you : let's walk O, here's
Mist. May. At last he takes me sitting at your	my son.
door,	
Seizes my palm, and, by the charm of oaths	Enter PHILIP with Servingman.
Back to restore it straight, he won my hand	Welcome ashore, sir: from whence come you,
To crown his finger with that hoop of gold.	pray?
I did demand it; but he, mad with rage	Phil. From the house of prayer and fasting,
And with desires unbridled, fled, and vow'd	the Counter.
That ring should me undo: and now belike	Bell. Art not thou ashamed to be seen come
······	out of a prison?
* a sallad of that herb] Patience was the name of an	Phil. No, God's my judge; but I was ashamed
herb: "you may recover it with a sallet of parsly and the hearbe patience." A pleasant commodie called Looke	to go into prison.
about you, 1600, Sig. C 3.	Bell. I am told, sir, that you spend your cre-
† running at the ring] See note *, p. 60.	dit and your coin upon a light woman.

Phil. I ha' seen light gold, sir, pass away amongst mercers.

Bell. And that you have laid thirty or forty pounds upon her back in taffeta gowns and silk petticoats.

Phil. None but tailors will say so: I ne'er laid any thing upon her back. I confess I took up a petticoat and a raised fore-part for her; but who has to do with that?

May. Marry, that has every body, Master Philip.

Bell. Leave her company, or leave me; for she's a woman of an ill name.

Phil. Her name is Dorothy, sir; I hope that's no ill name.

Bell. What is she? what wilt thou do with her?

May.* 'Sblood, sir, what does he with her !

Bell. Dost mean to marry her? of what birth is she? what are her comings in? what does she live upon?

Phil. Rents, sir, rents, t she lives upon her rents; and I can have her.

Bell. You can?

Phil. Nay, father, if destiny dog me, I must have her. You have often told me the nine Muses are all women, and you deal with them: may not I the better be allowed one than you so many? Look you, sir, the northern man loves white-meats, the southery man sallads, the Essex man a calf, the Kentish man a wag-tail, the Lancashire man an egg-pie, the Welshman leeks and cheese, aud your Londoners raw mutton; so, father, God b'wi'you, I was born in London.

Bell. Stay, look you, sir: as he that lives upon sallads without mutton feeds like an ox (for he eats grass, you know), yet rises as hungry as an ass; and as he that makes a dinner of leeks will have lean cheeks: so thou, foolish Londoner, if nothing but raw mutton can diet thee, look to live* like a fool and a slave, and to die like a beggar and a knave.—Come, Master Mayberry.— Farewell, boy.

Phil. Farewell, Father Snot.⁺—Sir[s], if I have her, I'll spend more in mustard and vinegar in a year than both you in beef.

 $\begin{array}{c} Bell., \\ May. \end{array} \right\} \quad \text{More saucy knave thou.} \qquad [Execut.]$

ACT II.

SCENE I.‡

Enter HORNET, DOLL; LEVERPOOL and CHARTLEY like Servingmeu.

Hor. Am I likes fiddler's base-viol, new set up, in a good case, boys? is't neat, is it terse? am I handsome, ha?

Omnes. Admirable, excellent ?

Doll. An under-sheriff cannot cover a knave more cunningly.

Lever. 'Sfoot, if he should come before a church-warden, he would make him pew-fellow with a lord's steward at least.

Hor. If I had but a staff in my hand, fools would think I were one of Simon and Jude's gentlemen-ushers, and that my apparel were

† Rents, sir, rents, &c.] The reader who is curious iu parallel passages may turn to Middleton's Blurt, Master Constable,-Works, i. 268, ed. Dyce.

t Scene I.] Londen. A room in Doll's house. (A tavoru,...the Shipwreck Tavern,...it would ecem: she has proviously said, p. 253, "I will, therefore, take a fair house in the city; no matter though it be a tavern that has blown up his master," &c.; and compare her words at the close of the present scene; "So will we four be drunk ' the Shipwreck Tavern." hired. They say three tailors go to the making up of a man; but I'm sure I had four tailors and a half went to the making of me thus : this suit, though it ha' been canvassed well, yet 'tis no lawsuit, for 'twas despatched sooner than a posset on a wedding-night.

Doll. Why, I tell thee, Jack Hornet, if the devil and all the brokers in Long-lane had rifled their wardrobe, they would ha' been damned before they had fitted thee thus.

Hor. Puuk, I shall be a simple father for you. How does my chain show, now I walk?

Doll. If thou wert hung in chains, thou couldst not show better.

Chart. But how sit our blue coats on our backs?

"My bush and my pot Cares not a groats For such a lob-coate, Farewell, Sinior snot."—Sig. G 3.

^{*} MAY] The old ed. "Phil."

^{*} look to live] Qy. was a couplet intended here?

[†] Farevell, Father Snot] This elegent valediction (after which, in the old copy, is a short break) was, perhaps, a parody on, or s quotation from, some song: in The Wit of a Woman, 1604, 1 find,

Doll. As they do upon bankrupt retainers' backs at Saint George's feast in London: but at Westminster it makes 'em scorn the badge of their occupation; there the bragging velure-canioned* hobby-horses prance up and down as if some o' the tilters had ridden 'em.

Hor. Nay, 'sfoot, if they be bankrupts, 'tis like some have ridden 'em; and thereupon the citizen's proverb rises, when he says, he trusts to a broken staff.

Doll. Hornet, now you play my father, take heed you be not out of your part, and shame your adopted daughter.

Hor. I will look gravely, Doll,—do you see, boys ?—like the foreman of a jury; and speak wisely, like a Latin schoolmaster; and be surly and dogged and proud, like the keeper of a prison.

Lever. You must lie horribly when you talk of your lands.

Hor. No shopkeeper shall outlie me, nay, no fencer. When I hem, hoys, you shall duck; when I cough and spit gobbets, Doll, ——

Doll. The pox shall be in your lungs, Hornet.

Hor. No, Doll; these with their high shoes shall tread me out.

Doll. All the lessons that I ha' pricked out for 'em is, when the weathercock of my body turns towards them, to stand bare.

Hor. And not to be saucy as servingmen are.

* velure canioned] Velure is velvet.

"Cannions, of breeches. G. canóns: on les appele ainsi pource qu'ile sont aucunement semblables aux canóns d'artillerie,—because they are like cannons of artillery, or cans or pote."—Minsheu's *Guide into the* tongues, p. 61, ed. 1617.

Strutt explains canions to be "ornamental tubes or tage at the ends of the ribbands and laces, which were attached to the extremities of the breeches."—Dress and Habits, &c., vol. ii. p. 263.

Canon-hose, decorated at the knees with a quantity of ribhone, were fashionable in the time of Charles the Second.

In a MS. copy of a comedy called *The Humourous Lovers*, by the Duke of Newcastle, among the Harleian MSS., 7367, the following song (not given in the printed copy of the play, 1677,) occure at the beginning of the 4th act:

4th act; "I conjure thee, I conjure thee, By the Ribands in thy Hatt, By the Ribands in thy Hatt, By the Ribands round thy Bum, Which is brac'd much like a Drum, By thy dangling Pantaloons, And thy ruffling Port Cannons, By thy freezeld Perriwige, Which does make thee look so bigg, By thy Sword of Silver guilt, And the Riband at thy Hilt,— Apeare, apear." Chart. Come, come, we are no such creatures as you take us for.

Doll. If we have but good draughts in my peterboat, fresh salmon, you sweet villains, shall be no meat with us.

Hor. 'Sfoot, nothing moves my choler but that my chain is copper; but 'tis no matter, better men than old Jack Hornet have rode up Holboru with as bad a thing about their necks as this : your right whiffler*, indeed, hangs himself in Saint Martin's,[†] and not in Cheapside.

Doll. Peace ! somebody rings.—Run both, whilst he has the rope in's hand : if it be a prize, hale him; if a man o' war, blow him up, or hang him out at the main-yard's end.

[Excunt LEVERPOOL and CHARTLEY.

Hor. But what ghosts-hold up, my fine girl -what ghosts haunt thy house ?

Doll. O, why, divers. I have a clothier's factor or two, a grocer that would fain pepper me, a Welsh captain that lays hard siege, a Dutch merchant that would spend all that he's able to make i'the Low-Countries but to take measure of my Holland sheets when I lie in 'em —I hear trampling; 'tis my Flemish hoy.

Re-enter LEVERPOOL and CHARTLEY, with HANS VAN BELCH.

Hans. Dar is vor you, and vor you,--een, twea, drie, vier, and vive skilling: drinks skellum upsie freese, nempt dats u drinck gelt.

Lever. Till our crowns crack again, Master Hans Van Belch.

Hans. How is't met you, how is't, vro? vrolick? Doll. Ick vare well, God danke you: nay, I'm an apt scholar, and can take.

Hans. Dat is good, dat is good. Ick can neet stay long, for Ick heb en skip come now upon de vater. O mine schonen vro, we sall dance lanteera teera, and sing Ick brincks to you, Mynheer Van.--Wat man is dat, vro?

Hor. Nay, pray, sir, on.

Hans. Wat honds foot is dat, Dorothy? Doll. 'Tis my father.

Hans. Got's sacrament, your vader ! why seyghen you niet so to me ?----Mine heart, 'tis mine all great desire to call you mine vader ta, for Ick love dis schonen vro your dochterkin.

Hor. Sir, you are welcome in the way of honesty.

Hans. Ick bedanck you : Ick heb so ghe founden vader.

* whifter] See note *, p. 242.

† Saint Martin's] See note *, p. 253.

S

Hor. What's your name, I pray?

Hans. Mun nom bin Hans Van Belch.

Hor. Hans Van Belch!

Hans. Yau, yau, 'tis so, 'tis so; de dronken man is alteet remenber me.

Hor. Do you play the merchant, son Belch?

Hans. Yau, vader. Ick heb de skip swim now upon de vater: if you endouty, go up in de little skip dat go so, and be pulled up to Wapping. Ick call bear you on my back, and hang you about min neck into min groet skip.

Hor. He says, Doll, he would have thee to Wapping, and hang thee.

Doll. No, father, I understand him.—But, Master Hans, I would not be seen hanging about any man's neck, to be counted his jewel, for any gold.

Hor. Is your father living, Master Hans?

Hans. Yau, yau, min vader heb schonen husen in Ausburgh; groet mynheer is mine vader's broder: mine vader heb land, and bin full of fee, dat is, beasts, cattle.

Chart. He's lousy, belike.

Hans. Min vader bin de grotest fooker in all Ausburgh.

Doll. The greatest what?

Lever. Fooker, he says.

Doll. Out upon him !

Hans. Yau, yau, fooker is en groet mynheer, he's en elderman vane city. Got's sacrament, wat is de clock ? Ick met stay.

Hor. [aside to Doll] Call his watch before you, if you can. [A watch.*

Doll. Here's a pretty thing: do these wheels spin up the hours? what's o'clock?

Hans. Acht; yau, 'tis acht.

Doll. We can hear neither clock nor jack going; we dwell in such a place, that I fear I shall never find the way to church, because the bells hang so far: such a watch as this would make me go down with the lamb and be up with the lark.

Hans. Seghen you so? dor it to.

Doll. O, fie, I do but jest; for, in truth, I could never abide a watch.

Hans. Got's sacrament, Ick niet heb it any more.

[Bell rings: exeant LEVERPOOL and CHARTLEY. Doll. Another peal ! Good father, launch out this Hollander.

Hor. Come, Master Belch, I will bring you to

* A watch] So the old ed. We are left to guess how Doll contrives to make Hans produce his watch. the water-side, perhaps to Wapping, and there I'll leave you.

Hans. Ick bedanck you, vader.

[Excent HANS VAN BELCH and HORNET. Doll. They say whores and bawds go by clocks; but what a Manassee is this to buy twelve hours so dearly, and then be begged out of 'em so easily ! He'll be out at heels shortly sure, for he's out about the clocks already. O foolish young man, how dost thou spend thy time !

Re-enter LEVERPOOL.

Lever. Your grocer.

Doll. Nay, 'sfoot, then I'll change my tune.

Enter ALLUM with CHARTLEY.

I may curse* such leaden-heeled rascals !—Out of my sight !—A kuife, a knife, I say !—O Master Allum, if you love a woman, draw out your knife, and undo me, undo me !

All. Sweet Mistress Dorothy, what should you do with a knife? it's ill meddling with edgetools. — What's the matter, masters? Knife! God bless us !

Lever. [aside] 'Sfoot, what tricks at noddy+ are these ?

Doll. O, I shall burst, if I cut not my lace, I'm so vexed! My father he's rid to court one way‡ about a matter of a thousand pound weight: and one of his men, like a rogue as he is, is rid another way for rents; I looked to have had him up yesterday, and up to-day, and yet he shows not his head; sure, he's run away, or robbed and run thorough. And here was a scrivener but even now, to put my father in mind of a bond that will be forfeit this night, if the money be not paid, Master Allum. Such cross fortune!

All. How much is the bond?

Chart. [aside] O rare little villaiu !

Doll. My father could take up, upon the bareness of his word, five hundred pound, and five too,—

All. What is the debt? Doll. But he scorns to be—and I scorn to be—

All. Prithee, sweet Mistress Dorothy, vex not. How much is it?

Doll. Alas, Master Allum, 'tis but poor fifty pound!

All. If that be all, you shall upon your word take up so much with me: another time I'll run as far in your books.

Doll. Sir, I know not how to rspay this kindness; but when my father-

* curse] The old ed. "cause."

tricks at noddy] Leverpool playe on the double meaning of the word noddy, which signifies hoth a game at cards (see note *, p. 229.) and a fool. ‡ way] The old ed. "was."

All. Tush, tush, 'tis uot worth the talking : just fifty pound! when is it to be paid?

Doll. Between one and two.

Lever. [aside] That's we three.

All. Let one of your men ge along, and I'll send your fifty pound.

Doll. You so bind me, sir!—[To LEVERFOOL] Ge, sirrah.—Master Allum, I ha' some quinces brought from our house i'the country to preserve: when shall we have any goed sugar come over? The wars in Barbary make sugar at such an excessive rate ! you pay sweetly now, I warrant, sir, do you net ?

All. You shall have a whole chest of sugar, if you please.

Doll. Nay, by my faith, four or five loaves will be enough, and I'll pay you at my first child, Master Allum.

All. Content, i'faith : your man shall bring all under one. I'll borrow a kiss of you at parting.

Enter CAPTAIN JENKINS.

Doll. You shall, sir; I borrow more of you. [Exeant Allum and Leverpool.

Chart. Save you, captain.

Doll. Welcome, good Captain Jenkins.

Capt. Jen. What, is he a barber-surgeon that dressed your lips so?

Doll. A barber! he's my tailor: I bid him measure how high he would make the standingcollar of my new taffeta gown before, and he, as tailors will be saucy and lickerish, laid me o'er the lips.

Capt. Jen. Ud's blood, I'll lay him 'cross upon his coxcomb next day.

Doll. You know 'tis not for a gentleweman to stand with a knave for a small matter, and so I would net strive with him, enly to be rid of him.

Capt. Jen. If I take Master Prick-louse ramping so high again, by this iron, which is none o' God's angel,* I'll make him knew hew to kiss your hlind cheeks sconer. Mistress Dorothy Hornet, I would not have you be a hornet to lick at cowshards, but to sting such shreds of rascality: will you sing "A tailor shall have me, my jey"?

Doll. Captain, I'll be led by you in any thing. A tailor, foh !

Capt. Jen. Of what stature or size have you a stomach to have your husband now?

Doll. Of the meanest stature, captain; not a size longer than yourself nor shorter.

Capt. Jen. By God, 'tis well said; all your best captain in the Low-Countries are as taller as I: but why of my pitch, Mistress Doll?

Doll. Because your smallest arrows fly farthest. Ah, you little hard-favoured villain, but sweet villain, I love thee because thou't draw o'my side: hang the regue that will not fight for a woman!

Capt. Jen. Ud's blood, and hang him for urse than a rogue that will elash and cut for an eman, if she be a whore.

Doll. Prithee, good Captain Jenkins, teach me to speak some Welsh: methinks a Welshman's tongue is the neatest tongue—

Capt. Jen. As any tongue in the urld, unless Cra ma crees, that's urse.

Doll. How do you say, "I love you with all my heart"?

Capt. Jen. Mi cara whee en hellon.*

Doll. Mi cara whee en hell-hound.

Capt. Jen. Hell-hound! O mon dieu /-Mi cara whee en hellon.

Doll. O, Mi cara whee en hellon.

Capt. Jen. O, an you went to writing-school twenty-score year in Wales, by Sesu, you cannot have better utterance for Welsh.

Doll. "Come tit me, come tat me, come threw a kiss at me"—how is that ?

Capt. Jen. By gad, I kanow not what your tit-mes and tat-mes are, but mee uatha: 'sblood, I know what kisses be as well as I know a Welsh hook. If you will go down with Shropshire carriers, you shall have Welsh enough in your pellies forty weeks.

Doll. Say, captain, that I should follow your colours into your country, how should I fare there?

Capt. Jen. Fare ! by Sesu, O, there is the most abominable seer, † and wider silver pots to drink in, and softer peds to lie upon and de our necessary pusiness, and fairer houses, and parks, and holes for conies, and more money, besides toasted seese and butter-milk in North Wales, diggon, besides harps, and Welsh frize, and goats, and cow-heels, and metheglin : euh, it may be set in the kernicles. Will you march thither ?

^{*} which is none o' God's angel] Compare Dekker; "I markt, by this candle, which is none of God's Angels." Satiromastix, 1602, Sig. C.

^{*} Qy. Migara chwi yn nghalon?

[†] abominable seer] The captain does not use abominable iu a bad sense, quite the reverse : so in Field's A Woman is a Weathercock, 1612;

[&]quot;Abraham. Does she so love me say you?

Pendant. Yes, yes, out of all question the whore does love you abhominable." Sig. F. 4.

Is it necessary to add that by "seer" he means cheer, aud, a little after, by "kernicles" chronicles ?

Doll. Not with your Shropshire carriers, captain.

Capt. Jen. Will you go with Captain Jenkin, and see his cousin Madoc ap-an-Jenkin there? and I'll run headlongs by and by, and batter away money for a new coach to jolt you in.

Doll. Bestow your coach upou me, and two young white mares, and you shall see how I'll ride.

Capt. Jen. Will you? by all the leeks that are worn on Saint Davy's day, I will buy not only a coach with four wheels, but also a white mare and a stone-horse too, because they shall traw you very lustily, as if the devil were in their arses.

As he is going, enter PHILIP.

How now! more tailors?

Phil. How, sir! tailors!

Doll. O good captain, 'tis my cousin.

Capt. Jen. Is he -I will cousin you then, sir, too one day.

Phil. I hope, sir, then to cozen you too.

Capt. Jen. By gad, I hobe so .- Farewell, Sidanen.* Exit.

Re-enter LEVERPOOL at another door.

Lever. Here's both money and sugar.

Doll. O sweet villain ! set it up.

[Exit LEVERPOOL, and re-enter presently. Phil. 'Sfoot, what tame swaggerer was this I met, Doll?

Doll. A captain, a captain. But hast scaped the Dunkirks, honest Philip? Philip rials are not more welcome: did thy father pay the shot?

Phil. He paid that shot, and then shot pistolets into my pockets: hark, wench ;--

Chink, chink,

Makes the punk wanton and the bawd to wink.

Chart. O rare mueic !

[Capers.

Lever. Heavenly consort, better than old Moon's!+

Phil. But why, why, Doll, go these two like beadles in blue. ha?

* Sidanen] The old copy "Sidanien "-"Sidanen, s. f. dim. (sidau) that is silken, or made of silk. It is the name of an old tune; also an epithet for a fine woman; and has been applied particularly to Queen Elizabeth." Owen's Dictionary of the Welch Language.

In reference to the latter part of the preceding quotation from Owen, I have to observe, that there was licensed to Richard Jones, the 13th of August, 1579, A Ballad of Brittishs Sidanen, applied by a courtier to the praise of the Quene, which is printed (from a MS.) in the British Bibliographer, vol. i. p. 338, and entitled A Dittie to the tune of Welshe Sydänen, made to the Queenes maj." Eliz. by Lodov. Lloyd.

Heavenly consort, better than old Moon's] "Sirrah wag, this rogue was son and heire to Antony Nowe-Now, and Blind Moone : and hee must needs be a ecurvy

Doll. There's a moral in that.-Flay off your skins, you precious cannibals.—O, that the Welsh captain were here again, and a drum with him! I could march now, ran, tan, tan, tara, ran, tan, tan.---Sirrah Philip, has thy father any plate in's house?

Phil. Enough to set up a goldsmith's shop.

Doll. Canst not borrow some of it? We shall have guests to-morrow or next day, and I would serve the hungry ragamuffins in plate, though 'twere none of mine own.

Phil. I shall hardly borrow it of him; but I could get one of mine aunts to beat the bush for me, and she might get the bird.

Doll. Why, prithee, let me be one of thine aunts,* and do it for me, then : as I'm virtuous and a gentlewoman, I'll restore.

Phil. Say no more; 'tis done.

Doll. What manner of man is thy father? 'sfoot, I'd fain see the witty monkey, because thou sayest he's a poet. I'll tell thee what I'll do. Leverpool or Chartley shall, like my gentleman-usher, go to him, and say such a lady sends for him about a sonnet or an epitaph for her child that died at nurse, or for some device about a mask or so: if he comes, you shall stand in a corner, and see in what state I'll bear myself. He does not know me nor my lodging ?

Phil. No, no.

Doll. Is't a match, sirs ? shall's be merry with him and his Muse?

Phil., Lever., Chart. Agreed; any scaffold to execute knavery upon.

Doll. I'll send, then, my vaunt-courier presently: in the mean time march after the captain, scoundrels.—Come, hold me up:

Look, how Sabrina suuk i'the river Severn.

So will we four be drunk i'the Shipwreck Tavern. Exeunt.

SCENE IL+

Enter BELLAMONT, MAYBERRY, and MISTRESS MAYBERRY.

May. Come, wife, our two gallants will be here presently: I have promised them the best of entertainment, with protestation never to reveal

musition that hath two fidlers to his fathers." Wilkins's Miseries of Inforst Marriage, Sig. A. 2, 1607.

Anthony Now-Now figures in Chettle's Kind-Harts Dream, 1592.

When the present play was written, and long after, a set of musicians playing or einging together was called a consort ; the term concert is comparatively modern.

* aunts] See note *, p. 254.

* Scene II.] The same. A room in the house of Mayberry.

ACT II.

SCENE II.

NORTHWARD HO.

to thee their slander. I will have thee bear thyself as if thou madest a feast upon Simon and Jude's day to country gentlewomen that came to see the pageant: bid them extremely welcome, though thou wish their throats cut; 'tis in fashion.

Mist. May. O God! I shall never endure them. Bell. Endure them ! you are a fool. Make it your case, as it may be many women's of the freedom, that you had a friend in private whom your hushand should lay to his bosom, and he in requital should lay his wife to his bosom; what treads of the toe, salutations by winks, discourse by bitings of the lip, amorous glances, sweet stolen kisses, when your husband's back's turned, would pass between them ! Bear yourself to Greenshield as if you did love him for affecting you so entirely, not taking any notice of his journey : they'll put more tricks upon you.— You told me, Greenshield means to bring his sister to your house, to have her hoard here.

May. Right. She's some cracked demi-culverin that hath miscarried in service: no matter though it he some charge to me for a time, I care not.

Mist. May. Lord, was there ever such a husband!

May. Why, wouldst thou have me suffer their tongues to run at large in ordinaries and cockpits? Though the knaves do lie, I tell you, Master Bellamont, lies that come from stern looks and satin outsides, and gilt rapiers also, will be put up and go for current.

Bell. Right, sir; 'tis a small spark gives fire to a beautiful woman's discredit.

May. I will therefore use them like informing knaves in this kind; make up their mouths with silver, and after be revenged upon them. I was in doubt I should have grown fat of late: an it were not for law-suits and fear of our wives, we rich men should grow out of all compass.—They come.

Enter GREENSHIELD and FEATHERSTONE.

My worthy friends, welcome: look, my wife's colour rises already.

Green. You have not made her acquainted with the discovery?

May. O, by no means. Ye see, gentlemen, the affection of an old man : I would fain make all whole again.—Wife, give entertainment to our new acquaintance : your lips, wife; any woman may lend her lips without her husband's privity; 'tis allowable.

Mist. May. You are very welcome. I think it

be near dinner-time, gentlemen: I'll will * the maid to cover, and return presently. [Exit.

Bell. [aside to May.] God's precious, why doth she leave them?

May. [aside to Bell.] O, I know her stomach: she is but retired into another chamber, to ease her heart with crying a little. It hath ever been her humour: she hath done it five or six times in a day, when courtiers have been here, if any thing hath been out of order, and yet, every return, laughed and been as merry !—And how is it, gentlemen ? you are well acquainted with this room, are you not ?

Green. I had a delicate banquet once on that table.

May. In good time: but you are better acquainted with my bed-chamber.

Bell. Were the cloth-of-gold cushions set forth at your entertainment?

Feath. Yes, sir.

May. And the cloth-of-tissue vallance?

Feath. They are very rich ones.

May. [aside] God refuse me, they are lying rascals! I have no such furniture.

Green. I protest it was the strangest, and yet withal the happiest fortune, that we should meet you two at Ware, that ever redeemed such dissolute actions. I would not wrong you again for a million of Londons.

May. No? Do you want any money? or if you be in debt (I am a hundred pound i'the subsidy), command me.

Feath. Alas, good gentleman! Did you ever read of the like patience in any of your ancient Romans?

Bell. You see what a sweet face in a velvet cap can do: your citizen's wives are like partridges, the hens are better than the cocks.

Feath. I believe it, in troth : sir, you did observe how the gentlewoman could not contain herself when she saw us enter?

Bell. Right.

Feath. For thus much I must speak in allowance of her modesty; when I had her most private, she would blush extremely.

Bell. Ay, I warrant you, and ask you if you would have such a great sin lie upon your conscience as to lie with auother man's wife ?

Feath. In troth, she-would.

Bell. And tell you there were maids enough in London, if a man were so viciously given, whose portions would help them to husbands, though gentlemen gave the first onset?

Feath. You are a merry old gentleman, in faith, sir: much like to this was her language.

Bell. And yet clip * you with as voluntary a hosom as if she had fallen in love with you at some Inns-o'-court revels, and invited you by letter to her lodging ?

Feath. Your knowledge, sir, is perfect without any information.

May. I'll go see what my wife is doing, gentlemen: when my wife enters, show her this ring, and 'twill quit all suspicion. [Exit.

Feath. [aside to Green.] Dost hear, Luke Greenshield? will thy wife he here presently?

Green.+ [aside to Feath.] I left my boy to wait upon her. By this light, I think God provides; for if this citizen had not, out of his overplus of kindness, proffered her her diet and lodging under the name of my sister, I could not have told what shift to have made, for the greatest part of my money is revolted: we'll make more use of him. The whoreson rich innkeeper of Doncaster, her father, showed himself a rank ostler, to send her up at this time o' year, and by the carrier too; 'twas but a jade's trick of him.

Feath. [aside to Green.] But have you instructed her to call you brother?

Green. [aside to Feath.] Yes; and she'll do it. I left her at Bosoms Inn : ‡ she'll be here presently.

Re-enter MAYBERRY.

May. Master Greenshield, your sister is come; my wife is entertaining her : by the mass, I have been upon her lips already.

Re-enter MISTRESS MAYBERRY with KATE.

Lady, you are welcome.—Look you, Master Greenshield, because your sister is newly come out of the fresh air, and that to be pent up in a narrow lodging here i'the city may offend her health, she shall lodge at a garden-house of mine in Moorfields; where if it please you and my worthy friend here to hear her company, your several lodgings and joint commone, to the poor ability of a citizen, shall be provided.

Feath. O God, sir !

May. Nay, no compliment; your loves com-

[‡] Bosoms Inn] "Antiquitice in this Lane [St. Lawrence Lane] I find none other than that, among many fair Houses, there is one large Inne for receit of Travellers, called Blossoms Inne, but corruptly Bosoms Inne, and hath to sign S. Laurence the Deacon, in a border of Blossoms or Flowers." Sturys Survey of London, &c. B. iii. p. 40, ed. 1720. mand it, Shall's to dinner, gentlemen?-Come, Master Bellamont.---I'll be the gentleman-usher to this fair lady.*

[Excunt MAYBERRY and BELLAMONT.

Mist. May. Sir, I am still myself. I know not by what means you have grown upon my husband: he is much deceived in you, I take it. Will you go in to dinner?—[Aside] O God, that. I might have my will of him! an it were not for my husband, I'd scratch out his eyes presently.

[Excunt GREENSHIELD and MISTRESS MAYBERRY. Feath. Welcome to London, bonny Mistress Kate: thy husband little dreams of the familiarity that hath passed between thee and I, Kate.

Kate. No matter, if he did. He ran away from me, like a base slave as he was, out of Yorkshire, and pretended he would go the Island voyage: since I ne'er heard of him till within this fortnight. Can the world condemn me for entertaining a friend, that am used so like an infidel?

Feath. I think not: but if your husband knew of this, he'd be divorced.

Kate. He were an ass, then. No: wise men should deal by their wives as the sale of ordnance passeth in England: if it break the first discharge, the workman is at the loss of it; if the second, the merchant and the workman jointly; if the third, the merchant: so iu our case, if a woman prove false the first year, turn her upou her father's neck ; if the second, turn her home to her father, but allow her a portion; but if she hold pure metal two year and fly to several pieces in the third, repair the ruins of her honesty at your charges: for the best piece of ordnance may be cracked in the casting; and for women to have cracks and flaws, alas, they are boru to them. Now, I have held out four year.-Doth my husband do any things about London? doth he swagger ?

Feath. O, as tame as a fray in Fleet-street, when there are nobody to part them.

* *I'll be the gentleman-usher to this fair lady*] In the first edition of this work I transferred these words to Greenshield,—wrongly, I now helieve.

^{*} clip] i. e. embrace.

[†] Green.] The old ed. "May."

t _____] This break is found in the old ed., occasioned by some defect in the MS.

t the Island Yoyage] Undertaken against Hispaniola, in 1585: the fleet, commanded by Sir Francis Drake, consisted of twenty-oue shipe, carrying above two thousand volunteers: they took possession of St. Domingo.

Kate. I ever thought so. We have notable valiant fellows about Doncaster; they'll give the lie and the stab both in an instant.

Feath. You like such kind of manhood best, Kate.

Kate. Yes, in troth; for I think any woman that loves her friend had rather have him staud by it than lie by it. But, I pray thes, tell me why must I be quartered at this citizen's gardenhouse, say you?

Feath. The discourse of that will set thy blood on fire to be revenged on thy husband's foreheadpiece.

Re-enter MISTRESS MAYBERRY and BELLAMONT.

Mist. May. Will you go in to dinner, sir?

Kate. Will you lead the way, forsooth ?

Mist. May. No, sweet, forsooth, we'll follow you. [Exeunt KATE and FEATHERSTONE.] O Master Bellamout, as ever you took pity upon the simplicity of a poor abused gentlewoman, will you tell me one thing?

Bell. Any thing, sweet Mistress Mayherry.

Mist. May. Ay, but will you do it faithfully?

Bell. As I respect your acquaintance, I shall do it.

Mist. May. Tell me, then, I beseech you, do not you think this minx is some naughty pack whom my husband hath fallen in love with, and means to keep under my nose at his gardenhouse?*

Bell. No, upon my life, is she not.

Mist. May. O, I caunct believe it. I know by her eyes she is not honest. Why should my husband proffer them such kindness that have abused him and me so intolerable? and will not suffer me to speak—there's the hell on't—uot suffer me to speak?

Bell. Fie, fie! he doth that like a usurer that will use a man with all kindness, that he may be careless of paying his money upon his day, and afterwards take the extremity of the forfeiture. Your jealousy is idle: say this were true; it lies in the bosom of a sweet wife to draw her husband from any loose imperfection, from wenching, from jealousy, from covetousness, from crabbedness (which is the old man's common disease), by her politic yielding. She may do it from crabbedness; for example, I have known as tough blades as any are in England broke upon a feather-bed. Come to dinner.

Mist. May. I'll be ruled by you, sir, for you are very like mine uncle.

Bell. Suspicion works more mischief, grows more strong,

To sever chaste beds, than apparent wrong.+

[Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I.*

Enter DOLL, CHARTLEY, LEVERPOOL, and PHILIP.

Phil. Come, my little punk, with thy two compositors to this unlawful painting-house, thy pounders: + my old poetical dad will be here presently. Take up thy state in this chair, and bear thyself as if thou wert talking to thy pothecary after the receipt of a purgation: look scurvily upon him; sometimes be merry, and stand upon thy pantofles, t like a new-elected scavenger.

Doll. And by and by melancholic, like a tilter that hath broke his staves foul before his mistress.

Phil. Right, for hc takes thee to be a woman of a great count. [Knocking within.] Hark! upon my life, he's come. [Hides himself.

* Scene I.] London. A room in Doll's house (see note ‡, p. 256).

+ thy pounders: my old poetical dad, &c.] The old ed. has "thy pounders a my old poeticall dad," &c. I am doubtful about the right reading.

1 pantofles] i. c. slippere.

Doll. See who knocks. [Exit LEVERPOOL.] Thou shalt see me make a fool of a poet, that hath made five hundred fools.

Re-enter LEVERPOOL.

Lever. Please your new ladyship, he's come.

Doll. Is he? I should for the more state let him walk some two hours in an outer-room: if I did owe him money, 'twere not much out of fashion. But come, enter him :--stay; when we are in private conference, send in my tailor.

Enter Bellamont, brought in by Leverpool.

Lever. Look you, my lady's asleep : she'll wake presently.

" what makes he heere, In the skirts of Holhorne, so neere the field, And at a garden-house? a has some punke, Upon my life."

t wrong] The old ed. "wrongs."

^{*} at his garden-house] Garden-houses were used for such purposes: so in the opening of Barry's Ram-Alley, 1611;

Bell. I come not to teach a starling, sir; God b' wi' you !

Lever. Nay, in truth, sir, if my lady should but dream you had been here,——

Doll. Who's that keeps such a prating ?

Lever. 'Tis I, madam.

Doll. I'll have you preferred to be a crier; you have an excellent throat for't.—Pox o' the poet, is he not come yet?

Lever. He's here, madam.

Doll. Cry you mercy: I ha' cursed my moukey for shrewd turns a hundred times, and yet I love it never the worse, I protest.

Bell. 'Tis not in fashion, dear lady, to call the breaking out of a gentlewoman's lips scabs, but the heat of the liver.

Doll. So, sir :---if you have a sweet breath, and do not smell of sweaty linen, you may draw nearer, nearer.

Bell. I am no friend to garlic, madam.

Doll. You write the sweeter verse a great deal, sir. I have heard much good of your wit, master poet; you do many devices for citizen's wives: I care not greatly, because I have a city-laundress already, if I get a city-poet too: I have such a device for you, and this it is—

Enter Tailor.

O, welcome, tailor.--Do but wait till I despatch my tailor, and I'll discover my device to you.

Bell. I'll take my leave of your ladyship.

Doll. No, I pray thee, stay: I must have you sweat for my device, master poet.

Phil. [aside] He sweats already, believe it.

Doll. A cup of wine, there !---What fashion will make a woman have the best body, tailor ?

Tailor. A short Dutch waist with a round Catherine-wheel farthingale; a close sleeve with a cartoose * collar and a piccadel.⁺

Doll. And what meat will make a woman have a fine wit, master poet?

Bell. Fowl, madam, is the most light, delicate, and witty feeding.

Doll. Fowl, sayest thou? I know them that feed of it every meal, and yet are as arrant fools as any are in a kingdom, of my credit.—Hast thou done, tailor? [*Exit* Tailor.] Now to discover my device, sir: Pll drink to you, sir.

Phil. [aside] God's precious, we ne'er thought

t piccadel] Is described as an upright collar with stiffened plaits: here it seems to mean a sort of edging to the collar. of her device before; pray God it be any thing tolerable.

Doll. I'll have you make twelve posies for a dozen of cheese-trenchers.*

Phil. [aside] O horrible !

Bell. In Welsh, madam ?

' Doll. Why in Welsh, sir?

Bell. Because you will have them served in with your cheese, lady.

Doll. I will bestow them, indeed, upon a Welsh captain, one that loves cheese better than venison; for if you should but get three or four Cheshire cheeses, and set them a-running down Highgatehill, he would make more haste after them than after the best kennel of hounds in England. What think you of my device ?

Bell. 'Fore God, a very strange device and a cunning one.

Phil. [aside] Now he begins to eye the goblet. Bell. You should be akin to the Bellamonts; you give the same arms, madam.

Doll. Faith, I paid sweetly for the cup, as it may be you and some other gentlemen have done for their arms.

Bell. Ha! the same weight, the same fashion ! I had three nest of them + given me by a nobleman at the christening of my son Philip.

Phil. [*Discovering himself*] Your son is come to full age, sir, and hath ta'en possession of the gift of his godfather.

Bell. Ha! thou wilt uot kill me?

Phil. No, sir, I'll kill no poet, lest his ghost write satires against me.

* twelve posies for a dozen of cheese-trenchers] Cheesetrenchers, at the time this play was written, used frequently to have posies inscribed on them. In Dekker and Middleton's Honest Whore, Part First, George quotes six lines, "as one of our cheese-trenchers saya very learnedly." Middleton's Works, iii. 98, ed. Dyce. Compare too Middleton's No Wit, no Help, like a Woman's:

"L. Gold. Twelve trenchers, upon every one a month! January, February, March, April—

Pep. Ay, and their posies under 'em.

L. Gold. Pray, what says May? she's the spring lady. Pep. [reads]

Now gallant May, in her array,

Doth make the field pleasant and gay," &c.

Id. v. 40.

three nest of them] So in the opening of Marston's Dutch Courtezan, 1605; "cogging Cocledemoy ie runne away with a neast of goblets;" and so in Armin's Two Maides of Moreclacke, 1609;

"Place your plate, and pile your vitriall bosles

Nest upon nest." Sig. H 2.

Mr. Crossley, of Manchester, observes to me that the term nest of goblets is still made use of in the West Riding of Yorkshire; a near relative of his possesses one of these nests,—a large goblet containing many smaller ones of gradually diminishing sizes, which fit into each other and fill it up.

^{*} cartoose] Qy. "cartouch"?

Bell. What's she? a good commonwealth's woman, she was born-

Phil. For her country, and has borne her country.

Bell. Heart of virtue, what make I here?

Phil. This was the party you railed on. I keep no worse company than yourself, father. You were wont to say, venery is like usury, that it may be allowed though it be not lawful.

Bell. Wherefore come I hither ?

Doll. To make a device for cheese-trenchers.

Phil. I'll tell you why I sent for you; for nothing but to show you that your gravity may be drawn in; white hairs may fall into the company of drabs, as well as red-beards into the society of knaves. Would not this woman deceive a whole camp i'the Low-Countries, and make one commander believe she only kept her cabin for him, and yet quarter twenty more in't?

Doll. Prithee, poet, what dost thou think of me? Bell. I think thou art a most admirable, brave, beautiful whore.

Doll. Nay, sir, I was told you would rail: but what do you think of my device, sir? nay, but you are not to depart yet, master poet: wut sup with me? I'll cashier all my young barnacles, and we'll talk over a piece of mutton and a partridge wisely.

Bell. Sup with thes, that art a common undertaker ! thou that dost promise nothing but watchet eyes, bombast* calves, and false periwigs !

Doll. Prithes, comb thy beard with a comb of black lead; it may be I shall affect thee.

Bell. O thy unlucky star! I must take my leave of your worship; I cannot fit your device at this instant. I must desire to borrow a nest of goblets of you [Taking them].—O villany! I would some honest hutcher would beg all the queans and knaves i'the city, and carry them into some other country: they'd sell better than beeves and calves. What a virtuous city would this be, then! marry, I think there would be a few people left in't. Ud's foot, gulled with cheese-trenchers, and yoked in entertainment with a tailor! good, good. [Exit.

Phil. How dost, Doll?

Doll. Scurvy, very scurvy.

Lever. Where shall's sup, wench ?

Doll. I'll sup in my bed. Get you home to your lodging, and come when I send for you. O filthy rogue that I am!

* bombast] i. s. bombasted, -stuffed.

Phil. How, how, Mistress Dorothy?

Doll. Saint Antouy's fire light in your Spanish slops! ud's life, I'll make you know a difference between my mirth and melancholy, you panderly rogue.

Omnes. We observe your ladyship.

Phil. The punk's in her humour, pax*.

Doll. I'll humour you, an you pox me.

[Exeant CHARTLEY, LEVERFOOL, and PHILE. Ud's life, have I lien with a Spaniard of late, that I have learnt to mingle such water with my Malaga? O, there's some scurvy thing or other breeding! How many several loves of players, of vaulters, of lieutenants, have I entertained, besides a runner o' the ropes, and now to let blood when the sign is at the heart ! Should I send him a letter with some jewel in't, he would requite it as lawyers do, that return a woodcockpie to their clients, when they send them a bason and a ewer.† I will instantly go and make myself drunk till I have lost my memory. Love‡ a scoffing poet! [Exit.

SCENE II.§

Enter LEAPFROG and SQUIRREL.

Leap. Now, Squirrel, wilt thou make us acquainted with the jest thou promised to tell us of ?

Squir. I will discover it, not as a Derhyshire woman discovers her great teeth, in laughter, hut softly, as a gentleman courts a wench behind an arras; and this it is. Young Greenshield, thy master, with Greenshield's sister, lie in my master's garden-house here in Moorfields.

Leap. Right : what of this ?

* pax] For pos; it was perhaps an affected mode of prononncing the word. So Heywood and Brome in The late Lancashire Witches, 1634, "Pax, I think not on't,"— Sig. E 3; Brome in the Joviall Crew, 1652, "Pax o' your fine thing,"—Sig. L; and Middleton, in Your Five Gallants, "Pax on't, we spoil ourselves for want of these things at university,"—Works, il. 235, ed. Dyce.

† Should I send him a letter, &c. . . a bason and a ewer] I once imagined that "a woodcock-pie" meant here long bills; but I now think it is a mere derision, as woodcocks were reckconed foollish hirds: when this play was written, basons and evers of silver used frequently to be given as presents; "One of Lord Timon's men? a gift, I warrant. Why, this hits right; I dreamt of a silver bason and ever to-night." Shakespears's Timon of Athens, act iii. sc. 1.

t Love] The old ed. "live."

§ Scene II.] The lobby in Mayberry's garden-house, Moorfields.

|| thy master] i. s. Featherstons.

Squir. Marry, sir, if the gentlewoman be not his wife, he commits incest, for I'm sure he lies with her every night.

Leap. All this I know; but to the rest.

Squir. I will tell thee the most politic trick of a woman that e'er made a man's face look withered and pale, like the tree in Cuckold'shaven * in a great snow; and this it is. My mistress makes her husband believe that she walks in her sleep o' nights; and to confirm this helief in him, sundry times she hath risen out of her hed, unlocked all the doors, gone from chamber to chamber, opened her chests, toused among her linen, and when he hath waked and missed her,

* the tree in Cuckold's-haven] As perhaps this work may hs read hy some who are unacquainted with the neighhourhood of London, and have never sailed down the Thames to eat white-hait at Greenwich, it may be necessary to inform them that a little below Rotherhithe is a apot, close ou the river, called Cuckold's Point, which is distinguished by a tall pole with a pair of horns on the top. Tradition says that near this place there lived, io the reign of King John, a miller who had a handsome wife; that his majesty had an intrigue with the fair dame, and gave the husband, as a compensation, all the land on that side, which he could see from his house, looking down the Thames, -which land, however, he was to possess only on the condition of walking on that day (the 18th of October) annually to the farthest bounds of his estate with a pair of huck's horns on his head; and that the miller, having cleared his eyeaight, saw as far as Charlton, and enjoyed the land on the above-mentioned terms. (In several books which condescend to notice this story we are told that the miller lived at Charlton and saw as far as Cuckold'a Point; but the version of it which I have given is what the watermen on the Thames even now repeat.) Hornfair is still held at Charlton, on the 18th of Octoher, in commemoration of the event.

In A Discovery by Sea, &c. by Taylor the water-poet, (Works, folio, p. 21, 1630,) are the following lines :--

"And passing further, I at first observ'd That Cuckold's Haven was but hadly serv'd; For there old Time had such confusion wrought, That of that ancient place remained nought. No monumentall memorable Horne, Or Tree, or Post, which hath those trophees horne, Was left, whereby posterity may know Where their forefathers crests did grow, or show."

- "Why, then, for shame this worthy port mainetaine, Let's have our Tree and Horne set up againe; That passengers may shew obedieuce to it, In putting off their hats, and homage doe it."
- "But holla, Muse, no longer be offended, "The worthily repair'd, and hravely mended. For which great meritorious worke, my pen Shall give the glory unto Greenwitch men : It was their onely cost, they were the actors Without the helpe of other benefactors; For which my pen their prayees here adornes, As they have heautifid the Hav'n with Hornes."

The custom here alluded to, of doing homage to the pole-horns, is not yet obsolete among the vulgar.

coming to question why she conjured thus at midnight, he hath found her fast asleep: marry, it was cat's sleep, for you shall hear what prey she watched for.

Leap. Good : forth.

Squir. I overheard her last night talking with thy master, and she promised him that as soon as her husband was asleep, she would walk according to her custom, and come to his chamber: marry, she would do it so puritanically, so secretly, I mean, that nobody should hear of it.

Leap. Is't possible?

Squir. Take but that corner and stand close, and thine eyes shall witness it.

Leap. O intolerable wit! what hold can any man take of a woman's honesty?

Squir. Hold! no more hold than of a bull 'nointed with soap, and baited with a shoal of fiddlers in Staffordshire.—Stand close; I hear her coming.

Enter KATE.

Kate. What a filthy knave was the shoemaker that made my slippers! what a creaking they kcep! O Lord, if there be any power that can make a woman's husband sleep soundly at a pinch, as I have often read in foolish poetry that there is, now, now, an it be thy will, let him dream some fine dream or other, that he's made a knight or a nobleman or somewhat, whilst I go and take but two kisses, but two kisses, from sweet Featherstone! [Exit.

Squir. 'Sfoot, he may well dream he's made a knight, for I'll be hanged if she do not dub him.

Enter GREENSHIELD.

Green. Was there ever any walking spirit like to my wife? what reason should there be in nature for this? I will question some physician. Nor here neither! Ud's life, I would laugh if she were in Master Featherstone's chamber: she would fright him.—Master Featherstone, Master Featherstone!

Feath. [within] Ha! how now! who calls?

Green. Did you leave your door open last night? Feath. [within] I kuow not; I think my boy did.

Green. God's light, she's there, then.—Will you know the jest? my wife hath her old tricks. I'll hold my life, my wife's in your chamber: rise out of your bed, and see an you can feel her.

Squir. [aside to Leap.] He will feel her, I warrant you.

Green. Have you her, sir ?

Feath. [within] Not yet, sir :- she's here, sir.

Green. So I said even now to myself, before God, la.- Take her up in your arms, and bring

hsr hither softly for fear of waking her.—I never knew the like of this, before God, la.

Enter FEATHERSTONE with KATE in his arms.

Alas, poor Kate !- Look, before God, she's aslcep with her eyes open: pretty little rogue! I'll wake her, and make her ashamed of it.

Feath. O, you'll make her sicker, then.

Green. I warrant you.—Would all women thought no more hurt than thou dost now, sweet villain !—Kate, Kate !

Kate. I longed for the merrythought of a pheasaut.

Green. She talks in her sleep.

Kate. And the foul-gutted tripe-wife had got it, and eat half of it; and my colour went and came, and my stomach wambled, till I was ready to swoon; but a midwife perceived it, and marked which way my eyes went, and helped me to it: but, Lord, how I picked it! 'twas the sweetest meat, methought.

Squir. [aside] O politic mistress!

Green. Why, Kate, Kate !

Kate. Ha, ha, ha! ay, beshrew your heart---Lord, where am I?

Green. I pray thee, be not frighted.

Kate. O, I am sick, I am sick! O, how my flesh trembles! O, some of the angelicawater! I shall have the mother * presently.

Green. Hold down her stomach, good Master Featherstone, while I fetch some. [Exit. Feath. Well dissembled, Kats.

Kate. Pish, I am like some of your ladies that can be sick when they have no stomach to lie

with their husbands. *Feath.* What mischievous fortune is this! We'll have a journey to Ware, Kate, to redeem this misfortune.

Kate. Well, cheaters do not win always: that woman that will entertain a friend must as well provide a closet or backdoor for him as a feather-bed.

Feath. By my troth, I pity thy husband.

Kate. Pity him! no man dares call him cuckold, for he wears satin: pity him! he that will pull down a man's sign and set up horns, there's law for him.

Feath. Be sick again, your husband comes.

Re-enter GREENSHIELD with a broken shin.

Green. I have the worst luck; I think I get more bumps and shrewd turns i'the dark—How does she, Master Featherstone?

* the mother] i. e. hysterical passion.

Feath. Very ill, sir, she's troubled with the mother extremely: I held down her helly even now, and I might feel it rise.

Kate. O, lay me in my bed, I beseech you !

Green. I will find a remedy for this walking, if all the doctors in town can sell it: a thousand pound to a penny she spoil not her face, or break her neck, or catch a cold that she may ne'er claw off again.—How dost, wench?

Kate. A little recovered. Alas, I have so troubled that gentleman!

Feath. None i'the world, Kate: may I do you any further service?

Kate. An I were where I would be, in your bed,—pray, pardon me, was't you, Master Featherstone?—hem, I should be well then.

Squir. [aside to Leap.] Mark how she wrings him by the fingers.

Kate. Good night.—Pray you, give the gentleman thanks for patience.

Green. Good night, sir.

Feath. You have a shrewd blow; you were best have it searched.

Green. A scratch, a scratch.

[Excunt GREENSHIELD and KATE.

Feath. Let me see, what excuse should I frame, to get this wench forth o'town with me? I'll persuade her husband to take physic, and presently have a letter framed from his fatherin-law, to be delivered that morning, for his wife to come and receive some small parcel of money in Enfield-chase, at a keeper's that is her uncle: then, sir, he, not being in case to travel, will entreat me to accompany his wife: we'll lie at Ware all night, and the next morning to London. I'll go strike a tinder, and frame a letter presently. [Exit.

Squir. And I'll take the pains to discover all this to my master, old Mayberry. There hath gone a report a good while my master hath used them kindly, because they have been over familiar with his wife; but I see which way Featherstone looks. Sfoot, there's ne'er a gentleman of them all shall gull a citizen, and think to go scot-free. Though your commons shrink for this, be but secret, and my master shall entertain thee; make thee, instead of handling false dice, finger nothing but gold and silver, wag: an old servingman turns to a young beggar, whereas a young prentice may turn to an old alderman. Wilt be secret ?

Leap. O God, sir, as secret as rushes* in an old lady's chamber. [Excunt.

* rushes] See note +, p. 21.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.*

Enter BELLAMONT, in his nightcap, with leaves in his hand; his Servingman after him, with lights, standish, and paper.

Bell. Sirrah, I'll speak with none. Serv. Not a player?

Bell. No, though a sharer hawl;

I'll speak with none, although it he the mouth

Of the hig company; I'll speak with none: away! [Exit Servingman.

Why should not I be an excellent statesman? I can in the writing of a tragedy make Cæsar speak hetter than ever his ambition could; when I write of Pompey, I have Pompey's soul within me; and when I personate a worthy poet, I am then truly myself, a poor unpreferred scholar.

Re-enter Servingman hastily.

Serv. Here's a swaggering fellow, sir, that speaks not like a man of God's making,⁺ swears he must speak with you, and will speak with you.

Bell. Not of God's making! what is he? a cuckold?

Serv. He's a gentleman, sir, by his clothes.

Bell. Enter him and his clothes [*Exit* Servingman]: clothes sometimes are hetter gentlemen than their masters.

Enter CAPTAIN JENKINS with Servingman. Is this he?—Seek you me, sir?

[Exit Servingman. Capt. Jen. I seek, sir, God pless you, for a sentleman that talks hesides to himself when he's alone, as if he were in Bedlam; and he's a poet.

Bell. So, sir, it may be you seek me, for I'm sometimes out o' my wits.

Capt. Jen. You are a poet, sir, are you?

Bell. I'm haunted with a fury, sir.

Capt. Jen. Pray, master poet, shoot off this little pot-gun, and I will conjure your fury: 'tis well lay ‡ you, sir. My desires are to have some

* Scene I.] Loudon. A room in the house of Bellamont.

† that speaks not like a man of God's making] "Prin. Doth this man eevre God? Biron. Why ask you? Prin. He speaks not like a man of God's making."

Shakcspeare's Love's Labour's Lost, act v. sc. 2. ‡ lay] Qy. ? amiable and amorous sonnet or madrigal composed by your fury, see you.

Bell. Are you a lover, sir, of the nine Muscs?

Capt. Jen. Ow, by gad, out o'cry.*

Bell. You're, then, a scholar, sir?

Capt. Jen. I ha' picked up my cromes in Sesus College in Oxford, one day a gad while ago.

Bell. You're welcome, you're very welcome. I'll horrow your judgment: look you, sir, I'm writing a tragedy, the tragedy of *Young Astyanax*.

Capt. Jen. Styanax' tragedy! is he living, can you tell? was not Styanax a Monmouth man?

Bell. O, no, sir, you mistake; he was a Trojan, great Hector's son.

Capt. Jen. Hector was grannam to Cadwallader: when she was great with child, God udge me, there was one young Styanax of Monmouthshire was a madder Greek as any is in all England.

Bell. This was not he, assure ye. Look you, sir, I will have this tragedy presented in the Freuch court by French gallants.

Capt. Jen. By God, your Frenchmen will do a tragedy-enterlude poggy well.

Bell. It shall be, sir, at the marriages of the Duke of Orleans, and Chatillon the Admiral of France; the stage ——

Capt. Jen. Ud's blood, does Orleans marry with the Admiral of France, now?

Bell. O, sir, no, they are two several marriages. As I was saying, the stage hung all with black velvet, and, while 'tis acted, myself will stand behind the Duke of Biron, or some other chief minion or so, who shall, ay, they shall take some occasion, about the music of the fourth act, to step to the French king, and say, Sire, voila, il est votre tres humble serviteur, le plus sage et divin esprit, Monsieur Bellamont, all in French thus, pointing at me, or, Yon is the learned old English gentleman, Master Bellamont, a very worthy man to be one of your privy chamber or poet laureat.

Capt. Jen. But are you sure Duke Pepper-noon will give you such good urds behind your back to your face?

* cut o' cry] i. e. out of measure. Malone (note on Asyou like it, act iii. ec. 2) thinks it alludes to the custom of giving notice by a crier of things to be sold: I rather helieve it is derived from the circumstance of a person being so far distant as to be unable to hear another person crying after him. Out of all ho, and out of all whooping, seem to have the same meaning. Bell. O, ay, ay, ay, man; he's the only courtier that I know there. But what do you think that I may come to by this?

Capt. Jen. God udge me, all France may hap die in your debt for this.

Bell. I am now writing the description of his death.

Capt. Jen. Did he die in his ped ?

Bell. You shall hear. [Reads. "Suspicion is the minion of great hearts"— No, I will not begin there. Imagine a great man were to be executed about the seventh hour in a gloomy morning.

Capt. Jen. As it might be Samson or so, or great Golias that was killed by my countryman?

Bell. Right, sir: thus I express it in Young Astyanax; [Reads.

"Now the wild people, greedy of their griefs,

Longing to see that which their thoughts abhorr'd,

Prevented day, and rode on their own roofs,"— Capt. Jen. Could the little horse that ambled on the top of Paul's* carry all the people? else how could they ride on the roofs?

Bell. O, sir, 'tis a figure in poetry: mark how 'tis followed; [Reads.

"rode on their own roofs,

Making all neighbouring houses til'd with men." "Til'd with men,"—is't not good?

Capt. Jen. By Sesu, an it were tiled all with naked imen, 'twere better.

Bell. You shall hear no more; pick your ears, they are foul, sir. What are you, sir, pray?

Capt. Jen. A captain, sir, and a follower of god Mars.

Bell. Mars, Bacchus, and I love Apollo: a captain! then I pardon you, sir; and, captain, what would you press me for?

Capt. Jen. For a witty ditty to a sentleoman that I am fallen in withal, over head and ears in affections and natural desires.

Bell. An acrostic were good upon her name, methinks.

Capt. Jen. Cross sticks! I would not be too cross, master poet; yet, if it be best to bring her name in question, her name is Mistress Dorothy Hornet.

Bell. [aside] The very consumption that wastes

* the little horse that ambled on the top of Paul's] Banks's famous horse, called Morocco (with which learned animal the commentators on our old poets have made their readers so familiar), is said, among other feats, to have mounted to the top of St. Paul's church. (See note *, p. 17.) my son, and the ay-me that hung lately upon me!—Do you love this Mistress Dorothy?

Capt. Jen. Love her! there is no captain's wife in England can have more love put upon her; and yet, I'm sure, captains' wives have their pellies-full of good men's loves.

Bell. And does she love you? has there passed any great matter between you?

Capt. Jen. As great a matter as a whole coach and a horse and his wife are gone to and fro between us.

Bell. Is she—i'faith, captain, be valiant and tell truth—is she honest?

Capt. Jen. Honest! God udge mc, she's as honest as * punk that caunot abide fornication and lechery.

Bell. Look you, captain, I'll show you why I ask: I hope you think my wonching days are past; yet, sir, here's a letter that her father brought me from her, and enforced me to take, this very day.

Capt. Jen. 'Tis for some love-song to send to me, I hold my life.

Re-enter Servingman, and whispers BELLAMONT.

Bell. This falls out pat.—My man tells me the party is at my door: shall she come in, captain?

Capt. Jen. O, ay, ay, put her in, put her in, I pray now. [Exit Servingman.

Bell. The letter says here that she's exceeding sick, and entreats me to visit her. Captain, lie you in ambush behind the hangings, and perhaps you shall hear the piece of a comedy: she comes, she comes, make yourself away.

Capt. Jen. [aside] Does the poet play Torkin, and cast my Lucresie's water too in huggermuggers? if he do, Styanax' tragedy was never so horrible bloody-minded as his comedy shall hs. Taw a son,* Captain Jenkins.

[Hides himself.

Enter DOLL,

Doll. Now, master poet, I sent for you.

Bell. And I came once at your ladyship's call. Doll. My ladyship and your lordship lie both in one manor. You have conjured up a sweet spirit in me, have you not, rhymer?

Bell. Why, Medea, what spirit? Would I were a young man for thy sake! +

Doll. So would I, for then thou couldst do me no hurt : now thou dost.

* Taw a son] i. e. hold your tougue.

+ Would I were a young man for thy sake !] So Shallow in Shakespeare's Merry Wives of Windsor, act i. sc. 1; "Would I were young for your sake, Mistress Anne !" Bell. If I were a younker, it would be no immodesty in me to be seen in thy company; but to have snow in the lap of June, vile, vile! Yet, come; garlic has a white head and a green stalk;* then why should not I? Let's he merry: what says the devil to all the world? for I'm sure thou art carnally possessed with him.

Doll. Thou hast a filthy foot, a very filthy carrier's foot.

Bell. A filthy shoe, but a fine foot: I stand not upon my foot, I.

Capt. Jen. [aside] What stands he upon, then, with a pox, God bless us?

Doll. A leg and a calf! I have had better of a butcher forty times for carrying a body,—not worth hegging by a barber-surgeon.

Bell. Very good; you draw me and quarter me: fates keep me from hanging !

Doll. And which most turns up a woman's stomach, thou art an old heary man; thou hast gone over the bridge of many years, and now art ready to drop into a grave: what do I see, then, in that withered face of thine?

* garlie has a white head and a green stalk] So in The Honest Lawyer, 1616; "I'm like a leeke, though I have a gray head, I have a greene," &c. Sig. G 2. And so in various old plays and poems, Chancer's Reve's Prologue, &c. This piece of wit may be traced to Boccaccio; "E quagli che contro alla mia età parlando vauno, mostra mal che conoscano che, perche il porro abbia il capo bianco, che la coda sia verde." Decamerone,—Introduction to Giornata guarta.

Having quoted *The Honest Lawyer*, I cannot refrain from pointing out the resemblance between a passage in it, and one in *The Widow*, a joint production of Jonson, Fletcher, and Middleton;

"Gripe. The stone, the stone, ${\bf I}$ arm pittifully grip'd with the stone. . .

Valentine. Sir, the disease is somewhat dangerous.

I must awhile withdraw to study, air.

Now am I puzzled : bloud, what medicine

Should I devise to do't? It must be violent,

Give him some aqua-fortis; that would speed him.

Let's see. Me thinks, a little gun-powder

Should have some strange relation to this fit.

I have seen gun-powder oft drive out atonea

From forts and castle-walls," &c.

The Honest Lawyer. Written by S. S. 1616, Sig. F 2. "Occulto. I warrant you: your name's spread, sir, for an emperick.

There's an old mason troubled with the stone

Has sent to you this morning for your counsell;

He would have ease fain.

Latrocinio. Le' me see, ile send him a whole musketcharge of gunpowder.

Occulto. Gun-powder ! what sir, to break the stone? Latrocinio. I, by my faith, sir :

It is the likeliest thing I know to do't.

I'm aure it breaks atone-walls and castlea down :

I see no reason but't should break the stons."

The Widow (first printed in 1652), act iv. ac. 2, p. 42.

Bell. Wrinkles, gravity.

Doll. Wretchedness, grief: old fellow, thou hast bewitched me; I can neither eat for thee, nor sleep for thee, nor lie quietly in my bed for thee.

Capt. Jen. [aside] Ud's blood, I did never see a white flea hefore. I will cling you.

Doll. I was born, sure, in the dog-days, I'm so unlucky: I, in whom neither a flaxen hair, yellow heard, French doublet, nor Spanish hose, youth nor personage, rich face nor money, could ever breed a true love to any, ever to any man, am now hesotted, dote, am mad, for the carcass of a man; and, as if I were a bawd, no ring pleases me but a Death's head.*

Capt. Jen. [aside] Sesu, are imen so arsy-varsy? Bell. Mad for me! why, if the worm of lust

were wriggling within me as it does in others, dost think I'd crawl upon thee? would I low after thee, that art a common calf-bearer?

Doll. I confess it.

Capt. Jen. [aside] Do you? are you a towncow, and confess you bear calves?

Doll. I confess I have been an inn for any guest.

Capt. Jen. [aside] A pogs o' your stable-room ! is your inn a bawdy-house, now ?

Doll. I confess, (for I ha' been taught to hide nothing from my surgeon, and thou art hc.) I confess that old stinking surgeon like thyself, whom I call father, that Hornet, never sweat for me; I'm none of his making.

Capt. Jen. [aside] You lie; he makes you a punk,—Hornet minor.

Doll. He's but a cheater, and I the false die he plays withal. I pour all my poison out before thee, because hereafter I will be clean. Shun me not, loathe me not, mock me not. Plagues confound thee! I hate thee to the pit of hell;

^{*} as if I were a bawd, no ring pleases me but a Death's head] The hawds of those days, probably from an affectation of pisty, used to wear rings with Death'a heads on them, as several passages from old writers might be adduced to show. But the wearing of such rings was not confined to those motherly gentlewomen : "the olde Countesse spying ou ths finger of Seignior Cosime a Ring with a Death's head ingraven, circled with this Posie, Greeeus ad vitam, demauuded whether hee adorde the Signet for profit or pleasure : Seignior Cosimo apeaking iu truth as his conscience wild him, told her, that it was a favour which a Gentlewoman had bestowed upon him, and that onely hes were it for her sake." Greene's Furewell to Follie, Sig. B 2, ed. 1617 .- Underwood the player bequeathed "to his daughter Elizabeth two scalriugs of gold, one with a death's-head." See his will iu Malone'a Hist. Acc. of the English Stage, p. 216, ed. Boswell.

yst if thou goest thither, I'll follow thee: run, ay,* do what thou canst, I'll run and ride over the world after thee.

Capt. Jen. [aside] Cockatrice !-- [Comes out] You, Mistress Salamanders, that fear no burning, let my mare and my mare's horse, and my coach, come running home again; and run to an hospital and your surgeons, and to knaves and panders, and to the tivel aud his tame too.

Doll. Fiend, art thou raised to torment me? Bell. She loves you, captain, honestly.

Capt. Jen. I'll have any man, oman, or cild, by his ears, that says a common drab can love a seutleman honestly.—I will sell my coach for a cart to have you to punk's hall, Pridewell.—I sarge you in Apollo's name, whom you belong to, see her forthcoming, till I come and tiggle her by and by.—'Sblood, I was never cozened with a more rascal piece of mutton, since I came out o'the Lawer-Countries. [Exit.

Bell. My doors are open for thee: be goue, woman.

Doll. This goat's-pizzle of thine-

Bell. Away! I love no such implements in my house.

Doll. Dost not? am I but an implement? By all the maidenheads that are lost in Loudon iu a year (and that'e a great oath), for this trick other manner of women than myself shall come to this house only to laugh at thee; and if thou wouldst labour thy heart out, thou shalt not do withal. †

Bell. Is this my poetical fury?

Re-enter Servingman.

Exit.

How now, sir !

Serv. Master Mayberry and his wife, sir, i'the next room.

Bell. What are they doing, sir?

Serv. Nothing, sir, that I see; but only would speak with you.

Bell. Enter 'em. [Exit Servingman.] This house will be too hot for me: if this wench cast me into these sweats, I must shift myself for pure necessity. Haunted with sprites in my old days!

Enter MAYBERRY booted, and MISTRESS MAYBERRY. May. A comedy! a Canterbury tale smells not

* ay] The old ed. "ayde."

+ thou shall not do withal] i.e. thou shalt not be able to help it. "It is my infirmity, and I cannot doe withall, to dis fort." Chapman's May-Day, 1611, Sig. A 4. "Bears witnes, my masters, if hee dye of a surfet, I caunot doe withall, it is his owneseeking, not mine." Nash's Have with you to Saffron-walden, Sig. G 4, ed. 1596. half so sweet as the comedy I have for thee, old poet: thou shalt write upon't, poet.

Bell. Nay, I will write upon't, if't be a comedy, for I have been at a most villanous female tragedy: come, the plot, the plot.

May. Let your man give you the hoots presently: the plot lies in Ware, my white * poet.— Wife, thou and I this night will have mad sport in Ware; mark me well, wife, in Ware.

Mist. May. At your pleasure, sir.

May. Nay, it shall be at your pleasure, wife.— Look you, sir, look you: Featherstone's boy, like an honest crack-halter, laid open all to one of my prentices; for boys, you know, like women, love to be doing.

Bell. Very good : to the plot.

May. Featherstone, like a crafty muttonmonger, persuades Greenshield to be run through the body.

Bell. Strange ! through the body !

May. Ay, man, to take physic: he does so, he's put to his purgation. Then, sir, what does me Featherstone but counterfeits a letter from an inn-keeper of Doncaster, to fetch Greenshield (who is needy, you know) to a keeper's lodge iu Enfield-chase, a certain uncls, where Greenshield should receive money due to him in behalf of his wife?

Bell. His wife ! is Greenshield married? I have heard him swear he was a bachelor.

Mist. May. So have I, a hundred times.

May. The knave has more wives than the Turk; he has a wife almost in every shire in England: this parcel-gentlewoman is that innkeeper's daughter of Doncaster.

Bell. Hath she the entertainment of her forefathers? will she keep all comers company?

May. She helps to pass away stale capons, sour wine, and musty provender. But to the purpose: this train was laid by the haggage herself, and Featherstone, who it seems makes her husband a unicorn; and to give fire to't, Greenshield, like an arrant wittol, entreats his friend to ride before his wife and fetch the money, because, taking bitter pills, he should prove but a loose fellow if he went, and so durst not go.

SCENE I.

^{*} white] Was employed formerly as an spithet to express fondness: "white boy," "white son," and "white girl," occur frequently in our old writers. I do not remember to have found it in any authors after the time of poor mad Lee, who uses it in a strange passage of the Dedication of his Rival Queens to the Earl of Mulgrave. (Though Mayberry a little after calls Bellamont "my little heary poet," we are not to conclude that "white" in the present instance means heary.)

Bell. And so the poor stag is to be hunted in Enfield-chase.

May. No, sir; master poet, there you miss the plot. Featherstone and my Lady Greenshield are rid to batter away their light commodities in Ware; Enfield-chase is too cold for 'em.

Bell. In Ware!

May. In dirty Ware.—I forget myself.—Wife, on with your riding-suit, and cry "Northward ho!" as the boy at Paul's says:* let my prentice get up before thee, and man thee to Ware: lodge in the inn I told thee: spur, cut, and away !

Mist. May. Well, sir. [Exit.

Bell. Stay, stay; what's the bottom of this riddle ? why send you her away ?

May. For a thing, my little hoary poet. Look thee, I smelt out my noble stinker Greenshield in his chamber, and as though my heart-strings had been cracked, I wept and sighed, and thumped and thumped, and raved and randed and railed, and told him how my wife was now grown as common as bribery,⁺ and that she had hired her tailor to ride with hor to Ware, to meet a gentleman of the court.

Bell. Good; and how took he this drench down?

May. Like eggs and muscadine, at a gulp. He cries out presently, "Did not I tell you, old man, that she'd win any \ddagger game when she came to hearing?" § He rails upon her, wills me to take her in the act, to put her to her white sheet, to be divorced, and, for all his guts are not fully scoured by his pothecary, he's pulling on his boots, and will ride along with us. Let's muster as many as we can.

Bell. It will be excellent sport to see him and his own wife meet in Ware, will't not? Ay, ay, we'll have a whole regiment of horse with us.

May. I stand upon thorns ||

Till I shake him by the horns.-

* cry "Northward ho!" as the boy at Paul's says] I presume Paul's Wharf is meant: "Paul's Wharf, or St. Benets Paul's Wharf, a noted Stairs for Watermen."

Stow's Survey of London, &c. B. iii. p. 229, ed. 1720. "and I'll

Take water at Paul's wharf, and overtake you." Middleton's Chaste Maid in Cheapside, --Works, iv. 76, cd. Dyce.

+ bribery] The old ed. "haibery" (which, supposing it to mean "fnery fit to please a babe," cannot he right). ‡ any] The old ed. "my."

§ bearing] Was a term at the games of Irich and backgammon.

"O, the trial is when she comes to bearing."

Middleton and Dekker's Roaring Girl,-Middleton'e Works, ii. 529, ed. Dyce.

"Bear as fact as you can . . . when you come to bearing, have a carc," &c. The Compleat Gamester, pp. 155-6, ed. 1674. || I stand, &c.] Qy. Is this a quotation?

Come, boots, boy ! we must gallop all the way; for the sin, you know, is done with turning up the white of an eye: will you join your forces ?

Bell. Like a Hollander against a Dunkirk.*

May. March, then.-This curse is on all lechers thrown,

They give horns, and at last horns are their own. [Exeunt.

SCENE II.†

Enter CAPTAIN JENKINS and ALLUM.

Capt. Jen. Set the best of your little diminutive legs before, and ride post, I pray.

Allum. Is it possible that Mistress Doll should be so bad ?

Capt. Jen. Possible! 'sblood, 'tis more easy for au oman to be naught than for a soldier to beg; and that's horrible easy, you know.

Allum. Ay, but to cony-catch us all so grossly! Capt. Jen. Your Norfolk tumblers are but zanies to cony-catching punks.

Allum. She gelded my purse of fifty pounds in ready money.

Capt. Jen. I will geld all the horses in five hundred shires but I will ride over her and her cheaters and her Hornets. She made a stark ass of my coach-horse: and there is a putter-box whom she spread thick upon her white bread, and eat him up; I think she has sent the poor fellow to Gelder-land: but I will marse pravely in and out, and pack again, upon all the Low-Countries in Christendom, as Holland and Zealand and Netherland, and Clevelaud too; and I will be drunk and cast‡ with Master Hans Van Belch but I will smell him out.

Allum. Do so, and we'll draw all our arrows of revenge up to the head but we'll hit her for her villauy.

Capt. Jen. I will traw as petter and as urse weapons as arrows up to the head, lug you; it shall be warrants to give ber the whip-deedle.

Allum. But now she knows she's discovered, she'll take her bells § and fly out of our reach.

Capt. Jen. Fly with her pells! ounds, I know a parish that sal tag down all the pells and sell 'em to Captain Jenkins, to do him good; and if pell[s] will fly, we'll fly too, unless the pell-ropes hang us. Will you amble up and down to Master Justice by my side, to have this rascal Hornet in

+ Scene II.] The same. A street.

t oast] i.e. vomit.

ACT IV.

^{*} a Dunkirk] See note t, p. 254.

corum, and so to make her hold her whore's peace ?

Allum. I'll amble or trot with you, captain. You told me she threatened hor champions should cut for her : if so, we may have the peace of her.

Capt. Jen. 0 mon dieu / Duw gwyn /* Follow your leader. Jeukins shall cut and slice as worse as they : come, I scorn to have any peace of her or of any oman, + but open wars. Exeunt.

SCENE III.1

Enter Bellamont, MAYBERRY, GREENSHIELD, PHILIP, LEVERPOOL, and CHARTLEY, all booted.

Bell. What, will these young gentlemen too help us to catch this fresh salmon, ha? Philip, are they thy friends?

Phil. Yes, sir.

Bell. We are beholding to you, gentlemen, that you'll fill our consort: I ha'§ seen your faces methinks before, and I cannot inform mysclf where.

Lever., Chart., May be so, sir.

Bell. Shall's to horse ? here's a tickler : || heigh, to horse!

May. Come, switch and spurs! let's mount our chevals: merry, quoth a.'

Bell. Gentlemen, shall I shoot a fool's bolt out among you all, because we'll be sure to be merry? Omnes. What is't?

Bell. For mirth on the highway will make us rid ground ¶ faster than if thieves were at our tails. What say ye to this? let's all practise jests one against another, and he that has the best jest thrown upon him, and is most galled, between our riding forth and coming in, shall bear the charge of the whole journey.

Omnes. Content, i'faith.

Bell. We shall fit one o'you with a coxcomb at Ware, I believe.

May. Peace !

* Duw gwyn] i.e. white God : the old copy "u dguin." + oman] The old ed. "onam."

t Scene III.] Near Bedlam; to which they presently "cross over.'

§ ha'] The old ed. "ho."

|| a tickler] He means his switch.

¶ rid ground] i. e. get over ground: the expression is now, I believe, obsolete; and I was rather surprised to find it used so recently as in a letter from Richardson, the novelist, to Lady Bradshaigh ; "a regular even pace, stealing away ground, rather than seeming to rid it." Correspondence, vol. iv. 291.

Green. Is't a bargain ?

Omnes. And hands clapt upon it.

Bell. Stay, yonder's the Dolphin without Bishopsgate, where our horses are at rack and manger, and we are going past it. Come, cross over:---and what place is this?

May. Bedlam, is't not?

Bell. Where the madmon are: I never was amongst them : as you love me, gentlemen, let's see what Greeks are within.

Green. We shall stay too long.

Bell. Not a whit: Ware will stay for our coming, I warrant you. Come, a spurt and away! let's be mad once in our days. This is [Knocks. the door.

Enter FULLMOON.

May. Save you, sir ! may we see some o' your mad folks? do you keep 'em?

Full. Yss.

Bell. Pray, bestow your name, sir, upon us.

Full. My name is Fullmoon.

Bell. You well deserve this office, good Master Fullmoon: and what madcaps have you in your house ?

Full. Divers.

Enter a Musician.*

May. God's so, see, see! what's he walks yonder? is he mad?

Full. That's a musician : yes, he's besides himself.

Bell. A musician ! how fell he mad, for God's saks?

Full. For love of an Italian dwarf.

Bell. Has he been in Italy, then?

Full. Yes, and speaks, they say, all manner of languages.

Enter a Bawd.

Omnes. God's so, look, look ! what's she ?

Bell. The dancing bear, a pretty well-favoured little woman.

Full. They say, but I know not, that she was a bawd, and was frighted out of her wits by fire.

Bell. May we talk with 'em, Master Fullmoon ? Full. Yes, an you will. I must look about, for I have unruly tenants. Exit.

Bell. What have you in this paper, honest friend?

Green. Is this he has all manner of languages, yet speaks none?

Bawd. How do you, Sir Andrew? will you send for some aqua-vitæ for me? I have had no drink never since the last great rain that fell.

* Musician] The old ed., by a misprint, "Phisition." т

Bell. No? that's a lie.

Bawd. Nay, by gad, then, you lie, for all you're Sir Andrew. I was a dapper rogue in Portingal voyage,* not an inch broad at the heel, and yet thus high: I scorned, I can tell you, to be drunk with rain-water then, sir, in those golden and silver days; I had sweet bits then, Sir Andrew. How do you, good brother Timothy?

Bell. You have been in much trouble since that voyage?

Bawd. Never in Bridewell, I protest, as I'm a virgin, for I could never abide that Bridewell, I protest. I was once sick, and I took my water in a basket, and carried it to a doctor's.

Philip. In a basket!

Bawd. Yes, sir: you arrant fool, there was a urinal in it.

Philip. I cry you mercy.

Bawd. The doctor told me I was with child. How many lords, knights, gentlemen, citizens, and others, promised me to be godfathers to that child! 'twas not God's will: the prentices made a riot upon my glass windows, the Shrove-Tuesday following,⁺ and I miscarried.

Omnes. O, do not weep !

Bawd. I ha' cause to weep: I trust gentlewomen their diet sometimes a fortnight; lend gentlemen holland shirts, and they sweat 'em out at tennis; and no restitution, and no restitution. But I'll take a new order: I will have but six stewed prunes \ddagger in a dish, and some of Mother Wall's cakes; for my best customers are tailors.

* Portingal voyage] The Portugal voyage was the expedition in 1589, consisting of one hundred and eighty vessels, and twenty-one thousand men, commanded hy Sir Francis Drake and Sir John Norris: it is generally said to have been undertaken for the purpose of seating Antonio on the throne of Portugal; but the brave volunteers who composed it were most probably excited to the enterprise by the wish of revenging themselves on Spain, and by the hopes of gain and glory.

the prentices made a riot upon my glass windows, the Shrow-Tuesday following] Shrow-Tuesday was a holiday for apprentices, during which they used to be exceedingly riotous, and to attempt to demolish houses of bad fame:

" It was the day of all dayes in the yeare, That unto Bacchus hath hie dedication, When mad-braynd prentises, that no men feare, O'rethrow the dens of bawdie recreation."

Pasquils Palinodia, 1634, Sig. D. ‡ staved prunes] A favourite dainty in brothels, as the commentators on Shakespeare have abundantly shown. § Mother Wall's cates] I learn where this dame resided from the following passage of Haughton's English-men for my money, 1616; "I have the scent of Londou-stone as full in my nose, as Abchurch-lane of Mother Walles pastica." Sig. G. Omnes. Tailors !- ha, ha !

Bawd. Ay, tailors: give ms your London prentice; your country gentlemen are grown too politic.

Bell. But what say you to such young gentlemen as these are?

Bawd. Foh! they, as soon as they come to their lands, get up to London, and, like squibs that run upon lines,* they keep a spitting of fire and cracking till they ha' spent all; and when my squib is out, what says his punk? foh, he stinks ! [Sings.

Methought, this other night I saw a pretty sight,

Which pleased me much, ---A comely country maid, not squeamish nor afraid To let gentlemen touck :

I sold her maidenhead once, and I sold her maidenhead twice, And I sold it last to an alderman of York ;

And then I had sold it thrice.

Mus. + You sing scurvily.

Bawd. Marry, muff,[‡] sing thou better, for I'll go sleep my old sleeps. [Exit.

Bell. What are you a-doing, my friend?

Mus. Pricking, pricking.

Bell. What do you mean by pricking?

Mus. A gentleman-like quality.

Bell. This fellow is somewhat prouder and sullener than the other.

May. O, so he most of your musicians.

Mus. Are my teeth rotten ?

Omnes. No, sir.

Mus. Then I am no comfit-maker nor vintner: I do not get wenches in my drink.—Are you a musician?

Bell. Yes.

Mus. We'll be sworn brothers, then, look you, sweet rogus.

Green. God's so, now I think upon't, a jest is crept into my head: steal away, if you love me.

* like squibs that run upon lines, &c.] So Marston, in his Parasitaster, or the Faune, 1606;

"Page. There be squibs, sir, which squibs running upon lines, like some of our gawdie gallants, sir, keepe a smother, sir, with flishing and flashing, and in the end, sir, they doe, sir—

Nymphadoro. What, sir?

Page. Stink, sir." Sig. B.

In A Rich Cabinet, with Variety of Inventions, &c., 1651, by J. White, are instructions "How to make your fireworks to run upon a line backward and forward." Sig. I 2.

† Musician] Before the Bawd's song in the old ed. is a stage-direction, "Enter the Musician:" but it does not appear that he had quitted the scene.

‡ Marry, muff] A not uncommon expression in our old writers (equivalent, I believe, to-Stuff, nonsense). So Middleton; "Wearied, sir! marry, nuff!" Blurt, Master Constable,-Works, i. 258, ed. Dyce. [Excent GREENSHIELD, MAYBERRY, PHILIP, LEVERPOOL, and CHARTLEY. Musician sings.*

Mus. Was ever any merchant's band set better? I set it. Walk, I'm a-cold: this white satin is too thin unless it be cut, for then the sun enters. Can you speak Italian too? sapete Italiano?

Bell. Un poco.

Mus. 'Sblood, if it be in you, I'll poke it out of you: *un poco*/ Come, march: lie here with me but till the fall of the leaf, and if you have but *poco Italiano* in you, I'll fill you full of more *poco*: march.

Bell. Come on.

Exerunt.

Re-enter GREENSHIELD, MAYBERRY, PHILIP, LEVERPOOL, CHAETLEY, and Fullmoon.

Green. Good Master Mayberry, Philip, if you be kind gentlemen, uphold the jest: your whole voyage is paid for.

May. Follow it, then.

Full. The old gentleman, say you? why, he talked even now as well in his wits as I do myself, and looked as wisely.

Green. No matter how he talks, but his perioranion's perished.

Full. Where is he, pray?

Philip. Marry, with the musician, and is madder by this time.

Chart. He's an excellent musician himself, you must note that.

May. And having met one fit for his own tooth, you see he skips from us.

Green. The troth is, Master Fullmoon, divers trains have been laid to bring him hither without gaping of people, and never any took effect till now.

Full. How fell he mad?

Green. For a woman. Look you, sir; here's a crown, to provide his supper. He's a gentleman of a very good house: you shall be paid well if you convert him. To-morrow morning bedding and a gown shall be sent in, and wood and coal.

Full. Nay, sir, he must ha' no fire.

Green. No? why, look what straw you huy for him shall return you a whole harvest.

Omnes. Let his straw be fresh and sweet, we beseech you, sir.

Green. Get a couple of your sturdiest fellows, and bind him, I pray, whilst we slip out of his sight.

Full. I'll hamper him, I warrant, gentlemen.

[Exit.

Omnes. Excellent !

* Musician sings] See note †, p. 45.

May. But how will my noble poet take it at my hands, to betray him thus?

Omnes. Foh, 'tis but a jest. Hc comcs.

Re-enter the Musician and BELLAMONT.

Bell. Perdonate mi, si io dimando del vostro nome.—O, whither shrunk you? I have had such a mad dialogue here.

Omnes. We ha' been with the other mad folks. May. And what says he and his prick-song?

Bell. We were up to the ears in Italian, i'faith. Omnes. In Italian! O good Master Bellamont, let's hear him.

Re-enter Fullmoon with two Keepers: they lay hold on Bellamont, while Mayberry, Greenshield, Phillip, Leverpool and Chartley steal away.

Bell. How now! 'sdeath, what do you mean? are you mad?

Full. Away, sirrah !-Bind him; hold fast.-You want a wench, sirrah, do you?

Bell. What wench? will you take mine arms from me, being no heralds? let go, you dogs.

Full. Bind him.—Be quiet: come, come; dogs! fie, and a gentleman!

Bell. Master Mayherry, Philip, Master Mayherry, ud's foot!

Full. I'll bring you a wench: are you mad for a wench?

Bell. I hold my life, my comrades have put this fool's cap upon thy head, to gull thee*: I smell it now: why, do you hear, Fullmoon? let me loose, for I'm not mad; I'm not mad, by Jesu.

Full. Ask the gentlemen that.

Bell. By the Lord, I'm as well in my wits as any man i'the house, and this is a trick put upon thee by these gallants in pure knavery.

Full. I'll try that; answer me to this question: loose his arms a little:—look you, sir; three geese nine pence, every goose three pence, what's that a goose, roundly, roundly, one with another?

Bell. 'Sfoot, do you bring your geese for me to cut up? [Strikes him soundly, and kicks him.

Re-enter MAYBERRY, GREENSHIELD, PHILIP, LEVERPOOL, and CHARTLEY.

Omnes. Hold, hold !-Bind him, Master Fullmoon.

Full. Bind him you: he has paid me all: I'll have none of his bonds, not I, unless I could recover them better.

Green. Have I given it you, master poet? did the lime-bush take?

May. It was his warrant sent thee to Bedlam,

* thee] Old ed. "me." (compare Bellamont's next speech.)

old Jack Bellamont: and, Master Full-i'-the-moon, our warrant discharges him.—Poet, we'll sll ride upon thee to Ware, and back again, I fear, to thy cost.

Bell. If you do, I must bear you.—Thank you, Master Greenshield; I will not die in your debt. —Farewell, you mad rascals.—To horse, come.— 'Tis well done, 'twas well done. You may laugh, you shall laugh, geutlemen. If the gudgeon had been swallowed by oue of you, it had been vile; but, hy gad, 'tis nothing, for your best poets, indeed, are mad for the most part.—Farewell, goodman Fullmoon.

Full. Pray, gentlemen, if you come by, call in.

Bell. Yes, yes, when they are mad.—Horse yourselves now, if you be men.

May. He gallop must that after women rides: Get our wives out of town, they take long strides. [Exemt.

ACT V.

SCENE I.*

Enter MAYBERRY and BELLAMONT.

May. But why have you brought us to the wrong inn, and withal possessed Greenshield that my wife is not in town? when my project was, that I would have brought him up into the chamber where young Featherstone and his wife lay, and so all his artillery should have recoiled into his own bosom.

Bell. O, it will fall out far hetter: you shall see my reveuge will have a more neat and unexpected conveyance. He hath been all up and down the town to inquire for a Londoner's wife: none such is to be found, for I have mewed your wife up already. Marry, he hears of a Yorkshire gentlewoman at next inn, and that's all the commodity Ware affords at this instant. Now, sir, he very politicly imagines that your wife is rode to Puckeridge, five mile further; for, saith he, in such a town, where hosts will be familiar, and tapsters saucy, and chamberlains worse than thieves' intelligencers, they'll never put foot out of stirrup; either at Puckeridge or Wade's-Mill, saith he, you shall find them; and because our horses are weary, he's gone to take up post-horse. My counsel is only this,-when he comes in, feign vourself very melancholy, swear you will ride no further; and this is your part of the comedy: the sequel of the jest shall come like money borrowed of a courtier, and paid within the day, a thing strange and unexpected.

May. Enough, I ha't.

Bell. He comes.

Enter GREENSHIELD.

Green. Come, gallants, the post-horse are ready; 'tis but a quarter of an hour's riding; we'll ferret them and firk them, in faith.

* Scene I.] Ware. A room in an inn.

Bell. Are they grown politic? when do you see honesty covet corners, or a gentleman that's no thief lie in the inn of a carrier?

May. Nothing hath undone my wife but too much riding.

Bell. She was a pretty piece of a poet indeed, and in her discourse would, as many of your goldsmiths' wives do, draw her simile from precious stones so wittily, as "redder than your ruby," "harder than your diamond," and so from stone to stone in less time than a man can draw on a strait hoot, as if she had heen an excellent lapidary.

Green. Come, will you to horse, sir ?

May. No, let her go to the devil, an she will: I'll not stir a foot further.

Green. God's precious, is't come to this ?---Persuade him, as you are a gentleman: there will be ballads made of him, and the burden thereof will be,---

" If you * had rode out five mile forward,

Re had found the fatal house of Brainford northward ; 0 hone, hone, hone, 0 nonero !"

Bell. You are merry, sir.

Green. Like your citizen, I never think of my debts when I am a-horseback.

Bell. You imagine you are riding from your creditors.

Green. Good, in faith.-Will you to horse ?

May. I'll ride no further. [Exit.

Green. Then I'll discharge the postmaster.---Was't not a pretty wit of mine, master poet, to have had him rode into Puckeridge with a horn before him ? ha, was't not?

Bell. Good sooth, excellent: I was dull in

* If you had, &c.] Qy. "If he had," &c. ? or else in the next line "You had found," &c? Compare what Kate sings in p. 279. apprehending it. But, come, since we must stay, we'll be merry.—Chamberlain, call in the music, hid the tapsters and maids come up and dance !— What! we'll make a night of it.

Enter CHAMBERLAIN, Fiddlers, Tapsters, and Maids.

Hark you, masters, I have an excellent jest to make old Mayberry merry: 'sfoot, we'll have him merry.

Green. Let's make him drunk, then : a simple catching wit I!

Bell. Go thy ways : I know a nobleman would take such a delight in thee.

Green. Why, so he would in his fool.

Bell. Before God, but he would make a difference; he would keep you in satin. But as I was a-saying, we'll have him merry. His wife is gone to Puckeridge: 'tis a wench makes him melancholy, 'tis a wench must make him merry: we must help him to a wench. When your citizen comes into his inn, dropping-wet and cold,*either the hostess or one of her maids warms his bed, pulls on his night-cap, cuts his corns, puts out the candle, bids him command aught, if he want aught; and so after, master citizen+ sleeps as quietly as if he lay in his own Low-Country of Holland, his own lincn, I mean, sir. We must have a wench for him.

Green. But where's this wench to be found ? here are all the moveable petticoats of the house.

Bell. At the next inn there lodged to-night----

Green. God's precious, a Yorkshire gentlewoman. I ha't, I'll angle for her presently: we'll have him merry.

Bell. Procure some chamberlain to pander for yeu.

Green. No, I'll be pander myself, because we'll be merry.

Bell. Will you, will you?

Green. But how ! be a pander ! as I am a gentleman, that were horrible. I'll thrust myself into the outside of a falconer in town here; and now I think on't, there are a company of country players, that are come to town here, shall furnish me with hair and beard. If I do not bring her !--We'll be wondrous merry.

Bell. About it: look you, sir, though she bear her far aloof, and her body out of distance, so her mind be coming, 'tis no matter.

Green. Get old Mayberry merry. That any man should take to heart thus the downfal

* dropping-wet and cold] The old ed. "wet and cold dropping."

+ citizen] The old ed. "cittiner."

of a woman ! I think when he comes home, poor snail, he'll not dare to peep forth of doors lest his horns usher him. [Exit.

Bell. Go thy ways. There he more in England wear large ears and horns than stags and asses. Excellent ! he rides post with a halter about his neck.

Re-enter MAYBERRY.

May. How now ! will't take?

Bell. Beyond expectation: I have persuaded him the only way to make you merry is to help you to a wench, and the fool is gone to pander his own wife hither.

May. Why, he'll know her.

Bell. She hath been masked ever since she came into the inu for fear of discovery.

May. Then she'll know him.

Bell. For that his own unfortunate wit helped my lazy invention, for he hath disguised himself like a falconer in town here, hoping in that procuring shape to do more good upon her than in the outside of a gentleman.

May. Young Featherstone will know him.

Bell. He's gone into the town, and will not return this half hour.

May. Excellent, if she would come.

Bell. Nay, upon my life, she'll come. When she enters, remember some of your young blood, talk as some of your gallant commoners will, dice, and drink freely; do not call for sack, lest it betray the coldness of your manhood; but fetch a caper now and then, to make the gold chink in your pocksts,—ay, so.

May. Ha, old poet, let's once stand to it for the credit of Milk-street ! Is my wife acquainted with this ?

Bell. She's perfect, and will come out upon her cue, I warrant you.

May. Good wenches, in faith.—Fill's some more sack here.

Bell. God's precious, do not call for sack by any means.

May. Why, then, give us a whole lordship for life in Rhenish, with the reversion in sugar.

Bell. Excellent !

May. It were not amiss, if we were dancing. Bell. Out upon't! I shall never do it.

Re-enter GREENSHIELD disguised, with KATE masked.

Green. Out of mine nostrils, tapster ! thou smellest, like Guildhall two days after Simon and Jude, of drink most horribly.-Off with thy mask, sweet sinner of the north : these masks are foils to good faces, and to bad ones they are like new satin outsides to lousy linings.

Kate. O, by no means, sir. Your merchant will not open a whole piece to his best customer: he that buys a woman must take her as she falls. I'll uumask my hand; here's the sample.

Green. Go to, then, old poet. I have ta'en her up already as a pinnace bound for the straits: she knows her burden yonder.

Bell. Lady, you are welcome. Yon is the eld gentlemau; and observe him, he's not one of your fat city chuffs, whose great belly argues that the felicity of his life consists in capon, sack, and sincere henesty; but a lean, spare, hountiful gallant, one that hath an old wife and a young performance; whose reward is not the rate of a captain newly come out of the Low-Countries, or a Yorkshire attorney in good contentious practice, some angel,---no, the proportion of your wealthy citizen to his wench is her chamber, her diet, her physic, her apparel, her painting, her monkey, her pander, her every thing. You'll say, your young gentleman is your only service, that lies before you like a calf's head, with his brains some half yard frem him; but, I assure you, they must not only have variety of foolery, but also of wenches : whereas your conscionable greyheard of Farringdon-within will keep himself to the ruins of one cast waiting-woman an age, and perhaps, when he's past all other good works, to wipe out false weights and twenty i' the hundred, marry her.

Green. O, well bowled, Tom !* we have precedents for't.

Kate. But I have a husband, sir.

Bell. You have? If the knave thy husband be rich, make him poor, that he may horrow money of this merchant, and be laid up in the Counter or Ludgate: so it shall be conscience in yeu [r] old gentleman, when he hath seized all thy goods, to take thes home + and maintain thes.

Green. O, well bowled, Tom !* we have precedents for't.

Kate. Well, if you be not a nobleman, you are some great valiant gentleman by your breath \ddagger and the fashion of your beard, and do but thus to make the citizen merry, because you ows him some money.

Bell. O, you are a wag. May. You are very welcome. Green. He is ta'en; excellent, excellent! there's one will make him merry. Is it any imputation to help one's friend to a wench?

Bell. No more than at my lord's entreaty to help my lady to a pretty waiting woman. If he had given you a gelding, or the reversion of some monopoly, or a new suit of satin, to have done this, happily* your satin would have smelt of the pander: but what's dono freely, comes, like a present to an old lady, without any reward; and what is done without any reward, comes, like wounds to a soldier, very honeurably notwithstanding.

May. This is my breeding, gentlewoman: and whither travel you ?

Kate. To London, sir, as the eld tale goes, to seek my fortune.

May. Shall I be your fortune, lady?

Kate. O, pardou me, sir; I'll have some young landed heir to be my fortune, for they favour she-fools more than citizens.

May. Are you married?

Kate. Yes, but my husband is in garrison i' the Low-Countries, is his colonel's bawd, and his captain's jester: he sent me word over that he will thrive, for though his apparel lie i' the Lombard, he keeps his conscience i' the muster-book.

May. He may do his country good service, lady.

Kate. Ay, as many of your captains do, that fight, as the geese saved the Capitol, only with prattling. Well, well, if I were in some nohleman's hands now, may be he would not take a thousand pounds for me.

May. No?

Kate. No, sir; and yet may be at year's end would give me a brace of hundred pounds to marry me to his baily or the solicitor of his law-suits.—Who's this, I beseech you?

Enter MISTRESS MAYBERRV, her hair loose, with the Hostess.

Host. I pray you, forsooth, be patient.

Bell. Passion of my heart, Mistress Mayberry ! [Excunt Chamberlain, Fiddlers, Tapsters, and Maids.

Green. [aside] Now will she put some notable trick upon her cuckoldly husband.

May. Why, how now, wife ! what means this, ha?

Mist. May. Well, I am very well. O my unfortunate parents, would you had buried me quick, when you linked me to this misery !

May. O wife, be patient ! I have more cause to rail, wife.

* happily] i. o. haply.

^{*} Tom] After this word, the old ed. has "()"

[†] thee home] The old ed. "the horne."
‡ breath] The old ed. "bearth."

SCENE I.

Mist. May. You have ! prove it, prove it. Where's the conrtier you should have ta'en in my bosom ? I'll spit my gall in's face that can tax me of auy dishonour. Have I lost the pleasure of mine eyes, the sweets of my youth, the wishes of my blood, and the portion of my friends, to be thus dishonoured, to be reputed vile in London, whilst my husband prepares common diseases for me at Ware? O God, O God !

Bell. [aside] Prettily well dissembled.

Host. As I am true hostess, you are to blame, sir.—What are you, mistress *? I'll know what you are afore you depart, mistress. Dost thou leave thy chamber in an honest inn, to come and inveigle my customers?—An you had sent for me up, and kissed me, and used me like an hostess, 'twould never have grieved me; but to do it to a stranger !

Kate. I'll leave you, sir.

May. Stay.—[To Mist. May.] Why, how now, sweet gentlewoman! cannot I come forth to breathe myself, but I must be haunted ?—[Aside to her] Rail upon old Bellamont, that he may discover them.—You remember Featherstone, Greenshield ?

Mist. May. I remember them ! Ay, they are two as cogging, dishonourable, damned, forsworn, beggarly gentlemen as are in all London; and there's a reverend old gentleman, too, your pander, in my conscience.

Bell. Lady, I will not, as the old gods were wont, swear by the infernal Styx; but by all the mingled wine in the cellar beneath, and the smoke of tobacco that bath fumed over the vessels, I did not procure your husband this banqueting-dish of sucket. Look yon, behold the parenthesis.

[Pulls off GREENSHIELD'S false hair and beard. Host. Nay, I'll see your face too.

[Pulls off KATE'S mask.

Kate. My dear unkind husband, I protest to thee I have played this knavish part only to be witty.

Green. That I might be presently turned into a matter more solid than horn,—into marble !

Bell. Your husband, gentlewoman! why, he never was a soldier.

Kate. Ay, but a lady got him pricked for a captain: I warrant you, he will answer to the name of captain, though he be none; like a lady that will not think scorn to answer to the name of her first husband, though he were a soap-boiler.

* mistress] Here, and in the next line, the old cd. "maisters."

Green. Hang off, thou devil, away ! Kate [sings].

"No, no ; you fled me t'other day ; When I was with child you ran away, But since I have caught you now"—

Green. A pox of your wit and your singing ! Bell. Nay, look you, sir, she must sing, because we'll be merry :

"What though* you rode not five mile forward, You have found that fatal house at Brainford northward, O hone, hono, nanero 1"

Green. God refuse me, t gentlemen, you may laugh and be merry; but I am a cuckold, and I think you knew of it.—Who lay i'the segs with you to-night, wild-duck ?

Kate. Nobody with me, as I shall be saved; but Master Featherstone came to meet me as far as Royston.

Green. Featherstone!

May. See, the hawk, that first stooped my pheasant, is killed by the spaniel that first sprang all of our side, wife.

Bell. 'Twas a pretty wit of you, sir, to have had him rode into Puckeridge with a horn before him; ha, was't not?

Green. Good.

Bell. Or, where a citizen keeps his house, you know, 'tis not as a gentleman keeps his chamber, for debt, but, as you said even now very wisely, lest his horns should usher him.

Green. Very good.-Featherstone !- he comes.

Enter FEATHERSTONE.

Feath. Luke Greenshield, Master Mayberry, old poet, Moll, and Kate, most happily encountered : ud's life, how came you hither ? By my life, the man looks pale.

Green. You are a villain, and I'll make't good upon you: I am no servingman to feed upon your reversion.

Feath. Go to the ordinary, then.

Bell. This is his ordinary, sir; and in this she is like a London ordinary,—her best getting comes by the box.

Green. You are a damned villain.

Feath. O, by no means.

Green. No? Ud's life, I'll go instantly take a purse, be appreheuded, and hanged for't; better than be a cuckold.

Feath. Best first make your confession, sirrah.

* What though, &c.] See p. 276.

† God refuse me] See note §, p. 7.

Green. 'Tis this; thou hast not used me like a gentleman.

Feath. A gentleman! thou a gentleman! thou art a tailor.

Bell. 'Ware peaching !

Feath. No, sirrah, if you will confess aught, tell how thou hast wronged that virtuous gentlewoman: how thou layest at her two year together, to make her dishonest; how thou wouldst send me thither with letters; how duly thou wouldst watch the citizens'-wives' vacation, which is twice a day, namely the Exchange-time, twelve at noon, and six at night; and where she refused thy importunity and vowed to tell her husband, thou wouldst fall down upon thy knees, and entreat her for the love of heaven, if not to ease thy violent affection, at least to conceal it,---to which her pity and simple virtue consented; how thou tookest her wedding-ring from her; met these two gentlemen at Ware; feigned a quarrel; and the rest is apparent. This only remains,-what wrong the poor gentlewoman hath since received by our intolerable lie, I am most heartily sorry for, and to thy bosom will maintain all I have said to be honest.

May. Victory, wife! thou art quit by proclamation.

Bell. Sir, you are an honest man: I have known an arrant thief for peaching made an officer: give me your hand, sir.

Kate. O filthy, abominable husband, did you all this?

May. Certainly he is no captain; he blushes.

Mist. May. Speak, sir, did you ever know me answer your wishes?

Green. You are honest; very virtuously honest. Mist. May. I will, then, no longer be a loose woman: I have at my husband's pleasure ta'en upon me this habit of jealousy. I'm sorry for you: virtue glories not in the spoil, but in the victory.

Bell. How say you by that good[1]y sentence? Look you, sir, you gallants visit citizens' houses, as the Spaniard first sailed to the Indies: you pretend buying of wares or solling of lands; but the end proves 'tis nothing but for discovery and conquest of their wives for better maintenance. Why, look you, was he aware of those broken patience * when you met him at Ware and possessed him of the downfall of his wife? You are a cuckold; you have pandered your own wife to this gentleman; better men have done it, honest

* *patience*] Qy. "patients?" but the whole passage is otherwise corrupted. Tom; * we have precedents for't. Hie you to London. What is more catholic i'the city than for husbands daily for to forgive the nightly sins of their bedfellows? If you like not that course, but do + intend to be rid of her, rifle her at a tavern, ‡ where you may swallow down some fifty wiseacres, sons and heirs to old tenements and common gardens, like so many raw yolks with muscadine to bedward.

Kate. O filthy knave, dost compare a woman of my carriage to a horse?

Bell. And no disparagement; for a woman to have a high forehead, a quick ear, a full eye, a wide nostril, a sleek skin, a straight back, a round hip, and so forth, is most comely.

Kate. But is a great belly comely in a horse, sir?

Bell. No, lady.

Kate. And what think you of it in a woman, I pray you?

Bell. Certainly I am put down at my own weapon: I therefore recant the rifling. No, there is a new trade come up for cast gentlewomen, of periwig-making: let your wife set up i'the Strand; and yet I doubt whether she may or no, for they say the women have got it to be a corporation. If you can, you may make good use of it, for you shall have as good a coming-in by hair (though it he but a falling commodity), and by other foolish tiring, as any between Saint Clement's and Charing.

Feath. Now you have run yourself out of breath, hear me. I protest the gentlewoman is honest; and since I have wronged her reputation in meeting her thus privately, I'll maintain her. —Wilt thou hang at my purse, Kate, like a pair of Barbary buttons,§ to open when 'tis full, and close when 'tis empty ?

Kate. I'll be divorced, by this Christian element: and because thou thinkest thou art a

^{*} Tom] Sce note *, p. 278.

[†] but do intend] The old ed. "but to intend."

[§] Barbary buttons] Mcorish buttons, I believe, of gold or silver filigrec-work.

cuckold, lest I should make thee an infidel in causing thee to believe an untruth, I'll make thee a cuckold.

Bell. Excellent wench !

Feath. Come, let's go, sweet; the nag I ride upon bears double : we'll to London.

May. Do not bite your thumbs, sir.

Kate. Bite his thumb! [Sings.

"I'll make him do a thing worse than this : Come love me whereas I lay."

Feath. What, Kate? Kate [sings].

> "He shall father a child is none of his, 0, the clean contrary way."

Feath. O lusty Kate!

[Excunt FEATHERSTONE and KATE.

May. Methought he said even now you were a tailor.

Green. You shall hear more of that hereafter: I'll make Ware and him stink ere he goes: if I be a tailor, the rogue's naked weapon shall not fright me; I'll beat him and my wife both out o'the town with a tailor's yard. [Exit.

May. O valiant Sir Tristram !-- Room there !

Enter PHILIP, LEVERPOOL, and CHARTLEY.

Phil. News, father, most strange news out of the Low-Countries: your good lady and mistress, that set you to work upon u dozen of cheesetrenchers, is new lighted at the next inn, and the old venerable gentlewoman's * father with her.

Bell. Let the gates of our inn be locked up closer than a nobleman's gates at dinner-time.

Omnes. Why, sir, why?

Bell. If she enter here, the house will be infected: the plague is not half so dangerous as a she-hornet.—Philip, this is your shuffling o'the cards, to turn up her for the bottom card at Ware.

Philip. No, as I'm virtuous, sir : ask the two gentlemen.

Lever. No, in troth, sir. She told us, that, inquiring at London for you or your son, your man chalked out her way to Ware.

Bell. I would Ware might choke 'em both.— Master Mayberry, my horse and I will take our leaves of you: I'll to Bedlam again rather than stay her.

May. Shall a woman make thee fly thy country? Stay, stand to her, though she were greater than Pope Joan. What are thy brains conjuring for, my poetical bay-leaf-eater?

* gentlewoman's] The old ed. "Gentlemans."

Bell. For a sprite o'the buttery, that shall make us all drink with mirth, if I can raise it. Stay, the chicken is not fully hatched.—Wit,* I beseech thee! so, come !—Will you be secret, gentlemen, and assisting ?

Omnes. With brown bills, if you think good.

Bell. What will you say if by some trick we put this little hornet into Featherstone's bosom, and marry 'em together ?

Omnes. Fuh ! 'tis impossible.

Bell. Most possible. I'll to my trencherwomau; let me alone for dealing with her: Featherstone, gentlemen, shall be your patient.

Omnes. How, how ?

Bell. Thus. I will close with this country pedler, Mistress Dorothy, that travels up and down to exchange pins for conyskins, very lovingly; she shall eat of nothing but sweatmeats in my company, good words; whose taste when she likes, as I know she will, then will I play upon her with this artillery,—that a very proper man and a great heir, naming Featherstone, spied her from a window, wheu she lighted at her inn, is extremely fallen in love with her, vows to make her his wife, if it stand to her good liking, even in Ware; but being, as most of your young gentlemen are, somewhat bashful, and ashamed to venture upon a woman,—

May. City and suburbs can justify it : so, sir.

Bell. He sends me, being an old friend, to undermine for him. I'll so whet the wench's stomach, and make her so hungry, that she shall have an appetite to him, fear it not. Greenshield shall have a hand in it too; and, to be revenged of his partner, will, I know, strike with any weapon.

Lever. But is Featherstone of any means? else you undo him and her.

May. He has land between Fulham and London: he would have made it over to me.—To your charge, poet: give you the assault upon her; and send but Featherstone to me, I'll hang him by the gills.

Bell. He's not yet horsed, sure.—Philip, go thy ways, give fire to him, and send him hither with a powder presently.

Phil. He's blown up already. [Exit.

Bell. Gentlemen, you'll stick to the device, and look to your plot?

Omnes. Most poetically: away to your quarter. Bell. I march: I will cast my rider, gallants.

I hope you see who shall pay for our voyage.

[Exit.

* Wit] The old ed. "hit."

May. That must he that comes here.

Re-enter PHILIP and FEATHERSTONE.

Master Featherstone, O Master Featherstone, you may now make your fortunes weigh ten stone of feathers more than ever they did! leap but into the saddle now that stands empty for you, you are made for ever.

Lever. [aside] An ass, I'll be sworn.

Feather. How, for God's sake, how ?

May. I would you had what I could wish you. I love you, and because you shall be sure to know where my love dwells, look you, sir, it hangs out at this sign: you shall pray for Ware, when Ware is dead and rotten. Look you, sir, there is as pretty a little pinnace struck sail hereby, and come in lately: she's my kinswoman, my father's youngest sister, a ward; her portion three thousand; her hopes, if her grannam die without issue, better.

Feath. Very good, sir.

May. Her guardian goes about to marry her to a stoue-cutter; and rather than she'll be subject to such a fellow, she'll die a martyr: will you have all out? she's run away, is here at an inn i'the town. What parts soever you have played with me, I see good parts in you; and if you now will catch Time's hair that's put into your hand, you shall clap her up presently.

Feath. Is she young, and a pretty wench ?

Lever. Few citizens' wives are like her.

Phil. Young! why, I warrant sixteen hath scarce gone over her.

Feath. 'Sfoot, where is she? If I like her personage as well as I like that which you say belongs to her personage, I'll stand thrumming of caps no longer, but board your pinnace whilst 'tis hot.

May. Away, then, with these gentlemen, with a French gallop, and to her! Philip here shall run for a priest, and despatch you.

Feath. Will you, gallants, go along? We may be married in a chamber for fear of hue and cry after her, and some of the company shall keep the door.

May. Assure your soul she will be followed: away, therefore. [Excunt FEATHERSTONE, PHILIP, LEVERPOOL, and CHARTLEY.] He's in the Curtian gulf,* and swallowed, horse and man. He will have somebody keep the door for him! she'll look to that. I am younger than I was two nights ago for this physic.—How now! Enter CAPTAIN JENKINS, ALLUM, HANS VAN BELCH, and others, booted.

Capt. Jen. God pless you! is there not an arrant scurvy trab in your company, that is a sentlewoman born, sir, and can tawg Welsh, and Dutch, and any tongue in your head?

May. How so? Drabs in my company! do I look like a drab-driver?

Capt. Jen. The trab will drive you, if she put you before her, into a pench-hole.*

Allum. Is not a gentleman here, one Master Bellamont, sir, of your company?

May. Yes, yes: come you from London? he'll be here presently.

Capt. Jen. Will he? tawson, this oman hunts at his tail, like your little goats in Wales follow their mother. We have warrants here from master sustice of this shire, to show no pity nor mercy to her: her name is Doll.

May. Why, sir, what has she committed? I think such a creature is i'the town.

Capt. Jen. What has she committed ! ounds, she has committed more than manslaughters, for she has committed herself, God pless us, to everlasting prison. Lug you, sir, she is a punk : she shifts her lovers (as captains and Welsh gentlemen and such) as she does her trenchers; when she has well fed upon't, and that there is left nothing but pare bones, she calls for a clean one, and scrapes away the first.

Re-enter BELLAMONT with HORNET, DOLL between them ; FEATHERSTONE, GREENSHIELD, KATE, PHILIP, LEVER-POOL, and CHARTLEY.

May. God's so, Master Featherstone, what will you do? here's three come from London to fetch away the gentlewoman with a warrant.

Feather. All the warrants in Europe shall not fetch her now: she's mine sure enough.-What have you to say to her? she's my wife.

Capt. Jen. Ow! 'sblood, do you come so far to fisb, and catch frogs? your wife is a tilt-boat; any man or oman may go in her for money: she's a cony-catcher.—Where is my moveable goods called a coach, and my two wild peasts? pogs on you, would they had trawn you to the gallows!

Allum. I must borrow fifty pound of you, mistress bride.

Hans. Yaw, vro, and you make me de gbeck, de groet fool : you heb mine gelt too; war is it?

^{*} He's in the Curtian gulf] Every schoolboy knows the story of M. Curtius.

^{*} pench-hole] He means bench-hole. So in Sbakespeare's Antony and Cleopatra, act iv. sc. 7; "We'll beat 'em into bench-holes"; where Malone observes that bench-hole means "the hole in a bench ad lexandum alvum."

SCENE L. NORTHW	ARD HO. 283
Doll. Out, you base scums! come you to disgrace me in my wedding-shoes? Feath. Is this your three-thousand-pound ward? ye told me, sir, she was your kinswoman. May. Right, one of mine aunts.* Bell. Who pays for the northern voyage now, lads? Green. Why do you not ride before my wife to London now? The woodcock's i'the springe. Kate. O, forgive me, dear husband! I will	Feath. Well, it's but my fate. Gentlemen, this is my opinion, it's better to shoot in a bow that has been shot in before, and will never start, than to draw a fair new one, that for every arrow will be warping.—Come, wench, we are joined, and all the dogs in France shall not part us.—I have some lands: those I'll turn into money, to pay you, and you, and any.—I'll pay all that I can for thee, for I'm sure thou hast paid me.
never love a man that is worse than hanged, as	Omnes. God give you joy!
ho is. <i>May.</i> Now a man may have a course in your park? <i>Feath.</i> He may, sir. <i>Doll.</i> Never, I protest: I will be as true	May. Come, let's be merry.—[To Greenshield.] Lie you with your own wife, to be sure she shall not walk in her sleep.—A noise of musi- ciane,* chamberlain !— This night let's banquet freely : come. we'll dare
to thee as Ware and Wade's-Mill are one to	Our wives to combat i'the great bed in Ware.

* aunts] See note *, p. 254.

another.

* A noise of musicians] See note §, p. 222.

[Excunt.

A CURE FOR A CUCKOLD.

A Cure for a Cuckold. A pleasant Comedy, As it hath been several times Acted with great Applause. Written by John Webster and William Rowley. Placere Cupio. London, Printed by Tho. Johnson, and are to be sold by Francis Kirkman, at his Shop at the Sign of John Fletchers Head, over against the Angel-Inne, on the Back-side of St. Clements, without Temple-Bar. 1661. 4to.

a

We have no other authority than that of Kirkman for attributing this play to Webster and Rowley: I believe, however, that it is rightly assigned. A great portion of it, which the authors meant for blank verse, Kirkman has printed as prose: in some passages the integrity of the text is very questionable.

William Rowley, Webster's coadjutor in this drama, flourished in the reign of James the First. Meres mentions among the best writers of comedy, "Maister Rowley, once a raw Scholler of learned Pembrooke Hall in Cambridge," (Palladis Tamia, Wits Treasury, Being the Second Part of Wits Commonwealth, 1598, fol 283,): but he donbtlees alludes to another dramatist of the same name, Samuel Rowley. It appeare that William was an actor, as well as an author, and he is said to have been more excellent in comedy than in tragedy. "There was ono Will. Rowley was Head of the Princes Company of Commedians in 1613 to 1616. See the Office Books of the Ld. Stanhope, Treasurer of the Chamber in those years, in Dr. Rich. Rawlineon's Posseesion." MS. note by Oldye ou Langhaine's Acc. of Eng. Dram. Poets, in the Brit. Musenn. "William Rowley, the author-actor, was married to Isabel Tooley at Cripplegate Church, in 1637."—Collier's Memoirs of the Principal Actors in the Plays of Skakegeeure, p. 233.

Of his plays there remain four of which he was the sole author,—(the best of them, A new Wonder, a Woman never vext, was revived with alterations at Covent-Garden Theatre, in 1824,)—and twelve which he composed in conjunction with other writers, Day, Wilkins, Middleton, Fletcher, Massinger, Ford, Heywood, Dekker, and Webster. His name is associated with Shakespeare's on the title-page of *The Birth of Merlin*; but certainly the bard of Avon at least had uo hand in that wretched drama.

THE STATIONER TO THE JUDICIOUS READER.

GENTLEMEN,

It was not long since I was only a bookreader, and not a bookseller, which quality (my former employment somewhat failing, and I being unwilling to be idle,) I have now lately taken on me. It hath been my fancy and delight, e'er since I knew any thing, to converse with books; and the pleasure I have taken in those of this nature, viz. plays, hath been so extraordinary, that it hath been much to my cost; for I have been, as we term it, a gatherer of plays for some years, and I am confident I have more of several sorts than any man in England, bookseller or other : I can at any time show seven hundred in number, which is within a small matter all that were ever printed. Many of these I have several times over, and intend, as I sell, to purchase more; all, or any of which, I shall be ready either to sell or lend to you upon reasonable considerations.

In order to the encreasing of my store, I have now this term printed and published three, viz. this called *A Cure for a Cuckold*, and another called *The Thracian Wonder*, and the third called *Gammer Gurton's Needle*. Two of these three were never printed; the third, viz., *Gammer Gurton's Needle*, hath been formerly printed, but it is almost an hundred years since. As for this play, I need not speak any thing in its commendation; the authors' names, Webster and Rowley, are (to knowing men) sufficient to declare its worth: several persons remember the acting of it, and say that it then pleased generally well; and let me tell you, in my judgment it is an excellent old play. The expedient of curing a cuckold, after the manner set down in this play, hath been tried to my knowledge, and therefore I may say probatum est. I should, I doubt, be too tedious, or else I would say somewhat in defence of this, and in commendation of plays in general; but I question not but you have read what abler pens than mine have writ in their vindication. Gentlemen, I hope you will so encourage me in my beginnings, that I may be induced to proceed to do you service, and that I may frequently have occasion, in this nature, to subscribe myself

Your servant,

FRANCIS KIRKMAN.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

WOODROFF, a justice of the peace, father to Annabel. FRANCKFORD, a merchant, brother-in-law to Woodroff. LESSINGHAM, a gentleman, in love with Clare. BONVILE, a gentleman, the bridegroom and husband to Annabel. RAYMOND, EUSTACE, gallants invited to the wedding. LIONEL, GROVER, ROCHFIELD, a young gentleman and a thief.* COMPASS, a seaman. PETTIFOO, } two attorneys. A Counsellor. Two Clients. Two Boys. A Sailor. LUCE, wife to Franckford, and eister to Woodroff. ANNABEL, the bride and wife to Bonvile. CLARE, Leesingham's mistress. URSE, wife to Compass.

* a young gentleman and a thief] I must observe, that it is Kirkman who so characterises Rochfield. I give the Dram. Per. from the old ed.

Nurse. A Waitingwoman.

A CURE FOR A CUCKOLD.

ACT I.

SCENE I.*

Enter LESSINGHAM and CLARE. Less. This is a place of feasting and of joy, And, as in triumphs and ovations, here Nothing save state and pleasure. Clare. 'Tis confess'd. Less. A day of mirth and solemn jubilee,-Clare. For such as can be merry. Less. A happy nuptial, Since a like pair of fortunes suitable, Equality in birth, parity in years, And in affection no way different, Are this day sweetly coupled. Clare. 'Tis a marriage. Less. True, lady, and a noble precedent Methinks for us to follow. Why should these Outstrip us in our loves, that have not yet Outgone us in our time? If we thus lose Our best and not-to-be recover'd hours Unprofitably spent, we shall be held Mere truants in love's school. Clare. That's a study In which I never shall ambition have To become graduate. Less. Lady, you are sad : This jovial meeting puts me in a spirit To be made such. We two are guests invited, And meet by purpose, not by accident : Where's, then, a place more opportunely fit, In which we may solicit our own loves, Than before this example? Clare. In a word, I purpose not to marry. Less. By your favour; For as I ever to this present hour Have studied your observance, so from henceforth * Scene I.] The gardeu belonging to Woodroff's house.

I now will study plainness :--- I have lov'd you Beyond myself, mis-spended for your sake Many a fair hour which might have been employ'd To pleasure or to profit; have neglected Duty to them from whom my being came, My parents, but my hopeful studies most : I have stol'n time from all my choice delights And robb'd myself, thinking to enrich you : Matches I have had offer'd, some have told me As fair, as rich,-I never thought 'em so : And lost all these in hope to find out you. Resolve me, then, for Christian charity; Think you an answer of that frozen nature Is a sufficient satisfaction for So many more than needful services ? Clare. I have said, sir.

Less. Whence might this distaste arise? Be at least so kind to perfect me in that. Is it of some dislike lately conceiv'd Of this my person, which perhaps may grow From calumny and scandal? if not that, Some late-received melancholy in you? If neither, your perverse and peevish will,— To which I most imply it?

Clare. Be it what it can or may be, thus it is; And with this answer pray rest satisfied. In all these travels, windings, and indents, Paths, and by-paths, which many have sought out, There's but one only road, and that alone, To my fruition: which whose finds out, 'Tis like he may enjoy me; but that failing, I ever am mine own.

Less. O, name it, sweet ! I am already in a labyrinth, Until you guide me out. Clare. I'll to my chamber.

May you be pleas'd unto your mis-spent time

e

To add but some few minutes, by my maid You shall hear further from me.	Wait. Fare you well, sir. [Exit. Less. [reads] "Prove all thy friends, find out the
Less. I'll attend you. [Exit CLARE.	best and nearest;
What more can I desire than be resolv'd	Kill for my sake that friend that loves thee dearest."
Of such a long suspense? Here's now the period	Her servant, nay, her hand and character,
Of much expectation.	All meeting in my ruin !—Read again.
	"Prove all thy friends, find out the best and
Enter RAYMOND, EUSTACE, LEONEL, and GROVER.	nearest;
Ray. What, you alone retir'd to privacy	Kill for my sake that friend that loves thee dearest."
Of such a goodly confluence, all prepar'd	And what might that one be? 'tis a strange
To grace the present nuptials!	difficulty,
Less. I have heard some say,	And it will ask much counsel. [Exit.
Men are ne'er less alone than when alone,	Ray. Lessingham
Such power hath meditation.	Hath left us on the sudden.
Eust. O these choice beauties	Eust. Sure, the occasion
That are this day assembled! but of all	Was of that letter sent him.
Fair Mistress Clare, the bride excepted still,	Lion. It may be
She bears away the prize.	It was some challenge.
Lion. And worthily;	Grov. Challenge ! never dream it :
For, setting off her present melancholy,	Are such things sent by women?
She is without taxation.*	Ray. 'Twere an heresy
Grov. I conceive	To conceive but such a thought.
The cause of her so sudden discontent.	Lion. Tush, all the difference
Ray. 'Tis far out of my way.	Begot this day must he at night decided
Grov. I'll speak it, then.	Betwixt the bride and bridegroomHere both
In all estates, professions, or degrees,	comc.
In arts or sciences, there is a kind	
Of emulation ; likewise so in this.	Enter Woodroff, Annabel, Bonvile, Franckford, Luce, and Nurse.
There's a maid this day married, a choice heauty: Now, Mistress Clare, a virgin of like age	
And fortunes correspondent, apprehending	Wood. What did you call the gentleman we met
Time lost in her that's in another gain'd,	But now in some distraction ?
May upon this-for who knows women's	Bon. Lessingham;
thoughts ?	A most approv'd and noble friend of mine,
Grow into this deep sadness.	And one of our prime guests. <i>Wood.</i> He seem'd to me
Ray. Like enough.	
Less. You are pleasant, gentlemen, or else	Somewhat in mind distemper'd. What concern
perhaps,	Those private humours our so public mirth, In such a time of revels? Mistress Clare,
Though I know many have pursu'd her love	I miss her too: why collects here more it
Grov. And you amongst the rest, with pardon,	I miss her too: why, gallants, have you suffer'd her
sir;	
Yet she might cast some more peculiar eye	Thus to he lost amongst you?
On some that not respects her.	Anna. Dinner done, Unknown to any, she retir'd herself.
Less. That's my fear,	Wood Sick of the mail and
Which you now make your sport.	Wood. Sick of the maid perhaps, because she
Enter Waitingwoman.	You, mistress bride, her school and playfellow,
Wait. A letter, sir.	So suddenly turn'd wife.
Less. From whom ?	Franck. 'Twas shrewdly guess'd.
Wait. My mistress. [Gives letter.	Wood. Go find her out.—Fie, gentlemen, within
Less. [aside] She has kept her promise;	The music plays unto the silent walls,
And I will read it, though I in the same	And no man there to grace it : when I was young, At such a meeting I have so hestirr'd me
Know my own death included.	Till I have made the pale green-sickness girls
* without taxation] i. e. irreproachable.	Blush like the ruby, and drop pearls apace

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SCENE II.

.

Down from their ivory foreheads; in those days	A coral with a whistle and a chain.
I have cut capers thus high. Nay, in, gentlemen,	Franck. He shall have any-thing.
And single out the ladies.	Nurse. He's now quite out of blankets.
Ray. Well advis'd.—	Franck. There's a piece; [Gives money.
Nay, mistress bride, you shall along with us,	Provide him what he wants : only, good nurse,
For without you all's nothing.	Prithee, at this time be ailent.
Anna. Willingly,	Nurse. A charm to bind
With master bridegroom's leave.	Any nurse's tongue that's living.
Bon. O my best joy,	Wood. Come, we are miss'd
This day I am your servant.	Among the younger fry : gravity ofttimes
Wood. True, this day;	Becomes the sports of youth, especially
She his, her whole life after,so it should be;	At such solemnitics; and it were sin
Only this day a groom to do her service,	Not in our age to show what we have bin.
For which, the full remainder of his age,	[Exeunt.
He may write master. I have done it yet,	+
And so, I hope, still shall do.—Sister Luce,	
May I preaume my brother Franckford can	SCENE II.*
Say as much and truly?	Enter LESSINOHAM, sad, with a letter in his hand.
Luce. Sir, he may;	Less. Amicitia nihil dedit Natura majus nec
I freely give him leave.	rarius:
Wood. Observe that, brother;	So saith my author. + If, then, powerful Nature,
She freely gives you leave : but who gives leave,	In all her bounties shower'd upon mankind,
The master or the servant?	Found none more rare and precious than this one
Franck. You are pleasant,	We call Friendship, O, to what a monster
And it becomes you well, but this day most,	Would this trans-shape me,to be made that he
That having but one daughter, have hestow'd her	To violate such goodness ! To kill any,
To your great hope and comfort.	Had been a sad injunction; but a friend !
Wood. I have one:	Nay, of all friends the most approv'd ! a task
Would you could say so, sister! but your	Hell, till this day, could never parallel.
barrenness	And yet this woman has a power of me
Hath given your husband freedom, if he please,	Beyond all virtue,—virtue ! almost grace.
To seek his pastime elsewhere.	What might her hidden purpose be in this,
Luce. Well, well, brother,	Unless she apprehend some fantasy,
Though you may taunt me, that have never yet	That no such thing has being, and as kindred,
Been bless'd with issue, spare my husband, pray,	And claims to crowns, are worn out of the world,
For he may have a by-blow or an heir	So the name friend? 't may be 'twas her conceit.
That you never heard of.	I have tried those that have professed much
Franck. O, fie, wife ! make not	For coin, nay, sometimes, slighter courtesies,
My fault too public.	Yet found 'em cold enough : so, perhaps, she;
Luce. Yet himself keep within compass. Franck. If you love me, sweet,——-	Which makes her thus opinion'd. If in the
	former,
<i>Luce.</i> Nay, I have done. <i>Wood.</i> But if	And therefore better days, 'twas held so rare,
He have not, wench, I would he had the hurt	Who knows but in these last and worser times
I wish you both. Prithee, thine ear a little.	It may be now with Justice banish'd th' earth?
Nurse. [to FRANCEFORD] Your boy grows up,	I'm full of thoughts, and this my troubled breast
and 'tis a chopping lad,	Distemper'd with a thousand fantasies.
A man even in the cradle.	Something I must resolve. I'll first make proof
Franck. Softly, nurse.	If such a thing there be; which having found,
Nurse. One of the forward'st infants how it	'Twixt love and friendship 'twill be a brave fight,
will crow,	To prove in man which claims the greatest right.
And chirrup like a sparrow! I fear shortly	
It will breed teeth: you must provide him	* Scene II.] A room in the same house.
therefore	† So saith my author] A passage somewhat resembling this occurs in Cicere.
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	T The state there
Enter RAYMOND, EUSTACE, LIONEL, and GROVER.	Less. Then 'tis thus.
Ray. What, Master Lessingham!	There is to be perform'd a monomachy,
You that were wont to be compos'd of mirth,	Combat, or duel,—time, place, and weapon,
All spirit and fire, alacrity itself,	Agreed betwixt us. Had it touch'd myself
Like the lustre of a late-bright-shining sun,	And myself only, I had then been happy;
Now wrapt in clouds and darkness!	But I by composition am engag'd
Lion. Prithee, he merry;	To bring with me my second, and he too,
Thy dulness sads the half part of the house,	Not as the law of combat is, to stand
And deads that spirit which thou wast wont to	Aloof and see fair play, bring off his friend,
quicken,	But to engage his person : both must fight,
And, half-spent, to give life to.	And either of them dangerous.
Less. Gentlemen,	Eust. Of all things
Such as have cause for sport, I shall wish ever	I do not like this fighting.
To make of it the present benefit,	Less. Now, gentlemen,
While it exists; content is still short-breath'd:	Of this so great a courtesy I am
When it was mine, I did so; if now yours,	At this instant merely * destitute.
I pray make your best use on't.	Ray. The time?
Lion. Riddles and paradoxes:	Less. By eight o'clock to-morrow.
Come, come, some crotchet's come into thy pate,	Ray. How unhappily
And I will know the cause on't.	Things may fall out! I am just at that hour,
Grov. So will I,	Upon some late-conceived discontents,
	To atone + me to my father; otherwise
Or, I protest, ne'er leave thee.	Of all the rest you had commanded me
Less. 'Tis a business*	Your second and your servant.
Proper to myself, one that concerns	Lion. Pray, the place?
No second person.	Less. Calais-sands.
Grov. How's that ! not a friend ?	<i>Lion.</i> It once was fatal to a friend of mine
Less. Why, is there any such?	
Grov. Do you question that? what do you take	And a near kiusman; for which I vow'd then,
me for?	And deeply too, never to see that ground :
Eust. Ay, sir, or me? 'Tis many months ago	But if it had been elsewhere, one of them
Since we betwixt us interchang'd that name,	Had before nine § been worms'-meat.
And, of my part, ne'er broken.	Grov. What's the weapon?
Lion. Troth, nor mine.	Less. Single-sword.
Ray. If you make question of a friend, I pray	Grov. Of all that you could name,
Number not me the last in your account,	A thing I never practis'd : had it been
That would be crown'd in your opinion first.	Rapier, or that and poniard, where men use
Less. You all speak nobly; but amongst you all	Rather sleight than force, I had been then your
Can such a one be found?	man.
Ray. Not one amongst us	Being young, I strain'd the sinews of my arm ;
But would be proud to wear the character	Since then to me 'twas never serviceable.
Of noble friendship : in the name of which,	Eust. In troth, sir, had it been a money-matter,
And of all us here present, I entreat,	I could have stood your friend; but as for fighting,
Expose to us the grief that troubles you.	I was ever out at that.
Less. I shall, and briefly. If ever gentleman	Less. Well, farewell, gentlemen.
Sunk beneath scandal, or his reputation,	Exeunt RAYMOND, EUSTACE, LIONEL, and GROVER.
Never to he recover'd, suffer'd, and	But where's the friend in all this? Tush, she's
For want of one whom I may call a friend,	wise,
Then mine is now in danger.	
Ray. I'll redeem 't,	* merely] i. e. utterly.
Though with my life's dear hazard.	+ atone] i.e. reconcile.
Eust. I pray, sir,	t Calais-sands] As duelling was punishable by the
Be to us open-breasted.	English law, it was customary for gallants, who had
* 'Tis a business, &c.] The old ed. gives this speech to	affairs of honour to settle, to betake themselves to Calais- sands,
Eustace.	§ nine] The old ed. "mine."

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And knows there's no such thing beneath the moon: I now applaud her judgment.	You'll cancel this your promise, and unsay Your friendly proffer; neither can I blame you: Had you confirm'd it with a thousand oaths,
	The heavens would look with mercy, not with
Enter BONVILE.	justice,
Bon. Why, how now, friend ! This discontent,	On your offence, should you infringe 'em all.
which now	Soon after sun-rise, upon Calais-sands,
Is so unseason'd, makes me question what	To-morrow we should meet : now to defer
I ne'er durst doubt befors, your love to me: Doth it proceed from envy of my bliss,	Time one half-hour, I should but forfeit all.
	But, sir, of all men living, this, alas,
Which this day crowns me with? or have you been	Concerns you least; for shall I be the man To rob you of this night's felicity,
A secret rival in my happiness,	And make your bride a widow, her soft bed
And grieve to see me owner of those joys	No witness of those joys this night expects?
Which you could wish your own?	Bon. I still prefer my friend before my pleasure,
Less. Banish such thoughts,	Which is not lost for ever, but adjourn'd
Or you shall wrong the truest faithful friendship	For more mature employment.
Man e'er could boast of. O, mine honour, sir!	Less. Will you go, then?
'Tis that which makes me wear this brow of	Bon. I am resolv'd I will.
sorrow :	Less. And instantly?
Were that free from the power of calumny,—	Bon. With all the speed celerity can make.
But pardon me, that being now a-dying,	Less. You do not weigh those inconveniences
Which is so near to man, if part we cannot	This action meets with : your departure hence
With pleasant looks.	Will breed a strange distraction in your friends,
Bon. Do but speak the burden,	Distrust of love in your fair virtuous bride,
And I protest to take it off from you,	Whose eyes perhaps may never more be bless'd
And lay it on myself.	With your dear sight, since you may meet a grave,
Less. 'Twere a request,	And that not 'mongst your noble ancestors,
Impudence without blushing could not ask,	But amongst strangers, almost enemies.
It hears with it such injury.	Bon. This were enough to shake a weak resolve;
Bon. Yet must I know't.	It moves not me. Take horse as secretly
Less. Receive it, then : but I entreat you, sir,	As you well may: my groom shall make mine ready
Not to imagine that I apprehend	With all speed possible, unknown to any.
A thought to further my intent by you;	Less. But, sir, the bride.
From you 'tis least suspected :—'twas my fortune To entertain a quarrel with a gentleman,	Enter ANNABEL.
The field betwixt us challeng'd, place and time.	Anna. Did you not see the key that's to unlock
And these to be perform'd not without seconds :	My carcanet * and bracelets? now, in troth,
I have relied on many seeming friends,	I am afraid 'tis lost.
But cannot bless my memory with one	Bon. No, sweet, I ha't;
Dares venture in my quarrel.	I found it lie at random in your chamber,
Bon. Is this all?	And knowing you would miss it, laid it by :
Less. It is enough to make all temperature	'Tis safe, I warrant you.
Convert to fury. Sir, my reputation,	Anna. Then my fear's past :
The life and soul of honour, is at stake,	But till you give it back, my neck and arms
In danger to be lost; the word of coward	Are still your prisoners.
Still printed in the name of Lessingham.	Bon. But you shall find
Bon. Not while there is a Bonvile. May I live	They have a gentle gaoler.
poor,	Anna. So I hope.
And die despis'd, not having one sad friend	Within you're much inquir'd of.
To wait upon my hearse, if I survive	Bon. Sweet, I follow. [Exit ANNABEL.] Dover
The ruin of that honour! Sir, the time?	Less. Yes, that's the place.
Less. Above all spare me [that], for that once	*
known,	* carcanet] i. e. necklace.

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Bon. If you he there before me, hire a bark :
I shall not fail to meet you. [Exit.]
Less. Was ever known
A man eo miserably bless'd as I?
I have no sooner found the greatest good
Man in this pilgrimage of life can meet,

But I must make the womb where 'twas conceiv'd The tomb to bury it, and the first hour it lives

The tomb to bury it, and the list hour is a fate The last it must breathe. Yet there is a fate That sways and governs above woman's hate. [Exit.

ACT II.

SCENE I.*

Enter ROCHFIELD.

Roch. A younger brother ! 'tis a poor calling ; Though not unlawful, very hard to live on : The elder fool inherits all the lands, And we that follow, legacies of wit, And get 'em when we can too. Why should law, If we be lawful and legitimate, Leave us without an equal divident? Or why compels it not our fathers else To cease from getting, when they want to give ? No, sure, our mothers will ne'er agree to that; They love to groan, although the gallows echo And groan together for us : from the first We travel forth, t'other's our journey's end. I must forward. To beg is out of my way, And borrowing is out of date. The old road, The old high-way, 't must be, and I am in't : The place will serve for a young beginner, For this is the first day I set ope shop. Success, then, sweet Laverna ! I have heard That thieves adore thee for a deity: I would not purchase by thee but to eat; And 'tis too churlish to deuy me meat.---Soft ! here may he a booty.

Enter ANNABEL and a Servant. Anna. Hors'd, says't thou ? Serv. Yes, mistress, with Lessingham. Anna. Alack, I know not what to doubt or fear ? I know not well whether't he well or ill; But, sure, it is no custom for the groom To leave his bride upon the nuptial day. I am so young and ignorant a scholar— Yes, and it proves so; I talk away perhaps That might be yet recover'd. Prithee, run: The fore-path may advantage thee to meet 'em, Or the ferry, which is not two miles before, May trouble 'em until thou com'st in ken; And if thou dost, prithee, enforce thy voice'

* Scene I.] A highway, near Woodroff's house.

To overtake thine eyes, cry out, and crave For me but one word 'fore his departure; I will not stay him, eay, beyond his pleasure, Nor rudely ask the cause, if he be willing To keep it from me. Charge him by all the love— But I etay thee too long: run, run.

Serv. If I had wings, I would spread 'em now,* mistress. [Exit.

Anna. I'll make the best speed after that I can; Yet I 'm not well acquainted with the path :

My fears, I fear me, will misguide me too. [Exit. Roch. There's good movables,

I perceive, whate'er the ready coin be :

Whoever owns her, she's mine now; the next ground

Has a most pregnant hollow for the purpose.

[Exit.

SCENE II.+

Enter Servant, who runs over, and exit : then enter ANNABEL; after her, Rochfield.

Anna. I'm at a douht already where I am. Roch. I'll help you, mistress: well overtaken. Anna. Defend me, goodness?—What are you? Roch. A man.

Anna. An honest man, I hope.

Roch. In some degrees hot, not altogether cold, So far as rank poison, yet dangerous,

As I may be dress'd : I am an honest thief. Anna. Honest and thief hold small affinity;

I never heard they were akin before:

Pray heaven I find it now !

Roch. I tell you my name.

Anna. Then, honest thief, since you have taught me so,

For I'll inquire no other, use me honestly.

Roch. Thus, then, I'll use you. First, then, ‡ to prove me honest,

- * I would spread 'em now] Qy. "I now would spread 'em"?
- † Scene II.] Another part of the same.
- t then] Repeated, it would seem, by mistake.

I will not violate your chastity	Roch. Ay, by Saint Nicholas :* lady, sweet
(That's no part yet of my profession),	lady,
Be you wife or virgin.	Anna. Sir, I have now a masculine vigour,
Anna. I am both, sir.	And will redeem myself with purchase + too.
Roch. This, then, it seems should be your	What money have you?
wedding-day,	Roch. Not a cross, ‡ by this foolish hand of
And these the hours of interim to keep you	mine.
In that double state : come, then, I'll be brief,	Anna. No money? 'twere pity, then, to take
For I'll not hinder your desirèd hymen.	this from thee;
You have about you some superfluous toys,	I know thou'lt use me ne'er the worse for this;
Which my lank hungry pockets would contain *	Take it again, I know not how to use it ;
With much more profit and more privacy;	A frown had taken't from me, which thou hadst
You have an idle chain which keeps your neck	not.
A prisoner; a manacle, I take it,	And now hear and believe me,—on my knees
About your wrist too. If these prove emblems	I make the protestation; forbear
Of the combined hemp to halter mine,	To take what violence and danger must
The Fates take their pleasure! these are set	Dissolve, if I forgo 'em now. I do assure
down	You would not strike my head off for my chain,
To be your ransom, and there the thief is prov'd.	Nor my hand for this : how to deliver 'em
Anna. I will confess both, and the last forget.	Otherwise, I know not. Accompany
You shall be only honest in this deed:	Me back unto my house, 'tis not far off:
Pray you, take it; I entreat you to it,	By all the vows which this day I have tied
And then you steal 'em not. <i>Roch</i> . You may deliver 'em.	Unto my wedded husband, the honour
	Yet equal with my cradle-purity,
Anna. Indeed, I cannot. If you observe, sir, They are both lock'd about me, and the key	(If you will tax me,) to the hoped joys,
I have not : happily + you are furnish'd	The blessings of the hed, posterity,
With some instrument that may unloose 'em.	Or what aught else by woman may be pledg'd,
Roch. No, in troth, lady; I am but a freshman;	I will deliver you in ready coin
I never read further than this book you see,	The full and dear'st esteem § of what you crave.
And this very day is my beginning too:	Roch. Ha! ready money is the prize I look for :
These picking-laws I am to study yet.	It walks without suspicion any where,
Anna. O, do not show me that, sir, 'tis too	When chains and jewels may be stay'd and call'd Before the constable : but———
frightful!	Anna. But ! can you doubt?
Good, hurt me not, for I do yield 'em freely :	•
Use but your hands; perhaps their strength will	You saw I gave you my advantage up : Did you e'er think a woman to be true?
Berve	
To tear 'em from me without much detriment :	Rock. Thought's free: I have heard of some few, lady,
Somewhat I will endure.	Very few indeed.
Roch. Well, sweet lady,	Anna. Will you add one more to your belief?
You're the best patient for a young physician,	<i>Roch.</i> They were fewer than the articles of my
That I think e'er was practis'd on. I'll use you	belief;
As gently as I can, as I'm an honest thief.	Therefore I have room for you, and will believe
No? will't not do? Do I hurt you, lady?	you.
Anna. Not much, sir.	Stay; you'll ransom your jewels with ready coin;
Roch. I'd be loth at all. I cannot do't.	So may you do, and then discover me.
Anna. Nay, then, you shall not, sir. You a thief,	Anna. Shall I reiterate the vows I made
[She draws his sword.	To this injunction, or new ones coin ?
And guard yourself no better? no further read?	Roch. Neither; I'll trust you : if you do destroy
Yet out in your own book? a bad clerk, are you	
not?	* a bad clerk, are you not ? Ay, by Saint Nicholas] A cant
1	name for thieves was St. Nicholas' clerks.
* contain] The ald of ((contains))	t purchase] i. e. booty.
* contain] The old ed. "contrive." † happily] i. e. haply.	t a cross] See note †, p. 196. § esteem] i.e. value.
	1 · · · · ·

A thief that never yet did robbery,

Then farswell I, and mercy fall upon me !

I knew one once fifteen years courtier old,

And he was buried ere he took a bribe : It may be my case in the woreer way.

Come, you know your path back.

Anna. Yes, I shall guide you.

Roch. Your arm: I'll lead with greater dread than will;

Nor do you fear, though in thief's handling still.

SCENE III.*

Enter Two Boys, one with a Child in his arms.

First Boy. I say 'twas fair play.

Sec. Boy. To snatch upstakes! I say you should not say so, if the child were out of mine arms.

First Boy. Ay, then thou'det lay about like a man: but the child will not be out of thine arms this five years; and then thou hast a prenticeship to serve to a boy afterwards.

Sec. Boy. So, sir: you know you have the advantage of me.

First Boy. I'm sure you have the odds of me; you are two to one.—But, soft, Jack ! who comes here? if a point will make us friends, we'll not fall out.

Sec. Boy. O, the pity ! 'tis gaffer Compass: they said he was dead three years ago.

First Boy. Did not he dance the hobby-horse in Hackney-morris once?

Sec. Boy. Yes, yes, at Green-gooss fair; as honest and as poor a man.

Enter Compass.

Comp. Blackwall, sweet Blackwall, do I see thy white cheeks again ? I have brought some brine from sea for thee; tears that might be tied in a true-love knot, for they're fresh salt indeed. O beautiful Blackwall ! If Urse, my wife, be living to this day, though she die to-morrow, sweet Fates !

Sec. Boy. Alas, let's put him out of his dumps, for pity sake.—Welcome home, gaffer Compass.

First Boy. Welcome home, gaffer.

Comp. My pretty youths, I thank you.—Honest Jack, what a little man art thou grown since I saw thee! Thou hast got a child since, methinks.

Sec. Boy. I am fain to keep it, you see, whosoever got it, gaffer: it may be another man's case as well as mine.

* Scene III. Blackwall.

Comp. Sayest true, Jack: and whose protty knave is it?

Sec. Boy. One that I mean to make a younger brother, if he live to't, gaffer. But I can tell you news: you have a brave boy of your own wife's; O. 'tis a shot to this pig '

Comp. Have I, Jack? I'll owe thee a dozen of points* for this news.

Sec. Boy. O, 'tis a chopping boy ! it cannot choose, you know, gaffer, it was so long a breeding. Comp. How long, Jack ?

Sec. Boy. You know 'tis four year ago since you went to sea, and your child is but a quarter old yet.

Comp. What plaguy boys are bred now-a-days! First Boy. Pray, gaffer, how long may a child be breeding before 'tis born ?

Comp. That is as things are and prove, child; the soil has a great hand in't too, the horizon, and the clime: these things you'll understand when you go to sea. In some parts of London hard by you shall have a bride married to-day, and brought to bed within a month after, sometimes within three weeks, a fortnight.

First Boy. O horrible !

Comp. True, as I tell you, lads. In another place you shall have a couple of drones, do what they can, shift lodgings, beds, bedfellows, yet not a child in ten years.

Sec. Boy. O pitiful !

Comp. Now it varies again by that time you come at Wapping, Ratcliff, Limehouse, and here with us at Blackwall; our children come uncertainly, as the wind servee. Sometimes here we are supposed to be away three or four year togsther: 'tis nothing so; we are at home and gone again, when nobody knows on't. If you'll believe me, I have been at Surat, as this day; I have taken the long-boat, (a fair gale with me,) been here a-bed with my wife by twelve o'clock at night, up and gone again i'the morning, and no man the wiser, if you'll believe me.

Sec. Boy. Yes, yes, gaffer, I have thought so many times,—that you or some body else have been at home: I lie at next wall, and I have heard a noise in your chamber all night long.

Comp. Right: why, that was I; yet thou never sawest me.

Sec. Boy. No, indeed, gaffer.

Comp. No, I warrant thes; I was a thousand leagues off ere thou wort up. But, Jack, I have

* points] i.e. the tagged laces which fastened the breeches to the doublet.

been loth to ask all this while, for discomforting myself, how does my wife ? is she living ?

Sec. Boy. O, never better, gaffer, never so lusty : and truly she wears better clothes than she was wont in your days, especially on holidays,—fair gowns, brave petticoats, and fine smocks, they say that have seen 'em; and some of the neighbours report that they were taken up at London.

Comp. Like enough: they must be paid for, Jack.

Sec. Boy. And good reason, gaffer.

Comp. Well, Jack, thou shalt have the honour on't: go tell my wife the joyful tidings of my return.

Sec. Boy. That I will, for she heard you were dead long ago. [Exit.

First Boy. Nay, sir, I'll be as forward as you, by your leave. [Exit.

Comp. Well, wife, if I be one of the livery, I thank thee. The horners are a great company; there may be an alderman amongst us one day: 'tis but changing our copy, and then we are no more to be called by our old hrother-hood.

Enter URSE.

Urse. O my sweet Compass, art thou come again ?

Comp. O Urse, give me leave to shed! the fountains * of love will have their course: though I cannot sing at first sight, yet I can cry before I see. I am new come into the world, and children cry before they laugh a fair while.

Urse. And so thou art, sweet Compass, new-born indeed.

For rumour laid thee out for dead long since.

I never thought to see this face again :

I heard thou wert div'd to the bottom of the sea, And taken up a lodging in the sands,

Never to come to Blackwall again.

Comp. I was going, indeed, wife; but I turned back : I heard an ill report of my neighbours, sharke and sword-fishes, and the like, whose companies I did not like. Come kiss my tears, now, sweet Urse : sorrow begins to ebb.

Urse. A thousand times welcome home, sweet Compass !

Comp. An ocean of thanks; and that will hold 'em. And, Urse, how goes all at home ? or cannot all go yet ? lank still ? will't never be full sea at our wharf?

Urse. Alas, husband !

Comp. A lass or a lad, wench ? I should be glad

* fountains] The old ed. "fountain."

of both: I did look for a pair of Compasses before this day.

Urse. And you from home ?

Comp. I from home! why, though I be from home, and other of our neighbours from home, it is not fit all should be from home; so the town might be left desolate, and our neighbours of Bow might come further from the Itacus,* and inhabit here.

Urse. I'm glad you're merry, sweet husband.

Comp. Merry! nay, I'll be merrier yet: why should I be sorry? I hope my hoy's well, is he not? I looked for another by this time.

Urse. What boy, husband?

Comp. What boy ! why, the boy I got when I came home in the cock-boat one night about a year ago: you have not forgotten't, I hope. I think I left behind for a boy, and a boy I must be answered : I'm sure I was not drunk; it could be no girl.

Urse. Nay, then, I do perceive my fault is known:

Dear man, your pardon !

Comp. Pardon! why, thou hast not made away my boy, hast thou? I'll hang thee, if there were ne'er a whore in Lendon more, if thou hast hurt but his little toe.

Urse. Your long absence, with rumour of your death,---

After long battery I was surpris'd.

Comp. Surprised ! I cannot blame thee : Blackwall, if it were double black-walled, can't hold out always, no more than Limehouse, or Shadwell, or the strongest suburbs about London ; and when it comes to that, woe be to the city too !

Urse. Pursu'd by gifts and promises, I yielded: Consider, husband, I am a woman,

Neither the first nor last of such offenders.

'Tis true I have a child.

Comp. Ha' you? and what shall I have, then, I pray? Will not you labour for me, as I shall do for you? Because I was out o' the way when 'twas gotten, shall I lose my share? There's better law amongst the players yet; for a fellow shall have his share, though he do not play that day. If you look for any part of my four years' wages, I will have half the boy.

Urse. If you can forgive me, I shall be joy'd at it.

Comp. Forgive thee! for what? for doing me a pleasure? And what is he that would seem to father my child?

* Itacus] Seems to be a misprint.

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Urse. A man, sir, whom in better courtesies	Wood. I would say, speed 'em well;
We have been beholding to, the merchant Master Franckford.	And if no worse news comes, I'll never weep for't.
Comp. I'll acknowledge no other courtesies:	Enter Nurse.
for this I am beholding to him, and I would	How now! hast thou any tidings?
requite it, if his wife were young enough. Though	Nurse. Yes, forsooth, I have tidings.
he be one of our merchants at sea, he shall give	Wood. Of any one that's lost?
me leave to be owner at home. And where's my	Nurse. Of one that's found again, forsooth.
me leave to be owner at nonice mile me in the	Wood. O, he was lost, it seems, then.
boy ? shall I see him ? Urse. He's nurs'd at Bednal-Green :* 'tis now	Franck. This tidings comes to me, I guess, sir.
too late;	Nurse. Yes, truly, does it, sir.
To-morrow I'll bring you to it, if you please.	Ray. Ay, have old lads work for young nurses?
Comp. I would thou couldst bring me another	Eust. Yes, when they groan towards their se-
by to-morrow. Come, we'll eat, and to hed; and	cond infancy.
if a fair gale come, we'll hoist sheets, and set	Clare. [aside] I fear myself most guilty for the
	absence
forwards. Let fainting fools lie sick upon their scorns;	Of the bridegroom. What our wills will do
I'll teach a cuckold how to hide his horns.	With over-rash and headlong previsionese
Exeunt.	To bring our calm discretions to repentance !
	Lessingbam's mistaken, quite out o' the way
	Lessingham & mistaken, quite out o the way
	Of my purpose too.
	Franck. Return'd!
SCENE IV.†	Nurse. And all discover'd. Franck. A fool rid him further off! Let him no
Enter WOODROFF, FRANCEFORD, RAYMOND, EUSTACE,	
GROVER, LIONEL, CLARE, and LUCE.	Come near the child.
Wood. This wants a precedent, that a bride-	Nurse. Nor see't, if it be your charge.
groom	Franck. It is, and strictly.
Should so discreet and decently observe	Nurse. To-morrow morning, as I hear, he pur
His forms, postures, all customary rites	poseth
Belonging to the table, and then hide himself	To come to Bednal-Green, his wife with him.
From his expected wages in the hed.	Franck. He shall be met there: yet if he fore
Franck. Let this be forgotten too, that it	stall
remain ‡ not	My coming, keep the child safe.
A first example.	Nurse. If he he
<i>Ray.</i> Keep it amongst us, Lest it heget too much unfruitful sorrow.	The earlier up, he shall arrive at the proverb.*
Most likely 'tis, that love to Lessingham	Wood. So, so;
Hath fastenèd on him, we all denied.	There's some good luck yet, the bride's in sigh
Eust. 'Tis more certain than likely : I know	again.
'tis so.	
Grov. Conceal, then: the event may be well	Enter ANNABEL and ROOHFIELD.
enough.	Anna. Father, and gentlemen all, beseech yo
Wood. The bride, my daughter, she is hidden	Entreat this gentleman with all courtesy :
too;	He is a loving kinsman of my Bonvile's,
This last hour she hath not been seen with us.	That kindly came to gratulate our wedding;
Ray. Perhaps they are together.	But as the day falls out, you see alone
Eust. And then we make too strict an inqui	
sition :	Your help to make this welcome better.
Under correction of fair modesty,	Wood. Most dearly.
Should they be stol'n away to bed together,	
What would you say to that?	* the proverb] "Early up and never the nearer."
* Bednal-Green] i. e. Bethnal-Green.	Ray's Proverbs, p. 101, ed. 1768. "You say true, Master Subtle; I have beene early a but, as God helpe me, I was never the neere."
<i>Scene IV.</i>] A room in the house of Woodroft. <i>remain</i>] The old ed. "remaine."	field's Amends for Ladies, sig. F 3, ed. 163

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Ray. To all, assure you, sir. She stares with a constable's eye upon him, Wood. But where's the bridegroom, girl ? And every dog a watchman ; a black cow, And a calf with a white face after her, We are all at a nonplus, here, at a stand, Quite out; the music ceas'd, and dancing sur-Shows like a surly justice and his clerk ; bated.* And if the baby go but to the bag, Not a light heel amongst us; my cousin Clare too 'Tis ink and paper for a mittimus. As cloudy here as on a washing-day. Sure, I shall never thrive on't; and it may be Clare. It is because you will not dance with me; I shall need take no care,-I may be now I should then shake it off. At my journey's end, or but the goal's distance, Anna. 'Tis I have cause And so to the t'other place. I trust a woman To be the sad one now, if any be: With a secret worth a hanging; is that well? But I have question'd with my meditations, I could find in my heart to run away yet: And they have render'd well and comfortably And that were base too, to run from a woman: To the worst fear I found. Suppose this day I can lay claim to nothing but her vows, He had long since appointed to his foe And they shall strengthen me. To meet, and fetch a reputation from him, Re-enter ANNABEL. Which is the dearest jewel unto man : Anna. See, sir, my promise: Say he do fight, I know his goodness such, [Giving money] There's twenty pieces, the full That all those powers that love it are his guard, And ill cannot betide him. value, I vow, Of what they cost. Wood. Prithee, peace: Roch. Lady, do not trap me Thou'lt make us all cowards to hear a woman Instruct so valiantly .--- Come, the music ! Like a sumpter-horse, and then spur-gall me I'll dance myself rather than thus put down: Till I break my wind. If the constable What ! I am rife + a little yet. Be at the door, let his fair staff appear: Perhaps I may corrupt him with this gold. Anna. Only this gentleman Pray you be free in welcome to: I tell you Anna. Nay, then, if you mistrust me,-Father, I was in a fear when first I saw him, gentlemen, Master Raymond, Eustace ! Roch. [aside] Ha ! she'll tell. Anna. I had quite lost my way in Re-enter WOODROFF, FRANCKFORD, RAYMOND, EUSTACE, My first amazement; but he so fairly came GROVER, LIONEL, CLARE, and LUCE, with a Sailor. To my recovery, in his kind conduct Wood. How now! what's the matter, girl? Gave me such loving comforts to my fears; Anna. For shame, will you bid your kinsman 'Twas he instructed me in what I spake, welcome? And many better than I have told you yet; No one but I will lay a hand on him : You shall hear more anon. Leave him alone, and all a-revelling ! Roch. [aside] So, she will out with't. Wood. O, is that it ?---Welcome, welcome Anna. I must, I see, supply both places still.heartily !--Come, when I have seen you back to your pleasure, I thought the bridegroom had been return'd.-But I will return to you, sir : we must discourse I have news, Annabel; this fellow brought it .-More of my Bonvile yet. Welcome, sir! why, you tremble methinks, sir. Omnes. A noble bride, faith. Anna. Some agony of anger 'tis, believe it, Clare. You have your wishes, and you may be His entertainment is so cold and feeble. merry: Ray. Pray, be cheer'd, sir. Mine have over-gone me. Roch. I'm wondrous well, sir; 'twas the geutle-[Execut all except ROCHFIELD. man's mistake. Roch. It is the trembling'st trade to be a thief ! Wood. 'Twas my hand shook belike, then; you H'ad need have all the world bound to the peace, must pardon Besides the bushes and the vanes of houses: Age, I was stiffer once. But as I was saying, Every thing that moves, he goes in fear of's life on; I should by promise see the sea to-morrow A fur-gowu'd cat, an meet her in the uight, ('Tis meant for physic) as low as Lee or Margate: * * the dancing surbated] Equivalent to-the dancers fa-Margate] Here, and in Act III. ec. 3, the old ed, has tigued. To surbate is to batter or weary with treading.

† rife] Seeme to be used here in the sense of-active.

" Margate] Here, and in Act III. ec. 3, the old ed. has "Margets"; but in Act. V. sc. 1, it has "Marget." 300

I have a vessel riding forth, gentlemen,	Roch. With all my heart, lady[Giving money]
'Tis call'd the God-speed too,	There, sir.—
Though I say't, a brave one, well and richly	[Aside] So, she has fish'd for her gold back, and
fraughted;	caught it;
And I can tell you she carries a letter of mart	I am no thief now.
In her mouth too, and twenty roaring boys	Wood. I shall make here a pretty assurance.
On both sides on her, starboard and larboard.	Roch. Sir, I shall have a suit to you.
What say you now, to make you all adventurers?	Wood. You are likely to obtain it, then, sir.
You shall have fair dealing, that I'll promise you.	Roch. That I may keep you company to sea,
Ray. A very good motion, sir : I begin;	And attend you back : I am a little travell'd.
[Giving money] There's my ten pieces.	Wood. And heartily thank you too, sir.
Eust. [Giving money] I second 'em with these.	Anna. Why, that's well said.—
Grov. [Giving money] My ten in the third place.	Pray you be merry : though your kinsman be ab-
Roch. [Giving money] And, sir, if you refuse not	sent,
a proffer'd love,	I am here, the worst part of him; yet that shall
Take my ten pieces with you too.	serve
Wood. Yours above all the rest, sir.	To give you welcome: to-morrow may show you
Anna. Then make 'em above, venture ten more.	What this night will not; and be full assur'd,
Roch. Alas, lady, 'tis a younger brother's	Unless your twenty pieces be ill-lent,
portion,	Nothing shall give you cause of discontent.
And all in one bottom !	[Giving money] There's ten more, sir.
Anna. At my encouragement, sir :	Roch. [aside] Why should I fear ? Foutre on't !
Your credit, if you want, sir, shall not sit down	I will be merry now, spite of the hangman.
Under that sum return'd.	Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I.*

Enter LESSINOHAM and BONVILE.

Bon. We are first i'the field : I think your enemy Is stay'd at Dover or some other port, We hear not of his landing.

Less. I am confident

He is come over.

Bon. You look, methinks, fresh-colour'd.

Less. Like a red morning, friend, that still foretells

A stormy day to follow : but, methinks, Now I observe your face, that you look pale; There's death in't already.

Bon. I could chide your error. Do you tske me for a coward ? A coward Is not his own friend, much less can he be Another man's. Know, sir, I am come hither To instruct you, by my geuerous example, To kill your enemy, whose name as yet I never question'd.

Less. Nor dare I name him yet For disheartening you.

* Scene I.] Calais-sands.

Bon. I do begin to doubt

The goodness of your quarrel.

Less. Now you have't;

For I protest that I must fight with one

From whom, in the whole course of our acquaintance,

I never did receive the least injury.

Bon. It may be the forgetful * wine begot Some sudden blow, and thereupon this + challenge. Howe'er you are engag'd; and, for my part, I will not take your course, my unlucky friend, To say your conscience grows pale and heartless, Maintaining a bad cause. Fight as lawyers plead, Who gain the best of reputation When they can fetch a bad cause smoothly off:

You are in, and must through.

Less. 0 my friend,

The noblest ever man had! When my fate Threw me upon this business, I made trial

* forgetful] So Milton:

"If the sleepy drench Of that forgetful lake benumb not still," &c. Par. Lost, ii. 73.

† this] The old ed. "'tis."

Of divers had profess'd to me much love, Aud found their friendship, like the effects that kept Our company together, wine and riot : Giddy and sinking I had found 'em oft, Brave seconds at pluralities of healths; But when it came to the proof, my gentlemen Appear'd to me as promising and failing As cozening lotteries. But then I found This jewel worth a thousand counterfeits : I did but name my engagement, and you flew Unto my succour with that cheerfulness As a great general hastes to a battle, When that the chief of the adverse part Is a man glorious and * of ample fame; You left your hridal bed to find your death-bed; And herein you most nobly express'd That the affection 'tween two loyal friends Is far beyond the love of man to woman, And is more near allied to eternity. What better friend's part could be show'd i'the world ! It transcends all: my father gave me life, But you stand by my honour when 'tis falling, And nobly underprop + it with your sword. But now you have done me all this service. How, how, shall I requite this? how return My grateful recompense for all this love? For it am I come hither with full purpose To kill you. Bon. Ha! Less. Yes, I have no opposite i'the world but Yourself: [Giving letter] there, read the warrant for your death. Bon. 'Tis a woman's hand. Less. And 'tis a bad hand too: The most of 'em speak fair, write foul, mean worse. Bon. Kill me! Away, you jest. Less. Such jest as your sharp-witted gallants use To utter, and lose their friends. Read there how I Am fetter'd in a woman's proud command : I do love madly, and must do madly. Deadliest hellebore or vomit of a toad Is qualified poison to the malice of a woman. Bon. And kill that friend ? strange ! Less. You may see, sir, Although the tenure by which land was held In villanage be quite extinct in England, Yet you have women there at this day living Make a number of slaves. Bon. And kill that friend! She mocks you, upon my life, she does equivocate :

* and] The old ed. "but."

t underprop] The old ed. "under-propt."

Her meaning is, you cherish in your breast Either self-love, or pride, as your best friend, And she wishes you'd kill that.

Less. Sure, her command Is more bloody; for she loathes me, and has put, As she imagines, this impossible task, For ever to be quit and free from me : But such is the violence of my affection, That I must undergo it. Draw your sword, And guard yourself : though I fight in fury, I shall kill you in cold hlood, for I protest 'Tis done in heart-sorrow.

Bon. I'll not fight with you, For I have much advantage : the truth is, I wear a privy coat.

Less. Prithee, put it off, then,

If thou* beest manly.

Bon. The defence I mean is the justice of my cause;

That would guard me, and fly to thy destruction. What confidence thou wear'st in a bad cause ! I am likely to kill thee, if I fight;

And then you fail to effect your mistress' bidding,

Or to enjoy the fruit of't. I have ever

Wished thy happiness, and vow I now

So much affect it, in compassion

Of my friend's sorrow: make thy way to it. + Less. That were a cruel murder.

Bon. Believe't, 'tis ne'er intended otherwise, When 'tis a woman's bidding.

Less. O the necessity of my fate !

Bon. You shed tears.

Less. And yet must on in my cruel purpose: A judge, methinks, looks loveliest when he weeps Pronouncing of death's sentence. How I stagger In my resolve! Guard thee, for I came hither To do and not to suffer. Wilt not yet Be persuaded to defend thee? turn the point, Advance it from the ground above thy head, And let it underprop thee otherwise In a bold resistance.

Bon. Stay. Thy injunction was Thou shouldst kill thy friend.

Less. It was.

Bon. Observe me.

He wrongs me most ought to offend me least, And they that study man say of a friend, There's nothing in the world that's harder found, Nor sconer lost. Thou cam'st to kill thy friend, And thou mayst brag thou hast done't; for here for ever

* thou] The old ed. "then."

+ make thy way to itl Something seems to have dropt out here.

All friendship dies between us, and my heart, For bringing forth any effects of love, Shall be as barren to thee as this saud We tread ou, cruel and inconstant as The sea that beats upon this beach. We now Are severed: thus hast thou slain thy friend, And satisfied what the witch, thy mistress, bade thee. Go, and report that thou hast slain thy friend. Less. I am serv'd right. Bon. And now that I do cease to be thy friend, I will fight with thee as thine enemy: I came not over idly to do nothing. Less. O friend ! Bon. Friend! The naming of that word shall be the quarrel. What do I know but that thou lov'st my wife, And feign'dst this plot to divide me from her bed, And that this letter here is counterfeit? Will you advance, sir? Less. Not a blow : 'Twould appear ill in either of us to fight, In you unmanly; for believe it, sir, You have disarm'd me already, done away All power of resistance in me. It would show Beastly to do wrong to the dead : to me you say You are dead for ever, lost on Calais-sands By the cruelty of a woman. Yet remember You had a noble friend, whose love to you Shall continue after death. Shall I go over In the same bark with you? Bon. Not for yon town Of Calais: you know 'tis dangerous living At sea with a dead body. Less. O, you mock me. May you enjoy all your noble wishes! Bon. And may you find a better friend than I. And better keep him ! Exeunt. SCENE IL* Enter Nurse, COMPASS, and URSE. Nurse. Indeed, you must pardon me, goodman Compass; I have no authority to deliver, no, not to let you see the child : to tell you true, I have command unto the contrary. Comp. Command ! from whom ? Nurse. By the father of it.

Comp. The father! who am I?

Nurse. Not the father, sure : the civil law has found it otherwise.

* Scene 11.] Bethnal-Green.

Comp. The civil law! why, then, the uncivil law shall make it mine again. I'll be as dreadful as a Shrove-Tuesday* to thee: I will tear thy cottage, but I will see my child.

Nurse. Speak but half so much again, I'll call the constable, and lay burglary to thy charge.

Urse. My good husband, be patient.—And, prithee, nurse, let him see the child.

Nurse. Indeed, I dare not.

The father first deliver'd me the child :

He pays me well and weekly for my pains,

And to his use I keep it.

Comp. Why, thou white bastard-breeder, is not this the mother ?

Nurse. Yes, I grant you that.

Comp. Dost thou? and I grant it too: and is not the child mine own, then, by the wife's copyhold?

Nurse. The law must try that.

Comp. Law! dost think I'll be but a father-inlaw? All the law betwixt Blackwall and Tuthillstreet (and there's a pretty deal) shall not keep it from me, mine own flesh and blood: who does use to get my children but myself?

Nurse. Nay, you must look to that: I ne'er knew you get any.

Comp. Never? Put on a clean smock and try me, if thou darest; three to one I get a bastard on thee to-morrow morning between one and three.

Nurse. I'll see thee hanged first. Comp. So thou shalt too.

the share boo.

Enter FRANCEFORD and LUCE.

Nurse. O, here's the father: now, pray, talk with him.

Franck. Good morrow, neighbour: morrow to you both.

Comp. Both! Morrow to you and your wife too.

Franck. I would speak calmly with you.

Comp. I know what belongs to a calm and a storm too. A cold word with you: you have tied your mare in my ground.

Franck. No, 'twas my nag.

Comp. I will cut off your nag's tail, and make his rump make hair-buttons, if e'er I take him there again.

Franck. Well, sir : but to the main.

Comp. Mane! yes, and I'll clip his mane too, and crop his ears too, do you mark? and backgall him, and spurgall him, do you note? and slit his nose, do you smell me now, sir? unbreech his barrel, and discharge his bullets; I'll gird him till he stinks: you smell me now I'm sure.

* Shrove-Tuesday] See note t, p. 274.

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Franck. You are too rough, neighbour. To maintaiu-

Comp. Maintain! you shall not maintain no child of mine: my wife does not bestow her labour to that purpose.

Franck. You are too speedy. I will not main-

Comp. No, marry, shall you not.

Franck. The deed to be lawful:

I have repented it, and to the law

Given satisfaction; my purse has paid for't.

Comp. Your purse ! 'twas my wife's purse : you brought in the coin indeed, but it was found base and counterfeit.

Franck. I would treat colder with you, if you be pleased.

Comp. Pleased ! yes, I am pleased well enough: serve me so still. I am going again to sea one of these days: you know where I dwell. Yet you'll but lose your labour: get as many children as you can, you shall keep none of them.

Franck. You are mad.

Comp. If I be horn-mad, what's that to you?

Franck. I leave off milder phrase, and then tell you plain, you are a-----

Comp. A what? what am I?

Franck. A coxcomb.

Comp. A coxcomb ! I knew 'twould begin with a C.

Franck. The child is mine, I am the father of it:

As it is past the deed, 'tis past the shame; I do acknowledge and will enjoy it.

Comp. Yes, when you can get it again. Is it not my wife's labour? I'm sure she's the mother: you may be as far off the father as I am, for my wife's acquainted with more whoremasters besides yourself, and crafty merchants too.

Urse. No, indeed, husband; to make my offence Both least and most, I knew no other man: He's the begetter, but the child is mine; I bred and hore it, and I will not lose it.

Luce. The child's my husband's, dame, and he must have it.

I do allow my sufferance to the deed,

In lieu I never yet was fruitful to him,

And in my barrenness excuse my wrong.

Comp. Let him dung his own ground better at home, then: if he plant his radish-roots in my garden, I'll eat 'em with bread and salt, though I get no mutton to 'em. What though your hushand lent my wife your distaff, shall not the yarn be mine? I'll have the head; let him carry the spindle home again. Franck. Forbear more words, then ; let the law try it.—

Meantime, nurse, keep the child; and to keep it better,

Here take more pay beforehand; there's money for thee.

Comp. There's money for me too: kcep it for me, nurse. Give him hoth thy dugs at once: I pay for thy right dug.

Nurse. I have two hands you see: gentlemen, this does but show how the law will hamper you: even thus you must be used.

Franck. The law shall show which is the worthier gender :

A schoolboy can do't.

Comp. I'll whip that schoolhoy that declines the child from my wife and her heirs: do not I know my wife's case, the genitive case, and that's hujus, as great a case as can be?

Franck. Well, fare you well: we shall meet in another place.—

Come, Luce. [Exeunt FRANCEFORD and LUCE.

Comp. Meet her in the same place again, if you dare, and do your worst. Must we go to law for our children now-a-days? No marvel if the lawyers grow rich: but ere the law shall have a limb, a leg, a joint, a nail,

I will spend more than a whole child in getting: Some win by play, and others by by-betting.

[Exeunt.

SCENE III.*

Enter RAYMOND, EUSTACE, LIONEL, GROVER, ANNABEL, and CLARE.

Lion. Whence was that letter sent?

Anna. From Dover, sir.

Lion. And does that satisfy you what was the cause

Of his going over ?

Anna. It does: yet had he

Only sent this, it had been sufficient.

Ray. Why, what's that?

Anna. His will, wherein

He has estated me in all his land.

Eust. He's gone to fight.

Lion. Lessingham's second, certain.

Anna. And I am lost, lost in't for ever.

Clare. [aside] O fool Lessingham,

Thou hast mistook my injunction utterly,

Utterly mietook it ! and I am mad, stark mad

With my own thoughts, not knowing what event

* Scene III.] The garden belonging to Woodroff's house.

Their going-o'er will come to. 'Tis too late	Roch. Not to molest your patience with recital
Now for my tongue to cry my heart mercy.	Of every vain and needless circumstance,
Would I could be senseless till I hear	'Twas briefly thus. Scarce having reach'd to
Of their return ! I fear me both are lost.	Margate,*
Ray. Who should it be Lessingham's gone to	Bound on our voyage, suddenly in view
fight with ?	Appear'd to us three Spanish men-of-war.
Eust. Faith, I cannot possibly conjecture.	These, having spied the English cross advance,
Anna. Miserable creature ! a maid, a wife,	Salute us with a piece to have us strike :
And widow in the compass of two days !	Ours, hetter spirited, and no way daunted
Ray. Are you sad too?	At their unequal odds, though but one bottom,
Clare. I am not very well, sir.	Return'd 'em fire for fire. The fight begins,
Ray. I must put life in you.	And dreadful on the sudden : still they proffer'd
Clare. Let me go, sir.	To board us, still we hravely beat 'em off.
Ray. I do love you in spite of your heart.	Wood. But, daughter, mark the event.
Clare. Believe it,	Roch. Sea-room we got : our ship being swift
There was never a fitter time to express it,	of sail,
For my heart has a great deal of spite in't.	It help'd us much. Yet two unfortunate shot,
Ray. I will discourse to you fine fancies.	One struck the captain's head off, and the other,
Clare. Fine fooleries, will you not?	With an unlucky splinter, laid the master
Ray. By this hand, I love you and will court you.	Dead on the hatches : all our spirits then fail'd us.
Clare. Fie !	Wood. Not all: you shall hear further, daughter.
You can command your tongue, and I my ears	Roch. For none was left to manage: nothing now
	Was talk'd of but to yield up ship and goods,
To hear you no further.	And mediate for our peace.
Ray. [aside] On my reputation,	-
She's off o' the hinges strangely.	Wood. Nay, coz, proceed.
Refer Woopporr Doorpurp and a Sailor	Roch. Excuse me, I entreat you, for what's more
Enter Woodroff, Rochfield, and a Sailor	Hath already pass'd my memory.
Wood. Daughter, good news.	Wood. But mine it never can.—Then he stood
Anna. What, is my husband heard of?	up,
Wood. That's not the business: but you have	And with his oratory made us again
here a cousin	To recollect our spirits, so late dejected.
You may be mainly proud of; and I am sorry	Roch. Pray, sir,-
'Tis by your hushand's kindred, not your own,	Wood. I'll speak 't outBy unite consent
That we might boast to have so brave a man	Then the command was his, and 'twas his place
In our alliance.	Now to bestir him. Down he went below,
Anna. What, so soon return'd?	And put the linstocks in the gunners' hands;
You have made but a short voyage : howsoever	They ply their ordnance bravely: then again
You are to me most welcome.	Up to the decks; courage is there renew'd,
Roch. Lady, thanks:	Fear now not found amongst us. Within less
'Tis you have made me your own creature;	Than four hours' fight two of their ships were
Of all my being, fortunes, and poor fame,	sunk,
(If I have purchas'd any, and of which	Both founder'd, and soon swallow'd. Not long
I no way boast,) next the high providence,	after,
You have been the sole creatress.	The third + begins to wallow, lies on the lee
Anna. O dear cousin,	To stop her leaks: then holdly we come on,
You are grateful above merit.—What occasion	Boarded, and took her, and she's now our prize.
Drew you so soon from sea?	Sailor. Of this we were eye-witness.
Wood. Such an occasion,	Wood. And many more brave boys of us
As I may bless heaven for, you thank their bounty,	besides,
And all of us be joyful.	Myself for one. Never was, gentlemen,
Anna. Tell us how.	A sea-fight better manag'd.
Wood. Nay, daughter, the discourse will best	Roch. Thanks to heaven
appear	
In his relation : where he fails, I'll help.	* Margate] The old ed. "Margets." See note *, p. 299. † third] The old ed. "three."

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SCENE I.

We have sav'd our own, damag'd the enemy, And to our nation's glory we bring home Honour and profit.

Wood. In which, cousin Rochfield, You, as a venturer, have a double share, Bssides the name of captain, and in that A second benefit; but, most of all, Way to more great employment.

Roch. [to ANNABEL.] Thus your bounty Hath been to me a blessing.

Ray. Sir, we are all Indebted to your valeur : this beginning May make us of small venturers to become

Hereafter wealthy merchants.

Wood. Daughter, and gentlemen, This is the man was born to make us all. Come, enter, enter: we will in and feast: He's in the bridegroom's absence my chief guest. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.*

Enter COMPASS, URSE, LIONEL, PETTIFOG the Attorney, and First Boy.

Comp. Three Tuns do you call this tavern? It has a good neighbour of Guildhall, Master Pettifog .- Show a room, boy.

First Boy. Welcome, gentlemen.

Comp. What, art thou here, Hedge ?

First Boy. I am glad you are in health, sir.

Comp. This was the honest crack-rope first gave me tidings of my wife's fruitfulness.-Art bound prentice ?

First Boy. Yes, sir.

Comp. Mayst thou long jumble bastard + most artificially, to the profit of thy master and pleasure of thy mistress!

First Boy. What wine drink ye, gentlemen ?

Lion. What wine relishes your palate, good Master Pettifog ?

Pett. Nay, ask the woman.

Comp. Elsgant t for her : I know her dist.

Pett. Believe me, I con her thank for't §: I am of her side.

* Scene I.] The Three Tuns Tavorn. (But the audience was not to suppose that the present party were within the house, till the Boy had said "Welcome, gentlemen.")

t bastard] The commentators on Shakespeare's First Part of Henry IVth., act ii. sc. 4, quote various passages from old writers where bastard is mentloned.

"That it was a sweetish wine, there can be no doubt; and that it came from some of the countries which border the Mediterranean, appears equally cortain. . . There were two sorts, white and brown."-Henderson's Hist. of Wines, p. 290-1.

[Elegant] A quibblo is intended here : Allegant or Alligant (for our old poets write it both ways) is wine of Alicant; or perhaps the following lines may illustrate Compass's meaning ;

'In dreadful darkenesse Alligant lies drown'd, Which marryed men invoke for procreation." Pasquil's Palinodia, 1634, Sig. C 3.

§ I con her thank for't] Annotators and dictionary-

Comp. Marry, and reason, sir : we have entertained you for our attorney.

First Boy. A cup of neat Allegant?

Comp. Yes, but do not make it speak Welsh, boy.

First Boy. How mean you?

Comp. Put no metheglin in't, ye rogue.

First Boy. Not a drop, as I am true Briton. [Exit. [They sit down : PETTIFOO pulls out papers.

Enter, to another table, FRANCEFORD, EUSTACE, LUCE, MASTER DODOE a lawyer, and a Drawer,

Franck. Show a private room, drawer.

Drawer. Welcome, gentlemen.*

Eust. As far as you can from noise, boy.

Drawer. Further this way, then, sir; for in the next room there are three or four fishwives taking up a brabbling husiness.

Franck. Let's not sit near them by any means. Dodge, Fill canary, sirrah.

[Drawer fills their glasses, and then exit.

Franck. And what do you think of my cause, Master Dodge?

Dodge. O, we shall carry it most indubitably. You have money to go through with the business. and ne'er fear it but we'll trounce 'em : you are the true father.

Luce. The mother will confess as much.

Dodge. Yes, mistress, we have taken her affidavit.-Lock you, sir, here's the answer to his declaration.

makers have given various examples from Elizabethan writers of the use of the expression "to con thanks," which answers to the French scavoir grd, -- " con " signifying know : it occurs in our old ballads ;

"Therefore I cun the more thanke, Thou arte come at thy day,'

A Lytell geste of Robyn Hode.

(Ritson's Robin Hood, vol. i. p. 4⁴.) * Drawer. Welcome gentlemen] See first note in this page.

х

Franck. You may think strange, sir, that I am at charge

To call a charge upon me; but 'tis truth

I made a purchase lately, and in that I did estate the child, 'bout which I'm su'd,

Joint-purchaser in all the land I bought.

Now that's one reason that I should have care,

Besides the tie of blood, to keep the child

Under my wing, and see it carefully

Instructed in those fair abilities

May make it worthy hereafter to be mine,

And enjoy the land I have provided for't.

Luce. Right: and I counsell'd you to make that purchase;

And therefore I'll not have the child brought up By such a coxcomb as now sues for him. He'd hring him up only to be a swahher : He was born a merchant and a gentleman, And he shall live and die so

And he shall live and die so.

Dodge. Worthy mistress, I drink to you: you are a good woman, and but few of so noble a patience.

Re-enter First Boy.

First Boy. Score a quart of Allegant to the Woodcock.

Enter Second Boy, like a musician.

Sec. Boy. Will you have any music, gontlemen? Comp. Music amongst lawyers! here's nothing but discord.—What, Ralph?*—Here's another of my young cuckoos I heard last April, hefore I heard the nightingale.†—No music, good Ralph: here, hoy; your father was a tailor, and methinks by your leering eye you should take after him: a good boy; make a leg handsomely; scrape yourself out of our company. [Exit Second Boy.] And what do you think of my suit, sir?

Pett. Why, look you, sir: the defendant was arrested first by Latitat in an action of trespass.

Comp. And a lawyer told me it should have been an action of the case :--should it not, wife?

* Ralph] In act ii. sc. 3, one of these boys is Jack, the other not being named: --but here COMPARS calle one of them Ralph, and at the commencement of this scene addresses the other as Hodge.

† Here's another of my young cuckoos I heard last April, before I heard the nightingale] He who happened to hear the cuckoo sing hofore the nightingale was supposed not to prosper in his love-affairs:

"Thy liquid notes that close the eye of day, First heard hefore the shallow cuckoo's bill, Portend success in love: O, if Jove's will Have link'd that amorous power to thy soft lay, Now timely sing, ero the rude hird of hate Foretell my hopsless doom in some grove nigh." Milton's Sonnet to the Nightingale. Urse. I have no skill in law, sir : but you heard a lawyer say so.

Pett. Ay; but your action of the case is in that point too ticklish.

Comp. But what do you think ? shall I overthrow my adversary ?

Pett. Sans question. The child is none of yours: what of that? I marry a widow is possessed of a ward: shall not I have the tuition of that ward? Now, sir, you lie at a stronger ward; for *partus sequitur ventrem*, says the civil law; and if you were within compass of the four seas, as the common law goes, the child shall be yours certain.

Comp. There's some comfort in that yet. O, your attorneys in Guildhall have a fine time on't!

Lion. You are in effect both judge and jury yourselves.

Comp. And how you will laugh at your clients, when you sit in a tavern, and call them coxcombs, and whip up a cause, as a barber trims his customers on a Christmas-eve, a snip, a wipe, and away!

Pett. That's ordinary, sir: you shall have the like at a nisi prius.

Enter First Client.

O, you are welcome, sir.

First Client. Sir, you'll be mindful of my suit? Pett. As I am religious. I'll drink to you.

First Client. I thank you.—By your favour, mistress.—I have much business, and cannot stay; but there's money for a quart of wine.

Comp. By no means.

First Client. I have said, sir. [Exit. Pett. He's my client, sir, and he must pay.

This is my tribute: custom is not more truly paid in the Sound of Denmark.

Enter Second Client.

Sec. Client. Good sir, be careful of my business. Pett. Your declaration's drawn, sir. I'll drink

to you.

Sec. Client. I cannot drink this morning; but there's money for a pottle of wine.

Pett. O good sir !

Sec. Client. I bave done, sir.—Morrow, gentlemen. [Exit.

Comp. We shall drink good cheap, Master Pettifog.

Pett. An we sat here long, you'd say so. I have sat here in this tavern but one half-hour, drunk but three pints of wine, and what with the offering of my clients in that short time, I have got nine shillings clear, and paid all the reckoning.

Lion. Almost a counsellor's fee.

Pett. And a great one, as the world goes in Guildhall; for now our young clerks share with 'em, to help 'em to clients.

Comp. I don't think but that the cucking-stool is an snemy to a number of brabbles that would else be determined by law.

Pett. 'Tis so, indesd, sir. My client that came in now sues his neighbour for kicking his dog, and using the defamatory speeches, "Come out, cuckold's cur!"

Lion. And what shall you recover upon this speech?

Pett. In Guildhall,* I assure you: the other that came in was an informer, a precious knave.

Comp. Will not the ballad of Flood, + that was pressed, make them leave their knavery?

Pett. I'll tell you how he was served: this informer comes into Turnbull-street to a victualling-house,‡ and there falls in league with a wench.—

Comp. A tweak or bronstrops: I learned that name in a play.§

Pett. Had, belike, some private dealings with her, and there got a goose. \parallel

Comp. I would be had got two: I cannot away with \P an informer.

Pett. Now, sir, this fellow, in revenge of this,

* In Guildhall] Something seems wanting here.

the ballad of Flood] This ballad, I believe, has not come down to ue, nor do I remember to have eeen any other allusion to it. Several gentlemeu very conversant with ballad literature had never heard of it till I mentioned it to them; and the Rev. J. Lodge most obligingly sought for it in the Pepysian Collection, at Cambridge, without success.

t into Turnbull-street to a victualling-house] Turnbullstreet (more properly called Turnmill-street) was a noted haunt of harlots, between Clerkenwell-Green and Cowcross: brothele were often kept under pretence of their being victualling-houses or taverns.

§ A tweak, or bronstrops : I learned that name in a play] Tweak and bronstrops were cant terms for a prostitute, employed by the Roarers of the time, as we learn from several passagee of Middleton and Rowley'e Fair Quarrel, the play to which, in all probability, our text alludee : but in the following passage of that curious drama a dietinctiou is made between the signification of the two words, tweak being used for harlot, and bronstrops for bawd ; "Now for thee, little fueus, mayst thou first serve out thy time as a tweak, and then become a bronstrops, as ehe ie!"—Middleton's Works, iii. 531, ed. Dyce. The first ed. of the Fair Quarrel, 1617, does not contain the passage just quoted.

|| a goose] i.e. a Winchester goose (—see Pettifog's next speech—) which means a venereal swelling: the public stews were under the control of the Bishop of Winchester.

¶ away with] i. c. endure.

informs against the bawd that kept the house that she used cans in her house: but the cunning jade comes me into the court, and there deposes that she gave him true Winchester measure.

Comp. Marry, I thank her with all my heart for't.

Re-enter Drawer.

Drawer. Here's a gentleman, one Justice Woodroff, inquires for Master Franckford.

Franck. O, my brother, and the other compromiser, come to take up the business.

Enter Counsellor and WOODROFF.

Wood. We have conferr'd and labour'd for your peace,

Unless your stubbornness probibit it;

And be assur'd, as we can determine it,

The law will end, for we have sought the cases.

Comp. If the child fall to my share, I am content to end upon any conditions: the law shall run on head-long else.

Franck. Your purse must run by like a footman, then.

Comp. My purse shall run open-mouthed at thee. Coun. My friend, be calm: you shall hear the reasons.

I have stood up for you, pleaded your cause,

But am overthrown; yet no further yielded

Than your own pleasurs: you may go on in law, If you refuse our censure.*

Comp. I will yield to nothing but my child. Coun. 'Tis, then, as vain in us to seek your peace:

Yet take the reasons with you. This gentleman First speaks, a justice, to me; and observe it, A child that's base and illegitimate born, The father found, who (if the need require it) Secures the charge and damage of the parish But the father ? who charg'd with education But the father ? then, by clear consequence, He ought, for what he pays for, to enjoy. Come to the strength of reason, upon which The law is grounded : the earth brings forth, This ground or that, her crop of wheat or rye: Whether shall the seedsman enjoy the sheaf, Or leave it to the earth that brought it forth ? The summer tree brings forth her natural fruit, Spreads her large arms: who but the lord of it Shall pluck [the] apples, or command the lops ? Or shall they sink into the root again ? 'Tis still most clear upon the father's part.

Comp. All this law I deny, and will be mine own lawyer. Is not the earth our mother? and

* censure] i. e. judgment, opinion.

shall not the earth have all her children again? I would see that law durst keep any of us back; she'll have lawyers and all first, though they be none of her best children: my wife is the mother: and so much for the civil law. Now I come again; and you're gone at the common law. Suppose this is my ground: I keep a sow upon it, as it might be my wife; you keep a boar, as it might be my adversary here; your boar comes foaming into my ground, jumbles with my sow, and wallows in her mire; my sow criss "Weke," as if she had pigs in her belly:—who shall keep these pigs? he the boar, or she the sow?

Wood. Past other alteration, I am chang'd; The law is on the mother's part.

Coun. For me, I am strong in your opinion.

I never knew my judgment err so far;

I was confirm'd upon the other part,

And now am flat against it.

Wood. Sir, you must yield;

Believe it, there's no law can relieve you. Franck. I found it in myself.—Well, sir.

The child's your wife's, I'll strive no further in it; And being so near unto agreement,

Let us go quite through to't: forgive my fault, And I forgive my charges, nor will I

Take back the inheritance I made unto it.

Comp. Nay, there you shall find me kind too: I have a pottle of claret and a capon to supper for you; hut no more mutton for you, not a hit-

Ray. Yes, a shoulder, and we'll be there too; or a leg opened with venison-sauce.

Comp. No legs opened, by your leave, nor no such sauce.

Wood. Well, brother and neighbour, I am glad you are friends.

Omnes. All, all joy at it.

[Excunt Woodroff, FRANCKFORD, LUCE, and Lawyers. Comp. Urse, come kiss, Urse; all friends.

Ray.* Stay, sir, one thing I would advise you; 'tis counsel worth a fee, though I be no lawyer; 'tis physic indeed, and cures cuckoldry, to keep that spiteful brand out of your forehead, that it shall not dare to meet or look out at any window to you; 'tis better than an onion to a green wound i' the left hand made by fire, it takes out scar and all.

Comp. This were a rare receipt; I'll content you for your skill.

Ray. Make here a flat divorce between yourselves,

Be you no husband, nor let her be no wife :

* This speech reade like hlank-verse corrupted.

Within two hours you may salute again,

Woo, and wed a-fresh; and then the cuckold's blotted.

This medicine is approv'd?

Comp. Excellent; and I thank you.—Urse, I renounce thee, and I renounce myself from thee; thou art a widow, Urse. I will go hang myself two hours, and so long thou shalt drown thyself: then will we meet again in the pease-field by Bishop's-Hall,* and, as the swads and the cods shall instruct us, we'll talk of a new matter.

Urse. I will be ruled : fare you well, sir.

Comp. Farewell, widow; remember time and place: change your clothes too, do ye hear, widow? [*Exit* URSE.] Sir, I am beholding to your good counsel.

Ray. But you'll not follow your own so far, I hope; you said you'd hang yourself.

Comp. No, I have devised a better way; I will go drink myself dead for an hour: then when I awake again, I am a fresh new man, and so I go a-wooing.

Ray. That's handsome, and I'll lend thee a dagger.

Comp. For the long weapon let me alone, then. [Exeunt.

SCENE II.†

Enter LESSINOHAM and CLARE.

Clare. O sir, are you return'd? I do expect To hear strange news now.

Less. I have none to tell you;

I am only to relate I have done ill

At a woman's bidding; that's, I hope, no news.

Yet wherefore do I call that ill, begets

My absolute happiness? You now are mine, I must enjoy you solely.

Clare. By what warrant ?

Less. By your own condition. I have been at Calais,

Perform'd your will, drawn my revengeful sword, And slain my nearest and best friend i' the world

I had for your sake.

Clare. Slain your friend for my sake ?

Less. A most sad truth.

Clare. And your best friend?

Less. My chiefest.

Clare. Then of all men you are most miserable :

* the pease-field by Bishop's-Hall, "Bishop's-Hall, about a quarter of a mile to the east of Bethnal-Green, (lately taken down,) is said to have been the palace of Bishop Bonnsr. Hence Bonner's Fields adjoining."—Cunningham's Handbook of London, and "Bethnal-Green."

† Scene II.] A room in Woodroff's house.

A CURE FOR A CUCKOLD.

Nor have you aught further'd your suit in this, Though I enjoin'd you to't; for I had thought That I had been the best esteemed friend You had i'the world. Less. Ye did not wish, I hops, That I should have murder'd you? Clare. You shall perceive more Of that hereafter: but I pray, sir, tell me,-For I do freeze with expectation of it, It chille my heart with horror till I know What friend's blood you have sacrific'd to your fury And to my fatal sport,-this bloody riddle; Who is it you have slain ? Less. Bonvile, the bridegroom. Clare. Say? O, you have struck him dead thorough my heart ! In heing true to me you have prov'd in this The falsest traitor. O, I am lost for ever ! Yet, wherefore am I lost? rather recover'd From a deadly witchcraft; and upon his grave I will not gather rue but violets To bless my wedding-strewings. Good sir, tell me Are you certain he is dead? Less. Never, never To he recover'd. Clare. Why, now, sir, I do love you With an entire heart. I could dance methinks : Never did wine or music stir in woman A sweeter touch of mirth. I will marry you, Instantly marry you. Less. [aside.] This woman has strange changes. hair, —You are ta'en Strangely with his death. Clare. I'll give the reason tissue, I have to be thus ecstasied with joy : Know, sir, that you have slain my dearest friend And fatalest enemy. Less. Most strange ! Clare. 'Tis true : You have ta'en a mass of lead from off my heart For ever would have sunk it in despair. split When you beheld me yesterday, I stood As if a merchant walking on the downs Should see some goodly vessel of his own Sunk 'fore his face i'the harbour; and my heart Retain'd no more heat than a man that toils And vainly labours to put out the flames That burn his house to the bottom. I will tell you A strange concealment, sir, and till this minute Never reveal'd, and I will tell it now Smiling, and not hlushing. I did love that Bonvile,

Not as I ought, but as a woman might,---That's beyond reason: I did dote upon him. Though he ne'er knew of't; and beholding him Before my face wedded unto another, And all my interest in him forfeited, I fell into despair; and at that instant You urging your suit to me, and I thinking That I had been your only friend i'the world, I heartily did wish you would have kill'd That friend yourself, to have ended all my sorrow. And had prepar'd it, that unwittingly You should have done't by poison. Less. Strange amazement ! Clare. The effects of a strange love. Less. 'Tis a dream, sure. Clare. No, 'tis real, sir, believe it. Less. Would it were not ! Clare. What, sir ! you have done bravely : 'tis your mistress That tells you you have done so. Less. But my conscience Is of counsel 'gainst you, and pleads otherwise. Virtue in her past actions glories still, But vice throws loathéd looks on former ill. But did you love this Bonvile ? Clare. Strangely, sir; Almost to a degree of madness. Less. [aside.] Trust a woman ! Never, henceforward : I will rather trust The winds which Lapland witches sell to men. All that they have is feign'd, their teeth, their Their blushes, nay, their conscience too is feign'd : Let 'em paint, load themselves with cloth of They cannot yet hide woman; that will appear And disgrace all. The necessity of my fate ! Certain this woman has bewitch'd me here, For I cannot choose but love her. O, how fatal This might have prov'd ! I would it had for me ! It would not grieve me though my sword had His heart in sunder; I had then destroy'd One that may prove my rival. O, but then What had my horror been, my guilt of conscience ! I know some do ill at women's bidding I' the dog-days, and repent all the winter after : No, I account it treble happiness That Bonvile lives; but 'tis my chiefest glory That our friendship is divided. Clare. Noble friend, Why do you talk to yourself?

Less. Should you do so,

You'd talk to an ill woman. Fare you well,

A	CURE	FOR	\mathbf{A}	CUCKOLD.
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	111 Township have
For ever fare you well[Aside] I will do	And had you known this, which I meant to have sent you [She gives him another.
somewhat	An hour 'fore you were married to your wife,
To make as fatal breach and difference	The riddle had been constru'd.
In Bonvile's love as mine: I am fix'd in't:	The riddle had leed construct
My melancholy and the devil shall fashion 't.	Bon. Strange ! this expresses
Clare. You will not leave me thus?	That you did love me.
Less Leave you for ever:	Clare. With a violent affection.
And may my friend's blood, whom you lov'd so	Bon. Violent, indeed; for it seems it was your purpose
dearly,	To have ended it in violence on your friend :
For ever lie imposthum'd in your breast,	The unfortunate Lessingham unwittingly
And i' the end choke you ! Woman's cruelty	Should have been the executioner.
This black and fatal thread hath ever spun;	
It must undo, or else it is undone. [Exit.	Clare. 'Tis true.
Clare. I am every way lost, and no means to	Bon. And do you love me still?
raise me	Clare. I may easily
But bless'd repentance. What two unvalu'd	Confess it, since my extremity is such
jewels	That I must needs speak or die.
Am I at once depriv'd of ! Now I suffer	Bon. And you would enjoy me,
Deservedly. There's no prosperity settled :	Though I am married ?
Fortune plays ever with our good or ill,	Clare. No, indeed, not I, sir:
Like cross and pile,* and turns up which she will.	You are to sleep with a sweet bed-fellow
Like cross and pile, and tarns of all the	Would knit the brow at that.
Enter BONVILE.	Bon. Come, come, a woman's telling truth
Bon. Friend !	Makes amends for her playing false: you would
Clare. O, you are the welcom'st under heaven !	enjoy me?
Lessinghaoi did but fright me : yet I fear	Clare. If you were a bachelor or widower,
That you are hurt to danger.	Afore all the great ones living.
Bon. Not a scratch.	Bon. But 'tis impossible
Clare. Indeed, you look exceeding well, me-	To give you present satisfaction; for
thinks.	My wife is young and healthful, and I like
Bon. I have been sea-sick lately, and we count	The summer and the harvest of our love,
That excellent physic. How does my Annabel?	Which yet I have not tasted of, so well
Clare. As well, sir, as the fear of such a loss	That, an you'll credit me, for me her days
As your esteemed self will suffer her.	Shall ne'er be shorten'd. Let your reason, there-
Bon. Have you seen Lessingham since he re-	fore,
turn'd?	Turn you another way, and call to mind,
Clare. He departed hence but now, and left	With best observance, the accomplish'd graces
with me	
A report had almost kill'd me.	Of that brave gentleman whom late you sent
A report had almost kind me.	To his destruction; a man so every way
Bon. What was that?	Deserving, no one action of his
Clare. That he had kill'd you.	In all his life-time e'er degraded him From the honour he was born to. Think how
Bon. So he has.	
Clare. You mock me.	observant
Bon. He has kill'd me for a friend, for even	
silenc'd	Obey'd you in a bad one ; and remember
All amity between us. You may now	That afore you engag'd him to an act
Go and embrace him, for he has fulfill'd	Of horror, to the killing of his friend,
The purpose of that letter. [Gives letter.	
Clare. O, I know't.	Led by the compass of a noble heart.
* more and mile The some on Hand on tail is a come	Clare. Why do you praise him thus? You said
* cross and pile] The same as Head or tail, is a game still practised by the vulgar, who play it by tossing up a	
halfpenny. Our Edward the Second was partial to it	

There can be no doubt it is derived from the Ostrachinda

of the Grecian boys. See Strutt's Sports and Pastimes of

the People of England, p. 296, ed. 1810.

He was utterly lost to you; now't appears You are friends, else you'd not deliver of him Such a worthy commendation.

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A CURE FOR A CUCKOLD.

SCENE III.

Bon. You mistake. Utterly mistake that I am friends with him In speaking this good of him. To what purpose Do I praise him ? only to this fatal end, That you might fall in love and league with him : And what worse office can I do i' the world Unto my enemy than to endeavour By all means possible to marry him Unto a whore ? and there, I think, she stands. Clare. Is whore a name to be helov'd ? if not, What reason have I ever to love that man Puts it upon me falsely ? You have wrought A strange alteration in me : were I a man, I would drive you with my sword into the field, And there put my wrong to silence. Go, you're not worthy To be a woman's friend in the least part That concerns honourable reputation; For you are a liar. Bon. I will love you now With a noble observance, if you will continue This hate unto me : gather all those graces, From whence you have fall'n, yonder, where you have left 'em In Lessingham, he that must be your husband; And though henceforth I cease to be his friend, I will appear his noblest enemy, And work reconcilement 'tween you. Clare. No, you shall not; You shall not marry him to a strumpet : for that word I shall ever hate you. Bon. And for that one deed I shall ever love you. Come, convert your thoughts To him that best deserves 'em, Lessingham. It is most certain you have done him wrong; But your repentance and compassion now May make amends : disperse this melancholy, And on that turn of Fortune's wheel depend, When all calamities will mend or end. [Excunt. SCENE III.* Enter COMPASS, RAYMOND, EUSTACE, LIONEL, and GROVER. Comp. Gentlemen, as you have been witness to

our divorce, you shall now be evidence to our next meeting, which I look for every minute, if you please, gentlemen.

Ray. We came for the same purpose, man. Comp. I do think you'll see me come off with

* Scene III.] Bonner's Fields. See note *, p. 308.

as smooth a forehead, make my wife as honest a woman once more as a man sometimes would desire, I mean of her rank, and a teeming woman as she has been. Nay, surely I do think to make the child as lawful a child too as a couple of unmarried people can beget, and let it he begotten when the father is beyond sea, as this was : do but note.

Eust. 'Tis that we wait for.

Comp. You have waited the good honr: see, she comes. A little room, I beseech you, silence and observation.

Ray. All your own, sir.

Enter URSE.

Comp. Good morrow, fair maid.

Urse. Mistaken in both, sir, neither fair nor maid. Comp. No? a married woman?

Urse. That's it I was, sir; a poor widow now.

Comp. A widow! Nay, then I must make a little bold with you: 'tis akin to mine own case; I am a wifeless husband too. How long have you been a widow, pray? nay, do not weep.

Urse. I cannot choose, to think the loss I had. Comp. He was an honest man to thee it seems. Urse. Honest, quoth 'a, O!

Comp. By my feck, and those are great losses. An honest man is not to be found in every hole nor every street: if I took * whole parish in sometimes,

I might say true,

For stinking mackarel may be cried for new.

Ray. Somewhat sententious.

Eust. O, silence was an article enjoin'd.

Comp. And how long is it since you lost your honest husband?

Urse. O, the memory is too fresh, and your sight makes my sorrow double.

Comp. My sight! why, was he like me?

Urse. Your left hand to your right is not more like.

Comp. Nay, then I cannot blame thee to weep: an honest man, I warrant him, and thou hadst a great loss of him. Such a proportion, so limbed, so coloured, so fed?

Ray. Yes, faith, and so taught too.

Eust. Nay, will you break the law?

Urse. Twins were never liker.

Comp. Well, I love him the better, whatsoever is become of him. And how many children did he leave thes at his departure?

Urse. Only one, sir.

Comp. A boy or a girl ?

Urse. A boy, sir.

ACT IV.

Comp. Just mine own case still: my wife, rest her soul! left me a boy too. A chopping boy, I warrant?

Urse. Yes, if you call 'em so.

Comp. Ay, mine is a chopping boy: I mean to make either a cook or a butcher of him, for those are your chopping boys. And what profession was your husband of?

Urse. He went to sea, sir, and there got his living.

Comp. Mine own faculty too. And you can like a man of that profession well?

Urse. For his sweet sake whom I so dearly lov'd,

More dearly lost, I must think well of it.

Comp. Must you? I do think, then, thou must venture to sea once again, if thou'lt be ruled by me.

Urse. O, sir, but there's one thing more burdensome

To us than most of others' wives, which moves me

A little to distaste it : long time we endure

The absence of our husbands, sometimes many years;

And then if any slip in woman be,-

As long vacations may make lawyers hungry,

And tradesmen cheaper pennyworths afford, Than otherwise they would, for ready coin.—

Scandals fly out, and we poor souls [are] branded With wanton living and incontinency :

When, alas ! consider, can we do withal?*

Comp. They are fools, and not sailors, that do not consider that: I'm sure your husband was not of that mind, if he were like me.

Urse. No, indeed, he would bear kind and houestly.

Comp. He was the wiser. Alack, your land and fresh-water men never understand what wonders are done at sea: yet they may observe ashore that a hen, having tasted the cock, kill him, and she shall lay eggs afterwards.

Urse. That's very true, indeed.

Comp. And so may women, why not? may not a man get two or three children at once? one must be born before another, you know.

Urse. Even this discretion my sweet husband had:

You more and more resemble him.

Comp. Then, if they knew what things are done at sea, where the winds themselves do copulate and bring forth issue, as thus :—in the old world there

* do withal] See note t, p. 271.

were but four in all, as nor', east, sou', and west : these dwelt far from one another, yet by meeting they have engendered nor'-east, sou'-east, sou'-west, nor'-west,—then they were eight; of them were begotten nor'-nor'-east, nor'-nor'-west, sou'-sou'east, sou'-sou'-west, and those two sou's were sou'-east' and sou'-west' daughters; and indeed, there is a family now of thirty-two of 'em, that they have filled every corner of the world : and yet for all this, you see these bawdy belowsmenders, when they come ashore, will be offering to take up women's coats in the street.

Urse. Still my husband's discretion.

Comp. So I say, if your landmen did understand that we send winds from sea, to do our commendations to our wives, they would not blame you as they do.

Urse. We cannot help it.

Comp. But you shall help it. Can you love me, widow ?

Urse. If I durst confess what I do think, sir, I know what I would say.

Comp. Durst confess! Why, whom do you fear? here's none but honest gentlemen, my friends: let them hear, and never blush for't.

Urse. I shall be thought too weak, to yield at first.

Ray. Tush, that's niceness: come, we heard all the rest:

The first true stroke of love sinks the deepest; If you love him, say so.

Comp. I have a boy of mine own; I tell you that aforchand: you shall not need to fear me that way.

Urse. Then I do love him.

Comp. So, here will be man and wife to-morrow, then: what though we meet strangers, we may love one another ne'er the worse for that.—Gentlemen, I invite you all to my wedding.

Omnes. We'll all attend it.

Comp. Did not I tell you I would fetch it off fair? Let any man lay a cuckold to my charge, if he dares, now.

Ray. 'Tis slander, whoever does it.

Comp. Nay, it will come to petty-lassery * at least, and without compass of the general pardon too, or I'll bring him to a foul sheet, if he has ne'er a clean one: or let me hear him that will say I am not father to the child I begot.

Eust. None will adventure any of those.

* petty-lassery] So in The Fleire by Sharpham; "you cannot be banged for't, 'tis but pettilassery at most." Sig D 3. ed. 1615.

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Comp. Or that my wife that shall be is not as honest a woman as some other men's wives are, Ray. No question of that.

Comp. How fine and sleek my brows are now ! Eust. Ay, when you are married they'll come to themselves again. Comp. You may call me bridegroom, if you please, now, for the guests are bidden.

Omnes. Good master bridegroom !

Comp. Come, widow, then : ere the next ebb and tide,

If I be bridegroom, thou shalt be the bride.

[Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I.*

Enter ROOHFIELD and ANNABEL.

Rock. Believe me, I was never more ambitious, Or covetous, if I may call it so; Of any fortune greater than this one, But to behold his face.

Anna. And now's the time; For from a much-fear'd danger, as I heard, He's late come over.

Roch. And not seen you yet ! 'Tis some unkindness.

Anna. You may think it so; But for my part, sir, I account it none. What know I hut some business of import And weighty consequence, more near to him Than any formal compliment to me, May for a time detain him? I presume No jealousy can be aspers'd on him For which he cannot well apology.

Roch. You are a creature every way complete, As good a wife as woman; for whose sake, As I in duty am endear'd to you, So shall I owe him service.

Enter LESSINOHAM.

Less. [aside] The ways to love and crowns lie both through blood, For in 'em both all lete must be remov'd It could be styl'd no true ambition else. I am grown big with project :—project, said I ? Rather with sudden mischief; which, without A speedy birth, fille me with painful throes, And I am now in lahour.—Thanks, occasion, That giv'st me a fit ground to work upon ! It should he Rochfield, one since our departure It seems engrafted in this family : Indeed, the house's minion, since, from the lord To the lowest groom, all with unite consent Speak him so largely; nor, as it appears By this their private conference, is he grown Least in the bride's opinion,-a foundation On which I will erect a brave revenge. Anna. Sir, what kind offices lie in your way To do for him, I shall he thankful for, And reckon them mine own. Roch. In acknowledgement. I kiss your hand : so, with a gratitude Never to he forgot, I take my leave. Anna. I mine of you, with hourly expectation Of a long-look'd-for husband. Roch. May it thrive According to your wishes! [Exit ANNABEL. Less. [aside] Now's my turn.-Without offence, sir, may I heg your name? Roch. 'Tis that I never yet denied to any, Nor will to you that seem a gentleman; 'Tis Rochfield. Less. Rochfield ! You are, then, the man Whose nobleness, virtue, valour, and good parts Have voic'd you loud: Dover, and Sandwich, Margate, And all the coast is full of you : But more, as au eye-witness of all these, And with most truth, the master of this house Hath given them large expressions. Roch. Therein his love Exceeded much my merit. Less. That's your modesty. Now I, as one that goodness love in all men, And honouring that which is hut found in few, Desire to know you hetter. Roch. Pray, your name? Less. Lessingham. Roch. A friend to Master Bonvile? Less. In the number Of those which he esteems most dear to him He reckons me not last. Roch. So I have heard. Less. Sir, you have cause to bless the lucky

planet

* Scene I.] A hall in Woodroff's house.

Beneath which you were born; 'twas a bright star	Less. They were the first and special tokens
And then shin'd clear upon you : for as you	pass'd
Are every way well-parted, so I hold you	Betwixt her and her husband.
In all designs mark'd to be fortunate.	Roch. 'Tis confess'd ;
Roch. Pray, do not stretch your love to flattery;	What I have said, I have said. Sir, you have power
'T may call it, then, in question: grow, I pray you,	Perhaps to wrong me or to injure her:
To some particulars.	This you may do; but, as you are a gentleman,
Less. I have observ'd	I hope you will do neither.
But late your parting with the virgin bride,	Less. Trust upon't. [Exit Rochfield.
And therein some affection. Roch. How !	If I drown, I will sink some along with me; For of all miseries I hold that chief,
Less. With pardon, -	Wretched to be when none coparts our grief.
In this I still applaud your happiness,	Here's another anvil to work on : I must now
And praise the blessed influence of your stars:	Make this my master-piece, for your old foxes
For how can it be possible that she,	Are seldom ta'en in springes.
Unkindly left upon the bridal day,*	
And disappointed of those nuptial sweets	Enter WOODROFF.
That night expected, but should take the occasion	Wood. What, my friend !
So fairly offer'd? nay, and stand excus'd,	You are happily return'd; and yet I want
As well in detestation of a scorn	Somewhat to make it perfect. Where's your friend,
Scarce in a husband heard of, as selecting	My son-in-law?
A gentleman in all things so complete	Less. O sir!
To do her those neglected offices	Wood. I pray, sir, resolve me;
Her youth and beauty justly challengeth?	For I do suffer strangely till I know
Roch. [aside] Some plot to wrong the bride; and	If he be in safety.
Inow	Less. Fare you well: 'tis not fit
Will marry craft with cunning: if he'll bite,	I should relate his danger.
I'll give him line to play on.—Were't your case.	Wood. I must know't.
You being young as I am, would you intermit	I have a quarrel to you already
So fair and sweet occasion ?	For enticing my son-in-law to go over:
Yet, + misconceive me not, I do entreat you,	Tell me quickly, or I shall make it greater.
To think I can be of that easy wit	Less. Then truth is, he is dangerously wounded.
Or of that malice to defame a lady,	Wood. But he's not dead, I hope.
Were she so kind as to expose herself;	Less. No, sir, not dead :
Nor is she such a creature.	Yet, sure, your daughter may take liberty
Less. [aside] On this foundation	To choose another.
I can build higher still.—Sir, I believe't.	Wood. Why, that gives him dead.
I hear you two call cousins: comes your kindred	Less. Upon my life, sir, no : your son's in health,
By the Woodroffs or the Bonviles?	As well as I am.
Roch. From neither; 'tis a word of courtesy	Wood. Strange ! you deliver riddles.
Late interchang'd betwixt us; otherwise	Less. I told you he was wounded, and 'tis true;
We are foreign as two strangers.	He is wounded in his reputation.
Less. [aside] Better stil].	I told you likewise, which I am loth to repeat,
Roch. I would not have you grow too inward ‡	That your fair daughter might take liberty
with me	To embrace another: that's the consequence
Upon so small a knowledge: yet to satisfy you,	That makes my best friend wounded in his fame.
And in some kind too to delight myself,	This is all I can deliver.
Those bracelets and the carcanet § she wears	Wood. I must have more of't;
she gave me once.	For I do sweat already, and I'll sweat more :
	"Tis good, they say, to cure aches; and o'the
* bridal day] The old ed. " Bride-day."	sudden
+ Yet, &c.] The old ed. gives the last five lines of this peech to Lessingham.	I am sore from head to foot. Let me taste the worst.
<i>inward</i>] i. e. intimate.	Less Know sin if own them and it is
§ carcanet] i.c. neoklace.	Less. Know, sir, if ever there were truth in falsehood.

falsehood,

Then 'tis most true your daughter plays most Less. I am no intelligencer. false Wood. Why, then, 'tis yet a secret : With Bonvile, and hath chose for her favourite And that it may rest so, draw ! I'll take order The man that now pass'd by me, Rochfield. You shall prate of it no further. Wood. Say? Less. O, my sword I would thou hadst spoke this on Calais-sands, Is enchanted, sir, and will not out o'the scabbard. And I within my sword and poniard's length I will leave you, sir : yet say not I give ground, Of that false throat of thine ! I pray, sir, tell me For 'tis your own you stand on. Of what kin or alliance do you take me To the gentlewoman you late mention'd? Enter BONVILE and CLARE. Less. You are her father. [Aside.] Clare here with Bonvils! excellent! on Wood. Why, then, of all men living, do you this address I have more to work : this goes to Annabel, This report to me, that ought of all men breathing And it may increase the whirlwind. Exit. To have been the last o'the roll, except the Bon. How now, sir! Come, I know this choler bred in you husband. That should have heard of 't ? For the voyage which I took at his entreaty: Less. For her honour, sir, and yours; But I must reconcile you. That your good counsel may reclaim her. Wood. On my credit, There's no such matter. I will tell you, sir, Wood. I thank you. Less. She has departed,* sir, upon my know-And I will tell it in laughter, the cause of it Is so poor, so ridiculous, so impossible ledge, With jewels and with bracelets, the first pledges To be believ'd : ha, ha! he came even now And told me that one Rochfield, now a guest And confirmation of the unhappy contract Between herself and husband. (And most worthy, sir, to be so) in my house, Is grown exceedingly familiar with Wood. To whom ? My daughter. Less. To Rochfield. Wood. Be not abus'd : but now, Bon. Ha! Wood. Your wife; and that he has had favours Even now. I saw her wear 'em. from her. Less. Very likely : 'Tis fit, hearing her husband is return'd, Bon. Favours ! That het should re-deliver 'em. Wood. Love-tokens I did call 'em in my youth ; Lures to which gallauts spread their wings, and Wood. But pray, sir, tell me, How is it likely she could part with 'em, stoop When they are lock'd about her neck and wrists, In ladies' bosoms. Nay, he was so false To truth and all good manners, that those jewels And the key with her husband? Less. O, sir, that's but practice :* You lock'd about her neck, he did protest She had given to Rochfield. Ha! methinks o'the She has got a trick to use another key sudden Besides her husband's. You do change colour. Sir, I would not have you Wood. Sirrah, you do lie; Believe this in least part : my daughter's honest, And were I to pay down a hundred pounds For every lie given, as men pay twelve-pence, And my guess * is a noble fellow; and for this And worthily, for swearing, I would give thee * guess] A corruption of guest, not unfrequently used The lie, nay, though it were in the court of honour, by old writere: "Sir, my maisters gesse be none of my copeemates." So oft, till of the thousands I am worth A pleasant Commodie called Looke about you. 1600, Sig. F 3. I had not left a hundred. For is't likely "It greatly at my stomacke stickes So brave a gentleman as Rochfield is, That all this day we had no guesse, And have of meate so many a messe." That did so much at sea to save my life, The Downfall of Robert, Earl of Huntingdon. Should now on land shorten my wretched days (by Chettle), 1601, Sig. H 4. In ruining my daughter? A rank lie! "Guesse will come in, "tis almost supper-time." Yarington's Two Lamentable Tragedies, 1601, Sig. B 3. Have you spread this to any but myself? "The nuptials being done, To which the king came willingly a guess, * departed] i. v. parted. Each one repair'd unto their business."

Chalkhill's Thealma and Clearchus, 1683, p. 28.

- t he] The old ed. "she."
- t practice] i. e. artifice.

A CURE FOR A CUCKOLD.

Slander deliver'd me hy Lessingham, I would have cut his throat.	My land unto you : now I find your love Dead to me, I will alter 't.
	Anna. Use your pleasure.
Bon. As I your daughter's,	A man may make a garment for the moon,
If I find not the jewels 'bout her.	Rather than fit your constancy.
Clare. Are you return'd	Wood. How's this?
With the Italian plague upon you, jealousy?	Alter your will!
Wood. Suppose that Lessingham should love	Bon. 'Tis in mine own disposing :
my daughter,	Certainly I will alter 't.
And thereupon fashion your going over,	Wood. Will you so, my friend?
As now your jealousy, the stronger way	Why, then, I will alter mine too.
So to divide you, there were a fine crotchet!	
Do you stagger still? If you continue thus,	I had estated thee, thou peevish fellow,
I vow you are not worth a welcome home	In forty thousand pounds after my death:
Neither from her nor me.—See, here she comes.	I can find another executor.
· · · · ·	Bon. Pray, sir, do.
Re-enter ROCHFIELD and ANNABEL.	Mine I'll alter without question.
Clare. I have brought you home a jewel.	Wood. Dost hear me?
Anna. Wear it yourself;	An if I change not mine within this two hours,
For these I wear are fetters, not favours.	May my executors cozen all my kindred
Clare. I look'd for hetter welcome.	To whom I bequeath legacies!
Roch. Noble sir,	Bon. I am for a lawyer, sir.
I must woo your better knowledge.	Wood. And I will be with one as soon as
Bon. O dear sir,	thyself,
My wife will bespeak it for you.	Though thou rid'st post to the devil. [Exit BON.
Roch. Ha, your wife !	Roch. Stay, let me follow and cool him.
Wood. Bear with him, sir, he's strangely off	Wood. O, hy no means :
o'the hinges.	You'll put a quarrel upon him for the wrong
Bon. [aside] The jewels are i'the right place:	H' as done my daughter.
but the jewel	Roch. No, believe it, sir;
Of her heart sticks yonder.—You are angry with	He's my wish'd friend.
me	Wood. O, come, I know the way of't;
For my going over.	Carry it like a French quarrel, privately whisper,
Anna. Happily more angry for your coming	Appoint to meet, and cut each other's throats
over.	With cringes and embraces. I protest
Bon. I sent you my will from Dover.	I will not suffer you exchange a word
Anna. Yes, sir.	Without I overhear 't.
Bon. Fetch it.	Roch. Use your pleasure.
Anna. I shall, sir, but leave your self-will with	[Excunt WoodRoff and Rochfield.
	Clare. You are like to make fine work now.
you. [Exit. Wood. This is fine; the woman will be mad	Anna. Nay, you are like
too.	To make a finer husiness of 't.
Bon. Sir, I would speak with you.	Clare. Come, come,
	I must solder you together.
Roch. And I with you of all men living.	Anna. You! why, I heard
Bon. I must have satisfaction from you.	A hird sing lately, you are the only cause
Rock. Sir, it grows upon the time of payment.	Works the division.
Wood. What's that, what's that? I'll have no whispering.	Clare. Who, as thou ever lov'dst me?
whispering.	For I long, though I am a maid, for't.
	Anna. Lessingham.
Re-enter ANNABEL with the will.	Clare. Why, then, I do protest myself first
Anna. Look you, there's the patent	cause
Of your deadly affection to me.	Of the wrong which he has put upon you both;
Bon. 'Tis welcome.	Which, please you to walk in, I shall make good
When I gave myself for dead, I then made over	Iu a short relation. Come, I'll be the clew
	Como, in he the clew

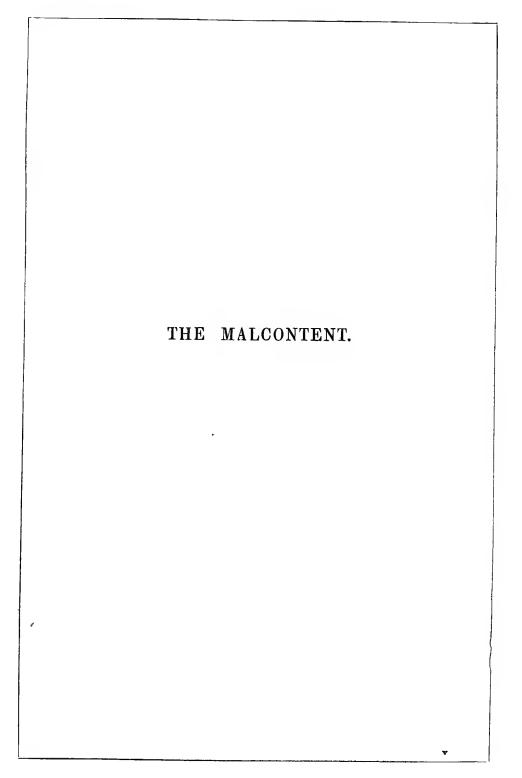
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SCENE II.

	A COCROLD. 317
To lead you forth this lahyrinth, this toil Of a suppos'd and causeless jeslousy. Cankers touch choicest fruit with their infection, And fevers seize those of the hest complexion. [Excunt.	Enter BONVILE, ANNABEL, and CLARE. Wood. Before her hushand, then,—and here he is, In friendly posture with my daughter too: I like that well.—Son bridegroom and lady bride,
+	If you will hear a msn defame himself, For so he must if he ssy any ill,
SCENE II.*	Then liston. Bon. Sir, I have heard this story,
Enter Woodkoff and Rochfield.	And meet with your opinion in his goodness:
Wood. Sir, have I not said I love you? if I have,	The repetition will be needless.
You may believe 't before an oracle,	Roch. Your father has not, sir : I will be brief
For there's no trick in't, but the honest sense.	In the delivery.
Roch. Believe it ! that I do, sir.	Wood. Do, do, then: I long to hear it.
Wood. Your love must, then,	Roch. The first acquaintance I had with your
Bs as plain with mine, that they may suit together.	daughter
I say you must net fight with my son Bonvile. Roch. Not fight with him, sir?	Was on the wedding-eve. Wood. So; 'tis not ended yet, methinks.
Wood. No, not fight with him, sir.	Roch. I would have robb'd her.
I grant you may be wrong'd, and I dare swear	Wood. Ah, thief!
So is my child; but he is the husband, you know,	Roch. That chain and bracelet which she wears
The woman's lord, and must not always he told	upon her,
Of his faults neither : I say you must not fight.	She ransom'd with the full esteem in gold,
Roch. I'll swear it, if you please, sir.	Which was with you my venture.
Wood. And forswear, I know't,	Wood. Ah, thief agsin!
Ere you lay ope the secrets of your valour:	Rock. For any attempt against her honour, I vow I had ne thought on.
It is enough for me I saw you whisper, And I know what belongs to 't.	Wood. An honest thief, fsith, yet.
Roch. To no such end, assure you.	Roch. Which she as nobly recompens'd, brought
Wood. I say you cannot fight with him,	me home,
If you be my friend, for I must use you:	And in her own discretion thought it meet
Yonder's my foe, and you must be my second.	For cover of my shame, to call ms cousin. Wood. Call a thief cousin ! why, and so she might,
Enter LESSINGHAM.	For the gold she gave thee she stole from her
Prepare thee, slanderer, and get another	husband; 'Twas all his now: yet 'twas a good girl too.
Better than thyself too; for here's my second, One that will fetch him up, and firk him too:	Roch. The rest you know, sir.
Get your tools: I know the way to Calais-sands,	Wood. Which was worth all the rest,-
If that be your feuce-school:—he'll show you	Thy valour, lad; but I'll have that in print,
tricks, faith ;	Because I can no better utter it.
He'll let blood your calumny : your best guard	Roch. Thus jade * unto my wants,
Will come to a <i>peccavi</i> , I believe.	And spurr'd by my necessities, I was going,
Less. Sir, if that be your quarrel,	But by that lady's counsel I was stay'd (For that discourse was our familiarity):
He's a party in it, and must maintain	And this you may take for my recantation ;
The side with me: from him I collected	I am no more a thief.
All those circumstances concern your daughter, His own tongue's confession.	Wood. A blessing on thy heart!
Wood. Who? from him?	And this was the first time, I warrant thee, too.
He will belie to do thes a pleasure, then,	Roch. Your charitable censure is not wrong'd
If he speak any ill upon himself:	in that.
I know he ne'er could do an injury.	Wood. No; I knew't could be but the first time at most:
Roch. So please you, I'll relate it, sir.	
* Scene II.] Before Woodroff's house.	* jade] i. e. jaded.

But for thee, brave valour, I have in store	Wood. This is a new trick.
That thou shalt need to be a thief no more.	Comp. Yes, sir, because we did not like the old
[Soft music within.	trick.
Ha! what's this music?	Wood. Brother, you are a helper in this design
Bon. It chimes an Io pæan to your wedding, sir,	too?
If this be your bride.	Franck. The father to give the bride, sir.
Less. Can you forgive me? some wild distrac-	Comp. And I am his son, sir, and all the sons
tions	he has; and this is his grandchild, and my elder brother: you'll think this strange now.
Had overturn'd my own condition,	Wood. Then it seems he begat this before
And spilt the goodness you once knew in me:	you.
But I have carefully recover'd it, And overthrown the fury on 't.	Comp. Before me ! not so, sir ; I was far enough
Clare. It was my cause	off when 'twas done: yet let me see him dares
That you were so possess'd; and all these troubles	say, this is not my child and this my father.
Have from my peevish will original:	Bon. You cannot see him here, I think, sir.
I do repent, though you forgive me not.	Wood. Twice married! can it hold?
Less. You have no need for your repentance,	Comp. Hold! it should hold the better, a wise
then,	man would think, when 'tis tied of two knots.
Which is due to it: all's now as at first	Wood. Methinks it should rather unloose the
It was wish'd to be.	first.
Wood. Why, that's well said of all sides.	And between 'em both make up one negative.
But, soft! this music has some other meaning:	Eust. No, sir; for though it hold ou the
Another wedding towards!	contrary,
	Yet two affirmatives make no negative.
Enter Compass, RAYMOND, EUSTACE, LIONEL, GROVER,	Wood. Cry you mercy, sir.
URSE between FRANCEFORD and another, LUCE, NURSE,	Comp. Make what you will, this little negative
and Child.	was my wife's laying, and I affirm it to be mine
Good speed, good speed!	own.
Comp. We thank you, sir.	Wood. This proves the marriage before sub-
Wood. Stay, stay; our neighbour Compass, is it	stantial,
not?	Having this issue.
Comp. That was, and may be again to-morrow;	Comp. 'Tis mended now, sir : for, being double-
this day Master Bridegroom. Wood. O, give you joy! But, sir, if I be not	married, I may now have two children at a birth,
mistaken, you were married before now: how	if I can get 'em. D'ye think I'll be five years
loug is't since your wife died?	about one as I was before ?
Comp. Ever since yesterday, sir.	Eust. The like has been done for the loss of
Wood. Why, she's scarce buried yet, then.	the wedding-ring, And to settle a new peace before disjointed.
Comp. No, indeed: I mean to dig her grave	Lion. But this, indeed, sir, was especially done,
soon : I had no leisure yet.	To avoid the word of scandal, that foul word
Wood. And was not your fair bride married	Which the fatal monologist cannot alter.
before ?	Wood. Cuckoo.
Urse. Yes, indeed, sir.	Comp. What's that? the nightingale?
Wood. And how long since your husband	Wood. A night-bird;
departed ?	Much good may do you, sir !*
Urse. Just when my husband's wife died.	
Wood. Bless us, Hymen!	* Much good may do you, sir !] In the first edition of
Are not these both the same parties?	the present collection, I printed "Much good may [it] do
Bon. Most certain, sir.	you, sir!" But, according to our old phraseology, the
Wood. What marriage call you this?	"it" was frequently omitted in expressions of this kind. Let me observe that in several places of the present
Comp. This is called "Shedding of horns," sir.	scene (as in some earlier passages of the play) it is diffi-
Wood. How!	cult to determine whether the author wrote prose or a
Less. Like enough; but they may grow again	very loose sort of hlank-verse (which perhaps through the carelessness of the transcriber has become still more akin
next year.	to prose).

SCENE II.	A CURE	FOR	A CUCKOLD. 319
Comp. I'll thank you wh Come, father, child, and h part, father, Whatsoever he, or he, or t'o You shall be as welcome an days. Franck. I thank you, sir. Wood. Nay, take us with	bride: and for other says, s in my tother	your wife's	One wedding we have yet to solemnize; The first is still imperfect, such troubles Have drown'd our music; but now, I hope, all's friends: Get you to bed, and there the wedding ends. <i>Comp.</i> And so, good night. My bride and I'll to hed: He that has horns, thus let him learn to shed.
* take us with you] i.e.	uuderstand us.		Exeunt.



The Malcontent. By John Marston. 1604. Printed at London by V. S., for William Aspley, and are to be solde at his shop in Paules Church-yard.

The Malcontent. Augmented by Marston. With the Additions played by the Kings Maiesties servants. Written by Thon Webster. 1604. At London Printed by V. S. for William Aspley, and are to be sold at his shop in Paules Church-yard.

Both Marston and Webster, it appears from the last title-page, made additions to this play. It is impossible to distinguish the portions which the latter contributed; but he is generally supposed to have written the Induction. What is not found in the first 4to, I have marked by inverted commas: other variations of the two editions, I have given in the notes.

I have had occasion several times in the course of this work to observe, that different copies of the same editions of old plays often present various readings: such is the case with the copies of the second 4to of the *Malcontent*; my copy does not altogether agree with that in the Garrick Collection.

The Malcontent has been reprinted in the different editions of Dodsley's Old Plays, and in the Ancient British Drama; and more recently in Mr. Halliwell's edition of Marston's Works.

The hero of this play, Malevole, was performed by Burbadge: see the Induction; see also A Funeral Blegy on the death of the famous actor, Richard Burbadge, printed in Mr. Collier's Memoirs of the Principal Actors in the plays of Shakespeare, p. 52, ed. Shakes. Soc. BENIAMINO* JONSONIO, POETÆ ELEGANTISSIMO, GRAVISSIMO, AMICO SVO, CANDIDO ET CORDATO, IOHANNES MARSTON, MVSARVM ALVMNVS, ASPERAM HANC SUAM THALIAM D. D.

TO THE READER.

I AM an ill orator; and, in truth, use to indite more honestly than eloquently, for it is my custom to speak as I think, and write as I speak.

In plainness, therefore, understand, that in some things I have willingly erred, as in supposing a Duke of Genoa, and in taking names different from that city's families : for which some may wittily accuse me ; but my defence shall be as honest as many reproofs unto me have been most malicious. Since, I heartily protest, it was my care to write so far from reasonable offence, that even strangers, in whose state I laid my scene, should not from thence draw any disgrace to any, dead or living. Yet, in despite of my endeavours, I understand some have been most unadvisedly over-cunning in misinterpreting me, and with subtlety as deep as hell have maliciously spread ill rumours, which springing from themselves, might to themselves have heavily returned. Surely I desire to satisfy every firm spirit, who, in all his actions, proposeth to himself no more ends than God and virtue do, whose intentions are always simple : to such I protest that, with my free understanding, I have not glanced at disgrace of any, but of those whose unquiet studies laboar innovation, contempt of holy policy, reverend, comely superiority, and established unity : for the rest of my supposed tartness, I fear not but unto every worthy mind it will be approved so general and honest as may modestly pass with the freedom of a satire. I would fain leave the paper ; only one thing afflicts me, to think that scenes, invented merely to be spoken, should be enforcively published to be read, and that the least hurt I can receive is to do myself the wrong. But, since others otherwise would do me more, the least inconvenience is to be accepted. I have myself, therefore, set forth this comedy ; but so, that my enforced absence must much rely upon the printer's discretion : but I shall entreat, slight errors in orthography may be as slightly over-passed, and that the unhandsome shape, which this triffe in reading presents, may be pardoned for the pleasure it once afforded you when it was presented with the soul of lively action.

Sine aliqua dementia nullus Phæbus.+

J. M.

+ Sine aliqua, &c.] Instead of this, the first 4to has "Me mea sequentur fata."

τ2

^{*} BENIAMINO] The second 4to. "BENIAMINI."

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

GIOVANNI ALTOFRONTO, disguised as MALEVOLE, sometime Duke of Genoa. PIETRO JACOMO, Duke of Genoa. MENDOZA, a minion to ths Duchess of Pietro Jacomo. CELSO, a friend to Altofronto. BILIOSO, an old choleric marshal. PREPASSO, a geutleman-usher. FERRAERO, a minion to Duke Pietro Jacomo. EQUATO, GUERRINO, } two courtiers. "PASSARELLO, fool to Bilioso."

AURELIA, Duchess to Duke Pietro Jacomo. MARIA, Duchess to Duke Altofronto. EMILIA, BLANCA, two ladies attending on Aurelia. MAQUERELLE, an old panderess.

"THE INDUCTION

"то

"THE MALCONTENT, AND THE ADDITIONS ACTED BY THE KING'S "MAJESTY'S SERVANTS.

"WRITTEN BY JOHN WEBSTER.

"Enter W. SLX*, a Tire-man following him with a stool. "Tire-man. Sir, the gentlemen will be angry "if you sit here.

"Sly. Why, we may sit upon the stage at the "private house. Thou dost not take me for a "country-gentleman, dost? dost think I fear "hissing? I'll hold my life thou tookest me for " one of the players.

" Tire-man. No, sir.

"Sly. By God's slid, + if you had, I would have "given you but six-pence ‡ for your stool. Let "them that have stale suits sit in the galleries. "Hiss at me! He that will be laughed out of a "tavern or an ordinary, shall seldom feed well, or "be drunk in good company.—Where's Harry "Condell, Dick Burbadge, and William Sly? Let "me speak with some of them.

"Tire-man. An't please you to goin, sir, you may.

" Sly. I tell you, no: I am one that hath seen " this play often, and can give them intelligence "for their action: I have most of the jests here " in my table-book.

"Enter SINKLO.§

" Sinklo. Save you, coz !

* \hat{W} . Sky] See an account of William Sky in Mr. Collier's Memoirs of the Principal Actors in the plays of Shakespeare, p. 151.—The reader must observe that here Sky is personating the "cousin" of young "Master Doomsday," who (acted by Sinklo) presently enters.

+ By God's slid] This petty oath (more usually "'Slid") is, I believe, equivalent to "By God's lid." (Compare several other profane expressions formerly in use,—"By God's body," "By God's head," &c.)

i six-pence for your stool] "From chap. vi. in Dekker's Guls Horn-book, it appears that it was the fashion for the gellants of the time to sit on the stage on stools."—Reed, § Sinklo] A performer of no eminance: see Mr. Collier's "Sly. O, cousin, come, you shall sit between "my legs here.

" Sinklo. No, indeed, cousin: the audience "then will take me for a viol-de-gambo, and "think that you play upon me.

"Sly. Nay, rather that I work upon you, coz. "Sinklo. We stayed for you at supper last "night at my cousin Honey-moon's, the woollen-"draper. After supper we drew cuts for a score "of apricocks, the longest cut still to draw au "aprioock: by this light, 'twas Mistress Frank "Honeymoon's fortune still to have the longest "cut: I did measure for the women.—What be "these, coz?

"Enter D. BURBADGE, H. CONDELL, and J. LOWIN.*

" Sly. The players .- God save you !

" Burbadge. You are very welcome.

" Sly. I pray you, know this gentleman, my " cousin; 'tis Master Doomsday's son, the usurer.

" Condell. I beseech you, sir, be covered.

"Sly. No +, in good faith, for mine ease: look you, my hat's the handle to this fan: God's so, what a beast was I, I did not leave my

"feather at home! Well, but I'll take an order "with you.

[Puts his feather in his pocket.

Memoirs of the Principal Actors, &c. — Introd., p. xxvii. — He is acting (as already noticed) young "Master Doomsday."

* D. Burbudge, H. Condell, and J. Lowin] For all that can be told concerning Richard Burbadge, Henry Condell, and John Lowiu, see Mr. Collier's Memoirs of the Principal Actors, &c., pp. 1, 132, 165.

† No, in good faith, for mine ease] "A quotation from the part of Osrick in Hamlet. Sly might have been the original performer of that character."-Steevens.

" Burbadge. Why do you conceal your feather, "sir?

" Sly. Why, do you think I'll have jests broken "upon me in the play, to be laughed at? this " play hath beaten all your gallants out of the "feathers: Black-friars hath almost spoiled "Black-friars for feathers.*

"Sinklo. God's so, I thought 'twas for some-" what our gentlewomen at home counselled me " to wear my feather to the play: yet I am loth " to spoil it.

"Sly. Why, coz?

" Sinklo. Because I got it in the tilt-yard; " there was a herald broke my pate for taking it "up: but I have worn it up and down the " Strand, and met him forty times since, and yet " he dares not challenge it.

"Sly. Do you hear, sir ? this play is a bitter " play.

" Condell. Why, sir, 'tis neither satire nor " moral, but the mean passage of a history : yet " there are a sort of discontented creatures that " bear a stingless envy to great ones, and these will "wrest the doings of any man to their base, "malicious appliment; but should their inter-" pretation come to the test, like your marmoset, " they presently turn their teeth to their tail and " eat it.

" Sly. I will not go so far with you ; but I say, " any man that hath wit may censure, + if he sit " in the twelve-penny room ;‡ and I say again, the " play is bitter.

" Burbadge. Sir, you are like a patron that, pre-"senting a poor scholar to a benefice, enjoins " him not to rail against any thing that stands " within compass of his patron's folly. Why " should not we enjoy the ancient freedom of "pocsy ? Shall we protest to the ladies that "their painting makes them angels? or to my " young gallant that his expense in the brothel " shall gain him reputation ? No, sir, such vices " as stand not accountable to law should be cured " as men heal tetters, by casting ink upon them. "Would you be satisfied in any thing else, sir?

" Sly. Ay, marry, would I: I would know how " you came by this play?

* Black-friars hath almost spoiled Black-friars for feathers] See note 1, p. 237.—"The following passage, in act v. sc. 2, is probably alluded to as having produced this change. 'For as now-a-days no courtier but has his mistress, no captain but has his cockatrice, no cuckold but has his horns, and no fool but has his feather, &c.'" -Collier.

† censure] i.e. judge.

t room] i.e. box.

" Condell. Faith, sir, the book was lost; and " because "twas pity so good a play should be " lost, we found it, and play it.

" Sly. I wonder you would play it, another " company having interest in it.

" Condell. Why not Malevole in folio with us, " as Jeronimo in decimo-sexto with them? They " taught us a name for our play; we call it One " for another.*

"Sly. What are your additions?

" Burbadge. Sooth, not greatly needful; only " as your salad to your great feast, to entertain a " little more time, and to abridge the not-received " custom of music in our theatre. I must leave Exit. " you, sir.

" Sinklo. Doth he play the Malcontent ?

" Condell. Yes, sir.

" Sinklo. I durst lay four of mine ears the play " is not so well acted as it hath been.

" Condell. O, no, sir, nothing ad Parmenonis " suem. +

* One for another] " From this preliminary portion of the play we learn that it had, in the first instance, been performed by a rival company, under the title of 'The Malcontent,' but that, with additions, it was that night to be represented by the King's players, with the new name of 'One for Another'." Collier's Memoirs of the Principal Actors, &c., p. 26.—"The meaning I conceive to be this: 'I wonder,' says Sly, 'you play the Malcontent, another company having interest in it.' 'Why uot?' says Condell: 'they took little Jeronymo (16°) from us; why should we not therefore take the Malcontent in large (folio) from them? This is what we call one for another, an exchange of plays.' Jonson's additions to Jeronumo were done for Henslowe, and Mr. Collier has shown it likely that The Malcontent was written for Henslowe." P. Cunningham (Notes and Queries,-Sec. Ser., vol. i. 71).

t nothing ad Parmenonis suem] "' Nihil ad Parmenonis suem' is a proverb directed against those who, from prejudice or prepossession, pass a hasty judgment, without having any good grounds on which to found their decision. Phædrus, without mentioning the name of. Parmeno, has turned the incident which gave rise to the proverb into a fable ; Fab. l. v. f. v.

"The following extract from Plutarch, 'in the very words of Creech,' would have suited the annotator's purpose somewhat better than the fabricated quotation from Terence [which Steevens gave in a note on the present passage]. 'For upon what other account should men be moved to admire Parmeno's sow so much as to pass it iuto a proverb? Yet 'tis reported, that Parmeno being very famous for imitating the grunting of a pig, some endeavoured to rival and outdo him. And when the hearers, being prejudiced, cried out, 'Very well, indeed, but nothing comparable to Parmeno's sow,' one took a pig under his arm, and came upon the stage; and when, the' they heard the very pig, they still continued, 'This is nothing comparable to Parmeno's sow,' he threw his pig amongst them, to shew that they judged according to opinion and not truth.' Plutarch, Sympos. lib. v. prob. i." L.S. in The Shakespeare Society's Papers, vol. iii. 86.

"Lowin. Have you lost your ears, sir, that you "are so prodigal of laying them ?

" Sinklo. Why did you ask that, friend ?

"Lowin. Marry, sir, because I have heard of a "fellow would offer to lay a hundred-pound "wager that was not worth five haubees: and in "this kind you might venture four of your "elbows; yet God defend* your coat should have "so many !

"Sinklo. Nay, truly, I am no great censurer; "and yet I might have been one of the college of "critics once. My cousin here hath an excellent "memory indeed, sir.

"Sly. Who, I? I'll tell you a strange thing of "myself; and I can tell you, for one that never "studied the art of memory, 'tis very strange "too.

" Condell. What's that, sir ?

" Sly. Why, I'll lay a hundred pound, I'll walk " hut once down by the Goldsmiths' Row in " Cheap, take notice of the signs, and tell you " them with a breath instantly.

" Lowin. 'Tis very strange.

" *Sly.* They begin as the world did, with Adam " and Eve. There's in all just five and fifty.⁺ I " do use to meditate much when I come to plays " too. What do you think might come into a " man's head now, seeing all this company?

" Condell. I know not, sir.

" Sly. I have an excellent thought. If some "fifty of the Grecians that were crammed in the "horse'-belly had eaten garlic, do you not think

" the Trojane might have smelt out their knavery ? " Condell. Very likely.

" Sly. By God, I would they thad, for I love "Hector horribly.

" Sinklo. O, but, coz, coz !

* defend] i.e. forbid.

t There's in all just five and fifty] "This is a pleasant exaggeration on the part of Sly. There were in all, as Stow tells us, 'ten fair dwelling-houses and fourteen shops.' See 'Goldsmiths' Row' in Handbook of London, ed. 1850." P. Cunningham (Notes and Queries,-Sec. Ser., vol. i, 71).

t they.] The old sd. "he."

- " Great Alexander," when he came to the tomb " of Achilles,
- "'Spake with a big loud voice, O thou thrice-"blessed and happy !'
- "Sly. Alexander was an ass to speak so well of a filthy cullion. +

"Lowin. Good sir, will you leave the stage? "I'll help you to a private room."

"Sly. Come, coz, let's take some tobacco.----"Have you never a prologue ?

" Lowin. Not any, sir.

"Sly. Let me see, I will make one extempore. [Come to them, and fencing of a congey with arms and legs, be round with them.§

"Gentlemen, I I could wish for the women's "sakes you had all coft cushions; and, gentle-"women, I could wish that for the men's sakes "you had all more easy standings.

"What would they wish more but the play "now? and that they shall have instantly.

[Exeunt."

* Great Alexander, &c.] "His afternoones theame," (says Gabriel Harvey, writing to Spenser,) "was borrowed out of him, whom one in your coats, they say, is as much beholding unto, as any planet or starre in heaven is unto the sunns; and is quoted, as yourself best remember, iu the Glose of your October:

Giunto Alessandro a la famosa tomba Del fero Achille, sospiraudo disse, O fortunato, che si chiara tromba Trovsstì ! [Petrarch, Son. cliii.]

Within an hours or thereaboutes, he brought me these foure lustic hexameters; altered eince not past in a words or two:

Nohis Alexander, when he camo to the tombe of Achilles, Sighing spake with a bigge voyco,—O thrice blessed Achilles, [found,

That such a trump, so great, so loude, so glorious hast As the renowned and surprizing archpoet Homer !"

Three Proper, and wittie, familiar Letters: lately passed betweene two Universitie men: touching the Earthquake in Aprill last, and our English refourmed Versifying. 4to. 1580, p. 39. The "foure lustie hexameters" just quoted were by John Harvey, Gabriel's brother. Long before the present play was written, Peele had ridiculed on the stage Gabriel's own hexameters : see The Old Wives Tale, in Peele's Works, vol. i. p. 238, sec. ed. 1829.

t cullion] i.e. scoundrel.

t room] i.e. box.

§ Come to them, &c.] I have made this a stage-direction, st the suggestion of Mr. Collier: it is printed in the old copy as a portion of the text.

|| Gentlemen, &c.] "This seems intended as a burlesque on the Epilogue to As you like it."—Reed.

ACT I.

SCENE I.+

The vilest out-of-tune music being heard, enter BILLOBO and PREPASSO.

Bil. Why, how now ! are ye mad, or drunk, or both, or what ?

Pre. Are ye building Babylon there ?

Bil. Here's a noise in court ! you think you are in a tavern, do you not ?

Pre. You think you are in a brothel-house, do you not?-This room is ill-scented.

Enter One with a perfume.

So, perfume, perfume; some upon me, I pray thee.—The duke is upon instant entrance: so, make place there!

Enter PIETRO, FERRARDO, EQUATO; CELSO and GUERRINO before.

Pietro. Where breathes that music ?

Bil. The discord rather than the music is heard from the malcontent Malevole's chamber.

Fer. [calling] Malevole!

Mal. [above, out of his chamber] Yaugh, goda-man, what dost thou there? Duke's Ganymede, Juno's jealoue of thy long stockings: shadow of a woman, what wouldst, weasel? thou lamb o' court, what dost thou bleat for? ah, you smooth-chinned catamite !

Pietro. Come down, thou rugged ‡ cur, and snarl here; I give thy dogged sullenness free liberty: trot about and bespurtle whom thou pleasest.

+ Scene I.] A room in the palace, with a gallery, it would seem. Prepaseo says, "This room is ill-scented;" and, presently after, Malevolo appears "above," i.e. on what was called the upper stage.

t rugged.] The second 4to. "ragged."

Mal. I'll come among you, you goatish-blooded toderers,* as gum into taffata, to fret, to fret: I'll fall like " sponge into water, to suck up, to suck up. [Howls again +.] I'll go to church, ‡ and come to you. [Exit above.]

Pietro. This Malevole is one of the most prodigious affections that ever conversed with nature : a man, or rather a monster; more discontent than Lucifer when he was thrust out of the presence. His appetite is unsatiable as the grave; as far from any content as from heaven: his highest delight is to procure others vexation, and therein he thinks he truly serves heaven; for 'tis his position, whosoever in this earth can be contented is a slave and damned; therefore does he afflict all in that to which they are most affected. The elements struggle within him; his own soul is at variance "within herself"; his speech is halter-worthy at all hours. I like him, faith : he gives good intelligence to my spirit, makes me understand those weaknesses which others' flattery palliates.-Hark ! they eing. A song.§ See, he comes. Now shall you hear the extremity of a malcontent: he is as free as air; he blows over every man.

Enter MALEVOLE below.

And, sir, whence come you now?

Mal. From the public place of much dissimulation, "the church."

§ A song] See note +, p. 45.

^{*} The Malcontent.] Opposite these words, on the margin of both 4tos, is "Vexat censura columbas." [Juvenal, Sat. il. 63.]

^{*} toderers] "I suppose this is a word coined from tod, a certain weight of sheep's wool. He seems willing to intimate that the duke, dsc. are mutton-mongers. The meaning of laced mutton is well known."--Steevens.

^{* [}Howls again.] The old eds. have "Howle againe," and as a portion of the dialogue; but the words are evidently a stage-direction. Just before Malevole has exclaimed, "Yaugh, god-a-man," &c.,-which is a sort of howling.

[;] go to church] The first 4to. "pray:" but compare what Malevole says when he enters helow.

Pietro. What didst there ?

Mal. Talk with a nsurer; take up at interest. Pietro. I wonder what religion thou art "of"? Mal. Of a soldier's religion.

Pietro. And what dost thou think makes most infidels now ?

Mal. Sects, sects. I have seen seeming piety change her robe so oft, that sure none but some arch-devil can shape her a new* petticoat.

Pietro. O, a religious policy.

Mal. But, damnation on a politic religion ! "I am weary: would I were one of the duke's hounds now !"

Pietro. But what's the common news abroad, Malevole ? thou doggest rumour still.

Mal. Common news! why, common words are, God save ye, Fare ye well; common actions, flattery and cozenage; common things, women and cuckolds.—And how does my little Ferrard? Ah, ye lecherous animal !—my little ferret, he goes sucking up and down the palace into every hen's nest, like a weasel :—and to what dost thou addict thy time to now more than to those antique painted drahs that are still affected of young courtiers,—flattery, pride, and venery ?

Fer. I study languages. Who dost think to be the best linguist of our age?

Mal. Phew! the devil: let him possess thee; he'll teach thee to speak all languages most readily and strangely; and great reason, marry, he's travelled greatly i' the world, and is every where.

Fer. Save i' the court.

Mal. Ay, save i' the court.— [To Bilioso] And how does my old muckhill, overspread with fresh snow ! thou half a man, half a goat, all a beast ! how does thy young wife, old huddle ?

Bil. Out, you improvident rascal !

Mal. Do, kick, thou hugely-horned old duke's ox, good Master Make-pleas.

Pietro. How dost thou live now-a-days, Malevole?

Mal. Why, like the knight Sir Patrick Penlohane,[†] with killing o' spiders for my lady's monkey.

Pietro. How dost spend the night? I hear thou never sleepest.

Mal. O, no; but dream the most fantastical ! O heaven ! O fubbery, fubbery !

Pietro. Dream ! what dreamest ?

Mal. Why, methinks I see that signior pawn his foot-cloth, that metreza her plate: this

t foot-cloth] See note *, p. 7.

madam takes physic, that t'other monsieur may minister to her: here is a pander jewelled; there "is" a fellow in shift of satin this day, that could not shift a shirt t'other night: here a Paris supports that Helen; there's a Lady Guinever bears up that Sir Lancelot: dreams, dreams, visions, fantasies, chimeras, imaginations, tricks, conceits!—[To PREPASSO] Sir Tristram Trimtram, come aloft, Jack-an-apes,* with a whim-wham: here's a knight of the land of Catito shall play at trap with any page in Europe; do the sworddance with any morris-dancer in Christendom; ride at the ring, † till the fin of his eyes look as blue as the welkin; ‡ and run the wildgoose-chase even with Pompey the Huge.§

Pietro. You run !

Mal. To the devil.—Now, signior Guerrino, that thou from a most pitied prisoner shouldst grow a most loathed flatterer !—Alas, poor Celso, thy star's oppressed: thou art an honest lord: 'tis pity.

Equato. Is't pity ?

Mal. Ay, marry is't, philosophical Equato; and 'tis pity that thou, being so excellent a scholar by art, shouldst be so ridiculous a focl by nature.—I have a thing to tell you, duke : bid 'em avaunt, bid 'em avaunt,

Pietro. Leave us, leave us.

[Excent all except PIETRO and MALEVOLE Now, sir, what is't?

Mal. Duke, thou art a becco, || a cornuto.

Pietro. How !

Mal. Thou art a cuckold.

Pietro. Speak, unshale ¶ him quick.

Mal. With most tumbler-like nimbleness.

Pietro. Who? by whom? I burst with desire.

Mal. Mendoza is the man makes thee a horned beast; duke, 'tis Mendoza cornutes thee.

Pietro. What conformance? relats; short, short.

Mal. As a lawyer's beard.

There is an old crone in the court, her name is Maquerelle,

She is my mistress, sooth to say, and she doth ever tell me.

* come aloft, Jack-an-apes, &c.] The exclamation of an ape-ward to his ape.

t ride at the ring] See note *, p. 60.

 \ddagger till the fin of his eyes look as blue as the welkin.] See note $\ddagger, \ p. \ 67.$

§ Pompey the Huge] So in Shakespeare's Love's Labour's Lost, act v., 50. 2.; "Greater than Great, great, great, great Pompey ! Pompey the Huge !"

| becco] "i.e. cuckold, Ital."-Steevens.

¶ unshale] A form of unshell.

^{*} new] Omitted in the second 4to.

⁺ Penlohans] The second 4to. "Penlolians."

SCENE I.

SCENE I, THE MALCONTENT. 331		
Blirt, a rhyme, blirt, a rhyme ! Maquerelle is a cunning bawd; I am an honest villain; thy wife is a close drab; and thou art a notorious cuckold, Farewell, duke. Pietro. Stay, stay. Mal. Dull, dull duke, can lazy patience make lame revenge? O God, for a woman to make a man that which God never created, never made! Pietro. What did God never make? Mal. A cuckold: to be made a thing that's hoodwinked with kindness, whilst every page gious horns pinned to a lord's back, every page sporting himself with delightful laughter, whilst he must be the last must know it: pistols and poniards ! Pietro. Death and damnation ! Mal. Lightning and thunder ! Pietro. Or evenge ! "Mal. Nay, to select among ten thousand fairs "A lady far inferior to the most, "In fair proportion both of limb and soul; "To take her from austerer check of parents, "To make her his by most devoutful rites, "Make her commandress of a better essence "Than is the gorgeous world, even of a man; "To hug her with as rais'd an appetite "As usurers do their delv'd-up treasury "(Thinking none tells it but his private self); "To meet her spirit in a nimble kiss, "Distilling panting ardour to her heart; "True to her sheets, nay, diets strong his blood, "To give her height of hymeneal sweets,— "Pietro. O God ! "Mad. Whilst she lisps, and gives him some "court-guelquechose, "Mad whilet she lisps, and gives him some "inducted there of a parentension, "Only from strange imagination's rankness, "That forms the adulterer's presence in her soul, "And makes her think she olipst the foul knave's "loins. "Distero. Afficietion to my blood's root ! "Mad. Nay, think, but think what may proceed "of this; "Adultery is often the mother of incest. "Pietro. Afficietion to my blood's root ! "Adultery is often the mother of incest. "Pietro. Afficietion to my blood's root !	 "Mal. Yes, incest: mark :Mendoza of his wife "hegets perchance a daughter: Mendoza dies; "his son marries this daughter: say you ? nay, "tis frequent, not only probable, but no question "often acted, whilst ignorance, fearless ignorance, "clasps his own seed. "Pietro. Hideous imagination ! "Mal. Adultery ? why, next to the sin of simony, "tis the most horrid transgression under the "cope of salvation. "Pietro. Next to simony in which our men "in next age shall not sin. "Pietro. Not sin ! why? "Mal. Acy, next to simony, in which our men "in next age shall not sin. "Pietro. Not sin ! why? "Mal. Because (thanks to some church-men) "our age will leave them nothing to sin with. "But adultery, O dulness ! should show * exem- "plary punishment, that intemperate bloods may "freeze but to think it." I would damn him and all his generation : my own hands should do it; ha, I would not trust heaven with my vengeance :-any thing. Pietro. Any thing, sny thing, Malevole : thon shalt see instantly what temper my spirit holds. Farewell; remember I forget thee not; farewell. "Mal. Farewell. "Lean thoughtfulness, a sallow meditation, "sleep ! "The heart's disquiet is revenge most deep : "He that gets blood, the life of flesh but spills, "Well, this disguise doth yet afford me that "Which kings do seldom hear, or great men "use, "Free speech : and though my state's usurp'd, "Yet this affected strain gives me a tongue "As fetterless as is an emperor's. "I may speak foolishly, ay, knavishly, "Always carelessly, yet no one thinks it fashion "To poise my breath; for he that laughs and "strikes "Is lightly felt, or seldom struck again. "Duke, I'I torment thee now; my just revenge "From	

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<pre>(Thou to whose faith I only rest discover'd, Thou, one of full ten millions of men, That lovest virtue only for itself; Thou in whose hands old Ops may put her soul,) Behold for-ever-banish'd Altofront, This Genoa's last year's duke. O truly noble ! I wanted those old instruments of state, Dissemblance and suspect: I could not time it, Celso; My throne stood like a point midst * of a circle, To all of equal nearness; bore with none; Rein'd all alike; so alept in fearless virtue, Suspectless, too suspectless; till the crowd, (Still liquorous of untried novelties,) Impatient with severer government, Made strong with Florence, banish'd Altofront. Celso. Strong with Florence ! ay, thence your mischief rose; For when the daughter of the Florentine Was match'd once with this Pietro, now duke, No stratagem of state untried was left, Till you of all— Mal. Of all was quite bereft: Alas, Maria too close prisonèd, My true-faith'd duchess, i'the citadel ! Celso. I'll still adhere : let's mutiny and die. Mal. O, "no," climb not a falling tower, Celso; Tis well held desperation, no zeal, Hopeless to strive with fate : peace; temporize. Hope, hope, that ne'er forsakes + the wretched'st man, Yet bids me live, and lurk in this disguise. What, play I well the free-breath'd discontent ? Why, man, we are all philosophical monarchs Or natural fools. Celso, the court's a-fire; The duchess' sheets will smoke for't ere 't he long: Impure Mendoza, that sharp-nos'd lord, that made The cursèd match link'd Genoa with Florence, Now broad-horns the duke, which he now knows. Discord to malcontents is very manna : When the ranks are burst, then scuffle, Altofront. Celso. Ay, but durst— Mal. "Tis gone ; 'tis swallow'd like a mineral : Some way 'twill work ; pheut, I'll not shrink : He's resolute who can uo lower sink. "Bruceore-entering, MALEVOLE shifteth his speech. " O the father of May-poles ! did you never see a " fellow whose strength consisted in his breath, re- " spect in his office, religion in ‡ his lord, and love " in himself ?</pre>	"Bil. Signior,— "Mal. My right worshipful lord, your court "night-cap makes you have a passing high fore- "head. "Bil. I can tell you strange news, but I am sure "you know them already: the duke speaks much "good of you. "Mal. Go to, then : and shall you and I now "enter into a strict friendship? "Bil. Second one another? "Mal. Yes. "Bil. Do one another good offices? "Mal. Just: what though I called thee old ox, "egregious wittol, broken-bellied coward, rotten "mummy? yet, since I am in favour—— "Bil. Words of course, terms of disport. His "grace presents you by me a chain, as his grateful "remembrance for—I am ignorant for what; "Bil. Your son ! "Bil. Hor son ! "Bil. He shall eat wood-cooks, dance jigs, make "possets, and play at shuttle-cock with any young "lord about the court: he has as sweet a lady "too; dost know her little bitch? "Mal. 'Tis a dog, man. "Bil. Believe me, a she-bitch ! O, 'tis a good "creature ! thou shalt be her servant. I'll make "thee acquainted with my young wife too: what! "I keep her not at court for nothing. 'Tis grown "to supper-time; come to my table : that, any "thing I have, stands open to thee. "Mal. [cside to CELSO] How smooth to him "that is in state of grace, "How servile is the rugged'st courtier's face! "What proft, nay, what nature would keep down, "Are heav'd to them are minions to a crown. "Envious ambition never sates his thirst, "Till sucking all, he swells and swells, and burst." "Bil. I shall now leave you with my always-best "wishes; only let's hold betwixt us a firm corre- "spondence, a mutual friendly-reciprocal kind of "steady-unanimous-heartily-leagued—— "Mal. Did your signiorship ne'er see a pigeon- "house that was smooth, round, and white with- out, and full of holes and stink within ? ha' ye "not, old courtier? "Bil. O, yes, 'tis the form, the fashion of them "all. "Mal. Adieu, my true court-friend ; farewell, "my dear Castilio." + [Exit BiLIOSO. " burst] Tho old ed. "burstes."	
<i>t in</i>] The old ed. " <i>on</i> ."	nste ‡, p. 209.	

SCENE II.

THE MALCONTENT.

Celso. Yonder's Mendoza.

Mal. True, the privy-key. [Descries MENDOZA. Celso. I take my leave, sweet lord. Exit CELSO.

Mal. 'Tis fit ; away !

Enter MENDOZA with three or four Suitors.

Men. Leave your suits with me; I can and will: attend my secretary; leave me. [Excunt Suitors.

Mal. Mendoza, hark ye, hark ye. You are a treacherous villain : God b' wi' ye !

Men. Out, you base-born rascal !

Mal. We are all the sons of heaven, though a tripe-wife were our mother: ah, you whoreson, hot-reined he-marmoset ! Ægisthus ! didst ever hear of one Ægisthus?

Men. Gisthus ?

Mal. Ay, Ægisthus: he was a filthy incontinent flesh-monger, such a one as thou art.

Men. Out, grumbling rogue !

Mal. Orestes, beware Orestes!

Men. Out, beggar !

Mal. I once shall rise.

Men. Thou rise !

Mal. Ay, at the resurrection.

No vulgar seed but once may rise and shall;

No king so huge but 'fore he die may fall, [Exit. Men. Now, good Elysium | what a delicious heaven is it for a man to be in a prince's favour ! O sweet God! O pleasure! O fortune! O all thou best of life! what should I think, what say, what do to be a favourite, a minion? to have a general timorous respect observe a man, a stateful silence in his presence, solitariness in his absence, a confused hum and busy murmur of obsequious suitors training him; the cloth held up, and way proclaimed before him; petitionary vassals licking the pavement with their slavish knees, whilst some odd palace-lampreels that engender with snakes, and are full of eyes on both sides, with a kind of insinuated * humbleness, fix all their delights + upon his brow. O blessed state ! what a ravishing prospect doth the Olympus of favour yield! Death, I cornute the duke! Sweet women! most sweet ladies ! nay, angels ! by heaven, he is more accursed than a devil that hates you, or is hated by you; and happier than a god that loves you, or is beloved by you : you preservers of mankind, life-blood of society, who would live, nay, who can live without you? O

paradise! how majestical is your austerer presence! how imperiously chaste is your more modest face! but, O, how full of ravishing

* insinuated] The first 4to. "insinuating."

attraction is your pretty, pstulant, languishing, lasciviously-composed countenance ! these amorous smiles, those soul-warming sparkling glances, ardent as those flames that singed the world by heedless Phaeton! in body how delicate,* in soul how witty, in discourse how pregnant, in life how wary, in favours how judicious, in day how sociable, and in night how -----O pleasure unutterable ! indeed, it is most certain, one man cannot deserve only to enjoy a beauteous woman: but a duchess! in despite of Phœbus, I'll write a sonnet instantly in praise of her.

Exit.

SCENE II.+

Enter FERNEZE ushering AURELIA, EMILIA and MAQUERELLE bearing up her train, BLANCA attending: then exeunt EMILIA and BIANOA.

Aurel. And is't possible! Mendoza slight me ! possible?

Fer. Possible !

- What can be strange in him that's drunk with favour,‡
- Grows insolent with grace !- Speak, Maquerelle, speak.

Maq. To speak feelingly, more, more richly in solid sense than worthless words, give me those jewels of your ears to receive my enforced duty. As for my part, 'tis well known I can put up § any thing [FERNEZE privately feeds MAQUERELLE'S hands with jewels during this speech]; can bear patiently with any man: but when I heard he wronged your precious sweetness, I was enforced to take deep offence. 'Tis most certain he loves Emilia with high appetite : and, as she told me (as you know we women impart our secrets one to another), when she repulsed his suit, in that he was possessed with your endeared grace, Mendoza most ingratefully renounced all faith to you.

Fer. Nay, called you-Speak, Maquerelle, speak.

Maq. By heaven, witch, dried biscuit; and contested blushlessly he loved you but for a spurt or so.

+ Scene II.] Another room in the same.

t with favour] Omitted in the copy of the second 4to. in the Garrick Collection.

§ up | Not in the second 4to.

[†] delights] The first 4to. "lights."

^{*} in body how delicate, &c.] The author had here an eye to the well-known passage of Shakespeare ;-- "What a piece of work is man ! How noble in reason ! how infinite in faculties | in form, and moving, how express and admirable ! in action, how like an angel ! in apprehension. how like a god ! the beauty of the world ! the paragon of animals !" Hamlet, act ii. ec. 2.

Fer. For maintenance.

Maq. Advancement and regard.

Aurel. O villain ! O impudent Mendoza !

Maq. Nay, he is the rustiest-jawed,* the foulestmouthed knave in railing against our sex: he will rail against + women—

Aurel. How ? how ?

Mag. I am ashamed to speak't, I.

Aurel. I love to hate him : speak.

Maq. Why, when Emilia scorned his base uneteadiness, the black-throated rascal scolded, and said—

Aurel. What ?

Mag. Troth, 'tis too shameless.

Aurel. What said he ?

Maq. Why, that, at four, women were fools; at fourteen, drabs; at forty, bawds; at fourscore, witches: and [at] a hundred, cats.

Aurel. O unlimitable impudency !

Fer. But as for poor Ferneze's fixed heart, Was never shadeless meadow drier parch'd Under the scorching heat of heaven's dog,

Than is my heart with your enforcing eyes.

Maq. A hot simile.

Fer. Your smiles have been my heaven, your frowns my hell:

O, pity, then ! grace should with beauty dwell. Mag. Reasonable perfect, by'r lady.

Aurel. I will love thee, be it but in despite Of that Mendoza :---witch !---Ferneze,---witch !---Ferneze, thou art the duchess' favourite :

Be faithful, private : but 'tis dangerous.

Fer. His love is lifeless that for love fears breath:

The worst that's due to sin, O, would 'twere desth !

Aurel. Enjoy my favour. I will be sick instantly and take physic: therefore in depth of night visit—

Maq. Visit her chamber, but conditionally you shall not offend her bed : by this diamond !

Fer. By this diamond. [Giving diamond to MAQ. Maq. Nor tarry longer than you please : by this ruby !

Fer. By this ruby. Giving ruby to MAQ. Maq. And that the door shall not creak.

Fer. And that the door shall not creak.

Mac. Nay, but swear.

Fer. By this purse. [Giving purse to MAQ. Maq. Go to, I'll keep your oaths for you : remember, visit.

† against] The first 4to "agen."

Aurel. Dried biscuit !- Look where the base wretch comes.

Enter MENDOZA, reading a sonnet.

Men. "Beauty's life, heaven's model, love's queen,"-

Mag. That's his Emilia.

Men. "Nature's triumph, best on * earth,"-

Maq. Meaning Emilia.

Men. "Thou only wonder that the world hath seen."-

Mag. That's Emilia.

Aurel. Must I, then, hear her praised ?-Mendoza !

Men. Madam, your excellency is graciously encountered : I have been writing passionate flashes in honour of— [Exit FERNEZE.

Aurel. Out, villain, villain!

O judgment, where have been my eyes? what Bewitch'd election made me dote on thee? What sorcery made me love thee? But, be gone; Bury thy head. O, that I could do more Than loathe thee! hence, worst of ill! No reason ask, our reason is our will.⁺

[Exit with MAQUERELLE. Men. Women! nay, Furies; nay, worse; for they torment only the bad, but women good and bad. Damnation of mankind! Breath, hast thou praised them for this? and is't you, Ferneze, are wriggled into smock-grace? sit sure. O, that I could rail against these monsters in nature, models of hell, curse of the earth, women! that dare attempt any thing, and what they attempt they care not how they accomplish; without all premeditation or prevention; rash in asking, deeperate in working, impatient in suffering, extreme in desiring, slaves unto appetite, mistresses in dissembling, only constant in unconstancy,‡ only perfect in counterfeiting: their

* on] The first 4to "of."

† No reason, &c.] The first 4to; "No reason else, my reason is my will."

t only constant in unconstancy] Compare a striking

passage in The Fair Maide of Bristow, 1605; "A harlot's love is like a chimney-smoke,

Quivering in the aire betweene two blasts of winde, Borne heere and there by either of the same, And properly to none of both inclind: Hate and despaire is painted in their eies, Deceit and treason in their hossome lies: Their promises are made of hrittle glasse, Ground like a phillip to the finest dust; Their thoughts like streaming rivers awiftly passo; Their words are oyle, and yet they geather rust: True are they never found hut in untruth, Constant in nought but in unconstancie, Devouring cankars of mans liberty." Sig E 3.

(The play just quoted was no douht written several

^{*} rustiest-jawed] The second 4to. "rustiest jade;" a misprint which is followed in modern editions of this play.

SCENE 11. THE I	MALCONTENT. 335
words are feigned, their eyes forged, their sig dissembled, their looks counterfeit, their I false, their given hopes deceitful, their v breath artificial: their blood is their only g bad clothes, and old age, are only the devils t tremble at. That I could rail now ! Enter PIETRO, his sword drawn. Pietro. A mischief fill thy throat, thou f jaw'd slave !	 'Fore I'll reveal, shalt find them clipt* together. Pietro. Mendoza, thou knowest I am a most plain-breasted man. Men. The fitter to make a cornuto: + would your brows were most plain too! Pietro. Tell me: indeed, I heard thee rail— Men. At women, true: why, what cold phlegm could choose,
Say thy prayers. Men. I ha' forgot 'em. Pietro. Thou shalt die. Men. So shalt thou. I am heart-mad. Pietro. I am horn-mad. Men. Extreme mad. Pietro. Monstrously mad. Men. Why ! Pietro. Why ! thou, thou hast dishonoured	Knowing a lord so honest, virtuous, So boundless loving, bounteous, fair-shap'd, sweet, To be contemn'd, abus'd, defam'd, made cuckold? Heart ! I hate all women for't: sweet sheets, wax lights, antic bed-posts, cambric smocks, villanous curtains, arras pictures, oiled hinges, and all the ‡ tongue-tied lascivious witnesses of great creatures' wantonness,—what salvation can you expect? Pietro. Wilt thou tell me?
 bed. Men. I! Come, come, sit; † here's my heart to thee, As steady as is the centre to this ‡ glorious wo And yet, hark, thou art a cornuto,—hut by n Pietro. Yes, slave, by thee. Men. Do not, do not with tart and splee breath 	rld: ne? <i>Pretro.</i> I ha' not the patience: wilt thou de- serve me, § tell, give it. <i>Men.</i> Take't: why, Ferneze is the man, Fer- neze: I'll prove't; this night you shall take him in your elsette: will't serve?
Lose him can lose thee. I offend my duke ! Bear record, O ye dumb and raw-air'd nights How vigilant my sleepless eyes have been To watch the traitor ! record, thou spirit of tr With what debasement I ha' thrown myself To under offices, only to learn The truth, the party, time, the means, the p By whom, and when, and where thou ye	Men. What ? Pietro. Farewell. Men. God! how weak a lord are you ! Why, do you think there is no more but so? Pietro. Why ! Men. Nay, then, will I presume to counsel you : It should be thus. You with some guard upon
disgrac'd! And am I paid with slave? hath my intrusion To places private and prohibited, Only to observe the closer passages, Heaven knows with vows of revelation, Made me suspected, made me deem'd a villai What rogue hath wrong'd us? <i>Pietro</i> . Mendoza, I may err. <i>Men</i> . Err! 'tis too mild a name: but err and Run giddy with suspect, 'fore through me to know	 Break into the princess' chamber : I stay behind, Without the door, through which he needs must pass : Ferneze flies; let him : to me he comes; he's kill'd By me, observe, by me : you follow : I rail, And seem to save the body. Duchess comes, On whom (respecting her advancèd birth, And your fair nature), I kuow, nay, I do know, No violence must be us'd; she comes : I storm, I praise, excuse Ferneze, and still maintain The duchess' honour : she for this loves me.
That which most creatures, save thyself, do kn years before it was given to the press.) So also in a vo of poeme by Philip Jenkins, eutitled Amorea, 1660 : "What, only constant in unconstancie? And true alone to mutability?" p. 52. * sighs] Both 4tos. "ights"; and, indeed, so the was sometimes written. † sit] Qy. "sir"? ‡ the centre to this] The first 4to. "this center to the the second 4to. "this centre to the."	iow: I honour you; shall know her eoul, you mine; lume Then naught shall she contrive in vengeance (As women are most thoughtful in revenge) Of her Ferneze, but you shall sooner know't word * clipt] i.e. joined in embraces. t cornuto] The second 4to. "cuckolde."

Than she can think't. Thus shall his death come 811ra.

Your duchess brain-caught: so your life secure.

Pietro. It is too well: my bosom and my heart, When nothing helps, cut off the rotten part. [Exit.

Men, Who cannot feign friendship can ne'er produce the effects of hatred. Honest fool duke! subtle lascivious duchess! silly novice Ferneze! I do laugh at ye. My brain is in labour till it produce mischief, and I feel sudden throes, proofs sensible, the issue is at hand.

As bears shape young, so I'll form my device,

Which grown proves horrid: vengeance makes men wise. Exit.

"SCENE III.*

"Enter MALEVOLE and PASSARELLO.

"Mal. Fool, most happily encountered : canst "sing, fool?

"Pass. Yes, I can sing, fool, if you'll bear the "burden; and I can play upon instruments, "scurvily, as gentlemen do. O, that I had been "gelded! I should then have been a fat fool for "a chamber, a squeaking fool for a tavern, and a "private fool for all the ladies.

"Mal. You are in good case since you came to "court, fool: what, guarded, guarded !+

"Pass. Yes, faith, even as footmen and bawds "wear velvet, not for an ornament of honour, "but for a badge of drudgery; for, now the duke "is discontented, I am fain to fool him asleep "every night.

"Mal. What are his griefs?

"Pass. He hath sore eyes.

"Mal. I never observed so much.

"Pass. Horrible sore eyes; and so hath every "cuckold, for the roots of the horns spring in the "eyeballs, and that's the reason the horn of a "cuckold is as tender as his eye, or as that "growing in the woman's forehead twelve years "since, that could not endure to be touched. "The duke hangs down his head like a columbine.

† guarded] Adorned with facings, trimmings.

1 as that growing in the woman's forehead twelve years since] The woman with the horn in her forehead was probably Margaret Griffith, wife of David Owen, of Llan Gaduain, in Montgomery. A portrait of her is in existence, prefixed to a scarce pamphlet, entitled, "A miraculous and monstrous, but yet most true and certayne Discourse of a Woman, now to be seen in London,

"Mal. Passarello, why do great men beg "fools ?*

"Pass. As the Welshman stole rushes, when "there was nothing else to filch; only to keep "begging in fashion.

"Mal. Pooh, thou givest no good reason; thou "speakest like a fool.

"Pass. Faith, I utter small fragments, as your "knight courts your city widow with jingling of "his gilt spurs, advancing his bush-coloured "beard, and taking tobacco: this is all the "mirror of their knightly compliments.1 Nay, I "shall talk when my tongue is a going once; 'tis "like a citizen on horse-back, evermore in a false "gallop.

"Mal. And how doth Macquerelle fare now-a-"days?

"Pass. Faith, I was wont to salute her as our "English women are at their first landing in "Flushing; § I would call her whore : but now "that antiquity leaves her as an old piece of "plastic || to work by, I only ask her how her "rotten teeth fare every morning, and so leave "her. She was the first that ever invented "perfumed smocks for the gentlewomen, and "woollen shoes, for fear of creaking, for the visitant. "She were an excellent lady, but that her face "peeleth like Muscovy glass.¶

of the age of threescore yeares or thereabouts, in the midst of whose forehead there groweth out a crooked Horne of four ynches long. Imprinted at London, by Thomas Orwin, and are to be sold by Edward White, dwelling at the little north dore of Paules Church, at the signe of the Gun, 1588." 0. Gilchrist.

If ehs is the person alluded to, this additional scene must have been composed about 1600.

* beg fools] i.e. apply to become their guardians, and to snjoy the profits of their lands; which, under the writ, in the old common law, de idiota inquirendo, might he granted hy the king to any enhiect.

+ with jingling of his gilt spurs, advancing his bushcoloured beard] The gallants of the time considered it high fashion to wear spurs which jingled as they walked.-I here follow the text of my own copy of the second 4to. : the copy in the Garrick Collection (the same edition) has "with something of his guilt: some aduancing his highcolored heard.'

1 compliments] i.e. accomplishments.

§ as our English women are at their first landing in Flushing] "At this time Flushing was in the hands of the English as part of the security for money advanced hy Queen Elizabeth to the Dutch. The governor and garrison were all Englishmen,"-Reed.

|| an old piece of plastic] "i.e. an ancient model made of wax or clay, by which an artist might work."-Steevens.

¶ Muscovy glass] i.e. talc. Here Reed cites the following passages :

"In the province of Corelia, and about the river "Duyna towards the North-sea, there groweth a soft "rocke which they call Sluds. This they cut into " piecos, and so tear it into thin flakes, which naturally it

^{*} Scene III.] Another room in the same.

"Pass. O, excellent: he keeps beside me fifteen "jesters, to instruct him in the art of fooling, "and utters their jests in private to the duke "and duchess: he'll lie like to your Switzer "or lawyer; he'll be of any side for most "mouey.

"Mal. I am in haste, be brief.

"Pass. As your fiddler when he is paid.—He'll "thrive, I warrant you, while your young courtier "stands like Good-Friday in Lent; men long to "see it, because more fatting days come after it;

- "else he's the leanest and pitifullest actor in the "whole pageant. Adieu, Malevole.
 - "Mal. [aside] O world most vile, when thy "loose vanities,
- "Taught by this fool, do make the fool seem "wise!

"Pass. You'll know me again, Malevole.

"Mal. O, ay, by that velvet.

"Pass. Ay, as a pettifogger by his buckram "bag. I am as common in the court as an "hostess's lips in the country; knights, and "clowns, and knaves, and all share me: the "court cannot possibly be without me. Adieu, "Malevole." [Excunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I.*

Enter MENDOZA with a sconce, † to observe FERNEZE's entrance, who, whilst the act is playing, enters unbraced, Two Pages before him with lights; is not by MAQUE-RELLE and conveyed in; the Pagea are ‡ sent away.

Men. He's caught, the woodcock's head is i'the noose.

Now treads Ferneze in dangerous path of lust, Swearing his sense is merely § deified : The fool grasps clouds, and shall beget Centaurs : And now, in strength of panting faint delight, The goat bids heaven envy him. Good goose, I can afford thee nothing

"is apt for, and so use it for glasse lanthorns and such "like. It giveth hoth inwards and outwards a clearer "light then glasse, and for this respect is better than "either glasse or horne; for that it neither breaketh like

- "glasse, nor yst will hurne like the lanthorne." Gilea Fletcher's Russe Commonwealth, 1591, p. 10.
 - "They have no English glass: of alices of a rocks, Hight Sluda, they their windowes make, that English glass doth mocks.
 - They cut it very thinne, and sow it with a thred In pratie order, like to panes, to serve their present neede:
 - No other glasse, good faith, doth give a better light, And sure the rocke is nothing rich, the cost is very slight."
- Turhervile's Letter to Spenser, Hackluyt, 1589, p. 410. * Scene I.] Ante-chamber to the apartments of the Duchess in the palace.

† sconce] i.e. lantern.

- t the pages are] The first 4to. "the Dutches pages."
- § merely] i.s. absolutely.

But the poor comfort of calamity, pity. Lust's like the plummets hanging on clock-lincs, Will ne'er ha' done till all is quite undone; Such is the course salt sallow lust doth run; Which thou shalt try. I'll be reveng'd. Duke,

thy suspect;

Duchess, thy disgrace; Ferneze, thy rivalship; Shall have swift vengeance. Nothing so holv. No band of nature so strong. No law of friendship so sacred, But I'll profane, burst, violate, 'fore I'll Endure disgrace, contempt, and poverty. Shall I, whose very hum struck all heads bare, Whose face made silence, creaking of whose shoe Forc'd the most private passages fly ope, Scrape like a servile dog at some latch'd door? Learn now to make a leg, and cry "Beseech ye, Pray ye, is such a lord within ?" be aw'd At some odd usher's scoff'd formality ? First sear my brains! Unde cadis, non quo, refert ;* My heart cries, "Perish all !" How ! how ! what fate Can once avoid revenge, that's desperate ? I'll to the duke: if all should ope-if! tush, Fortune still dotes on those who cannot blush.

[Exit.

Z

* Unde cadis, non quo, refert]

"Magis unde cadas, Quam quo, refert." Seneca,—*Thyest*. 925.

SCENE II.*

Enter MALEVOLE at one door; BIANOA, EMILIA, and MAQUERELLE at the other door.

Mal. Bless ye, cast o' ladies ! +- Ha, dipsas ! ‡ how dost thou, old coal ?

Maq. Old coal!

Mal. Ay, old coal: methinks thou liest like a hrand under these § billets of green wood. He that will inflame a young wench's heart, let him lay close to her an old coal that hath first been fired, a panderess, my half-hurnt lint, who though thou canst not flame thyself, yet art able to set a thousand virgins' tapers afire.—And how does Jauivere thy hushand, my little periwinkle? is he troubled with the cough o' the lungs still? does he hawk o'nights still? he will not bite.

Bian. No, by my troth, I took him with his mouth empty of old teeth.

Mal. And he took thes with thy belly full of young bones: marry, he took his maim hy the stroke of his enemy.

Bian. And I mine by the stroke of my friend.

Mal. The close stock ! ¶ O mortal wench ! Lady, ha' ye now no restoratives for your decayed Jasons ?** look ye, crab's guts baked, distilled ox-pith, the pulverized hairs of a lion's upper-lip, jelly of cock-sparrows, he-monkey's marrow, or powder of fox-stones ?—And whither are all † you ambling now ?

* Scene II.] A room in the same.

+ cast o' ladies] i.e. hrace, couple of ladies. (Dodsley, whom all the editors have followed here, printed "chaste ladies"!). The expression is drawn from falconry:

"A cast of faulcons (in their pride At passage ecouring) fowle espide Securely feeding from the spring : At one both ayme with nimble wing. They first mount up above mans sight, Plying for life this emulous flight In equall compasse, and maintaine Their pitch without a lazie plaine. Then stooping freely (lightning-like) They (counter) dead each other strike. The fowle escapes, and with her wings Their funerall dirge, this lesson, sings,— Who aims at glory not aright

Meetes death, but glorie takes her flight." Scott's Certaine Pieces of this Age Paraboliz'd, p. 89, printed with his Philomythie, 1616.

t dipsas] A kind of serpent: those whom it hit wero said to die tormented with thirst; hence Lucan, "torrida dipsas."

§ these] Not in the second 4to.

|| does] The second 4to. " dooth."

¶ stock] i.e. stoccata. See note §, p. 223.

** Jasons] The first 4to. " Jason."

all] Not in the second 4to.

Bian. Why,* to bed, to bed.

Mal. Do your husbands lie with ye?

Bian. That were country fashion, i'faith.

Mal. Ha' ye no foregoers about you? come, whither in good deed, la, now?

Maq.+ In good indeed, la, now, to eat the most miraculously, admirably, astonishable composed posset with three curds, without any drink. Will ye help me with a he-fox ?—Here's the duke.

"Mal. Fried frogs are very good, and French-"like too." [Exeunt Ladies.

Enter PIETRO, CELSO, EQUATO, BILIOSO, FERRARDO, and MENDOZA.

Pietro. The night grows deep and foul: what hour is't?

Celso. Upon the stroke of twelve.

Mal. Save ye, duke !

Pietro. From thee: he gone, I do not love thee; let me see thee no more; we are displeased.

Mal. Why, God b'wi' thee !‡ Heaven hear my curse,—may thy wife and thee live long together !

Pietro. Be gone, sirrah!

Mal. When Arthur first in court began, §-Agamemnon-Menelaus-was over any duke a cornuto?

Pietro. Be gone, hence!

Mal. What religion wilt thou be of next? Men. Out with him!

Mal. With most servile patience.-Time will

Mat. With most service patience.—Time will come

When wonder of thy error will strike dumb Thy bezzled || sense.—

The slave's in favour : ay, marry, shall he rise :¶ Good God! how subtle hell doth flatter vice! Mounte** him aloft, and makes him seem to fly, As fowl the tortoise mock'd, who to the sky The ambitious shell-fish rais'd! the end of all Is only, that from height he might dead fall.

"Bil. Why, when ?†† out, ye rogue! be gone, "ye rascal!

"Mal. I shall now leave ye with all my best "Bil. Out, ye cur! f" wishes.

* Why] Not in the second 4to.

† Mag.] The second 4to. gives this speech to Bianca.

t b'wi' thee] The second 4to. " be with thee."

§ When Arthur, &c.] "This entire hallad (which Falstaff likewise begins to sing in the Second Part of King Henry IV.) is published in the first volume of Dr. Percy's Reliques of Ancient English Poetry."-Reed.

[bezzled] i.e. hesotted : to bezzle is to drink hard.

" The slave's in favour: ay, marry, shall he rise! The true reading here is uncertain. The toos, have "slaves I fauour, I marry shall he rise," &c. Dodsley gave "Slaves to favour, marry, shall arise," &c.

** Mounts] The first 4to. "mount."

++ when] See note *, p. 68.

- 0	9 0	n n
) ü	12

	000
 <i>Mal.</i> Only let's hold together a firm corre- <i>"Bil.</i> Out! ["spondence. <i>Mal.</i> A mutual*-friondly-reciprocal-perpetual <i>"kind of steady-unanimous-heartily-leagued—</i> <i>"Bil.</i> Hence, yegross-jawed, peasantly—out, go! <i>"Mal.</i> Adieu, pigeon-house; thou burr, that <i>"only stickest to nappy fortunes.</i> The serpigo, <i>"the strangury, an eternal uneffectual priapism</i> <i>"seize thee!</i> <i>"Mal.</i> Out, rogue! <i>"Mal.</i> Mayst thou be a notorious wittolly <i>"pander to thine own wife, and yet get no office,</i> <i>"the to be the utmost misery of mankind, a</i> <i>"beggarly cuckold!"</i> [Exit. <i>Pietro.</i> It shall be so. <i>Men.</i> It must he so, for where great states revenge, 'Tis requisite the parties with piety And soft respect ever be closely dogg'd.⁺ Lay one into his breast shall sleep with him, Feed in the same dish, run in selffaction, Who may discover‡ any shape of danger; For once disgrac'd, displayèd § in offence, It makes man blushless, and man is (all confess) More prone to vengeance than to gratefulness. Favours are writ in dust; but stripes we feel Depravèd nature stamps in lasting steel. 	Make frightless entrance, salute her with soft eyes, Stain naught with blood; only Ferneze dies, But not before her brows. O gentlemen, God knowe I love her! Nothing else, but this : I am not well: if grief, that sucks veins dry, Rivels the skin, casts ashes in men's faces, Be-dulls the eye, unstrengthens all the blood, Chance to remove me to another world, As sure I once must die, let him succeed: I have no child; all that my youth begot Hath been your loves, which shall inherit me: Which as it ever shall, I do conjure it, Mendoza may succeed: he's nobly * born; With me of much desert. <i>Celso.</i> [aside] Much !+ <i>Pietro.</i> Your silence answers, "Ay:" I thank you. Come on now. O, that I might die Before her shame's display'd! would I were forc'd To burn my father'e tomb, unheal this bones, And dash them in the dirt, rather than this ! This both the living and the dead offends : Sharp surgery where naught but death amends. [Excunt.]
Pietro. You shall be leagu'd with the duchese. Equato. The plot is very good. Pietro. You shall both kill, and seem the corse Fer. A most fine brain-trick. [to save. Celso. [aside] Of a most cunning knave. Pietro. My lords, the heavy action we intend le death and ehame, two of the ugliest shapes That can confound a soul; think, think of it: I strike, but yet, like him that 'gainst stone walls Directs, his shafts rebound in his own face; My lady'e shame is mine, O God, 'tis mine! Therefore I do conjure all secrecy : Let it ¶ be as very little as may be, Pray ye, as may be.	SCENE III.§ Enter MAQUERELLE, EMILIA, and BIANOA, with a posset. Maq. Even here it is, three curds in three regions individually distinct, Most methodically according to art compos'd, without any drink. Bian. Without any drink ! Maq. Upon my honour. Will ye sit and eat? Emil. Good the composure : the receipt, how is't? Maq. 'Tis a pretty pearl; by this pearl, (how does't with me?) thus it is. Seven and thirty yolks of Barbary hens' eggs; eighteen spoonfuls and a half of the juice of cock-sparrow bones; one ounce three drams. four accurdes and oue
 * A mutual, &c.] Bilioso's words in p. 332. † 'Tis requisite the parties with picty And soft respect ever be closely dogs'a] The 4tos. have; 'Tis requisite, the parts [sec. 4to. ''partes'] with piety And soft [sec. 4to. ''loft''] respect forheares, be closely 	one ounce, three drams, four scruples, and one quarter of the syrup of Ethiopian dates; sweetened with three quarters of a pound of pure candied Indian eringoes; strewed over with
dogd," &c. It seems impossible to ascertain what the author really wrote. Mr. W. N. Letteom proposes; "Men. It must be so, for where Great states revenge, 'tis requisite the partice With spy of close suspect be closely dogg'd," &c. ‡ discover] The first 4to. "discoured." § displayed] The first 4to. "discoured." [] Pietro] The 4tos. "Mend." ¶ it] i.c. the shame.	* nobly] The second 4to. "noble." † Much !] A contemptuous and ironical exclamation, frequently used by our old dramatists, and expressing denial. ("Much of that,"=Little or none of it.) ‡ unheal] "i.e. uncover. To heal in Sussex signifies to cover."—Steevens.—The first 4to. "unhill." § Scene III.] Antechamber to the apartments of the duchess in the same. methodically] The second 4to. "methodicall." z 2

the powder of pearl of America, amber of Cataia, and lamb-stones of Muscovia.

Bian. Trust me, the ingredients are very cordial, and, no question, good, and most powerful in restauration.*

Maq. I know not what you mean by restauration; but this it doth,—it purifieth the blood, smootheth the skin, enliveneth the eye, strengtheneth the veius, mundifieth the teeth, comforteth the stomach, fortifieth the back, and quickeneth the wit; that's all.

Emil. By my troth, I have eaten but two spoonfuls, and methinks I could discourse most swiftly and wittily already.

Maq. Have you the art to seem honest?

Bian. Ay, thank advice and practice.

Maq. Why, then, eat me o' this posset, quicken your blood, and preserve your beauty. Do you know Doctor Plaster-face? by this curd, he is the most exquisite in forging of veins, sprightening of eyes, dying of hair, sleeking of skins, blushing of cheeks, surphling + of breasts, blanching and bleaching of teeth, that ever made an old lady gracious by torch-light; by this curd, la.

Bian. Well, ‡ we are resolved, what God has given us we'll cherish.

Maq. Cherish any thing saving your husband; keep him not too high, lest he leap the pale: but, for your beauty, let it be your saint; bequeath two hours to it every morning in your closet. I ha' been young, and yet, in my conscience, I am not above five-aud-twenty: but, believe me, preserve and use your beauty; for youth and beauty once gone, we are like beehivee without honey, out-o'-fashion apparel that no man will wear: therefore use me your beauty.

Emil. Ay, but men say-

Maq. Men say ! let men say what they will : life o' womau ! they are ignorant of our § wants. The more in years, the more in perfection they grow; if they lose youth and beauty, they gain wisdom and discretion : but when our beauty fades, good-night with us. There cannot be an uglier thing to see than an old woman : from

* restauration] The first 4to. "operation."

f surphing of breasts] i.e. beautifying breasts by cosmetics. "To *surphule or surfel* the checks," says Gifford, "is to wash them with mercurial or sulphur water," &c. Note on Ford's Works, i. 405.—All the editors of this play read "soupling of breasts"!

1 Well] The second 4to, " We."

§ our] The second 4to. "your."

which, O pruning, pinching, and painting, deliver all sweet beauties ! [Music within.

Bian. Hark ! music !

Maq. Peace, 'tis i' the duchees' hed-chamber. Good rest, most prosperously-graced ladies.

Emil. Good night, sentinel.

Bian. Night, dear Maquerelle.

Maq. May my posset's operation send you my wit and honesty; and me, your youth and beauty: the pleasingest rest!

[Execut, at one door, BIANOA and EMILIA; at another, MAQUERELLE.

A Song* within.

Whilst the song is singing, enter MENDOZA with his sword drawn, standing ready to murder FERNEZE as he flies from the duchess' chamber.—Tumult within.

[Within.] Strike, strike!

[Aur. within.] Save my Ferneze ! O, save my Ferneze !

[Within.] Follow, pursue !

[Aur. within.] O, save Ferneze !

Enter FERNEZE in his shirt, and is received upon MENDOZA'S sword.

Men. Pierce, pierce !- Thou shallow fool, drop there ! [Thrusts his rapier in FERNEZE.

He that attempts a princess' lawless love

Must have broad hands, close heart, with Argus' eyes,

And back of Hercules, or else he dies.

Enter AURELIA, PIETRO, FERRARDO, BILIOSO, CELSO, and EQUATO.

All. Follow, follow !

Men. Stand off, forbear, ye most uncivil lords ! Pietro. Strike !

Men. Do not; tempt not a man resolv'd:

[MENDOZA bestrides the wounded body of FERNEZE, and seems to save him.

Would you, inhuman murderers, more than death?

Aur. O poor Ferneze !

Men. Alas, now all defence too late !

Aur. He's dead.

Pietro. I am sorry for our shame.—Go to your bed :

Weep not too much, but leave some tears to shed When I am dead.

Aur. What, weep for thes ! my soul no tears shall find.

Pietro. Alas, alas, that women's souls are blind ! Men. Betray such beauty !

* A Song] See note t, p. 45.

Murder such youth ! contemn civility !	Light-jointed spirits speed; * cut good men's
He loves him not that rails not at him.	throats,
Pietro. Thou canst not move us: we have blood enough	And scape. Alas, I am too honest for this age, Too full of phlegm and heavy steadiness;
An please you, lady, we have quite forgot	Stood still whilst this slave cast a noose about
All your defects : if not, why, then-	me;
Aur. Not.	Nay, then to stand in honour of him and her,
Pietro. Not: the best of rest; good-night.	Who had even slic'd my heart !
[Excunt PIETRO, FERRARDO, BILLOSO, CELSO,	Aur. Come, I did err,
and Equato.	And am most sorry I did err.
Aur. Despite go with thee !	Men. Why, we are both but dead : the duke
Men. Madam, you ha' done me foul disgrace;	hates us;
you have wronged him much loves you too much :	And those whom princes do once groundly hate,
go to; your soul knows you have.	Let them provide to die, as sure as fate.
Aur. I think I have.	Prevention is the heart of policy.
Men. Do you but think so ?	Aur. Shall we murder him?
Aur. Nay, sure, I have : my eyes have witnessed	Men. Instantly?
thy love: thou hast stood too firm for me.	Aur. Instantly; before he casts a plot,
Men. Why, tell me, fair-cheeked lady, who	Or further blaze my honour's much-known blot,
even in tears art powerfully beauteous, what un-	Let's murder him.
advised passion struck ye into such a violent heat	Men. I would do much for you : will ye marry
against me? Speak, what mischief wronged us?	me?
what devil injured us? speak.	Aur. I'll make thee duke. We are of Medicis;
Aur. The thing ne'er worthy of the name of	Florence our friend; in court my faction +
man, Ferneze;	Not meanly strengthful; the duke then dead;
Ferneze swore thou lov'[d]st Emilia;	We well prepar'd for change; the multitude
Which to advance, with most reproachful breath	Irresolutely reeling; we in force;
Thou both didst blemish and denounce my love.	Our party seconded; the kingdom maz'd;
Men. Ignoble villain ! did I for this bestride	No doubt of ‡ swift success all shall be grac'd.
Thy wounded limbs? for this rank opposite	Men. You do confirm me; we are resolute:
Even to my sovereign?* for this, O God, for this,	To-morrow look for change; rest confident.
Sunk all my hopes, and with my hopes my life?	'Tis now about the immodest waist of night:
Ripp'd bare my throat unto the hangman's axe ?	The mother of moist dew with pallid light
Thou most dishonour'd trunk !—Emilia !	Spreads gloomy shades about the numbed earth.
By life, I know her not—Emilia !—	Sleep, sleep, whilst we contrive our mischief's
Did you believe him ?	birth.
Aur. Pardon me, I did.	This man I'll get inhum'd. Farewell: to bed;
Men. Did you ? and thereupon you graced him ?	Ay, kise thy § pillow, dream the duke is dead.
Aur. I did.	So, so, good night. [Exit AURELIA.
Men. Took him to favour, nay, even clasp'd	How fortune dotes on impudence !
with him?	I am in private the adopted son
Aur. Alas, I did!	Of yon good prince:
Men. This night?	I must be duke; why, if I must, I must.
Aur. This night.	Most silly lord, name me! O heaven! I see
Men. And in your lustful twines the duke	God made honest fools to maintain crafty knaves.
took you ?	
Aur. A most sad truth.	* speed] The first 4to. "pent," the second "spent,"- The reading in the text is Dodsley's,and a doubtful one.
Men. O God, O God ! how we dull honest	t in court my faction, &c.] "I would recommend the
aoula,	following regulation, &c., of this speech :
Heavy-brain'd men, are swallow'd in the bogs	· in court my faction Not meanly strengthen'd (the duke then being dead)
Of a deceitful ground ! whilst nimble bloods,	Were well prepar'd for change." Steevens.
	t of] i.e. with.
for this rank opposite	§ thy] The second 4to. "the."
for this rank opposite Even to my sovereign ?] Not in the second 4to.	How fortune dotes on impudence !] So at p. 837; "Fortune still dotes on those who cannot hlush."

The duchess is wholly mine too; must kill her husband

To quit her shame; much !* then marry her: ay. O, I grew proud in prosperous treachery ! As wrestlers clip, t so I'll embrace you all,

Not to support, but to procure your fall.

Enter MALEVOLE.

Mal. God arrest thes!

Men. At whose suit?

Mal. At the devil's. Ah, you treacherous damnable monster, how dost? how dost, thou treacherous rogue? Ah, ye rascal! I am banished the court, sirrah.

Men. Prithee, let's be acquainted; I do love thee, faith.

Mal. At your service, by the Lord, la: shall's go to supper? Let's he once drunk together, and so unite a most virtuously-strengthened friendship: shall's, Huguenot? shall's?

Men. Wilt fall upon my chamber to-morrow morn?

Mal. As a raven to a dunghill. They say there's one dead here; pricked for the pride of the flesh.

Men. Ferneze: there he is; prithee, bury him. Mal. O, most willingly: I mean to turn pure Rochelle churchman, ± I.

Men. Thou churchman ! why, why ?

Mal. Because I'll live lazily, rail upon autherity, deny kings' supremacy in things indifferent, and be a pepe in mine own parish.

Men. Wherefore dost thou think churches were made ?

Mal. To scour pleugh-shares: I ha' § seen oxen plough up altars; et nunc seges ubi Sion fuit.

t clip] i. e. embrace.

‡ Rochelle churchman] "Rochelle was at this time held by the Huguenots or Protestants, with the privilege of profossing their religion unmolested. It was besieged, in 1573, by the duke of Anjou without success; but fell into the hands of its euemies in 1629, after a long, obstinate, and brave defence."—Reed.

§ ha'] The second 4to. "have."

|| et nunc seges ubi Sion fuit] "Jam segss est ubi Troja fuit." Ovid,-Her. Epist. i. 53. Men. Strange!

Mal. Nay, monstrous! I ha' seen a sumptuous steeple turned to a stinking privy; more beastly, the sacredest place made a dogs' kennel; nay, most inhuman, the stoned coffins of long-dead Christians burst up, and made hogs' troughs: hic finis Priami.* Shall I ha' some sack and cheese at thy chamber? Good night, good mischievous incarnate devil; goed night, Mendoza; ah, ye inhuman villain, good night! night, fub.

Men. Good night : to-morrow morn ?

Mal. Ay, I will come, friendly damnation, I will come. [Exit MENDOZA.] I do descry cross-points; honesty and courtship straddle as far asunder as a true Frenchman's legs.

Fer. 0!

Mal. Proclamations! more proclamations!

Fer. O! a surgeon!

Mal. Hark! lust cries for a surgeon. What news from Limbo? how does † the grand cuckold, Lucifer ?

Fer. O, help, help! conceal and save me.

[FERNESE stirs, and MALEVOLE helps him up. Mal. Thy shame more than thy wounds do grieve me far:

Thy wounds but leave upon thy flesh some scar; But fame ne'er heals, still rankles worse and worse; Such is of uncontrolled lust the curse.

Think what it is in lawless sheets to lie;

But, O Ferneze, what in lust to die!

Then thou that shame respect'st, O, fly converse With wemen's eyes and lisping wantonness! Stick candles 'gainst a virgin wall's white hack, If they not burn, yet at the least they'll black. Come, I'll convey thee to a private port,

Where thou shalt live (O happy man !) from court. The beauty of the day begins to rise,

From whose bright form night's heavy shadow flies. Now gin close plots to work; the scene grows full, And craves his eyes who hath a solid skull.

[Exit, conveying FERNEZE away.

* hic finis Priami] "Hæc finis Priami fatorum." Virgil, —Æn. ii. 554.

t does] The second 4to. "douth."

ACT II.

^{*} much !] Sec note t, p. 339.

ACT III.

SCENE I.*

Enter PIETRO, MENDOZA, EQUATO, and BILIOSO.

Pietro. 'Tis grown to youth of day : how shall we waste this light ?

My heart's more heavy than a tyrant's crown. Shall we go hunt? Prepare for field.

[Exit EQUATO.

Men. Would ye could be merry!

Pietro. Would God I could! Mendoza, bid 'em haste. [Exit MENDOZA.

I would fain shift place; O vain relief!

Sad souls may well change place, but not change grief:

As deer, being struck, fly thorough many soils,† Yet still the shaft sticks fast, so-----

Bil. A good old simile, my honest lord.

Pietro. I am not much unlike to some sick man That long desirèd hurtful drink; at last

Swills in and drinks his last, ending at once

Both life and thirst. O, would I ne'er had known My own dishonour! Good God, that men should desire

To search out that, which, being found, kills all Their joy of life! to taste the tree of knowledge, And then be driven from out paradise!— Canst give me some comfort ?

Canst give me some comfort :

Bil. My lord, I have some books which have been dedicated to my honour, and I ne'er read 'em, and yet they had very fine names, *Physic for Fortune*,‡ *Lozenges of sanctified sincerity*; § very pretty works of curates, scriveners, and school-

"The chased deare hath soile to coole his heate," &c. See Appendix iii. to Marlowe's Works, iii. 344, ed. Dyce.

‡ Physic for Fortune] "In 1579 was published a hook, eutitled Physic against Fortune, as well prosperous as adverse, contained in two Books. Written in Latin by Francis Petrarch, a most famous poet and oradour, and now first Englished by Thomas Twyne. 4to. B. L."—Reed.

§ Lozenges of sanctified sincerity] "I have not met with this hook, but from the ridicule thrown out in *The Wits*, I believe some one with a similar title had before appeared."—*Reed.*

The passage of Davenant's Wits, 1636, alluded to by Reed, is the following :

"'A pill to purge phlehotomy,'-'A balsamum

For the spiritual back,'-' A lozenge agoinst lust."

Act ii. sc. 1.

masters. Marry, I remember one Seneca, Lucius Annæus Seneca—

Pietro. Out upon him ! he writ of temperance and fortitude, yet lived like a voluptuous epicure, and died like an effeminate coward.—Haste thee to Florence :

Here, take our letters ; see 'em seal'd : away ! Report in private to the honour'd duke

His daughter's forc'd disgrace; tell him at length We know too much: due compliments • advance: There's naught that's safe and sweet but ignorance. [Exit.

"Enter BIANCA.

"Bil. Madam, I am going ambassador for "Florence; 'twill be great charges to me.

"Bian. No matter, my lord, you have the lease of two manors come out next Christmas; you may lay your tenants on the greater rack for it: and when you come home again, I'll teach you how you shall get two hundred pounds a-year by your teeth.

" Bil. How, madam ?

"Bian. Cut off so much from house-keeping: "that which is saved by the teeth, you know, is "got by the teeth.

" Bil. 'Fore God, and so I may; I am in won-" drous credit, lady.

"Bian. See the use of flattery: I did ever "counsel you to flatter greatness, and you have "profited well: any man that will do so shall be "sure to be like your Scotch barnacle," now a "block, instantly a worm, and presently a great "goose: this it is to rot and putrify in the bosom "of greatness.

" Bil. Thou art ever my politician. O, how "happy is that old lord that hath a politician to "his young lady! I'll have fifty gentlemen shall "attend upon me: marry, the most of them "shall be farmers' sons, because they shall hear "their own charges; and they shall go apparelled "thus,---in sea-water-green suits, ash-colour cloaks, "watchet: stockings, and popiniay-green feathers:

" will not the colours do excellent?

* compliments] The first 4to. "complaints."

† Scotch barnacle, &c.] Sce, concerning this fiction, the notee of the commentators on the Tempest, act iv. sc. last. Malone's Shakespeare, by Boswell, vol. xv., pp. 155-6. ‡ vatchet [i.e. palo blue.

^{*} Scene I.] A room in the palace.

[†] soils] i.e., 1 believe, streams. At least, to take soil was a common hunting-term, meaning to take refuge in the water. So Petowe in his Second Part of Hero and Leander, 1598:

"Bian. Out upon't! they'll look liks citizens "riding to their friends at Whitsuntide; their apparel just so many several parishes.

"Bil. I'll have it so; and Passarello, my fool, shall go along with me; marry, he shall be in velvet.

"Bian. A fool in velvet!

"Bil. Ay, 'tis common for your fool to wear "satin; I'll have mine in velvet.

" Bian. What will you wear, then, my lord ?

"Bil. Velvet too; marry, it shall be em-"broidered, because I'll differ from the fool "somewhat. I am horribly troubled with the "gout: nothing grieves me, but that my doctor "hath forbidden me wine, and you know your "ambassador must drink. Didst thou ask thy "doctor what was good for the gout?

" Bian. Yes; he said, ease, wine, and women, "were good for it.

"Bil. Nay, thou hast such a wit! What was "good to cure it, said he?

"Bian. Why, the rack. All your empirics "could never do the like cure upon the gout the "rack did in England, or your Scotch boot." "The French harlequin + will instruct you.

"Bil. Surely, I do wonder how thou, having for the most part of thy life-time been a country body, shouldst have so good a wit.

"Bian. Who, I ! why, I have been a courtier "thrice two months.

"Bil. So have I this twenty year, and yet "there was a gentleman-usher called me coxcomb "tother day, and to my face too: was't not a "back-biting rascal? I would I were better tra-"velled, that I might have beeu better acquainted "with the fashions of several countrymen: but "my secretary, I think, he hath sufficiently in-"structed me.

"Bian. How, my lord?

"Bil. 'Marry, my good lord,' quoth he, 'your "lordship shall ever find amongst a hundred "Frenchmen forty hot-shots; amongst a hundred "Spaniards, three-score braggarts; amongst a "hundred Dutchmen, four-score drunkards; "amougst a hundred Englishmen, four-score and "ten madmen; and amongst an hundred Welsh-"men'——-

"Bian. What, my lord?

"Bil. 'Four-score and nineteen gentlemen.'

* Scotch boot] The very powerful description of the infliction of torture by this instrument, given in the universally-read *Tales of my Landlord*, renders any account of it unnecessary here.

+ harlequin] The old od. "herlakeene."

"Bian. But since you go about a sad embassy, "I would have you go in black, my lord.

"Bil. Why, dost think I cannot mourn, unless "I wear my hat in cipres," like an alderman's "heir ? that's vile, very old, in faith.

"Bian. I'll learn of you shortly: O, we should "have a fine gallant of you, should not I instruct "you! How will you bear yourself when you "come into the Duke of Florence' court?

"Bil. Proud enough, and 'twill do well enough: "as I walk up and down the chamber, I'll spit "frowns about me, have a strong perfume in my "jerkin, let my beard grow to make me look "terrible, salute no man beneath the fourth "button; and 'twill do excellent.

"Bian. But there is a very beautiful lady "there; how will you entertain her?

"Bil. I'll tell you that, when the lady hath "entertained me: but to satisfy thee, here comes "the fool.

" Enter PASSARELLO.

"Fool, thou shalt stand for the fair lady.

"Pass. Your fool will stand for your lady "most willingly and most uprightly.

"Bil. I'll salute her in Latin.

"Pass. O, your fool can understand no Latin.

"Bil. Ay, but your lady can.

"Pass. Why, then, if your lady take down "your fool, your fool will stand no longer for "your lady.

"Bil. A pestilent fool! 'fore God, I think the "world be turned upside down too.

"Pass. O, no, sir; for then your lady and all "the ladies in the palace should go with their "heels upward, and that were a strange sight, "you know.

"Bil. There be many will repine at my prefer-"ment.

"Pass. O, ay, like the envy of an elder sister, "that hath her younger made a lady before her.

"Bil. The duke is wondrous discontanted.

"Pass. Ay, and more melancholic than a "usurer having all his money out at the death of "a prince.

"Bil. Didst thou see Madam Floria to-day ?

"Pass. Yes, I found her repairing her face to-"day; the red upon the white showed as if her

* my hat in cipres] Cipres (written, also, cypress, and cyprus) was a fine kind of gauze, nearly the same as crape:

"Gorg. Goddess of Cyprus-

Bub. Stay, I do not like that word cyprus, for she'll think I mean to make hatbands of her."

Shirley's Love-Tricks,-Works, i. 42.

 "cheeks should have been served in for two "dishes of barberries in stewed hroth, and the "flesh to them a woodcock. "Bil. A bitter fool!*-Come, madam, this "night thou shalt enjoy me freely, and to-morrow "for Florence. "Pass. What a natural fool is he that would "be a pair of boddice to a woman's petticoat, to "he truesed and pointed to them! Well, I'll "dog my lord; and the word is proper: for when "I fawn upon him, he feeds me; when I snap "him by the fingers, he spits in my mouth. If a "dog's death were not strangling, I had rather be "one than a serving-man; for the corruption of "coin is either the generation of a usurer or a "lousy beggar. [Excunt BIANOA and PASSARELLO." Enter MALEVOLE in some frize goun, whilst BILIOSO reads his patent. Mal. I cannot sleep; my eyes' ill-neighbouring lids Will hold no fellowship. O thou pale sober night, Thou that in sluggish fumes all sense dost steep; Thou that giv'st all the world full leave to play, Unbend'st the feebled veins of sweaty labour ! The galley-slave, that all the toilsome day Tugs at his oar against the stubborn wave, Straining his rugged veins, snores fast; The stooping scythe-man, that doth barb the field, Thou mak'st wink sure: in night all creatures 	<pre>thy wife i'the state of grace. Heart o' truth, I would sconer leave my lady singled in a bordello than in the Genoa palace: Sin there appearing in her sluttish shape, Would scon grow loathsome, even to blushes' sense; Surfeit would choke * intemperate appetite, Make the scoul scent the rotten breath of lust. When in an Italian lascivious palace, A lady guardian-less, Left to the push of all allurement, The strongest incitements to immodesty, To have her bound, incens'd with wanton sweets, Her veins fill'd high with heating delicates, Soft rest, sweet music, amorous masquerers, Lascivious banquets, sin itself gilt-o'er, Strong fantasy tricking up strange delights, Presenting it dress'd pleasingly to sense, Sense leading it unto the scul, confirm'd With potent example, impudent custom, Entic'd by that great bawd, opportunity; † Thus being prepar'd, clap to her easy ear Youth in good clothes, well-shap'd, rich, Fair-spoken, promising, noble, ardent, blood-full, Witty, flattering,—Ulysses absent, O Ithaca, can ‡ chastest Penelope hold out ? Bil. Mass, I'll think on't. Farewell. Mal. Farewell. Take thy wife with thee. Farewell. [Exit BILIOSO. To Florence; um 1 it may prove good, it may; And we may once unmask our brows.</pre>
sleep;	Enter CELSO.
Only the malcontent, that 'gainst his fate Repines and quarrels,—alas, he's goodman tell- clock!	Celso. My honour'd lord,— Mal. Celso, peace! how is't? speak low: pale fears
His sallow jaw-bones sink with wasting moan; Whilst others' beds are down, his pillow's stone. <i>Bil.</i> Malevole! <i>Mal.</i> Elder of Israel, thou honest defect of wicked nature and obstinate ignorance, when did	Suspect that hedges, walls, and trees, have ears : Speak, how runs all ? <i>Celso</i> . I'faith, my lord, that beast with many heads,
thy wife let thee lie with her? Bil. I am going ambassador to Florence. Mal. Ambaesador! Now, for thy country's honour, prithee, do not put up mutton and porridge i' thy cloak-bag. Thy young lady wife goes to Florence with thee too, does she	The staggering multitude, recoils apace: Though thorough great men's envy, most men's malice, Their much-intemperate heat hath bauish'd you, Yet now they find § envy and malice ne'er Produce faint reformation.
not? Bil. No, I leave her at the palace. Mal. At the palace! Now, discretion shield, man; for God's love, let's ha' no more cuckolds! Hymen begins to put off his saffron robe: keep * fool] The old ed. "fowl."	* choke] The old eds. "cloake" and "cloke." † Entic'd by that great bawd, opportunity] So in Shake- speare's Lucrece; "O Opportunity, thy guilt is great ! Thou foul abettor ! thou notorious bawd !" ‡ O Ithaca, can] The second 4to. "O Ithacan."
+ barb] "i.e. mow."-Steevens.	§ find] The first 4to. "faind."

The duke, the too soft duke, lies as a block, For which two tugging factions seem to saw; But still the iron through the rihs they draw.

Mal. I tell thes, Celso, I have ever found Thy breast most far from shifting cowardice And fearful baseness: therefore I'll tell thee, Celso.

I find the wind begins to come about;

I'll shift my suit of fortune.

I know the Florentine, whose only force,

By marrying his proud daughter to this prince,

Both banish'd me, and made this weak lord duke, Will now forsake them all; be sure he will:

I'll lie in ambush for conveniency,

Upon their severance to confirm myself.

Celso. Is Ferneze interr'd ?

Mal. Of that at leisure : he lives.

Celso, But how stands Mendoza? how is't with him?

Mal. Faith, like a pair of suuffers, snibs filth in other men, and retains it in himself.*

Celso. He does fly from public notice, methinks, as a hare does from hounds; the feet whereon he flies betray him.

Mal. I can track him, Celso.

O, my disguise fools him most powerfully !

For that I seem a desperate malcoutent,

He fain would clasp with me: he 's the true slave That will put on the most affected grace

For some vile second cause.

Celso. 1	de's here.		
Mal. G	ive place.	[Exit	CELSO.

Enter MENDOZA.

Illo, ho, ho, ho! art there, old truepenny ?+ Where hast thou spent thyself this morning? I see flattery in thine eyes, and damnation in thy soul. Ha, ye thuge rascal!

Men. Thou art very merry.

Mal. As a scholar futuens gratis. How does § the devil go with thee now?

Men. Malevole, thou art an arrant knave.

Mal. Who, I? I have been a sergeant, man.

Men. Thou art very poor.

Mal. As Job, an alchymist, or a poet.

Men. The duke hates thee.

* himself] The second 4to. "itself." + Illo, ho, ho, ho ! art there, old truepenny ?) "Hor. [within] Illo, ho, ho, my lord ! Ham. Hillo, ho, ho, boy ! come, bird, come. ٠ . art thou there, truepenny ? " Shakespeare's Hamlet, act. i. sc. 5. t ye] The second 4to. "thou." § does] The second 4to, "dooth."

Mal. As Irishmen do bum-cracks.

Men. Thou hast lost his amity.

Mal. As pleasing as maids lose their virginity. Men. Would thou wert of a lusty spirit! would thou wert noble !

Mal. Why, sure my blood gives me I am noble, sure I am of noble kind; for I find myself possessed with all their qualities;-love dogs, dice, and drabs, scorn wit in stuff-clothes; have beat my shoemaker, knocked my semstress, cuckold* my pothecary, and undone my tailor. Noble! why not? since the stoic said, Neminem servum non ex regibus, neminem regem non ex servis esse oriundum; + only husy Fortune touses, and the provident Chances t blend them together. I'll give you a simile : did you e'er see a well with two buckets, whilst one comes up full to be emptied, another goes down empty to be filled ? such is the state of all humanity. Why, look you, I may be the son of some duke; for, believe me, intemperate lascivious bastardy makes nohility doubtful: I have a lusty daring heart, Mendoza.

Men. Let's grasp; I do like thee infinitely : wilt enact one thing for me?

Mal. Shall I get by it? [MEN. gives him his purse.] Commaud me; I am thy slave, beyond death and hell.

Men. Murder the duke.

Mal. My heart's wish, my soul's desire, my fantasy's dream, my blood's longing, the only height of my hopes! How, O God, how! O, how my united spirits throng together, to § strengthen my resolve!

Men. The duke is now a-hunting.

Mal. Excellent, admirable, as the devil would have it ! Lend me, leud me, rapier, pistol, crossbow : so, so, I'll do it.

Men. Then we agree.

Mal. As Leut and fish-mongers. Come, a-capa-pe, how? inform.

Men. Know that this weak-brain'd duke, who only stands

On Florence' stilts, hath out of witless zeal

Made me his heir, and secretly confirm'd

The wreath to me after his life's full point.

Mal. Upon what merit?

Men. Merit! by heaven, I horn him :

* cuckold] i.e. cuckolded.

† Neminem, &c.] "Plato ait : Neminem regem non ex servis esse oriundum, neminem non ecrvum ex regibus." Scneca,-Bpist. xliv.

- t Chances] i.e. Fates.
- § to] Both 4tos, "so,"

Only Ferneze's death gave me state's life. Tut, we are politic, he must not live now.

Mal. No reason, marry: but how must he die now?

Men. My utmost project is to murder the duke, that I might have his state, because he makes me his heir; to benish the duchess, that I might be rid of a cunning Lacedæmonian, because I know Florence will foreake her; and then to marry Maria, the banished Duke Altofront's wife, that her friends might strengthen me and my faction: this is all, la.

Mal. Do you love Maria?

Men. Faith, no great affection, but as wise men do love great women, to ennoble their blood and augment their revenue. To accomplish this now, thus now. The duke is in the forest next the sea: single him, kill him, hurl him i' the main, and proclaim thou sawest wolves est him.

Mal. Um! not sogood. Methinks when he isslain, To get some hypocrite, some dangerous wretch That's muffled o'er * with feignèd holinoss, To swear he hoard the duke on some steep cliff Lament his wife's dishonour, and, in an agony Of his heart's torture, hurl'd his groaning sides Into the swolleu sea,—this circumstance Well made sounds probable : and hereupon The duchess—

Men. May well be banish'd:

O unpeerable invention ! rare !

Thou god of policy ! it honeys me.

Mal. Then fear not for the wife of Altofront; I'll close to her.

Men. Thou shalt, thou shalt. Our excellency is pleas'd:

Why wert not thou an emperor ? when we

Are duke, I'll make thee some great man, sure. Mal. Nay,

Make me some rich knave, and I'll make myself Some great man.

Men In thee be all my spirit :

Retain ten souls, unite thy virtual powers: Resolve; ha, remember greatness! heart, farewell:

The fate of all my hopes in thee doth dwell.

Re-enter CELSO.

Mal. Celso, didst hear ?-- O heaven, didst hear Such devilish mischief ? suffer'st thou the world Carouse damnation even with greedy swallow,

And still dost wink, still does thy vengeance slumber?

If now thy brows are clear, when will they thunder? [Execut.

* o'er] The 4tos. "or."

SCENE IL*

Enter PIETRO, FERRARDO, PREPASSO, and Three Pages. Fer. The dogs are at a fault.

[Cornets like horns within.

Pietro. Would God nothing but the dogs were at it! Let the deer pursue safety,⁺ the dogs follow the game, and do you follow the dogs: as for me, 'tis unfit one beast should hunt another; I ha' one chaseth me: an't⁺ please you, I would be rid of ye a little.

Fer. Would your grief would, as soon as we, leave you to quietness ! §

Pietro. I thank you.

[Excunt FERRARDO and PREFASSO. Boy, what dost thou dream of now ?

First Page. Of a dry summer, my lord; for here's a hot world towards: but, my lord, I had a strange dream last night.

Pietro. What strange dream?

First Page. Why, methought I pleased you with singing, and then I dreamt you gave me that short sword.

Pietro. Prettily begged : hold thes, I'll prove thy dream true ; take't. [Giving sword.

First Page. My duty: but still I dreamt on, my lord; and methought, an't shall please your excellency, you would needs out of your royal bounty give me that jewel in your hat.

Pietro. O, thou didst but dream, boy; do not believe it: dreams prove not always true; they may hold in a short sword, but not in a jewel. But now, sir, you dreamt you had pleased me with singing; make that true, as I ha' made the other.

First Page. Faith, my lord, I did but dream, and dreams, you ssy, prove not always true; they may hold in a good sword, but not in a good song: the truth is, I ha' lost my voice.

Pietro. Lost thy voice! how?

First Page. With dreaming, faith: but here's a couple of sirenical rascals shall enchant ye: what shall they sing, my good lord?

Pietro. Sing of the nature of women; and then the song shall be surely full of variety, old crotchets, and most sweet closes: it shall be humorous, grave, fantastic, amorous, melancholy, sprightly, one in all, and all in one.

First Page. All in one!

Pietro. By'r lady, too many. Sing : my speech grows culpable of unthrifty idleness : sing.

t an't] The first 4to. "and " (and so afterwards).

^{*} Scene II.] A forest near the sea.

[†] safety] The 4tos. "safely."

[§] as soon as we, leave you to quietness] The second 4to. "as soone leave you as we to quietnesse."

Ah, so, so, sing.	Defended by his sword, made thee most loathsome,
Ah, so, so, sing. Song * by Second and Third Pages. I am heavy: walk off; I shall talk in my sleep: walk off. Enter MALEVOLE, with cross-bow and pistol. Mal. Brief, brief: who? the duke! good hea- ven, that fools Should stumble upon greatness!—Do not sleep, duke; Give ye good-morrow: I must ⁺ be brief, duke;	 Defended by his sword, made thee most loathsome, Him most gracious with thy loose princess: Thou, closely yielding egress and regress to her, Madest him heir; whose hot unquiet lust Straight tous'd thy sheets, and now would seize thy state. Politician ! wise man ! death ! to be Led to the stake like a bull by the horns; To make even kindness cut a gentle throat ! Life, why art thou numb'd ? thou foggy dulness, speak :
I am fee'd to murder thee: start not: Mendoza,	Lives not more faith in a home-thrusting tongue
Mendoza hir'd me; hers's his gold, his pistol,	Than in these fencing tip-tap courtiers?
Cross-how, and ‡ sword : 'tis all as firm as earth.	
O fool, fool, cbokèd with the common maze	Enter CELSO, with a hermit's gown and beard.
Of easy idiots, credulity !	Pietro.* Lord Malevole, if this be true
Maks him thine heir ! what, thy sworn murderer !	Mal. If ! come, shade thee with this disguise.
Pietro. O, can it be?	If! thou shalt handle it; he shall thank thee for
Mal. Cau!	killing thyself. Come, follow my directions, and
Pietro. Discover'd he not Ferneze?	thou shalt see strange sleights.
Mal. Yes, but why? but why? for love to thee?	Pietro. World, whither wilt thou ?
Much, much ! § to be reveng'd upon his rival,	Mal. Why, to the devil. Come, the morn grows
Who had thrust his jaws awry ;	late :
Who being slain, suppos'd by thine own hands,	A steady quickness is the soul of state. [Excunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.||

Enter MAQUEAELLE.

Maq. [knocking at the ladies' door.] Medam, ¶ medam, are you stirring, medam? if you be stirring, medam,—if I thought I should disturb ye—

Enter Page.

Page. My lady is up, forsooth.

Maq. A prstty boy, faith : how old art thou ? Page. I think fourteen.

Maq. Nay, an ye be in the teens-are ye a

* Song] Sce note †, p. 45.

† I must] The first 4to. "must"; the second 4to. "you must."

1 and] Not in the first 4to.

§ Much, much !] See note †, p. 330.

¶ Medam] I allow this spelling to remain, as, I suppose, it is meant to mark the affected pronunciation of the speaker. gentleman born? do you know me? my name is Medam Maquerelle; I lie in the old Cunny-court. Page.⁺ See, here the ladies.

Enter BIANCA and EMILIA.

Bian. A fair day to ye, Maguerelle.

Emil. Is the duchess up yet, sentinel ?

Maq. O ladies, the most abominable mischance ! O dear ladies, the most piteous disaster ! Ferneze was taken last night in the duchess' chamber : alas, the duke catched him and killed him !

Bian. Was he found in bed ?

Maq. O, no; but the villanous certainty is, the door was not bolted, the tongue-tied hatch held his peace: so the naked troth is, he was found in his shirt, whilst I, like an arrant beast, lay in the outward chamber, heard nothing; and yet they came by me in the dark, and yet I felt them not, like a senseless creature as I was. O beauties, look to your busk-points; \ddagger if not chastely, yet

^{*} Pietro] Both 4tos. "Cel."

⁺ Page] Not in the old eds.

t busk-points] i.e. the tagged laces which fastened the busk of the stays.

charily: be sure the door be bolted.---Is your lord goue to Florence?

Bian. Yes, Maquerelle.

Maq. I hope you'll find the discretion to purchase a fresh gown 'fore his return.—Now, by my troth, beauties, I would ha' ye once wise: he loves ye; pish ! he is witty; bubble ! fair-proportioned; mew ! nobly born; wind ! Let this be still your fixed position; esteem me every man according to his good gifts, and so ye shall ever remain most dear, and most worthy to be, most dear ladies.

Emil. Is the duke returned from hunting yet? *Maq.* They say not yet.

Bian. 'Tis now in midst of day.

Emil. How bears the duchess with this blemish now?

Maq. Faith, boldly; strongly defies defame, as one that has a duke to her father. And there's a note to you: he sure of a stout friend in a corner, that may always awe your husband. Mark the haviour of the duchess now: she dares defame; cries, "Duke, do what thou canst, I'll quit mine honour:" nay, as one confirmed in her own virtue against ten thousand mouths that mutter her disgrace, she's presently for dances.

Bian. For dauces ! Maq. Most true. Emil. Most strange.

Enter FERRARDO.

See, here's my servant young Ferrardo: how many servants thinkest thou I have, Maquerelle?

Maq. The more, the merrier: 'twas well said, use your servants as you do your smocks; have many, use one, and change often; for that's most sweet and courtlike.

Fer. Save ye, fair ladies! Is the duke retarn'd: Bian. Sweet sir, no voice of him as yet in court.

Fer. 'Tis very strange.

Bian. And how like you my servant, Maquerelle?

Maq. I think he could hardly draw Ulysses' bow; but, by my fidelity, were his nose narrower, his eyes broader, his hande thinner, his lips thicker, his legs bigger, his feet lesser, his hair blacker, and his teeth whiter, he were a tolerable sweet youth, i'faith. An he will come to my chamber, I will read him the fortune of his beard. [Cornets sound within.

Fer. Not yet returned ! I fear—but the duchess approacheth.

Enter MENDOZA supporting AURELIA, and GUERRINO: the ladies that are on the stage rise: FERRARDO ushers in AURELIA, and then takes a lady to tread a measure.*

Aur. We will dance :- music !- we will dance.

Guer. Les quanto, + lady, Pensez bien, Passa regis, or Bianca's brawl?

Aur. We have forgot the brawl.‡

Fer. So soon? 'tis wonder.

Guer. Why, 'tis but two singles on the left, two on the right, three doubles § forward, a traverse of six round: do this twice, three singles side, galliard-trick of twenty, coranto-pace; a figure of eight, three singles broken down, come up, meet, two doubles, fall back, and then honour.

Aur. O Dædalus, thy maze! I have quite forgot it.

Maq. Trust me, so have I, saving the fallingback, and then houour.

Aur. Music, music!

Enter PREPASSO.

Prep. Who saw the duke? the duke? Aur. Music!

Enter EQUATO.

Equato. The duke? is the duke returned? Aur. Music!

Enter CELSO.

Celso. The duke is either quite invisible, or else is not.

Aur. We are not pleased with your intrusion upon our private retirement; we are not pleased: you have forgot yourselves.

Enter a Page.

Celso. Boy, thy master? where's the duke? Page. Alas, I left him burying the earth with his spread joyless limbs: he told me he was

* tread a measure] A measure was a slow and solemn dance. It was not thought indecorous in the most grave and dignified personages to tread a measure.

† Les quanto] Qy. "Los guantes ?" Mr. Collier (Shakespeare Soc. Papers, i. 28), quotes, from Rawlinsou's MS. No. 108, Bodl. Lib., a list of dances, among which is "Quarto dispayne"; while Mr. Halliwell (Dict. of Arch. and Prov. Words) gives, from the same MS., "Quantodispaine."—In Munday's Banquet of Daintie Conceits, 1588, is:

"A Dyttie expressing a familiar controversie between Wit and Will: wherein Wit mildlie rebuketh the follies of Will, and sheweth him (as in a glasse) the fall of wilful heads.

"This Dittie may be sung after the note of a courtlie daunce, called *Les Guanto*."

the brawl Reed has a long unnecessary note here: the figure of this dance is no where so minutely described as in Guerrino's next speech.

§ doubles] The first 4to. "double."

350 THE MALCONTENT.	
heavy, would sleep; bade* me walk off, for that the strength of fantasy oft made him talk + in his dreams. I straight oheyed, nor never ‡ saw him since: but wheresoe'er he is, he's sad. <i>Aur.</i> Music, sound high, as is our heart! sound high!	 Will turn from that where appetite is fix'd. O powerful blood ! how thou dost slave their soul ! I wash'd an Ethiop, who, for recompense, Sullied my name : and must I, then, be forc'd To walk, to live thus black ? must ! must ! fie !
Enter MALEVOLE, and PIETRO disguised like an Hermit. Mal. The duke, —peace !—the duke is dead. Aur. Music ! Mal. Is't music ? Men. Give proof. Fer. How ? Celso. Where ? Prep. When ? Mal. Rest in peace, as the duke does; quietly	He that can bear with must, he cannot die.' With that, he sigh'd so + passionately deep, That the dull air even groan'd: at last he cries, 'Sink shame in seas, sink deep enough !' so dies; For then I view'd his body fall, and souse ‡ Into the foamy main. O, then I saw, That which methinks I see, it was the duke; Whom straightthenicer-stomach'd sea belch'd up: But then Mal. Then came I in; but, 'las, all was too
 sit: for my own part, I beheld him but dead; that's all: marry, here's one can give you a more particular account of him. Men. Speak, holy father, nor let any brow Within this presence fright thee from the truth: Speak confidently and freely. Aur. We attend. Pietro. Now had the mounting sun's all-ripening wings 	late! For even straight he sunk. Pietro. Such was the duke's sad fate. Celso. A better fortune to our Duke Mendoza! Omnes. Mendoza! Men. A guard, a guard! Enter a Guard. We, full of hearty tears
 Swept the cold sweat of night from earth's dank breast, When I, whom men call Hermit of the Rock, Forsook my cell, and clamber'd up a cliff, Against whose base the heady Neptune dash'd His high-curl'd brows; there 'twas I cas'd my limbs: When, lo! my entrails melted with the moan 	For our good father's loss, (For so we well may call him Who did beseech your loves for our succession,) Cannot so lightly over-jump his death Asleave his woes revengeless.—Woman of shame, [To AURELIA.] We banish thee for ever to the place From whence this good man comes; nor permit,
Some one, who far 'bove me was climb'd, did make— I shall offend. Men. Not. Aur. On. Pietro. Methinks I hear him yet :— 'O female faith !	* minioning] "i.e. being treated as a minion or darling." -Steevens. In the last edition of Dodsley's Old Plays, the note by Gilchrist on this word, and the quotation from Burton, are altogether "from the purpose." † so] The second 4to. "too." ‡ souse] From the occurrence of the word, I take the opportunity of noticing that the late excellent editor of Beu Jonson has. I think unfortunately a data of the second
Go sow the ingrateful sand, and love a woman : And do I live to be the scoff of men ? To be the § wittol-cuckold, even to hug My poison? Thou knowest, O truth ! Sooner hard steel will melt with southern wind, A seaman's whistle calm the ocean, A town on fire be extinct with tears, Than women, vow'd to blushless impudence, * bade] The second 4to. "told." t talk] The first 4to. "talking." t nor never] The second 4to. "nor ever": but the double negative was formerly very common.	Ben Jonson has, I think, unfortunately adopted it, eithor of following passage of <i>The Devil is an ass:</i> "Madam, this young Wittipol Would have debauch'd my wife, aud made me cuckold Thorough a casement; he did fly her home To mine own window; hut, I think, I sous'd him, And ravieh'd her away out of his pounces." "All the copies of the folio which I have examined," eaye Mr. Gifford, "read sou't, of which I cau make nothing but sought or sous'd: and I prefer the latter. Whalleyreads fought; hut be evidently had not consulted the old copy."—Gifford's Ben Jonson, vol. v. p. 126. Sou't is nothing more thau a variety in the spelling of shu'd : to shu is to scare away a bird. See Cotgrave in v. "chou," Tim Bobhiu's Lancashire Dialect, and Jamieson's Sottish Dictionary in v. "shu." That such is the meaning of the word in Ben Jonson is plain from the rest of the passage where it occurs, "fay her home," and "out of his pounces."

On death, unto thy * hody any ornament; But, base as was thy life, depart away.

Aur. Ungrateful !

Men. Away !

Aur. Villain, hear me !

Men. Bc gone !

[PREPASSO and GUERRINO lead away AURELIA guarded. My lords,

Address to public council; 'tis most fit :

The train of fortune is borne up by wit.

Away ! our presence shall be sudden; haste. [All depart, except MENDOZA, MALEVOLE, and PIETRO.

Mal. Now, you egregious devil! ha, ye murdering politician! how dost, duke? how dost look now? brave duke, i'faith.

Men. How did you kill him ?

Mal. Slatted + his brains out, then soused him in the briny sea.

Men. Brained him, and drowned him too?

Mal. O, 'twas best, sure work; for he that strikes a great man, let him strike home, or else 'ware, he'il prove no man : shoulder not a huge fellow, unless you may be sure to lay him in the kennel.

Men. A most sound brain-pan ! I'll make you hoth emperors.

Mal. Make us Christians, make us Christians.

Men. I'll hoist ye, ye shall mount.

Mal. To the gallows, say ye ? come ; *premium* incertum petit certum scelus. § How stands the progress ?

Men. Here, take my ring unto the citadel; [Giving ring.

Have entrance to Maria, the grave duchess Of banish'd Altofront. Tell her we love her;

Omit no circumstance to grace our person : do't. Mal. I'll || make an excellent pander : duke,

farewell; 'dieu, adieu, duke. *Men.* Take Maquerelle with thee; for 'tis found

None cuts a diamond but a diamond.

[Exit MALEVOLE.

Hermit,

Thou art a man for me, my confessor : O thou selected epirit, horn for my good ! Sure thou wouldet make

* thy] Both 4tos. "the."

+ Slatted] "i.e. dashed. It is a North-country word. See Ray's Collection of English words. p. 54, ed. 1768."-Reed.

t come] The first 4to. "O 6 me."

§ præmium incertum, &c.]:

"premium incertum petie,

Certum scelue." Sencca,-Phon. 632.

| TU] The first 4to. " Iste."

An excellent elder in a deform'd church.

Come, we must be inward, * thou and I all one. Pietro. I am glad I was ordained for ye.

Men. Go to, then; thou must know that Malevole is a strange villain; dangerous, very dangerous: you see how broad 'a speaks; a grose-jawed rogue: I would have thee poison him: he's like a corn upon my great toe, I cannot go for him; he must be cored out, he must. Wilt do't, ha?

Pietro. Any thing, any thing.

Men. Heart of my life! thus, then. To the citadel:

Thou shalt consort with this Malevole;

There being at supper, poison him : it shall be laid Upon Maria, who yields love or dies :

Scud † quick.

Pietro. Like lightning: good deeds crawl, but mischief flies. [Exit.

Re-enter MALEVOLE.

Mal. Your devilship's riog has no virtue: the buff-captain, the sallow Westphalian gammonfaced zaza cries, "Stand out;" must have a stiffer warrant, or no pass into the castle of comfort.

Men. Command our sudden letter.—Not enter ! sha't: what place is there in Genoa but thou shalt ? into my heart, into my very heart : come, let's love; we must love, we two, soul and body.

Mal. How didst like the hermit? a strange hermit, sirrah.

Men. A dangerous fellow, very perilous: He must die.

Mal. Ay, he must die.

Men. Thou'st ‡ kill him. We are wise; we must be wise.

Mal. And provident.

Men. Yea, provident: beware an hypocrite;

A church-man once corrupted, O, avoid !

A fellow that makes religion his stalking-horse,§

He breede a plague: thou shalt poison him.

Mal. O, 'tis wondrous necessary : how ?

Men. You both go jointly to the citadel;

* inward] i.e. intimate.

Pie. Good deedes crawle, but mischiefe flies." † Thou'st] A contraction of "Thou must."

§ stalking-horse] "The stalking-horse was one either real or factitious, by which the fowler anciently sheltered himself from the sight of the game. See Steevens'e note on Much ado about Nothing, act ii. sc. 8."-Reed.

"In the margin at this place [only in the second 4to.], the words "shoots under his belly" are inserted; which is merely an explauation of the manusr in which a corrupted churchman makes religion his stalking-horse, viz. by shooting at his object under its belly."—Collier.

^{*} Scud, &c.] The second 4to.;
* Skud quicks like lightning.

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There sup, there poison him : and Maria, Because she is our opposite, shall bear

The sad suspect; on which she dies or loves us. Mal. I run. Exit.

Men. We that are great, our sole self-good still moves us.

They shall die both, for their deserts crave more Than we can recompense: their presence still Imbraids * our fortunes with beholdingness,+ Which we abhor; like deed, not doer: then con-

clude, They live not to cry out "Ingratitude !"

One stick hurns t'other, steel cuts steel alone : 'Tis good trust few; but, O, 'tis best trust none! Exit.

SCENE II.[‡]

Enter MALEVOLE and PIETRO, still disguised, at several doors.

Mal. How do you ? how dost, duke ? Pietro. 0, let

The last day fall ! drop, drop on § our curs'd heads ! Let heaven unclasp itself, vomit forth flames !

Mal. O, do not rave, || do not turn player; there's more of them than can well live one by another already. What, art an infidel still?

Pietro. I am amaz'd; ¶ struck in a swoon with wonder:

I am commanded to poison thee—

Mal. I am commanded to poison thes at supper--

Pietro. At supper-

Mal. In the citadel-

Pietro. In the citadel.

Mal. Cross capers ! tricks ! truth o' heaven ! he ** would discharge us as hoys do elder ++-guns, one pellet to strike out another. Of what faith art now?

Pietro. All is damnation; wickedness extreme : There is no faith in man.

Mal. In none but usurers and brokers; they deceive no man : men take 'em for blood-suckers. and so they are. Now, God deliver me from my friends !

* Imbraids] i.e. upbraids.

+ beholdingness] "The state of being beholden." ---Steevens.

\$ Scene II.] The court of the palace.

§ on] The first 4to. "in."

| rave] The second 4to. "rand." ¶ amazed] The first 4to. "mazde."

** he] Not in the first 4to.

tt elder] The second 4to. "elderne."

Pietro. Thy friends !

Mal. Yes, from my friends; for from mine enemies I'll deliver myself. O, cut-throat friendship is the rankest villany! Mark this Mendoza; mark him for a villain: but heaven will send a plague upon him for a rogue.

Pietro. 0 world!

Mal. World ! 'tis the only region of death, the greatest shop of the devil; the cruelest prison of men, out of the which none pass without paying their dearest breath for a fee; there's nothing perfect in it but extreme, extreme calamity, such as comes yonder.

Enter AURELIA, two halberts before and two after, supported by CELSO and FERRARDO; AURELIA in base mourning attire.

Aur. To banishment ! lead * on to banishment ! Pietro. Lady, the blessedness of repentance to you !

Aur. Why, why, I can desire nothing but death,

Nor deserve any thing but hell.

If heaven should give sufficiency of grace

To clear my soul, it would make heaven graceless:

My sins would make the stock of mercy poor;

O, they would tire + heaven's goodness to reclaim them !

Judgment is just yet from that vast villain :1 But, sure, he shall not miss sad punishment

'Fore § he shall rule.—On to my cell of shame! Pietro. My cell 'tis, lady; where, instead of masks,

Music, tilts, tourneys, and such court-like shows, The hollow murmur of the checkless winds

Shall groan again ; whilst the unquiet sea

Shakes the whole rock with foamy hattery.

There ushcrless the air comes in and out :

The rheumy vault will force your eyes to weep, Whilst you hehold true desolation :

A rocky barrenness shall pain || your eyes,

Where all at once one reaches where he stands,

With brows the roof, both walls with both his handa

Aur. It is too good .- Bless'd spirit of my lord, O, in what orb soe'er thy soul is thron'd,

* lead] The old eds. "led" and "ledde."

tire] The first 4to. "try."

1 Judgment is just yet from that vast villain] If the text be right, Aurelia means, "My doom is just, though it be passed by that villain Mendoza." Dodsley, however, reads:

"Judgment is just; yet for that vast villain,

Be sure he shall not miss," &c. § 'Fore] The first 4to. "For."

|| pain] The second 4to. "pierce."

SCENE II.

THE MALCONTENT.

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Behold me worthily most miserable ! O, let the anguish of my contrite spirit Eutreat some reconciliation ! If not, O, joy, triumph in my just grief! Death is the end of woes and tears' relief. Pietro. Belike your lord not lov'd you, was unkind. affliction. Aur. O heaven ! As the soul loves* the body, so lov'd he: 'Twes death to him to part my presence, heaven To see me pleas'd. Yet I, like to a wretch given o'er to hell, Brake all the sacred rites of marriage, To clip + a base ungentle faithless villain ; O God ! a very pagan reprobate-What should I say? ungrateful, throws me out. For whom I lost soul, body, fame, and houour, But 'tis most fit: why should a better fate Attend on any who forsake chaste sheets; Fly the embrace of a devoted heart, Join'd by a solemn vow 'fore God and man, To taste the brackish flood ± of beastly lust you do? In an adulterous touch ? O ravenous immodesty ! Insatiate impudence of appetite! Look, here's your end; for mark, what sap in dust, What good in sio, § even so much love in lust. Joy to thy ghost, sweet lord ! pardon to me! again ? Celso. 'Tis the duke's pleasure this night you rest in court. Awrelia. Soul, lurk in shades; run, shame, from brightsome skies: In night the blind man misseth not his eyes. [Exit with CELSO, FERRARDO, and halberts. " it is. Mal. Do not weep, kind cuckold : take comfort, man; thy hetters have been beccos: Agamemnon, emperor of all the merry Greeks, that tickled all the true Trojans, was a cornuto; Prince Arthur, that cut off twelve kings' beards, was a cornuto; Hercules, whose back bore up heaven, and got forty wenches with child in one night,---Pietro. Nay, 'twas fifty. Mal. Faith, forty's cnow, o' conscience,-yet was a cornuto. Patience; mischief grows proud: be wise. Pietro. Thou pinchest too deep; art too keen upon me. Mal. Tut, a pitiful surgeon makes a dangerous sore : I'll tent thee to the ground. Thinkest I'll sustain myself by flattering thee, because thou art a prince? I had rather follow a drunkard, and live by licking up his vomit, than by servile flattery. * loves] Both 4tos. "lou'd." + clip] i. e. embrace.

t flood] Both 4tos. "bloud." § What good in sin, &c.] Both 4tos. "What sinne in

good," &c.

Pietro. Yet great men ha' done 't.

Mal. Great slaves fear better than love, born naturally for a coal-basket; * though the common usher of princes' presence, Fortune, ha'+ bliudly given them better place. I am vowed to be thy

Pietro. Prithee, be;

I love much misery, and be thou son to me. Mal. Because you are an usurping duke .-

Enter BILIOSO.

Your lordship's well returned from # Florence.

Bil. Well returned, I praise my horse.

Mal. What news from the Florentioes?

Bil. I will conceal the great duke's pleasure; only this was his charge : his pleasure is, that his daughter die; Duke Pietro be banished for hanishing his blood's dishonour; and that Duke Altofront be re-accepted. This is all : but I hear Duke Pietro is dead.

Mal. Ay, and Mendoza is duke: what will

Bil. Is Mendoza strongest ?

Mal. Yet he is.

Bil. Then yet I'll hold with him.

Mal. But if that Altofront should turn straight

Bil. Why, then, I would turn straight again. 'Tis good run still with him that has most might:

I had rather stand with wrong, than fall with right.

"Mal. What religion will you be of now?

" Bil. Of the duke's religion, when I know what

" Mal. O Hercules !

" Bil. Hercules ! Hercules was the son of Jupiter " and Alcmena.

" Mal. Your lordship is a very wit-all.

" Bil. Wittal!

" Mal. Ay, all-wit.

" Bil. Amphitryo was a cuckold."

Mal. Your lordship sweats; your young lady will get you a cloth for your old worship's brows. [Exit Billoso.] Here's a fellow to be damned : this is his inviolable maxim,-flatter the greatest and oppress the least: a whoreson flesh-fly, that still gnaws upon the lean galled backs.

Pietro. Why dost, then, salute him?

Mal. Faith, § as bawds go to church, for fashion sake. Come, be not confounded; thou'rt but

* born naturally for a coal-basket] In great families the carriers of coals were the lowest of all drudges : hence, to carry coals meant to submit to insults.

† ha'] The second 4to. "hath."

t from] The first 4to. "for."

Λ Λ

[§] Faith] The second 4to. "Yfaith."

in danger to lose a dukedom. Think this :---this earth is the only grave and Golgotha wherein all things that live must rot: 'tis but the draught

things that live must rot; 'tis but the draught wherein the heavenly bodies discharge their corruption; the very muck-hill on which the sublunary orbs cast their excrements: man is the slime of this dung-pit, and princes are the governors of these men; for, for our souls, they are as free as emperors, all of one piece; there * goes but a pair of shears hetwixt an emperor and the son of a hag-piper; only the dying, dressing, pressing, glossing, makes the difference. Now, what art thou like to lose ?

A gaoler's office to keep men in bonds,

Whilst toil and treason all life's good confounds. *Pietro*. I here renounce for ever regency:

O Altofront, I wrong thee to supplant thy right, To trip thy heels up with a devilish sleight !

For which I now from throne am thrown: worldtricks abjure;

For vengeance though't + comes slow, yet it comes sure.

O, I am chaug'd! for here, 'fore the dread power, In true contrition, I do dedicate

My breath to solitary holiness,

My lips to prayer, and my breast's care shall be, Restoring Altofront to regency.

Mal. Thy vows are heard, and we accept thy faith. [Undisguiseth himself.

Re-enter FERNEZE and CELSO.

Banish amazement: come, we four must stand Full shock of fortune: be not so wonder-stricken.

Pietro. Doth Ferneze live? *Fer.* For your pardon.

Pietro. Pardon and love. Give leave to recollect My thoughts dispers'd in wild astonishment. My vows stand fix'd in heaven, and from hence I crave all love and pardon.

Mal. Who doubts of providence, That sees this change ? a hearty faith to all ! He needs must rise who * can no lower fall : For still impetuous vicissitude Touseth + the world; then let no maze intrude Upon your spirits: wonder not I rise; For who can sink that close can temporise ? The time grows ripe for action : I'll detect My privat'st plot, lest ignorance fear suspect. Let's close to counsel, leave the rest to fate : Mature discretion is the life of state. [Execut.

ACT V.

SCENE I.‡

" Enter BILIOSO and PASSARELLO.

"Bil. Fool, how dost thou like my calf in a "long stocking?

" Pas. An excellent calf, my lord.

"Bil. This calf hath been a reveller this twenty year. When Monsieur Gundi lay here ambassador, I could have carried a lady up and down at arm's end in a platter; and I can tell you, there were those at that time who, to try the strength of a man's back and his arm, would be coistered. I have measured calves

* there goes but a pair of shears, &c.] "i.e. they are both of the same piece. The same expression is in [Shakespeare's] Measure for Measure, act i. sc. 2."-Reed.

+ though't] The first 4to. "that."

\$ Scene I.] A room in the palace.

§ coistered] "The meaning of this passage is plain enough without an explanation. The word coistered I have not found in any ancient writer, but it scemes to be derived from the Freuch word coisser, incommoder, faire de la peine; or perhaps coiter, presser, exciter. See Lacombe's Dictionaire du vieux language Francois, 1767." —Reed. Nares (in his Gloss.) eays that coistered "seems to mean coiled up into a small compase." "with most of the palace, and they come nothing "near me: besides, I think there be not many armours in the arsenal will fit me, especially for the head-piece. I'll tell thee—

"Pass. What, my lord?

"Bil. I can eat stewed broth as it comes "seething off the fire; or a custard as it comes "reeking out of the oven; and I think there are "not many lords can do it. A good pomander,‡ "a little decayed in the scent; but six grains of "musk, ground with rose-water, and tempered "with a little civet, shall fetch her again "presently.

"Pass. O, ay, as a bawd with aqua-vitæ.

"Bil. And, what, dost thou rail upon the "ladies as thou wert wont?

^{*} who] Omitted in the second 4to.

Touseth] The first 4to. " Looseth."

[‡] pomander] Perfumed paste, generally rolled into a ball, but sometimes moulded into other forms: it was earried in the pocket, or bung about the neck, and was considered a preservative against infection. A eilver case filled with perfumes was sometimes called a pomander.— Something seems to bave dropped out of the text here.

 "Pass. I vere better rozet a live cet, and might with immer asfety. I am as secret to "theme" as their painting. There's Maquerella, "the be lin thy company: ah, thou "it "mere fast to be in thy company: ah, thou "it "mere fast to be in thy company: ah, thou art - melodious Maquerelle,thou picture of a "ownan, and substance of a beast! "<i>But Pass. May it to be known in the city?</i>" Bit. Never. "Pass. Why, she gets all the picture-makers to "most courtly finds fault with them one after "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "rownan, and never fotcheth them: they, in "rownan, and never fotcheth them: they, in "do in Germany, and hang her in their shope: "Pass. Ay, as the country is with attorouge." "Bat. There is the and been five times "another, and her had been five time? "Pass. Never beats and in the babed for time." "Pass. Ay now the the bable of dhadm Maquerelle. "Mad. Why, thou wast wont to rail upon her. "Pass. Ay is the four borwed money, or to "Pass. There's heads of the diverse, or as knights end version to the "difference it." "Pass. Nowng Ferrardo, my lord. "Pass. Nowng Ferrardo, my lord." "Pass. Thas beed, he's very valiant; I have 'a mark coward. "Pass. Nowng Ferrardo, my lord." "Pass. Thas beed, he's very valiant; I have 'a mark to organ. It has the it [Drinks]: "Mad. Book of the dign. "Mad. Why, thus the that quarrels seeks to dign 'a more, ja the that will quarrel, and seeks means 'a never to answer a man more, I think he's a "may thing but a tick knave; for I can finds with thes." "Ass. Att art! "Mad. The Justenma for a drunkard, mad. The Juste		······································
 "thema" as their painting. There's Maquerella, "I was allocations Maquerella,—thou picture of a "oldest bawd and a perpetual beggan-did you "and. Not have a beast! "How Press. May she gets all the picture-makers to "may be ready anon to go with "me to the reveil? the hall will be so pestered? ""another, and never fictheth them one after "another, and never fichtheth them one after "another, and never fichtheth them one after "another, and never fichtheth them one after "intraverse and never fichtheth them one after "another, and never fichtheth them one after "another, and never fichtheth them one after "intraverse than if the had been five time "earted." "Anotheth and be the twe there is a better known to the "another, and never bis bright, my lord." "Bil. There for any revise to night, my lord." "Pass. Ary as the country is with attorneys. "Anotheth that abused me. "Bil. There for any revise to night, my lord." "Bil. Take head, he's very valint; I have the word a rareat coward. "Bil. Take head, he's very valint; I have "Pass. (N using Forrardo, my lord." "Bil. Take head, he's very valint; I have "Pass. (N using Forrardo, my lord." "Bil. Take head, he's very valint; I have "Pass. (N using for the anareato own." "Bil. Thou canter prove and mears to concell." Why, thus, He that quarrels esches to the anareato coward. "Bil. Thou canter prove any thing." "Pass. (N using but a rich know; for I can "Bil. Thou canter prove any for I take "Bass. (N using but a rich know; for I can "Bil. Thou canter prove any for golden locks." "Bass. Art? I ake the anareato coward. "Bil. The Duckman for a drunkard,— Maq. The Duckman for a drunkard,— Mad. A. The brackman for a drunkard,— Mad. The Duckman for a drunkard,— Mad	rass. 1 were better roast a live cat, and might	
 "oldest bawd and a perpetual begar—did yon "never hear of her trick to be known in the city" "Bid. Never. "Pass. Why, she gets all the picture-makers to "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "ravenge of this, execute her in pictures easters" "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "ravenge of this, execute her in pictures easters" "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "ravenge of this, execute her in pictures easters" "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "ravenge of this, execute her in pictures easters" "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "ravenge of this, execute her in pictures easters" "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "ravenge of this, execute her in pictures easters" "another, and her in pictures easters" "and. "Bid. These head, her very valing." "Bid. The beed, her's very valint; I have "Bid. How provo you that! "Pass. Ny, thus. He that quarrels in five days "here, is a set to fight seeks now? "Bid. How provo you that! "Pass. Ny, thus. He that quarrels easters "never to answer a man more, I think he's "and he that seeks to fight seeks never to "here, The Dane for golden locks." "And. Now the lock her arms to cast, "Bid. Whole hen drunk, good fool: I abal "see you anon in the presence." [Excent "And. Now the lock and maqueralle! why, "Bid. The Duckman for a drunkard,- "mad. The Irinhanan for usquabaugh,- Mad. The Irinhanan for usquabaugh,- Mad. O, thou art a bleesed creature! had I famoring about his neek her arms to cast, "And. And how dest thou this o' this transfor- mation of state now? Mad. And how dest thou this o' this transfor- mation of the presend for the giox. "And. And how dest thou this o' this transfor- mation of the presend for the giox. "And. And how dest thou this o' this transfor- mation of the presend more for below. "And. And how dest thou this o' this transfor- mation of the presend more for below. "And. And how dest thou this o' this transfor- mation of the presend more for below. "A	"them" as their pointing "I am as secret to	
"There hear of her trick to be known in the city " "Bit. Never. "Aras. Why, she gets all the picture-makers to "araw her picture; when they have done, she "mote courty finds fault with them one after "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "revenge of this, execute her in pictures as they, "in to the revelst the hall will be so pestered" "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "revenge of this, execute her in pictures as they "this means is the better known to this "this har if ehe had been five times" "and. Nore there any revels to night, my lord "Bit. Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to ready "a follow's pate that hat bused me. "Bit. Whose pats? "Pass. Nour Jord, give me leave to break " follow's pate that hat bused me. "Bit. How prove you that? "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bit. How prove you that? "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bit. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "Ada. I he that seeks to fight seeks to fight "more to answer a man more, I think he's a "Bat. Thou canst prove any thing. "Bit. The Date for golden locks "Ada. I hold; I'l take it. [Drinks. "Ada. I hold; I'l take it. [Drinks. "Ada. I how do show the loins embrac'd "Ada. I how do show the loins embrac'd "Ada. Und how dost thou think o' this transfor- main of state now? Mag. The Date for golden locks	"oldest hand and a new trail have a "	
"Bil. Never. "Pass. Why, she gets all the picture-makers to draw her picture; when they have done, she "most courtly finds fault with them one after "another, and never fotcheth them: they, in "Pass. And, and thou there, fool? "Pass. Are there any reveals to highly and the head to be reveals? It have learned to drink since I "another, and never for brinks, my lord "Bil. Yes. "Pass. Are there any reveals to highly my lord "Bil. Yes. "Pass. Are there any reveals to highly my lord "Bil. Yes. "Pass. Are there any reveals to highly my lord "Bil. Yes. "Pass. Are there any reveals to highly my lord "Bil. Yes. "Pass. New pate that hath abused me. "Bil. Whose pate? "Pass. Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Yass. O, is he so great a quarreller! why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. Yhou canst be orgen a quarreller? why "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. Yhou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Why, thus. He that quarrels seeks to "fools finge. "Bal. Thou canst prove any thing. "Bal. Thou canst prove any thing. "Bal. The Duckman for a drumkard,	"now how of how trick to be low of how trick	woman, and substance of a beast!
" "Pass. Why, she gets all the picture-makers to " "Trave here picture; when they have done, she " most courtly finds fault with them on after " most courtly finds fault with the after and more, I think he's a " most courtly finds fault with the presence." [Exist. " Mal. The Date for golden locks,		"Enter PASSARELLO with wine.
" array for picture; when they have done, she " mote courly finds fault with them one after " another, and never fockbeth them: they, in " Pass. An exceed her in pictures as they " do in Germany, and hang her in their shops: " Pass. Ary, as the country is with attorneys. " Pass. Ary, is the second to this kines I " Pass. Ary is prevented to this shops: " Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord " Bill. 'Fore God, an excellent policy. " Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord " Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord " Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord " Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord " Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord " Pass. Young Perrardo, my lord. " Pass. Yoy, is he see great a quarreller? why, " Pass. Yoy, thus. He that quarrels seeks to " fight; and he that seeks to fight seeks to die " and he that seeks to fight seeks means " never to answer a man more, I think he's " Pass. Ary thing but a rich knave; for I can " fatter no man. " Bid. The Date for golden locks Mad. The Prinkman for a drunkard, mad. O, thou ari t ablesed creature I had I a " and lovely her below the loins embrac'd " Adicu, Madam Maquerelle." Mad. The Prinkman for the pix. Mad. And how dot thou think o' this transfor- mad. The Prinkman for the pix. Mad. And how dot thou think o' this transfor- Mad. The Prinkman for a drunkard, Mad. The Prinkman for the pix. Mad. And how dot th		
"most courly finds failt with them one after "anot. "Pass. Ary, as the country is with attorneys. "Pass. Ary, as the country is with attorneys. "Anot. "Wat. What has thou there, fool? "Pass. Wine; I have learned to drink since I "went with my lord ambassador: FII drink to "the health of Madam Maquerelle. "Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord? "Pass. Are there any revels to repeat a follow's pate that hat bused me. "Bit. Take heed, he's very valint; I have "Pass. Are there any revels to night, any lord. "Bit. Take heed, he's very valint; I have "Pass. Ary the perardo, my lord. "Bit. Take heed, he's very valint; I have "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bit. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "Bit. Thou canst prove any thing. "Bit. Thou canst prove any thing. "Bit. The value of a drunk good fool: I shall "see you anon in the presence." [Zzesset Mat. The Dutchman for a drunkard, Mad. The Iriahman for used based creature I had I at modest woman to conceal, I would put her to "them I'the oid ed. "thiesa."-Dodsky substituted "ladias" I sorre II.] Before the citada!		
"Pass. Ay, as the country is with attorneye. "Another, and never fictures as iter "do in Germany, and hang her in their shops: "Data Mark Mark What hast thou there, fool?" "Pass. Whise J have learned to drink kines I "wat. What hast thou there, fool?" "Pass. Whise J have learned to drink kines I "another, Will of ambassador: I'll drink to "the health of Madam Maquerelle." "All. Why, thou wast wout to rail upon her. "Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord" "Pass. Young Fernardo, my lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valint; I have "Known him fight eight quarrels in five day, "Bil. Take heed, he's very valint; I have "Bil. The or gore at a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. Thou canst prove you that? "Pass. My, thus. If that is effect and the that seeks to die "and he that seeks to fight seeks to die "Ada. I care not. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "Ada. The butchman for a drunkard,— swing." Mal. The Dutchman for a drunkard,— Mal. The Dutchman for muguebaugh,— Mal. The Dutchman for a drunkard,— Mal. And how doet thou think o' this transfor- mation of state now? Mal. And how doet thou this dreifners is some must be chaves, and ensore must be lorde; some must be chaves, and some must be lorde; some must be chaves, and some must be lorde; some must be chaved, and some must be lorde; some must be cockold, and some must be lordes; some must be cockold,	thread and the first state of the state of t	
"revenge of this, execute her in pictures as they "do in Germany, and hang her in their shors: "Pass. Whis is have learned to drink since I "weat with my lord ambassador: I'll drink to "stinkards than if she had been five times "arted." "Bit. Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord! "Bit. Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord! "Bit. Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord! "Bit. Take heed, ho's very valint; I have "Bit. Take heed, ho's very valint; I have "Bas. Ning bit eight quarrels in five days, "Bas. Ning bit eight quarrels seeks to fight; and he that seeks to fight seeks to to "Bit. Thou canst prove any thing. "Bit. Thou canst prove any thing. "Bit. Thou canst prove any thing. "Bit. The not drunk, good fool: I shall "Bat. The Duckmam for a drunkard,		
 "Pass. Wine; I have learned to drink since I "Went with my lord ambassador: I'll drink to in the static of Madam Maquerelle. "Mal. Why, thou wast wont to roall upon her. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord. "Pass. Good any lord, give me leave to break "a follow's pate that hath abused me. "Bil. Yee. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valint; I have "Bil. Take heed, he's very valint; I have "Rown him fight eight quarrels in five days. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valint; I have "Mal. Che's on great a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I cars not. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I cars not. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I cars. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I cars. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I cars. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I cars. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I cars. "Bil. The Dutchman for a drunkard,		
 "We were with my lord ambassador: I'll drink to "stinkards than if she had been five times "whet health of Madam Maquerelle." "Mal. Why, thou wast wout to rail upon her. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord." "Bil. 'Fore God, an excellent policy." "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord?" "Bil.' Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord?" "Bil.' Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord?" "Bil.' Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord?" "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord?" "Bil.' Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to-night, my lord?" "Bil.' Fores. Are there any revels to-night, my lord?" "Bil.' Fores. That had a used mea. "Bil.' These based?" "Pass. Nourg Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil.' The base opare?" "Mal. File and that seeks to fight seek		
 "Joins and the back been five times "attack of the had been five times of the health of Madam Maquerelle. "Mal. Yore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord? "Bil. Yore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord? "Bil. Yore. "Pass. Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take head, he's very valiant; I have "Industry of the policy. "Bil. Take head, he's very valiant; I have "In take head he's very valiant; I have "Bass. Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take head, he's very valiant; I have "In take head, he's very valiant; I have "Bass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerelle. [Drinks. "Mal. I care not. "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerelle? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerelle? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Pass. Why, thus He that guarrels seeks to die and he that seeks to die seeks never to fight "more; and he that will quarrel, and seeks means? "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerelle? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerell? why, "then, be's an arrant coward. "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerell? why, "then, be's an arrant coward. "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerell? why, "then, be's an arrant coward. "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerell? why, "then, be's an arrant coward. "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerell? why, "then, be's an arrant coward. "Pass. Why, thus a keeks mean 'incore i and be that will quarrel, and seeks means 'incore i and that will a guarely and seeks means. "Bal. Well, be not drunk, good fool : I shall "Bal. The Daus for golden locks		
"Mal. Why, then wast wort to rail upon her. "Mal. Why, then wast wort to rail upon her. "Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord, "Bil. Yes. "Pass. Good my lord, give me leave to break "a fellow's pate that hath abused me. "Bil. Whose pate'? "Pass. Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "known him fight eight quarrels in five days, "Enter, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Nay ling but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool : I shall "Bil. The presence." "Executed "East. My, Hus. He that quarrels seeks to "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool : I shall "see you anon in the presence." "Executed "and he that seeks to fight seeks mearst "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool : I shall "see you anon in the presence." "Executed "and. The Dutchman for a drunkard, Mag. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Drukman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Jeach for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Jeach for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Jeach for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Jeach for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Mag. The Jeach more the point. "Lation of staten now? "Advis, form whence one must be lordes; some must be fools, and some must be lordes; some must be locks, and some must be lordes; some must be locks, and some must be lordes; some must be locks, and some on the there." "Ariator form whence on the there." "Ariator form whence on the there." "Advis, form whence on the there." "Advis, form whence		
"Bid. Fore God, an excellent policy. "Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord? "Bil. Yess. Good my lord, give me leave to break "a fallow's pate that hath abueed me. "Bil. Whose pate? "Pass. Nourg Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "Ease Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "Interpretent of the bowl. I drink a health to "Add. Give me the bowl. I drink a health to "Add. Give me the bowl. I drink a health to "Add. Give me the bowl. I drink a health to "Add. Give me the bowl. I drink a health to "Add. Madam Maquerelle. [Drinks. "Add. Pooh! I will not pledge her. "Add. Pooh! I will not pledge her. "Add. I care not. "Add. Hold; I'll take it. [Drinks. "Add. Young ber below the loins embracd "Adi. The Dutchman for a drunkard, Mad. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Maq. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Maq. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for usquebaugh, Maq. The Dane for golden locks, Mad. The Irishman for the pox. Mad. O, thon art a blessed creature I had I a modest woman to conceal, I would put the to "them! The oid ed. "thewa."-Dodsky substituted "takes." I) Before the citadel.		
"Pass. Are there any revels to night, my lord? "Bil. Yee. "Pass. Good my lord, give me leave to break "a fellow's pate that hath abused me. "Bil. Whose pate? "Pass. Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "known him fight eight quarrels in five days, "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why, "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. Not pledged your lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiarly in the that guarrels seeks to "fight; and he that seeks to fight seeks to die: "and he that seeks to die seeks never to fight "more; and he that seeks to fight seeks to die: "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool : I shall "Betr, from opposite sides, MALEVOLE and MAQUERENLE, staging. Mal. The Dutchman for a drunkard,— Maq. The Dame for golden locks,— Mad. The Jreinkman for the pox. Mad. The Jreinkman fo		
"Bill Yee. "Pass. Good my lord, give me leave to break "A fellow's pate that hath abused me. "Bil. Whose pate? "Pass. Yourg Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Those pate? "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why "Bil. Thow prove you that? "Pass. Not jledged your lord. "Bil. Thow prove you that? "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerelle. [Drinks. "Mal. Pooh! I will not pledge her. "Mal. I care not. "Mal. I care not. "Mal. I care not. "Mal. Hold; I'll take it [Drinks. "Mal. And lowel the think o'this transfor- mation of state now? Mal. The Dutchman for a drunkard, singing. Mal. The Irishmam for uguebaugh, Maq. The Dause for golden locks, Maq. The Frenchman for the piox. Mal. O, thon art a blessed creature I hal I a modest woman to conceal, I would put her to * them! The old ed. "thickus."-Dodsley substituted "tadis." * feem I'] Before the citade!		
"Poss. Good my lord, give me leave to break "a fellow's pate that hath abueed me. "Bil. Whose pates" "Poss. Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "Bil. The use of general equareller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. The use het a guarrels seeks to fight; and he that seeks to fight seeks to die "nover to answer a man more, I think he's a "coward. "Bil. The use and more, I think he's a "Bil. The uses prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool : I shall "see you anon in the presence." SCENE II.† SCENE II.† Mal. The Dutchmam for a drunkard,— Maq. The Dane for golden locks,— Mal. The Irishmam for useuebaugh,— Maq. The Dane for golden locks,— Mal. C, othon art a blessed creature I had I a modest woman to conceal, I would put her to * them] The old ed. "thiess."—Dodsley substituted "tadis." * form II.] Before the citadel.		
 " task. How prote has have do break " a fellow's pate that habueed me. "Bil. Whose pate? "Bil. Whose pate? "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "known him fight eight quarrels in five days, "believe it. "Bas. O, is he so great a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. Why, thus. He that quarrels seeks to "fight; and he that seeks to die seeks never to fight "more; and he that seeks to die seeks never to fight "more; and he that seeks to die seeks never to fight "more; and he that will quarrel, and seeks mean "ever to answer a man more, I think hes a "coward. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool: I shall "Beter, from opposite sides, MALEVOLE and MAQUERELLE, singing. Mal. The Dutchman for a drunkard, Maq. The Dane for golden locks, Maq. The Dane for golden locks, Maq. The Frenchman for the pox. Mal. O, thou art a blessed creature ! had I a modest woman to conceal, I would put her to * torm! The old ed. "thicus."-Dodsley substituted "Ladies." * torm II. Before the citadel. "Pass. HI.] Before the citadel. "Pass. HI.] Before the citadel. "Pass. Mathem is a set to be taken. I do not, however, find them there."- "Ladie." You are to be addent to conceal, I would put here to * team II.] Before the citadel. "Pass. Mathem is a set the isone of the herees of there is the set of the othere is the set isone must be therease isone must be isone of the herees of theread is a new many to conceal, I would put here to * pasterell i e. arowded. * Prely The first 4to. " Veria." "Prely The first 4to. " Veria." 		
"Bilds Whose pate? "Bilds Whose pate? "Pass. Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "known him fight eight quarrels in five days. "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why. "ten, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. Ny, thus. He that quarrels seeks to "fight; and he that seeks to fight seeks to die: "and he that seeks to fight seeks to die: "and he that seeks to is seeks never to fight "more; and he that seeks to fight seeks to die: "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool: I shall "see you anon in the presence." [Execut. Mal. The Dutchman for a drunkard,		
 "Dat. Whose pare? "Pass. Young Ferrardo, my lord. "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "Bil. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "And be that seeks to give a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. Why, thus. He that quarrels seeks to die "fast. and he that seeks to fight seeks to die "and he that seeks to fight seeks to die "and he that seeks to fight seeks to die "and he that seeks to die seeks means "never to answer a man more, I think he's a "fatter no man. "Bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool: I shall "see you anon in the presence." [Executt] SCENE II.⁺ Enter, from opposite sides, MALEVOLE and MAQUERRILE, singing. Mal. The Dutchman for a drunkard,— Maq. The Dane for golden locks,— Maq. The Dane for golden locks,— Maq. The Frenchman for the pioz. Maq. The Frenchman for the pioz. Mad. O, thou art a bleesed creature ! had I a modest woman to conceal, I would put her to "takies." * toem II. Before the citadel. * A predimention of a durak and the tot a serve of the there of the here of the pioz. Maq. The Dane for golden locks,— Maq. The brenchman for the pioz. Mad. O, thou art a bleesed creature ! had I a modest woman to conceal, I would put her to "takies." * teem II. Before the citadel. * Yeare II.] Before the citadel. * Yea	-	
"Pass. Totus Perrardo, my ford. "Bal. Take heed, he's very valiant; I have "known him fight eight quarrels in five days, "believe it. "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. Why, thus. He that quarrels seeks to "fight; and he that seeks to fight seeks to die; "and he that seeks to fight seeks meaver "never to answer a man more, I think he's a "never to answer a man more, I think he's a "bil. Thou cast prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool : I shall "see you anon in the presence." [Zzeunt Mal. The Dutchmam for a drunkard, Maq. The Dane for golden looks, Mad. The Irishmam for usquebaugh, Maq. The Frenchman for usquebaugh, Mad. The Frenchman for usquebaugh, Mad. O, thou art a blessed creature ! had I a modest woman to conceal, I would put her to * tome! The old ed. "thieuss"-Dodeley substituted "Ladies." * Known II! ake it [Drinks]:so. Now I'!! "Base Proceed the seeks needs. "Pass. Not pledge Madam Maquerelle. [Drinks. "Mad. Hold; I'! take it. [Drinks. "And lovely her below the loins embrac'd "Adieu, Madam Maquerelle." [Exit. Mad. And how dost thou think o' this transfor- mation of state now? Mad. The Frenchman for usquebaugh, Mad. O, thou art a blessed creature ! had I a "Deterned] i e. crowdod. * When Griffon, ke: 1''Criffon is one of the heroes		
"but. Take heed, heeg very vaning; I have "known him fight eight quarrels in five days, "believe it. "Pass. O, is he so great a quarreller? why, "then, he's an arrant coward. "Bil. How prove you that? "Pass. Why, thus. He that quarrels seeks to "fight; and he that seeks to fight seeks to die; "and he that seeks to die seeks never to fight "more; and he that seeks to die seeks means "never to answer a man more, I think he's a "bil. Thou canst prove any thing. "Pass. Any thing but a rich knave; for I can "fatter no man. "Bil. Well, be not drunk, good fool: I shall "see you anon in the presence." [Exewnt. Mal. The Dutchman for a drunkard,		
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† Scene II.] Before the citadel.		
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citizens. As for example, I have two court-dogs, most * fawning curs, the oue called Watch, the other Catch: now I, like Lady Fortune, sometimes love this dog, sometimes raise + that dog; sometimes favour Watch, most commonly fancy Catch. Now, that dog which I favour I feed; and he's so ravenous, that what I give he never chaws it, gulps it down whole, without any relish of what he has, but with a greedy expectation of what he shall have. The other dog now-

Mal. No more dog, eweet Maquerelle, no more dog. And what hope hast thou of the Duchess Maria? will she stoop to the duke's lure? will she come, ‡ thinkest?

Maq. Let me see, where's the sign now? ha' ye e'er a calendar ? where's the sign, trow you ?

Mal. Sign ! why, is there any moment in that ? Maq. O, believe me, a most secret power : look

ye, a Chaldean or an Assyrian, I am sure 'twas a most sweet Jew, told me, court any woman in the right sign, you shall not miss. But you must take her in the right vein then; as, when the sign is in Pisces, a fishmonger's wife is very sociable; in Cancer, a precisian's wife is very flexible; in Capricorn, a merchant's wife hardly holds out; in Libra, a lawyer's wife is very tractable, especially if her husband be at the term; only in Scorpio 'tis very dangerous meddling. Has the duke sent any jewel, any rich stones?

Mal. Ay, I think those are the best signs to take a lady in.

Enter Captain.

By your favour, signior, I must discourse with the Lady Maria, Altofront's duchess; I must enter for the duke.

Capt. She here shall give you interview: I received the guardship of this citadel from the good Altofront, and for his use I'll keep't, till I am of no use.

Mal. Wilt thou? O heaven, \$ that a Christian should be found in a buff-jerkin! Captain Conscience, I love thee, captain. We attend.

[Exit Captain.

And what hope hast thou of this duchess' easiness?

Maq. 'Twill go hard, she was a cold creature

t come] i.e. yield to his wishes. The second 4to. has, by a misprint, "come," in consequence of which Dodsley and the other editors of this play read "coo!"

§ heaven] The second 4to. "heavens."

ever; she hatsd monkeys, fools, jesters, and gentlemen-ushers extremely; she had the vile trick on't, not only to be truly modestly honourable in her own conscience, but she would avoid the least wanton carriage that might incur suspect; as, God bless me, she had almost brought bed-pressing out of fashion; I could scarce get a fine for the lease of a lady's favour once in a fortnight.

Mal. Now, in the name of immodesty, how many maidenheads hast thou brought to the block ?

Maq. Let me see: heaven forgive us our misdeeds !---Here's the duchess.

Enter MARIA with Captain.

Mal. God bless thee, lady !

Maria. Out of thy company !

Mal. We have brought thee tender of a husband.

Maria. I hope I have one already.

Maq. Nay, by mine honour, madam, as good ha' ne'er a husband as a banished husband; he's in another world now. I'll tell ye, lady, I have heard of a sect that maintained, when the husband was asleep the wife might lawfully entertain another man, for then her husband was as dead; much more when he is banished.

Maria. Unhonest creature !

Maq. Pish, honesty is but an art to seem so: Pray ye, what's honesty, what's constancy, But fables feign'd, odd old fools' chat, devis'd

By jealous fools * to wrong our liberty?

Mal. Molly, he that loves thee is a duke, Mendoza; he will maintain thee royally, love thee ardently, defend thee powerfully, marry thee sumptuously, and keep thee, in despite of Rosiclear or Donzel del Phebo.+ There's jewels: if thou wilt, so; if not, so.

Maria. Captain, for God's love, # save poor wretchedness

From tyranny of lustful insolence !

Enforce me in the deepest dungeon dwell,

Rather than here; here round about is hell .-

O my dear'st Altofront! where'er thou breathe,

Let my soul sink into the shades beneath,

Before I stain thine honour ! 'tis \$ thou has 't,

And loug as I can die, I will live chaste.

Mal. 'Gainst him that can enforce how vain is strife !

* fools] Qy. "souls"?

+ Rosiclear or Donzel del Phebo] "See The Mirror of Knighthood."-Steevens.

t love] The second 4to. " sake."

§ 'tis] The second 4to. "this."

ACT V.

^{*} most] The second 4to. "the most."

⁺ raise] The first 4to. "rouse."

Maria. She that can be enforc'd has ne'er a knife:

She that through force her limbs with lust enrolls, Wants Cleopatra's asps and Portia's coals.

God amend you ! [Exit with Captain. Mal. Now, the fear of the devil for ever go with thee !--- Maquerelle, I tell thee, I have found an honest woman : faith, I perceive, when all is done, there is of women, as of all other things, some good, most bad; some saints, some sinners: for as now-a-days no courtier but has his mistress, no captain but has his cockatrice,* no cuckold but has his horns, and no fool but has his feather ; even so, no woman but has her weakness and feather too, no sex but has his-I can hunt the letter no farther.--[Aside] O God, how loathsome this toying is to me! that a duke should be forced to fool it! well, stultorum plena sunt omnia : + better play the fool lord than be the fool lord.-Now, where's your sleights, Madam Maguerelle?

Maq. Why, are ye ignorant that 'tis said a squeamish affected niceness is natural to women, and that the excuse of their yielding is only, forsooth, the difficult obtaining? You must put her to't: women are flax, and will fire in a moment.

Mal. Why, was [not] the flax put into thy mouth, and yet thou, thou set fire, thou inflame her!

Maq. Marry, but I'll tell ye now, you were too hot.

Mal. The fitter to have inflamed the flax, woman.

Maq. You were too boisterous, spleeny, for, indeed.

Mal. Go, go, thou art a weak pandress: now I see,

Sooner earth's fire heaven itself shall waste,

Than all with heat can melt a mind that's chaste. Go: thou the duke's lime-twig! I'll make the duke turn thee out of thine office: what, not get one touch of hope, and had her at such advantage!

Maq. Now, o' my conscience, now I think in my discretion, we did not take her in the right sign; the blood was not in the true vein, sure. [Exit.

" Enter BILIOSO.

"Bil. Make way there! the duke returns from "the enthronement.—Malevole,—

- "Mal. Out, rogue!
- "Bil. Malevole,-

• cockatrice] A cant name for a prostitute.

+ stultorum plena, &c.] Cicero,-Epist. ad Fam. ix. 22.

"Mal. Hence, ye gross-jawed, peasantly--out, "go !*

"Bil. Nay, sweet Malevole, since my return I "hear you are become the thing I always prophe-"sied would be,—an advanced virtue, a worthily-"employed faithfulness, a man o' grace, dear "friend. Come; what! Si quoties peccant "homines+—if as often as courtiers play the "knaves, honest men should be angry—why, "look ye, we must collogue‡sometimes, forswear "sometimes.

"Mal. Be damned sometimes.

"Bil. Right: nemo omnibus horis sapit; no "man can be honest at all hours: necessity often "depraves virtue.

"Mal. I will commend thee to the duke.

"Bil. Do: let us be friends, man.

"Mal. And knaves, man.

"Bil. Right: let us prosper and purchase: "our lordships shall live, and our knavery he "forgotten.

"Mal. He that by any ways gets riches, his "means never shames || him.

"Bil. True.

"Mal. For impudency and faithlessness are the "main stays to greatness.

"Bil. By the Lord, thou art a profound lad.

"Mal. By the Lord, thou art a perfect knave: "out, ye ancient damnation!¶

"Bil. Peace, peace! an thou wilt not be a "friend to me as I am a knave, be not a knave "to me as I am thy friend, and disclose me. "Peace! cornets!"**

Enter PREPASSO and FERRARDO, two Pages with lights, CELSO and EQUATO, MENDOZA in duke's robes, and GUERRINO.

Men. On, on; leave us, leave us.

[Excent all except MALEVOLE and MENDOZA. Stay, where is the hermit?

* Hence, &c.] A repetition of what Bilioso had said to Malevole, see p. 339.

† Si quoties peccant homines] "Si, quoties homines peccant," &c. Ovid, - Trist. ii. 33.

t collogue] "In cant language, the word collogue means to wheedle."--Red. "To collogue, adulor, adblandior." Coles's Dict. It properly means, I believe, to confer, converse together, for some unlawful or deceifful purpose.

§ purchase] i.e. acquire richee. See note t, p. 74.

|| means never shames] Here (as frequently in our old writers), means is the singular.

¶ ancient damnation] See note †, p. 220.

"

** cornets] I should have thought that this word belonged to the immediately following stage-direction, had I not afterwards (p. 359) found,

Re-enter PREPASSO," &c.

Mal. With Duke Pietro, with Duke Pietro.

Men. Is he dead? is he poisoned?

Mal. Dead, as the duke is.

Men. Good, excellent: he will not blab; secureness lives in secrecy. Come hither, come hither.

Mal. Thou hast a certain strong villanous scent about thee my nature cannot endure.

Men. Scent, man ! What returns Maria, what answer to our suit?

Mal. Cold, frosty; she is obstinate.

Men. Then she's but dead ; 'tis resolute, she dies : Black deed only through black deed* safely files.

Mal. Pooh! per scelera semper sceleribus tutum est iter.+

Men. What, art a scholar? art a politician? sure, thou art an arrant knave.

Mal. Who, # I? I ha' been twice an undersheriff, man. "Well, I will go rail upon some "great man, that I may purchase the bastinado, "or else go marry some rich Genoan lady, and "instantly go travel.

"Men. Travel, when thou art married ?

"Mal. Ay, 'tis your young lord's fashion to do "so, though he was so lazy, heing a bachelor, "that he would never travel so far as the "university: yet when he married her, tales off, "and, Catso,§ for England !

"Men. And why for England?

"Mal. Because there is no brothel-houses there.

"Men. Nor courtezans?

"Mal. Neither; your whore went down with "the stews, and your punk came up with your " puritan."

Men. Canst thou empoison? canst thou empoison?

Mal. Excellently; no Jew, pothecary, or politician better. Look ye, here's a box: whom wouldst thou empoison? here's a box [Giving it], which, opened and the fume ta'en || up in conduits ¶ thorough which the brain purges

- t Mal. Who, I, &c.] There is some confusion in the second 4to. at this place ; it reads ;
- "MAL. Who, I? I haus bene twice an vnder sharife, man.

Enter MALEVOLE and MENDOZA. MEND. Hast bin with Maria?

MAL. As your scriusner to your vsurer I have delt about taking of this commoditie, but shes could-frosty. well, I will go rails," &c.

Mr. Collisr conjectures that perhaps when it was wished to shorten the performance, the scene began here. § Catso] Ses note *, p. 331.

|| ta'en] The second 4to. "taken."

¶ conduits] The second 4to. "comodites."

itself, doth instantly for twelve houre' space bind up all show of life in a deep senseless sleep: here's another [Giving it], which, being opened under the sleeper's nose, chokes all the pores * of life, kills him suddenly.

Men. I'll try experiments; 'tis good not to be deceived .--- So, so; catso !

[Seems to poison MALEVOLE, who falls.

Who would fear that may destroy?

Death hath no teeth nort tongue;

And he that's great, to him are ‡ elaves,

Shame, murder, fame, and wrong.---

Celso !

Enter CELSO.

Celso. My honour'd lord ?

Men. The good Malevole, that plain-tongu'd man, Alas, is dead on sudden, wondrous strangely!

He held in our esteem good place. Celso,

See him huried, see him buried.

Celso. I shall observe ye.

- Men. And, Celso, prithee, let it be thy care to-night
- To have some pretty show, to solemnize

Our high instalment; some music, maskery.

We'll give fair entertain unto Maria,

The duchess to the banish'd Altofront :

Thou shalt conduct her from the citadel

Unto the palace. Think on some maskery. Celso. Of what shape, sweet lord ?

Men. What § shape ! why, any quick-done fiction ; As some brave spirits of the Genoan dukes.

To come out of Elysium, forsooth,

Led in by Mercury, to gratulate

Our happy fortune; some such anything.

Some far-fet trick good for ladies, || some stale toy

Or other, no matter, so't be of our devising.

Do thou prepare't ; 'tis but for fashion ¶ sake ;

Fear not, it shall be grac'd, man, it shall take. Celso. All service.

Men. All thauks; our hand shall not be close to thee: farewell.

[Aside] Now is my treachery secure, nor can we fall:

Mischief that prospers, men do virtue call.

* pores] The second 4to. "power."

t nor] The second 4to. "or" (but our early writers often preferred using the former where we should now use the latter).

t are] The first 4to, "one."

§ What] Both 4tos. "Why."

|| Some far-fet trick good for ladies]-far-fet, i.e. farfetched. - An allusion to the proverb, "Far-fet is good for ladies." So iu Jonsou's Cynthia's Revels, act iv. sc. 1, "Marry, and this may he good for us ladies; for it seems 'tis far-fet by their stay."

¶ fashion] The second 4te. "a fashion."

^{*} deed] The first 4to. "deedes."

[†] per scelera, &c.] Saueca, -Agam. 115.

I'll trust no man: he that by tricks gets wreaths Keepe them with steel; no man securely breathes Out of's deserved rank*; the crowd will mutter, "fool:"

Who cannot bear with spite, he cannot rula. The chiefest secret for a man of state

Is, to live senseless of a strengthless hate. [Exit. Mal. [starting up] Death of the damned thisf!
I'll make one i'the mask; thou shalt ha' some brave spirits of the antique dukes.

Cel. My lord, what strange delusion ?

Mal. Most happy, dsar Celso, poisoned with an empty box: I'll give thes all anon: my lady comes to court; there is a whirl of fate comes tumbling on; the castle's captain stands for me, the people pray for me, and the great leader of the just stands for me: then courage, Celso; For no disastrous chance can ever move him That leaveth nothing but a God above him.

[Excunt.

SCENE III.+

Enter Billoso and PREPASSO, two Pages before them ; MAQUERELLE, BIANCA, and EMILIA.

Bil. Make room there, room for the ladies ! why, gentlemen, will not ye suffer the ladies to be entered in the great chamber? why, gallants ! and you, sir, to drop your torch where the beauties must sit too !

Pre. And there's a great fellow plays the knave; why dost not strike him?

Bil. Let him play the knave, o' God's name; thinkest thou I have no more wit than to strike a great fallow? — The music! more lights ! revelling-scaffolds ! do you hear? Let there be oaths enow ready at the door, swear out the devil himself. Let's leave the ladies, and go see if the lords be ready for them.

[Excunt BILLOSO, PREPASSO, and Pages. Maq. And, by my troth, beauties, why do you not put you into the fashion? this is a stale cut; you must come in fashion: look ye, you must be all felt, felt and feather, a felt upon your bare hair: 1 look ye, these tiring things are justly out of request now: and, do ye hear? you must wear falling-bands, you must come into the falling fashion: there is such a deal o' pinning these ruffs, when the fine clean fall is worth all: and again, if you should chance to take a nap in the afternson, your falling-band requires no potingstick* to recover his form: believe me, no fashion to the falling, T I say.

Bian. And is not Signior St. Andrew ‡ a gallant fellow now :

Maq. By my maidsnhead, la, honour and he agree as well together as a satin suit and woollen stockings.

Emilia. But is not Marshal Make-room, my servant in reversion, a proper gentleman?

Maq. Yes, in reversion, as he had his office; as, in truth, he hath all things in reversion: he has his mistress in reversion, his clothes in reversion, his wit in reversion; and, indeed, is a suitor to me for my dog in reversion: but, in good verity, la, he is as proper a gentleman in reversion as—and, indeed, as fine a man as may be, having a red beard and a pair of warpt § legs.

Bian. But, i'faith, I am most monstrously in love with Count Quidlibet-in-quodlibet: is he not a pretty, dapper, unidle gallant?

Maq. He is even one of the most busy-fingered lords; he will put the beauties to the squeak most hideously.

Re-enter BILIOSO.

Bil. Room! make a lane there! the duke is entering: stand handsomely for beauty's eake, take up the ladies there! So, cornets, cornets !

Men. Madam, with gentle ear receive my suit; A kingdom's safety should o'er-peise ¶ slight rites; Marriage is merely nature's policy:

Then, since unless our royal beds be join'd,

Danger and civil tumult frights the state,

Be wise as you are fair, give way to fate.

Maria. What wouldst thou, thou affliction to our house?

* poting-stick] Generally written poking-stick, —a piece of stick, or iron, or bone, with which the plaits of ruffs wore adjusted:

- "A hoy arm'd with a poating-sticke Will dare to challenge Cutting Dicke." Kempe's Nine daies wonder, 1600. † falling] The first 4to. "falling band."
- 1 St. Andrew] The first 4to. "St. Andrew Jaques."

§ warpt] The second 4to. "wrapt."

|| unidle] The first 4to. "windle." As Maquerelle immediately after terms him "busy-fingered," "unidle" scems the right reading.

¶ o'er-peise] i.e. over-weigh.

^{*} Out of's deserved rank] The first 4to. "Out of distuned rankes"; the escond 4to. "Out of deserved ranckes."

⁺ Scene III.] The presence-chamber.

¹ bare hair] The first 4to. "head."

Re-enter PREPASSO, joins to BILIOSO; then enter two Pages with lights, FERRARDO, MENDOZA; at the other door, two Pages with lights, and the Captain leading in MARIA; MENDOZA meets MARIA, and closeth with her; the rest fall back.

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for thou must, p. 351.

Aurelia in the second 4to.

+ Life is a frost of cold felicity] This line is given to

Aur. Alas, calamity is every where: Thou ever-devil, 'twas thou that hanished'st Sad misery, despite your double doors, My truly noble lord ! Will enter even in court. Men. I! Bil. Peace ! Maria. Ay, by thy plots, by thy hlack strata-Aur. I ha' done.* gems : Bil. One word,-take heed ! Twelve moone have suffer'd change since I beheld Aur. I ha' done. The loved presence of my dearest lord. O thou far worse than death ! he parts but soul Enter MERCURY with loud music. Mer. Cyllenian Mercury, the god of ghosts, From a weak body; but thou soul from soul Dissever'st, that which God's own hand did knit; From gloomy shades that spread the lower coasts, Thou scant of honour, full of devilish wit ! Calls four high-famèd Genoan + dukes to come, Men. We'll check your too-intemperate lavish-And make this presence their Elysium, To pass away this high triumphal night ness : I can, and will. With song and dances, court's more soft delight. Aur. Are you god of ghosts? I have a suit Maria. What canst? Men. Go to; in banishment thy husband dies. depending in hell hetwixt me and my conscience ; Maria. He ever is at home that's ever wise. I would fain have thee help me to an advocate. Men. You'st* ne'er meet more: reason should Bil. Mercury shall be your lawyer, lady. love control. Aur. Nay, faith, Mercury has too good a face Maria. Not meet ! to be a right lawyer. She that dear loves, her love's still in her soul. Pre. Peace, forbear ! Mercury presents the mask. Men. You are hut a woman, lady, you must Cornets: the song to the cornets, which playing, the mask vield. enters; MALEVOLE, PIETRO, FERNEZE, and CELSO, in Maria. O, save me, thou innated bashfulness, white robes, with dukes' crowns upon laurel-wreaths, Thou only ornament of woman's modesty ! pistolets and short swords under their robes. Men. Modesty ! death, I'll torment thee. Men. Celso, Celso, court ‡ Maria for our love.-Maria. Do, urge all torments, all afflictions try ; Lady, be gracious, yet grace. I'll die my lord's as long as I can die. Maria. With me, sir? Men. Thou obstinate, thou shalt die .- Captain, MALEVOLE takes MARIA to dance. that lady's life Mal. Yes, more loved than my breath ; Is forfeited to justice : we have examin'd her, With you I'll dance. And we do find she hath empoisoned Maria. Why, then, you dance with death. The reverend hermit; therefore we command But, come, sir, I was ne'er more apt for § mirth. Severest custody.-Nay, if you'll do's no good. Death gives eternity a glorious hreath : You'st do's no harm : a tyrant's peace is hlood. O, to die houour'd, who would fear to die? Maria. O, thou art merciful; O gracious devil, Mal. They die in fear who live in villany. Rather by much let me condemuèd he Men. Yes, believe him, lady, and he rul'd by For seeming murder than he damn'd for thee ! him. I'll mourn no more; come, girt my brows with Pietro. Madam, with me. flowers: PIETRO takes AURELIA to dance. Revel and dance, soul, now thy wish thou hast : Aur. Wouldst, then, be miserable ? Die like a bride, poor heart, thou shalt die chaste. Pietro. I need not wish. Aur. O, yet forbear my hand ! away ! fly ! fly ! Enter AURELIA in mourning habit. O, seek not her that only seeks to die ! Life is a froat of cold felicity, +---Pietro. Poor lovèd soul ! Aur. And death the thaw of all our vanity : Aur. What, wouldst court misery? Was't not an honest priest that wrote so ? Pietro. Yes. Men. Who let her in ? Aur. She'll come too soon :-- O my griev'd Bil Forhear ! heart ! Pre. Forbear ! * I ha' done, &c.] The old eds. have,-* You'st] A contraction of you must : so thou'st is put

- t court] The second 4to. "count."
 - § for] The second 4to. "to."

[&]quot;AUR. I ha done; one word, take heede, I ha done."

[†] Genoan] The first 4to. "Genoa."

362 THE M	ALCONTENT. ACT V.
Mal. You o'er-joy'd * spirits, wipe your loo wet eyes. [To PIETRO and AUREL Hence with this man [Kicks out MENDOZA]: eagle takes not flies. You to your vows [To PIETRO and AURELIA]: a thou unto the suburbs.+ [To MAQUERELIA]	 Thou art a perfect old knave [To BILIOSO]: all- an pleas'd live You two unto my breast [To CELSO and the Captain]: thou to my heart. [To MARIA. "The rest of idle actors idly part:"
* o'er-joy'd] The first 4te. "are ioy'd." † the suburbs] "Where in most countries the stews a situated."—Read.	And as for me, I here assume my right, To which I hope all's pleas'd : to all good night. [Cornets, a flourish. Excunt.

"AN IMPERFECT ODE, BEING BUT ONE STAFF,

"SPOKEN BY THE PROLOGUE.

" To wrest each hurtless thought to private sense

- " Is the foul use of ill-bred impudence:
 - " Immodest censure now grows wild, " All over-ruuning.
 - " Let innocence he ne'er so chaste.
 - "Yet at the last
 - " She is defil'd
 - " With too-nice-brained cunning.

" O you of fairer soul, " Control

- " With an Herculean arm " This harm ;
- " And once teach all old freedom of a pen, "Which still must write of fools, whiles't writes " of men!"

" EPILOGUS.

- " YOUR modest silence, full of heedy stillness,
- " Makes me thus speak : a voluntary illness
- " Is merely senseless; but unwilling error,
- " Such as proceeds from too rash youthful fervour,
- " May well be call'd a fault, but not a sin :
- " Rivers take names from founts where they begin. " Then let not too severe au eye peruse
- " The slighter brakes of our reformed Muse,*
- "Who could herself herself of faults detect,
- " But that she knows 'tis easy to correct,

- " Though some men's labour : troth, to err is fit,
- " As long as wisdom's not profess'd, but wit.
- " Theu till another's happier Muse appears,*
- " Till his Thalia feast your learned ears,
- " To whose desertful lamps pleas'd Fates impart
- " Art above nature, judgment above art,
- "Receive this piece, which hope nor fear yet " daunteth :
- " He that knows most knows most how much he " wanteth."

* Then till another's happier Muse appears, &c.] An allusion to Beu Jonson : see Gifford's Memoirs of that poet, p. lxxii.

^{*} The slighter brakes of our reformed Muse] "I suppose by this expression is meant the uncultivated parts of our performance ; brakes (i.e. fern) commonly grow in ground that is never tilled or broken up."-Steevens. Here "brakes" seems to mean-flaws, breaks. See Mr. Halliwell's Dict. of Arch. and Prov. Words, sub "Brake."

Monuments of Honor. Derived from remarkable antiquity, and celebrated in the Honorable City of London, at the sole munificent charge and expences of the Right Worthy and Worshipfull Fraternity of the Eminent Merchant-Taylors. Directed in their most affectionate love, at the Confirmation of their Right Worthy Brother John Gore in the High Office of his Indiceties Livetenant over this his Royall Chamber. Expressing in a Magnificent Tryumph, all the Pageants, Chariots of Glory, Temples of Honor, besides a specious and goodly Sea Tryumph, as well particularly to the honor of the City as generally to the glory of this our Kingdome. Invented and written by John Webster Merchant-Taylor. Non norwnt hee monumenta mori. Printed at London by Nicholas Okee. 1624. 4to.

TO THE

RIGHT WORTHY DESERVER OF THIS SO NOBLE A CEREMONY THIS DAY CONFERRED UPON HIM, JOHN GORE, LORD MAYOR AND CHANCELLOR OF THE RENOWNED CITY OF LONDON.

My worthy lord,

These presentments, which were intended principally for your honour, and for illustrating the worth of that worthy corporation whereof you are a member, come now humbly to kiss your lordship's hands, and to present the inventor of them to that service which my ability expressed in this may call me to, under your lordship's favour, to do you * honour, and the city service, in the quality of a scholar; assuring your lordship I shall never either to your ear or table press unmaunerly or impertinently. My endeavours this way have received grace and allowance from your worthy brothers that were supervisors of the cost of these Triumphs; and my hope is, that they shall stand no less respected in your eye, nor undervalued in your worthy judgment : which favours done to one born free of your company, and your servant, shall ever he acknowledged by him stands interested

To your lordship in all duty,

JOHN WEBSTER.

* to do you] The old ed. " to you, do you."

I COULD in this my preface, by as great light of learning as any formerly employed in this service can attain to, deliver to you the original and cause of all Triumphs, their excessive cost in the time of the Romans; I could likewise with so noble amplification make a survey of the worth and glory of the Triumphs of the precedent times in this honourable city of London, that, were my work of a bigger bulk, they should remain to all posterity. But both my pen and ability this way are confined in too narrow a circle; nor have I space enough in this so short a volume to express only with rough lines and a faint shadow, as the painters' phrase is, first, the great care and alacrity of the right worshipful the Master and Wardens, and the rest of the selected and industrious committees, both for the curious and judging election of the subject for the present spectacles, and next that the working or mechanic part of it might be answerable to the invention. Leaving, therefore, these worthy gentlemen to the embraces and thanks of the right honourable and worthy Pretor,* and myself under the shadow of their crest, which is a safe one, for 'tis the Holy Lamb in the Sunbeams, I do present to all modest and indifferent judges these my present endeavours.

I fashioned, for the more amplifying the show upon the water, two eminent spectacles in manner of a Sea-triumph. The first furnished with four persons : in the front Oceanus and Thetis ; behind them, Thamesis and Medway, the two rivers on whom the Lord Mayor extends his power as far as from Staines to Rochester. The other show is of a fair Terrestrial Globe, circled about, in convenient seats, with seven of our most famous navigators; as Sir Francis Drake, Sir John Hawkins, Sir Martin Frobisher, Sir Humphrey Gilbert, Captain Thomas Cavendish.

* Pretor] i. e. Lord Mayor.

Captain Christopher Carlisle, and Captain John Davis. The conceit of this device to be, that, in regard the two rivers pay due tribute of waters to the seas, Oceanus in grateful recompense returns the memory of these seven worthy captains, who have made England so famous in remotest parts of the world. These two spectacles, at my Lord Mayor's taking water at the Three Granes, approaching my Lord's barge, after a peal of sea-thunder from the other side the water, these specches between Oceanus and Thetis follow:

OCEANUS AND THETIS.

Thetis.

What brave sea-music bids us welcome, hark ! Sure, this is Venice, and the day Saint Mark, In which the Duke and Senates their course hold To wed our empire with a ring of gold.

Oceanus.

No, Thetis, you're mistaken: we are led With infinite delight from the land's head In ken of goodly shipping and yon bridge : Venice had ne'er the like : survey that ridge Of stately buildings which the river hem. And grace the silver stream as the stream them. That beauteous seat is London, so much fam'd Where any navigable sea is nam'd ; And in that bottom eminent merchants plac'd, As rich and venturous as ever grac'd Venice or Europe : these two rivers here, Our followers, may tell you where we are; This Thamesis, that Medway, who are sent To yon* most worthy Pretor, to present Acknowledgement of duty ne'er shall err From Staines unto the ancient Rochester. And now to grace their Triumph, in respect These pay us tribute, we are pleas'd to select

* yon] The old ed. "you."

Seven worthy navigators out by name, Seated beneath this Globe; whose ample fame In the remotest part o' the earth is found, And some of them have circled the globe round. These, you observe, are living in your eye, And so they ought, for worthy mcn ne'er die; Drake, Hawkins, Frobisher, Gilbert, brave knights, That brought home gold and honour from eeafights,

Ca'ndish, Carlisle, and Davis; and to these So many worthies I could add at seas Of this bold nation, it would envy strike I' the rest o' the world who cannot show the like: 'Tis action values honour, as the flint

Look[s] black and feels like ice, yet from within't There are struck sparks which to the darkest nights

Yield quick and piercing food for several lights.

Thetis.

You have quicken'd well my memory; and now Of this your grateful Triumph I allow. Honour looks clear, and spreads her beams at large

From the grave Senate seated in that barge.— Rich lading swell your bottoms ! a blest gale Follow your ventures, that they never fail ! And may you live successively to wear The joy of this day, each man his whole year !

This show, having tendered this service to my Lord upon the water, is after to be conveyed ashore, and in convenient place employed for adorning the rest of the Triumph. After my Lord Mayor's landing, and coming past Paul's-Chain, there first attends for his honour, in Paul's Church-yard, a beautiful spectacle called the Temple of Honour; the pillars of which are bound about with roses and other beautiful flowers, which shoot up to the adorning of the King's Majesty's Arms on the top of the Temple.

In the highest seat a person representing Troynovant or the City, enthroned, in rich habiliments: beneath her, as admiring her peace and felicity, sit five eminent cities, as Antwerp, Paris, Rome, Venice, and Constantinople : under these sit five famous scholars and poets of this our kingdom, as Sir Geoffrey Chaucer, the learned Gower, the excellent John Lydgate, the sharp-witted Sir Thomas More, and last, as worthy both soldier and scholar, Sir Philip Sidney,—these being celebrators of honour, and the preservers both of the names of men and memories of cities above to posterity.

I present, riding afore this Temple, Henry de Royal, the first pilgrim or gatherer of quarterage for this Company, and John of Yeacksley, King Edward the Third's pavilion-maker, who purchased our Hall in the sixth year of the aforesaid king's goverument. These lived in Edward the First's time likewise; in the sixth of whose reign this Company was confirmed a guild or corporation by the name of Tailors and Linen-armour[er]s, with power to choose a Master and Wardens at midsummer. These are decently habited and hooded according to the ancient manner. My Lord is here saluted with two speeches; first by Troynovant in these lines following:

THE SPEECH OF TROYNOVANT.

History, Truth, and Virtue seek by name To celebrate the Merchant-Tailors' fame. That Henry de Royal, this we call Worthy John Yeacksley purchas'd first this Hall: And thus from low beginnings there oft springs Societies claim brotherhoods of kings. I, Troynovant, plac'd eminent in the eye Of these admire at my felicity,* Five cities, Antwerp, and the spacious Paris, Rome, Venice, and the Turk's metropolis: Beneath these, five learn'd poets, worthy men, Who do eternize brave acts by their pen, Chaucer, Gower, Lydgate, More, and for our time Sir Philip Siduey, glory of our clime : These beyond death a fame to monarchs give, And these make cities and societies live.

The next delivered by him represents Sir Philip Sidney:

To honour by our writings worthy men, Flows as a duty from a judging pen; And when we are employ'd iu such sweet praise, Bees swarm and leave their honey on our bays: Ever more musically verses run When the loath'd vein of flattery they shun. Survey, most noble Pretor, what succeeds, Virtue low-bred aspiring to high deeds.

These passing on, in the next place my Lord is encountered with the person of Sir John Hawkwood, in complete armour, his plume, and feather for his horse's chaffron, t of the Company's colours,

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^{*} Of these admire at my felicity, &c.] i. e. of these which admire at my felicity, namely, five cities, &c.

t chaffron] i. e. chamfron, a head-piece with a projecting spike.-Old ed. "shafforne.

white and watchet." This worthy knight did most worthy service, in the time of Edward the Third, in France; after, served as general divers princes of Italy; went to the Holy Land; and in his return back died at Florence, and there lies buried with a fair monument over him. This worthy gentleman was free of our Company; and thus I prepare him to give my Lord entertainment:

SIR JOHN HAWKWOOD'S SPEECH.

My birth was mean, yet my deservings grew To eminence, and in France a high pitch flew : From a poor common soldier I attain'd The style of captain, and then knighthood gain'd; Serv'd the Black Prince in France in all his wars; Then went i'the Holy Land; thence brought my And wearied hody which no danger fear'd, [scars, To Florencs, where it nobly lies inteer'd :† There Sir John Hawkwood's memory doth live, And to the Merchant-Tailors fame doth give.

After him follows a Triumphant Chariot with the Arms of the Merchant-Tailors coloured and gilt in several places of it; and over it there is supported, for a canopy, a rich and very spacious Pavilion coloured crimson, with a Lion Passant: this is drawn with four horses; for porters would have made it move tottering and improperly. In the Chariot I place for the honour of the Company, of which records remain in the Hall, eight famous kings of this land, that have been free of this worshipful Company.

First, the victorious Edward the Third, that first quartered the arms of France with England : next, the munificent Richard the Second, that kept ten thousaud daily in his court in checkroll: by him, the grave and discreet Henry the Fourth: in the next chairs, the scourge and terror of France, Henry the Fifth, and by him, his religious though unfortunate son, Henry the Sixth : the two next chairs are supplied with the persons of the amorous and personable Edward the Fourth, for so Philip Commineus and Sir Thomas More describe him; the other with the bad man but the good king, Richard the Third, for so the laws he made in his short government do illustrate him : but lastly in the most eminent part of the Chariot I place the wise and politic Henry the Seventh, holding the charter by which the Company was improved from the title of Linen-armourers into the name of Master and Wardens of Merchant-Tailors of Saint John

* watchet] i. e. pale blue.

+ inteer'd] So the old ed. for the sake of the rhyme.

Baptist. The chairs of these kings that were of the house of Lancaster are garnished with artificial red roses, the rest with white; but the uniter of the division and houses, Henry the Seventh, both with white and red; from whence his Royal Majesty now reigning took his motto for one piece of his coin, *Henricus rosas, regna Jacobus.*

The speaker in this Pageant is Edward the Third: the last line of his speech is repeated by all the rest in the Chariot:

Edward the Third.

View whence the Merchant-Tailors' honour springs,---

From this most royal conventicle of kings: Eight that successively wore England's crown, Held it a special honour and renown, (The Society was so worthy and so good,) T'unite themselves into their Brotherhood. Thus time and industry attain the prize, As seas from brooks, as brooks from hillocks rise: Let all good men this sentence oft repeat,— By unity the smallest things grow great.

The Kings.

By unity the smallest things grow great:

and this repetition was proper, for it is the Company's motto, Concordid parvæ res crescunt.

After this pageant, rides Queen Anne, wife to Richard the Second, free likewise of this Company: nor let it seem strange; for, besides her, there were two duchesse[s], five countesses, and two baronesses, free of this Society, seventeen princes and dukes, one archbishop, one-andthirty earls, besides those made with noble Prince Henry, one viscount, twenty-four bishops, sixty-six barons, seven abbots, seven priors or subprior[s]; and with Prince Henry, in the year 1607,* the Duke of Lennox, the Earls of Nottingham, Suffolk, Arundel, Oxford, Worcester, Pembroke, Essex, Northampton, Salisbury, Montgomery, the Earl of Perth, Viscount Cranbourne, barons the Lord Eures, Hunsdon, Hayes, + Burleigh, Master Howard, Master Sheffield, Sir John Harington, Sir Thomas Chaloner, besides states ‡ of the Low-Countries, and Sir Noel Caroon their lieger § ambassador.

^{*} and with Prince Henry, in the year 1607, &c.] The King and Prince Henry dined in Merchant-Tailore' Hall, July 16th, 1607; on which occasion the Prince and the noblemen, &c., here mentioned, were made free of the Company. See Nichols's Progresses of King James, &c., vol. ii. 140.

[†] Eures . . Hayes, &c.] Properly "Eure . . Hay." &c. ‡ states] i. e. persons of high rank.

[§] lieger] i. e. resident.

And iu regard our Company are styled Brethren of the Fraternity of Saint John Baptist, and that the ancient Knights of Saint John of Jerusalem,to which now-demolished house in Saint John's Street our Company then using to go to offer, it is recorded Henry the Seventh, then accompanying them, gave our Master the upper-hand,because these knights, I say, were instituted to secure the way for pilgrims in the desert, I present therefore two of the worthiest Brothers of this Society of Saint John Baptist I can find out in history; the first, Amade le Grand, by whose aid Rhodes was recovered from the Turks, and the Order of Annuntiade or Salutation instituted with that of four letters, FERT, signifying Fortitudo ejus Rhodum tenuit ; and the other, Monsieur * Jean Valet, who defended Malta from the Turks' invasion, and expelled them from that impregnable key of Christendom; this styled Great Master of Malta, that Governor of Rhodes.

Next I bring our two Sca-triumphs; and after that, the Ship called the Holy Lamb, which brings hanging in her shrouds the Golden Fleece; the conceit of this being, that God is the guide and protector of all prosperous ventures.

To second this, follow the two beasts, the Lion and Camel, proper to the Arms of the Company: on the Camel rides a Turk, such as use to travel with caravans; and on the Lion a Moor or wild Numidian.

The fourth emiuent Pageant I call the Monument of Charity and Learning: this fashioned like a beautiful Garden with all kinds of flowers; at the four corners four artificial birdcages with variety of birds in them; this for the beauty of the flowers and melody of the birds to represent a spring in winter. In the midst of the Garden, under an elm-tree, sits the famous and worthy patriot, Sir Thomas White: who had a dream that he should build a college where two bodies of an elm sprang from one root; and being inspired to it by God, first rode to Cambridge to see if he could find any such ; failing of it there, went to Oxford, and surveying all the grounds in and near the University, at last in Gloster-Hallgarden he found one that somewhat resembled it; upon which he resolved to endow it with larger revenue and to increase the foundation : having set men at work upon it, and riding one day out at the North-Gate at Oxford, he spied

* the other, Monsieur] The old ed. "the other of Mounsieur."

on his right hand the self-same elm had been figured him in his dream; whereupon he gives o'er his former purpose of so amply enlarging Gloster-Hall (yet not without a large exhibition to it), purchases the ground where the elm stood, and in the same place huilt the College of Saint John Baptist; and to this day the elm grows in the garden carefully preserved, as being, under God, a motive to their worthy foundation.

This I have heard Fellows of the House, of approved credit and no way superstitiously given, affirm to have been delivered from man to man since the first building of it; and that Sir Thomas White, inviting the Abbot of Osney to dinner in the aforesaid Hall, in the Abbot's presence and the hearing of divers other grave persons, affirmed, by God's inspiration, in the former-recited manner, he built and endowed the College.

This relation is somewhat with the largest; only to give you better light of the figure, the chief person in this is Sir Thomas White, sitting in his eminent habit of Lord Mayor: on the one hand sits Charity with a pelican on her head; on the other, Learning with a book in one hand and a laurel-wreath in the other: behind him is the College of Saint John Baptist in Oxford exactly modelled: two cornets, which for more pleasure answer one and another interchangeably; and round about the Pageant sit twelve of the four-andtwenty Cities (for more would have overburdened it) to which this worthy gentleman hath been a charitable benefactor. When my Lord approaches to the front of this piece, Learning humbles herself to him in these ensuing verses :

THE SPEECH OF LEARNING.

To express what happiness the country yields, The poets feign'd heaven in th' Elysian fields : We figure here a Garden fresh and new, In which the chiefest of our blessings grew. This worthy patriot here, Sir Thomas White, Whilst he was living, had a dream one night He had built a college and given living to't, Where two elm-bodies sprang up from one root: And as he dream'd, most certain 'tis he found The elm near Oxford; and upon that ground Built Saint John's College. Truth can testify His merit, whilst his Faith and Charity Was the true compass, measur'd every part, And took the latitude of his Christian heart; Faith kept the centre, Charity walk'd this round Until a true circumference was found :

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And may the impression of this figure strike Each worthy senator to do the like !

The last I call the Monument of Gratitude, which thus dilates itself:

Upon an Artificial Rock, set with mother-ofpearl and such other precious stones as are found in quarries, are placed four curious Pyramids, charged with the Prince's Arms, the Three Feathers; which by day yield a glorious show; and by night a more goodly, for they have lights in them, that, at such time as my Lord Mayor returns from Paul's, shall make certain ovals and squares resemble precious stones. The Rock expresses the richness of the kingdom Prince Henry was born heir to; the Pyramids, which are monuments for the dead, that he is deceased.* On the top of this rests half a Celestial Globe; in the midst of this hangs the Holy Lamb in the Sunheams; on either side of these an Angel. Upon a pedestal of gold stands the figure of Prince Henry with his coronet, george, and garter: in his left hand he holds a circlet of crimson velvet, charged with four Holy Lambs, such as our Company choose Masters with. In several cante + beneath site, first, Magistracy, tending a Bee-hive; to express his gravity in youth and forward industry to have proved an absolute governor: next, Liberality, by her a Dromedary; showing his speed and alacrity in gratifying his followers: Navigation with a Jacob's-staff and Compass; expressing his ‡ desire that his reading that way might in time grow to the practic and huilding to that purpose one of the goodliest ships was ever launched in the river: in the next, Unanimity with a Chaplet of Lilies, in her lap a Sheaf of Arrows; showing he loved nobility and commonalty with an entire heart : next, Industry on a hill where Ants are hoarding up corn; expressing his forward inclination to all noble exercise : next, Chastity, by her a Unicorn; showing it is guide to all other virtues, and clears the fountain-head from all poison : Justice, with her properties : then Ohedience, hy her an Elephant, the strongest beast, but most observant to man of any creature : then Peace sleeping upon a Cannon; alluding to the eternal peace he now possesses : Fortitude, a Pillar in one hand, a Serpent wreathed about the other;

t expressing his] The old ed. "expressing that his."

to express * his height of mind and the expectation of an undaunted resolution. These twelve thus seated, I figure Loyalty, as well sworn servant to this City as to this Company; and at my Lord Mayor's coming from Paul's and going down Wood-street, Amade le Grand delivers this speech unto him:

THE SPEECH OF AMADE LE GRAND.

Of all the Triumphs which your eye has view'd, This the fair Monument of Gratitude, This chiefly should your eye and ear employ, That was of all your Brotherhood the joy; Worthy Prince Henry, fame's best president, Call'd to a higher court of parliament In his full strength of youth and height of blood, And, which crown'd all, when ho was truly good : On virtue and on worth he still was throwing Most bounteous showers, where'er he found them growing;

He never did disguise his ways hy art, But suited his intents unto his heart ; And lov'd to do good more for goodness' sake Than any retribution man could make. Such was this Prince: such are the nohle hearts Who, when they die, yet die not in all parts, But from the integrity of a brave mind Leave a most clear and eminent fame behind : Thus hath this jewel not quite lost his ray, Only cas'd-up 'gainst a more glorious day. And he't remember'd that our Company Have not forgot him who ought ne'er to die: Yet wherefore should our sorrow give him dead, When a new Phœnix + springs up in his stead, That, as he seconds him in every grace, May second him in hrotherhood and place?

Good rest, my Lord ! Integrity, that keeps The safest watch and breeds the soundest sleeps, Make the last day of this your holding seat Joyful as this, or rather, more complete !

I could a more curious and elaborate way have expressed myself in these my endeavours; but to have been rather too tedious in my speeches, or too weighty, might have troubled my noble Lord and puzzled the understanding of the common people: suffice it, I hope 'tis well; and if it please his Lordship and my worthy employers, I am amply satisfied.

† a new Phænix] i. c. Prince Charles.

^{*} deceased] See p. 371.

t cants] i. e. niches.

^{*} express] The old ed. "expect."

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A MONUMENTAL COLUMN.

A Monvmental Columne, Erected to the living Memory of the ever-glorious Henry, late Prince of Wales. Virgil. Ostendent terris huma tuntum fata. By John Webster. London, Printed by N. O. for William Webly dwelling in Pauls Church-yard at the signe of the Swan. 1613, forms a portion of a tract, the general title of which (in white letters on a black ground) runs thus:

Three Elegies on the most lamented Death of Prince Henrie,

The first The second The third	written by	John	l Tour Nebs Heywo	ter.
London Printed	for William	Welbie.	1613.	4to.

Prince Henry died, to the great grief of the whole nation, on the 6th of November, 1612, in his nine-teenth year.

TO THE

RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR ROBERT CARR, VISCOUNT ROCHESTER,* KNIGHT OF THE MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE GARTER, AND ONE OF HIS MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

My right noble lord,

I present to your voidest leisure of survey these few sparks found out in our most glorious prince his ashes. I could not have thought this worthy your view, but that it aims at the preservation of his fame, than which I know not any thing (but the sacred lives of both their majesties and their sweet issue) that can be dearer unto you. Were my whole life turned into leisure, and that leisure accompanied with all the Muses, it were not able to draw a map large enough of him; for his praise is an high-going sea that wants both shore and bottom. Neither do I, my noble lord, present you with this night-piece to make his death-bed still float in those compassionate rivers of your eyes : you have already, with much lead upon your heart, sounded both the sorrow royal and your own. O, that care should ever attain to so ambitious a title ! Only, here though I dare not say you shall find him live, for that assurance were worth many kingdoms, yet you shall perceive him draw a little breath, such as gives us comfort his critical day is past, and the glory of a new life risen, neither subject to physic nor fortune. For my defects in this undertaking, my wish presents itself with that of Martial's ;⁺

> O utinam meres animumque effingere possem ! Pulchrier in terris nulla tabella foret.

Howsoever, your protection is able to give it noble lustre, and bind me by that honourable courtesy to be ever

Your honour's truly devoted servant,

JOHN WEBSTER.

* Sir Robert Carr, Viscount Rochester, &c.] The mioion of a weak prince, created Earl of Somerset, in the year during which the present tract was printed. He died in 1645. The connectiou of this infamous mau with the still more infamous Counters of Essex, and the murder of Sir Thomas Overbury, are circumstauces too notorious to require repetition here.

† x. 32,- " Ars utinam mores animumque effingere posset !" &c.

A MONUMENTAL COLUMN.

A FUNERAL ELEGY.

THE greatest of the kingly race is gone, Yet with so great a reputation Laid in the earth, we cannot say he's dead, But as a perfect diamond set in lead, Scorning our foil, his glories do break forth. Worn by his maker, who best knew his worth. Yet to our fleshy eyes there does belong That which we think helps grief, a passionate tongue : Methinks I see men's hearts pant in their lips : We should not grieve at the bright sun's eclipse, But that we love his light : so travellers stray, Wanting both guide and conduct of the day. Nor let us strive to make this sorrow old ; For wounds smart most when that the blood grows cold. If princes think that cersmony meet, To have their corpse embalm'd to keep them sweet. Much more they ought to have their fame exprest In Homer, though it want Darius' chest : To adorn which in her deserved throne, I bring those colours which Truth calls her own. Nor gain nor praise by my weak lines are sought: Love that's born free cannot be hir'd nor bought. Some great inquisitors in nature say, Royal and generous forms sweetly display Much of the heavenly virtue, as proceeding From a pure essence and elected breeding : Hows'er, truth for him thus much doth importune, His form and virtue hoth deserv'd his fortune : For 'tis a question not decided yet, Whether his mind or fortune were more great. Methought I saw him in his right hand wield A caduceus, in th' other Pallas' shield : His mind quite void of ostentation, His high-erected thoughts look'd down upon

The smiling valley of his fruitful heart: Honour and courtesy in every part Proclaim'd him, and grew lovely in each limh : He well became those virtues which grac'd him. He spread his bounty with a provident hand, And not like those that sow th' ingrateful sand: His rewards follow'd reason, ne'er were plac'd For ostentation; and to make them last, He was not like the mad and thriftless vine That spendeth all her blushes at one time, But like the orange-tree his fruits he hore,-Some gathsr'd, he had green, and blossoms store. We hop'd much of him, till death made hope err : We stood as in some spacious theatre. Musing what would become of him, his flight Reach'd such a noble pitch above our sight; Whilst he discreetly-wise this rule had won. Not to let fame know his intents till done. Men came to his court as to bright academies Of virtue and of valour : all the eyes. That feasted at his princely exercise, Thought that by day Mars held his lance, by night Minerva hore a torch to give him light. As once on Rhodes, Pindar reports, of old Soldiers expected 't would have rain'd down gold, Old hushandmen i'the country gan to plant Laurel instead of elm, and made their vaunt Their sons and daughters should such trophies wear

Whenas the princs return'd a conqueror From foreign nations; for men thought his star Had mark'd him for a just and glorious war. And, suro, his thoughts were ours: he could not read

Edward the Black Prince's life but it must breed A virtuous emulation to have his name So lag behind him both in time and fame; He that like lightning did his force advance, And shook to th' centre the whole realm of France, That of warm blood open'd so many sluices To gather and bring thence six flower-de-luces; Who ne'er saw fear but in his enemies' flight; Who found weak numbers conquer, arm'd with right;

Who knew his humble shadow spread no more After a victory than it did before; Who had his breast instated with the choice Of virtues, though they made no ambitious noise; Whose resolution was so fiery-still It seem'd he knew better to die than kill, And yet drew Fortune, as the adamant steel, Seeming t' have fix'd a stay upon her wheel; Who jestingly would say, it was his trade To fashion death-bcds, and hath often made Horror look lovely, when i'the fields there lay Arms and legs so distracted, one would say That the dead bodies had no bodies left; He that of working pulse sick France bereft; Who knew that battles, not the gaudy show Of ceremonies, do on kings bestow Best theatres; t'whom naught so tedious as court-

sport;

That thought all fans and ventoys of the court Ridiculous and loathsome to the shade Which, in a march, his waving ensign made. Him did he strive to imitate, and was sorry He did not live before him, that his glory Might have been his example : to these ends, Those men that follow'd him were not by friends Or letters preferr'd to him; he made choice In action, not in complimental voice. And as Marcellus did two temples rear To Honour and to Virtue, plac'd so near They kiss'd, yet none to Honour's got access But they that pass'd through Virtue's; so, to express His worthiness, none got his countenance But those whom actual merit did advance. Yet, alas, all his goodness lies full low ! O greatness, what shall we compare thee to? To giants, beasts, or towers fram'd out of snow. Or like wax gilded tapers, more for show Than durance? thy foundation doth betray Thy frailty, being builded on such clay. This shows the all-controlling power of fate, That all our sceptres and our chairs of state Are but glass-metal, that we are full of spots, And that, like new-writ copies, t'avoid blots, Dust must be thrown upon us; for in him Our comfort sunk and drown'd, learning to swim. And though he died so late, he's no more near To us than they that died three thousand year

Befors him; only memory doth keep Their fame as fresh as his from death or sleep. Why should the stag or raven live so long, And that their age rather should not belong Unto a righteous prince, whose lengthen'd years Might assist men's necessities and fears? Let beasts live long, and wild, and still in fear; The turtle-dove never outlivee nine year. Both life and death have equally exprest, Of all the shortest madness is the best. We ought not think that his great triumphs need Our wither'd laurels.* Can our weak praise feed His memory, which worthily contemns Marble, and gold, and oriental gems? His merits pass our dull invention. And now, methinks, I see him smile upon Our fruitless tears; bids us disperse these showers, And says his thoughts are far refin'd from ours : As Rome of her beloved Titus said. That from the body the bright soul was fled For his own good and their affliction : On such a broken column we lean on ; And for ourselves, not him, let us lament, Whose happiness is grown our punishment. But, surely, God gave this as an allay To the blest union of that nuptial day We hop'd; for fear of surfeit, thought it meet To mitigate, since we swell with what is sweet. And, for sad tales suit grief, 'tis not amiss, To keep us waking, I remember this. Jupiter, on some business, once sent down Pleasure unto the world, that she might crown Mortals with her bright beams; but her long stay Exceeding far the limit of her day,-Such feasts and gifts were number'd to present her. That she forgot heaven and the god that sent her,-He calls her thence in thunder: at whose lure She spreads her wings, and to return more pure, Leaves her eye-seeded robe wherein she's suited, Fearing that mortal breath had it polluted. Sorrow, that long had liv'd in banishment, Tugg'd at the oar in galleys, and had spent Both money and herself in court-delays, And sadly number'd many of her days By a prison-calendar, though once she bragg'd She had been in great men's bosoms, now all ragg'd, Crawl'd with a tortoise pace, or somewhat slower, Nor found she any that desir'd to know her, Till by good chance, ill hap for us, she found Where Pleasuro laid her garment : from the ground She takes it, dons it; and, to add a grace To the deformity of her wrinkled face,

* laurels] The old ed, "taunts."

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An old court-lady, out of mere compassion,	
Now paints it o'er, or puts it into fashion.	
When straight from country, city, and from court,	
Both without wit or number, there resort	
Many to this impostor : all adore	
Her haggish false-hood ; usurers from their store	
Supply her, and are cozen'd ; citizens buy	
Her forged titles; riot and ruin fly,	
Spreading their poison universally.	
Nor are the bosoms of great statesmen free	
From her intelligence, who lets them see	
Themselves and fortunes in false perspectives;	
Some landed heirs consort her with their wives,	,
Who, being a bawd, corrupts their all-spent oaths;	
They have entertain'd the devil in Pleasure's	
clothes.	1
And since this cursed mask, which, to our cost,	
Lasts day and night, we have entirely lost	1.
Pleasure, who from heaven wills us be advis'd	.
That our false Pleasure is but Care disguis'd.	
Thus is our hope made frustrate, O sad ruth !	
Death lay in ambush for his glorious youth :	r
And, finding him prepar'd, was sternly bent	15
To change his love into fell ravishment.	
O cruel tyrant, how canst thou repair	
This ruin, though hereafter thou shouldst spare	l i
All mankind, break thy dart and ebon spade?	1
Thou canst not cure this wound which thou	
hast made.	
Now view his death-bed, and from thence let's meet,	S
In his example, our own winding-sheet.	I
There his humility, setting apart	8
All titles, did retirs into his heart.	Ē
O blessed solitariness, that brings	A
The best content to mean men and to kings !	v
Manna there falls [*] from heaven : the dove there flies	I
With olive to the ark, a sacrifice	I
Of God's appeasement; ravens in their beaks	T
Bring food from heaven: God's preservation	
speaks	A
Comfort to Daniel in the lions' den;	Т
Where contemplation leads us, happy men,	Т
To see God face to face : and such sweet peace	F
20 see see see see see see see see see se	

Did he enjoy amongst the various preace + Of weeping visitants, it seem'd he lay As kings at revels sit, wish'd the crowd away,

+ preace] The old ed. has "prease": but Webster doubtless wrots "preace," a form of the word common in his day. The tedious sports done, and himself asleep; And in such joy did all his senses eteep, As great accountants, troubled much in mind, When they hear news of their quietus sign'd. Never found prayers, since they convers'd with death, A sweeter air to fly in than his breath :* They left in's eyes nothing but glory shining; And though that sickness with her over-pining Look ghastly, yet in him it did not so; He knew the place to which he was to go Had larger titles, more triumphant wreaths To instate him with; and forth his soul he breathes. Without a sigh, fixing his constant eye Upon his triumph, immortality. He was rain'd down to us out of heaven, and draw Life to the spring; yet, like a little dew, Quickly drawn thence : so many times miscarries A crystal glass, whilst that the workman varies I'he shape i'the furnace, fix'd too much upon The curiousness of the proportion, Yet breaks it ere't be finish'd, and yet then Moulds it anew, and blows it up agen, Exceeds his workmanship, and sends it thence Γο kiss the hand and lip of some great princs; Or like a dial, broke in wheel or screw. That's ta'en in pieces to be made go true : so to eternity he now shall stand, New-form'd and gloried by the all-working hand. Slander, which hath a large and spacious tongue. Far bigger than her mouth, to publish wrong, And yet doth utter't with so ill a grace. Whilst she's a-speaking no man sees her face; That like dogs lick foul ulcers, not to draw nfection from them, but to keep them raw: hough she oft scrape up earth from good men's graves,

And wasts it in the standishes of slaves, To throw upon their ink, shall never dare To approach his tomb: be she confin'd + as far From his sweet reliques as is heaven from hell ! Not witchcraft shall instruct her how to spell That barbarous language which shall sound him ill.

Fame's lips shall bleed, yet ne'er her trumpet fill With breath enough; but not in such sick air As make waste elegies to his tomb ropair,

* A sweeter air to fly in than his breath] So in The Devil's Law-case;

"It could never have got A sweeter air to fly in than your breath." See p. 109 and note there. † confln'd] Ses note ‡, p. 179.

^{*} there falls] The old ed. "their fates;" which I should have supposed to be a misprint for "their fare," if "food from heaven "had not followed in the sentence. As to "fates" of the old copy,—the compositor seems here to have mistaken l for t, as he did previously (see note p. 374) in the word "laurels."

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With scraps of commendation more base Than are the rags they are writ on. O disgrace To nobler poesy! this brings to light, Not that they can, but that they cannot write. Better they had ne'er troubled his sweet trance; So silence should have hid their ignorance; For hs's a reverend subject to be penn'd Only by his sweet Homer and my friend.* Most savage nations should his death deplore, Wishing he had set his foot upon their shore, Only to have made them civil. This black night Hath fall'n upon's by + nature's oversight; Or while the fatal sister sought to twine His thread and keep it even, she drew it so fine It burst. O all-compos'd of excellent parts, Young, grave Meczenas of the noble arts, Whose beams shall break forth from thy hollow tomb.

Stain the time past, and light the time to come ! ‡ O thou that in thy own praise still wert mute, Resembling trees, the more they are ta'en with fruit.

The more they strive and bow to kiss the ground! Thou that in quest of man hast truly found, That while men rotten vapours do pursue, They could not be thy friends and flatterers too; That, despite all injustice, wouldst have prov'd So just a steward for this land, and lov'd Right for its own sake,-now, O woe the while, Fleet'st § dead in tears, like to a moving isle! Time was when churches in the land were thought Rich jewel-houses; and this age hath bought That time again : think not I feign ; go view Henry the Seventh's Chapel, and you'll find it trus:

The dust of a rich diamond's there inshrin'd; To buy which thence would beggar the West-Inde. What a dark night-piece of tempestuous weather Have the enraged clouds summon'd together!

* his sweet Homer and my friend] i.e. Chapman, who dedicated his translation of Homer to Prince Henry. t by] The old copy "be."

t Stain the time past, and light the time to come] So in The Duchess of Malf ;

"She stains the time past, lights the time to come."

See p. 61.

§ Fleet'st] i. e. Floatest.

As if our loftiest palaces should grow To ruin, since such highness fell so low; And angry Neptune makes his palace groan, That the deaf rocks may echo the laud's moan. Even senseless things seem to have lost their pride.

And look like that dead month wherein he died: To clear which, soon arise that glorious day * Which, in her sacred union, shall display Infinite blessings, that we all may see The like to that of Virgil's golden tree, A branch of which being slipt, there freshly grew Another that did boast like form and hue. And for these worthless lines, let it be said, I hasted till I had this tribute paid Unto his grave: so let the speed excuse The zealous error of my passionate Muse. Yet, though his praise here bear so short a wing, Thames hath more swans that will his praises sing In sweeter tunes, be-pluming his sad hearse And his three feathers, while men live or verse. And by these signs of love let great men know, That eweet and generous favour they bestow Upon the Muses never can be lost; For they shall live by them, when all the cost Of gilded monuments shall fall to dust: They grave in metal that sustains no rust : Their wood yields honey and industrious bees, Kills spiders and their webs, like Irish trees.+ A post's pen, like a bright sceptre, sways And keeps in awe dead men's dispraise or praise. Thus took he acquittance of all worldly strife : The evening shows the day, and death crowns life.

My impresa to your lordship, A swan flying to a laurel for shelter, the mot, #Amor est mihi causa.

^{*} To clear which, soon, &c.] An allusion to the marriage of the Princess Elizabeth to the Elector' Palatine, which took place in February, 1613.

⁺ Irish trees] See note *, p. 16 .- In Shirley's St. Patrick for Ireland (Works iv. 441), the saint, on hanishing the serpents, &c., from that island, says;

[&]quot;The very earth and wood shall have this blessing (Above what other Christian nations hoast), Although transported where these serpents live And multiply, one touch shall soon destroy them."

¹ moi] i. e. motto.

TO MY KIND FRIEND, MASTER ANTHONY MUNDAY.*

THE sighs of ladies, and the spleen of knights, The force of magic, and the map of fate,

Strange pigmy-siugleness in giant fights, Thy true translation sweetly doth relate: Nor for the fiction is the work less fine; Fables have pith and moral discipline. Now Palmerin in his own language sings,

That, till thy study, mask'd in unknown fashion, Like a fantastic Briton; and hence springs The map of his fair life to his own nation: Translation is a traffic of high price; It brings all learning in one paradise.

ODE.†

TRIUMPHS were wont with sweat and blood be	The memory of these should quickly fade,
crown'd :	(For pleasure's stream
To every brow	Is like a dream,
They did allow	Passant and fleet as is a shade),
The living laurer,‡ which begirted round	Unless thyself, which these fair models bred,
Their rusty helmets, and had power to make	Had given them a new life when they were dead.
The soldier smile while mortal wound did ache.	
	Take, then, good countryman and friend, that
But our more civil passages of state	Which folly lends, [merit,
(Like happy feast	Not judgment sends,
Of inur'd rest,	To foreign shores for strangers to inherit :
Which bells and woundless cannons did relate)	Perfection must be bold with front upright,
Stand high in joy, since warlike triumphs bring	Though Envy gnash her teeth whilst she would
Remembrance of our former sorrowing.	bite.
	JOH. WEBSTER.

* To my kind friend, &c.] Prefixed to the Third Part of Munday's translation of Palmerin of England, 1602, 4to. † Ode] Prefixed to The Arch's of Trivmph, Breeted in honour of the high and mighty prince James, the First of that name King of England, and the Sixt of Scotland, at his Maiestice entrance and passagethrough his Honorable Citty and Chamber of London, upon the 15th Day of March, 1603. Invented and published by Stephen Harrison Joyner and Architect, and graven by William Kip. 1604, folio. ‡ lauver] Fr. So Chaucer in The Marchantes Tale;

"As laurer thurgh the yere is for to sene."

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TO HIS BELOVED FRIEND, M	ASTER THOMAS HEYWOOD.*
Sume superbiam q	uæsitam meritis.+
I CANNOT, though you write in your own cause, Say you deal partially, but must confess (What most men will) you merit due applause; So worthily your work becomes the press.	Such men who can in tune both rail and sing, Shall, viewing this, either confess 'tis good, Or let their ignorance condemn the spring, Because 'tis merry and renews our blood.
 And well our actors may approve your pains, For you give them authority to play, Even whilst the hottest plague of envy reigns; Nor for this warrant shall they dearly pay. What a full state of poets have you cited To judge your cause ! and to our equal view Fair monumental theatres recited, Whose ruins had been ruin'd but for you ! 	Be therefore your own judgment your defence, Which shall approve you better than my praise; Whilst I, in right of sacred innocence, Durst o'er each gilded tomb this known truth raise,— Who dead would not be acted by their will, It seems such men have acted their lives ill. By your friend, JOHN WEBSTER.
TO HIS INDUSTRIOUS FRIEND	MASTED HENRY COCKEPAN +
	MASTER HENRY COCKERAM.‡
To over-praise thy book in a smooth line, (If any error's in't,) would make it mine : Only, while words for payment pass at court, And whilst loud talk and wrangling make resort,	I' the term, to Westminster, I do not dread Thy leaves shall scape the scombri, and be read; And I will add this as thy friend, no poet,— Thou hast toil'd to purpose, and the event will show it. JOHN WEBSTER.

* To his beloved friend, &c.] Prefixed to Heywood's	‡ To his industrious friend, &c.] Prefixed to The English
Apology for Actors, 1612.	Dictionarie, or, an Interpreter of hard English words, by
† Sume, &c.] Horace,—Carm. iii. 30	H. C., Gent. 1623.

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